ALL TRADES SPECIFICATIONS

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS PROJECT NUMBER: 151626C FEBRUARY 1, 2016

PROJECT

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 2015 RENOVATIONS HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS

OWNER

Farmington Public Schools 32500 Shiawassee Road Farmington, MI 48336

ARCHITECT

Wakely Associates, Inc. 30500 Van Dyke Ave., Suite M-7 Warren, Michigan 48093

SPECIFICATIONS

PROJECT NUMBER 151626C FEBRUARY 1, 2016

PROJECT

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 2015 RENOVATIONS MIDDLE SCHOOL RENOVATIONS

OWNER

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 32500 SHIAWASSEE ROAD FARMINGTON, MI 48336

ARCHITECT

WAKELY ASSOCIATES, INC. 30500 VAN DYKE, SUITE M-7 WARREN, MICHIGAN 48093 586-573-4100

STRUCTURAL

DESAI NASR CONSULTING ENGINEERS
6765 DALY ROAD
WEST BLOOMFIELD, MI 48322
248-932-2010

MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL

PETER BASSO ASSOCIATES
5145 LIVERNOIS
SUITE 100
TROY, MI 48098
248-879-5666

TECHNOLOGY

INTEGRATED DESIGN SOLUTIONS
1441 WEST LONG LAKE
TROY, MI 48098
248-823-2100

AVL SYSTEMS ENGINEER

ACOUSTICS BY DESIGN 124 FULTON STREET EAST GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49503 866-272-9778

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The following drawings, dated February 1, 2016, are issued for Farmington Public Schools, 2015 Renovations, High School Renovations, Farmington, Michigan. Architect's Project Number 151626C.

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SHEET NO. TITLE

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- G4.2 FLOOR PLAN KEY NOTES, REFLECTED CEILING PLAN KEY NOTES, & WALL TYPES

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- C1.0 REMOVAL PLAN
- C2.0 PAVING & GRADING PLAN
- C2.1 STRIPING PLAN
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- C1.0 REMOVAL PLAN
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A1.3FH	PARTIAL	FLOOR	PLAN -	FIRST	FLOOR	AREA	' C '
A1.4FH	PARTIAL	FLOOR	PLAN -	FIRST	FLOOR	AREA	'D'
A1.5FH	PARTIAL	FLOOR	PLAN -	FIRST	FLOOR	AREA	'E'
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A3.2FH ROOF DETAILS
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A5.2FH ENLARGED PLANS, INTERIOR ELEVATIONS, & DETAILS
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A5.12FH WALL SECTIONS & DETAILS
A5.13FH AUDITORIUM SEATING - FIRST FLOOR AREA 'N'
A7.1FH
A7.2FH
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ROOM FINISH SCHEDULE

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SEE ELECTRICAL SHEET INDEX

TECHNOLOGY DRAWINGS:

SEE TECHNOLOGY SHEET INDEX

AVL SYSTEMS DRAWINGS:

SEE AVL SHEET INDEX

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FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 01090 - REFERENCE STANDARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES:

- A. Quality assurance.
- Schedule of references. В.

1.02 OUALITY ASSURANCE:

- For products or workmanship specified by association, Α. trade, or Federal Standards, comply with requirements of the standard, except when more rigid requirements are specified or are required by applicable codes.
- В. Conform to reference standard by date of issue current on date for receiving bids.
- Obtain copies of standards when required by Contract C. Documents.
- Maintain copy at job site during submittals, planning, D. and progress of the specific work, until Substantial Completion.
- Ε. Should specified reference standards conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect/Engineer before proceeding.
- F. The contractual relationship of the parties to the Contract shall not be altered from the Contract Documents by mention or inference otherwise in any reference document.

1.04 SCHEDULE OF REFERENCE:

AΑ Aluminum Association 900 19th Street, N.W. - Suite 300 Washington, DC 20006

Associated Air Balance Council AABC 1518 K Street N.W. Washington, DC 20005

AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials 444 North Capitol Street, N.W. - Suite 249 Washington, DC 20001

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 2015 RENOVATIONS

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ACI American Concrete Institute

P.O. Box 9094

Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9094

ADC Air Diffusion Council

1901 N. Roselle Rd., Suite 800

Schaumburg, IL 60195

AF&PA American Forest & Paper Association

1111 19th Street, NW, Suite 800

Washington, DC 20036

AGC Associated General Contractors of America

2300 Wilson Blvd., Suite 400

Arlington, VA 22201

AI Asphalt Institute

2696 Research Park Drive Lexington, KY 40511-8480

AIA American Institute of Architects

1735 New York Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20006-5292

AISC American Institute of Steel Construction

One East Wacker Drive

Suite 3100

Chicago, IL 60601-2001

AISI American Iron and Steel Institute

1140 Connecticut Ave - Suite 705

Washington, DC 20036

AITC American Institute of Timber Construction

7012 S. Revere Parkway - Suite 140

Englewood, CO 80112

AMCA Air Movement and Control Association

30 West University Drive Arlington Heights, IL 60004

ANSI American National Standards Institute

25 West 43rd Street, Fourth Floor

New York, NY 10036

APA American Plywood Association

Box 11700

Tacoma, WA 98411-0700

2015 RENOVATIONS

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ARI Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute

4100 North Fairfax Drive - Suite 200

Arlington, VA 22203

ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and

Air Conditioning Engineers 1791 Tullie Circle, N.E.

Atlanta, GA 30329

ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers

Three Park Avenue

New York, NY 10016-5990

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

100 Barr Harbor Drive

West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959

AWI Architectural Woodwork Institute

46179 Westlake Drive, Suite 120

Potomac Falls, VA 20165

AWPA American Wood-Preservers' Association

P.O. Box 5690

Grandbury, TX 76049

AWS American Welding Society

550 N.W. LeJeune Road

Miami, FL 33126

AWWA American Water Works Association

6666 West Quincy Avenue

Denver, CO 80235

BIA Brick Institute of America

1350 Centennial Park Drive, Suite 301

Reston, VA 20191

CDA Copper Development Association

260 Madison Avenue - 16th Floor

New York, NY 10016

CLFMI Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute

10015 Old Columbia Road, Suite B-215

Columbia, MD 21046

CRSI Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute

933 Plum Grove Road

Schaumburg, IL 60173-4758

2015 RENOVATIONS

HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626C FEBRUARY 1, 2016

CSSB Cedar Shake and Shingle Bureau

P.O. Box 1178

Sumas, WA 98295-1178

DHI Door and Hardware Institute

14150 Newbrook Drive, Suite 200

Chantilly, VA 20151

EJCDC Engineers' Joint Contract Documents Committee

American Council of Engineering Companies

1015 15th Street, N.W., 8th Floor

Washington, DC 20005

EJMA Expansion Joint Manufacturers Association

25 North Broadway Tarrytown, NY 10591

FGMA Flat Glass Marketing Association

3310 Harrison

White Lakes Professional Building

Topeka, KS 66611

FM Factory Mutual System

Standards Laboratories Department 1151 Boston-Providence Turnpike

Norwood, MA 02062

FS Federal Specification

General Services Administration

Specifications and Consumer Information

Distribution Section (WFSIS)

1800 F Street, NW Washington, DC 20405

GA Gypsum Association

810 First Street N.W. #510 Washington, DC 20002-4268

ICC International Code Council

5203 Leesburg Pike, Suite 600

Falls Church, VA 22041

IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

345 East 47th Street New York, NY 10017

IMIAC International Masonry Industry All-Weather Council

International Masonry Institute

815 15th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005

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MBMA Metal Building Manufacturer's Association

1300 Sumner Avenue

Cleveland, OH 44115-2351

MFMA Maple Flooring Manufacturers Association

60 Revere Drive

Northbrook, IL 60062

MIL Military Specification

Naval Publications and Forms Center

700 Robbins Avenue, Building 4, Section D

Philadelphia, PA 19111-5093

ML/SFA Metal Lath/Steel Framing Association

Division of National Association of Architectural Metal

Manufacturers (NAAMM MLIFSA)

600 South Federal Street, Suite 400

Chicago, IL 60605

NAAMM National Association of Architectural Metal

Manufacturers

800 Roosevelt Road, Building C, Suite 312

Glen Ellyn, IL 60137

NCMA National Concrete Masonry Association

2302 Horse Pen Road Herndon, VA 22071-3499

NEBB National Environmental Balancing Bureau

8575 Grovement Circle Gaithersburg, MD 20877

NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers' Association

1300 North 17th Street, Suite 1752

Rosslyn, VA 22209

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

#1 Battery March Park Quincy, MA 02269-9101

NSWMA National Solid Wastes Management Association

4301 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Suite 300

Washington, DC 20008-2304

NTMA National Terrazzo and Mosaic Association

201 North Maple, Suite 208

Purceliville, VA 20132

2015 RENOVATIONS

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PCA Portland Cement Association

5420 Old Orchard Road Skokie, IL 60077

PCI Precast Prestressed Concrete Institute

175 W. Jackson Blvd.-Suite 1859

Chicago, IL 60604-9773

PS Product Standard

> U.S. Department of Commerce 1401 Constitution Avenue, N.W.

Washington, DC 20230

Redwood Inspection Service RIS

Division of California Redwood Association

405 Enfrente Drive Novato, CA 94949

Steel Deck Institute SDI

P.O. Box 25

Fox River Grove, IL 60021

Steel Door Institute SDI

c/o Wherry Associates 30200 Detroit Road

Cleveland, OH 44145-1967

SIGMA Sealed Insulating Glass Manufacturers Association

> 401 N. Michigan Avenue Chicago, IL 60611

SJI Steel Joist Institute

3127 10th Avenue North

Myrtle Beach, SC 29577-6760

Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' SMACNA

National Association

4201 Lafayette Center Drive Chantilly, VA 20151-1209

SSPC

Society for Protective Coatings 40 24^{th} Street, 6^{th} Floor Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4656

Tile Council of North America, Inc. TCNA

100 Clemson Research Blvd.

Anderson, SC 29625

2015 RENOVATIONS

HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626C FEBRUARY 1, 2016

TPI Turfgrass Producers International

2 East Main Street East Dundee, IL 60118

UL Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.

333 Pfingston Road

Northbrook, IL 60062-2096

WCLIB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau

6980 S.W. Varns Road Tigard, OR 97223

WDMA Window & Door Manufacturers Associations

1400 W. Touhy Avenue, Suite 470

Des Plaines, IL 60018

WWPA Western Wood Products Association

522 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 500

Portland, OR 97204-2122

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 - EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION 01090

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 2015 RENOVATIONS HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS

151626C

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 01100 - ALTERNATES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. This section identifies each Alternate by number, and describes the basic changes to be incorporated into the work, only when the Alternate is made a part of the work by specific provisions in the Owner-Contractor Agreement.
- B. Alternate schedule below is part of the Bidding Documents and will be considered in selection of Contractors and awarding contracts.
- C. Unless otherwise provided, Owner will accept or reject alternates within one hundred twenty (120) days of date of contract. Owner reserves the right to reject any or all alternates.

1.03 ALTERNATES:

A. General:

- 1. The descriptions for each alternate listed in the schedule are primarily scope definitions, and do not necessarily detail the full range of materials and processes needed to complete the work as required.
 - Refer to applicable specification sections (Division 2 through 16), and to applicable drawings, for specific requirements of the work, regardless of whether references are so noted in description of each alternative.
 - 3. Coordinate pertinent related work and modify surrounding work as required to properly integrate the work under each Alternate, and to provide the complete construction required by Contract Documents.
 - 4. Referenced sections of specifications stipulate pertinent requirements for products and methods to achieve the work stipulated under each Alternate.

ALTERNATES 01100 - 1

В. Schedule:

- 1. Alternate No. 1: Provide cost to provide standing seam metal roof as specified in Specification Section 07610 for all of the exterior Buildings at Farmington High School shown on Drawing No. AS1.1FH in lieu of a shingle roof.
- 2. Alternate No. 2: Provide cost to provide solid plastic lockers in the Pool Locker Rooms G112 and G129 in same sizes and configuration as shown on drawings.
- 3. Alternate No. E1HS: Provide cost to replace building mounted wallpack light fixtures and parking lot poles and light fixtures.
- 4. Alternate No. 1F: Provide cost to remove and replace the portion of the south half of the parking lot as indicated on Sheet C2.0 in the paving legend.

END OF SECTION 01100

ALTERNATES 01100 - 2

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SECTION 01810 - COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS

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1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE	
1.7 COORDINATION	
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1.9 COMMISSIONING TEAM	
1.10 RESPONSIBILITIES	
1.11 EQUIPMENT/SYSTEMS TO BE COMMISSIONED	
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3.4 PERFORMANCE TESTING	
3.5 DOCUMENTATION, NON-CONFORMANCE, AND APPROVAL OF TESTS	
3.6 DEFERRED TESTING	
3.7 TRAINING OF OWNER PERSONNEL	
3.8 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS/DATA	33

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- Α. Drawings and general provisions of the contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 specification sections, apply to this section.
- Owner's Project Requirements and Basis of Design documents В. are included by reference for information only.
- C. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 01 Section "Coordination."
 - 2. Division 01 Section "Construction Progress Documentation."
 - 3. Division 01 Section "Submittal Procedures."

4. Division 01 Section "Closeout Procedures" for Project Records, Operation and Maintenance Manuals.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This section includes general requirements that apply to the implementation of the commissioning process without regard to specific systems, assemblies, and components.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Acceptance: A formal action, taken by a person with appropriate provider (which may or may not be contractually defined) to declare that some aspect of the project meets defined requirements, thus permitting subsequent activities to proceed.
- B. Approval: Acceptance that a piece of equipment or system has been properly installed and is functioning in the tested modes according to the Contract Documents.
- C. Basis of Design (BoD): A document that records the concepts, calculations, decisions, and product selections used to meet the Owner's project requirements and to satisfy applicable regulatory requirements, standards, and guidelines. The document includes both narrative descriptions and lists of individual items that support the design process.
- D. Checklists: Verification checklists that are developed and used during all phases of the commissioning process to verify that the Owner's project requirements are being achieved. This includes checklists for general verification, plus testing, training, and other specific requirements.
- E. Commissioning Authority (CxA): The entity identified by the Owner who leads, plans, schedules, and coordinates the commissioning team to implement the commissioning process.
- F. Commissioning Plan: An overall plan developed by the commissioning agent that provides the structure, schedule and coordination planning for the commissioning process.
- G. Commissioning Process: A quality-focused process for enhancing the delivery of a project. The process focuses upon verifying and documenting that the facility and all of its systems and assemblies are planned, designed, installed,

tested, operated, and maintained to meet the Owner's project requirements.

- H. Commissioning Process Activities: Components of the commissioning process.
- I. Commissioning Process Progress Report: A written document that details activities completed as part of the commissioning process and significant findings from those activities that is continuously updated during the course of a project. Usually it is incorporated into the commissioning plan as an ongoing appendix.
- J. Commissioning Team: The individuals who through coordinated actions are responsible for implementing the commissioning process.
- K. Construction Checklist: A form used by the Contractor to verify that appropriate components are on-site, ready for installation, correctly installed, and functional. Also refer to Checklists.
- L. Construction Documents: This includes a wide range of documents, which will vary from project to project, with the Owner's needs and with regulations, laws, and countries. Construction documents usually include the Project Manual (specifications), plans (Drawings) and general terms and conditions of the Contract.
- M. Continuous Commissioning Process: A continuation of the commissioning process well into the occupancy and operations phase to verify that a project continues to meet current and evolving Owner's project requirements. Continuous commissioning process activities are on-going for the life of the facility. Also refer to On-Going Commissioning Process.
- N. Contract Documents: This includes a wide range of documents, which will vary from project to project, with the Owner's needs and with regulations, laws, and countries. Contract Documents frequently include price agreements, construction management process, sub-contractor agreements or requirements, requirements and procedures for submittals, changes, and other construction requirements, timeline for completion, and the construction documents.

- Ο. Coordination Drawings: Drawings showing the work of all trades to illustrate that equipment can be installed in the space allocated without compromising equipment function or access for maintenance and replacement. These drawings graphically illustrate dimension manufacturers' and recommended maintenance clearances.
- P. Control System: A component of environmental, HVAC, security, and fire systems for reporting/monitoring and issuing of commands to/from field devices.
- The monitoring and recording of flows, Q. Data Logging: currents, status, pressures, etc., of equipment using standalone data recorders separate from the control system or the trending capabilities of control systems.
- Deferred Performance Tests (DPTs): Performance tests that are performed, at the discretion of the CxA, after substantial completion, due to partial occupancy, equipment, seasonal requirements, design, or other site conditions that disallow the test from being performed.
- S. Deficiency: A condition in the installation or function of a component, piece of equipment, or system that is not in compliance with the Contract Documents.
- Field Quality Control: Testing of equipment on-site, by factory personnel, or by the Contractor with or without the assistance of factory personnel, and with or without an Owner's representative present.
- Issues Log: A formal and ongoing record of problems or U. concerns, and their resolutions, which have been raised by members of the commissioning team during the course of the commissioning process.
- Nominal Group Technique: A formal, structured brainstorming process used to obtain the maximum possible ranked input from a variety of viewpoints in a short period of time. The typical approach is a workshop session where a question is presented, the attendees each record their responses on a piece of paper, the individual responses are recorded on a flip chart without discussion in a round robin fashion, all of the responses are discussed, and the participants rank their top five responses.
- W. Non-Compliance: See **Deficiency**.

- X. Non-Conformance: See **Deficiency**.
- Y. On-Going Commissioning Process: A continuation of the commissioning process well into the occupancy and operations phase to verify that a project continues to meet current and evolving Owner's project requirements. On-going commissioning process activities occur throughout the life of the facility. Some of these will be close to continuous in implementation, and others will be either scheduled or unscheduled (as needed). Also see **Continuous Commissioning Process**.
- Z. Owner's Project Requirements (OPR): A written document that details the functional requirements of a project and the expectations of how it will be used and operated. This includes project goals, measurable performance criteria, cost considerations, benchmarks, success criteria, and supporting information. (The term "Project Intent" is used by some Owners for their commissioning process Owner's project requirements or design.)
- AA. Over-ridden Value: Riding over a sensor value in the equipment's controls to observe the response of the equipment's operation. Also see **Simulated Signal**.
- BB. Phased Commissioning: Commissioning that is completed in phases as required by the phasing plan for the project and other scheduling issues.
- CC. Quality Based Sampling: A process for evaluating a sub-set (sample) of the total population. The sample is based upon a known or estimated probability distribution of expected values; an assumed statistical distribution based upon data from a similar product, assembly, or system; or a random sampling that has scientific statistical basis.
- DD. Re-Commissioning: An application of the commissioning process requirements to a project that has been delivered using the commissioning process. This may be a scheduled recommissioning developed as part of an ongoing commissioning process, or it may be triggered by use change, operations problems, or other needs.
- EE. Retro-Commissioning: The commissioning process applied to an existing facility that was not previously commissioned. This guideline does not specifically address retro-commissioning. However, the same basic process needs to be followed from pre-design through occupancy and operations to optimize the

benefits of implementing the commissioning process philosophy and practice.

- FF. Seasonal Performance Tests: Performance tests that are deferred until the system(s) will experience conditions closer to their design conditions based on weather conditions.
- GG. Simulated Condition: Condition that is created for the purpose of testing the response of a system (e.g., raising/lowering the setpoint of a thermostat to see the response in a VAV box).
- HH. Simulated Signal: Disconnecting a sensor and using a signal generator to simulate a sensor value for the purpose of testing a full range of conditions.
- II. Source Quality Control: Testing of equipment at the factory, by factory personnel, with or without an Owner's representative present.
- JJ. Startup: The initial starting or activating of dynamic equipment, including completing construction checklists.
- KK. Systems Manual: A system-focused composite document that includes the operation manual, maintenance manual, and additional information of use to the Owner during the occupancy and operations phase.
- LL. Test Procedure: A written protocol that defines methods, personnel, and expectations for tests conducted components, equipment, assemblies, systems, and interfaces among systems. The test procedures are specified in the Technical Specifications sections of the Contract Documents. Performance testing covers the dynamic functions and operations of equipment and systems using manual monitoring methods. Performance testing is the dynamic testing of systems under full operation. Systems are tested under various modes, such as during low cooling loads, high loads, component failures, unoccupied, varying outside air temperatures, fire alarm, power failure, etc. The systems are run through all the control system's sequences of operation and components are verified to respond as the sequences state.

- MM. Training Plan: A written document that details the expectations, schedule, budget, and deliverables of commissioning process activities related to training of project operating and maintenance personnel, users, and occupants.
- NN. Verification: The process by which specific documents, components, equipment, assemblies, systems, and interfaces among systems are confirmed to comply with the criteria described in the Owner's Project Requirements.
- OO. Trending: The monitoring, by a building automation system (BAS) or other electronic data gathering equipment, and analyzing of the data gathered over a period of time.
- PP. Vendor: Supplier of equipment.
- QQ. Warranty Period: Refer to the Conditions of the Contract and individual Specification Sections.

1.4 DESCRIPTION

- A. Commissioning: Commissioning is a quality-oriented process for achieving, verifying, and documenting that the performance of facilities, systems, and assemblies meet defined objectives and criteria. The Commissioning process begins at project inception (during the pre-design phase) and continues through the life of the facility. The commissioning process includes specific tasks to be conducted during each phase in order to verify that design, construction, and training meets the Owner's project requirements.
- B. Commissioning Team: The members of the commissioning team consist of the contracted commissioning authority (CxA), the Owner's Representative/Construction Manager (CM), the General Contractor (GC), the Architect and Engineers (A/E), the mechanical subcontractor (MC), the electrical subcontractor (EC), the testing and balancing (TAB) subcontractor, the control subcontractor (CC), the facility operating staff, and any other installing subcontractors or suppliers of equipment. The CxA is hired by the Owner directly. The CxA directs and coordinates the project commissioning activities and the reports to the Owner. All team members work together to fulfill their contracted responsibilities and meet the objectives of the Contract Documents.

C. Commissioning shall:

- Verify that applicable equipment and systems 1. installed according to the Contract Documents, manufacturer's recommendations, and industry accepted minimum standards and that they receive adequate operational checkout by installing Contractors.
- Verify and document proper performance of equipment and systems.
- 3. Verify that O&M documentation left on site is complete.
- Verify that the Owner's operating personnel are adequately trained.
- The commissioning process does not take away from or reduce D. the responsibility of the system designers or installing Contractors to provide a finished and fully functioning product.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- The CxA will provide appropriate Contractors with a specific request for the type of submittal documentation the CxA requires facilitating the commissioning work. These requests will be integrated into the normal submittal process and protocol of the construction team. At minimum, the request will include the manufacturer and model number, manufacturer's printed installation and detailed startup procedures, full sequences of operation, O&M performance data, any performance test procedures, control drawings and details of Owner contracted tests. In addition, the installation and checkout materials that are actually shipped inside the equipment and the actual field checkout sheet forms to be used by the factory or field technicians shall be submitted to the CxA. All documentation requested by the CxA will be included by the subcontractors in their O&M manual contributions.
- В. The CxA will review submittals related to the commissioned equipment for conformance to the Contract Documents as it relates to the commissioning process, to the performance of the equipment and adequacy for developing test procedures. This review is intended primarily to aid in the development of performance procedures and only secondarily to verify compliance with equipment specifications. The commissioning authority will notify the Owner/CM, PM or A/E as requested, of items missing or areas that are not in conformance with Contract Documents and which require resubmission.

- The CxA may request additional design narrative from the A/E and controls subcontractor, depending on the completeness of the OPR documentation and sequences provided with the Specifications.
- These submittals to the CxA do not constitute compliance for O&M manual documentation. The O&M manuals are the responsibility of the Contractor, though the CxA will review them.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- ASHRAE: Follow Guidelines: Α.
 - 1. 0-2005, "The Commissioning Process."
 - 1-1996, "The HVAC Commissioning Process."
 - 3. 5-1994, "Commissioning Smoke Management Systems."
- InterNational Electrical Testing Association: NETA Acceptance Testing Specifications (ATS) -1996
- Instructor Qualifications: Factory-authorized service C. representatives, experienced in training, operation, and maintenance procedures for installed systems, subsystems, and equipment.
- D. Test Equipment Calibration: Comply with test equipment manufacturer's calibration procedures and intervals. Recalibrate test instruments immediately whenever instruments have been repaired following damage or dropping. calibration tags to test instruments or have certificates readily available. Instruments shall have been calibrated within six months prior to use.

1.7 COORDINATION

- Project Commissioning Team: The members of the project commissioning team will consist of the commissioning authority and any support personnel, the Construction Manager, the Owner's facility staff (FS) or designee, the General Contractor, subcontractors and/or vendors as required, and the Architect/Engineer (A/E).
- Management: The CxA coordinates the commissioning activities through the Construction Manager. All members shall work together to fulfill their contracted responsibilities and meet the objectives of the Contract Documents. Refer to

Article "Commissioning Plan" for additional management details.

- C. Scheduling: The CxA, through the Owner or CM, will provide sufficient notice to the Contractor for scheduling commissioning activities with respect to the Owner's participation. The Contractor will integrate all commissioning activities into the overall project schedule. All parties will address scheduling problems and make necessary notifications in a timely manner in order to expedite the commissioning process.
- D. Manufacturers' Field Services: CxA shall coordinate services of manufacturers' field representatives.

1.8 COMMISSIONING PLAN

- A. The CxA will develop the commissioning plan which shall be included in the project schedule after review by the Owner or CM. The following narrative provides a brief overview of the typical commissioning tasks during construction and the general order in which they occur.
 - 1. Commissioning during construction begins with an initial commissioning meeting conducted by the CxA where the commissioning process is reviewed with the project commissioning team members.
 - Additional meetings will be required throughout construction, scheduled by the CxA, through the Owner or CM, with necessary parties attending to plan, scope, coordinate, schedule future activities and resolve problems.
 - 3. Equipment documentation is submitted to the CxA, through the Owner or CM, during normal submittals, including detailed startup procedures.
 - 4. The construction checklists are to be completed by the Contractor (or subcontractors), before and during the startup process.
 - 5. Construction checklists, TAB and startup must be completed before performance testing.
 - 6. Items of non-compliance in material, installation, or setup shall be corrected at no expense to the Owner.
 - 7. The Contractor ensures that the subcontractors' construction checklists are executed and documented and that startup and initial checkout are performed. The CxA verifies that the TAB, construction checklists and startup were completed according to the plans. This

- includes the CxA reviewing TAB, checklists and startup plans. This also includes witnessing startup of selected equipment. Any testing failure is to be corrected at no additional cost to the Owner, and a re-test is to be performed, observed, and documented.
- 8. The CxA develops and implements equipment and system performance test procedures. The forms and procedures are reviewed by the Owner, CM and A/E.
- 9. The performance tests are executed by the Contractor under the direction of the CxA with the assistance of the facility staff. All documentation is by the CxA.
- 10. The CxA reviews the O&M documentation for completeness and provides the commissioning record for the O&M manuals.
- 11. Commissioning should be completed before substantial completion.
- 12. The CxA develops procedures, reviews, coordinates, and implements the training provided by the Contractor.
- 13. Deferred testing is conducted as specified or required.

1.9 COMMISSIONING TEAM

A. Members appointed by Contractor(s): Individuals, each having authority to act on behalf of the entity they represent, explicitly organized to implement the commissioning process through coordinated actions. The commissioning team shall consist of, but not be limited to, representatives of each Contractor, including project superintendent and subcontractors, installers, suppliers, and specialists deemed appropriate by the CxA.

B. Members appointed by Owner:

- 1. CxA An entity identified by the Owner who leads, plans, schedules, and coordinates the commissioning team to implement the commissioning process. Owner will engage the CxA under a separate contract.
- 2. Representatives of the facility user and operation and maintenance personnel.
- 3. Architect and engineering design professionals.

1.10 RESPONSIBILITIES

A. The general responsibilities of various parties in the commissioning process are provided in this Article. The specific responsibilities are in the Technical Specifications.

B. All Parties:

- 1. Follow the commissioning plan.
- 2. Attend initial commissioning meeting and additional meetings as necessary.

C. Architect (of A/E):

1. Construction Phase:

- a. Prepare BoD documents for review and distribution by the Owner.
- b. Attend the commissioning scoping meeting and selected commissioning team meetings.
- c. Perform normal submittal review, construction observation, as-built drawing preparation, project punchlist preparation, etc., as contracted.
- d. Provide any design narrative documentation requested by the CxA.
- e. Coordinate resolution of system deficiencies identified during commissioning, according to the Contract Documents.
- f. Prepare and submit final as-built design intent documentation for inclusion in the O&M manuals. Review the O&M manuals.

D. Mechanical and Electrical Designers/Engineers (of the A/E):

1. Construction Phase:

- a. Perform normal submittal review, construction observation, as-built drawing preparation, project punchlist preparation, etc., as contracted. One site observation should be completed just prior to system startup.
- b. Provide any design narrative and sequences documentation requested by the CxA. The designers shall assist (along with the Contractors) in clarifying the operation and control of commissioned equipment in areas where the specifications, control drawings or equipment documentation is not sufficient for writing detailed testing procedures.
- c. Attend commissioning scoping meetings and other selected commissioning team meetings.
- d. Participate in the resolution of system deficiencies identified during commissioning, according to the Contract Documents.

- e. Prepare and submit the final as-built design intent and operating parameters documentation for inclusion in the O&M manuals. Review the O&M manuals.
- 2. Occupancy and Operations Phase:
 - a. Participate in the resolution of non-compliance, nonconformance and design deficiencies identified during commissioning during warranty-period commissioning.
- E. Commissioning Authority (CxA):
 - 1. The Contractors will provide all tools or the use of tools to start, check-out and test equipment and systems, except for specified testing with portable data-loggers, which shall be supplied and installed by the CxA.
 - 2. The CxA will verify the execution of commissioning process activities using random sampling. The sampling rate may vary from 1 to 100 percent. Verification will include, but is not limited to, equipment submittals, construction checklists, training, operating and maintenance data, tests, and test reports to verify compliance with the OPR. When a random sample does not meet the requirement, CxA will report the failure in the "Issues Log."
 - 3. Construction Phase:
 - a. Coordinates and directs the commissioning activities in a logical, sequential and efficient manner using consistent protocols and forms, centralized documentation, clear and regular communications and consultations with all necessary parties, frequently updated timelines and schedules and technical expertise.
 - b. Coordinate the commissioning work and, with the Owner/CM, help integrate commissioning activities into the master schedule.
 - c. Revise the Construction Phase Commissioning Plan as necessary.
 - d. Plan and conduct a commissioning scoping meeting and other commissioning meetings.
 - e. Request and review additional information required to perform commissioning tasks, including O&M materials, Contractor startup and checkout procedures.
 - f. Before startup, gather and review the current control sequences and interlocks and work with Contractors and design engineers until sufficient clarity has

- been obtained, in writing, to be able to write detailed testing procedures.
- g. Review normal Contractor submittals applicable to systems being commissioned for compliance with commissioning needs, concurrent with the A/E reviews.
- h. Write and distribute construction checklists. Prepare and maintain completed construction checklist log.
- i. Develop an enhanced startup and initial systems checkout plan with subcontractors.
- j. Perform site visits, as necessary, to observe component and system installations. Attend selected planning and job-site meetings to obtain information on construction progress. Review construction meeting minutes for revisions/substitutions relating to the commissioning process. Assist in resolving any discrepancies.
- k. Witness part of the HVAC piping test and flushing procedure, sufficient to be confident that proper procedures were followed. Document this testing and include the documentation in O&M manuals. Notify Owner/CM of any deficiencies in results or procedures.
- 1. Witness part of the ductwork testing and cleaning procedures, sufficient to be confident that proper procedures were followed. Document this testing and include the documentation in O&M manuals. Notify Owner's project manager of any deficiencies in results or procedures.
- m. Review construction checklist completion by selected site observation and spot checking.
- n. Recommend approval of systems startup by reviewing startup reports and by selected site observation.
- o. Review TAB execution plan.
- p. Oversee sufficient testing of the control system prior to use by TAB, before TAB is executed.
- q. Recommend approval of air and water systems balancing by spot testing, by reviewing completed reports and by selected site observation.
- r. With necessary assistance and review from installing Contractors, write the performance test procedures for equipment and systems, including energy management control system trending, stand-alone data logger monitoring or manual performance testing. Submit to CM for review.
- s. Analyze any performance trend logs and monitoring data to verify performance.

- t. Coordinate and witness manual performance tests performed by installing Contractors. Coordinate retesting as necessary until satisfactory performance is achieved.
- u. Maintain a master Issues Log and a separate testing record. Provide the Owner/CM with written progress reports and test results with recommended actions.
- v. Review equipment warranties to ensure that the Owner's responsibilities are clearly defined.
- w. Oversee the training of the Owner's operating personnel.
- x. Compile and maintain a commissioning record and building systems book(s).
- y. Review the O&M manuals for compliance with the Contract requirements.
- z. Provide a final commissioning report (as described in this Section).

4. Occupancy and Operations Phase:

- a. Coordinate and supervise required seasonal or deferred testing and deficiency corrections.
- Return to the site at 10 months into the 12 month b. warranty period and review with facility staff the current building operation and the condition of outstanding issues related to the original and seasonal commissioning. Also interview facility staff and identify problems or concerns they have operating the building as originally intended. Make suggestions for improvements and for recording these changes in the O&M manuals. Identify areas that may under warranty or under the original construction contract. Assist facility staff in developing reports, documents and requests for services to remedy outstanding problems.

F. Owner or Owner's Representative (CM):

1. Establish Contracts:

- a. Owner and Architect: Agreement for design.
- b. Owner and Contractor: Contract for construction.
- c. Owner and Commissioning Authority: Agreement for observation and review of the commissioning process.

2. Construction and Acceptance Phase:

- a. Facilitate the coordination of the commissioning work by the CxA, and, with the GC and CxA, ensure that commissioning activities are being scheduled into the master schedule.
- b. Provide utility services required for the commissioning process.
- c. Review the final "Commissioning Plan Construction Phase."
- d. Attend a commissioning scoping meeting and other commissioning team meetings.
- e. Perform the normal review of Contractor submittals.
- f. Furnish a copy of all construction documents, addenda, change orders and reviewed submittals and shop drawings related to commissioned equipment to the CxA.
- g. Review the performance test procedures submitted by the CxA, prior to testing.
- h. When necessary, observe and witness startup and performance testing of selected equipment.
- i. Review commissioning progress and deficiency reports.
- j. Coordinate the resolution of non-compliance and design deficiencies identified in all phases of commissioning.
- k. Sign-off (final approval) on individual commissioning tests as completed and passing. Recommend completion of the commissioning process to the Project Manager.
- 1. Assist in coordinating the training of Owner personnel.
- m. Provide the OPR documentation to the CxA and each Contractor for information and use.
- n. Provide the BoD documents, prepared by Architect and reviewed by Owner, to the CxA and each Contractor for use in developing the commissioning plan, systems manual, and operation and maintenance training plan.
- o. Assign operation and maintenance personnel and schedule them to participate in commissioning team activities.

3. Occupancy and Operations Phase:

- a. Assist the CxA as necessary in the seasonal or deferred testing and deficiency corrections required by the Specifications.
- b. Attend lessons learned session.

- G. Owner's Project Manager (PM):
 - 1. Construction Phase:
 - a. Manage the Contract of the A/E and of the GC.
 - b. Arrange for facility operating and maintenance personnel to attend various field commissioning activities and field training sessions.
 - c. Provide final approval for the completion of the commissioning work.
 - 2. Occupancy and Operations Phase:
 - a. Ensure that any seasonal or deferred testing and any deficiency issues are addressed.
 - b. Attend lessons learned session.
- H. Contractor: Each Contractor and their subcontractors and vendors shall assign representatives with expertise and authority to act on their behalf and schedule them to participate in and perform commissioning process activities including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Construction Phase:

- a. Facilitate the coordination of the commissioning and incorporate commissioning activities (the Commissioning Plan) into the Overall Project Schedule (OPS).
- b. Integrate and coordinate commissioning process activities with the OPS.
- c. Provide detailed startup procedures.
- d. Include the cost of commissioning in the total Contract price.
- e. Ensure that all subcontractors and vendors execute their commissioning responsibilities according to the Contract Documents and the OPS.
- f. Provide copies of all submittals as required in Division 01 Section "Submittals" including all changes thereto. Attend and participate in commissioning team meetings held biweekly.
- g. No later than 60 days prior to startup of the first piece of major equipment, meet with the CxA, CM, A/E, and PM and Owner to finalize the detailed commissioning procedures/ schedule.
- h. Provide the training of Owner personnel.

- i. Review construction checklists provided by the commissioning authority.
- j. Complete construction checklists as work is completed and provide to the CxA on a weekly basis.
- k. Accomplish commissioning process test procedures.
- 1. Evaluate performance deficiencies identified in test reports and, in collaboration with entity responsible for system and equipment installation, recommend corrective action.
- m. Cooperate with the CxA for resolution of issues recorded in the "Issues Log".
- n. Prepare O&M manuals, according to the Contract Documents, including clarifying and updating the original sequences of operation to as-built/as-tested conditions.

2. Occupancy and Operations Phase:

- a. Ensure that subcontractors provide assistance for seasonal or deferred performance testing, performed by the CxA, according to the Specifications.
- b. Ensure that subcontractors correct deficiencies and make necessary adjustments to O&M manuals and asbuilt drawings for applicable issues identified in any seasonal testing.
- c. Perform all guarantee work for materials furnished under the contract for the time specified in the Contract, including all warranties and curing all latent defects within the time period provided in the Contract.

I. Vendors/Subcontractors:

- 1. Provide all requested submittal data, including detailed startup procedures and specific responsibilities of the Owner to keep warranties in force.
- 2. Assist in equipment testing per agreements with subcontractors and/or Contractor.
- 3. Include cost of all special tools and instruments (only available from vendor, specific to a piece of equipment) required for testing, operating, and maintaining equipment according to these Contract Documents in the base bid price to the Contractor.
- 4. Analyze specified products and verify that the A/E has specified the newest, most current equipment reasonable for this project's scope and budget.

- 5. Provide requested information regarding equipment sequence of operation and testing procedures.
- 6. Review construction checklists and test procedures for equipment installed by factory representatives.

1.11 EQUIPMENT/SYSTEMS TO BE COMMISSIONED

- A. The following equipment/systems will be commissioned in this project:
 - 1. Mechanical Systems:
 - a. Heating systems.
 - 1) Boilers.
 - b. Cooling systems.
 - 1) Refrigeration systems.
 - c. Air handling systems.
 - 1) Blower coil units.
 - 2) Packaged units.
 - 3) Vertical unit ventilators.
 - 4) Combustion air units
 - 5) In-line return fans.
 - 6) Roof Mounted Air Handling Units
 - d. Terminal systems.
 - 1) Terminal Units.
 - 2) Unit heaters.
 - 3) Cabinet unit heaters.
 - e. Exhaust and stand alone systems.
 - 1) Ductless split systems.
 - 2) Exhaust fans.
 - f. Plumbing systems.
 - 1) Domestic hot water.
 - 2) Pumping systems.

- Electrical systems:
 - Normal Power Distribution. a.
 - 1) Grounding and Bonding.
 - 2) Enclosed Switches
 - 3) Low Voltage Transformer.
 - 4) Motor Control.
 - 5) Switchboard/Panelboards.
 - 6) Medium Voltage Transformers.
 - 7) Wiring Devices.
 - b. Emergency Power Distribution.
 - 1) Generators
 - c. Lighting Systems.
 - 1) Daylighting Control.
 - 2) Emergency Lighting Systems.
 - Lighting Controls. 3)
 - d. Fire Alarm Systems.
 - e. Specialty electrical systems.
 - 1) School intercom and program equipment.
 - 2) Clock and program systems.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

- All standard testing equipment required to perform startup and initial checkout and required performance testing shall be provided by the Contractor for the equipment being tested. This includes, but is not limited to, two-way radios, meters, and data recorders. Data recorders may be provided by the CxA at the option of the CxA,
- В. Special equipment, tools, and instruments required for testing equipment according to these Contract Documents shall be included in the Contractor's base bid price and shall be turned over to the Owner at Project close-out.

C. All testing equipment shall be of sufficient quality and accuracy to test and/or measure system performance within the tolerances specified in the specifications. If not otherwise noted, the following minimum requirements apply: Temperature sensors and digital thermometers shall have a certified calibration to NIST traceable standards to an accuracy of 0.5 deg F and a resolution of plus or minus 0.1 deg F. Pressure sensors shall have an accuracy of plus or minus 2.0 percent of the value range being measured (not full range of meter).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MEETINGS

- A. Initial Meeting: Within 10 days of the Notice to Proceed (NTP), the CxA, through the Owner/CM, will schedule, plan and conduct an initial commissioning meeting. The Contractor and Contractor's responsible parties are required to attend.
- B. Training Preparation Conference: Before operation and maintenance training, CxA shall convene a training preparation conference to include Owner's operation and maintenance personnel, [each] Contractor, and subcontractors. In addition to requirements specified in Division 01 Section "Demonstration and Training," perform the following:
 - 1. Review the OPR and BoD.
 - 2. Review installed systems, subsystems, and equipment.
 - 3. Review instructor qualifications.
 - 4. Review instructional methods and procedures.
 - 5. Review training module outlines and contents.
 - Review course materials (including operation and maintenance manuals).
 - 7. Inspect and discuss locations and other facilities required for instruction.
 - Review and finalize training schedule and verify availability of educational materials, instructors, audiovisual equipment, and facilities needed to avoid delays.
 - 9. For instruction that must occur outside, review weather and forecasted weather conditions and procedures to follow if conditions are unfavorable.
- C. Miscellaneous Meetings: Other meetings will be planned and conducted by the CxA as construction progresses. These meetings will cover coordination, deficiency resolution, and planning issues. These meetings will be held at least

monthly, until the final 3 months of construction, when they may be held as frequently as one per week.

- 3.2 STARTUP, CONSTRUCTION CHECKLISTS, AND INITIAL CHECKOUT
 - A. The following procedures apply to all equipment/systems to be commissioned, according to Article "Equipment/Systems to be Commissioned."
 - B. General: Construction checklists are important to verify that the equipment and systems are fully connected and operational. It ensures that performance testing (in-depth system checkout) may proceed without unnecessary delays. The construction checklists for a given system must be successfully completed and approved prior to startup and formal performance testing of equipment or subsystems of the given system.
 - C. Startup and Checkout Plan: The CxA will assist the project commissioning team members responsible for startup of any equipment. The primary role of the CxA in this process is to ensure that there is written documentation that each of the manufacturer-recommended procedures has been completed. The CxA shall provide construction checklists and startup shall be identified in the commissioning scoping meeting and on the checklist forms
 - 1. The construction checklists are provided in with the Cx Manual. These checklists indicate required procedures to be executed as part of startup and initial checkout of the systems and the party responsible for their execution.
 - 2. The Contractor shall determine which trade is responsible for executing and documenting each of the line item tasks and transmit the checklists to the responsible subcontractors. Each form may have more than one trade responsible for its execution.
 - 3. The Contractor/subcontractor with assistance from the CxA responsible for the purchase of the equipment shall develop the full startup plan by combining the manufacturer's detailed startup and checkout procedures and the construction checklists.
 - 4. The Contractor/subcontractor shall submit the full startup plan to the CxA for review and approval.
 - 5. The CxA will review and approve the procedures and the documentation format for reporting. The CxA will return

- the procedures and the documentation format to the Contractor, through the CM.
- 6. The Contractor will transmit the full startup plan to the subcontractors for their review and use.
- Sensor and Actuator Calibration: All field-installed D. temperature, relative humidity, CO, CO2, refrigerant, O2, and/or pressure sensors and gages, and all actuators (dampers and valves) on all equipment shall be calibrated. that all locations are appropriate and away from causes of Submit to the CxA through the CM the erratic operation. calibration methods and results. All test instruments shall have had a certified calibration within the last 6 months to NIST traceable standards, and comply with all local, state and/or federal requirements/certifications, as required. Sensors installed in the unit at the factory with calibration certification provided need not be field calibrated. Provide bench testing as required at the direction of the CxA.

1. Sensor Calibration Methods:

- a. All Sensors: Verify that all sensor locations are appropriate and away from causes of erratic operation. Verify that sensors with shielded cable, are grounded only at one end. For sensor pairs that are used to determine a temperature or pressure difference, make sure they are reading within 0.2 deg F of each other for temperature and within a tolerance equal to 2 percent of the reading, of each other, for pressure. Tolerances for critical applications may be tighter.
- b. Sensors Without Transmitters: Standard Application.

 Make a reading with a calibrated test instrument within 6 inches of the site sensor. Verify that the sensor reading (via the permanent thermostat, gage or BAS) is within the tolerances in the table below of the instrument-measured value. If not, install offset in BAS, calibrate or replace sensor.
- c. Sensors With Transmitters: Standard Application. Disconnect sensor. Connect a signal generator in place of sensor. Connect ammeter in series between transmitter and BAS control panel. Using manufacturer's resistance-temperature data, simulate minimum desired temperature. Adjust transmitter potentiometer zero until 4 mA is read by the ammeter. Repeat for the maximum temperature matching 20 mA to the potentiometer span or maximum and verify at the

BAS. Record all values and recalibrate controller as necessary to conform with specified control ramps, reset schedules, proportional relationship, reset relationship and P/I reaction. Reconnect sensor. Make a reading with a calibrated test instrument within 6 inches of the site sensor. Verify that the sensor reading (via the permanent thermostat, gage or BAS) is within the tolerances in the table below of the instrument-measured value. If not, replace sensor and repeat. For pressure sensors, perform a similar process with a suitable signal generator.

d. Critical Applications: For critical applications (process, manufacturing, etc.) more rigorous calibration techniques may be required for selected sensors. Describe any such methods used on an attached sheet.

e. Tolerances, Standard Applications

	Required		Required
Sensor	Tolerance	Sensor	Tolerance
	(+/-)		(+/-)
Cooling coil, chilled and		Flow rates, water	4% of
condenser water temps	0.4F	Relative humidity	design
			4% of
			design
AHU wet bulb or dew point	2.0F	Combustion flue temps	5.0F
Hot water coil and boiler	1.5F	Oxygen or ${ m CO}_2$ monitor	0.1 % pts
water temp			
Outside air, space air,	0.4F	CO monitor	0.01 % pts
duct air temps			
Watthour, voltage &	1% of	Natural gas and oil	1% of
amperage	design	flow rate	design
Pressures, air, water and	3% of	Steam flow rate	3% of
gas	design		design
Flow rates, air	10% of	Barometric pressure	0.1 in. of
	design		Нд

f. Valve and Damper Stroke Setup and Check EMS Readout:
 For all valve and damper actuator positions checked,
 verify the actual position against the BAS readout.
 Set pumps or fans to normal operating mode. Command
 valve or damper closed, visually verify that valve or
 damper is closed and adjust output zero signal as
 required. Command valve or damper open, verify
 position is full open and adjust output signal as
 required. Command valve or damper to a few
 intermediate positions. If actual valve or damper
 position doesn't reasonably correspond, replace
 actuator or add pilot positioner (for pneumatics).

- g. Closure for Heating Coil Valves (NO): Set heating setpoint 20 deg F above room temperature. Observe valve open. Remove control air or power from the valve and verify that the valve stem and actuator position do not change. Restore to normal. Set heating setpoint to 20 deg F below room temperature. Observe the valve close. For pneumatics, by override in the EMS, increase pressure to valve by 3 psi (do not exceed actuator pressure rating) and verify valve stem and actuator position does not change. Restore to normal.
- h. Closure for Cooling Coil Valves (NC): Set cooling setpoint 20 deg F above room temperature. Observe the valve close. Remove control air or power from the valve and verify that the valve stem and actuator position do not change. Restore to normal. Set cooling setpoint to 20 deg F below room temperature. Observe valve open. For pneumatics, by override in the EMS, increase pressure to valve by 3 psi (do not exceed actuator pressure rating) and verify valve stem and actuator position does not change. Restore to normal.

E. Execution of Construction Checklists and Startup:

- 1. Four weeks prior to the scheduled startup, the Contractor shall coordinate startup and checkout with the CM, A/E, and CxA. The execution and approval of the construction checklists, startup, and checkout shall be directed and performed by the Contractor, subcontractor or vendor. Signatures are required of the applicable subcontractors for verification of completion of their work.
- 2. The Owner/CM, and A/E as necessary, shall observe, at minimum, the procedures for each piece of primary equipment, unless there are multiple units, in which case a sampling strategy may be used. The CxA will observe all testing.
- 3. For lower-level components of equipment, (e.g., sensors, controllers), the CxA shall observe a sampling of the startup procedures.
- 4. The subcontractors and vendors shall execute startup and provide the CxA and A/E, through the Owner/CM, with a signed and dated copy of the completed startup and construction checklists.
- 5. Only individuals of the Contractor (technicians, engineers, tradesmen, vendors, etc.) who have direct knowledge and witnessed that a line item task on the

construction checklist was actually performed shall check off that item. It is not acceptable for witnessing supervisors to fill out these forms.

- F. Deficiencies, Non-Conformance, and Approval in Checklists and Startup (Master Issues Log):
 - 1. The Contractor shall ensure that the subcontractors clearly list any outstanding items of the initial startup and construction checklist procedures that were not completed successfully, on an attached sheet. The form and any outstanding deficiencies shall be provided, through the Owner/CM, to the CxA within two days of test completion.
 - 2. The CxA will review the report and issue either a non-compliance report or an approval form, through the CM, to the Contractor. The installing subcontractors or vendors shall correct all areas that are deficient or incomplete in the checklists and tests in a timely manner, shall notify the Owner/CM as soon as outstanding items have been corrected, and resubmit an updated startup report with a Statement of Correction on the original non-compliance report. When satisfactorily completed, the CxA will recommend approval of the execution of the checklists and startup of each system.
 - 3. Items left incomplete, which later cause deficiencies or delays during performance testing may result in backcharges to the Contractor. Refer to Article "Performance Testing" for details.

3.3 PHASED COMMISSIONING (IF REQUIRED)

A. The project requires TAB, startup and performance testing to be executed in phases. Phasing shall be coordinated with the Owner/CM, CxA, and A/E and be reflected in the overall project schedule and commissioning schedule by the Contractor. Final performance testing of all systems will be as required by the phasing plan. The performance testing of the "systems as a whole" will be performed before final turnover of the entire project.

3.4 PERFORMANCE TESTING

A. Requirements: The performance testing shall demonstrate that each system is operating according to the documented design intent and Contract Documents. Performance testing facilitates bringing the systems from a state of individual

substantial completion to full dynamic operation. Additionally, during the testing process, areas of deficient performance are identified and corrected, improving the operation and functioning of the systems.

- Coordination and Scheduling: The Contractor shall provide В. sufficient notice, regarding their completion schedule for the construction checklists and startup of all equipment and systems to allow the performance testing to be scheduled. The commissioning team shall oversee, witness, and document the performance of all equipment and systems. The CxA in association with the Contractor/subcontractors and facility staff shall execute the tests. Performance testing shall be conducted after the construction checklists, and startup has been satisfactorily completed. The control system shall be sufficiently tested prior to use, to verify performance of other components or systems. The air balancing and water balancing shall be completed before performance testing of air or water related equipment or systems. Testing proceeds from components to sub-systems to systems. When the proper performance of all interacting individual systems has been achieved, the interface or coordinated responses between systems shall be checked.
- Development of Test Procedures: Before test procedures are finalized, the Contractor shall provide to the A/E and the CxA all requested documentation and a current list of changes affecting equipment or systems, including an updated points program code, control sequences, and testing parameters. Using the testing parameters and requirements in the technical Specifications, the CxA shall update/develop specific test procedures and forms to verify and document proper operation of each piece of equipment and system. Contractor/subcontractor or vendor, as appropriate, shall provide assistance to the CxA in developing the final procedures. Prior to finalization, the A/E shall review and concur with the test procedure.

D. Test Methods:

1. Performance testing and verification may be achieved by manual testing or by monitoring the performance and analyzing the results using the control system's trend log capabilities or by stand-alone data loggers. The CxA may substitute specified methods or require an additional method to be executed other than what was specified, with the approval of the A/E and Owner/CM. The CxA will

- determine which method is most appropriate for tests that do not have a specified method.
- Simulated Conditions: Simulating conditions shall be allowed, though timing the testing to experience actual conditions is encouraged wherever practical.
- 3. Overridden Values: Overriding sensor values to simulate a condition, such as overriding the outside air temperature reading in a control system to be something other than it really is, is acceptable.
- 4. Simulated Signals: Using a signal generator which creates a simulated signal to test and calibrate transducers and DDC constants is generally recommended over using the sensor to act as the signal generator via simulated conditions or overridden values.
- 5. Altering Setpoints: Rather than overriding sensor values, and when simulating conditions is difficult, altering setpoints to test a sequence is acceptable.
- 6. Indirect Indicators: Relying on indirect indicators for responses or performance shall be allowed only after visually and directly verifying and documenting, over the range of the test parameters, that the indirect readings through the control system represent actual conditions and responses.
- 7. Setup: Each performance test shall be performed under conditions that simulate actual conditions as closely as is practically possible. The Contractor/subcontractor(s) assisting the CxA in executing the test shall provide all necessary materials, system modifications, etc., to produce the necessary flows, pressures, temperatures, etc., necessary to execute the test according to the specified conditions. At completion of the test, the Contractor/subcontractor(s) shall return all affected equipment and systems to their normal operating settings.
- E. Test Equipment: Refer to Part 2 for test equipment requirements.
- F. Problem Solving: The burden of responsibility to solve, correct, and retest malfunctions/failures is with the Contractor, with A/E approval as required.
- 3.5 DOCUMENTATION, NON-CONFORMANCE, AND APPROVAL OF TESTS
 - A. Documentation: The CxA shall witness and verify the documentation of the results of all performance tests. The CxA shall complete all documentation for performance testing.

B. Non-Conformance:

- 1. Corrections of minor deficiencies identified may be made during the tests at the discretion of the CxA. In such cases the deficiency and resolution will be documented on the procedure form or on an attached sheet.
- 2. As tests progress and a deficiency is identified, the CxA shall discuss the issue with the commissioning team, and the Contractor.
 - a. When there is no dispute concerning the deficiency and the Contractor accepts responsibility to correct it:
 - 1) The CxA will document the deficiency and the Contractor's response and intentions. After the day's work, the CxA will submit the non-compliance reports to the CM. The Contractor corrects the deficiency, signs the statement of correction at the bottom of the non-compliance form certifying that the equipment is ready to be retested and sends it back to the CxA.
 - 2) The Contractor shall reschedule the test; and the test repeated.
 - b. If there is a dispute about a deficiency, regarding whether or not it is a deficiency:
 - 1) The dispute shall be documented on the non-compliance form with the Contractor's response.
 - 2) Resolutions are made at the lowest management level possible. Other parties are brought into the discussions as needed. Final interpretive authority is with the A/E. Final acceptance authority is with the Construction Manager.
 - 3) The CxA documents the resolution process.
 - 4) Once the interpretation and resolution have been decided, the Contractor corrects the deficiency, signs the statement of correction on the non-compliance form and provides it to the CxA, through the CM. The Contractor shall reschedule the test and the test shall be repeated until satisfactory performance is achieved.
- Cost of repeating a performance test is the Contractor's.
- 4. The Contractor shall submit in writing to the CM at least as often as commissioning meetings are being scheduled,

the status of each outstanding discrepancy identified during commissioning. Discussion shall cover explanations of any disagreement and proposals for their resolutions.

- a. The CxA retains the original non-conformance forms until the end of the project.
- b. Retesting shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the Contractor.
- C. Failure Due to Manufacturer Defect: If 10 percent (or three, whichever is greater) of identical pieces of equipment fail to perform to the Contract Documents (mechanically or substantively) due to a manufacturing defect, not allowing it to meet its submitted performance specification, all identical units may be considered unacceptable by the A/E or CxA. In such case, the Contractor shall provide the Owner with the following:
 - 1. Within one week of notification from the Owner/CM, the Contractor or manufacturer's representative shall examine all other identical units making a record of the findings. The findings shall be provided to the CM within two weeks of the original notice.
 - 2. Within two weeks of the original notification, the Contractor or manufacturer shall provide a signed and dated, written explanation of the problem, cause of failures, etc., and all proposed solutions. The proposed solutions shall not significantly exceed the specification requirements of the original installation.
 - 3. The A/E will determine whether a replacement of all identical units or a repair is acceptable.
 - 4. Two examples, where applicable, of the proposed solution shall be installed by the Contractor and the A/E shall be allowed to test the installations for up to one week, upon which the A/E will decide whether to accept the solution.
 - 5. Upon acceptance, the Contractor and/or manufacturer shall replace or repair all identical items, at their expense. The replacement/repair work shall proceed with reasonable speed beginning within one week from the time parts can be obtained.
- D. Approval: The CxA notes each satisfactorily demonstrated function on the test form. Final approval of the performance test by the Owner is made after review by the CxA and CM, following recommendations by the A/E.

3.6 DEFERRED TESTING

- A. Unforeseen Deferred Tests: If any check or test cannot be completed due to the project completion level, required occupancy condition or other deficiency, execution of checklists and performance testing may be delayed upon approval of the CxA and CM. These tests will be conducted in the same manner as the seasonal tests as soon as possible. Services of necessary parties will be negotiated.
- Seasonal Testing: During the warranty period, seasonal testing (tests delayed until weather conditions are closer to the system's design) shall be completed as part of this contract. The CxA shall coordinate this activity through the Owner/CM. Tests will be executed, documented by the CxA and deficiencies should be corrected by the appropriate Contractor/ subcontractors with the CxA witnessing. final adjustments to the O&M manuals and as-builts due to the testing shall be made by the Contractor.

TRAINING OF OWNER PERSONNEL 3.7

- The Contractor shall provide training coordination, Α. scheduling of subcontractors, and ensure that training is completed. All training shall be coordinated, through the CM, with the CxA.
- В. The Contractor shall ensure that each subcontractor and vendor (mechanical, plumbing, fire, electrical, specialty, etc.) shall have the following responsibilities:
 - Provide, to the CxA through the CM, a training plan 60 days before the planned training covering the following elements:
 - a. Equipment.
 - b. Intended audience.
 - c. Location of training.
 - d. Objectives.
 - Subjects covered (description, duration of e. discussion, special methods, etc.).
 - f. Duration of training on each subject.
 - g. Instructor for each subject.
 - Methods (classroom lecture, manufacturer's quality site walk-through, actual operational demonstrations, written handouts, etc.).

- Provide designated Owner personnel with comprehensive orientation and training in the understanding of the systems and the operation and maintenance of each piece of equipment that makes up the system.
- 3. Training shall normally start with classroom sessions followed by hands-on demonstration/training on each piece of equipment.
- 4. During any demonstration, should the system fail to perform in accordance with the requirements of the O&M manual or sequence of operations, the system shall be repaired or adjusted as necessary and the demonstration repeated at another scheduled time, if necessary.
- 5. The appropriate trade or manufacturer's representative shall provide the instructions on each major piece of equipment. Practical building operating expertise as well as in-depth knowledge of all modes of operation of the specific piece of equipment are required. More than one party may be required to execute the training.
- 6. The controls subcontractor shall attend sessions other than the controls training, as specified, to discuss the interaction of the controls system as it relates to the equipment being discussed.
- 7. The training sessions shall follow the outline in the table of contents of the operation and maintenance manual and illustrate whenever possible the use of the O&M manuals for reference.
- 8. Training shall include:
 - a. Use of the printed installation, operation and maintenance instruction material included in the O&M manuals.
 - b. A review of the written O&M instructions emphasizing safe and proper operating requirements, preventative maintenance, special tools needed and spare parts inventory suggestions. The training shall include startup, operation in all modes possible, shutdown, seasonal changeover and any emergency procedures.
 - c. Discussion of relevant health and safety issues and concerns.
 - d. Discussion of warranties and quarantees.
 - e. Common troubleshooting problems and solutions.
 - f. Explanatory information included in the O&M manuals.
 - g. Discussion of any peculiarities of equipment installation or operation.
 - h. Classroom sessions shall include the use of overhead projections, slides, video/audio-taped material as might be appropriate.

- i. Hands-on training shall include startup, operation in all modes possible, including manual, shut-down, alarms, power failure and any emergency procedures, and preventative maintenance for all pieces of equipment.
- 9. The Contractor shall fully explain and demonstrate the operation, function and overrides of any local packaged controls not controlled by the central control system.
- C. At the discretion of the CxA, training may occur before performance testing is complete if required by the facility operators to assist the CxA in the performance testing.
- D. The CxA at the beginning of each training session presents the overall system narrative and the design concept of each equipment section.

3.8 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS/DATA

- A. The commissioning process requires detailed O&M documentation as identified in this Section and technical Specifications.
- B. Contractor shall submit two draft copies of the complete operating and maintenance manual to the CM for review by the Architect/Engineer and CxA within 60 calendar days after review of equipment shop drawings. One copy will be returned to the Contractor within 30 days after receipt by the A/E.
- Contractor shall submit corrected final reviewed manuals prior to substantial completion. Prior to final submittal, the CxA shall review the O&M manuals (in addition to the initial draft O&M manual), and documentation, with redline as-builts, for systems that were commissioned to verify compliance with the specifications. The communicate, through the CM, deficiencies in the manuals to the Contractor or A/E, as requested. Upon a successful review of the corrections, the CxA will recommend approval and acceptance of these sections of the O&M manuals to the CM. The CxA will also review each equipment warranty and verify that all requirements to keep the warranty valid are clearly stated. This work does not supersede the A/E's review of the O&M manuals according to the A/E's Contract.
- D. The Contractor shall compile O&M manuals for every piece of equipment and building operating or electrical system being commissioned with the following format:

- 1. Quantity: Six (Unless more are required by the technical specifications).
- 2. Format: 8-1/2 x 11 three-ring loose-leaf binders, 3-inch maximum, and electronic format that is compatible with Owner's system. Each binder shall be clearly labeled on the spine. Use as many binders as required. Do not overload binders. Dividers with permanently marked tabs of card stock shall separate each section and sub section. Tab labels shall not be handwritten. A separate manual or chapter shall be provided for each applicable system as follows:
 - a. Hydronic pumps.
 - b. Domestic hot and cold water systems.
 - c. Piping systems.
 - d. Ductwork systems.
 - e. Fans.
 - f. Motors.
 - g. Lighting Controls.
 - h. Energy management systems.
 - i. Unit heaters.
- 3. There shall be a title page and table of contents in the front of each binder for each binder's contents. In each binder, there shall be a main tab for each Specification Section. Behind the section number tab there shall be the equipment ID tag sub-tab for each piece of major equipment (or group, if small or numerous). These subtabs shall be similar to the specification number tabs but of a different color. Behind each equipment name tab shall be the following sections, in the given order, divided by a double weight colored sheet labeled with the title of the section.
 - a. Contractor: The first page behind the equipment tab shall contain the name, address and telephone number of the manufacturer and installing Contractor and the 24-hour number for emergency service for all equipment in this section, identified by equipment.
 - b. Submittal and Product Data: This section shall include all reviewed submittal data, cut sheets, data base sheets and appropriate shop drawings. If submittal was not required for approval, descriptive product data shall be included.
 - c. Operation and Maintenance Instructions: These shall be the manufacturer's published data with the model

and features of this installation clearly marked and edited to omit reference to products or data not applicable to this installation. This section shall include data on the following:

- 1) Model number, serial number and nameplate data for each piece of equipment and any subcomponent.
- 2) Installation, startup and break-in instructions.
- 3) All starting, normal shutdown, emergency shutdown, manual operation and normal and emergency operating procedures and data, including any special limitations.
 - a) Step-by-step procedure for system startup, including a pre-start checklist. Refer to controls and indicators by nomenclature consistent with that used on panels and in control diagrams.
 - b) Sequence of operation, with detailed instruction in proper sequence, for each mode of operation (i.e., day-night; staging of equipment).
 - c) Emergency Operation: If some functions of the equipment can be operated while other functions are disabled, give instructions for operations under these conditions. Include here only those alternate methods of operations (from normal) which the operator can follow when there is a partial failure or malfunctioning of components, or other unusual condition.
 - d) Shutdown Procedure: Include instructions for stopping and securing the equipment after operation. If a particular sequence is required, give step-by-step instructions in that order.
- 4) O&M and installation instructions that were shipped with the unit.
- 5) Preventative and corrective maintenance, with service procedures and schedules:
 - a) Provide a schedule for preventive maintenance in a printed format and an electronic format compatible with Owner's system. State, preferably in tabular form,

- the recommended frequency of performance for each preventive maintenance task, cleaning, inspection and scheduled overhauls.
- b) Cleaning: Provide instructions and schedules for all routine cleaning and inspection with recommended lubricants.
- c) Inspection: If periodic inspection of equipment is required for operation, cleaning or other reasons, indicate the items to be inspected and give the inspection criteria for: motors; controls; filters and any other maintenance items.
- d) Provide instructions for minor repairs or adjustments required for preventive maintenance routines. Identify test points and give values for each. Include sensor calibration requirements and methods by sensor type.
- e) Corrective maintenance instructions shall be predicated upon a logical effect-to-cause troubleshooting philosophy and a rapid replacement procedure to minimize equipment downtime.
- f) Troubleshooting: Troubleshooting tables, charts, or diagrams shall be used to present specified procedures. A guide to this type shall be a three-column chart. The columns shall be titled: "Malfunction," "Probable Cause" and "Recommended Action."
- g) Repair and Replacement: Indicate repair and replacement procedures most likely to be required in the maintenance of the equipment.
- 6) Safety Precautions: This subsection shall comprise a listing of safety precautions and instructions to be followed before, during and after making repairs, adjustments or routine maintenance.
- 7) Manufacturers' brochures (including controls):
 Manufacturers' descriptive literature covering
 devices and equipment used in the system,
 together with illustrations, exploded views and
 renewal parts lists. Manufacturers' standard
 brochures and parts list shall be corrected so

- that information applying to the actual installed equipment is clearly defined.
- 8) Supply any special tools required to service or maintain the equipment.
- 9) Performance data, ratings and curves.
- 10) Warranty and guarantee, which clearly lists conditions to be maintained to keep warranty in effect and conditions that would affect the validity of the warranty.
- 11) Service contracts issued.
- d. Supplemental Data. Prepare written text and/or special drawings to provide necessary information, where manufacturer's standard printed data is not available and information is necessary for a proper understanding and operation and maintenance of equipment or systems, or where it is necessary to provide additional information to supplement data included in the manual or project documents.
- e. Control Diagrams/Drawings. Include the as-built control diagrams/drawings for the piece of equipment and its components, including full points list, full print out of all schedules and set points after testing and acceptance of the system, and copies of all checkout tests and calibrations performed by the Contractor (not commissioning tests).
- f. Specifications. This section is comprised of the component or system Specification Section copied and inserted complete with all addenda.
- g. System Description. This section shall include the individual equipment portion of the overall system Design Basis Narrative.
- E. Commissioning Record in O&M Manuals.
 - 1. The CxA is responsible to compile, organize and index the following commissioning data by equipment into labeled, indexed and tabbed, three-ring binders and deliver it to the GC, to be included with the O&M manuals.
 - a. Commissioning Plan.
 - b. System reports including design narratives and criteria including sequences. Each system shall contain the startup plan and report, approvals, corrections, construction checklists, completed performance tests, trending and analysis, training plan and recommended recommissioning schedule.

- c. Final Commissioning Report including an executive summary, list of participants and roles, brief building description, overview of commissioning and testing scope and a general description of testing and verification methods. For each piece of commissioned equipment, the report should contain the disposition of the commissioning authority regarding the adequacy of the equipment, documentation and training meeting the Contract Documents in the following areas:
 - 1) Equipment meeting the equipment specifications.
 - 2) Equipment installation.
 - 3) Performance and efficiency.
 - 4) Equipment documentation and design intent.
 - 5) Operator training.
- d. All outstanding non-compliance items specifically listed. Recommendations for improvement equipment or operations, future commissioning process changes, etc. shall also be listed. Each non-compliance issue shall referenced to the specific performance test, inspection, trend log, etc. where the deficiency is documented. The performance and efficiency section for each piece of equipment shall include a brief description of the verification method used (manual testing, BAS trend logs, data loggers, etc.) and include observations and conclusions from testing.

END OF SECTION 01810

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS
2015 RENOVATIONS
FARMINGTON HIGH SCHOOL 141601F
NORTH FARMINGTON HIGH SCHOOL 141601N

DECEMBER 16, 2015

SECTION 01575- EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
 - 1. Temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site with applicable subcontractors, the civil engineer of record, the Owner, and any applicable governing officials.

1.03 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Review the soil erosion control plan prior to beginning any earthwork.
- B. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied facilities when installing erosion controls. Coordinate all measures with applicable government authorities having jurisdiction over the connecting, adjacent, or surrounding roadways.
- C. Utility Locator Service: Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before installing erosion or sediment control measures.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Seed, sod, and or ground covers as indicated on the Drawings.
- B. Erosion/Sediment control devices or Best Management Practices, (BMP's) as indicated on the Drawings.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

A. Review the Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control plan all other applicable Drawings, etc.

3.02 IMPLEMENTATION AND DOCUMENTATION

- A. Inspect, repair, and maintain erosion and sedimentation control measures during construction until permanent vegetation has been established.
- B. Update, maintain, alter, or add temporary erosion and sediment controls in conjunction with the Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control plan and ongoing activities as required for the Project.
- C. Maintain an up-to-date Site Plan in the field office.
- D. Install permanent erosion measures such as pavement and lawn areas as soon as practically possible to minimize temporary pollution control measures.
- E. Remove erosion and sedimentation controls and restore and stabilize areas disturbed during removal.
- F. Ensure that a proper Notice of Termination (NOT) is filed with the governing authority, if required.

3.03 CLOSEOUT DOCUMENTS

A. Before retainage can be released, the Contractor must provide the Owner with the final Soil Erosion permit approval from the Authority Having Jurisdiction.

END OF SECTION 01575

SECTION 02220 - DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Conform to applicable codes for demolition of structures, safety of adjacent structures, dust control, and disposal of materials.
- B. Obtain required permits from authorities.
- C. Notify affected utility companies prior to starting work and comply with their requirements.
- D. Conform to applicable regulatory procedures when discovering hazardous or contaminated materials.
- E. Rules, any controlling regulations or laws of Governmental Agency shall govern, when they are more stringent than the requirements of this Section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for the completion of all Demolition as shown on the Drawings and specified herein.
- B. All on and offsite Work included consists of but is not limited to:
 - 1. Demolition in part or in whole of existing buildings, footings, foundations, structures, and facilities together with subsequent removal of resulting debris.
 - 2. Removal of existing sidewalks, drives, curbs and pavement, as noted.
 - 3. Removal, disconnecting or capping off of existing utilities, underground structures, septic tanks, disposal fields, etc.

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- 4. Removal or clearing of landscaping, trees, brush, debris, and miscellaneous Site elements as indicated on the Drawings, or as required for new construction.
- 5. Removal from Site and disposal of all excess and unusable material.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- Remove: Remove items from existing construction and Α. legally dispose of them off-site.
- В. Remove and Reinstall: Carefully remove items indicated from existing construction, prepare them for reuse, and reinstall them where indicated. Prior reinstalling the item, the Contractor shall make a determination as to its soundness. Items which exhibit signs of wear or deterioration shall only be discarded on agreement with the Construction Manager, Architect and Owner.
- C. and Salvage: Remove items from existing Remove construction and deliver them to owner.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The Contractor shall visit the Site so that a full understanding of the difficulties and restrictions for execution of the Contract are made. Verify the location of all pertinent items. No additional compensation will be allowed for failure to be so informed.
- Contractor shall submit a schedule indicating proposed sequence of operations for selective demolition Work to the Construction Manager for review prior to Include coordination for commencing Work. shutoff, capping, and continuation of utility services required, together with details for dust and noise control protection.
- C. Comply with regulatory requirements and notification regulations before beginning selective demolition.

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D. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations authorities having jurisdiction. A receipt indicating acceptance of hazardous wastes from a landfill facility licensed to accept such materials shall be submitted to the owner.

1.4 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Existing structures, utilities, drives, walks, etc., have been shown on the plans in their approximate location, others may exist and may be found upon visiting the site. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to accurately locate all facilities and to determine their extent. If such facilities obstruct the progress of the Work and are not indicated to be removed or relocated, they shall be removed or relocated only as directed by the Owner.
- B. Owner assumes no responsibility for the actual condition of items or structures to be demolished.
- C. Contractor shall investigate the possibility of existing septic tanks and drain fields near the location of existing foundations, prior to demolition. In the event that any possible septic tanks exist, this Contractor shall make further investigations, as necessary, locate the septic tank and drain fields. Any septic tank and drain field found to exist shall be removed in accordance with the requirements of State and Local Health Departments.
- D. Protect trees, plants, and natural features which are to remain as final landscaping.
- E. Replace to new conditions any pavement or public rightof-way that is disturbed by the Work under this Section. All pavement replacement work in public rights-of-way shall be performed to the proper satisfaction of the governmental agencies having jurisdiction thereover.
- cutting torches are used, take all precautions to prevent setting of fires, including the use of fireproof tarpaulins and fire extinguishing apparatus adjacent to cutting area.

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- G. Notify utility companies if removal or relocation of any existing utilities is required.
- H. Promptly repair damages caused to adjacent facilities by demolition Work.
- I. Do not close, block, or otherwise obstruct access to existing streets, sidewalks, driveways, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during demolition. Any proposed closures shall have written permission from the authority having jurisdiction.
- J. Maintain existing utilities and protect them against damage during demolition operations.
 - 1. Do not interrupt utilities serving occupied or used facilities, except when authorized in writing by authorities having jurisdiction. Provide temporary services during interruptions to existing utilities, as acceptable to governing authorities.
 - 2. Maintain fire protection services during demolition operations.
- K. Environmental Controls: Use water sprinkling, temporary enclosures, and other methods to limit dust and dirt migration. Comply with governing regulations pertaining to environmental protection.
 - 1. Do not use water when it may create hazardous or objectionable conditions such as ice, flooding, and pollution.
- L. Underground Storage Tank Removal (if present): Contact all State, Federal and local agencies as may be required and determine the governing agencies requirements and provide agency contact information to the owner prior to construction.
 - 1. Completely remove all tanks, equipment lines, foundations and surrounding soils. Keep owner informed

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as to the progress of the work and notify immediately of any irregularities.

1.5 DRAINAGE MAINTENANCE

- A. During the entire course of operations, all existing drainage ways, both into and from the Project area shall be maintained in a functional condition.
- B. At all times during the clearing operation, the exposed areas of subgrade shall be maintained in a condition compatible with positive drainage of the Work area. Failure to maintain such drainage shall be considered adequate cause for the Construction Manager to order temporary suspension of the Work.
- C. Cut drainage swales and provide temporary grading to carry storm water away from the demolition area. water will be permitted to stand in open excavations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- A. Use repair materials identical to existing materials. identical materials are unavailable, use new materials whose performance is equal to or surpasses that of the existing material.
- B. Comply with material and installation requirements specified in the individual sections of this contract.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Locate, identify, and protect all known utilities which are to remain. If utilities are uncovered that are not shown on the plans, notify the owner and cease work in the immediate areas until instructed to how to proceed.

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- B. Provide interior and exterior shoring, bracing, support to prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of structures to be demolished and adjacent facilities to remain.
 - 1. Cease operations and notify the Construction Manager, Architect and Owner immediately if safety of structure or adjacent structures appear to be endangered. Take precautions to support structure and **DO NOT** resume a determination is operations until made continuing operations.
 - 2. Provide bypass connections as necessary to maintain continuity of service to occupied areas of building.
- C. Check with the water and sewer departments, Gas Company, and private utility companies to assure utilities and services are inoperative prior to their removal.

3.2 DEMOLITION

- A. Perform demolition Work in a systematic manner. Use such methods as required to complete Work indicated Drawings in accordance with demolition schedule and governing regulations.
 - 1. Sawcut asphalt pavement full depth at limits indicated for removal.
 - 2. Concrete pavement shall be sawcut full depth and removed to the joint nearest the indicated removal limit or where specifically directed.
 - 3. Where piping is to be bulkheaded, provide a permanent, water-tight plug consisting of brick and concrete mortar, one foot thick or prefabricated plugs intended for this purpose.
 - 4. Maintain in operating conditions all active utilities, sewers and drains encountered.
 - 5. The Contractor shall use extreme caution in removing any structures and utilities above and below grade to

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prevent damage to existing utilities which are to remain in service. Any existing utilities to remain, which are in any way damaged, shall be replaced at no additional cost to the Owner.

6. Conduct operations in such a manner as to minimize noise, dust and other disturbances.

3.3 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. Demolished material not indicated for turning over to the owner or specified for reuse, including rubble and other debris, shall become the property of the contractor and shall be removed daily from the project site and legally disposed of off the project site, at no expense to the Owner.
 - 1. If hazardous materials are encountered during demolition operations, comply with applicable regulations, laws, and ordinances concerning removal, handling, and protection against exposure environmental pollution.
 - 2. Burning of materials shall not be permitted on Site.

3.4 CLEANUP AND REPAIR

- A. Upon completion of demolition Work, remove tools, equipment, and demolished materials from Site.
- B. Repair demolition performed in excess of that required. Return elements of construction and surfaces to remain to condition existing prior to start of operations. Repair adjacent construction damaged by demolition Work.

END SECTION 02220

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SECTION 02230 - SITE CLEARING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

- 1. Protecting existing vegetation to remain.
- 2. Removing existing vegetation.
- 3. Clearing and grubbing.
- 4. Stripping and stockpiling topsoil.
- 5. Removing above- and below-grade site improvements.
- Disconnecting and capping or sealing site utilities.

1.02 MATERIAL OWNERSHIP

A. Except for stripped topsoil or other materials indicated to remain Owner's property, cleared materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from Project site.

1.03 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.
 - Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic ways if required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Salvable Improvements: Carefully remove items indicated to be salvaged and store on Owner's premises where indicated.
- C. Utility Locator Service: Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before site clearing.

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D. Do not commence site-clearing operations until temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures are in place. See Division 31 Section "Erosion and Sedimentation Control"

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Satisfactory Soil Materials: Requirements for satisfactory soil materials are specified in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving."
 - 1. Obtain approved borrow soil materials off-site when satisfactory soil materials are not available on-site.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.
- B. Locate and clearly flag trees and vegetation to remain or to be relocated.
- C. Protect existing site improvements to remain from damage during construction.
 - 1. Restore damaged improvements to their original condition, as acceptable to Owner.

3.02 TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

A. Refer to Division 31 Section "Erosion and Sedimentation Controls."

3.03 TREE PROTECTION

A. Erect and maintain temporary fencing around tree protection zones before starting site clearing. Remove fence when construction is complete.

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- B. Do not excavate within tree protection zones, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Repair or replace trees and vegetation indicated to remain that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by the Owner.

3.04 UTILITIES

- Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off Α. utilities indicated to be removed.
 - 1. Arrange with utility companies to shut off indicated utilities.
- Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving в. facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Owner not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
 - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without written permission of Owner.

3.05 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- Α. Fill depressions caused by clearing and grubbing operations with satisfactory soil material unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated.
 - Place fill material in horizontal layers not exceeding a loose depth of 8 inches, and compact each layer to a density of 98 percent standard proctor.

3.06 TOPSOIL STRIPPING

- Α. Remove sod and grass before stripping topsoil.
- Strip topsoil to whatever depths are encountered in a В. manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other waste materials.

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C. Stockpile topsoil materials away from edge of excavations without intermixing with subsoil. Grade and shape stockpiles to drain surface water.

3.07 SITE IMPROVEMENTS

A. Remove existing above- and below-grade improvements as indicated and as necessary to facilitate new construction. Unless otherwise indicated, remove existing improvements above- and below-grade with-in proposed building areas. Remove other existing improvements or foundations to a minimum of one foot below the proposed subgrade. Break up basement or below subgrade slabs that are to remain to allow for drainage.

3.08 DISPOSAL

- A. Disposal: Remove surplus soil material, unsuitable topsoil, obstructions, demolished materials, and waste materials including trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
 - 1. Submit schedule for recycling operations (if any) and obtain approval in writing from Owner. Separate recyclable materials produced during site clearing from other non-recyclable materials. Store or stockpile without intermixing with other materials and transport them to recycling facilities.

3.09 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent geotechnical engineering testing agency to witness filling operations of depressions caused by clearing and grubbing. Coordinate scheduled filling operations with the Owner's testing agency.

END OF SECTION 02230

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SECTION 02300 - EARTH MOVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

- 1. Preparing subgrades for slabs-on-grade, walks, pavements, lawns and grasses, and exterior plants.
- 2. Excavating and backfilling for buildings structures.
- 3. Drainage course for slabs-on-grade.
- 4. Subbase course for concrete paving.
- 5. Subbase and base course for asphalt paving.
- 6. Excavating and backfilling for utility trenches
- 7. Re-spreading of topsoil.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

A. Certified Test Reports: Indicate compliance with compaction requirements.

1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Backfill: Soil material used to fill an excavation.
 - 1. Initial Backfill: Backfill placed beside and over pipe in a trench, including haunches to support sides of pipe.
 - 2. Final Backfill: Backfill placed over initial backfill to fill a trench.
- B. Base Course: Course placed between the subbase course and hot-mix asphalt paving.
- C. Bedding Course: Course placed over the excavated subgrade in a trench before laying pipe.
- D. Borrow Soil: Satisfactory soil imported from off-site or on site borrow pit for use as fill or backfill.

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E. Drainage Course: Course supporting the slab-on-grade that also minimizes upward capillary flow of pore water.

- F. Excavation: Removal of material encountered above subgrade elevations and to lines and dimensions indicated.
 - 1. Authorized Additional Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations or beyond indicated lines and dimensions as directed by Owner. Authorized additional excavation and replacement material will be paid for according to Contract provisions changes in the Work.
 - 2. Unauthorized Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations or beyond indicated lines and dimensions without direction by Owner. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work directed by Owner, shall be without additional compensation.
- G. Fill: Soil materials used to raise existing grades.
- H. Flowable Fill or Controlled Low Strength Material (CLSM):
 A self-compacting alternative to granular backfill material that is not concrete and has a compressive strength between 50 and 200 psi.
- I. Lean Concrete: Concrete of low cementitious material content.
- J. Structures: Buildings, footings, foundations, retaining walls, slabs, tanks, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below the ground surface.
- K. Subbase Course: Course placed between the subgrade and base course for hot-mix asphalt pavement, or course placed between the subgrade and a cement concrete pavement or a cement concrete or hot-mix asphalt walk.
- L. Subgrade: Surface or elevation remaining after completing excavation, or top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below subbase, drainage fill, or topsoil materials.

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- M. Topsoil: Fertile soil meeting requirements of ASTM D 5268 with a pH range of 5.5 to 7 and a minimum of 2 percent organic material content. Clean soil per planting soil requirements in Section 329000 "Planting."
- N. Utilities: On-site underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables, as well as underground services within buildings.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Imported (borrow) soil must be tested and certified, by the Owner's testing agency, as suitable material, free of any environmental contaminates. Coordinate imported materials and their source with Division 31 Section "Erosion and Sedimentation Control". The Contractor will be liable for any and all clean-up costs associated with unapproved, imported materials.

1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted in writing by the Owner and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SOIL MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide borrow soil materials when sufficient satisfactory soil materials are not available from excavations.
- B. Provide ASTM D 2487 or AASHTO M 145 classified soil materials according to geotechnical engineer's written recommendations.
- C. Satisfactory Soils: Recommended materials free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter.

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- 1. Satisfactory soils not maintained within 2 percent of optimum moisture content at time of compaction will be considered unsatisfactory soil materials.
- D. Provide granular soils materials according to local department of transportation (DOT) regulations or as follows:
 - 1. Subbase Material: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 90 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and not more than 12 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
 - 2. Base Course: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 95 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
 - 3. Engineered Fill: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 90 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and not more than 12 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
 - 4. Bedding Course: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; except with 100 percent passing a 1-inch sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
 - 5. Drainage Course: Narrowly graded mixture of washed crushed stone, or crushed or uncrushed gravel; ASTM D 448; coarse-aggregate grading Size 57; with 100 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and 0 to 5 percent passing a No. 8 sieve.

2.02 ACCESSORIES

A. Warning Tape: Acid- and alkali-resistant polyethylene film warning tape manufactured for marking and identifying underground utilities, 6 inches wide and 4 mils thick, continuously inscribed with a description of the utility.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

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3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with geotechnical engineer's written recommendations.
- B. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earthwork operations.
- C. Preparation of subgrade is specified in Division 31 Section "Site Clearing."
- D. Protect and maintain erosion and sedimentation controls, which are specified in Division 31 Section "Erosion and Sedimentation Control" during earthwork operations.

3.02 EXCAVATION

- A. Unclassified Excavation: Excavate to subgrade elevations regardless of the character of surface and subsurface conditions encountered. No changes in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time will be authorized except for rock excavation or removal of obstructions not specifically indicated in the Contract Documents.
 - 1. If excavated materials intended for fill and backfill include unsatisfactory soil materials and rock, replace with satisfactory soil materials.
 - 2. Authorized additional excavation and replacement material will be paid for according to Contract provisions.
- B. Excavation for Structures: Excavate to indicated elevations and dimensions within a tolerance of plus or minus 1 inch. If applicable, extend excavations a sufficient distance from structures for placing and removing concrete formwork, for installing services and other construction, and for inspections
- C. Excavation for Pavements: Excavate surfaces under pavements to indicated lines, cross sections, elevations, and subgrades.

- D. Excavation for Utility Trenches: Excavate trenches to indicated gradients, lines, depths, and elevations or as required by authorities having jurisdiction. Reference trench detail CSD-2.
 - Trench Width: Provide a minimum clearance of 9 inches on each side of pipe or conduit with a desired maximum clearance of 12 inches on each side. Excavate trench walls vertically from trench bottom to 12 higher than top of pipe or conduit, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Trench Bottoms: Provide uniform bearing and support of and conduit. Shape subgrade to provide continuous support for bells, joints, and barrels of pipes and for joints, fittings, and bodies conduits. Remove projecting stones and sharp objects along trench subgrade.
 - Excavate trenches 6 inches deeper than elevation required in rock or other unyielding bearing material, 4 inches deeper elsewhere, to allow for bedding course as required by authorities having jurisdiction.

3.03 SUBGRADE INSPECTION

- A. Proof-roll subgrade below the building slabs and pavements with heavy pneumatic-tired equipment to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Do not proof-roll wet or saturated subgrades. Proof-roll in presence of Owner's testing agency.
- B. Reconstruct subgrades damaged by freezing temperatures, rain, accumulated water, or construction activities, as directed by Owner's testing agency, without additional compensation.

3.04 UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

Fill unauthorized excavation under foundations, wall footings, utility pipe, or other construction as approved by the Owner's testing agency.

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3.05 STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Stockpile borrow soil materials and excavated satisfactory soil materials without intermixing. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover temporarily stabilize as specified in Division 31 Section "Erosion and Sedimentation Control"
 - Stockpile soil materials away from edge οf excavations. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.

3.06 UTILITY TRENCH BACKFILL

- A. General: Backfill trenches as indicated on Drawings.
- B. Place backfill on subgrades free of mud, frost, snow, or ice.
- C. Place and compact bedding course on trench bottoms and where indicated. Shape bedding course to provide continuous support for bells, joints, and barrels of pipes and for joints, fittings, and bodies of conduits.
- D. Backfill trenches excavated under footings and within 18 inches of bottom of footings with satisfactory soil; fill with concrete to elevation of bottom of footings.
- E. Provide concrete encasement for piping or conduit less than 24 inches below surface of roadways only when indicated on the Drawings or as required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- F. Place and compact initial backfill of subbase material or satisfactory soil.
 - Carefully compact initial backfill under pipe haunches and compact evenly up on both sides and along the full length of utility piping or conduit to avoid damage or displacement of piping or conduit. Coordinate backfilling with utilities testing and Owner's testing agency.

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- G. Place and compact final backfill as indicated on Drawings to final subgrade elevation.
- H. Install warning tape directly above utilities, 12 inches below finished grade, except 6 inches below subgrade under pavements and slabs.

3.07 SOIL FILL

- A. Plow, scarify, bench, or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so fill material will bond with existing material.
- B. Place and compact fill material in layers to required elevations. Comply geotechnical engineer's written recommendations in Division 00 Section "Geotechnical Data."

3.08 SOIL MOISTURE CONTROL

- A. Uniformly moisten or aerate subgrade and each subsequent fill or backfill soil layer before compaction to within 2 percent of optimum moisture content or as directed by Owner's Testing Agency.
 - 1. Do not place backfill or fill soil material on surfaces that are muddy, frozen, or contain frost or ice
 - 2. Remove and replace, or scarify and air dry, at no additional cost to the Owner, otherwise satisfactory soil material that exceeds optimum moisture content by 2 percent and is too wet to compact to specified dry unit weight. See Division 31 Section "Dewatering"

3.09 COMPACTION OF SOIL BACKFILLS AND FILLS

A. Place backfill and fill soil materials in layers not more than 8 inches in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment, and not more than 4 inches in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.

- B. Place backfill and fill soil materials evenly on all sides of structures to required elevations, and uniformly along the full length of each structure.
- C. Compact soil materials to not less than the following percentages of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 698, Standard Proctor:
 - 1. Under structures, building slabs, future expansion areas, steps, walkways, and pavements, scarify and recompact top 8 inches of existing subgrade and each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 98 percent.
 - 2. Under lawn or unpaved areas, scarify and recompact top 6 inches below subgrade and compact each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 85 percent.

3.10 GRADING

- A. General: Uniformly grade areas to a smooth surface, free of irregular surface changes. Comply with compaction requirements and grade to cross sections, lines, and elevations indicated.
- B. Site Grading: Slope grades to direct water away from buildings and to prevent ponding. Finish subgrades to required elevations within the following tolerances:
 - 1. Lawns and Unpaved Areas: Plus or minus 1 inch.
 - 2. Pavements and Walks: Plus or minus 1/2 inch.
 - 3. Coordinate re-spreading or placement of topsoil/planting soil with landscape contractor and section 32 9000 "Planting."
- C. Grading inside Building Lines: Finish subgrade to a tolerance of 1/2 inch when tested with a 10- foot straightedge.

3.11 SUBBASE AND BASE COURSES

A. Place subbase and base course on subgrades free of mud, frost, snow, or ice.

- B. On prepared subgrade, place subbase and base course under pavements and walks as follows:
 - 1. Shape subbase and base course to required crown elevations and cross-slope grades.
 - 2. Compact subbase and base course at optimum moisture content to required grades, lines, cross sections, and thickness to not less than 98 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 698, Standard Proctor.

3.12 DRAINAGE COURSE

- A. Place drainage course on subgrades free of mud, frost, snow, or ice.
- B. On prepared subgrade, place and compact drainage course under cast-in-place concrete slabs-on-grade as follows:
 - 1. Place drainage course that exceeds 6 inches in compacted thickness in layers of equal thickness, with no compacted layer more than 6 inches thick or less than 3 inches thick.
 - 2. Compact each layer of drainage course to required cross sections and thicknesses to not less than 98 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 698.

3.13 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent geotechnical engineering testing agency to perform field quality-control testing. Coordinate scheduled earth moving work with the Owner's testing agency.
- B. Allow testing agency to inspect and test subgrades and each fill or backfill layer. Proceed with subsequent earthwork only after test results for previously completed work comply with requirements.
- C. Footing Subgrade: At footing subgrades, at least one test of each soil stratum will be performed to verify design bearing capacities. Subsequent verification and approval of other footing subgrades may be based on a visual

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comparison of subgrade with tested subgrade when approved by the Owner's testing agency.

- D. Testing agency will test compaction of soils in place according to ASTM D 1556, ASTM D 2167, ASTM D 2922, and ASTM D 2937, as applicable.
- E. Provide other field tests, such as bearing ratio of subgrades, subbases, and bases for paving, as required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- F. When testing agency reports that subgrades, fills, backfills have not achieved degree of compaction specified, scarify and moisten or aerate, or remove and replace soil to depth required; recompact and retest, at the Contractor's cost, until specified compaction is obtained.

3.14 PROTECTION

- A. Protecting Graded Areas: Protect newly graded areas from traffic, freezing, and erosion. Keep free of trash and debris.
- B. Repair and reestablish grades to specified tolerances where completed or partially completed surfaces become eroded, rutted, settled, or where they lose compaction due subsequent construction operations or weather conditions.
- C. Where settling occurs before Project warranty period elapses, remove finished surfacing, backfill with additional soil material, compact, and reconstruct surfacing.

3.15 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

A. Disposal: Remove surplus satisfactory soil and waste material, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of it off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 02300

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FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 02480 - LANDSCAPE WORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division O, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. The extent of the landscape development work is shown on the drawings and in schedules.
- Sub-grade Elevations: Elevation, filling and grading required to establish elevations shown on the drawings are not specified in this Section. Refer to Section 02300, Earthwork.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Subcontract the landscape work to a single firm specializing in landscape work.
- Source Quality Control: В.
 - 1. General: Ship landscape materials with certificates of inspection as required by governmental authorities. Comply with governing regulations applicable to landscape materials.
 - Do not make substitutions. If specified landscape material is not obtainable, submit to Architect proof of non-availability and proposal for use of equivalent material. When authorized, adjustment of contract amount will be made.
 - 3. Analysis and Standards: Package standard products with manufacturer's certified analysis. For other materials, provide analysis by recognized laboratory made in accordance with methods established by the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists, wherever applicable or as further specified.
 - 4. Trees: Provide trees grown in a recognized nursery in

LANDSCAPE WORK 02480 - 1 accordance with good horticultural practice. Provide healthy, vigorous stock free of disease, insects, eggs, larvae, and defects such as knots, sun scald, injuries, abrasions, or disfigurement.

- Sizes: Provide trees of the sizes shown or specified. Trees of larger size may be used if acceptable to the Architect, and if sizes of roots or balls are increased proportionately.
- 5. Inspection: Architect reserves the right to inspect trees either at place of growth, or at site before planting for compliance with requirements for names, variety, size, and quality.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

Certification:

Submit two (2) copies of certificates of inspection as required by governmental authorities, and manufacturer's or vendors certified analysis for soil amendments and fertilizer materials. Submit other data substantiating that materials comply with specified requirements.

Planting Schedule:

Submit three (3) copies of planting schedule showing scheduled dates for each type of planting in each area of site.

С. Maintenance Instructions:

1. Submit two (2) copies of typewritten instructions recommending procedures to be established by the Owner for the maintenance of landscape work for one (1) full Submit prior to expiration of required vear. maintenance period(s).

1.05 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

A. Packaged Materials:

- 1. Deliver packaged materials in containers showing weight, analysis and name of manufacturer. materials from deterioration during delivery and while stored at the site.
- B. Plant Materials:

- Sod: Time delivery so that sod will be placed within 24 hours after stripping. Protect sod against drying and breaking of rolled strips.
- Trees: Provide freshly dug trees. Do not use trees which have been in cold storage or heeled-in. Do not prune prior to delivery. Do not bend or bind-tie trees in such manner as to damage bark, break branches, or destroy natural shape. Provide protective covering during delivery.
- 3. Dig Balled and Burlapped (BB) plants with firm, natural balls of earth of diameter not less than that specified, and of sufficient depth to include all the fibrous feeding roots. No plant moved with a ball will be accepted if the ball is cracked or broken before or during planting operations, except special approval.
- Deliver trees after preparations for planting have been completed and plant immediately. If planting is delayed more than six (6) hours after delivery, set trees in shade, protect from weather and mechanical damage, and keep roots moist.
- 5. Do not remove container grown stock from containers until planting time.
- Label at least one (1) tree of each variety with a securely attached waterproof tag bearing legible designation of botanical and common name.

1.06 JOB CONDITIONS:

- A. Proceed with and complete the landscape work as rapidly as seasonal limitations for each kind of landscape work required.
- В. Utilities: Determine location of underground utilities and perform work in a manner which will avoid possible Hand excavate, as required, to minimize possibility of damage to underground utilities. Maintain grade stakes set by others until removal is mutually agreed upon by all parties concerned.
- C. Excavation: When conditions detrimental to plant growth are encountered such as rubble fill, adverse drainage conditions, or obstructions, notify Architect before

planting.

- Planting Schedules: Prepare a proposed planting schedule. Schedule the dates for each type of landscape work during the normal seasons for such work in the area of the site. Correlate with specified maintenance periods to provide maintenance until occupancy by the Owner. Once accepted, revise dates only as approved in writing, after documentation of reasons for delays.
- E. Coordination with Lawns: Plant trees after final grades are established and prior to planting of lawns, unless otherwise acceptable to the Architect. If planting of trees occurs after lawn work, protect lawn areas and promptly repair damage to lawns resulting from planting operations.

1.07 WARRANTY:

- A. Warranty lawns through the specified maintenance period, and until final acceptance.
- Warranty trees for a period of one (1) year after date of В. acceptance against defects, including death and unsatisfactory growth, except for defects resulting from neglect by Owner, abuse or damage by others, or unusual phenomena or incidents which are beyond Landscape Installer's control.
- C. Remove and replace trees or other plants found to be dead or in unhealthy condition during warranty period. missing trees and plants. Make replacements during growth season following end of warranty period. Furnish and plant replacements which comply with requirements shown and specified. Also, replace trees which are in doubtful condition at end of warranty period; unless, in the opinion of the Architect, it is advisable to extend warranty period for a full-growing season. The Architect will make another inspection at the end of extended warranty period, if any, to determine acceptance or rejection. Only one replacement will be required at end of warranty period, except for losses or replacement due to failure to comply with specified requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 TOPSOIL:

Provide new topsoil which is fertile, friable, natural loam, surface soil, reasonably free of subsoil, clay lumps, brush, weeds, and other litter, and free of roots, stumps, stones larger than 2" in any dimension, and other extraneous or toxic matter harmful to plant growth. 1. Provide all new topsoil; do not use any on site.

2.02 SOIL AMENDMENTS:

- A. Lime: Natural limestone containing not less than 85% of total carbonates, ground so that not less than 90% passes a 10-mesh sieve, and not less than 50% passes a 100-mesh sieve.
- B. Peat Humus: FS Q-P-166 and with the texture and ph range suitable for the intended use.
- Bonemeal: Commercial, raw, finely ground, 4% nitrogen and 20% phosphoric acid.
- D. Superphosphate: Soluble mixture of treated minerals; 20% available phosphoric acid.
- Commercial Fertilizer: Complete fertilizer of neutral Ε. character with some elements derived from organic sources and containing the following percentages of available plant nutrients:
 - 1. For trees, provide fertilizer with not less than 10% available phosphoric acid and from 3% to 5% total nitrogen, and from 3% to 5% soluble potash.
 - For lawns, provide fertilizer with not less than 4% phosphoric acid and not less than 2% potassium, and the percentage of nitrogen required to provide not less than 1 lb. of actual nitrogen per 1000 sq.ft. of lawn area. Provide nitrogen in a form that will be available to the lawn during the initial period of growth.

2.03 PLANT MATERIALS:

Name and Variety: Provide plant materials true to name and variety established by the American Joint Committee on Horticultural Nomenclature 'Standardized Plant

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Second Edition, 1942. Substitutions or indigenous local specie may be proposed if still deciduous or evergreen as required. Substitutions must be same size or larger. Comply with all other requirements acceptable to the Architect.

- B. Quality: Provide trees and other plants complying with the recommendations and requirements of ANSI "Standard for Nursery Stock" and as further specified.
- C. Measurements: Measure all trees when their branches are in normal position. Height and spread dimensions indicated refer to the main body of the plant, not from branch or root tip to tip. Determine caliper as follows:
 - 1. For 4" and smaller, measure diameter of trunk 6" above grade.
 - 2. For larger than 4", measure diameter of trunk 12" above grade.
- D. Do not cut leaders or otherwise damage by unnecessary cutting.
- Deciduous Trees: Provide trees of height and caliper listed or shown and with branching configuration recommended by ANSI Z60.1 for type and species required. Provide single stem trees except where special forms are shown or listed. Ball and burlap (BB) deciduous trees.

2.04 GRASS MATERIALS:

A. Sod: Provide strongly rooted sod not less than two (2) years old and free of weeds and undesirable native Provide only sod capable of growth and grasses. development when planted (viable, not dormant) and in strips not more than 18" long. Provide sod composed principally of Kentucky Bluegrass (Poa Pratensis) or its equivalent, as acceptable to the Architect.

2.05 SEED:

Seed shall be a mixture composed of the following:

Seeding shall be specified as one of these two mixtures:

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Improved Kentucky Bluegrass Mixture

Touchdown Kentucky Bluegrass

6#/1000 Sq. Ft.

Barron Kentucky Bluegrass

6#/1000 Sq. Ft.

Grass shall be fresh, new crop seed. The Contractor shall furnish the Owner the dealer's quaranteed statement of the composition of the mixture and the percentages of purity and germination and a copy of the State Certification for the seed.

B. Hydro-Seed Option:

The Contractor is advised that he may use hydro-seeding or hydro-mulching operations in lieu of mechanical seeding if he so desires.

2.06 MISCELLANEOUS LANDSCAPE MATERIALS:

- Anti-Desiccant: Emulsion type, film-forming agent similar to Dowax by Dow Chemical Co. or Wilt-Prof by Nursery Specialty Products, Inc., designed to permit transpiration but retard excessive loss of moisture from plants. Deliver in manufacturer's fully identified containers and mix in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- Wrapping: Tree-wrap tape not less than 4" wide, designed В. to prevent bore damage and winter freezing fabricated from bituminous lined two-ply paper.
- Stakes and Guys: Provide stakes and deadmen of sound new hardwood, treated softwood, or redwood, free of knot holes and other defects. Provide wire ties and guys of 2strand, twisted, pliable galvanized iron wire not lighter than 12 USWG with zinc-coated turnbuckles. Provide net 2ply fabric black rubber hose not less than 1/2" hose size, cut to required lengths to protect tree trunks from damage by wires.
- D. Plastic Sheet: Black, weather resistant polyethylene sheeting complying with FS L-P-512, Type III, 0.008" (6 mils) thick.
- Mulch: For uses other than with hydro-seeding, operations shall be hay or straw, not chopped in short lengths. Mulch used with hydro-seeking operations shall be a wood

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cellulose fiber containing no growth or germination inhibiting factors. Rate of application for cellulose fiber mulch in hydro-seeking operations shall be 1500 pounds per acre, or 35 pounds per 1000 square feet.

2.07 PREPARATION OF PLANTING SOIL:

- Before mixing, clean topsoil of roots, plants, sods, Α. stones, clay lumps, and other extraneous materials harmful or toxic to plant growth.
- B. Mix specified soil amendments and fertilizers with topsoil as provided herein. Delay mixing of fertilizer if planting will not follow placing of planting soil within a few days. Prepare mix on site using four parts topsoil to one part peat, and add 5 lbs. super phosphate to each cubic yard. Completely mix mechanically and fertilizer as directed by the Architect.
- For pit type back fill, mix planting soil prior to back filling and stockpile at the site.
- For planting beds, mix planting soil either prior to planting or apply on surface of topsoil and mix thoroughly before planting.
 - 1. Mix lime with dry soil prior to mixing of fertilizer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

A. Installer must examine the subgrade, verify the elevations, observe the conditions under which work is to be performed, and notify the Contractor of unsatisfactory conditions. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.

3.02 PREPARATION:

- Layout individual tree locations and areas for multiple plantings. Stake locations and outline areas and secure Architect's acceptance before start of planting work. Make minor adjustments as may be requested.
- B. Preparation for Planting Lawns:

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- Loosen subgrade of lawn areas to minimum depth of 4". Remove stones over 1-1/2" in any dimension, and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter. Limit preparation to areas which will be planted promptly after preparation.
- Spread topsoil to minimum depth required to meet lines, grades, and elevations shown, but not less than 4" after light rolling and natural settlement.
- 3. Place approximately 1/2 of total amount of topsoil Work into top of loosened subgrade to required. create a transition layer and then place remainder of topsoil.
- Allow for sod thickness in areas to be sodded.
- 5. Grade lawn areas to smooth, even surface with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake and remove ridges and fill depressions as required to meet finish grades. Limit fine grading to areas which can be planted immediately after grading.
- Apply fertilizer by mechanical spreading at a rate of not less than 20 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft.. Blend with top 1" of soil.
- 7. Moisten prepared lawn areas before planting if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface moisture to dry before planting lawns. Do not create a muddy soil condition.
- Restore lawn areas to specified condition if eroded or otherwise disturbed after fine grading and prior to planting.
- Preparation of Unchanged Grades: Where lawns are to be planted in areas that have not been altered or disturbed by excavating, grading, or stripping operations, prepare soil for lawn planting as follows: Till to a depth of not less than 6"; apply soil amendments and initial fertilizers as specified; remove high areas and fill in depressions; till soil to a homogenous mixture of fine texture, free of lumps, clods, stones, roots, and other extraneous matter.
 - Prior to preparation of unchanged areas, remove existing grass, vegetation and turf. Dispose of

such material outside of Owner's property; do not turn over into soil being prepared for lawns.

C. Preparation of Planting Beds:

- 1. Loosen subgrade of planting bed areas to a minimum depth of 6" using a cultimulcher or similar equipment. Remove stones over 1-1/2" in any dimension, and sticks, stones, rubbish, and other extraneous matter.
- 2. Spread planting soil mixture to minimum depth required to meet lines, grades and elevations shown after light rolling and natural settlement. Place approximately 1/2 of total amount of planting soil required. Work into top of loosened subgrade to create a transition layer, then place remainder of the planting soil.

D. Excavation for Trees:

- 1. Excavate pits, beds and trenches with vertical sides and with bottom of excavation slightly raised at center to provide proper drainage. Loosen hard subsoil in bottom of excavation.
- 2. For balled and burlapped, (BB) trees, make excavations at least twice as wide as the ball diameter and equal to the ball depth, plus the following allowance for setting of ball on a layer of compacted back fill. Allow for 4" setting layer of planting soil mixture.
- 3. Dispose of subsoil removed from landscape excavations. Do not mix with planting soil or use as back fill.
- 4. Fill excavations for trees with water and allow to percolate out before planting.

3.03 PLANTING:

A. Planting Trees:

1. Set balled and burlapped (BB) stock on layer of compacted planting soil mixture, plumb and in center of pit or trench with top of ball at same elevation as adjacent finished landscape grades. Remove burlap from sides of balls; retain on bottoms. When set, place additional soil mixture back fill around base

and sides of ball, and work each layer to settle back fill and eliminate voids and air pockets. When excavation is approximately 2/3 full, water thoroughly before placing remainder of back fill. watering until no more is absorbed. Water again after placing final layer of back fill.

- 2. Dish top of back fill to allow for mulching.
 - For spring planting, provide additional back fill berm around edge of excavations to form shallow saucer to collect water.
- 3. Mulch pits, trenches, and planted areas. Provide not less than 4" and finish level with adjacent finish grades using shredded bark.
- 4. Apply anti-desiccant using power spray to provide an adequate film over trunks, branches, stems, twigs, and foliage.
 - If deciduous trees are moved in full-leaf, spray with anti desiccant at nursery before moving and again two (2) weeks after planting.
- Prune, thin out and shape trees in accordance with standard horticultural practice. Prune trees to retain required height and spread. Unless otherwise directed by the Architect, do not cut tree leaders, and remove only injured or dead branches from flowering trees, if any.
- Remove and replace excessively pruned or misformed stock resulting from improper pruning.
- Paint cuts over 1/2" in size with standard tree paint or compound covering exposed, living tissue. Use paint which is waterproof, antiseptic, adhesive, elastic, and free of kerosene, coal tar, creosote, and other substances harmful to plants. Do not use shellac.
- Wrap trunks of all deciduous trees taller than 8'. Start at ground and cover trunk to height of second limbs and secure at every second wrap.
- Inspect tree trunks for injury, improper pruning, and insect infestation, and take corrective measures required before wrapping.
- 10. Guy and stake trees immediately after planting as follows:

a. Guy three (3) ways securing wire to $2" \times 4" \times 30"$ stakes set two (2) feet in the ground.

B. Sodding New Lawns:

- 1. Lay sod within 24 hours from time of stripping. Do not plant dormant sod or if ground is frozen.
- 2. Lay sod to form a solid mass with tightly fitted joints. Butt ends and sides of sod strips; do not overlap. Stagger strips to offset joints in adjacent courses. Work from boards to avoid damage to subgrade or sod. Tamp or roll lightly to ensure contact with subgrade. Work sifted soil into minor cracks between pieces of sod; remove excess to avoid smothering of adjacent grass.
- 3. Secure sod on slopes with wood pegs to prevent slippage.
- 4. Water sod thoroughly with a fine spray immediately after planting.

C. Mechanical Seeding:

- Seeding: The Contractor shall seed all areas with grass seed as specified, sowing evenly with approved mechanical seeder at the rate specified in 2.05A. Sow one-half the seed in one direction and the other half at right angles to the first seeding. cover the seed and firm the soil, the seed bed shall then be lightly rolled with a cultipacker. In areas inaccessible to the cultipacker, the seeded ground shall be lightly raked and rolled in two directions with water ballast roller. Extreme care shall be taken during seeking and raking to insure that no change shall occur in the finished grades and that the seed is not raked from one spot to another. If the areas are seeded by a large mechanical seeder which works the seed into the soil and at the same time rolls the seed bed, it is not necessary to roll the seed bed separately.
- 2. Mulching: After sowing, mulch shall be spread evenly at the rate of 2 tons per acre over newly seeded areas. The mulch shall be applied in a uniform layer, loose enough to allow sunlight to penetrate and air to circulate, yet sufficient to shade the soil and reduce erosion. The mulch shall be held in place by crimping, cultipacking, spraying with asphalt

emulsion, or any other means satisfactory with the Owner.

Hydraulic Seeding (option): D.

The Contractor shall seed with hydraulic seeding equipment, using fertilizer and mulch of the type and at the rate previously specified. Slurry shall be distributed uniformly over the area at the designated application rate. areas inaccessible to equipment may be fertilized and seeded by hand.

3.04 MISCELLANEOUS LANDSCAPE WORK:

Place wood chip mulch beds where shown. Compact soil sub grades and lay 6 mil carbonated polyethylene film over compacted subgrade prior to placing mulch.

3.05 MAINTENANCE:

- Begin maintenance immediately after planting.
- Maintain trees and other plants until final acceptance, В. but in no case less than 30 days after planting.
- C. Maintain trees and other plants by pruning, cultivating, and weeding as required for healthy growth. Restore planting saucers. Tighten and repair stake and guy supports, and reset trees to proper grades or vertical position as required. Restore or replace damaged wrapping. Spray as required to keep trees free of insects and disease. Feed trees as specified and as may be required.

Feeding Program: D.

- 1. Feed all trees at least one time prior to final acceptance. Schedule feeding as follows:
 - For Spring and early Summer planting, feed shortly after installation.
 - For late Summer and Fall planting, feed the following Spring.
- 2. Rake back mulch, apply fertilizer, and replace mulch.

Fertilize with 10-6-4 analysis fertilizer, applying uniformly over cultivated ground area surrounding each plant. Apply fertilizer at the following rates:

- Shade trees 2 lbs. per inch or caliper.
- Small trees 1 lb. per inch of caliper.
- Maintain lawns as indicated in Section 02499 "Landscape Maintenance and Warranty Standards''.
 - 1. Maintain lawns by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, and other operations such rolling, regrading and replanting as required to establish a smooth, acceptable lawn free of eroded or bare areas.

3.06 CLEAN UP AND PROTECTION:

- During landscape work, store materials and equipment where directed. Keep pavements clean and work area in an orderly condition.
- Protect landscape work and materials from damage due to В. landscape operations, operations by other contractors, trades and trespassers. Maintain protection during installation and maintenance periods. Treat, repair, or replace damaged landscape work as directed.

3.07 INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE:

- When the landscape work is completed including Α. maintenance, the Architect will, upon request, make an inspection to determine acceptability.
- Where inspected landscape work does not comply with the В. requirements, replace rejected work and continue specified maintenance until reinspected by the Architect and found to be acceptable. Remove rejected plants and materials promptly from the project site.

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END OF SECTION 02480

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SECTION 02484 - TOPSOIL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Requirements, General and Supplemental Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. Extent of Topsoil Work is shown on drawings and by provisions of this section.
- Topsoil for lawn work shall be as stripped from site or В. provided by the Contractor from off-site sources at no extra cost to the Owner.
- C. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 02300: Earthwork 2. Section 02485: Seeding

1.03 **OUALITY ASSURANCE:**

- Testing and Inspection: For supplied and stockpiled topsoil only. Performed by a qualified independent testing laboratory, under the supervision of a registered professional engineer, specializing in soils engineering.
- Provide and pay for testing and inspection during topsoil operations. Laboratory, inspection services and Soil Engineer shall be acceptable to the Landscape Architect.
 - 1. Recommended testing laboratory: A & L Agricultural Laboratories, Inc. 3505 Conestoga Drive Fort Wayne, IN 46808 (219) 483-4759
- C. Test representative material samples for proposed use.
- D. Topsoil: (Supplied and stockpiled)
 - 1. pH factor
 - 2. Mechanical analysis
 - 3. Percentage of organic content

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- Recommendations on type and quantity of additives required establish satisfactory pH factor and supply nutrients to bring nutrients to satisfactory level for planting.
- F. Submit test reports.
- G. Topsoil: Existing on site from stockpile - proposed for use.

1.04 PROJECT CONDITIONS:

- A. Known underground and surface utility lines are indicated on the drawings.
- Protect existing trees, plants, lawns and other features designated to remain as part of the landscaping work.
- Promptly repair damage to adjacent facilities caused by topsoil operations. Cost of repair at Contractor's expense.
- Promptly notify the Landscape Architect of unexpected sub-D. surface conditions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS:

- Topsoil: Supplied and stockpiled topsoil proposed for use must meet testing criteria results specified and conform to adjustments as recommended by soil test and Landscape Architect.
- B. Existing topsoil: Existing topsoil from on stockpile shall be utilized. All processing, cleaning and preparation of this stored topsoil to rend it acceptable for use is the responsibility of the Contractor.
- Provide additional topsoil as required to complete job at unit cost. Topsoil must meet testing criteria results specified. All processing, cleaning nad preparation of this stored topsoil to render it acceptable for use is the responsibility of this Contractor.

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- Supplied and stockpiled topsoil, shall be fertile, friable and representative of local productive soil, capable of sustaining vigorous plant growth and free of clay lumps, subsoil, noxious weeds or other foreign matter such as stones, roots, sticks and other extraneous materials: not frozen or muddy. Ph of soil to range between 5.0 and 7.5.
- Crowning/mounding to be free flowing in shape and design, and to blend into existing grades gradually.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 **EXAMINATION:**

A. Examine rough grades and installation conditions. Do not start topsoil work until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected.

3.02 FINISH GRADING:

- A. Perform topsoiling within contract limits, including adjacent transition areas, to new elevations, levels, profiles, and contours indicated. Provide uniform levels and slopes between new elevations and existing grades.
- B. Grade surfaces to assure areas drain away from building structures and to prevent ponding and pockets of surface drainage.
- Lawn and planting areas: Supply and spread topsoil to 4" minimum compacted depth in lawn areas or as indicated on drawings.
- Regardless of finish grading elevations indicated, it is intended that grading be such that proper drainage of surface water will occur and that no low areas created to allow ponding. Contractor to consult with Owner or Landscape Architect regarding minor variations in grade elevations before rough grading is completed.

3.03 CLEANING:

Upon completion of earthwork operations, clean areas within contract limits, remove tools and equipment. Site shall be clear, clean, free of debris and suitable for site work operations.

END OF SECTION 02484

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SECTION 02499 - LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE AND WARRANTY STANDARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Bidding and Requirements, and to General and Supplemental Conditions, hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- The requirements of this Section include a one year Α. warranty period from date of acceptance of installation.
- Related Work Specified Elsewhere: В.
 - 1. Section 02480: Landscape Work

1.03 ACCEPTANCE OF INSTALLATION:

- At the completion of all landscape installation, or preapproved portions thereof, the Landscape Contractor shall request in writing an inspection for acceptance installation in which the Landscape Contractor, Landscape Architect and Owner's Representative shall be present. After this inspection a "Punch List" will be issued by the Landscape Architect and/or Owner's Representative shall re-inspect the project and issue a written statement of acceptance of installation and establish the beginning of the project warranty period.
- В. Landscape work may be inspected for acceptance in parts agreeable to Owner's Representative and Landscape Architect provided work offered for inspection is complete, including maintenance as required.
- C. For work to be inspected for partial acceptance, Contractor shall provide a drawing outlining completed, and supply a written statement requesting acceptance of this work completed to date.

1.04 PROJECT WARRANTY:

The project warranty period begins upon written acceptance of the project installation by Landscape Architect and Owner's Representative.

The Landscape Contractor shall guarantee seeded areas through construction and for a period of one year after date of acceptance of installation against defects including death and unsatisfactory growth, except for defects resulting from neglect by Owner, abuse or damage by others, or unusual phenomena or incidents which are beyond Landscape Contractor's control.

1.05 MAINTENANCE:

- To insure guarantee standards, the following Α. maintenance procedures shall be executed during construction and for the full project warranty period.
- Maintenance of Seeded Lawn Areas: В.
 - The Contractor shall establish a dense lawn of permanent grasses, free from lumps and depressions or any bare spots, none of which is larger than one foot of area up to a maximum of 3% of the total seeded lawn area. Any part of the seeded lawn that fails to show a uniform growth and/or germination shall be reseeded until a dense cover is established.
 - 2. If seeded in fall or if not considered acceptable at that time, continue maintenance the following spring until acceptable lawn is established.
 - The Contractor shall provide a minimum of two cuttings of the lawn or more as necessary until the inspection acceptance of installation by the Representative and Landscape Architect. When the lawn reaches 3 inches in height it shall be cut to 2 inches in height. When meadow lawn reaches 6" in height it shall be cut to 4" in height.
 - The Owner assumes cutting responsibilities following acceptance of installation by the Owner's Representative and the Landscape Architect.
 - After acceptance of installation, and for the duration of the project warranty period the Landscape Contractor shall continue all other maintenance procedures including fertilizing and weeding, and operations such as rolling, regrading, replanting, and applying herbicides, fungicides, insecticides as required to establish a smooth, acceptable lawn free of eroded or bare areas.

- Repair, rework, and reseed all areas that have washed out, and eroded, or do not substantially germinate.
- 7. At conclusion of project warranty period and after receiving written final acceptance by Owner's Representative and Landscape Architect, the Owner shall assume allseeded lawn maintenance responsibilities.

1.06 FINAL ACCEPTANCE:

A. At the conclusion of the project warranty period the Landscape Contractor shall request a project inspection for final acceptance in which the Landscape Contractor, Landscape Architect and Owner's Representative shall be present. After this inspection a "Punch List" will be issued by the Landscape Architect. Upon completion of all punch list items, the Landscape Architect and Owner's Representative shall reinspect the project and issue a written statement of final acceptance. Upon final acceptance the Owner assumes all maintenance responsibilities for the landscape of the project.

PART 2 AND 3 - PRODUCTS AND EXECUTION

Not Applicable.

END OF SECTION 02499

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SECTION 02510 - WATER UTILITY DISTRIBUTION PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. The material and installation requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction supersede the following specification.
- B. Section includes:
 - 1. Domestic water and fire suppression lines.
 - a. Terminate within the building as indicated on the Drawings.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each material specified.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with governing codes and regulations. Provide products of acceptable manufacturers which have been in satisfactory use in similar service for three years. Use experienced installers. Deliver, handle, and store materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Domestic Water Lines: Provide piping manufactured from the following materials. Do not provide domestic water and fire suppression lines in materials outside of size limits specified:
 - 1. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) Water Pipe (Up to 2 inches diameter): ASTM D2241, SDR 21, class 200 and AWWA M23, latest revision.
 - a. Joints: ASTM D-3139 for push-on joints and ASTM F477 for gaskets.

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- 1) 2-inch Pipe: Bell-end with gasket.
- 2) Less than 2-inch Pipe: Solvent cement joints.
- 2. Polyethylene (PE) (Up to 3 Water Pipe diameter), AWWA C901 "Polyethylene (PE) Pressure Pipe Tubing, 1/2-inch through 3-inch for Service, " minimum pressure rating of 200 psi.
- 3. Copper Pipe (Up to 3 inches diameter): Type "K."
 - Joints: Sweat silver soldered on 2 inch and above.
- 4. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) (4 inches to 12 diameter): AWWA C900, DR 18 150 PSI rating, trade name
 - a. Basis of Design Product: Blue Brute.
 - b. Push on type joints: ASTM D-3139
- 5. Ductile Iron (DI) (3 inches to 12 inches diameter): AWWA C150 for a minimum 150 psi working pressure plus 100 psi surge pressure. Manufacture DI pipe per AWWA C151 with standard asphaltic coating on the exterior and cement-mortar lining on the interior.
 - Joints: Conform to AWWA Specification C111, a. mechanical or push-on type with plain rubber gaskets.
 - b. Fittings: Conform to AWWA Specification C110, Class 250, cast iron or ductile iron short body pattern with bituminous coating inside and outside with ends as required for the joints specified herein.
- B. Water meter: Local utility company standard.
- C. Fire Hydrants: Provide fire hydrant(s) in accordance with the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction. The following shall be used if the local authority does not specify.
 - Conform to AWWA Specification C502 with a 5-inch minimum valve opening, 6-inch AWWA Specification C111 mechanical joint inlet connection, 3-ft. bury, two 2-1/2-inch National Standard fire hose thread nozzles, one 4-inch standard pumper connection nozzle, 1-inch

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square operating nut with nut caps, and clockwise direction of opening. Factory painted on the outside below grade line with black asphalt paint and above grade line with red paint.

2. Factory painted on the outside below grade line with black asphalt paint and above grade line with red paint.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Before commencing pipe installation, field verify building tie-in locations/inverts, tap locations/inverts, and all utilities crossings. Notify Owner of any conflicts.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install materials and systems in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, local governing authorities/codes, and approved submittals and in proper relation with adjacent construction. Coordinate with work of other sections.
- B. Excavate and backfill utility trenches as specified in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" and the trench detail on the Drawings. Do not enclose, cover, or put into service any piping systems before inspection and approval is obtained. Verify minimum burial depths and separation requirements with the local frost depths, codes, and authorities. Minimum cover over top of pipes shall be 30inches unless otherwise specified by authorities.
- C. Test for proper operation.
 - Test pipe work to pressure and leakage tests equal to the design working pressure of the pipe and maintain specified pressure for not less than two hours.
 - Leakage shall not exceed that permitted by AWWA Specification C600 for mechanical joint and push-on joint pipe.
 - Locate and repair leaks and repeat tests until test results are satisfactory and in compliance to this section.

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- D. Sterilizing: Clean and sterilize the system in accordance with local authority or to the requirements below.
 - After tests have been approved, and prior to placing the pipe lines in service, sterilize piping with a liquid chlorine or chlorine bearing compound similar to "HTH" which has a strength of not less than 50 ppm.
 - 2. Inject chlorine or chlorine solution into the pipelines through corporation stops installed proper locations in the pipe line, or by other approved means.
 - Corporation stops will be left in place with the outlets plugged.
 - not, under any circumstances, open sectionalizing valves between the existing mains and the new mains until the bacterial analysis of the mains involved has been approved by the applicable local and/or state authorities. Time of initial opening and final closing will be recorded and given daily to said authorities.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Test new piping systems and parts of existing systems (that have been altered, extended, or repaired) for leaks and defects per pipe manufacturer's recommendations and requirements of local authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Do not enclose, cover, or put into service any piping systems before inspection and approval is obtained.
 - Replace any defective areas found during inspections and testing and repeat the process until results are acceptable.

3. Project Completion Reports: Provide copies of test reports to the Owner, for each system or line, witnessed by either local authorities having jurisdiction or the Owner's testing agency per the test requirements.

END OF SECTION 02510

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SECTION 02630 - STORM UTILITY DRAINAGE PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
 - 1. Gravity-flow, nonpressure storm drainage outside the building, with the following components:
 - a. Cleanouts.
 - b. Precast concrete manholes.

1.02 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Gravity-Flow, Nonpressure, Drainage-Piping Pressure Rating: 10-foot head of water.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: For manholes and catch basins. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and frames covers.
- C. Field quality-control test reports

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Storm Sewer piping and installation shall conform to the standard specifications of the local water district requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC): ASTM D 3034, SDR-23 utilizing elastomeric gasket joints.
- B. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) corrugated pipe with smooth interior per ASTM F 949 (4-inches to 36-inches) with

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elastomeric gasket joints, trade name A-2000 by Contech or equal.

C. Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP) CL-IV: AASHTO M-170 with bell and spigot rubber gasket type joints or ASTM C76 (confirm class type with depth of pipe and traffic loads). Provide heavy duty RCP in paved areas when less than 2 feet of cover is available.

2.02 NONPRESSURE-TYPE PIPE COUPLINGS

A. Comply with ASTM C 1173, elastomeric, sleeve-type, reducing or transition coupling, for joining underground nonpressure piping. Include ends of same sizes as piping to be joined and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.

Sleeve Materials:

- 1. For Cast-Iron Soil Pipes: ASTM C 564, rubber.
- 2. For Plastic Pipes: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal or ASTM D 5926, PVC.
- 3. For Dissimilar Pipes: ASTM D 5926, PVC or other material compatible with pipe materials being joined.
- C. Unshielded Flexible Couplings: Elastomeric sleeve with corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
- D. Shielded Flexible Couplings: ASTM C 1460, elastomeric or rubber sleeve with full-length, corrosion-resistant outer shield and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
- E. Ring-Type Flexible Couplings: Elastomeric compression seal with dimensions to fit inside bell of larger pipe and for spigot of smaller pipe to fit inside ring.

2.03 CLEANOUTS

A. Gray-Iron Cleanouts: ASME All2.36.2M, round, gray-iron housing with clamping device and round, secured, scoriated, gray-iron cover. Include gray-iron ferrule with inside calk or spigot connection and countersunk, tapered-thread, brass closure plug.

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- 1. Top-Loading Classification(s): Heavy duty.
- 2. Sewer Pipe Fitting and Riser to Cleanout: ASTM A 74, Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings.

2.04 MANHOLES

A. Standard Precast Concrete Manholes: ASTM C 478, precast, reinforced concrete, of depth indicated, with provision for sealant joints.

2.05 CONCRETE

- A. General: Cast-in-place concrete according to ACI 318/318R, ACI 350R, and the following:
 - 1. Cement: ASTM C 150, Type II.
 - 2. Fine Aggregate: ASTM C 33, sand.
 - 3. Coarse Aggregate: ASTM C 33, crushed gravel.
 - Water: Potable.
- B. Ballast and Pipe Supports: Portland cement design mix, 3000 psi minimum, with 0.58 maximum water-cementitious materials ratio.
 - 1. Reinforcement Fabric: ASTM A 185, steel, welded wire fabric, plain.
 - 2. Reinforcement Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed steel.

2.06 CATCH BASINS

- A. Standard Precast Concrete Catch Basins: ASTM C 478, precast, reinforced concrete, of depth indicated, with provision for sealant joints.
- B. Frames and Grates: ASTM A 536, Grade 60-40-18, ductile iron designed for A-16, structural loading. Include 24inch ID by 7- to 9-inch riser with 4-inch minimum width flange, and 26-inch-diameter flat grate with small square or short-slotted drainage openings.
 - 1. Grate Free Area: Approximately 50 percent, unless otherwise indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Before commencing pipe installation, field verify building tie-in locations/inverts, tap locations/inverts, and all utilities crossings. Notify Owner of any conflicts.

3.02 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. General Locations and Arrangements: Drawing plans and details indicate general location and arrangement of underground storm drainage piping. Location and arrangement of piping layout take design considerations Install piping as indicated, to extent into account. practical. Where specific installation is not indicated, follow piping manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Excavate and backfill utility trenches as specified in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" and the trench detail on the Drawings.
- C. Install piping beginning at low point, true to grades and alignment indicated with unbroken continuity of invert. Place bell ends of piping facing upstream. Install gaskets, seals, sleeves, and couplings according to manufacturer's written instructions for using lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements.
- D. Install manholes for changes in direction unless fittings are indicated. Use fittings for branch connections unless direct tap into existing sewer is indicated.
- E. Install proper size increasers, reducers, and couplings where different sizes or materials of pipes and fittings are connected. Reducing size of piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- F. Install gravity-flow, nonpressure drainage piping according to the following:
 - Install piping pitched down in direction of flow, at minimum slope of 2 percent, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Install piping NPS 6 and larger with restrained joints at tee fittings and at changes in direction. Use

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corrosion-resistant rods, pipe fitting or manufacturer's proprietary restraint system, or castin-place-concrete supports or anchors.

- 3. Install piping below frost line.
- hub-and-spigot, cast-iron 4. Install soil according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook."
- 5. Install PVC sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 1668.
- G. Clear interior of piping and manholes of dirt and superfluous material as work progresses.

3.03 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Where specific joint construction is not indicated, follow piping manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Join gravity-flow, nonpressure drainage piping according to the following:
 - 1. Join hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil piping with gasket joints according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for compression joints.
 - 2. Join hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil piping with calked joints according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for lead and oakum calked joints.
 - 3. Join PVC sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM D 3034 for elastomeric-gasket joints.
 - Join dissimilar pipe materials with nonpressure-type flexible couplings.

3.04 CLEANOUT INSTALLATION

- A. Install cleanouts and riser extensions from sewer pipes to cleanouts at grade. Use cast-iron soil pipe fittings in sewer pipes at branches for cleanouts and cast-iron soil pipe for riser extensions to cleanouts. Install piping so cleanouts open in direction of flow in sewer pipe.
 - 1. Use heavy-duty, top-loading classification cleanouts in all areas.

- Set cleanout frames and covers in earth in cast-in-place-В. concrete block, 18 by 18 by 12 inches deep.
- C. Set cleanout frames and covers in concrete pavement with tops flush with pavement surface.

3.05 MANHOLE INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install manholes, complete with appurtenances and accessories indicated.
- B. Install precast concrete manhole sections with sealants according to ASTM C 891.
- C. Set tops of frames and covers flush with finished surface of manholes that occur in pavements.

3.06 CATCH BASIN INSTALLATION

A. Set frames and grates to elevations indicated.

3.07 CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections to existing piping and underground manholes.
 - 1. Use commercially manufactured wye fittings for piping branch connections. Remove section of existing pipe; install wye fitting into existing piping; and encase entire wye fitting, plus 6-inch overlap, with not less than 6 inches of concrete with 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi.

3.08 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Test new piping systems and parts of existing systems (that have been altered, extended, or repaired) for leaks and defects per pipe manufacturer's recommendations and requirements of local authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Do not enclose, cover, or put into service any piping systems before inspection and approval is obtained.
 - Replace any defective areas found during inspections and testing and repeat the process until results are acceptable.

3. Project Completion Reports: Provide copies of test reports to the Owner, for each system or line, witnessed by either local authorities having jurisdiction or the Owner's testing agency per the test requirements.

B. Visual Inspection

- 1. After approximately 24 inches of backfill and after completion of final grade (paving or landscaping installed), inspect the interior pipe runs alignment and deflection (less than 7-1/2 percent). Utilize lamps and mirrors if necessary.
- 2. For pipes 30 inches in diameter and greater, project completion reports may consist of visual and interior (conducted measurements under proper guidelines) that are witnessed by local authorities or the owner's testing agency. Reports must indicate that any pipe deflection is less than 7-1/2 percent of the pipe diameter.

C. Mandrel Testing

- 1. Conduct for all pipes under 30 inches in diameter and provide project completion reports witnessed by local authorities having jurisdiction or the Owner's testing
- 2. Install and backfill pipe runs to subgrade elevation (preferably to final grade elevation) at least 30 days prior to mandrel testing.
- 3. Flush and clean lines prior to utilizing a 5-point mandrel of a size not less than 92.5 percent of the pipe diameter.

D. Pressure, Infiltration, or Exfiltration Testing

- 1. Preform tests as required by local authorities having jurisdiction or manufacturer and provide test reports witnessed by the local authority having jurisdiction or the Owner's testing agency.
- For low pressure piping, at no time should the internal pipe pressure exceed PSI rating of pipe.

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E. For pressure piping, do not exceed manufacturer's recommendations.

END OF SECTION 02630

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SECTION 02740 - ASPHALT PAVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes
 - 1. Hot-mix asphalt paving.
 - 2. Hot-mix asphalt patching and overlays.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Job-Mix Designs: Certification, by authorities having jurisdiction, of approval of each job mix proposed for the Work.
- B. Material Certificates: For each paving material, from manufacturer.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Manufacturer shall be registered with and approved by authorities having jurisdiction or the DOT of the state in which Project is located.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with state or local DOT for asphalt paving work.
- C. Asphalt-Paving Publication: Comply with AI MS-22, "Construction of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements," unless more stringent requirements are indicated.

1.04 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not apply asphalt materials if subgrade is wet or excessively damp or if the following conditions are not met:
 - 1. Tack Coat: Minimum surface temperature per requirements of asphalt course.

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2. Asphalt Base and Surface Course: Minimum surface temperature of 40 deg F and rising at time of placement.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Coarse Aggregate: MDOT 902.09.A.
- B. Fine Aggregate: MDOT 902.09.B.
- C. Mineral Filler: MDOT 902.11.
- D. Asphalt Binder: MDOT 904.03.A. PG58-22
- E. Tack Coat: MDOT 904.03.C. SS1H

2.02 MIXES

- A. Hot-Mix Asphalt: Dense, hot-laid, hot-mix asphalt plant mixes approved by authorities having jurisdiction; designed according to procedures in AI MS-2, "Mix Design Methods for Asphalt Concrete and Other Hot-Mix Types"; and complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Provide mixes with a history of satisfactory performance in geographical area where Project is located.
 - 2. Base Course: LVSP
 - 3. Surface Course: LVSP
 - 4. Provide mixes with a history of satisfactory performance in geographical area where Project is located.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 COLD MILLING

A. Clean existing pavement surface of loose and deleterious material immediately before cold milling. Remove existing asphalt pavement by cold milling to grades and cross sections indicated.

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3.02 PATCHING

- A. Hot-Mix Asphalt Pavement: Saw cut perimeter of patch and excavate existing pavement section to sound Excavate rectangular or trapezoidal patches, extending 12 inches into adjacent sound pavement, unless otherwise Cut excavation faces vertically. indicated. excavated material. Recompact existing unbound-aggregate base course to form new subgrade.
- B. Tack Coat: Apply uniformly to vertical surfaces abutting or projecting into new, hot-mix asphalt paving at a rate of 0.05 to 0.15 gal./sq. yd.
- C. Patching: Fill excavated pavements with hot-mix asphalt base mix and, while still hot, compact flush with adjacent surface.
- D. Joint/Crack Treatment: Install joint sealant, emulsion, or "qutter seal" type products as specified in Section 321373 "Paving Joint Sealants" to seal joints of surfaces.

3.03 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Proof-roll subbase as specified in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving."
- Immediately before placing asphalt materials, B. General: remove loose and deleterious material from substrate surfaces. Ensure that prepared subgrade is ready to receive paving.
- C. Tack Coat: Apply when overlaying existing pavement, on adjacent horizontal surfaces such as curbs, and between base and surface courses when the two courses are not installed in a continuous installation.
 - 1. Apply at a rate of 0.05 to 0.15 gal./sq. yd.
 - 2. Avoid smearing or staining adjoining surfaces, appurtenances, and surroundings. Remove spillages and clean affected surfaces.

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3.04 HOT-MIX ASPHALT PLACING

- A. Machine place hot-mix asphalt on prepared surface, spread uniformly, and strike off. Place asphalt mix by hand to areas inaccessible to equipment in a manner that prevents segregation of mix. Place each course to required grade, cross section, and thickness when compacted.
 - 1. Spread mix at minimum temperature of 250 deg F.
 - 2. Regulate paver machine speed to obtain continuous surface free of pulls and tears in asphaltpaving mat.
- B. Place paving in consecutive strips not less than 10 feet wide unless infill edge strips of a lesser width are required.
- C. Promptly correct surface irregularities in paving course behind paver. Use suitable hand tools to remove excess material forming high spots. Fill depressions with hotmix asphalt to prevent segregation of mix; use suitable hand tools to smooth surface.

3.05 JOINTS

A. Construct joints to ensure a continuous bond between adjoining paving sections. Construct joints free of depressions, with same texture and smoothness as other sections of hot-mix asphalt course.

3.06 COMPACTION

- A. General: Begin compaction as soon as placed hot-mix paving will bear roller weight without excessive displacement. Compact hot-mix paving with hot, hand tampers or with vibratory-plate compactors in areas inaccessible to rollers.
 - 1. Complete compaction before mix temperature cools to 185 deg F.
 - Install and compact longitudinal joints to achieve a uniform density of pavement.

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- A. Breakdown Rolling: Complete breakdown or initial rolling immediately after rolling joints and outside Examine surface immediately after breakdown rolling for indicated crown, grade, and smoothness. Correct laydown and rolling operations to comply with requirements.
- B. Intermediate Rolling: Begin intermediate rolling immediately after breakdown rolling while hot-mix asphalt still hot enough to achieve specified density. Continue rolling until hot-mix asphalt course has been uniformly compacted to the following density:
 - 1. Average Density: 92 percent of reference maximum theoretical density according to ASTM D 2041, but not less than 90 percent nor greater than 96 percent.
- Finish roll paved surfaces to remove C. Finish Rolling: roller marks while hot-mix asphalt is still warm.
- D. Edge Shaping: While surface is being compacted and finished, trim edges of pavement to proper alignment. Bevel edges while asphalt is still hot; compact thoroughly.
- E. Protection: After final rolling, do not permit vehicular traffic on pavement until it has cooled and hardened.
- F. Erect barricades to protect paving from traffic until mixture has cooled enough not to become marked.

3.07 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

- A. Pavement Thickness: Compact each course to produce the thickness indicated within the following tolerances:
 - 1. Base Course: Plus or minus 1/4 inch.
 - 2. Surface Course: Plus 1/4 inch, no minus.
- B. Pavement Surface Smoothness: Compact each course to produce a surface smoothness within the following tolerances as determined by using a 10-foot straightedge applied transversely or longitudinally to paved areas:
 - 1. Base Course: 1/4 inch.

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2. Surface Course: 1/8 inch.

3.08 FIELD OUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections. Coordinate Work with the Owner's testing agency.
- B. Replace and compact hot-mix asphalt where core tests were taken.
- C. Additional testing and inspection work to correct or repair unsatisfactory work will be at the expense of the Contractor.
- D. Remove and replace or install additional hot-mix asphalt, at the Contractor's expense, where test results or measurements indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.

3.09 DISPOSAL

A. Except for material indicated to be recycled, remove excavated materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in an EPA-approved landfill.

END OF SECTION 02740

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SECTION 02750 - CONCRETE PAVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
 - 1. Exterior cement concrete pavement for the following:
 - a. Parking lots.
 - b. Curbs and gutters.
 - c. Walkways.
 - d. Concrete pads

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete pavement mixture.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Manufacturer of ready-mixed concrete products who complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
- B. ACI Publications: Comply with ACI 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete, " unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.
- B. Deformed-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 497, flat sheet.
- C. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 deformed.
- D. Plain Steel Wire: ASTM A 82, as drawn.

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- E. Deformed-Steel Wire: ASTM A 496.
- F. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars, welded wire reinforcement, and dowels in place.

 Manufacture bar supports according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

2.02 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of the same type, brand, and source throughout the Project:
 - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I.
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, Class 4S coarse aggregate, uniformly graded. Provide aggregates from a single source.
- C. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- D. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C-494, Type A.

2.03 RELATED MATERIALS

- A. Clear Waterborne Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, dissipating.
- B. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber not greater than 1/2 inch.

2.04 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. Prepare design mixtures, proportioned according to ACI 301, with the following properties:
 - 1. Compressive Strength (28 Days): 3500 psi.
 - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio at Point of Placement: 0.50.
 - 3. Slump Limit: 4-6 inches except 8 inches acceptable for concrete having HRWR admixture (superplasticizer).

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- 4. Air Content: 4.5 to 7.5 percent.
- B. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M. Furnish batch certificates for each batch discharged and used in the Work.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Proof-roll subbase as specified in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving."

3.02 PAVEMENT SUBBASE COURSE:

A. Place aggregate base course material on prepared subgrade as specified in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving."

3.03 EDGE FORMS AND SCREED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Set, brace, and secure edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed guides for pavement to required lines, grades, and elevations. Install forms to allow continuous progress of work and so forms can remain in place at least 24 hours after concrete placement.
- B. Clean forms after each use and coat with form-release agent to ensure separation from concrete without damage.

3.04 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.

3.05 JOINTS

A. General: Form construction, isolation, and contraction joints and tool edgings true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete. Construct transverse joints at right angles to centerline, unless otherwise indicated.

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- B. Construction Joints: Set construction joints at side and terminations of pavement and at locations pavement operations are stopped for more than one-half hour unless pavement terminates at isolation joints.
- Form isolation joints of preformed C. Isolation Joints: joint-filler strips abutting concrete curbs, catch basins, manholes, inlets, structures, walks, other fixed objects, and where indicated.
- D. Contraction Joints: Sawcut joints, 1/8 inch wide sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Sawcut contraction joints for a depth equal to at least onefourth of the concrete thickness.
- E. Edging: Tool edges of pavement, gutters, curbs, and joints in concrete after initial floating with an edging tool to a 1/4-inch radius. Repeat tooling of edges after applying surface finishes. Eliminate tool marks on concrete surfaces.

3.06 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Moisten subbase to provide a uniform dampened condition at time concrete is placed.
- B. Comply with ACI 301 requirements for measuring, mixing, transporting, and placing concrete.
- C. Deposit and spread concrete in a continuous operation between transverse joints. Do not push or drag concrete into place or use vibrators to move concrete into place.
- D. Screed pavement surfaces with a straightedge and strike off.
- E. Commence initial floating using bull floats or darbies to impart an open textured and uniform surface plane before excess moisture or bleed water appears on the surface. not further disturb concrete surfaces before beginning finishing operations or spreading surface treatments.

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3.07 FLOAT FINISHING

- A. General: Do not add water to concrete surfaces during finishing operations.
- Begin the second floating operation when B. Float Finish: bleed-water sheen has disappeared and concrete surface has stiffened sufficiently to permit operations. surface with power-driven floats, or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. surfaces to true planes. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Refloat surface immediately to uniform granular texture.
 - Medium-to-Fine-Textured Broom Finish: Draw a soft bristle broom across float-finished concrete surface perpendicular to line of traffic to provide a uniform, fine-line texture.

3.08 CONCRETE PROTECTION AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.
- B. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection.
- C. Begin curing after finishing concrete but not before free water has disappeared from concrete surface.
- D. Curing Methods: Cure concrete by moisture curing, moisture-retaining-cover curing, curing compound or a combination of these methods.

3.09 PAVEMENT TOLERANCES

- A. Comply with tolerances of ACI 117 and as follows:
 - 1. Elevation: 1/4 inch.
 - Thickness: Plus 3/8 inch, no minus.
 - 10-foot-long, unleveled Gap below Surface: straightedge not to exceed 1/4 inch.
 - 4. Joint Spacing: 3 inches.
 - 5. Contraction Joint Depth: Plus 1/4 inch, no minus.
 - 6. Joint Width: Plus 1/8 inch, no minus.

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3.10 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

- A. Remove and replace concrete pavement that is broken, damaged, or defective or that does not comply with requirements in this Section.
- Exclude traffic from B. Protect concrete from damage. pavement for at least 14 days after placement.
- C. Maintain concrete pavement free of stains, discoloration, dirt, and other foreign material. Sweep concrete pavement not more than two days before date scheduled for Substantial Completion inspections.

END OF SECTION 02750

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SECTION 02760 - PAVING JOINT SEALANTS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

- 1. Expansion and contraction joints within pavement, walks and curbs.
- 2. Joints between cement concrete and asphalt pavement.
- Joints between concrete or asphalt and building walls, columns or structures.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product indicated.
- B. Samples: For each type and color of joint sealant required.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backing materials, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by joint-sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
 - 1. Primers: Product recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.

2.02 JOINT SEALANTS

A. Sealant for Expansion and Contraction Joints within Cement Concrete Pavement and Between Concrete Walks, Pads, Paving, and Building Walls, Columns, and Structures: Cold

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applied two-part pourable urethane joint sealant, Type M, Grade P, Class 25, Use T

1. Products:

- a. Sonneborn, Div. of ChemRex, Inc.; Sonoborn SL 2
- b. Pecora Corporation; Dynatrol II-SG.
- c. Tremco; Vulkem 245
- d. Sika Corporation; Sikaflex 2c SL
- 2. Color: Match Concrete.
- B. Sealant for Joints Larger Than 1/4 inch Between Cement Concrete and Asphalt Pavement or Within Asphalt Pavement (Including Longitudinal Joints, Cracks or Butt Joints.): Polymeric hot applied single-component formulation complying with ASTM D 3405.

1. Products:

- a. Carlisle Coatings and Waterproofing; CCW MiraSEAL EJS
- b. Meadows, W. R., Inc.; Sealtight Hi-Spec.
- 2. Color: Black

2.03 JOINT-SEALANT BACKER MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide joint-sealant backer materials as required that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by joint-sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- B. Provide one of the following types of backer materials as applicable:
 - 1. Round Backer Rods for Cold- and Hot-Applied Sealants: ASTM D 5249, Type 1, of diameter and density required to control sealant depth and prevent bottom-side adhesion of sealant.
 - 2. Backer Strips for Cold- and Hot-Applied Sealants: ASTM D 5249; Type 2; of thickness and width required

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to control sealant depth, prevent bottom-side adhesion of sealant, and fill remainder of joint opening under sealant.

3. Round Backer Rods for Cold-Applied Sealants: ASTM D 5249, Type 3, of diameter and density required to control sealant depth and prevent bottom-side adhesion of sealant.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where indicated or where recommended in writing by joint-sealant manufacturer, based on preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience.
- C. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- D. Install backer materials to support sealants during application and at position required to produce optimum sealant movement capability. Do not leave gaps between ends of backer materials. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear backer materials. Remove absorbent backer materials that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.
- E. Install sealants at the same time backings are installed to completely fill recesses provided for each joint configuration and to produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- F. Clean off excess sealants or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning

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materials approved by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

G. Protect applied sealant from traffic and other damage until sealants cured enough not to track. Provide temporary barricades or other protective measures recommended by the manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 02760

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SECTION 02761 - PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

Furnishing and applying permanent pavement markings.

1.2 DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide all materials, labor, equipment, and services necessary to complete all traffic lane and parking lot striping as indicated in the Construction Documents.
- B. Work includes, but not limited to painting of letters, markings, stripes on the pavement surface applied in accordance with this Section and at the locations shown on the Plans or as directed by the Architect/Engineer.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All work under this section shall be performed 2003 accordance with the current MDOT Standard Specifications for Construction, unless otherwise indicated on the drawings.
- B. All physically handicapped / barrier free markings shall be in accordance with current ADA requirements and the current Michigan Barrier Free Graphics Design Manual.
- C. Each paint container shall be clearly marked showing the address of manufacturer, description material, date of packaging, and volume and weight of contents.
- D. Use only personnel completely trained and experienced in installation of materials and equipment.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Manufacturer's literature: Submit descriptive product data of materials, installation methods and procedures.
- B. Certification of compliance: Furnish a certification from manufacturer that material for this project has been sampled, tested and complies with requirements of specifications.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. The paint shall meet the specifications set forth in Section 920 of the 2003 MDOT Standard Specifications for Construction, unless otherwise indicated on the drawings.
- B. Color shall be as Specified on the Plans or as follows:

Striping Item	Color	Stripe Width
		_
Stop Bars	White	12"
Traffic Lanes	Yellow	4 "
Bus Lanes	White	4 "
Standard Parking Stalls	Yellow	4 "
Barrier Free Parking Stalls	Blue	4 "
No Parking Areas	Yellow	6″
Barrier Free Access Areas	Blue	4 "
Curbs	As Noted	Paint Face
	on Plans	of Curb

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WEATHER LIMITATIONS

A. The painting shall be performed only when the existing surface is dry and clean, when the minimum atmospheric temperature is in accordance with Table 811-2 of the 2003 MDOT Standard Specifications for Construction, and when the weather is not excessively windy, dusty or foggy.

3.2 EQUIPMENT

- A. All equipment for the Work shall be approved by the Contractor and shall include the apparatus necessary to properly clean the existing surface, a mechanical marking machine, and such auxiliary hand painting equipment as may be necessary to satisfactorily complete the job.
- B. The mechanical marker shall be an approved self-propelled marking machine suitable for application of traffic It shall produce an even and uniform film thickness at the required coverage and shall be designed so as to apply markings of uniform cross-sections and clear-cut edges without running or spattering and within the limits for straightness set forth herein.
- shall C. Suitable adjustments be provided sprayer/sprayers of a single machine or by furnishing additional equipment for painting the width required.

3.3 PREPARATION OF EXISTING SURFACE

- A. Immediately before application of the paint, the existing surface shall be cleaned, dry and entirely free from dirt, grease, oil, acids, laitance, or other foreign matter which could reduce the bond between the coat of paint and the pavement. Areas which cannot satisfactorily cleaned by brooming and blowing shall be scrubbed as directed with a water solution of tri-sodium phosphate or an approved equal solution. After scrubbing, the solution shall be rinsed off and the surface dried prior to painting.
- B. Existing markings or stripes, which are to be abandoned or removed, shall be obliterated or obscured by the best methods suited for the purpose and to the satisfaction of the Owner.

3.4 LAYOUTS AND ALIGNMENT

- A. The Contractor is responsible for laying out proposed striping, which is to be approved by the Owner, before the Contractor is to proceed with the striping procedure. The Contractor is to insure that all subsequent striping meets the quality of the approved application.
- B. On those sections of pavements where no previously applied figures, markings, or stripes are available to serve as a guide, suitable layouts and lines of proposed stripes shall be spotted in advance of the paint application. Control points shall be spaced at such intervals as will ensure accurate location of all markings.
- C. The Contractor shall provide an experienced Technician to supervise the location, alignment, layout, dimensions and application of the paint.

3.5 APPLICATION

- A. Markings shall be applied at the locations and to the dimensions and spacing indicated on the Plans or as specified. Paint shall not be applied until the indicated alignment is laid out and the conditions of the existing surface have been approved by the Owner.
- B. The paint shall be mixed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions before application. The paint shall be thoroughly mixed and applied to the surface of the pavement with the marking machine at its original consistency without the addition of thinner. If the paint is applied by brush, the surface shall receive two (2) coats; the first coat shall be thoroughly dry before the second coat is applied.
- C. Prior to marking of the pavement, fourteen (14) days shall elapse from the application of the bituminous seal coat, slurry seal or the placement of the HMA surface course.

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D. In the application of straight stripes, any deviation in the edges exceeding 1/2-inch in 50-feet shall be obliterated and the marking corrected. The width of the markings shall be as designated within a tolerance of 5 percent (5%).

3.6 PROTECTION

A. After applications of the paint, all markings shall be protected while the paint is drying. The fresh paint shall be protected from injury or damage of any kind. The Contractor shall be directly responsible and shall erect or place suitable warning signs, flags, barricades, protective screens or coverings as required. Markings defaced by traffic or pedestrians shall be reinstalled at the contractor's expense.

END OF SECTION 02761

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SECTION 02765 - PAVING SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Pavement markings
- Metal bollards/posts.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Manufacturer's printed product data for each product specified.
- B. Samples: For each product specified to match color.

1.03 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Requirements: Apply marking paint in dry weather when temperature is 50 deg F or above and anticipated to remain above 50 deg F for four hours after completing application.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 PAVEMENT MARKING PAINT

A. Marking paint: High solids, water based acrylic paint containing ultraviolet resistant pigments.

1. Products:

- a. ICI Paints; Traffic Marking Paint, #4800
- b. M.A.B. Paints; Zone Marking Latex Traffic Paint, #072 Line
- c. Benjamin Moore and Co.; Safety and Zone Marking Latex, M58
- d. Pittsburgh Paints; Zone & Traffic Marking Paint, #11-23
- e. Porter Paint Co.; PorterGuard Acrylic Traffic Paint, #2408

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f. The Sherwin Williams Co.; Promar Traffic Marking Paint, B29 Series

2. Colors:

- a. Parking: Yellow.
- b. Traffic Lanes, Directions, Lettering, etc.: MUTCD standard
- c. Fire Lane: Yellow.

2.02 METAL BOLLARDS

A. Fabricate from ASTM A-53, Type E or S, Grade B, Schedule 40 steel pipe.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PAVEMENT MARKING

- A. Verify that new asphalt is complete and has been accepted by Owner's Representative.
- B. Thoroughly clean surfaces free of dirt, sand, gravel, oil, and other foreign matter. Protect adjacent curbs, walks, and other items from paint application.
- C. Sweep and clean surface to eliminate loose material and dust.
- D. Apply paint with mechanical equipment to produce pavement markings, of dimensions indicated, with uniform, straight edges. Apply at manufacturer's recommended rates.
- E. Apply stripes straight and even in accordance with Drawings.
- F. Remove overspray, spills, or drips from surfaces other than those requiring marking paint.
- G. Barricade marked areas until paint is dried and ready for traffic.

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3.02 METAL BOLLARDS/POSTS

- A. Anchor bollards in place with concrete footings as indicated on Drawings. Place concrete and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Support and brace bollards in position until concrete has cured.
- B. Fill bollards solidly with concrete, mounding top surface to shed water.

END OF SECTION 02765

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SECTION 02810 - PLANTING IRRIGATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Landscape irrigation system

1.02 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Irrigation zone control shall be automatic operation with controller and automatic control valves.
- B. Delegated Design: Design 100 percent coverage irrigation system, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
- B. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For irrigation systems indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
- D. As-Built Drawings: Two sets of drawings indicating actual location of piping, valves, sprinkler heads, wiring and zones.

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1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

1.05 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace planting irrigation components and accessories that fail in materials and workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Periods from Date of Store Opening: 12 months.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURER

A. Manufacturer:

- 1. Hunter Industries, Inc.
- 2. LR Nelson Corp.
- 3. Rain Bird Sprinkler Mfg. Corp.
- 4. The TORO Co., Irrigation Div.

2.02 PIPES, TUBES AND FITTINGS

A. Pressure Pipe:

- 1. Polyvinyl chloride PVC plastic pipe complying with ASTM-D 1785, Schedule 40 or ASTM D2241, SDR 21, class 200 and AWWA M23, latest revision.
- Polyethylene (PE) Water Pipe, AWWA C901 "Polyethylene (PE) Pressure Pipe and Tubing, 1/2-inch through 3-inch for Water Service."
- B. Circuit Pipe (downstream from circuit valves): with PVC plastic pipe, ASTM D 2241, SDR 26, 160 psi or ASTM D 1785, Schedule 40.

2.03 VALVES

A. Valves: Flow range 5.0 to 180.0 gpm.

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- 1. Basis of Design: Toro 252 Series solenoid valves.
- B. Backflow Preventer: Manufacturers standard to suit project conditions.

2.04 SPRINKLERS AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Sprinkler Heads: Manufacturers standard, to provide uniform coverage at available water pressure.
- B. Drip Tubing/Accessories: Manufacturers standard, self-cleaning, self-flushing pressure compensating components and polyethylene tubing with 12-inch or 18-inch dripper spacing.

2.05 CONTROLLERS

- A. Automatic Controls: Provide exterior/interior boxes with locking covers.
 - 1. Transformers as required for low voltage system.
 - 2. Wiring: Not less than 14 gauge. Provide direct burial type for buried wire. Use waterproof wire nuts throughout.
 - 3. Circuit Control with switch for manual or automatic control of each circuit.
 - 4. Timing Device: 24 hour, 7 day and even/odd interval watering adjustment, with provision for manual or semi-automatic operation and hard wired rain sensor which will suspend watering when ground is wet from rain.
- B. Rain Sensors: Provide hard wired units.
 - 1. Products:
 - a. Hunter Industries, Inc.; "Rain-Clik
 - b. LR Nelson Corp.; "Rain-Trip"
 - c. Rain Bird Sprinkler Mfg. Corp.; "RSD Series Rain Sensor"
 - d. The TORO Co., Irrigation Div.; "TWRS Wireless RainSensor"

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Provide minimum water coverage as follows:
 - Turf area 100 percent.
 - Other planting areas 100 percent.
- B. Run under pavements and walks. Do not cut pavements or walks. All water lines under sidewalks or paving shall be sleeved. All wiring under paving shall be installed in conduit.
- C. Use dielectric fittings whenever dissimilar metals are joined.
- D. Testing: Perform operational testing and train store personnel on proper use.
- E. Place copy of zone map, with all zone valve locations shown and approved irrigation plan, in protective jacket, with the main control panel.
- F. Use pressure compensating dripper systems or pressure compensating low trajectory nozzles only in locations where water has high iron content and only at areas adjacent to buildings to prevent water spray and rust from staining buildings.
- G. Provide a 3/4-inch diameter blow down drain tee to allow water to be blown from irrigation system.

END OF SECTION 02810

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SECTION 02900 - PLANTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Seeding and Sodding
 - 2. Trees and Plants

1.02 SUBMITTALS

A. Certification of grass seed and seed mixture for turfgrass sod.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. USA Standard for Nursery Stock shall govern the quality of plant materials.
- B. Soil Analysis: For each unamended soil type, furnish soil analysis and a written report by a qualified soil-testing laboratory.
- C. Turf and plants are subject to the approval of the Owner. Approval of plants at the nursery does not alter the right of rejection at the project site.

1.04 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace plantings and accessories that fail in materials, workmanship, or growth within specified warranty period.
 - Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Death and unsatisfactory growth, except a. defects resulting from abuse, lack of adequate maintenance, or neglect by Owner, or incidents that are beyond Contractor's control.
 - b. Structural failures including plantings falling or blowing over.

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2. Warranty Periods from Date of Final Completion: 12 months.

1.05 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

A. Provide full maintenance by skilled employees of landscape Installer. Maintain as required in Part 3. Begin maintenance immediately after turf and plants are installed and continue until plantings are acceptably healthy and well established but for not less than one full growing season days from date of store opening.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SEED

- A. Grass Seed: Fresh, clean, dry, new-crop seed complying with AOSA's "Journal of Seed Technology; Rules for Testing Seeds" for purity and germination tolerances.
- B. Seed Species: State-certified seed.

2.02 PLANT MATERIAL

- A. General: Furnish plants as indicated on Drawings, nursery-grown, true to genus, species, variety, cultivar, stem form, shearing, and other features complying with ANSI Z60.1; and with healthy root systems developed by transplanting or root pruning. Provide well-shaped, fully branched, healthy, vigorous stock, densely foliated when in leaf and free of disease, pests, eggs, larvae, and defects such as knots, sun scald, injuries, abrasions, and disfigurement.
- B. Root-Ball Depth: Furnish trees and shrubs with root balls measured from top of root ball, which shall begin at root flare according to ANSI Z60.1. Root flare shall be visible before planting.

2.03 PLANTING SOILS

A. Planting Soil: ASTM D 5268 topsoil, with pH range of 5.5 to 7, a minimum of 2 percent organic material content. Verify suitability of soil to produce viable planting

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Clean soil of roots, plants, sod, stones, clods, clay lumps, pockets of coarse sand, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, building debris, and other extraneous materials harmful to plant growth.

- Supplement with inorganic and organic soil amendments as required.
- Topsoil source may be surface soil stockpiled on site, imported topsoil, or existing in-place surface soil amended to produce topsoil as specified.

2.04 MULCHES

A. Organic Mulch: Shredded hardwood

B. Mineral Mulch: Rounded riverbed gravel

PART 3- EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. All debris and compacted subsoil shall be removed from the planter area to a minimum depth of 4 inches below the top of curb.
- B. Newly Graded Subgrades: Loosen subgrade to a minimum depth of 4 inches. Remove stones larger than 1-1/2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
 - Spread planting soil to a depth of 4 inches but not less than required to meet finish grades after light rolling and natural settlement. Do not spread if soil or subgrade is frozen, planting muddy, excessively wet.
- C. Unchanged Subgrades: If turf and plants are to be planted in areas unaltered or undisturbed by excavating, grading, or surface-soil stripping operations, prepare surface soil as follows:

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- 1. Remove existing grass, vegetation, and turf. Do not mix into surface soil.
- 2. Loosen surface soil to a depth of at least 6 inches. Apply soil amendments and fertilizers according to planting soil mix proportions and mix thoroughly into top 4 inches of soil. Till soil to a homogeneous mixture of fine texture.
- 3. Remove stones larger than 1-1/2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, trash, and other extraneous matter.
- 4. Legally dispose of waste material, including grass, vegetation, and turf, off Owner's property.
- D. Finish Grading: Grade planting areas to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Grade to within plus or minus 1/2 inch of finish elevation. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades. Limit finish grading to areas that can be planted in the immediate future.
- E. Moisten prepared area before planting if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.
- F. Before planting, obtain Owner's acceptance of finish grading; restore planting areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after finish grading.

3.02 HYDROSEEDING

- A. Hydroseeding: Mix specified seed, fertilizer, and fiber mulch in water, using equipment specifically designed for hydroseed application. Continue mixing until uniformly blended into homogeneous slurry suitable for hydraulic application.
 - Apply slurry uniformly to all areas to be seeded in a one-step process. Apply slurry at a rate so that mulch component is deposited at not less than 1500lb/acre dry weight, and seed component is deposited at not less than the specified seed-sowing rate.

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3.03 SODDING

- A. Lay sod within 48 hours of harvesting. Do not lay sod if dormant or if ground is frozen or muddy.
- Lay sod to form a solid mass with tightly fitted joints. Butt ends and sides of sod; do not stretch or overlap. Stagger sod strips or pads to offset joints in adjacent Avoid damage to subgrade or sod during courses. installation. Tamp and roll lightly to ensure contact with subgrade, eliminate air pockets, and form a smooth surface. Work sifted soil or fine sand into minor cracks between pieces of sod; remove excess to avoid smothering sod and adjacent grass.
 - 1. Lay sod across angle of slopes exceeding 1:3.
- Saturate sod with fine water spray within two hours of planting. During first week after planting, water daily or more frequently as necessary to maintain moist soil to a minimum depth of 1-1/2 inches below sod.

3.04 TREE AND SHRUB PLANTING

- A. Planting Pits and Trenches: Excavate circular planting pits with sides sloping inward at a 45-degree angle. Excavations with vertical sides are not acceptable. perimeter of bottom leaving center area of bottom raised slightly to support root ball and assist in drainage away from center. Do not further disturb base. Ensure that root ball will sit on undisturbed base soil to prevent Scarify sides of planting pit smeared or smoothed during excavation.
 - Excavate approximately three times as wide as ball diameter.
 - 2. Excavate at least 12 inches wider than root spread and deep enough to accommodate vertical roots for bareroot stock.
- B. Before planting, verify that root flare is visible at top of root ball according to ANSI Z60.1.

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- C. Set stock plumb and in center of planting pit or trench with root flare 1 inch above adjacent finish grades.
 - 1. Use planting soil for backfill.
 - 2. Balled and Burlapped: After placing some backfill around root ball to stabilize plant, carefully cut and remove burlap, rope, and wire baskets from tops of root balls and from sides, but do not remove from under root balls. Remove pallets, if any, before setting. Do not use planting stock if root ball is cracked or broken before or during planting operation.
 - 3. Balled and Potted or Container-Grown: Carefully remove root ball from container without damaging root ball or plant.
 - 4. Fabric Bag-Grown Stock: Carefully remove root ball from fabric bag without damaging root ball or plant. Do not use planting stock if root ball is cracked or broken before or during planting operation.
 - 5. Backfill around root ball in layers, tamping to settle soil and eliminate voids and air pockets. When planting pit is approximately one-half filled, water thoroughly before placing remainder of backfill. Repeat watering until no more water is absorbed.
 - 6. Place planting tablets in each planting pit when pit is approximately one-half filled; in amounts recommended in soil reports from soil-testing laboratory. Place tablets beside the root ball about 1 inch from root tips; do not place tablets in bottom of the hole.
 - 7. Continue backfilling process. Water again after placing and tamping final layer of soil.
- D. Bare-Root Stock: Set and support bare-root stock in center of planting pit or trench with root flare 1 inch above adjacent finish grade.
 - 1. Use planting soil for backfill.
 - 2. Spread roots without tangling or turning toward surface, and carefully work backfill around roots by hand. Puddle with water until backfill layers are completely saturated. Plumb before backfilling, and maintain plumb while working backfill around roots and placing layers above roots.

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- 3. Place planting tablets in each planting pit when pit is approximately one-half filled; in amounts recommended in soil reports from soil-testing laboratory. Place tablets beside soil-covered roots about 1 inch from root tips; do not place tablets in bottom of the hole or touching the roots.
- 4. Continue backfilling process. Water again after placing and tamping final layer of soil.

3.05 PLANTING AREA MULCHING

- A. Prior to mulching, treat planting areas with pre-emergent weed killer, applied according to the manufacturer's directions.
- B. Apply 3-inch average thickness of mulch over whole surface of planting area, and finish level with adjacent finish grades.

3.06 MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintain and establish turf and plants by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, replanting, and performing other operations as required to establish healthy, viable turf and plants.
 - 1. Roll, regrade, and replant bare or eroded areas and remulch to produce a uniformly smooth turf. Provide materials and installation the same as those used in the original installation.
 - 2. Spray or treat as required to keep trees and shrubs free of insects and disease.
- B. Mow turf as soon as top growth is tall enough to cut. Repeat mowing to maintain height appropriate for species without cutting more than 1/3 of grass height. Remove no more than 1/3 of grass-leaf growth in initial or subsequent mowings.

3.07 SATISFACTORY TURF

A. Satisfactory Seeded Turf: At end of maintenance period, a healthy, uniform, close stand of grass has been established, free of weeds and surface irregularities,

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with coverage exceeding 90 percent over any 10 sq. ft. and bare spots not exceeding 5 by 5 inches.

- B. Satisfactory Sodded Turf: At end of maintenance period, a healthy, well-rooted, even-colored, viable turf has been established, free of weeds, open joints, bare areas, and surface irregularities.
- C. Use specified materials to reestablish turf that does not comply with requirements and continue maintenance until turf is satisfactory.

END OF SECTION 02900

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SECTION 02925 - CLEANUP AND RESTORATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

Contractor shall restore areas disturbed construction activities to a condition reasonably close to their condition before the project, unless shown otherwise on the plans. Restoration work should be performed as soon as possible after construction work is completed in a particular area.

Upon the completion of work in an area, all excess materials, debris, equipment, and similar items shall be removed from the project area by the Contractor, and disposed of properly.

PART 2 - MATERIALS

Not Applicable.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Restoration

Unless otherwise provided; aggregate surfaces, bituminous pavements, and concrete pavements shall be restored by construction of similar replacement surfaces. shall replaced with the surfaces be materials thicknesses described in the specification for aggregate Bituminous pavement shall be replaced with the cross sections(s) shown on the plans and in accordance with the specification for bituminous paving. Concrete pavement shall be replaced with pavement in accordance with the specification for Concrete Driveways and Miscellaneous Pavement.

Turf areas shall be restored by re-establishing the turf as described in the specification for turf establishment. All areas disturbed by construction that are not to be surfaced with aggregate or pavement shall be restored with turf, unless otherwise directed.

Mailboxes, fences, signs, ornaments, and similar shall be replaced at the completion of construction. Posts shall be installed plumb. Items that are lost or stolen shall be repaired or replaced at the Contractor's expense. Repairs or replacements shall meet the Owner's approval.

3.02 Temporary Restoration of Driving Surfaces

Where a pavement or gravel surface is removed as a result of construction activities, a temporary surface shall be provided and maintained by the Contractor until the permanent surface is provided. Unless otherwise directed, the temporary surface shall be twelve inches of aggregate compacted to at least 95 percent of its maximum density (ASTM D1557) and graded to meet the adjacent, remaining surfaces. Aggregate shall meet the requirements of Series 23A as described in the 1990 Michigan Department of Transportation Specifications.

The Contractor shall regrade the temporary surface and add additional aggregate at intervals necessary to maintain them in a relatively smooth condition.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02951 LANDSCAPE RESTORATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Soil Materials and Preparation
- B. Restoration of Lawns (Hydroseeding)

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. FS O-F-241 Fertilizers, Mixed, Commercial
- B. American Standard for Nursery Stock ANSI 260.1-2004

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Provide seed mixture in containers showing percentage of seed mix, year of production, net weight. Date of packaging and location of packaging.
- B. Such approval shall not impair the right of inspection and rejection upon delivery at the site or during the progress of the Work.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Deliver landscape materials in original, unopened and undamaged containers showing weight, analysis and name of manufacturer. Store in manner to prevent wetting and deterioration.

1.5 COORDINATION

- A. All disturbed areas shall be restored to a condition equal to or greater than the area's condition before the project began (i.e. lawns, trees, plants, shrubs).
- B. Protect existing utilities, paving and other facilities from damage caused by landscaping operations.
- C. Perform restoration work only after sitework has been completed and ground surface will not be affected.
- D. Locate, protect and maintain the existing irrigation system (if any) during planting, utility trenching and new building construction. Repair irrigation system components and/or piping, damaged during utility

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trenching, planting and building construction as part of this contract.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Topsoil: Topsoil shall be free from roots, sticks, weeds, brush or stones larger than 1-in. in diameter or other litter or waste products. It shall be a loamy mixture having at least 90 percent passing a No. 10 sieve. A sample, free from extraneous materials, shall comply to the following requirements:
 - 1. Organic Matter: Topsoil shall contain not less than 10 percent organic matter as determined by the test for organic matter, AASHTO T 194.
 - 2. Clay: The topsoil shall contain not less than 12 percent clay or more than 50 percent as determined in accordance with AASHTO T 88.
 - 3. Sand: The sand content shall not exceed 55 percent as determined in accordance with AASHTO T 88.
 - 4. pH: The pH of the sample shall not be less than 5.0 nor higher than 8.0. The pH shall be determined with an acceptable pH meter, on that portion of the sample passing a No. 10 sieve, in accordance with ASTM D-4972, pH of soils.
- B. Supplied or stockpiled topsoil shall be fertile, friable and representative of local productive soil, capable of sustaining vigorous plant growth and screened free of clay lumps, subsoil, noxious weeds or other foreign matter such as stones greater than 1" in diameter in any dimension, roots, sticks and other extraneous materials not frozen or muddy. pH of existing or supplied soil to range between 5.0 and 7.5. Adjusted to not more than 7.0 by additives as required by soil test. Topsoil shall contain not less than 3% and not greater than 10% organic matter. Clay content as determined by Bouyoucous Hydrometer Test shall range between 5 and 15 percent. Mechanical analysis as follows:

PASSING RETAINED ON PERCENTAGE

1'' Screen 100%

1" Screen \(\frac{1}{4}\)" screen (gravel) Not more than 3%

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1/4" Screen No. 140 USS Mesh Sieve 40-60%

No. 140 USS Percentage based on dry 30-35% (Very fine Weight of the samples sand, silt and clay)

C. If sufficient topsoil is not available at the Site or the Landscape Contractor elects the option to secure topsoil elsewhere, the Landscape Contractor must receive the Owner's approval of material in writing prior to securing topsoil. All topsoil secured off Site must meet other requirements of this Section.

2.2 SEED MIXTURES

A. Lawn Seed: Fresh, clean and new crop proportioned by weight as follows:

J	MIX	MIN. GERMINATION	MIN. PURITY
Perennial	30%	90%	95%
Ryegrass			
Kentucky	40%	75%	90%
Bluegrass			
Creeping Red	30%	80%	95%
Fescue			

2.3 ACCESSORIES

A. Lawn

- 1. Wood fiber mulch slurry, 1200 lbs fiber per acre.
- 2. Fertilizer: Water soluble 20-20-20 composition.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine finish surface and grades. Do not start landscape restoration work until all unsatisfactory conditions are corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION OF SUBSOIL

- A. Prepare sub-soil to eliminate uneven areas and low spots. Maintain lines, levels, profiles and contours. Make changes in grade gradual. Blend slopes into level areas.
- B. Remove foreign materials, weeds and undesirable plants and their roots. Remove contaminated sub-soil.

3.3 PLACING TOPSOIL

A. For Seeding Lawns: Spread topsoil to a depth of 2 inches over area to be seeded. Rake smooth and free of debris.

3.4 HYDROSEEDING

- A. Seeding operations shall take place between March 15 and June 15 under favorable climatic conditions or August 15-September 15.
- B. Treat all grassy or weedy areas with ''Round-up'' to eliminate existing vegetation. Wait 7-10 days, then apply a second application of ''Round-up'' and wait another 7 days until planting.
- C. Scarify ground with rake as necessary immediately before sowing seed to provide smooth, even grade and friable seed bed.
- D. Use a hydromulcher (sprayer) and apply mixture(s) at the following rate. Mix in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- E. Apply hydroseed slurry to indicated areas. Use tackifier only on erosion prone areas. Apply fertilizer with hydro mix.

Seed: At specified seeding rates (300 pounds per acre) Fertilizer: 400 pounds per acre Tackifier: 60 gallons per acre Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch: 2000 pounds per acre

F. Use care so as not to get hydroseed materials on buildings, walks, roadways, plant beds, etc.

3.5 ACCEPTANCE

- A. Architect shall inspect work upon written request of the Landscape Contractor after completion of 60-day establishment maintenance period.
- B. Acceptance of plant material shall be for conformance to specified size, character, and quality and shall not relieve the Landscape Contractor of responsibility for full conformance to Contract Documents including correct species.
- C. Acceptance in part: Portions of lawns and/or transplantings may be accepted in part upon Architect's approval.

- D. Landscape Contractor is responsible for watering of hydroseed and sod until lawn is established to the satisfaction of the Architect/Owner.
- E. Establish dense lawn of permanent grasses, free from lumps and depressions. Any area failing to show uniform germination to be reseeded; continue until dense lawn established. Damage to seeded area resulting from erosion to be repaired by the Landscape Contractor. Scattered bare spots less than 5 percent of the total area is acceptable.
- F. In event the Landscape Contractor does not establish dense lawn during germination period, return to project to refertilize and reseed to establish dense lawn.
- G. Should the seeded lawn become largely weeds after germination, the Landscape Contractor is responsible to kill the weeds and reseed the proposed lawn areas to produce a dense turf, as specified.

3.6 CLEANUP

A. Perform cleaning during installation of the work and upon completion of the work to the approval of the Architect. Remove from site all excess materials, debris and equipment. Repair damage resulting from seeding operations. Clean all areas where overspray has occurred from hydroseeding operations.

END OF SECTION 02951

SECTION 03001 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes cast-in-place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Section 312000 "Earth Moving" for drainage fill under slabs-on-grade.

1.02 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture (refer to Structural Drawings for additional information).
- Steel Reinforcement Shop Drawings: Placing drawings that detail fabrication, bending, and placement.

1.03 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
- B. Material certificates.
- C. Material test reports.
- D. Floor surface flatness and levelness measurements.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in Α. manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.

- 1. Manufacturer certified according to "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."
- Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency В. (Special Inspector), acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.
- C. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.4/D 1.4M, "Structural Welding Code -Reinforcing Steel."
- D. ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:
 - 1. ACI 301, "Specifications for Structural Concrete," Sections 1 through 5.
 - ACI 117, "Specifications for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials."
- E. Concrete Testing Service: Engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixtures.
- F. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 FORM-FACING MATERIALS

- Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that Α. will provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.
- Rough-Formed Finished Concrete: Plywood, lumber, metal, В. or another approved material. Provide lumber dressed on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.

2.02 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- Recycled Content of Steel Products: Postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content not less than 25 percent.
- ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 D. Reinforcing Bars: (Grade 420), deformed.
- Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185/A 185M, plain, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.
- Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other F. Bar devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice.

2.03 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of the same type, brand, and source, throughout Project:
 - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I, gray. Supplement with the following:
 - Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Class F or C.
 - Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: ASTM C 989, Grade 100 or 120.
- Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, graded. В.
 - 1. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: 1 inch (25 mm) nominal.
 - Fine Aggregate: Free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.
- C. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M and potable.

2.04 ADMIXTURES

- Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- В. Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that will not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.
 - 1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
 - Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
 - 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
 - Water-Reducing Admixture: 4. High-Range, ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.
 - 5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
 - and Retarding Admixture: 6. Plasticizing ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II.

2.05 WATERSTOPS

Self-Expanding Butyl Strip Waterstops: Manufactured rectangular or trapezoidal strip, butyl rubber with sodium bentonite or other hydrophilic polymers, for adhesive bonding to concrete, 3/4 by 1 inch (19 by 25 mm).

2.06 VAPOR RETARDERS

A. Sheet Vapor Retarder: ASTM E 1745, Class A, with a thickness not less than 10 mils. Include manufacturer's recommended adhesive or pressure-sensitive tape. Retain paragraph below if generic polyethylene, not complying with ASTM E 1745, is permitted.

2.07 CURING MATERIALS

Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. (305 g/sq. m) when dry.

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- Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film В. or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.
- Water: Potable. C.
- D. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, dissipating, certified by curing compound manufacturer to not interfere with bonding of floor covering.
- E. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, nondissipating, certified by curing compound manufacturer to not interfere with bonding of floor covering).

2.08 RELATED MATERIALS

A. Expansion-and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber.

2.09 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301.
- B. Cementitious Materials: Use fly ash, pozzolan, ground granulated blast-furnace slag, and silica fume as needed to reduce the total amount of portland cement, which would otherwise be used, by not less than 40 percent. Limit percentage, by weight, of cementitious materials other than portland cement in concrete as follows:
 - 1. Fly Ash: 25percent.
 - 2. Combined Fly Ash and Pozzolan: 25 percent.
 - Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 50 percent.
 - Combined Fly Ash or Pozzolan and Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 50 percent portland minimum, with fly ash or pozzolan not exceeding 25 percent.
 - 5. Silica Fume: 10 percent.

- Combined Fly Ash, Pozzolans, and Silica Fume: percent with fly ash or pozzolans not exceeding 25 percent and silica fume not exceeding 10 percent.
- Combined Fly Ash or Pozzolans, Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag, and Silica Fume: 50 percent with fly ash or pozzolans not exceeding 25 percent and silica fume not exceeding 10 percent.
- C. Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Use water-reducing, high-range water-reducing, or plasticizing admixture in concrete, as required, for placement and workability.
 - Use water-reducing and retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.
 - 3. Use water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete, concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a water-cementitious materials ratio below 0.50.
- Foundations (Footings and Concrete Walls): Proportion D. normal-weight concrete mixture as follows:
 - Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi (20.7 MPa) at 28 days.
 - Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.50
 - Slump Limit: 4 inches (100 mm), 8 inches (200 mm) for concrete with verified slump of 2 to 4 inches (50 to 100 mm) before adding high-range water-reducing admixture or plasticizing admixture, plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).
 - Air Content: 6 percent, plus or minus 1.5 percent at point of delivery for 1-inch (25-mm) nominal maximum aggregate size.
- Slab-on-Grade: Proportion structural normal-weight Ε. concrete mixture as follows:
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi (20.7 MPa) at 28 days.

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- Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm), plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).
- Air Content: Do not allow air content of trowel-3. finished floors to exceed 3 percent.
- F. Supported Slabs on Metal Deck: Proportion structural normal-weight concrete mixture as follows:
 - Minimum Compressive Strength: 3500 psi (20.7 MPa) at 28 days.
 - Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm), plus or minus 1 inch 2. (25 mm).
 - Air Content: Do not allow air content of trowelfinished floors to exceed 3 percent.
- Exterior Concrete: Proportion structural normal-weight concrete mixture as follows:
 - Minimum Compressive Strength: 4000 psi (20.7 MPa) at 28 days.
 - 2. Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm), plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).
 - Air Content: 6 percent, plus or minimum 1.5 percent at point of delivery for 1-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.

2.10 FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

2.11 CONCRETE MIXING

- Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver Α. concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M, and furnish batch ticket information.
 - When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F (30 and 32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 FORMWORK

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- В. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.
- C. Chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.

3.02 EMBEDDED ITEMS

Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items Α. required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.

3.03 VAPOR RETARDERS

- Sheet Vapor Retarders: Place, protect, and repair sheet Α. vapor retarder according to ASTM E 1643 and manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Lap joints 6 inches (150 mm) and seal with manufacturer's recommended tape.

3.04 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" Α. for placing reinforcement.
 - 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.

3.05 JOINTS

- A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Architect.
- C. Contraction Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of concrete thickness as follows:
 - Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint to a radius of 1/8 inch (3.2 mm). Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover tool marks on concrete surfaces.
 - Sawed Joints: Form contraction joints with power saws equipped with shatterproof abrasive or diamond-rimmed blades. Cut 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) wide joints into concrete when cutting action will not tear, abrade, or otherwise damage surface and before concrete develops random contraction cracks.
- Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: After removing formwork, install joint-filler strips at slab junctions with vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.
- Waterstops: Install in construction joints and at other Ε. joints indicated according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.06 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed.

- Deposit concrete continuously in one В. layer horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be continuously, provide construction joints indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
 - Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.
- C. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1.
- D. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301.

3.07 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

- Rough-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by Α. form-facing material with tie holes and defects repaired and patched. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
 - Apply to concrete surfaces not exposed to public view.
- Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted В. by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
 - Apply to concrete surfaces exposed to public view, to receive a rubbed finish, to be covered with a coating or covering material applied directly to concrete.
- C. Rubbed Finish: Apply the following to smooth-formed finished as-cast concrete where indicated:
 - Smooth-Rubbed Finish: Not later than one day after form removal, moisten concrete surfaces and rub with carborundum brick or another abrasive until producing a uniform color and texture. Do not apply cement grout other than that created by the rubbing process.
 - Grout-Cleaned Finish: Wet concrete surfaces and apply grout of a consistency of thick paint to coat surfaces

- and fill small holes. Mix one part portland cement to one and one-half parts fine sand with a 1:1 mixture of bonding admixture and water. Add white portland cement in amounts determined by trial patches so color of dry grout will match adjacent surfaces. grout into voids and remove excess grout. When grout whitens, rub surface with clean burlap and keep surface damp by fog spray for at least 36 hours.
- Cork-Floated Finish: Wet concrete surfaces and apply a stiff grout. Mix one part portland cement and one part fine sand with a 1:1 mixture of bonding agent and Add white portland cement in determined by trial patches so color of dry grout will match adjacent surfaces. Compress grout into voids by grinding surface. In a swirling motion, finish surface with a cork float.
- Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

3.08 FINISHING FLOORS AND SLABS

- General: Comply with ACI 302.1R recommendations for Α. screeding, restraightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces.
- Scratch Finish: While still plastic, texture concrete surface that has been screeded and bull-floated or darbied. Use stiff brushes, brooms, or rakes to produce a profile amplitude of 1/4 inch (6 mm) in one direction.
 - Apply scratch finish to surfaces to receive mortar setting beds for bonded cementitious floor finishes.
- Float Finish: Consolidate surface with power-driven floats or by hand floating if area is inaccessible to power driven floats. Restraighten, cut down high spots, and fill low spots. Repeat float passes

and restraightening until surface is left with a uniform, smooth, granular texture.

- Apply float finish to surfaces to receive trowel finish and to be covered with fluid-applied or sheet waterproofing, built-up or membrane roofing, or sandbed terrazzo.
- Trowel Finish: After applying float finish, apply first D. troweling and consolidate concrete by hand or power-driven trowel. Continue troweling passes and restraighten until surface is free of trowel marks and uniform in texture and appearance. Grind smooth any surface defects that would telegraph through applied coatings or floor coverings.
 - Apply a trowel finish to surfaces exposed to view or to be covered with resilient flooring, carpet, ceramic or quarry tile set over a cleavage membrane, paint, or another thin-film-finish coating system.
 - Finish surfaces to the following tolerances, according to ASTM E 1155, for a randomly trafficked floor surface:
 - Specified overall values a. Slab-on-Grade: flatness, F(F) 25; and of levelness, F(L) 20; with minimum local values of flatness, F(F) 17; and of levelness, F(L) 15.
 - Supported Slab on Metal Deck: Finish surfaces to b. the following tolerances, according to ASTM E 1155: F(L) Specified overall values of provide floor levelness such that 80 percent of the elevation points fall within a ¾ inch envelope centered on the mean data collected per ADSTM Mean elevation tolerance: 3/8 inch of E1155. design elevation.
- Ε. Trowel and Fine-Broom Finish: Apply a first trowel finish to surfaces where ceramic or quarry tile is to be installed by either thickset or thin-set method. concrete is still plastic, slightly scarify surface with a fine broom.

- Comply with flatness and levelness tolerances for trowel-finished floor surfaces.
- Broom Finish: Apply a broom finish to exterior concrete platforms, steps, ramps, and elsewhere as indicated.

3.09 CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature Α. drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 for hotweather protection during curing.
- В. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder hot, unformed concrete surfaces if dry, conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1 kg/sq. m x h) before and during finishing Apply according to manufacturer's written operations. instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
- concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:
 - 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days.
 - Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches (300 mm), and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
 - 3. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.
 - Removal: After curing period has elapsed, remove curing compound without damaging concrete surfaces

method recommended by curing manufacturer unless manufacturer certifies curing compound will not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on Project.

Curing and Sealing Compound: Apply uniformly to floors and slabs indicated in a continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Repeat process 24 hours later and apply a second coat. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

3.10 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

A. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.

3.11 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage a qualified В. testing and inspecting agency (Special Inspector)to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports (refer to Structural Drawings for additional information).

END OF SECTION 03001

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SECTION 04100 - MORTAR & GROUT

PART 1. GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this specification. Refer to Structural Drawings for additional information.

1.02 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Work included in this section consists of furnishing all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required for complete installation of mortar and grout for masonry.
- B. Related work specified elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 05120 Structural Steel (Non-shrink grout).

1.03 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Recommended Practices for Hot and Cold Weather Masonry Construction as published by the Masonry Industry Council.

PART 2. PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C150, Type 1 provide natural color or white cement as required to provide mortar color indicated.
- B. Mortar Aggregate: ASTM C144, standard masonry type.
- C. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C207, Type 'S', or 'N'.
- D. Masonry Cement: ASTM C91.
- E. Premix Mortar: ASTM C387.
- F. Grout Aggregate: ASTM C404.
- G. Grout Fine Aggregate: ASTM C144, 100% passing #8 sieve, maximum 5-30% passing #50 sieve.
- H. Water: Clean and potable.
- I. Integral water repellant additive meeting ASTM E-514.

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Plasticizer: J.

- SIKA Chemical Corporation "Intraplast Z".
- Euclid Chemical Co. "Eucon BK-S".
- Storage of all material shall prevent the intrusion of foreign matter. Store all masonry units on the ground, protected against damage and intrusion of excess moisture. No damaged or deteriorated materials shall be used.

2.02 MORTAR MIXES

- A. Mortar for exterior load bearing walls and all exterior masonry work below grade; ASTM C270, Type 'M'' or 'S', using the property method unless noted otherwise on structural drawings. Use ASTM C270 Type 'N' above grade at exterior veneers.
- B. Mortar for interior non-load bearing walls and partitions: ASTM C270, Type 'M' or 'S', using the property method.
- Mortar for reinforced masonry ASTM C270, Type 'S', using the C. property method.
- Pointing mortar for masonry veneers ASTM C270, Type 'N', D. using the property method.
- Mortar Pigments: Natural and synthetic milled, blended Ε. iron oxides, compounded for use in mortar mixes. Use only pigments with a record of satisfactory performance in masonry mortars.
 - 1. Provide colored mortar pigments: Color shall be as selected by Architect from SGS concentrated A, H and X Series mortar colors as manufactured by Solomon Colors, Springfield, IL 800-624-0261.
 - Carbon added for darker colors shall not exceed 4%.
 - Mix shall product uniform and consistent b. color.
 - Inert, stable to atmospheric conditions, sun fast, weather resistant, alkali resistant, water insoluble, lime proof and non bleeding.
 - Free of deleterious fillers and extenders. d.
 - Practice size: 95 to 99% minus 325 mesh. e.
 - pH: 6.5 to 9.0. f.
 - Shall be tested per ASTM C91 and ASTM C270. Exceed 1800 psi at 28 days strength requirement.

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- F. Ready-Mixed Mortar: Cementitious materials, water, and aggregate complying with requirements specified in this Article; combined with set-controlling admixtures to produce a ready-mixed mortar complying with ASTM C 1142.
- G. Cold-Weather Admixture: Nonchloride, noncorrosive, accelerating admixture complying with ASTM C 494, Type C, and recommended by the manufacturer for ues in masonry mortar of composition indicated.

2.03 MORTAR MIXING

- A. Thoroughly mix mortar ingredients in approved type mixing machine in quantities needed for immediate use in accordance with ASTM C270 or C780. Discharge mixer completely before recharging.
- B. All exterior above grade mortar exposed to moisture shall be fabricated with integral water repellant additive.
- C. Blend admixtures in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Do not use anti-freeze compounds to lower the freezing point of mortar.

2.04 GROUT MIXES

A. Bond beams, lintels, engineered masonry, reinforced masonry walls: min. 3000 psi strength at 28 days unless noted otherwise; 8-10 inches slump; pre-mixed grout in accordance with ASTM C94, or batch mixed in accordance with ASTM C476 for fine or course grout.

PART 3. EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION

A. Apply bonding agent to existing concrete surfaces.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install pre-mix mortar and grout in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Work grout into masonry cores and cavities to eliminate voids. Do not displace reinforcement. Reinforcing shall be

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mechanically anchored in masonry cores to prevent displacement during grouting.

END OF SECTION 04100

MORTAR & GROUT 04100-4 151626C

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SECTION 04300 - UNIT MASONRY

PART 1. GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this specification.

1.02 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Work included in this section consists of furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required for complete installation of concrete masonry and brick units including installation of reinforcement, anchorage and accessories.
- B. Related work specified elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 04100 Mortar & grout
 - 2. Section 04720 Cast Stone

1.03 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide unit masonry that develops the following installed compressive strengths (f'm) at 28 days.
 - 1. For concrete Unit Masonry: As follows, based on net area:
 - a. For 8'' CMU: f'm = 1500 psi
 - b. For 12 inch CMU: f'm = 2000 psi
 - 2. For Brick Unit Masonry: As follows, based on gross area:
 - a. f'm 1500 psi (10.3 MPa).

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide data on concrete masonry units including proposed reinforcing.
- B. Shop Drawing for stone trim including cutting and setting diagrams.
- C. Reinforcing steel shop drawings (refer to structural drawings for additional information)
- D. If specifically requested by the Architect/Engineer,

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provide samples for verification as follows:

- 1. Full-size units for each different exposed masonry unit required showing the full range of exposed colors, textures, and dimensions to be expected in the completed construction.
- 2. Weep vents in color to match mortar color.
- 3. Accessories embedded in the masonry.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide materials and construction identical to those of assemblies with fire resistance ratings determined per ASTM E 119 by a testing and inspecting agency, by equivalent concrete masonry thickness, or by another means, as acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Single-Source Responsibility for Masonry Units: Obtain exposed masonry units of a uniform texture and color, or a uniform blend within the ranges accepted for these characteristics, from one source and by a single manufacturer for each different product required.
- C. Single-Source Responsibility for Mortar Materials: Obtain mortar ingredients of a uniform quality, including color for exposed masonry, from one manufacturer for each cementitious component and from one source or producer for each aggregate.

1.06 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Hot and Cold weather requirements: Recommended Practices for Hot or Cold Weather Masonry Construction as published by the Masonry Industry Council.

1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store masonry units on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location to prevent their deterioration or damage due to moisture, temperature changes, contaminants, corrosion, and other causes. If units become wet, do not install until they are in an air-dried condition.
- B. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location.

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- Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
- D. Store masonry accessories, including metal items, to prevent corrosion and accumulation of dirt and oil.

PART 2. PRODUCTS

2.01 CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS

A. Concrete block (CMU): ASTM C90, medium weight (105-125 pcf). Use for above and below grade, exterior or interior wall applications. Provide units made with "dry block" as manufactured by W.R. Grace & Company (or approved) for exterior wall applications. This includes exterior walls with veneers.

2.02 BRICK UNITS

- A. Face Brick: ASTM C216, Type FBS, Grade SW.
- Brick Masonry Units: Modular size of 2-1/4" x 3-5/8" x 7-5/8". Provide special units of shape and size including solids as noted or required on the drawings.
- C. Provide brick as follows (submit sample for verification prior to ordering):
 - 1. Farmington High School: McAvoy Fieldstone as manufactured by Brick Tech (248) 548-0777. Mortar color: Grey.

2.03 THIN BRICK PANEL SYSTEM

- A. Interior Application to be used at Room B248 only.
- Provide complete system equal to "TABS Wall Systems Panel System", 616-554-5400, www.tabswallsystems.com
- Brick to be: C. Glen-Gery Brick Colonial Series "Autumn Haze" Modular Contact: Kim Mehl 248-548-0777
- D. Mortar to be standard grey color.

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- E. Installer to have minimum 5 years experience related to thin masonry support panel systems and shall be an authorized installer of the panel system approved by the manufacturer.
- F. Installation shall be in strict accordance with thin brick panel system manufacturers recommendations and instructions.

2.04 REINFORCEMENT AND ANCHORAGE

- A. All single wythe joint reinforcement shall be ladder type wire reinforcing consisting of No. 9 gauge deformed side rods, with No. 9 gauge standard ladder type cross rods. All rods shall be mill galvanized using ASTM A153, Class B-2 standards. Out to out spacing of side rods shall be approximately 2" less than the nominal wall thickness. Provide pre-fabricated corners and tee units as required.
- B. All multiple wythe/cavity wall joint reinforcement shall be adjustable ladder type mill galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153, Class B-2 standards. Separate adjustable ties extend to engage outer wythe by at least 2" and spaced not more than 16" o.c.
 - 1. Use where horizontal joints of facing wythe do not align with those of back-up and where indicated.
 - 2. Use where facing wythe is of different material than back-up wythe.
- C. For anchorage to steel framing, provide manufacturer's standard anchors with crimped 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) diameter wire anchor section for welding to steel and triangular-shaped wire tie section sized to extend within 1 inch (25 mm) of masonry face and wire diameter of 0.25". Provide one tie on each side of framing where masonry abuts. Ties to be spaced at 16" o.c. vertical.
- D. Adjustable Steel Wire Wall Ties (For Veneer w/CMU Backup): Formed wire 3/16" diameter high tensile, cold drawn steel wire conforming to ASTM A82, galvanized zinc coated finish, installed at 16" o.c. vertical opposite ladder reinforcing. Provide one tie per 2.66 square feet of wall area minimum.

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E. Manufacturers:

- 1. AA Wire Products Co.
- 2. Dur-O-Wal.
- 3. National Wire.
- 4. Hohmann and Barnard, Inc.
- 5. Wire Bond.
- 6. Other Architect Approved.
- F. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615, 60-ksi-yield grade deformed steel bars unprotected finish.

2.05 FLASHINGS

Through-wall Flashing: Rubberized asphalt sheet membrane dampproof coursing. Wall flashing material, 40 mil thick as manufactured by W.R. grace & Company "Perm-A-Barrier'', including bituthene mastic for sealing joints, terminations and penetrations.

2.06 ACCESSORIES

- A. Building Paper: 15# asphalt saturated felt.
- B. Column Wrap: Waxed corrugated cardboard of 15# asphalt saturated felt.
- C. Cavity Wall Insulation: Polystyrene Insulation. Refer to Section 07200 "Insulation".
- D. Foamed-in place insulation, refer to Section 07200 "Insulation".
- E. Weep Vents:
 - 1. Plastic Weep Vent: One-piece, flexible extrusion manufactured from ultraviolet-resistant polypropylene copolymer, designed to weep moisture in masonry cavity to exterior, sized to fill head joints with outside face held back 1/8 inch from exterior face of masonry, in color selected from manufacturer's standard.
- F. Cavity Drainage Material: 1-inch (25mm) thick, reticulated, nonabsorbent mesh, made from polyethylene strands and shaped to maintain drainage at weep holes without being clogged by mortar droppings.
 - 1. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide ''Mortar Net'' by Mortar Net USA, Ltd or Architect approved.

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2.07 LINTELS

A. Lintels shall be steel, precast or cast-in-place in accordance with details as shown or scheduled on the drawings.

PART 3. EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION

- A. Verify that field conditions are acceptable and ready to receive work. Examine rough-in and built-in construction to verify locations prior to installation.
- В. Coordinate placement of anchors supplied to other sections.
- Employ skilled mechanics, experienced supervision. Lay masonry plumb, true to line, with level, accurately spaced courses. Break vertical joints unless otherwise indicated. Keep bond plumb. Rack courses, where necessary, without toothing. Lay out facing before setting, minimize cutting closures, jumping bond.
- Do not wet concrete masonry. Lay masonry with complete bearing in full beds of mortar. Butter sides for full vertical joints. Shove units into place. Anchor walls not otherwise bonded with ties every 8", every four (4) courses.
- Cover top of masonry work at end of day's work with reinforced waterproof non-staining membrane. When air temperature is below 40°F, heat masonry materials, provide cold weather protection necessary to maintain temperature form 40°F. for 48 hours, both side of masonry.
- Mix units for exposed concrete unit masonry from several pallets as they are placed to provide a uniform blend of colors and textures.

3.02 COURSING

Maintain masonry courses to uniform dimension. Form vertical and horizontal joints of uniform thickness. Lay out walls in advance for accurate spacing of openings, movement type joints, returns, etc. Avoid units of less than half size at corners and jambs.

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- B. Block unit shall be laid in stack or running bond, as indicated on drawings with vertical joints aligned plumb, horizontal joints level. Joints in back-up work shall be worked out to provide bonding with facing masonry. Joints shall be uniform in width, thickness not to exceed 1/3". Exposed joints in finish work shall be tooled slightly concave, others shall be cut flush.
- C. Brick Units: Lay in running, stacked, rowlock and soldier bonds where noted on drawings. Course as detailed on drawings. Form concave mortar joints as detailed.
- D. Initial block course (first course above foundation) in walls (interior or exterior) shall be laid in full mortar beds on shells and cross webs; in other locations, units shall be laid in full mortar beds on shells only. Solid block units shall be laid same as brick. Vertical joints between units shall be filled with mortar between shell ends.
- E. All non-bearing walls and partitions shall terminate against beam soffits, roof, or structural ceilings, unless otherwise shown on drawings, or as stated below. Build wall to within 3/8" of overhead structure on roof, fill top joint and all voids with non-combustible insulation board which has width of 1" less than wall, then caulk joints.
- F. Both bearing and non-bearing masonry walls which enclose corridors, storage or mechanical rooms, shops and other rooms requiring a rated separation from adjacent areas, must have the top joint as well as all voids at roof deck and elsewhere in or over these walls, filled with cement grout, mortar, or plaster bed of at least 2" in width. Where no ceilings occur in the room, said fill shall be troweled flush with the wall surface or surfaces on the exposed side of the wall.
- G. All interior and exterior block walls shall have control joints 20'-0" o.c. maximum for exterior and 25'-0" to 30'-0" at interior walls. Line up control joints with joints in foundation wall and joints in face brick. Leave exposed faces on joints ready for caulking. Provide vertical reinforcing in grouted core on each side of exterior masonry control joints. Reinforcing to match vertical wall steel.

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- H. Bond each course at corners and break vertical joints at least 2". Tee shaped or cross shaped intersecting walls shall have vertical continuous joint. These joints shall be caulked. Provide for continuity of joint reinforcing by providing pre-fabricated 'T' shaped or 'L' shaped units.
- I. Provide welded steel masonry reinforcing placed in every second horizontal course in all block walls with at least one layer below a window sill level and one layer above a lintel level. Lay reinforcing on wall and cover with mortar, bed unit as usual. Longitudinal wire shall be lapped not less than 32 diameters at splices. At corners, cut inside rod and bend to proper angle.
- J. Construct bond beams as indicated with concrete grout.

 Maintain accurate location of reinforcing steel during grout placement.
- K. Grout course solid (or use solid units) immediately below veneer, where masonry serves as support for the veneer (i.e. brick ledges).
- L. Grout course solid (or use solid units) immediately below window and door openings or other locations where masonry serves as a support for a sill.
- M. Stopping and Resuming Work: In each course, rack back 1/2-unit length for one-half running bond or 1/3-unit length for one-third running bond; do not tooth. Clean exposed surfaces of set masonry and remove loose masonry units and mortar prior to laying fresh masonry.

3.03 PLACING AND BONDING

- A. Isolate masonry partitions from vertical structural framing members with a control joint as indicated.
- B. Isolate top joint of masonry partitions from horizontal structural framing members and slabs or decks with fire rated compressible joint filler.

3.04 WEEPS AND VENTS

A. Install weep holes in veneer at 24 inches on center horizontally or as indicated on drawings above throughwall flashing, above shelf angles, and at bottom of walls. Weeps shall be laid with masonry. Weep holes shall not be drilled, cut or carved into mortar joints.

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3.05 CAVITY WALL

- Do not permit mortar to drop or accumulate into cavity air Α. space or to plug weep holes. Provide layer of clean mason's sand at base of cavity directly on through wall flashing of sufficient depth to cover weep holes.
- Build inner wythe ahead of outer wythe to receive cavity insulation air/vapor barrier adhesive.
- Tie exterior wythe to back-up with continuous horizontal joint reinforcing.

3.06 REINFORCEMENT & ANCHORAGES - SINGLE WYTHE MASONRY

- Walls laid up with concrete block, including where used as back-up shall be reinforced with horizontal steel wall reinforcing as specified. Reinforcing shall be of proper width for block wythe, to have side wires over block shells. Place joint reinforcement at 16" o.c. vertical and continuous in first and second joint below top of walls.
- Place masonry joint reinforcement in first and second horizontal joints above and below openings. Extend minimum of 3'-0" beyond each side of opening.
- Reinforcing in foundation walls (below floor slab) shall be placed every other course, continuous.
- Terminate reinforcing each side of control joints; lap end joints 12", form corners by cutting and lapping inside wire, bending outside wire; form intersections by cutting and lapping reinforcing from one wall with other wall. Bed side wires completely in mortar.

3.07 REINFORCEMENT & ANCHORAGES - CAVITY WALL MASONRY

- Install horizontal joint reinforcement 16 inches o.c. Α. vertically. Place joint reinforcement continuous in first joint below top of walls.
- Place masonry joint reinforcement in first and second horizontal joints above and below openings. Extend minimum 16 inches each side of opening.

3.08 MASONRY FLASHINGS

Extend flashings under, over and through veneer. Turn up minimum 8 inches and bed into mortar joint of backup masonry.

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- B. Lap end joints and seal watertight.
- C. All discontinuous flashing shall be turned up one head joint past the opening jamb to form an end dam.
- D. Use flashing manufacturer's recommended adhesive and sealer.

3.09 LINTELS

- A. Install loose steel lintels over window openings, door openings and other miscellaneous openings as indicated on the structural plans.
- B. Construct concrete block lintels over window openings, door openings and other openings as indicated on the structural plans or otherwise required.
- C. Maintain minimum bearing each side of opening of 8" or as specified on structural drawings. Align end of lintel with vertical block joints.

3.10 GROUTED COMPONENTS

- A. Reinforce bond beams and pilasters as detailed.
- B. Support and secure reinforcing bars from displacement. Maintain position within 1/2 inch of dimensioned position.
- C. Place and consolidate grout fill without displacing reinforcing.
- D. At beam bearing locations, fill masonry cores with grout for a minimum 12 inches either side of member and three courses vertical, unless otherwise noted.

3.11 GROUTED COMPONENTS

- A. Reinforce bond beams as detailed.
- B. Support and secure reinforcing bars from displacement. Maintain position within 1/2 inch of dimensioned position.
- C. Place and consolidate grout fill without displacing reinforcing.
- D. At beam bearing locations, fill masonry cores with grout for a minimum 12 inches either side of member and three courses vertical, unless otherwise noted.

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3.12 ENGINEERED MASONRY

- Lay masonry units with core cells vertically aligned and cavities between wythes clear of mortar and unobstructed.
- В. Reinforce masonry unit cores and cavities reinforcement bars and grout as indicated. Provide vertical bars in corners. Provide vertical bars at each side of all masonry openings. Vertical bars to continue at noted spacing above openings.
- C. Secure vertical reinforcement in position at top and bottom of cells and at intervals not exceeding 192 bar diameters. Splice reinforcement 48 bar diameters, minimum 12".
- Place mortar in masonry unit bed joints back 1/4 inch from edge of unit grout spaces; bevel back and upward. Permit mortar to cure 3 days before placing grout.
- Grout spaces less than 2 inches in width with fine grout Ε. using low lift grouting techniques. Grout spaces 2 inches or greater in width with coarse grout using high or low lift grouting techniques.
- F. When grouting is stopped for more than one hour, terminate grout 1-1/2 inch below top of upper masonry unit to form a positive key for subsequent grout placement.
- Low Lift Grouting: Place first lift of grout to a height of 60 inches maximum and consolidate by mechanical vibration. Place subsequent lifts in maximum 60 inch increments and vibrate grout for consolidation. Ensure mortar has gained sufficient strength to withstand pressure prior to grouting. "Puddling" may be used in lieu of mechanical vibration if grout lifts are limited to 12 inches maximum.

Η. High Lift Grouting:

- Provide cleanout opening no less than 4 inches high at the bottom of each cell to be grouted by cutting one face shell of masonry unit.
- Clean out masonry cells and cavities with high-pressure water spray. Permit complete water drainage. Cells and cavities may be ''cleaned'' by using steel rod to remove excess mortar protrusions.
- 3. Request that Architect/Engineer inspect the cells. Allow three days advance notice.

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- 4. After cleaning and cell inspection, seal openings with masonry units.
- 5. Pump grout into spaces. Maintain water content in grout to intended slump without aggregate segregation.
- 6. Limit grout lift to 60 inches and mechanically vibrate for grout consolidation. Wait 30 to 60 minutes before placing next lift.

3.13 CONTROL AND EXPANSION JOINTS

- A. Do not extend horizontal joint reinforcement through control and expansion joints.
- B. Form control joint with a sheet building paper bond breaker fitted to one side of the hollow contour end of the masonry unit. Fill the resultant elliptical core with grout fill. Rake joint at exposed unit faces for placement of backer rod and sealant.
- C. Form expansion joints as detailed.

3.14 BUILT-IN WORK

- A. As work progresses, build in metal door and glazed frames, fabricated metal frames, window frames, wood nailing strips, anchor bolts, plates, and other items to be built in the Work furnished by other Sections.
- B. Bed anchors of metal door and glazed frames in adjacent mortar joints. Fill frame voids solid with grout. Fill adjacent masonry cores with grout minimum 12 inches from framed openings.

3.15 POINTING AND CLEANING

A. Point up all exposed existing brick where required, fill all holes and joints; remove loose mortar, cut out defective joints, and repoint where necessary.

3.16 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation from Plumb: 1/4 inch per story, non-cumulative.
- B. Maximum Variation from Level Coursing: 1/8 inch in 3 ft. and 1/4 inch in 10 ft.; ½ inch in 30 ft.

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3.17 CUTTING AND FITTING

- A. Cut and fit for chases, pipes, conduit, sleeves, grounds, and other items. Coordinate with other Sections of Work to provide correct size, shape, and location.
- B. Form slots, grooves, chases, recesses, other items required for other trades. Build in all required structural steel, miscellaneous metal, sash anchors, precast concrete anchors, and other items. Bed in mortar to line and level. Build in counter flashing furnished by Roofing Contractor. Check all requirements in advance to eliminate cutting.
- C. Do necessary cutting of masonry for installation of items not otherwise provided for. Patch walls, maintain structural stability, appearance, weather resistance.
- D. Cut masonry units with motor-driven saws to provide clean, sharp, unchipped edges. Cut units as required to provide continuous pattern and to fit adjoining construction. Use full-size units without cutting, where possible. Allow units cut with water-cooled saws to dry before placing, unless wetting of units is specified. Install cut units with cut surfaces and, where possible, cut edges concealed.

3.18 REPAIRING, POINTING AND CLEANING

- A. Remove and replace masonry units that are loose, chipped, broken, stained, or otherwise damaged or if units do not match adjoining units. Install new units to match adjoining units; install in fresh mortar or grout, pointed to eliminate evidence of replacement.
- B. Pointing: During the tooling of joints, enlarge voids and holes, except weep holes, and completely fill with mortar. Point-up joints, including corners, opening, and adjacent construction, to provide a neat, uniform appearance. Prepare joints for application of sealants.
- C. Remove excess mortar and mortar smears.
- D. Clean soiled surfaces with cleaning solution.

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- On completion of pointing and re-pointing of all face Ε. brick and block work, interior and exterior, clean thoroughly with "Sure Klean 600", "Craft Klean" or similar prepared detergent, acceptable to brick and/or block manufacturer, applied strictly according to manufacturer's instructions with stiff fiber brushes. Drench with clean water immediately after cleaning. Do not use job mixed acid on this project. All cleaning shall be done prior to installation of any finished floor, wall mounted light fixtures, aluminum frames or items subject to damage. Protect aluminum and hollow metal frames, other built-in items.
- For cleaning pre-faced units, use masonry detergent cleaners in accordance with manufacturer's directions. Do not use hydrochloric acids or other unbuffered acids. Do not use steel wool or other abrasives.

3.19 MASONRY WASTE DISPOSAL

A. Recycling: Undamaged, excess masonry materials are Contractor's property and shall be removed from the Project site for his use.

END OF SECTION 04300

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SECTION 05120 - STRUCTURAL STEEL FRAMING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes structural steel and grout

1.02 DEFINITIONS

Structural Steel: Elements of structural-steel frame, as Α. classified by AISC 303, "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."

1.03 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Connections: Provide details of simple shear connections required by the Contract Documents to be selected or completed by structural-steel fabricator to withstand loads indicated and comply with other information and restrictions indicated.
 - Select and complete connections using schematic details indicated and AISC 360.
 - 2. Use ASD; data are given at service-load level.
- B. Moment Connections: Type FR, fully restrained.

1.04 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- Shop Drawings: Show fabrication of structural-steel В. components.

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For structural-steel connections indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

1.05 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer and fabricator.
- B. Welding certificates.
- Mill test reports for structural steel, including chemical C. and physical properties.
- D. Source quality-control reports.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Oualifications: A qualified fabricator that participates in the AISC Quality Certification Program and is designated an AISC-Certified Plant, Category STD, or have an equivalent quality assurance program as certified by a qualified independent testing agency.
- Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who participates in the AISC Quality Certification Program and is designated an AISC-Certified Erector, Category CSE, or have an equivalent quality assurance program as certified by a qualified independent testing agency.
- C. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code -Steel."
- D. Comply with applicable provisions of the following specifications and documents:
 - 1. AISC 303.
 - 2. AISC 360.
 - RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."

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E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 STRUCTURAL-STEEL MATERIALS

- Α. Recycled Content of Steel Products: Postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content not less than 25 percent.
- B. W-Shapes: ASTM A 992/A 992M.
- C. Channels, Angles, Shapes: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- D. Plate and Bar: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- E. Cold-Formed Hollow Structural Sections: ASTM A 500, Grade B, structural tubing.
- F. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E or S, Grade B.
- G. Welding Electrodes: Comply with AWS requirements.

2.02 BOLTS, CONNECTORS, AND ANCHORS

- A. High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325 (ASTM A 325M), Type 1, heavy-hex steel structural bolts; ASTM A 563, Grade C, (ASTM A 563M, Class 8S) heavy-hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M), Type 1, hardened carbon-steel washers; all with plain finish.
 - 1. Direct-Tension Indicators: ASTM F 959, Type 325 (ASTM F 959M, Type 8.8), compressible-washer type with plain finish.
- High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 490 В. (ASTM A 490M), Type 1, heavy-hex steel structural bolts[or tension-control, bolt-nut-washer assemblies with splined ends]; ASTM A 563, Grade DH, (ASTM A 563M, Class 10S) heavy-hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436

(ASTM F 436M), Type 1, hardened carbon-steel washers with plain finish.

- 1. Direct-Tension Indicators: ASTM F 959, Type 490 (ASTM F 959M, Type 10.9), compressible-washer type with plain finish.
- C. Zinc-Coated High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325 (ASTM A 325M), Type 1, heavy-hex steel structural bolts; ASTM A 563, Grade DH (ASTM A 563M, Class 10S) heavy-hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M), Type 1, hardened carbon-steel washers.
 - 1. Finish: Hot-dip zinc coating] [Mechanically deposited zinc coating] [Hot-dip or mechanically deposited zinc coating].
 - 2. Direct-Tension Indicators: ASTM F 959, Type 325 (ASTM F 959M, Type 8.8), compressible-washer type with [mechanically deposited zinc coating] [mechanically deposited zinc coating, baked epoxy-coated] finish.
- D. Tension-Control, High-Strength Bolt-Nut-Washer Assemblies: ASTM F 1852, Type 1, [heavy-hex] [round] head assemblies consisting of steel structural bolts with splined ends, heavy-hex carbon-steel nuts, and hardened carbon-steel washers.
 - 1. Finish: [Plain] [Mechanically deposited zinc coating].
- E. Shear Connectors: ASTM A 108, Grades 1015 through 1020, headed-stud type, cold-finished carbon steel; AWS D1.1/D1.1M, Type B.
- F. Unheaded Anchor Rods: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36, or ASTM F 1554, Grade 55, weldable (refer to Structural Steel Notes on drawings for additional information.
 - 1. Configuration: Straight.
 - 2. Finish: Plain.
- G. Headed Anchor Rods: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36 or ASTM F 1554, Grade 55, weldable, straight (refer to Structural Steel Notes on drawings for additional information.

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- 1. Finish: Plain.
- H. Threaded Rods: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 - 1. Finish:Plain,or hot-dip zinc coating ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class C, if exposed to weather.

2.03 PRIMER

- A. Low-Emitting Materials: Paints and coatings shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- B. Primer: Comply with [Section 099113 "Exterior Painting" and Section 099123 "Interior Painting."] [Section 099600 "High-Performance Coatings."] [Section 099113 "Exterior Painting," Section 099123 "Interior Painting," and Section 099600 "High-Performance Coatings."]
- C. Primer: SSPC-Paint 25, [Type I] [Type II], zinc oxide, alkyd, linseed oil primer.
- D. Primer: Fabricator's standard lead- and chromate-free, nonasphaltic, rust-inhibiting primer complying with MPI#79 and compatible with topcoat.

2.04 GROUT

A. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive and nonstaining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.

2.05 FABRICATION

A. Structural Steel: Fabricate and assemble in shop to greatest extent possible. Fabricate according to AISC's

"Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" and AISC 360.

Shear Connectors: Prepare steel surfaces as recommended by manufacturer of shear connectors. Use automatic end welding of headed-stud shear connectors according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M and manufacturer's written instructions.

2.06 SHOP CONNECTIONS

- A. High-Strength Bolts: Shop install high-strength bolts according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for type of bolt and type of joint specified.
 - 1. Joint Type: Snug tightened, unless noted otherwise.
- В. Weld Connections: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M for tolerances, appearances, welding procedure specifications, weld quality, and methods used in correcting welding work.

2.07 SHOP PRIMING

- Α. Shop prime steel surfaces except the following:
 - Surfaces embedded in concrete or mortar. Extend priming of partially embedded members to a depth of 2 inches (50 mm).
 - Surfaces to be field welded.
 - Surfaces to be high-strength bolted with slip-critical connections.
 - Surfaces to receive sprayed fire-resistive materials (applied fireproofing).
 - 5. Galvanized surfaces.
- Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces to be painted. В. Remove loose rust and mill scale and spatter, slag, or deposits. Prepare surfaces according to the following specifications and standards:
 - 1. SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
 - SSPC-SP6, "Commercial Blast Cleaning" for galvanized surfaces.

Immediately after surface preparation, apply C. Priming: primer according to manufacturer's written instructions and at rate recommended by SSPC to provide a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils (0.038 mm). Use priming methods that result in full coverage of joints, corners, edges, and exposed surfaces.

2.08 GALVANIZING

- Hot-Dip Galvanized Finish: Apply zinc coating by the hot-Α. dip process to structural steel according to ASTM A 123.
- Galvanize above the roof and outside the building envelope В. (exposed to weather).

2.09 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- Testing Agency: Owner will engage an independent testing Α. inspecting agency (Special Inspector, refer Structural drawings for additional information) to perform shop tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
 - Provide testing agency with access to places where structural-steel work is being fabricated or produced to perform tests and inspections.
- Correct deficiencies in Work that test reports В. inspections indicate does not comply with the Contract Documents.
- Bolted Connections: Shop-bolted connections be tested and inspected according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
- Welded Connections: In addition to visual inspection, D. shop-welded connections will be tested and according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M and the following inspection procedures, at testing agency's option:
 - Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.
 - Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709; performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or zones of incomplete fusion or penetration will not be accepted.

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- 3. Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E 164.
- 4. Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E 94.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- Α. Verify, with steel Erector present, elevations concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces and locations of anchor rods, bearing plates, and other embedments for compliance with requirements.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.02 ERECTION

- Α. Set structural steel accurately in locations and elevations indicated and according to AISC 303 and AISC 360.
- B. Base, Bearing, and Leveling Plates: Clean concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen surfaces prior to setting plates. Clean bottom surface of plates.
 - Set plates for structural members on wedges, shims, or setting nuts as required.
 - Weld plate washers to top of baseplate.
 - 3. Snug-tighten anchor rods after supported members have been positioned and plumbed. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of plate before packing with grout.
 - Promptly pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates so no voids remain. Neatly finish exposed surfaces; protect grout and allow to cure. Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions for shrinkage-resistant grouts.

C. Maintain erection tolerances of structural steel within AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."

3.03 FIELD CONNECTIONS

- A. High-Strength Bolts: Install high-strength bolts according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for type of bolt and type of joint specified.
 - 1. Joint Type: Snug tightened, unless noted otherwise.
- B. Weld Connections: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M and AWS D1.8/D1.8M for tolerances, appearances, welding procedure specifications, weld quality, and methods used in correcting welding work.
 - 1. Comply with AISC 303 and AISC 360 for bearing, alignment, adequacy of temporary connections, and removal of paint on surfaces adjacent to field welds.

3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency (Special Inspector, refer to Structural drawings for additional information) to inspect field welds, and, high-strength bolted connections.
- B. Bolted Connections: Bolted connections will be[tested and] inspected according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
- C. Welded Connections: Field welds will be visually inspected according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
 - 1. In addition to visual inspection, field welds will be tested and inspected according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M and the following inspection procedures, at testing agency's option:
 - a. Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.

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- b. Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709; performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or zones of incomplete fusion or penetration will not be accepted.
- c. Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E 164.
- d. Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E 94.
- D. Correct deficiencies in Work that test reports and inspections indicate does not comply with the Contract Documents.

END OF SECTION 05120

SECTION 05210 - STEEL JOIST FRAMING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. K-series steel joists.
- 2. LH- and DLH-series long-span steel joists.
- 3. Joist accessories.

1.02 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of joist, accessory, and product.

B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Include layout, designation, number, type, location, and spacing of joists.
- Include joining and anchorage details, bracing, bridging, and joist accessories; splice and connection locations and details; and attachments to other construction.
- 3. Submit signed and sealed calculations for special joists. Refer to Structural Drawings for additional information.

1.03 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
- B. Manufacturer certificates.
- C. Mill Certificates: For each type of bolt.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Manufacturer Qualifications: A manufacturer certified by Α. SJI to manufacture joists complying with applicable standard specifications and load tables in SJI's "Specifications."
 - Manufacturer's responsibilities include providing professional engineering services for designing special joists to comply with performance requirements.
- Welding Qualifications: Qualify field-welding procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, store, and handle joists as recommended in SJI's "Standard Specifications, 43rd Edition".

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- Α. Recycled Content of Steel Products: Postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content not less than 25 percent.
- Structural Performance: Provide special joists and В. connections capable of withstanding design loads indicated.
 - Use ASD; data are given at service-load level.
 - Design special joists to withstand design loads with live-load deflections no greater than the following: Roof Joists: Vertical deflection of 1/360 of the span.
 - 3. Design joists for net wind uplift of 10 psf.

2.02 K-SERIES STEEL JOISTS

- Manufacture steel joists of type indicated according to Α. "Standard Specifications for Open Web Steel Joists, K-Series" in SJI's "Specifications," with steel-angle topand bottom-chord members, underslung ends, and parallel top chord.
- Steel Joist Substitutes: Manufacture according to В. "Standard Specifications for Open Web Steel Joists, K-Series" in SJI's "Specifications," with steel-angle or channel members.

2.03 LONG-SPAN STEEL JOISTS

Manufacture steel joists according to "Standard Α. Specifications for Longspan Steel Joists, LH-Series and Deep Longspan Steel Joists, DLH-Series" in SJI's "Specifications," with steel-angle top- and bottom-chord members; of joist type and end and top-chord arrangements as indicated.

2.04 PRIMERS

Primer: SSPC-Paint 15, or manufacturer's standard shop primer complying with performance requirements in SSPC-Paint 15.

2.05 JOIST ACCESSORIES

- Bridging: Provide bridging anchors and number of rows of Α. horizontal or diagonal bridging of material, size, and type required by SJI's "Standard Specifications, 43rd Edition" for type of joist, chord size, spacing, and span. Furnish additional erection bridging if required for stability.
- Bridging: Schematically indicated. Detail and fabricate according to SJI's "Standard Specifications, 43rd Edition". Furnish additional erection bridging if required for stability.

- C. Carbon-Steel Bolts and Threaded Fasteners: ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6), carbon-steel, hex-head bolts and threaded fasteners; carbon-steel nuts; and flat, unhardened steel washers.
 - 1. Finish: Plain, uncoated.
- High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325 (ASTM A 325M), Type 1, heavy hex steel structural bolts; ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) heavy hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M) hardened carbon-steel washers.
 - 1. Finish: Plain.
- Furnish miscellaneous accessories including splice plates and bolts required by joist manufacturer to complete joist assembly.

2.06 CLEANING AND SHOP PAINTING

- Clean and remove loose scale, heavy rust, and other foreign materials from fabricated joists and accessories.
- B. Apply one coat of shop primer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Do not install joists until supporting construction is in place and secured.
- Install joists and accessories plumb, square, and true to line; securely fasten to supporting construction according to SJI's "Specifications," joist manufacturer's written recommendations, and requirements in this Section.
 - Before installation, splice joists delivered to Project site in more than one piece.
 - Space, adjust, and align joists accurately in location before permanently fastening.

- Install temporary bracing and erection bridging, connections, and anchors to ensure that joists are stabilized during construction.
- C. Field weld joists to supporting steel bearing plates and framework. Coordinate welding sequence and procedure with placement of joists. Comply with AWS requirements and procedures for welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.
- Install and connect bridging concurrently with joist D. erection, before construction loads are applied. Anchor ends of bridging lines at top and bottom chords if terminating at walls or beams.

3.02 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent Α. testing and inspecting agency (Special Inspector) to inspect field welds and bolted connections and to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 05210

SECTION 05310 - STEEL DECKING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Α. General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Roof deck.
- В. Related Requirements:
 - Section 05500 "Metal Fabrications" for framing deck openings with miscellaneous steel shapes.
 - Section 09900 "Painting" for repair painting of primed deck and finish painting of deck.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of deck, accessory, and product indicated.
- В. Shop Drawings:
 - Include layout and types of deck panels, anchorage details, reinforcing channels, pans, cut deck openings, special jointing, accessories, and attachments to other construction.

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1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of steel deck.
- C. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, indicating that each of the following complies with requirements:
 - 1. Power-actuated mechanical fasteners.
 - 2. Acoustical roof deck.
- D. Evaluation Reports: For steel deck.
- E. Field quality-control reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to Α. ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.
- В. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING 1.6

- Protect steel deck from corrosion, deformation, and other Α. damage during delivery, storage, and handling.
- Stack steel deck on platforms or pallets and slope to В. provide drainage. Protect with a waterproof covering and ventilate to avoid condensation.
 - Protect and ventilate acoustical cellular roof deck with factory-installed insulation to maintain insulation free of moisture.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. AISI Specifications: Comply with calculated structural characteristics of steel deck according to AISI's "North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members."
- B. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Comply with ASTM E 119; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - Indicate design designations from UL's "Fire Resistance Directory" or from the listings of another qualified testing agency.
- C. Recycled Content of Steel Products: Postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content not less than 25 percent.
- Low-Emitting Materials: Paints and coatings shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

2.2 ROOF DECK

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Canam United States; Canam Group Inc.
 - 2. Consolidated Systems, Inc.; Metal Dek Group.
 - 3. Marlyn Steel Decks, Inc.
 - 4. New Millennium Building Systems, LLC.
 - 5. Nucor Corp.; Vulcraft Group.
 - 6. Roof Deck, Inc.
 - 7. Verco Manufacturing Co.
 - 8. Wheeling Corrugating Company; Div. of Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel Corporation.

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- Roof Deck: Fabricate panels, without top-flange В. stiffening grooves, to comply with "SDI Specifications and Commentary for Steel Roof Deck," in SDI Publication No. 31, and with the following:
 - 1. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Structural Steel (SS), Grade 33 G90 zinc coating.
 - 2. Profile Depth: 1-1/2 inches.
 - Design Uncoated-Steel Thickness: 0.0358 inch.
 - Span Condition: Triple span or more.
 - Side Laps: Overlapped.

2.3 ACCESSORIES

- Α. General: Provide manufacturer's standard accessory materials for deck that comply with requirements indicated.
- В. Mechanical Fasteners: Corrosion-resistant, low-velocity, power-actuated or pneumatically driven carbon-steel fasteners; or self-drilling, self-threading screws.
- Side-Lap Fasteners (at 1-1/2 wide rib deck only): Corrosion-resistant, hexagonal washer head; self-drilling, carbon-steel screws, No. 10 minimum diameter.
- D. Flexible Closure Strips: Vulcanized, closed-cell, synthetic rubber.
- E. Miscellaneous Sheet Metal Deck Accessories: Steel sheet, minimum yield strength of 33,000 psi, not less than 0.0359-inch design uncoated thickness, of same material and finish as deck; of profile indicated or required for application.
- Column Closures, End Closures, Z-Closures, and Cover Plates: Steel sheet, of same material, finish, and thickness as deck unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Weld Washers: Uncoated steel sheet, shaped to fit deck rib, 0.0598 inch thick, with factory-punched hole of 3/8inch minimum diameter.

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- H. Flat Sump Plates: Single-piece steel sheet, 0.0747 inch thick, of same material and finish as deck. For drains, cut holes in the field.
- I. Recessed Sump Pans: Single-piece steel sheet, 0.0747 inch thick, of same material and finish as deck, with 3-inch-wide flanges and sloped recessed pans of 1-1/2-inch minimum depth. For drains, cut holes in the field.
- J. Galvanizing Repair Paint: SSPC-Paint 20 or MIL-P-21035B, with dry film containing a minimum of 94 percent zinc dust by weight.
- K. Repair Paint: Manufacturer's standard rust-inhibitive primer of same color as primer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine supporting frame and field conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install deck panels and accessories according to applicable specifications and commentary in SDI Publication No. 31, manufacturer's written instructions, and requirements in this Section.
- B. Install temporary shoring before placing deck panels if required to meet deflection limitations.
- C. Locate deck bundles to prevent overloading of supporting members.

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- Place deck panels on supporting frame and adjust to final D. position with ends accurately aligned and bearing on supporting frame before being permanently fastened. Do not stretch or contract side-lap interlocks.
 - Align cellular deck panels over full length of cell runs and align cells at ends of abutting panels.
- Ε. Place deck panels flat and square and fasten to supporting frame without warp or deflection.
- Cut and neatly fit deck panels and accessories around openings and other work projecting through or adjacent to deck.
- G. Provide additional reinforcement and closure pieces at openings as required for strength, continuity of deck, and support of other work.
- Comply with AWS requirements and procedures for manual shielded metal arc welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used for correcting welding work.
- Mechanical fasteners may be used in lieu of welding to fasten deck. Locate mechanical fasteners and install according to deck manufacturer's written instructions.

3.3 ROOF-DECK INSTALLATION

- Fasten roof-deck panels to steel supporting members by arc spot (puddle) welds of the surface diameter indicated or arc seam welds with an equal perimeter that is not less than 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) long, and as follows:
 - Weld Diameter: 3/4 inch, nominal. 1.
 - Weld Spacing for 1 1/2 in. roof deck (including 2. acoustical deck): Weld edge and interior ribs of deck units with a minimum of two welds per deck unit at each support. Space welds 12 inches apart in the field of roof and 6 inches apart in roof corners and perimeter, based on roof-area definitions in FMG Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-28.

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- Weld spacing for 3 inch acoustical deck: as indicated on drawings.
- Weld Washers: Install weld washers at each weld 4. location.
- В. Side-Lap and Perimeter Edge Fastening for 1-1/2 inch deck Fasten side laps and perimeter edges of panels between supports, at intervals not exceeding the lesser of 1/2 of the span or 36 inches, and as follows:
 - Mechanically fasten with self-drilling, No. 10 diameter or larger, carbon-steel screws.
 - Mechanically clinch or button punch.
 - 3. Fasten with a minimum of 1-1/2-inch-long welds.
- End Bearing: Install deck ends over supporting frame with a minimum end bearing of 1-1/2 inches, with end joints as follows:
 - End Joints: Lapped 2 inches minimum or butted at Contractor's option.
- Roof Sump Pans and Sump Plates: Install over openings D. provided in roof deck and weld flanges to top of deck. Space welds not more than 12 inches apart with at least one weld at each corner.
 - Install reinforcing channels or zees in ribs to span between supports and weld.
- Ε. Miscellaneous Roof-Deck Accessories: Install ridge and valley plates, finish strips, end closures, and reinforcing channels according to deck manufacturer's written instructions. Weld to substrate to provide a complete deck installation.
 - Weld cover plates at changes in direction of roof-deck panels unless otherwise indicated.
- Flexible Closure Strips: Install flexible closure strips over partitions, walls, and where indicated. Install with adhesive according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure complete closure.

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3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing Α. agency (Special Inspector) to perform tests and inspections.
- Field welds will be subject to inspection. В.
- C. Testing agency will report inspection results promptly and in writing to Installer, Construction Manager and Architect.
- D. Remove and replace work that does not comply with specified requirements.
- Additional inspecting, at Installer's expense, will be Ε. performed to determine compliance of corrected work with specified requirements.

3.5 PROTECTION

- Galvanizing Repairs: Prepare and repair damaged Α. galvanized coatings on both surfaces of deck with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A 780 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- Repair Painting: Wire brush and clean rust spots, welds, В. and abraded areas on both surfaces of prime-painted deck immediately after installation, and apply repair paint.
 - Apply repair paint, of same color as adjacent shop-1. primed deck, to bottom surfaces of deck exposed to
 - Wire brushing, cleaning, and repair painting of bottom deck surfaces are included in Section 09900 "Painting".
- Repair Painting: Wire brushing, cleaning, and repair painting of rust spots, welds, and abraded areas of both deck surfaces are included in Section 09900 "Painting".

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D. Provide final protection and maintain conditions to ensure that steel deck is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 05310

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SECTION 05400 - COLD-FORMED METAL FRAMING

PART 1. GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this specification.

1.02 SECTION INCLUDES

- Work included in this Section consists of furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required for complete installation of all load and non-load bearing exterior structural steel studs and joist framing, fasteners and accessories. Refer to Section 09250 for lightweight metal framing and furring.
- Related work specified elsewhere: В.
 - 1. Section 06100 Rough Carpentry
 - 2. Section 09250 Gypsum Drywall

1.03 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- Size components to withstand design live, dead and wind loads per design drawings or as follows:
 - 1. Vertical Assembly: Exterior, 25 PSF positive or negative; Interior 5 PSF positive or negative.
 - 2. Horizontal Assembly: 40 PSF live load.
- Maximum allowable deflection: Per design drawings or 1/360 of span for all materials other than masonry veneer. 1/720 of span for stud back-up to masonry veneer.
- C. Design wall system to provide for movement of components without damage. Contribution from sheathing shall not be considered for lateral deflection.

- D. Design system to accommodate construction tolerances, deflection of building structural members, including metal deck and clearances of intended openings.
- E. Refer to structural drawings for additional information.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings: Indicate component details, framed openings, bearing required, loading, welds, type and location of fasteners and describe framing connections.
- B. Provide stud and joist layout. Submit signed and sealed calculations by the responsible professional engineer for loading, deflection, and stresses of framing, for review and approval.
- C. Product Data: Describe materials and finish, product criteria, and limitations.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer who has completed cold-formed metal framing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this project and with a record of successful in-service performance, and who is a current member in good standing of the Steel Stud Manufacturer's Association (SSMA).
- B. AISI American Iron and Steel Institute, Cold-Formed Steel Design Manual.
- C. ASTM A446 Steel Sheet, Zinc Coated (Galvanized) by Hot-Dip Process, Physical (Structural) Quality.
- D. ASTM A525 Steel Sheet, Zinc Coated (Galvanized) by the Hot-Dip Process.
- E. ASTM A570 Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Sheet and Strip Structural Quality.
- F. ASTM A611 Steel, Cold-Rolled Sheet, Carbon, Structural.

- G. ASTM C955 - Load Bearing (Transverse and Axial) Steel Studs, Runners (Track) and Bracing or Bridging, for Screw Application of Gypsum Board and Metal Plaster Bases.
- AWCI (Association of Wall & Ceiling Industries) -Η. Specification Guide for Cold-Formed Structural Members.
- I. AWS D1.1 Structural Welding Code steel.
- J. AWS D1.3 Structural welding code Sheet Steel.
- Κ. SSPC (Steel Structures Painting Council) -Structures Painting Manual.
- L. MFMA (Metal Framing Manufacturers Association) Guidelines for the Use of Metal Framing.

PART 2. PRODUCTS

2.01 FRAMING MATERIALS

- Manufacturers Α.
 - 1. Clark Steel Framing
 - 2. Dietrich Industries, Inc.
 - Marino/Ware
 - 4. Other Architect approved current member in good standing of the SSMA.
- Studs: ASTM A446, sheet steel 'C' channel shape, solid web, minimum 18-gage, size as noted on drawings, galvanized to G-90 coating class, complying with ASTM C955. Yield strength of 33,000 psi minimum. 25-gage studs are acceptable for interior applications unless noted otherwise.
- Joists: ASTM A446, Grade 33, sheet steel 'C' channel shape, solid web, 18-gage or size as noted on drawings, galvanized to G-90 coating class, complying with ASTM C955.

D. Stud Track: Formed steel, channel shaped; same width and gage as stud, solid web, galvanized to G-90 coating class, complying with ASTM C955.

2.02 ACCESSORIES

- A. Bracing, Furring, Bridging, Plates, Gussets, Kickers, Stiffeners, Clips: Formed steel, thickness, same as stud or determined for conditions encountered; same finish as framing members.
- Screws: ASTM A123, hot dip galvanized to 1.25-oz./sq. ft., self-drilling, self-tapping, No.10 (minimum).
- Anchorage Devices: Power driven, power actuated or drilled expansion joint as required relative to substrata.
- D. Welding: In accordance with AWS D1.1 or D1.3.
- Touch-Up Primer for Galvanized Surfaces: SSPC-Paint 20 with dry film containing minimum of 94 percent zinc dust by weight.

2.03 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate assemblies of sizes and profiles required; with framing members fitted, reinforced and braced.
- Fit and assemble in largest practical sections for В. delivery to site, ready for installation.
- C. Reinforce, stiffen, and brace framing assemblies to withstand handling, delivery, and erection stresses. Lift fabricated assemblies to prevent damage or distortion.

PART 3. EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION

A. Verify that substrate surfaces and building framing components are ready to receive work.

В. Beginning of installation means acceptance of existing conditions and substrate.

3.02 ERECTION OF STUDDING

- Install components in accordance with manufacturer's Α. instructions.
- Align top and bottom tracks; locate to wall layout. Secure with fasteners at maximum 24-inches o.c.
- Place studs at 16-inches o.c. unless noted otherwise on drawings; not more than 2-inches from abutting walls and at each side of openings. Connect studs to tracks using fastener method. Wire tying of framing members is not permitted.
- D. Construct corners using minimum three studs. Double stud each wall opening, door, and window jamb. Install intermediate studs above and below openings to match wall stud spacing.
- load bearing studs one-piece full Ε. Erect length. Splicing of studs is not permitted.
- Allow for deflection, directly below horizontal building framing, metal decking, etc., for non-load bearing framing.
- Attach cross studs and furring channels to studs for attachment of fixtures anchored to walls and attachment of mechanical and electrical items within walls.
- Touch-up field welds and damaged prefinished surfaces Η. with primer.
- I. Coordinate placement of insulation in multiple stud spaces made inaccessible after erection.
- Coordinate installation of all wood blocking for installation of items supplied by other trades.
- Coordinate installation of all framing to accommodate Κ. openings required by architectural, mechanical electrical trades.

3.03 ERECTION OF JOISTS

- A. Install components in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- Make provisions for erection stresses. Provide temporary alignment and bracing.
- C. Place joists at 16-inches o.c. unless noted otherwise on drawings; position not more than 2-inches from abutting walls. Connect joists to supports using fastener method. Fasten joists to both flanges of joist track.
- D. Set joists parallel with lateral bracing and bridging.
- Locate joist end bearing directly over load bearing studs or provide load-distributing member to top of stud track.
- F. Provide web stiffeners at reaction points.
- Touch up field welds and damaged prefinished surfaces with primer.

3.04 TOLERANCES

- Α. Maximum variation from true position: 1/4-inch.
- B. Maximum variation of any member from plane: 1/4 inch.

END OF SECTION 05400

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SECTION 05500 - METAL FABRICATIONS

PART 1. GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this specification.

1.02 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Work included in this section consists of furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required for complete installation of miscellaneous metal work shown on the drawings, as specified herein, and/or as needed for a complete and proper installation whether shown or not.
- B. Related work specified elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 05120 "Structural Steel", including all angles, beams, columns, bolts, etc., shown on the structural drawings or required by the architectural drawings.
 - 2. Section 05210 "Steel Joists"
 - 3. Section 05310 "Steel Decking"
 - 4. Section 05510 "Metal Stairs"

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Use adequate numbers of skilled workmen who are thoroughly trained and experienced in the necessary crafts and who are completely familiar with the specified requirements and the methods needed for proper performance of the work of this section.
- B. Perform shop and/or field welding required in connection with the work of this Section in strict accordance with pertinent recommendations of the American Welding Society.
- C. Fabricator Qualifications: Firm experienced in producing metal fabrications similar to those indicated for this project with a record of successful in-service performance, and with sufficient production capacity to produce required units without delaying the work.
- D. Welding Standards: Comply with applicable provisions of AWS D1.1 "Structural Welding Code—Steel," AWS D1.2 "Structural Welding Code—Aluminum," and AWS D1.3 "Structural Welding Code—Sheet Steel."

1. Certify that each welder has satisfactorily passed AWS qualification tests for welding processes involved and, if pertinent, has undergone recertification.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Comply with pertinent provisions of Division 1.
- B. Product Data: Within 35 calendar days after the contractor has received the Construction Manager's Notice to Proceed, submit:
 - Shop drawings in sufficient detail to show fabrication, installation, anchorage, and interface of the work of this section with the work of adjacent trades. Provide templates for anchors and bolts specified for installation under other sections.
 - 2. Submit signed and sealed calculations for steel pipe railings by the registered professional engineer registered in the State of Michigan responsible for their preparation.

1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Check Actual locations of walls and other construction to which metal fabrications must fit by accurate field measurements before fabrication. Show recorded measurements on final shop drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the work.
 - 1. Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the work, guarantee dimensions and proceed with fabricating products without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to guaranteed dimensions. Allow for trimming and fitting.

PART 2. PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. In fabricating items which will be exposed to view, limit materials to those which are free from surface blemishes, pitting, rolled trade names, and roughness.
- B. Comply with following standards as pertinent:
 - 1. Steel plates, shapes and bars: ASTM A36.
 - 2. Steel plates to be bent or cold-formed: ASTM A283, Grade C.

- 3. Steel tubing: ASTM A501, Grade B.
- 4. Cold-finished steel bars: ASTM A108.
- 5. Cold-rolled carbon steel sheets: ASTM A336.
- 6. Galvanized carbon steel sheets: ASTM A526, with G90 zinc coating in accordance with ASTM A525.
- 7. Steel pipe: ASTM A53, Grade B, standard weight, black finish unless otherwise noted.
- 8. For exterior installations and where indicated, provide members with hot-dip galvanizing coat per ASTM A53.
- 9. Concrete inserts:
 - a. Threaded or wedge type galvanized ferrous castings of malleable iron complying with ASTM A27.
 - b. Provide required bolts, shims, and washers, hot-dip galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153.

2.02 FASTENERS

A. General:

- 1. For exterior use and where built into exterior walls, provide zinc-coated fasteners.
- 2. Provide fasteners of type, grade, and class required for the particular use.

B. Comply with following standards as pertinent:

- 1. Bolts and nuts: Provide hexagon-head regular type complying with ASTM A307, Grade A.
- 2. Lag bolts: Provide square-head type complying with Fed. Spec. FF-B-561.
- 3. Machine screws: Provide cadmium plated steel type complying with Fed. Spec. FF-S-111.
- 4. Washers:
 - a. Plain washers: Comply with Fed. Spec. FF-W-92, round, carbon steel.
 - b. Lock washers: Comply with Fed. Spec. FF-W-84, helical spring type carbon steel.
- 5. Toggle bolts: Provide type, class and style needed but complying with Fed. Spec. FF-B-588.
- 6. Anchorage devices: Provide expansion shield complying with Fed. Spec. FF-S-325.

2.03 OTHER MATERIALS

A. Provide other materials, not specifically described but required for a complete and proper installation, as selected by contractor subject to the approval of the Architect.

2.04 SHOP PAINT

- A. Primer: Use "10-99 Tnemec Primer" or Architect/Engineer equal product by Rustoleum.
- B. For repair of galvanizing, use a high zinc-dust content paint complying with SSPC-paint 20. Dry film containing not less than 94 percent zinc dust by weight.
- C. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt mastic complying with SSPC-Paint 12, except containing no asbestos fibers.

2.05 FABRICATION

- A. Except as otherwise shown on the drawings or the approved shop drawings, use materials of size, thickness, and type required to produce reasonable strength and durability in the work of this Section.
- B. Fabricate with accurate angles and surfaces which are true to the required lines and levels, grinding exposed welds smooth and flush, forming exposed connections with hairline joints, and using concealed fasteners wherever possible.
- C. Prior to shop painting or priming, properly clean metal surfaces as required for the applied finish and for the proposed use of the items.
- D. On surfaces inaccessible after assembly or erection, apply two coats of the specified primer. Change color of second coat to distinguish it from the first.
- E. Shear and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs.
- F. Ease exposed edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch, unless otherwise indicated. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.
- G. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in shop to greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.

2.06 MISCELLANEOUS METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Rough Hardware:
 - 1. Furnish bent or otherwise custom fabricated bolts,

plates, anchors, hangers, dowels and other miscellaneous steel and iron shapes as required for framing and supporting woodwork and for anchoring or securing woodwork to concrete or other structures. Straight bolts and other stock rough hardware items are specified in Section 06100.

 Manufacture or fabricate items of sizes, shapes, and dimensions required. Furnish malleable iron washers for heads and nuts which bear on wood structural connections; elsewhere, furnish steel washers.

B. Loose Bearing and Leveling Plates:

 Provide loose bearing and leveling plates for steel items bearing on masonry or concrete construction made flat, free from warps or twists, and of required thickness and bearing area. Drill plates to receive anchor bolts and for grouting as required. Galvanize after fabrication.

C. Loose Steel Lintels:

- 1. Provide loose structural steel lintels for opening and recesses in masonry walls and partitions as shown. Weld adjoining members together to form a single unit where indicated. Provide not less than 8" bearing at each side of openings, unless otherwise shown.
- 2. Size lintels as follows, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Up to 4'-0'' span: One 3 1/2'' x 4'' x 5/16'' steel angle supporting each 4'' thick module of masonry.
 - b. Spans 4'-0'' to 7'-0'': One 5'' x 3-1/2'' x 5/16'' steel angle supporting each 4'' thick module of masonry.
 - c. Over 7'-0'': Consult Architect if not indicated.
- 3. Hot dip galvanized loose steel lintels to be installed in exterior walls.

D. Steel Pipe Railings:

- 1. Provide railings and handrails capable of withstanding the following loads applied as indicated when tested per ASTM E 935.
 - a. Concentrated loads of 200 lbs. Applied at any point in any direction.
 - b. Uniform load of 50 lbs. Per linear ft. applied in any direction.
 - c. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed

to act concurrently.

- d. Infill of Guards: Concentrated load of 50 lbs. applied horizontally on an area 1 sq. ft. Uniform load of 25 lb./ft. applied horizontally. Infill load and other loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
- e. Provide X-Strong pipe (Schedule 80).
- Interconnect railing and handrail members by butt-welding or welding with internal connectors, at fabricator's option.
- At tee and cross intersections provide coped joints.
- 4. At bends interconnect pipe by means of prefabricated elbow fittings or flush radius bends, as applicable.
- 5. Form simple and compound curves by bending pipe in jigs to produce uniform curvature for each repetitive configuration required; maintain cylindrical cross-section of pipe throughout entire bend without buckling, twisting or otherwise deforming exposed surfaces of pipe.
- 6. Provide wall returns at ends of wall-mounted handrails, except where otherwise indicated.
- 7. Close exposed ends of pipe by welding 3/16" thick steel plate in place or by use of prefabricated fittings.
- 8. Provide wall brackets, end closures, flanges, miscellaneous fittings and anchors for interconnections of pipe and attachment of railings and handrails to other work. Furnish inserts and other anchorage devices for connecting railings and handrails to concrete or masonry work.

E. Miscellaneous Framing and Supports:

- 1. Provide miscellaneous steel framing and supports as required to complete work.
- 2. Fabricate miscellaneous units to sizes, shapes, and profiles shown or, if not shown, or required dimensions to receive adjacent other work to be retained by framing. Except as otherwise shown, fabricate from structural steel shapes, plates, and steel bars of welded construction using metered joints for field connection. Cut, drill and tap units to receive hardware and similar items.
- 3. Hot dip galvanize exterior miscellaneous frames and supports.

PART 3. EXECUTION

3.01 SURFACE CONDITIONS

A. Examine the areas and conditions under which work of this section will be performed. Correct conditions detrimental to timely and proper completion of the work. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected.

3.02 COORDINATION

Coordinate as required with other trades to assure proper and adequate provision in the work of those trades for interface with the work of this Section.

3.03 INSTALLATION

A. General:

- 1. Set work accurately into position, plumb, level, true and free from rack.
- 2. Anchor firmly into position.
- 3. Where field welding is required, comply with AWS recommended procedures of manual-shielded metal-arc welding for appearance and quality of weld and for methods to be used in correcting welding work.
- 4. Grind exposed welds smooth and touch up shop prime coats.
- 5. Do not cut, weld, or abrade surfaces which have been hotdip galvanized after fabrication and which are intended for bolted or screwed field connections.
- B. Immediately after erection, clean the field welds, bolted connections and abraded areas of shop priming. Paint the exposed areas with same material used for shop priming.

END OF SECTION 05500

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SECTION 05720 - ORNAMENTAL RAILING SYSTEM

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Pre-engineered, component-based, ornamental railing system.

1.2 REFERENCES

A. ANSI Z97.1 - Safety Glazing Material Used in Buildings.

1.3 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- A. Railing system shall be designed to conform to building code and ADA requirements for openings and stress.
- B. Railing system shall withstand concentrated load horizontally or vertically down at any point on top rail, uniform load applied vertically down and horizontally, but not simultaneously on top rail, as required by the 2012 Michigan Building Code.

1.4 PERFORMANCE

A. Rail Tested per:

- 1. ASTME 894-88 Standard Test Method for Anchorage of permanent Metal Railing Systems and Railing for Buildings.
- 2. E 935-93 Standard Test Methods for Performance of Permanent Metal Railing Systems and Rails for Buildings.
- 3. E985-93 Standard Specifications for Permanent Metal Railing Systems and Rails for Buildings.

B. Thermal Action and Corrosion Control:

1. Allow for thermal action resulting from the maximum range change in ambient temperature in the design, fabrication and installation of rail systems, to prevent opening of joints, buckling, and other detrimental effects, including overstressing of connections and components.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Comply with Section 01330 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data, including description of materials, components, fabrication, and finishes.
- C. Shop Drawings: Submit manufacturer's shop drawings, including elevations, sections, and details, indicating materials,

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components, sizes, dimensions, tolerances, hardware, fasteners, finishes, options, accessories, and installation. Show details of attaching railing system to supports.

- D. Samples: Submit manufacturer's samples of standard materials, finishes, colors, and textures.
- E. Manufacturer's Quality Assurance: Submit manufacturer's certification that materials comply with specified requirements and are suitable for intended application.
- F. Maintenance Instructions: Submit manufacturer's maintenance and cleaning instructions.
- G. Warranty: Submit manufacturer's standard warranty.
- 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
 - A. Delivery: Deliver materials to site in manufacturer's original, unopened containers and packaging, with labels clearly identifying product name and manufacturer.
 - B. Storage: Store materials in clean, dry area indoors in accordance with manufacturer's instructions to avoid damage from moisture, abrasion and other construction activities.
 - C. Handling: Protect materials and finish from damage during handling and installation.
 - D. All material must be delivered, stored and handled by P & P ARTEC Technicians only.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

A. ''P & P ARTEC'', 700 Creel Drive, Wood Dale, IL 60191, Phone (800) 927-7346.

2.2 ORNAMENTAL RAILING SYSTEM

- A. Pre-Engineered, Component-Based, Ornamental Railing System: ''P & P ARTEC'' Stainless Steel component part railing system.
 - 1. Material quality: Provide materials free from surface blemishes where exposed to view in the finished installation.
 - 2. Guardrail: Provide oak cap rail. Size as indicated on drawings. Finish: Custom stain color to be selected by Architect.
 - 3. Frame tubes: Hard drawn stainless steel tubes 15mm (5/8"

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- O.D.) with a 360-400 grit finish.
- Connection fittings: Solid cast zinc powder coated in colors per P & P ARTEC's standard color chart supplied with shop drawings.
- 5. In-fill panel:
 - Glass lites, 5/16" clear tempered, all fours sides polished. Also available in other commercially available colors.
 - 1. Indicate tempered glass logo on glass lite.
- 6. Bolts, screws & nuts: 304 Stainless steel. Do not use metals that will be corrosive and incompatible with materials being fastened.
- 7. Mixes: Use Red Head Ceramic 6 Epoxy to cast baluster into concrete.

FABRICATION 2.3

- A. Fabricate handrails and railing systems to comply with P & P ARTEC's specification for project design, details, dimensions, finish and anchorage, but not less than the structural requirements to support loading.
 - 1. Refer to drawings for custom end terminations.
- B. All fabrication by P & P ARTEC technicians.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas to receive railing system. Notify Construction Manager if areas are not acceptable. Do not begin installation until unacceptable conditions have been corrected.
- Examine system components, substrate and condition where railing В. systems are to be installed. Field measurements must be taken by a P & P ARTEC technician prior to fabrication.
- C. Review and coordinate setting drawings, templates, and related items that are to be embedded in concrete and masonry.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- Install railing system in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Railing installation shall be by P & P ARTEC technicians only per approved shop drawings and conditions.
- B. Install railing system plumb, level, square, true to line, and rigid.
- C. Attach railing system securely in place using fasteners supplied or approved by manufacturer.

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- D. Attach railing system to supports supplied or approved by manufacturer.
- E. Mount railing system as side mount with baluster foot.
- F. Use manufacturer's supplied hardware.
- G. Repair minor damages to finish in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and as approved by Architect.
- H. Remove and replace defective or damaged components that cannot be successfully repaired as determined by Architect.

3.3 CLEANING

- A. Clean railing system promptly after installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Clean railing system surface with a stainless steel cleaner.
- B. Do not use harsh cleaning materials or methods that would damage glass or finish.
- C. Do not use abrasive cleaners.
- D. Provide plastic sheet protection for all surfaces of completed installations to prevent damage during remainder of construction activities.

3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed railing system and finish from damage during other construction.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 06100 - CARPENTRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

A. The extent of the carpentry work is shown on the Drawings.

1.03 OUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Lumber Standard: Comply with U.S. Department of Commerce Product Voluntary Standards PS 1-07, "Structural Plywood'', PS 2-04 Performance Standard for ''Wood based structural use panels'' and PS 20-05 American Softwood Lumber Standard, except as otherwise indicated.
- B. Factory mark each piece of lumber and plywood with type, grade, mill, and grading agency: West Coast Lumber Assoc. (WBLC) or Western Wood Products Association (WWPA).

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

A. Wood Treatment Data:

- 1. Submit treatment manufacturer's instructions for proper use of each type of treated material.
 - a. Pressure Treatment: For each type specified, include certification by treating plant stating chemicals and process used, net amount of preservative retained, and conformance with applicable standards.
 - b. For water-borne preservatives, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to a maximum of 15% prior to shipment to project site.

B. Product Data:

1. Submit manufacturer's specifications and other data for each carpentry anchorage, fastening, and miscellaneous material. Provide material certificates for all lumber and plywood. Transmit a copy of each instruction to the Installer.

1.05 PRODUCT HANDLING:

A. Delivery and Storage: Keep materials dry during delivery and storage. Protect against exposure to weather and contact with damp or wet surfaces. Stack lumber and plywood and provide air circulation within stacks.

1.06 JOB CONDITIONS:

A. Coordination: Fit carpentry work to other work, scribe and cope as required for accurate fit. Correlate location of furring, nailers, blocking, grounds, and similar supports to allow proper attachment of other work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS:

A. Lumber - General:

1. Nominal sizes are indicated, except as shown by detail dimensions. Provide actual sizes as required by PS 20-05, for the moisture content specified for each use. Use dressed lumber, surfaced four sides (SFS) seasoned with 19% maximum moisture contact at time of dressing.

Framing Lumber (2" through 4" thick):

- 1. For light framing (less than 6" wide), provide Construction Grade Douglas Fir as graded by the West Coast Lumber Bureau (WCLB) or equivalent species and grade with minimum fiber stress rating (bending) of 1000 psi (Fb), and modules of elasticity of 1,500,000 psi.
- 2. For structural framing (6" and wider and from 2" to 4" thick) provide dense No. 1 Grade Douglas Fir as graded by the West Coast Lumber Bureau (WCLB) or equivalent species and grade with minimum fiber stress rating (bending) of 1500 psi (Fb), and modules of elasticity of 1,700,000 psi.

C. Boards (less than 2" thick):

- Produce lumber of 19% maximum moisture contant (S-DRY) and of the following species and grade.
 - a. Redwood Construction Common (RIS).
 - b. Southern Pine No. 2 Boards (SPIB).
 - c. Or any species graded construction Boards (WCLB or WWPA).

D. Plywood:

- 1. Provide only Douglas Fir Plywood in accordance with grading requirements of the APA - The Engineered Wood Association as follows:
 - Treated non-combustible AC standard with exterior alue.

Anchorage and fastening Materials: Ε.

- Select proper type, size, material, and finish for each application. Comply with the following:
 - Nails and Staples: FS FF-N-105.
 - Wood Screws: FS FF-S-111. b.
 - Bolts and Studs: FS FF-B-575. c.
 - d. Nuts: FS FF-N-836.
 - е. Washers: FS FF-W-92.
 - f. Lag Screws or Lag Bolts: FS FF-B-561.
 - Masonry Anchoring Devices: For expansion shields, q. nails, and drive screws, comply with FS FF-S-325.
 - Toggle Bolts: FS FF-B-588.
 - Bar or Strap Anchors: ASTM A 575 carbon steel bars.

WOOD TREATMENT: 2.02

- Preservation Treatment: Where lumber or plywood is indicated as "Treated" or is specified herein to be treated, comply with the applicable requirements of the American Wood Preservers Association (AWPA) AWPA P23-08, ASTM D-1625 and Federal Specification TT-W-50.
- B. Pressure-treat above-ground items with water-borne preservatives complying with AWPA P5-09, ASTM D-1760, and Federal Specification TT-W-571. After treatment, kiln-dry to a maximum moisture content of 19%. Treat indicated items and the following, except where fire retardant treated.

- Wood cants, nailers, blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers and waterproofing.
- 2. Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring, stripping, and similar concealed members in contact with masonry or concrete.
- 3. Wood framing members less than 12 inches above grade excepting timber.

C. Fire Retardant Treated:

1. Wood blocking and similar items installed within the building shall be pressure impregnation with retardant chemicals to achieve a flame spread rating of not more than 25 when tested in accordance with UL Test 723, ASTM E 84, or NFPA Test 355.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

A. Installer must examine the substrates and supporting structure and the conditions under which the carpentry work is to be installed and notify the Constructor, in writing, of conditions detrimention to the work. Do not proceed with the installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the installer.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

A. General:

- 1. Discard units of material with defects which might impair the quality of the work, and units which are too small to fabricate the work with minimum joints or the optimum joint arrangement.
- 2. Set carpentry work accurately to required levels and lines, with members plumb and true and accurately cut and fitted.
- 3. Securely attach carpentry work to substrate anchoring and fastening as shown and as required. Provide washers under bolt heads and nuts in contact with wood. Nail plywood in accordance with the recommendations of APA-The Engineered Wood Association.

- 4. Use common wire nails, except as otherwise shown or specified herein. Use finishing nails for exposed work. Do not wax of lubracate fasteners that depend on friction for holding power. Select fasteners of size that will not penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Make tight connections between members. Install fasteners without splitting of wood; pre-drill as required. Do not drive threaded friction type fasteners; turn into place. Tighten bolts and lag screws at installation and retighten as required for tight connections prior to closing in or at completion of work.
- Wood Grounds, Nailers, Blocking and Sleepers:
 - 1. Provide wherever shown and where required for screening or attachment of other work. Form to shapes as shown and cut as required for true line and level of work to be attached. Coordinate location with other work involved.
 - Attach to substrates as required to support applied loading. Countersink bolts and nuts flush with surfaces, unless otherwise shown. Build into masonry during installation of masonry work. Where possible, anchor to form work before concrete placement.
 - 3. Provide permanent grounds of dressed, pressure preservative treated key-bevelled lumber not less than 1-1/2" wide and of the thickness required to bring face of ground to exact thickness of finished material involved. Remove temporary grounds when no longer required.

Wood Furring:

Install plumb and level with closure strips at all edges and openings. Shim with wood as required for tolerance of finished work.

D. Wood Framing:

1. Provide framing members of sizes and on spacings shown and frame openings as shown, or if not shown, comply with recommendations of "The Wood Frame Construction Manual'' 2001 Ed. of the American Wood Council. Do not splice structural members between supports.

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- 2. Anchor and nail as shown, and comply with the "Recommended Nailing Schedule - Table I of the Manual for Housing Framing: and other recommendations of the N.F.P.A.
- E. Installation of Plywood:
 - 1. Comply with recommendations of the Engineered Wood Association (APA) for the installation of plywood.

END OF SECTION 06100

06100 - 6 CARPENTRY

SECTION 06402 - INTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL WOODWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes the following: Α.
 - 1. Interior standing and running trim.
 - 2. Laminate clad cabinets (plastic-covered casework).
 - 3. Cabinet tops (countertops).
 - 4. Interior miscellaneous ornamental items.
 - 5. Laminated Paneling
- В. Related Sections: The following sections contain requirements that relate to this section:
 - 1. Division 6 Section 06100 "Carpentry" for furring, blocking, and other carpentry work that is not exposed to view.
 - Division 9 Section 09900 "Painting" for finishing of installed architectural woodwork.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit the following in accordance with Conditions of Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.
- B. Product data for each type of product and process specified in this section and incorporated into items of architectural woodwork during fabrication, finishing and installation.
- C. Fire-retardant treatment data for material impregnated by pressure process to reduce combustibility. certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements.

- Shop drawings showing location of each item, dimensioned plans and elevations, large-scale details, attachment devices, and other components.
 - 1. Plastic laminate.
 - 2. Factory-applied opaque finishes.
- Samples for verification purposes of the following: Ε.
 - Lumber with or for transparent finish, 50 square inches, for each species and cut, finished on one side and one edge.
 - 2. Veneer leaves representative of and selected from flitches to be used for transparent finished woodwork.
 - Wood veneer faced panel products; with or transparent finish, 8-1/2 inches by 11 inches, for each species and cut with one half of exposed surface finished, with separate samples of unfaced panel product used for core.
 - Lumber and panel products with factory-applied opaque finish, 8- 1/2 inches by 11 inches for panels and 50 square inches for lumber, for each finish system and color, with one half of exposed surface finished.
 - 5. Laminate clad panel products, 8-1/2 inches, by 11 inches for each type, color, pattern, and surface finish, with separate samples of unfaced panel product used for core.
 - 6. Corner pieces as follows:
 - Cabinet front frame joints between stiles and rail as well as exposed end pieces, 18 inches high by 18 inches wide by 6 inches deep.
 - b. Miter joints for standing trim.
 - 7. Exposed cabinet hardware, one unit of each type and finish.
- Product certificates signed by woodwork manufacturer F. certifying that products comply with specified requirements.

Qualification data for firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" article to demonstrate capabilities and experience. Include list of completed projects with project names, addresses, names Architects and Owners, and other information specified.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Manufacturer Qualifications: Firm experienced successfully producing architectural woodwork similar to indicated for this Project, with sufficient production capacity to produce required units without causing delay in the Work.
- Single-Source Responsibility: Arrange for production by a В. single firm of architectural woodwork with sequence matched wood veneers.
- C. Single-Source Manufacturing and Installation Responsibility: Engage a qualified Manufacturer to assume undivided responsibility for woodwork specified in this including fabrication, section, finishing installation.
- Installer Oualifications: Arrange for installation of architectural woodwork by a firm that can demonstrate successful experience in installing architectural woodwork items similar in type and quality to those required for this project.
- AWI Quality Standard: Comply with applicable requirements of "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards" published by the Architectural Woodwork Institute (AWI) except as otherwise indicated.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- Protect woodwork during transit, delivery, storage, and handling to prevent damage, soilage and deterioration.
- Do not deliver woodwork until painting, wet work, В. grinding, and similar operations that could damage, soil, deteriorate woodwork have been completed installation areas. If woodwork must be stored in other than installation areas, store only in areas whose environmental conditions meet requirements specified in "Project Conditions."

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Conditions: Obtain and comply with Woodwork Manufacturer's and Installer's coordinated advice for optimum temperature and humidity conditions for woodwork during its storage and installation. Do not woodwork until these conditions have been attained and stabilized so that woodwork is within plus or minus 1.0 percent of optimum moisture content from date installation through remainder of construction period.
- Field Measurements: Where woodwork is indicated to be fitted to other construction, check actual dimensions of other construction by accurate field measurements before manufacturing woodwork; show recorded measurements on final shop drawings. Coordinate manufacturing schedule with construction progress to avoid delay of Work.
 - Where field measurements cannot be made without 1. delaying the Work, guarantee dimensions and proceed with manufacture of woodwork without field measurements. Coordinate other construction to ensure that actual dimensions correspond to quaranteed dimensions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 HIGH PRESSURE DECORATIVE LAMINATE MANUFACTURERS

- Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering high pressure Α. decorative laminates which may be incorporated in the work include but are not limited to the following:
- B. Manufacturer: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide high pressure decorative laminates from:
 - 1. Wilsonart International

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide materials that comply with requirements of the AWI woodworking standard for each type of woodwork and quality grade indicated and, where the following products are part of woodwork, with requirements of the referenced product standards that apply to product characteristics indicated:
 - 1. Hardboard: ANSI/AHA A135.4

- 2. High Pressure Laminate: NEMA LD 3-2005.
 - a. Fire rated laminate: ASTM E84 and UL 723 and NEMA LD3-2005.
- Medium Density Fiberboard: ANSI A208.2.
- Particleboard: ANSI A208.1
- 5. Softwood Plywood: PS 1.
- 6. Formaldehyde Emission Levels: Comply with formaldehyde emission requirements of each voluntary standard referenced below:
 - Particleboard: NPA 8.
 - b. Medium Density Fiberboard: NPA 9.
 - C. Hardwood Plywood: HPMA FE.
- B. Fire-Retardant Particleboard: Where indicated on the documents, provide panels complying with the following requirements that have fire-retardant chemicals bonded to softwood particles at time of panel manufacture to achieve products identical to those tested for flame spread of 20 or less and for smoke developed of 25 or less per ASTM E 84 by UL or other testing and inspecting organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting organization.
 - 1. For 45-lb-density panels and thicknesses of 3/4 inch and less, comply with ANSI A208.1 for Grade 1-M-1 except that minimums for modulus of elasticity and screw-holding capacity on face and edge shall be 300,000 psi, 250 lb, and 225 lb, respectively.
 - 2. For 44-lb-density panels and thicknesses of 13/16 inch to 1-1/4 inch, comply with ANSI A208.1 for Grade 1-M-1 except that minimums for modulus of rupture, modulus of elasticity, internal bond, linear expansion, and screw-holding capacity on face and edge shall be 1300 psi, 250,000 psi, 60 psi, 0.50 percent, 250 lb, and 175 lb, respectively.
 - 3. Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide "Duraflake FR" by Duraflake Div.; Willamette Industries, Inc.

2.3 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Wood Moisture Content: Comply with requirements of referenced quality standard for moisture content of lumber in relation to relative humidity conditions existing during time of fabrication and in installation areas.
- Fabricate woodwork to dimensions, profiles, and details В. indicated. Ease edges to radius indicated for following:
 - 1. Corners of cabinets and edges of solid wood (lumber) members less than 1 inch in nominal thickness: 1/16 inch.
 - 2. Edges of rails and similar members more than 1 inch in nominal thickness: 1/8 inch.
- Complete fabrication, including assembly, finishing, and hardware application, before shipment to project site to maximum extent possible. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Where necessary for fitting at site, provide ample allowance for scribing, trimming, and fitting.
- Factory-cut openings, to maximum extent possible, to receive hardware, appliances, plumbing fixtures, electrical work, and similar items. Locate openings accurately and use templates or roughing-in diagrams to produce accurately sized and shaped openings. Smooth edges of cutouts and, where located in countertops and similar exposures, seal edges of cutouts with a water-resistant coating.

2.4 FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED LUMBER

- A. Low-Hygroscopic Formulation: Interior Type A per AWPA C20.
- Fire Performance Characteristics: Provide identical to those tested for the following fire performance characteristics per ASTM test methods indicated by UL or other testing and inspecting organizations acceptable to authorities jurisdiction. Identify treated lumber with classification marking of inspecting and testing organization in the form of separable paper label or, where required by authorities having jurisdiction, of imprint on lumber surfaces that will be concealed from view after installation.

- Surface Burning Characteristics: Not exceeding values indicated below, tested per ASTM E 84 for 30 minutes with no evidence of significant combustion.
 - a. Flame Spread: 25.
 - b. Smoke Developed: 50.
- Mill lumber after treatment, within limits set for wood removal that does not affect listed fire performance characteristics, using a woodworking plant certified by testing and inspecting organization.
- Kiln-dry woodwork after treatment to levels required for untreated woodwork. Maintain moisture content required by kiln drying before and after treatment.
- Ε. Discard treated lumber that does not comply with requirements of referenced woodworking standard. Do not use twisted, warped, bowed, discolored, or otherwise damaged or defective lumber.
- F. Available Products: Subject to compliance requirements, products that may be incorporated in the work include but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Koppers Company, Inc.
 - 2. Osmose Wood Preserving, Inc.
- 2.5 STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH (Chair rails; door casings; guard rails)
 - A. Quality Standard: Comply with AWI Section 300.
 - Backout or groove backs of flat trim members and kerf В. backs of other wide flat members, except for members with ends exposed in finished work.
 - C. Assemble casings in plant except where limitations of access to place of installation require field assembly.
 - D. Grade: Premium.
 - E. Lumber Species: Red oak, rift sawn.

- Lumber Species: Match species and cut indicated for other types of transparent finished architectural woodwork located in same area of building unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Provide split species on trim that face areas with different wood species, matching each face of woodwork to species and cut of finish wood surfaces in areas finished.

2.6 STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM FOR OPAQUE FINISH

- A. Quality Standard: Comply with AWI Section 300.
- B. Grade: Custom.
- C. Backout or groove backs of flat trim members and kerf backs of other wide flat members, except for members with ends exposed in finished work.
- D. Assemble casings in plant except where limitations of access to place of installation require field assembly.
- Ε. Lumber Species: Red Oak.

2.7 LAMINATE CLAD CABINETS (PLASTIC-COVERED CASEWORK)

- A. Quality Standard: Comply with AWI Section 400 and its Division 400B "Laminate Clad Cabinets."
- В. Grade: Custom.
- C. AWI Type of Cabinet Construction: As indicated.
- D. Laminate Cladding: High pressure decorative laminate complying with the following requirements: (provide firerated laminate where indicated on the documents).
 - Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: Provide materials and products that result in colors and textures of exposed laminate surfaces complying with the following requirements:
 - Provide selections made by Architect from laminate manufacturer's full range of standard colors and finishes in the following categories:
 - 1) Solid colors.
 - 2) Patterns.

- Laminate Grade for Exposed Surfaces: Provide laminate cladding complying with the following requirements for type of surface and grade.
 - Horizontal Surfaces Than a. Other Tops: GP-50 (0.050-inch nominal thickness).
 - Postformed Surfaces: PF-42 (0.042-inch nominal b. thickness).
 - c. Vertical Surfaces: GP-50 (0.050-inch nominal thickness).
 - d. Vertical Surfaces: GP-50 (0.050-inch nominal thickness).
- 3. Semiexposed Surfaces: Provide surface materials indicated below:
 - a. High pressure laminate, GP-28.
- E. Provide dust panels of 1/4-inch plywood or tempered hardboard above compartments and drawers except where located directly under tops.

CABINET HARDWARE AND ACCESSORY MATERIALS 2.8

- General: Provide cabinet hardware and accessory materials associated with architectural cabinets, except for items specified in Division 8 Section "Finish Hardware."
- Cabinet Hardware Schedule: Refer to schedule at end of В. this section for cabinet hardware required for architectural cabinets.
- C. Hardware Standard: Comply with ANSI/BHMA A156.9 "American National Standard for Cabinet Hardware" for indicated by reference to BHMA numbers or referenced to this standard.
- Exposed Hardware Finishes: For exposed hardware, provide finish that complies with ANSI/BHMA A156.18 for BHMA code number indicated.
 - 1. Satin Stainless Steel, Stainless Steel Base: BHMA 630.
- For concealed hardware provide manufacturer's standard finish that complies with product class requirements of ANSI/BHMA A156.9.

- Uncoated Clear Tempered Float Glass for Doors: ASTM C 1048, Condition A, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3. Kind FT, manufactured by horizontal (roller hearth) process, with exposed edges seamed before tempering, 1/4-inch thick unless otherwise indicated.
 - Install glass to comply with applicable requirements of Division 8 Section "Glass and Glazing" and of FGMA "Glazing Manual." For glass in wood frames, secure glass with removable stops.
- G. Clear Tempered Float Glass for Shelves: ASTM C 1048, Condition A, style I, type I, quality q3, class 1, seamed at edges before tempering, 1/4-inch thick unless otherwise indicated.
- 2.9 ARCHITECTURAL CABINET TOPS (COUNTERTOPS)
 - Quality Standard: Comply with AWI Section 400 and its Division 400C.
 - В. Type of Top: High pressure decorative laminate complying with the following: (provide fire-rated laminate where indicated on the documents).
 - 1. Grade: Custom.
 - for Laminate Cladding Horizontal Surface: pressure decorative laminate as follows:
 - Colors, Patterns, and Finishes: Provide materials and products that result in colors and textures of exposed laminate surfaces complying with the following requirements:
 - 1) Match Architect's sample.
 - 3. Edge Treatment: As indicated.
 - Fire Performance Characteristics: Provide paneling of panels of wood veneer density and composed fire-retardant particleboard that are identical in construction to units tested for the following surface burning characteristics per ASTM E 84 by UL or other inspecting organization acceptable testing and authorities having jurisdiction. Identify panels with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting organization on surfaces that will be concealed from view after installation.
 - 1. Flame Spread: 75 or less.
 - 2. Smoke Developed: 40 or less.

- 2.10 INTERIOR MISCELLANEOUS ORNAMENTAL ITEMS FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH
 - Quality Standard: Comply with AWI Section 700. Α.
 - B. Grade Premium
 - C. Lumber Species: Red Oak, rift sawn.
- 2.11 INTERIOR MISCELLANEOUS ORNAMENTAL ITEMS FOR OPAQUE FINISH
 - A. Quality Standard: Comply with AWI Section 700.
 - B. Grade: Custom.
 - Lumber Species: Eastern white pine, sugar pine or Idaho white pine.

2.12 LAMINATED PANELING

- A. Provide Lamin-Art high pressure decorative laminate (in wood grain pattern) as shown on drawings and as specified. 1. Manufacturer: Lamin-Art, Inc. Schaumburg, IL, 1-800-323-7624.
- Quality Standard: NEMA Publication LD-3-2005, National В. Electrical Manufacturers Association.
- C. Submittals: Provide (4) 2" x 3" size samples of manufacturer's standard wood grain patterns and (4) of manufacturer's product data sheet and installation copies specification for review.
 - Deliver, store and handle product per manufacturer's specifications. Store horizontally with the top face down and a call board placed on top to protect materials from damage and from warping. Protect laminate from moisture and from contact with floors or outside walls. Allow laminate and substrate to acclimate to site for at least 72 hours at the same ambient conditions. Optimum conditions are approximately 75°F and relative humidity of 45% to 55%. Provide air circulation around product.
 - Materials Ε.
 - 1. Pattern number and name shall be selected by the Architect from the manufacturer's full range of wood grain patterns.
 - 2. Grade: Standard grade GP48 (.048'').
 - 3. Finish: Velva-Tex (VT).

- 4. Edge: Provide miter fold edge.
- 5. Laminate to ½'' medium density fiberboard (MDF).
 - Provide adhesives and process per manufacturer's specifications.
 - Provide with a suitable backing sheet for balanced assembly.
- Install finished product in both wall and ceilings (in straight and curved applications) as indicated on drawings.
 - 1. Material, equipment and workmanship shall conform to industry-standard practices, conditions, procedures and recommendations as specified in ANSI/NEMA LD3-2005 Annex A, AWI Quality Standards and ANSI 161.2-1979 standards.
 - Clean laminate with warm water and a mild soap or household cleaners approved by manufacturer.

2.13 FASTENERS AND ANCHORS

- A. Screws: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each use. Comply with FS FF-S-111 for applicable requirements.
 - 1. For metal framing supports, provide recommended by metal framing manufacturer.
- B. Nails: Select material, type, size, and finish required for each use. Comply with FS FF-N-105 for applicable requirements.
- Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required by each substrate for secure anchorage. Provide nonferrous metal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts on inside face of exterior walls and elsewhere as required for corrosion resistance. Provide toothed steel or lead expansion bolt devices for drilled-in-place anchors. Furnish inserts and anchors, as required, to be set into concrete or masonry work for subsequent woodwork anchorage.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Condition woodwork to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas before installing.

- Deliver concrete inserts and similar anchoring devices to built into substrates well in advance of time substrates are to be built.
- installing architectural woodwork, C. Before shop-fabricated work for completion and complete work as required, including back priming and removal of packing.

3.2 TNSTALLATION

- Quality Standard: Install woodwork to comply with AWI Section 1700 for same grade specified in Part 2 of this section for type of woodwork involved.
- Install woodwork plumb, level, true, and straight with no В. distortions. Shim as required with concealed shims. Install to a tolerance of 1/8 inch in 8'-0" for plumb and level (including tops) and with no variations in flushness of adjoining surfaces.
- C. Scribe and cut woodwork to fit adjoining work and refinish cut surfaces or repair damaged finish at cuts.
- D. Fire-Retardant-Treated Wood: Handle, store, and install fire-retardant-treated wood to comply with recommendations of chemical treatment manufacturer including those for adhesives where are used to install woodwork.
- Anchor woodwork to anchors or blocking built in directly attached to substrates. Secure to grounds, stripping and blocking with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing as required for a complete installation. Except where prefinished matching fastener heads are required, use fine finishing nails for exposed nailing, countersunk and filled flush with woodwork and matching final finish where transparent finish indicated.
- Standing and Running Trim and Rails: Install with minimum number of joints possible, using full-length pieces (from maximum length of lumber available) to the greatest extent possible. Stagger joints in adjacent and related members. Cope at returns and miter at corners.
- Cabinets: Install without distortion so that doors and drawers fit openings properly and are accurately aligned. Adjust hardware to center doors and drawers in openings and to provide unencumbered operation. Complete the installation of hardware and accessory items as indicated.

Maintain veneer sequence matching (if any) of cabinets with transparent finish.

- H. Tops: Anchor securely to base units and other support systems as indicated.
- I. Complete the finishing work specified in this section to whatever extent not completed at shop or before installation of woodwork.
- J. Refer to the Division 9 sections for final finishing of installed architectural woodwork.

3.3 ADJUSTMENT AND CLEANING

- Repair damaged and defective woodwork where possible to eliminate defects functionally and visually; where not possible to repair, replace woodwork. Adjust joinery for uniform appearance.
- B. Clean, lubricate and adjust hardware.
- Clean woodwork on exposed and semiexposed surfaces. Touch up factory-applied finishes to restore damaged or soiled areas.

3.4 PROTECTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer that ensures that woodwork is being without damage deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

3.5 HARDWARE SCHEDULE

- A. Keyboard slide and tray: Knape & Vogt KV SRS with platform (BBP1824).
- В. Grommets: Mockett 3'' o.d. black: MQEDP3BK with fliptop tab.

END OF SECTION 06402

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FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 07200 - INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. The extent of thermal insulation work is shown on the drawings.
- B. The applications of thermal insulation specified in this section include the following:
 - 1. Cavity wall.
 - 2. Board-type building insulation.
 - 3. Blanket-type building insulation.

C. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:

- 1. Section 07200 Standing Seam Metal Roof Deck/Insulation
- 2. Section 07500 Flat Roof Insulation
- 2. Section 07840 Firestopping: For safing insulation
- 3. Section 09200 Exterior Plaster System: Rigid Insulation Board
- 4. Section 09250 Gypsum Board: Acoustical batt insulation
- 5. Division 15, Mechanical: Insulation for ducts, heating, air conditioning, ventilating, and plumbing work shall be furnished and installed by the respective Mechanical Contractor.
- 6. Division 16, Electrical: Insulation for electrical work shall be furnished and installed by Electrical Contractor.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

A. Thermal Conductivity: The thickness shown are for the thermal conductivity (k-value at 75%) specified for each material. Provide adjusted thicknesses as directed for the equivalent use of material having a different thermal conductivity.

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Fire Ratings: Comply with the fire-resistance and flammability ratings indicated, and comply with governing regulations as interpreted by authorities including: 1. UL requirements for "Roof Deck Constructions" which are rated "Fire-Acceptable".

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

Product Data:

Submit manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions for each type of insulation required. Include data substantiating that materials comply with specified requirements.

Shop Drawings: В.

Submit shop drawings for tapered roof area. Show all slopes, thickness, perimeter and roof sump conditions.

1.05 PRODUCT HANDLING:

- Protection from Deterioration: Do not allow insulation materials to become wet, soiled, or covered with ice or snow. Comply with manufacturer's recommendations for handling, storage and protection during installation. Protect plastic insulation from exposure to sunlight.
- Fire Hazard: Do not deliver plastic insulating materials to the project site ahead of installation time. Protect at all times against ignition. Complete installation and concealment of plastic materials as rapidly as possible in each area of work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- Extruded Polystyrene Plastic Board Insulation: Α.
 - Cavity Wall Insulation
 - a. Material Properties
 - 1. Rigid closed-cell, polystyrene thermal board insulation.
 - 2. Comply with ASTM C 578-95, Type x, density 1.35 lb/cu. Fet. Min., compressive strength 15 psi (ASTM D 1621-94).

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- 3. Thermal resistance: 5-year aged R-values of 5.4 and 5.0 min. °F-ft2-h/Btu2/inch a 40°F and 75°F respectively (ASTM C 518-91).
- 4. Water absorption: Max. 0.1% by volume (ASTM C 272-91 (96).
- 5. Surface Burning Characteristics:
 - i. Flame Spread: 5
 - ii. Smoke Developed: 165
- b. Thickness: 2'' (R-10)
- c. Acceptable manufacturer's product: The Dow Chemical Company 'STYROFOAM® Brand CAVITYMATE®.''
- 2. Perimeter Edge Insulation
 - a. Material Properties:
 - 1. Rigid closed-cell extruded polystyrene thermal board insulation.
 - 2. Comply with ASTM C 578-92, Type VI, density 1.8 lb/cu. Ft. min., compressive strength 40 psi (STM D 1621-73).
 - 3. Thermal resistance: 5-year aged R-values of 5.4 and 5.0 min. °F-ft2-h/Btu2/inch at 40°F and 75°F respectively (ASTM C 518-91).
 - 4. Water absorption: Max 0.3% by volume (ASTM C 272-91).
 - b. Thickness: 2" unless otherwise indicated.
 - c. Acceptable manufacturer's product: Dow Chemical Company 'STYROFOAM® Brand High Load (HI-40)'' material.
- B. Glass Fiber Board Insulation:
 - 1. Glass fibers and water-resistant binders formed into rigid, non-combustible boards complying with FS HH-I-558, Form A; thermal conductivity (k-value at 75 degrees F.) of 0.26; manufacturer's standard lengths and widths, unless otherwise shown.
 - a. Provide "CWE Type FRK Faced Board by Owens-Corning Fiberglass Corp."
- C. Mineral/Glass Fiber Blanket/Batt Insulation:
 - 1. Unfaced Mineral Fiber Blanket/Batt Insulation: Thermal insulation produced by combining mineral fibers of type described below with thermosetting resins to comply with ASTM C665 for type described below with thermosetting resins to comply with ASTM C665 for Type 1 (blankets without membrane facing); and as follows:
 - a. Mineral Fiber Type: Fibers manufactured from

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glass.

- Surface Burning Characteristics: Maximum flame spread and smoke developed values of 25 and 50, respectively.
- 2. Batt insulation shall be foil faced when exterior wall or ceiling is not indicated to receive a separate vapor barrier. Locations with vapor barrier shall be unfaced. Provide batt insulation equal to or exceeding the "R" values for the following nominal indicated insulation thicknesses.
 - "R" = 11 for 3-1/2 inches thick insulation a. b. "R" = 19 for 6-1/4 inches thick insulation
- Foil-Faced, Glass Fiber Board Insulation: Thermal insulation combining glass fibers with thermosetting resin binders and faced on one side with foil-scrimkraft or foil-scrim-polyethylene vapor retarder to comply with ASTM C612, Type 1A or Type 1A or 1B, and with other requirements indicated below:
 - Nominal density of 2.25 lb./cu. ft., thermal resistivity of 4.3 degrees F. by high by sq. ft./BTU by inch at 75 degrees F.
- Miscellaneous Insulation: Shall be inorganic (nonasbestos) mineral wool insulation without facing, for the purpose of filling and stuffing openings in walls around pipes, structural components, windows, conduits, expansion joints to eliminate noise transfer and to insulate. Use to seal top of interior walls, except fire rated walls, between masonry and roof deck, where indicated. Use at expansion joints as detailed. Insulation shall have a flame spread rating of 15 or less, and a smoke development rating of 0; per ASTM E84.
- All glass fiber insulation types shall be formaldehyde-free. Insulation shall be Johns Manville and meet minimum environmental specifications 1350 with non-detect pollutants for indoor air quality. Other manufacturers must be approved by Architect for comparison.

2.02 AUXILIARY INSULATING MATERIALS

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- Adhesively Attached, Spindle-Type Anchors: Plate welded to Α. projecting spindle; capable of holding insulation of thickness indicated, securely in position indicated with self-locking washer in place; and complying with the following requirements:
 - Plate: Perforated galvanized carbon-steel sheet, 0.030 inch thick by 2 inches square.
 - Spindle: Copper-coated low carbon steel, fully annealed, 0.105 inches in diameter, length to suit depth of insulation indicated.
 - 3. Insulation-Retaining Washers: Self-locking washers formed from 0.016 inch thick galvanized steel sheet, with beveled edge for increased stiffness, sized as required to hold insulation securely in place, but not less than 1-1/2 inches square or in diameter.
 - Where spindles will be exposed to human contact after installation, protect ends with capped selflocking washers incorporating a spring steel insert to ensure permanent retention of cap.
 - Anchor Adhesive: Product with demonstrated capability to bond insulation anchors securely to substrates.
 - 5. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - Adhesively attached, spindle type anchors a.
 - TACTOO Insul-Hangers; AGM Industries, Inc. Canton, MA
 - 2. Spindle Type Gemco Hangers; Gemco, Danville, TT.
 - Insulation Retaining Washers
 - 1. RC150; AGM Industries Inc, Canton, MA
 - 2. R150; Gemco, Danville, IL
 - Adhesive
 - 1. TACTOO Adhesive; AGM Industries, Inc. Canton,
 - 2. Tuff Bond Hanger Adhesive; Gemco, Danville, IL

PART 3 - EXECUTION

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3.01 INSPECTION:

The Installer must examine the substrate and conditions under which the insulation work is to be performed, and notify the Construction Manager in writing of unsatisfactory conditions. Do not proceed with the insulation work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.

3.02 TNSULATION:

A. General:

- 1. Comply with manufacturer's instructions for the particular conditions of installation in each case. If printed instructions are not available or do not apply to the project conditions, consult the manufacturer's technical representative for specific recommendations before proceeding with the work.
- 2. Extend insulation full thickness as shown over entire area to be insulated. Cut and fit tightly around obstructions, and fill voids with insulation. Remove projections which interfere with placement.
- Apply a single layer of insulation of the required thickness unless otherwise shown or required to make up the total thickness.

Perimeter Insulation: В.

1. On vertical surfaces, set units in adhesives applied in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Use type adhesive recommended by manufacturer of insulation.

C. General Building Insulation:

- 1. Apply insulation units to the substrate by the method indicated, complying with the manufacturer's recommendations. If no specific method is indicated, bond units to substrate with adhesive or use mechanical anchorage, to provide permanent placement and support of units.
- 2. Set vapor barrier faced units with vapor barrier to

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warm side of construction, except as otherwise shown. Do not obstruct ventilation spaces, except for firestopping.

- Tape joints and ruptures in vapor barriers, using adhesive tape of type recommended by insulation manufacturer, and seal each continuous area of insulation to surrounding construction so as to ensure vapor-tight installation of the units.
- 3. Stuff loose mineral fiber insulation into miscellaneous voids and cavity spaces as indicated. Compact to approximately 40% of normal maximum volume (to a density of approximately 2.5 lbs. per cu. ft.).

END OF SECTION 07200

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SECTION 07310 - SHINGLE ROOFING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

The extent of roofing is shown on the drawings and includes related metal flashing, edge drips and ridge vents.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- Installer: A firm with 3 years of prior successful Α. experience with installation of roofing of type and scope equivalent to work of this section.
- В. Comply with the requirements of local and state building codes.
- C. SMACNA Details: Except as otherwise shown or specified, comply with applicable recommendations and details of "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" by SMACNA. Conform to dimensions and profiles shown.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

Α. Product Data:

1. Submit 2 sets of samples to show the full range of exposed color and texture to be expected in the completed work. Architect's review will be for color and texture only. Compliance with all other requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor.

1.05 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

Store and handle in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

JOB CONDITIONS: 1.06

Do not apply roofing including underlayment when substrate is wet.

SHINGLE ROOFING 07310 - 1 Do not apply shingles when air temperature is below 40 degrees F.

WARRANTY: 1.07

A. 30 year Ltd. transferable warranty with 70 mph ltd. wind warranty.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS:

A. Roof Shingles:

- 1. Three-Dimensional Fiberglass Laminated Strip Shingles: Mineral surfaced, self-sealing, laminated, multi-ply overlay construction, fiberglass based, strip asphalt shingles complying with ASTM D 3018, Type 1 and D3462. Provide shingles bearing UL Class "A" external fire exposure label and Wind Resistant test requirements of ASTM D3161 (Type 1). Color as selected by Architect.
- 2. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:
 - a. "Timberline 30"; GAF Corporation.

В. Ridge Shingles:

1. Use factory precut units (TimberTex).

C. Underlayment:

- Provide 1 layer of "ice and water shield" protection membrane over entire wood roof deck under all shingle
- Ensure that all existing nail heads are totally flush 2. with the existing wood roof deck.

D. Fasteners:

Nails: Hot galvanized or aluminum 11 or 12 ga. barbed shank, 3/8" head, sharp pointed conventional or sufficient length to penetrate through plywood sheathing. Staples will not be allowed.

Ε. Flashing:

- Zinc-Coated Steel: Provide commercial quality carbon steel sheets with minimum of 0.20% copper complying with ASTM A 526, except provide ASTM A 527 where lockforming is required; hot-dip galvanized to comply with ASTM A 525, designation G90. Use for counter flashing and closure.
- Sheet Aluminum: Except as otherwise indicated, provide manufacturer's standard aluminum sheet recommended for general flashing applications ASTM B209; alloy 3003; temper H14; thickness indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, 0.032" (20 B & S gage);
 - Form flashing (to profiles indicated on drawings, a. and as required) to protect roofing materials from physical damage and shed water.
 - Provide drip edge flashing where indicated and where required, preformed of .032 inch aluminum.
 - Color finish: Metal shall be thoroughly cleaned and pretreated before application. Exposed to view surfaces shall be finished with fluorocarbon coating containing a minimum of 70 percent Kynar 500 resin, 1 mil thick. Custom color shall be Architect selected. A 20 year limited warranty against failure of the finish shall begin when the job is complete.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

- Inspect roof to insure that work penetrating roof surface has been completed to the extent that roofing can be applied.
- В. Examine surfaces to receive tiles to assure they are rigidly supported, even and clean.
- C. Do not apply materials over wet roof sheathing.
- D. Do not proceed with installation until defects are corrected.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

A. Flashing:

1. Provide metal drip edge at all edges of roof.

В. Roof Shingles:

- 1. First Course: Start with a full shingle even with starter course.
- 2. Second Course: Offset second shingle to the 4-1/2" alignment notch in the first course shingle.
- Third Course: Offset third shingle to the 7-1/2" alignment notch in the second course shingle.
- Succeeding Courses: Continue this pattern or any combination of these offsets, to achieve a random appearance.
- 5. For horizontal alignment, place butt of above shingle at top of 6" horizontal cut out.
- Fastening Instructions: Place one fastener 1" from each end of shingle and one 12" from each end, four fasteners in each shingle. All four fasteners must be placed in the fastening line.

END OF SECTION 07310

SHINGLE ROOFING 07310 - 4

SECTION 07500 - MEMBRANE ROOFING

The General Conditions, Supplementary General Conditions and General Requirements (Division 1) are a part of all Divisions and all other documents bound herein.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- Single-ply mechanically fastened membrane roofing system
- Roof insulation for membrane roofing В.

1.02 SCOPE OF WORK

- Scope (Refer to drawings for specific areas of work at Α. each location)
 - 1. Vacuum and remove loose gravel.
 - 2. Remove all saturated areas and fill resulting void insulation match to surrounding drawings level/thickness. Areas shown on approximate. Contractor to provide their own infrared scan to verify all wet insulation areas.
 - 3. Install 1.5" of polyisocyanurate insulation to cover entire Fasten in accordance deck. specifications based upon roof deck condition.
 - 4. Contractor shall furnish and install a 40mil LITE GREY single-ply membrane roofing system that is fabricated of a weft inserted low-shrink, wicking polyester fabric and has a thermoplastic coating of PVC material laminated to both sides.
 - 5. At all Schools, 4" metal fascia cover with Kynarsteel cover, as manufactured coated metal Exceptional Metals, Inc. (or approved equal by roof manufacturer). Color to match existing.
 - 6. Install walk pads around all services units and roof hatches and direct path from hatch to each unit.
 - 7. Dispose of all debris in an approved facility in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.
 - 8. Finished roofing be installed system to accordance with membrane manufacturers published specifications in order to receive the standard 15year warranty.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Membrane roofing and associated work for a single building shall be subcontracted to a single firm, hereinafter called the "Installer," so there will be undivided responsibility for the work.
 - 1. Installer shall be franchised or otherwise accepted in writing by the roofing materials manufacturer for installation of fully-guaranteed roof in accordance with the requirements.
 - a. Roofing materials manufacturer for membrane roofing system shall be one publishing complete information on the required system and offering to guarantee or bond the completed roofing installation as required.
 - b. Secondary materials shall be obtained from sources acceptable to the manufacturer of the primary membrane roofing system materials.
 - 2. Refer to Section 01400, "Quality Requirements" for information on Owner's option to obtain services of an Authorized Material Manufacturer's Field Representative to assist in quality assurance services.
- B. Membrane roofing system and associated work shall satisfy "Class A" rating as tested, listed and labeled by Underwriters Laboratories and shall conform to UL classified wind uplift resistance UL1897 FM requirements FM 4470 Class 1, 1-90 windstorm.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. If the Installer wishes to use a manufacturer's detail differing from these Specifications, the Installer shall submit a written request prior to construction for authorization by the Construction Manager and Architect; no changes will be permitted without such written authorization.
- B. The Installer shall submit two (2) copies of the most current edition of specifications and installation instructions from the manufacturer for each major roofing product or system required.
 - 1. The Installer shall indicate by transmittal form that the Installer has received a copy of the manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations. Data substantiating compliance with such requirements shall also be provided.

- 2. Such manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions shall become a part of these Specifications.
- C. Should the Owner require information on reference projects of the Installer, such projects shall be located within fifty miles of the Owner's office. Each project must be at least three years old and must be available for inspection by the Construction Manager and Architect.

1.05 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Materials shall be delivered in their original, unopened containers, clearly labeled with the manufacturer's name, brand name, and such identifying numbers as are appropriate.
- B. Materials shall be stored neatly in areas acceptable to the Construction Manager and Architect and dispersed so as to minimize fire hazard.
- C. Loads placed on the roof at any point shall not exceed the safe loading for which the roof is designed.

1.06 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. All substrates to be treated shall be smooth, visually dry, and free of dirt, debris and foreign matter before any treatment is initiated.
 - 1. Proceed with roofing work only after substrate construction and penetrating work have been completed.
 - 2. Proceed with roofing work only when weather conditions will permit the work to proceed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended limitations.
- B. A Pre-roofing Conference will be held at the project site well in advance of the time scheduled for roofing work, to review requirements for the work and conditions which could possibly interfere with successful performance of the work. Attendance will be required for every party concerned with the work or designated to coordinate it or to protect it thereafter.

- C. Equipment shall be located on the ground, at a safe distance from the buildings, in a location acceptable to the Construction Manager.
- D. Competent operators shall be in attendance at all times when equipment is in use. The Installer shall be responsible for exercising all reasonable precautions to avoid fires, and shall provide suitable fire extinguishers, readily accessible.
- E. Installation of the roofing system is not restricted because of cold temperatures. Follow precautions as stated for storage, and expose only enough cement and adhesive to be used within a four (4) hour period.
- F. Exercise precautions in use of cements and bonding adhesives as follows:
 - 1. Such materials contain petroleum distillates; avoid breathing vapors.
 - 2. Such materials are extremely flammable; do not use near fire or flame.
- G. Waste products (petroleum, grease, oil, and solvents vegetable or mineral oil and animal fat) and direct contact with steam venting should not be allowed to come in contact with the roofing system.

1.07 GUARANTEE/WARRANTY

A. The single-ply roofing system manufacturer's Warranty shall consist of a standard limited warranty for a fifteen (15) year total system warranty of water-tight integrity of the system. Upon completion of the roofing installation, an inspection shall be made by a representative of the manufacturer to ascertain that the roofing system has been installed according to the manufacturer's specification and details. The Warranty shall be issued upon approval of the installation by the manufacturer.

PART TWO - PRODUCTS

2.01 STANDARD OF MANUFACTURE

A. To establish construction standards and functional and aesthetic requirements to be met in the work of this Section the Drawings and Specifications are based upon a certain single ply membrane roofing system.

- 1. Duro-Last Roofing Inc.
- 2. Firestone
- 3. GAF/TPO Roofing Systems
- 4. Carlisle Syn Tec Systems
- 5. Johns Manville
- Fiber Tite Roofing System 6.
- Other as approved by Architect 7.

2.02 THERMOPLASTIC MEMBRANE ROOFING

Α. General

1. Scope: Contractor shall furnish and install a 40 mil single-ply membrane roofing system that is fabricated of a weft inserted low-shrink, antiwicking polyester fabric and has a thermoplastic coating of co-polymer alloy (CPA) material laminated to both sides.

В. Warranty

- 1. Provide manufacturer's standard written 15 year limited warranty at no additional charge. Upon warranty inspection and acceptance of the roof, the warranty shall be turned over to the Owner.
- 2. Warranty shall be no-dollar limit type and provide for completion of repairs, replacement of membrane or total replacement of the "roofing system" at the current material and labor prices throughout the life of the warranty.
- 3. Warranty shall contain no exclusions for ponded water, biological growth, incidental or consequential damages.

C. Weight Requirements

The total weight of the installed roofing system including all accessories, i.e., screws, plates, 2-way breather vents, etc., shall not exceed 27 pounds per square.

Submittals D.

- Written confirmation from roof manufacturer that the installer is an authorized Dealer/Contractor.
- Shop drawing showing the layout of the 2. prefabricated roofing panels and tapered roof insulation areas. Show all slopes, thicknesses, perimeter equipment curb, roof sump and all stack conditions including the following:

- a. Roofing membrane with dielectrically welded seams
- b. Pre-manufactured parapet flashings
- c. Pre-manufactured pipe flashing
- d. Urethane sealant
- e. P.V.C. weldable drip-edge, gravel/water stop, termination bar
- f. Breathable 2-way vents
- g. Self-leveling pourable sealer
- h. Maintenance & repair instructions
- 3. 6" long samples of the following:
 - a. Gravel/water stop
 - b. Drip edge
 - c. Termination Bar
 - d. Sample of membrane
 - e. Mechanical fasteners
 - f. Lap splice sample (factory & field)
 - g. Roofing insulation
 - h. Walkway pad
- E. Product Delivery, Storage & Handling Procedures
 - 1. Follow roof manufacturer's instructions, cautions, warnings and procedures.
 - 2. Roofing system shall not be applied when weather conditions are not within the range acceptable under roof manufacturer's recommendations.

2.03 PRODUCT

A. Roof Membrane

- 1. Membrane components to be products of the single manufacturer.
- 2. A special formulated, permanent, thermoplastic alloy, bonded to a high tenacity, low shrinkage weft inserted polyester fabric with resistance to ultraviolet rays, microorganisms and impervious to most caustic chemicals, animal fats, greases and oils typically found on a restaurant roof.
- 3. Membrane shall be factory dielectrically welded into prefabricated sheets up to 2,500 square feet or as determined by job condition.
- 4. The new roofing shall be a prefabricated mechanically fastened installation of single-ply reinforced co-polymer alloy (CPA) membrane, 40 mils thick.
- 5. Fire resistance of CPA roofing system shall meet UL Class A. All packaging of membrane and insulation shall be UL Class A label.

- 6. Membrane color shall be Lite Grey.
- 7. All membrane components, including pipe and curb flashings must be factory prefabricated from the same fabric reinforced material used for the deck membrane.
- 8. Termination Sealant: Compatible with materials to which membrane is to be bonded, conforming to Federal Specifications TT-598 and TT-S-00230C.
- 9. Distribution Plates: Factory Mutual approved stress distribution plates formed from a minimum 24 gauge G-90 C.Q. steel with a galvalume coating for insulation attachment, or 20 gauge G-90-C.Q. steel with galvalume coating or high strength polyblend for membrane attachment.
- 10. Water Cut-Off Mastic: Compatible with materials with which it is used and furnished by the membrane manufacturer.
- 11. Pitch Pocket Sealant: Shall be a single component, self-leveling silicone sealant.
- 12. Fasteners: Compatible with roof deck as furnished by the membrane manufacturer. The FM approved fastener is inserted through the hole in the distribution plate and properly secured to the roof deck.
- 13. Breather Vents: Two-way vents with factoryattached skirt shall be installed at a density of one per 1000 square feet of roof deck area.
- 14. Terminations/Edge Details: Shall be manufactured from rigid exterior vinyl with slotted holes for securement and furnished by membrane manufacturer. All other terminations/edge details must be approved and warranted by roof manufacturer.
- 15. Walkway Pads: Walkway pads made from the roofing membrane material installed in strict compliance with manufacturer's recommendations. Pads shall be non-skid, maintenance free, and restrained to remain in position. Pad installation minimum configuration is shown on the drawings. Walkway pads shall be a contrasting color to the roof membrane. Owner and/or Owner's representative shall choose from standard color samples.

B. Insulation

- 1. Board insulation shall be a minimum of 1/2 inch thick, fiberglass, or polyisocyanurate.
- 2. Extruded polystyrene (EXPS) insulation and expanded polystyrene (EPS) shall be installed with a separator sheet and shall meet the following requirements.
 - a. Thickness: 1" minimum

- b. Density: 1-1/2 pounds per cubic foot
- c. Absorption by volume: Less than 2.5% as measured by ASTM C2272
- 3. If re-roofing with no tear-off required, the minimum underlayment shall be
 - a. 3/8 inch thick extruded polystyrene with approved polyethylene or polypropylene facer.
 - b. ½ inch thick expanded polystyrene with approved polyethylene or polypropylene facer.
- C. Tapered Crickets
 Crickets shall be placed at all curbs to provide positive drainage around them and shall be formed of tapered material having the same requirements and characteristics as listed in the preceding paragraph.
- D. Roofing Nails Nails shall be galvanized "Stronghold" type: (for use on parapet walls, wood nailers)
- E. Nailers & Blocking
 - 1. Where required, nailers and wood blocking shall be S4S 1500 fc construction grade Douglas fir conforming to standard 15 grading and dressing rules of the West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau, or other species of wood of equal strength. All lumber shall be grade marked at the mill.
 - 2. All specified treated lumber shall be pressure treated by a method approved by the roofing membrane manufacturer: "Wolmanized" or "Osmose K-33" are acceptable.
 - 3. Nailers shall be securely anchored to the deck to resist the minimum force required in Loss Prevention Data Sheet I-49, "Perimeter Flashing," Factory Mutual Systems, June, 1985. The thickness of the nailer shall be such that the top of the nailer is flush with the surface to which the membrane is to be applied.
- F. Accessories

Primary accessories shall be factory prefabricated or manufactured by or under the direction of roof manufacturer.

PART THREE - EXECUTION

3.01 SUBSTRATE INSPECTION

- Inspect all surfaces to receive roofing for any Α. condition that will adversely affect execution, performance, or quality of work.
- В. All roof surfaces and all slope surfaces to drains and outlets shall be checked and approved by the roofing contractor prior to the start of the roofing work.
- C. Install roofing material only under satisfactory conditions as specified by membrane manufacturer.
- General Requirements: D.
 - Precautions 1.
 - a. Do not lay out or expose any insulation on the deck that can not be covered by membrane on the same dav.
 - b. In making all field heat welds, make sure all edges are clean and free of tar, mastic or other foreign items.
 - c. Do not expose membrane and accessories to a constant temperature in excess of 110 degrees Fahrenheit.
 - d. Sealants and adhesives should be applied according to roof manufacturer's specifications.
 - e. Start securing the membrane at the highest point and work towards the drains.
 - Protection of Roofing Surfaces 2.
 - a. Storing, wheeling or tucking directly on roof insulation or membrane surface is not recommended. Smooth, clean plywood or plank walkways, runways and platforms shall be provided as necessary.

Insulation Installation Ε.

1. The roof insulation shall be installed with approved fasteners and distribution plates placed according to the manufacturer's most recent published specifications to achieve UL 1897FM requirements, FM 4470 Class I-90 wind storm and for issuance of the warranty.

Membrane Installation F.

- 1. Install the roofing system to roof manufacturer's most recent published specifications.
- 2. Flash all penetrations (pipes, conduits, etc.) in the membrane. Factory prefabricated pipe seals shall be used to flash all pipes where installation is possible. Where factory prefabricated pipe seals cannot be installed, field fabricated pipe seals may be used if approved. All flashings and termination shall be done in accordance with approved manufacturer's details.

G. Walkway Pads

- Roof walkway pads shall be product manufactured by or acceptable to manufacturer of roofing materials for use in warranted membrane roofing system specified.
 - Provide 30" x 60" square pads where indicated on the drawings.
- 2. Pads shall be spaced apart minimum 1 inch and maximum 3 inches from each other.

END OF SECTION 07500

SECTION 07600 - FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

PART ONE - GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

- A.Counterflashings for membrane roofing system
- B.Copings for membrane system

1.02 RELATED WORK

- Α. Section 06100 - Carpentry
- В. Section 07500 - Membrane Roofing
- Section 07610 Standing Seam Metal Roofing System

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Requirements of current edition of "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" published by Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association, Inc. ("SMACNA") shall form a part of these Specifications except as otherwise specified or shown on Drawings.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- The Contractor shall submit a list of materials and Α. description of installation methods proposed for this work for review by the Construction Manager and Architect.
- Shop drawings and color samples will be required for В. gravel stops in accordance with Spec Section 01330 Submittals. Fabrication of the work shall not commence until shop drawings bearing Subcontractor's final corrections have been reviewed and returned by the Owner's Representative.

1.05 WARRANTY/GUARANTEE

The Contractor shall furnish a written Guarantee warranting all sheet metal including metal flashing to remain serviceable and in good condition for two (2) years from date of final acceptance of the building and to promptly repair and place in good condition without additional expense to the Owner any sheet metal and metal flashings which become defective within that period.

- B. Manufacturer's Standard Warranty: Warranted materials shall be free of defects in material and workmanship for five years after shipment. If, after inspection, the manufacturer agrees that materials are defective, the manufacturer shall, at their option, repair or replace them. For decorative finish warranty, consult manufacturer.
- C. Special Performance/20-Year Warranty: In addition to standard warranty listed above, manufacturer shall guarantee that a standard size roof edge system, when installed per manufacturer's instructions, will not blow off or cause membrane failure, even in wind conditions up to 110 mph, or the manufacturer shall replace or repair their materials.

PART TWO - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- Parapet coping for membrane roofing system shall be Α. "Perma Tite Coping" as manufactured by Metal Era, Inc., Waukesha, WI. Coping shall be .050 aluminum (with welded miters) with Kynar 500 coating. Finish shall be spray applied Kynar 500 in color selected by Owners' representative from manufacturers standard color range. Support and cleat shall be 20 gauge pre-punched galvanized cleat with stainless steel spring mechanically locked to cleat normally 12" wide at 4'-0'' o.c. mechanically fastened as indicated and detailed fasteners shall provide a minimum pull out resistance of 240# per substrate application. No exposed fasteners shall be permitted. Fasteners shall be electrolytically compatible. A concealed joint cover shall be installed on the face.
 - 1. Alternate Manufacturer: Permasnap with coping meeting above criteria by WP Hickman with 20 year excel warranty.
- B. Exposed and concealed metal flashings, including metal counterflashings at parapets and metal drip edge for concealed fabric flashing shall be of soft stainless steel cold rolled sheet or strip of Type 302/304 alloy having a 2-D dull fully annealed finish, which shall have at least its exposed portions painted after fabrication in a color to match adjoining metal work.
 - 1. Counterflashing at parapets shall be two-piece type, with flashing of at least 20 gauge stainless steel having a receiver of at least 20 gauge stainless steel.

2. Metal drip flashing shall be placed over concealed flashing at lintels and all other metal flashings shall be of at least 18 gauge stainless steel.

PART THREE - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- Metal coping system shall be installed in accord Α. with manufacturer's published instructions.
- Provide counterflashing for all base flashings of В. the membrane roofing system. Turn metal down at least four inches over upper portion of such base flashings. Provide flashings at roof curbs and where else required to make roofing and sheet metal watertight.
- Provide and install drip flashings for fabric C. concealed flashing over steel lintels at heads of openings, doors, and windows, and where else shown in exterior walls.
- Insulate sheet metal from other materials using D. roofing felt, roofer's mastic, bituminous paint or other materials acceptable to Owner's Representative.

END OF SECTION 07600

SECTION 07610 - STANDING SEAM METAL ROOFING SYSTEM

PART ONE - GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES:

- A. Preformed, prefinished metal roofing and flashings.
- B. Miscellaneous trim, flashing, closures, drip flashing, and accessories.
- C. Sealant
- D. Fastening devices.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 06100: Carpentry.
- B. Section 07920: Sealants.

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. American Iron & Steel Institute (AISI) Specification for the Design of Cold formed Steel Structural Members.
- B. ASTM A-525 Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized)
- C. ASTM E-1680
- D. ASTM E-1646
- E. ASTM E-1592
- F. Spec Data Sheet Aluminum Zinc Alloy Coated Steel (Galvalume) Sheet Metal by Bethlehem Corp.
- G. SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual.
- H. Building Materials Directory Underwriter's Laboratories, Test Procedure 580.

1.04 ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

A. The roofing assembly includes preformed sheet metal panels, related accessories, valleys, hips, ridges, eaves, corners, rakes, miscellaneous flashing and attaching devices.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit detailed drawings showing layout of panels, anchoring details, joint details, trim, flashing, and Show details of weatherproofing, accessories. terminations, and penetrations of metal work.
- B. Submit a sample of each type of roof panel, complete with factory finish.
- C. Submit results indicating compliance with minimum requirements of the following performance tests:
 - 1. Air Infiltration ASTM E 1680
 - 2. Water Infiltration ASTM E 1646
 - 3. Wind Uplift U.L.90
- Submit calculations with registered engineer seal, verifying roof panel and attachment method resists wind pressures imposed on it pursuant to applicable building codes.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Manufacturer: Company specializing in Architectural Sheet Metal Products with ten (10) years minimum experience.

1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- Upon receipt of panels and other materials, installer Α. shall examine the shipment for damage and completeness.
- Panels should be stored in a clean, dry place. One В. end should be elevated to allow moisture to run off.
- Panels with strippable film must not be stored in the C. open, exposed to the sun.
- Stack all materials to prevent damage and to allow for adequate ventilation.

1.08 WARRANTY

A. Paint finish shall have a twenty year guarantee against cracking, peeling and fade (not to exceed 5 N.B.S. units).

- B. Galvalume material shall have a twenty year guarantee against failure due to corrosion, rupture perforation.
- furnish C. Applicator shall quarantee watertightness of the roofing system for the period of two (2) years from the date of substantial completion.

PART 2 PRODUCT

2.01 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Berridge Manufacturing Company, Houston, Texas.
- B. No Substitutions.

2.02 SHEET MATERIALS

- A. Prefinished Metal shall be Hot-Dipped Galvanized ASTM A446-85 Grade C G90 Coating A525-86 24 Gauge core steel or prefinished galvalume-ASTM 792-86 AZ-55.
- B. Unfinished Metal shall be Grade C Galvalume ASTM 792-86, AZ 55, "Satin Finish".
- C. Finish shall be full strength Kynar 500 Fluoropolymer coating, applied by the manufacturer on a continuous coil coating line, with a top side dry film thickness of 0.70 to 0.90 mil over 0.25 to 0.35 mil prime coat, to provide a total dry film thickness of 0.95 to 1.25 mil. Bottom side shall be coated with primer with a dry film thickness of 0.25 mil. Finish shall conform to all tests for adhesion, flexibility, and longevity as specified by the Kynar 500 finish supplier.
- D. Strippable film shall be applied to the top side of the painted coil to protect the finish during fabrication, shipping and field handling. This strippable film must be removed immediately before installation.

2.03 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

A. Fasteners: Stainless Steel with washers where required.

B. Sealant: Sealant must be a ultra low modulus, high performance, one-part, moisture curing silicone joint sealant. (do not use a clear sealant or sealants which release a solvent or acid during curing).

Sealant must be resistant to environmental conditions such as wind loading, wind driven rain, snow, sleet, acid rain, ozone, ultraviolet light and extreme temperature variations.

Features must include joint movement capabilities of +100% & -50% ASTM C-719, capable of taking expansion, compression, transverse and longitudinal movement, service temperature range -65°F to 300°F (-54°C to 149°C), Flow, sag or slump: ASTM C-639; Nil, Hardness (Shore A): ASTM C-661; 15, Tensile strength at maximum elongation: ASTM D-412; 200 psi, Tensile strength at 100% elongation: ASTM D-412; 35 psi, Tear strength, (die ''C''); ASTM D-624; 40 pli, Peel strength (Aluminum, Glass, Concrete): ASTM C-794; 30 pli

C. Vinyl Weatherseal Insert.

2.04 FABRICATION

- A. All exposed adjacent flashing shall be of the same material and finish as the roof panels.
- B. Hem all exposed edges of flashing on underside, 1/2 inch.

2.05 PREFORMED METAL PANELS, STANDING SEAM METAL ROOF:

- A. BERRIDGE TEE-PANEL STANDING SEAM ROOF PANEL
 - Panels shall have 12-3/4" on center seam spacing with a seam height of 1".
 - Panels shall be site-formed with the Berridge 2. Model SS-14 Portable Roll Former in continuous lengths from eave to ridge or factory fabricated to 40' max.
 - 3. Snap-on seams shall be 1'' in height and shall contain the Berridge factory-applied Extruded Vinyl Weather Seal Insert (Patent No. 4641475) to prevent siphoning of moisture through the standing
 - Concealed anchor clips shall be spaced as required to meet uplift loads (provide 12" on center maximum).

- Panel assembly shall bear Underwriters Laboratories Label UL90, pursuant to Construction Number 296 and applicable Fire Ratings.
- Certification shall be submitted based on 6. independent testing laboratory, indicating no measurable water penetration or air leakage beyond allowable tolerances through the system when tested in accordance with ASTM E-331-86 and E-283-
- Color: TBD from manufacturer's standard colors. 7.

B. DRIP EDGE FLASHING:

- 1. Provide drip edge flashing along all eaves, gables and fascias, preformed of .032 inch aluminum.
- Color finish to be selected from manufacturer's 2. standard colors.

2.06 UNDERLAYMENT:

A. ICE & WATER SHIELD:

Provide ice and water shield membrane over entire roof sheathing surface under new metal roofing material.

2.07 SNOW GUARDS:

- A. Provide S-5 ColorGard snow guard rails with ice breaks/snow shoes in 6'-0'' lengths above each door location in color to match roof panels. (www.S-5.com). Verify quantities in field.
- B. Snow guards are to clamp to standing seam ribs in accordance with manufacturers installation instructions.
- C. Install snow clip at every panel where a snow guard rail is shown on the drawings. Use 1 clip per panel.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION

A. Substrate:

1. Examine plywood deck to ensure proper attachment to framing.

- 2. Inspect roof deck to verify deck is clean and smooth, free of depressions, waves or projections, level to $\frac{1}{4}$ " in 20', and properly sloped to eaves.
- 3. Verify roof openings, curbs, pipes, sleeves, ducts or vents through roof are solidly set, cant strips and reglets in place, and nailing strips located.
- 4. Verify deck is dry and free of snow or ice. Joints in wood deck to be solidly supported and nailed.

B. Underlayment:

- 1. Verify ice & water shield membrane has been installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- 2. Ensure ice & water shield is installed horizontally, starting at eave to ridge with a 6" minimum overlap and 18" endlaps.
- 3. Ensure that all nail heads are totally flush with the substrate. Nails shall be galvanized roofing nails.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturers standard instructions and conform to standards set forth in the Architectural Sheet Metal Manual published by SMACNA, in order to achieve a watertight installation.
- B. Install panels in such a manner that horizontal lines are true and level and vertical lines are plumb.
- C. Install starter and edge trim before installing roof panels.
- D. Remove protective strippable film prior to installation of roof panels.
- Attach panels using manufacturer's standard clips and fasteners, spaced in accordance with approved shop drawings.
- F. Install sealants for preformed roofing panels as approved on shop drawings.
- G. Do not allow panels or trim to come into contact with dissimilar materials.
- H. Do not allow traffic on completed roof. If required, provide cushioned walk boards.

- I. Protect installed roof panels and trim from damage caused by adjacent construction until completion of installation.
- J. Remove and replace any panels or components which are damaged beyond successful repair.
- Flash watertight around all existing penetrations such as: conduits, vent stacks, pipes, etc.
- L. Remove existing roof vents and provide new in same locations in color to match new metal roofing color. Flash watertight as required.

3.03 CLEANING

- A. Clean any grease, finger marks or stains from the panels per manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Remove all scrap and construction debris from the site.

3.04 FINAL INSPECTION

A. Final inspection will be performed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions by an independent firm.

END OF SECTION 07610

SECTION 07820 - TRANSLUCENT WALL PANEL SYSTEM

PART 1 **GENERAL**

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. The General Conditions of the Contract, including Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 - General Requirements, apply to the work of this Section.

1.02 WORK INCLUDED:

- A. Design, engineer, manufacture and installation of translucent insulating Wall Light panel systems. An assembly of extruded Nano-Cell polycarbonate glazing panels incorporated into a complete aluminum framed system that has been tested and warranted by the manufacturer as a single source system. Design shall provide for the replacement of the exterior panel using tools, independently of the interior single panel and without exposing the interior or compromising the weather tightness or interfering with the normal working functions of the building. The interior single insulated panel remains intact for the life of the building envelope. Single panel extruded cellular polycarbonate or fiberglass sandwich panel systems will not meet these requirements and are not acceptable.
- B. All anchors, brackets, and hardware attachments necessary to complete the specified structural assembly, weatherability and water-tightness performance requirements. All flashing up to but not penetrating adjoining work are also required as part of the system and shall be included.
- C. Trained and factory authorized labor with supervision to complete the entire panel installation.
- D. Demolition and removal of existing glass block wall panel in place as indicated on drawings.

1.03 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE:

- A. Section 07920 Sealants & Caulking
- 1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Wall Light system must be evaluated and listed by recognized building code authorities: International Council Evaluation Service Inc (ICC-ES) and SBCCI - Public Safety Testing and Evaluation Services Inc.
- B. Materials and Products shall be manufactured by a company continuously and regularly employed in the manufacture of Wall Lights using polycarbonate (not glass) panel systems for a period of at least ten (10) years. Manufacturers shall provide a list of at least ten (10) projects having been in place a minimum of ten (10) years, with similar size, scope, climate and type.
- C. Erection shall be by a factory-approved installer which has been in the business of erecting similar material for at least five (5) consecutive years and can show evidence of satisfactory completion of projects of similar size, scope and type.
- D. The manufacturer shall be responsible for the configuration and fabrication of the complete panel system, and will ensure that it fully meets all requirements of this specification.

E. APPROVED MANUFACTURERS:

All manufacturers acceptable for use on this project under this section must be approved prior to bid. Manufacturers must submit evidence of compliance with all performance criteria specified herein to Architect prior to bidding. evidence must include proof of conformance and test reports as specified below. Any exceptions taken from this specification must be noted on the approval request. If no exceptions are noted and approval is given, product performance will be as specified. Should non-compliance be subsequently discovered, the previously given approval will be invalidated and use of the product on the project will be disallowed. Requests for approval, with all appropriate submittal data and samples must be received no less than 15 days prior to bid date. list of all approved manufacturers and products will be issued by addendum. No other manufacturers will be acceptable. No verbal approval will be given.

1.05 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Submit shop drawings and color samples in accordance with Section 01330-Shop Drawings, Product Data and Samples.
- B. The manufacturer shall submit written guarantee accompanied by substantiating data, stating that the products to be furnished are in accordance with or exceed these specifications.
- C. The manufacturer shall submit certified test reports made by an independent organization for each type and class of panel system. Reports shall verify that the material will meet all performance requirements of this specification. Previously completed test reports will be acceptable if they are current and indicative of products used on this project. Test reports required are:
 - 1. Self Ignition Temperature (ASTM 1929-3)
 - 2. Smoke Density (ASTM D-2843)
 - 3. Burning Extent (ASTM D-635)
 - 4. Interior Flame Spread (ASTM E-84)
 - 5. Color Difference (ASTM D-2244-85)
 - 6. Weathering (ASTM D-4364)
 - 7. Yellowing Index (ASTM D-1925)
 - 8. Weathering Evaluation before and after exposure to 300°F, 25 minutes include Light Transmission, Color Change, and Yellowing Index, per ASTM E-1175, ASTM D-2244 and ASTM D-1925 respectively.
 - 9. Shatter Resistance (ASTM D-3841/SPI Method B)
 - 10.Large Missile Test Impact Resistance per SFBC PA 201-94
 - 11. Insulation ``U'' Factor per ASTM C-236 configured for/or NFRC100 test method and procedure.
 - 12. Air Infiltration (ASTM E-283)
 - 13. Water Penetration (ASTM E-331)
 - 14. Load Bearing Capability (ASTM E-330-97)
 - 15.OSHA Life Safety Fall and Walk Through Protection for 300 lb. point load per STD 29 CFR 1910.23 (e)(8)
 - 16.0SHA Life Safety STD 29 CFR Impact loading by blunt object of 500 ft. lbs. per ASTM E-695-03
 - 17. Performance of exterior windows, curtain walls when impacted by wind-borne debris per ASTM E 1996-02, Level D
 - 18.IES LM-44-90 Testing for Total and Diffused Reflectometry (Diffused Light Transmission)
 - 19.ASTM E108, FM4470, NFPA 256, UBC 32-7, ULC-S107, UL790-Class A Roof Construction.

- D. MAINTENANCE DATA: The manufacturer shall provide recommended maintenance procedures, schedule of maintenance and materials required or recommended for maintenance.
- E. Submit Installer Certificate signed by installer, certifying compliance with project qualification requirements.

1.06 WARRANTY:

- A. Provide a single source wall light manufacturer warranty for glazing panels and framing system third party warranty for glazing panels shall not be acceptable.
- B. Provide manufacturer 10 year warranty to include:
 - 1. Change in light transmission of no more than 6% per ASTM D-1003
 - 2. No delamination shall occur to a panel that is subjected to a load of 10 pounds per square foot in a manner that would tend to cause delamination of the face.
 - 3. Thermal aging the light transmission and the color shall not change after exposure to heat of 300°F for 25 minutes. (When measured per ASTM D-1003 and ASTM D-2244 respectively).
 - 4. In addition submit installer's written warranty agreeing to repair installation workmanship, defects and leaks within one year from date of delivery.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 TRANSLUCENT WALL LIGHT PANEL MANUFACTURER:

A. The design and performance criteria of this job are based upon the UniQuad-Unitized Quad-Glazed (2 panels assembly) Wall-Light System as manufactured by CPI Daylighting, Inc., Phone: (800) 759-6985, Fax (847) 816-0425; and as locally represented by Mark Nadolski, Best Impressions Inc. Phone: (810) 459-5859 Fax: 586-293-3610. Email: bestimpressionsinc@comcast.net

B. Other translucent polycarbonate systems will be considered provided that they fully meet all specification, warranty, module and aesthietic intent and are approved by written addendum 10 days prior to bid. All submittals for prior approval shall include samples and complete test data as prescribed in Sections 1.04 and 1.05 of this specification and per Division 1. Fiberglass skins are unacceptable.

2.02 TRANSLUCENT PANEL PERFORMANCE AND APPEARANCE

- A. Panel Construction for Longevity and Resistance to Buckling and Pressure
 - 1. Translucent Panels must be of Tight-Cell technology. Wide Cell technology (cell size exceeding 0.18'') shall not be acceptable.
 - 2. The translucent extruded panel shall include an integral extruded Tight-Cell structural core. panel's exterior skins shall be connected with supporting continuous ribs, perpendicular to the skins, at a spacing not to exceed 0.18'' (trusslike construction). In addition, the space between the two exterior skins shall be divided by multiple parallel horizontal surfaces, at a spacing not to exceed 0.18''.

B. Translucent Wall Panel - Unitized Quad Glazed:

1.Design, engineer, manufacture and installation of unitized quad glazed insulated translucent walllight system. An assembly of two independent insulated single glazing polycarbonate multi-cell panels in one integrated daylighting panel assembly, incorporated into a complete aluminum framed system that has been tested and warranted by the manufacturer as a single source system. Design shall provide for the replacement of the exterior panel independently of the interior single panel and without exposing the interior or compromising the weather tightness or interfering with the normal working functions of the building. The interior single insulated panel remains intact for the life of the building envelope. Single panel extruded polycarbonate cellular or fiberglass sandwich panel systems in lieu of 2 panel's assembly with removable skin technology will not meet these requirements and are not acceptable.

- 2. Panel glazing assembly thickness shall be a minimum [3" two panel system with concealed interlocking connector or H battens] [4" two panel system with concealed interlocking connector or H battens]. Minimum thickness of the exterior and the interior single panels shall be 10mm thick each.
- 3. Wall Panel System shall be continuous and uninterrupted with only frame around the perimeter of the opening. No vertical or horizontal framing is allowed.

C. Thermal and solar performance:

- 1. Insulation "U" Value performance per NFRC100 & 700, is required by the IBC/IECC/ASHRE energy code. Such performance values must be certified and labeled by NFRC. Labels shall be displayed on the product. NFRC certified and labeled products shall be published in the Certified Products Directory (CPD) on the NFRC official web site.
- 2. U value for standard panel assembly with no batt or aerogel insulation, Center of Glazing per NFRC 100: 0.22.
- 3. U value for panel system assembly with no batt or aerogel insulation and including Wall Light aluminum framing per NFRC100 & NFRC700: 0.25 for mill finish frame.
- 4. Light Transmission (L.T.%) 5% min. per ASTM E1175 or E-972 or D-1003
- 5. Solar Transmission (S.T.) 0.18 min. per ASTM E1084 at ''normal'' (90 $^{\circ}$) incidence angle.
- 6. Colors: TBD from standard colors.

D. Translucent Panel Joint System:

- 1. Panel shall be extruded in one single formable length. Transverse connections are not acceptable.
- 2. The panels should be manufactured with grip-lock double tooth upstands that are integral to the

- unit. The upstands shall be 90 degrees to the panel face (standing seam dry glazed concept). Welding or gluing of upstands or standing seam is not acceptable.
- 3. The metal H battens shall consist of 2 pieces, male/female concept with build in silicon gasket, allowing for a unitized panel assembly.
- 4. Air infiltration: In accordance with NFRC 400.
- 5. Water Penetration: No water penetration of the panel H joint connection length at test pressure of 6.24 PSF per ASTM E-331
- 6. Free movement of the panels shall be allowed to occur without damage to the weather tightness of the completed system.
- 7. The panel joint connection shall comply with the deflection limitation of IBC table 1604.3 for exterior walls span 1/120 per ASTM E-330.

E. Flammability

- 1. The exterior and interior faces shall be an approved light transmitting panel with a CC1 fire rating classification per ASTM D-635. Flame spread no greater than 25 per ASTM E-84. Smoke density no greater than 75 per ASTM D2843 and a minimum self-ignition temperature of 1000°F per ASTM 1929. The panel shall be self-extinguishing.
- 2. Interior flame spread classification of Class A per ASTM E84.
- 3. The translucent panel shall be successfully evaluated for fire from exterior exposure per ASTM E108, FM4470, NFPA 256, UBC-32-7, ULC-S107, UL790 to meet Class A rating. The panel must be listed by an independent recognized listing laboratory.
- F. Impact Resistance the panels shall pass the
 following tests:
 - 1. ASTM E695 Impact Resistance of 500 ft. lbs.
 - 2. SFBC PA 201-94, impact resistance of 350 ft. lbs.
 - 3. ASTM E-1996-02 Must comply with standard specification for performance of exterior windows or curtain walls when impacted by windborne debris at level D and after cyclic wind loading at the specified design load.
- G. Cyclic Wind Load: Translucent panels shall be tested for cyclic wind loads and impact resistance per ASTM E1886-97 and ASTM E 1996-02 at test load

to verify the positive and negative design loads and level D impact.

H. Weatherability:

- 1. The light transmission as measured by ASTM D1003, shall not decrease more than 6% over 10 years, or after exposure to temperature of 300°F for 25 minutes (thermal aging).
- 2. The weathering performance should be justified by successful testing of the glazing panel's performance after exposure to actual Florida weather conditions for approximately 10 years in comparison to a new panel assembly. This performance must be demonstrated by providing independent lab test reports for the exposed and a new panel assembly of 6' wide x 12' long for:
 - a. ASTM 330 Uniform static air pressure per at negative load of -105psf and positive load of 130psf.
 - b. ASTM E695 Impact loading per of 500 ft.-
 - c. ASTM 1886 & ASTM E1996- Cyclic static air pressure at 65psf and impact level D

Test results must show that there is no deterioration in performance for the 10 year's exposed panels versus a new panel

- 3. Panels must be manufactured from polycarbonate resin with a permanent, co- extruded ultraviolet protective layer. Post-applied coatings or films of dissimilar materials are unacceptable.
- 4. The faces shall not become readily detached when exposed to temperatures of 300°F and 0°F for 25 minutes.
- 5. The panel shall not change color more than 4.0 units DELTA-E per ASTM D2244 after 60 months outdoor weathering in Arizona as determined by an average of at least two samples.
- 6. Thermal aging the interior and exterior panel shall not change color in excess of 0.75 Delta E per ASTM D2244 and shall not darken more than 0.3 units Delta L per ASTM D2244 and shall show no cracking or crazing when exposed to 300°F for 25 minutes.
- 7. Panel shall be factory sealed at the sill to restrict dirt ingress.
- I. Glare and Diffused Light Transmission:
 - 1. To avoid glare per IECC requirements, the panels shall have a matte finish with a minimum Haze measurement of 90% per ASTM D1003.

2.03 METAL FRAME STRUCTURE

- A. To meet ANSI/ASCE 7-95 building design load, design criteria shall be:
 - 1. Wind Load 23 PSF. (90 mph)
- B. The Wall Light framing is designed to be selfsupporting between the support constructions. The
 deflection of the Structural framing members in a
 direction normal to the plane of the glazing, when
 subjected to a uniform load deflection, shall not
 exceed L/120 for the unsupported span. The Wall
 Lights will impose reactions to the support
 construction. All adjacent and support
 construction must support the transfer of all loads
 including horizontal and vertical, exerted by the
 Wall Lights. Design or structural engineering
 services for the supporting structure or building
 components not included in the Wall Light scope are
 not included under this section.
- C. Water Penetration: The Metal Framed Wall Light Panels shall allow no water penetration at a

minimum differential static pressure of 6.24 lbs. per sq. ft. per AAMA 501 Pressure Difference Recommendations and as demonstrated by prior testing of typical framing sample per ASTM E-331

- D. Water test of Metal Frame Structure shall be conducted according to procedures in AAMA 501.2
- E. Maximum air infiltration rate for fenestration of the two panel assemblies of wall light shall be per NFRC 400.

2.04 METAL MATERIALS

- A. Extruded Aluminum shall be ANSI/ASTM B221; 6063-T6: 6063-T5 or 6005-T5.
- B. Flashing:
 - 1) 5005 H34 aluminum.
 - 2) Sheet metal flashings/closures/claddings are to be furnished shop formed to profile - when lengths exceed 10 ft. in nominal 10-ft lengths. Field trimming of the flashing and field forming the ends is necessary to suit as-built conditions. Sheet metal ends are to overlap at least 6-in. to 8-in., set in a full bed of sealant and riveted if required.
- C. All Fasteners for aluminum framing to be stainless steel or cadmium plated steel, excluding the final fasteners to the building.
- D. All exposed ALUMINUM FINISH shall be from CPI standard color range as selected by the Owner's representative.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Wall Light Contractor to verify when structural support is ready to receive all work in this section and to convene a Pre-Installation Conference at least one week prior to commencing work of this Section. Attendance required of Construction Manager, Wall Light installer and all parties directly affecting and effected by the work of this section.

- B. All submitted opening sizes, dimensions and tolerances are to be field verified by the Wall Light installer unless otherwise stipulated.
- C. Wall Light Installer to examine area of installation to verify readiness of site conditions. Notify the Construction Manager about any defects requiring correction. Do not work until conditions are satisfactory.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install components in strict accordance with manufacturer's instructions and approved shop drawings. Use proper fasteners and hardware for material attachments as specified.
- B. Use methods of attachment to structure allowing sufficient adjustment to accommodate tolerances.
- C. Remove all protective coverings on panels immediately after installation.

3.03 CLEANING

- A. Follow manufacturer's instructions when washing down exposed panel surfaces using a solution of mild detergent in warm water that is applied with soft, clean wiping cloths.
- B. Follow strict panel manufacturer guidelines when removing foreign substances from panel surfaces requiring mineral spirits or any solvents that are acceptable for use.
- C. Installers shall leave panel system clean at completion of installation. Final cleaning is by others upon completion of project, following manufacturer's cleaning instructions.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 07840 - FIRESTOPPING

PART I - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Α. Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- Provide labor and materials necessary for complete Α. installation of firestopping materials and systems. Section includes firestopping for the following:
 - Penetrations through fire resistance rated floor roof construction including both empty and openings and openings containing cables, pipes, ducts, conduits, and other penetrating items.
 - 2. Penetrations through fire resistance rated walls and partitions including both empty openings and openings containing cables, pipes, ducts, conduits and other penetrating items.
 - 3. Penetrations through smoke barriers and construction enclosing compartmentalized involving both empty openings and openings containing penetrating items.
 - 4. Sealant joints in fire resistance rated construction.

1.03 SUBMITTALS:

- Product Data: Manufacturer's specifications and Α. technical data for each material including the composition and limitations, documentation of UL or independent testing nationally recognized other systems to be used laboratories firestop manufacturer's installation instructions.
 - Submit material safety data sheets (MSDS) provided with product delivered to jobsite.

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Product certificates signed by manufacturers В. firestopping products certifying that their products and installation comply with specified requirements. Certification shall be signed by the Installer.

QUALITY ASSURANCE: 1.04

- Conform to applicable governing codes, including local Α. governing authorities, but not limited to the following:
 - NFPA 101 1997 edition and current edition
 - 2. . 2009 MBC
- Meet requirements of ASTM E814 or UL 1479 tested В. assemblies that provide a fire rating equal to that of construction being penetrated and other ASTM Standards as applicable for the installation.
 - ASTM E84 "Test Method for Surface 1. Burning Characteristics of Building Materials".
 - 2. ASTM E119 "Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials".

PARTS 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with throughpenetration firestop systems (XHEZ) listed in Volume II of the UL Fire Resistance Directory, provide products by one of the following:
 - Hilti Construction Chemicals, Tulsa, OK
 - Specified Technologies Inc. (STI) Sommerville, NJ 2.
 - 3M Fire Protection Products, St. Paul, MN
 - The Rectorseal Corp., Houston, TX
 - Tremco, Inc. Beachwood, OH 5.

2.02 FIRESTOPPING, GENERAL

A. Compatibility: Provide firestopping composed of components that are compatible with each other, the substrates forming openings, and the items, if any, penetrating the firestopping under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by firestopping manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

- All materials shall comply with ASTM E814 or E119 1. (UL 1429) and shall be manufactured of non-toxic, non-hazardous, asbestos free materials, and unaffected by water or moisture when cured.
- 2. Primers: Conform to manufacturer's recommendations for primers required for various substrate and conditions.
- Backup materials: Backup materials, supports, and 3. anchoring devices shall be provided as required by UL testing.
- Accessories: Provide components for each firestopping В. system that are needed to install fill materials and to comply with "System Performance Requirements" in Part Use only components specified by the firestopping manufacturer and approved by the qualified testing and inspecting agency for the designated fire resistance rated system. Accessories include but are not limited to the following items:
 - Permanent forming/damming/backing materials must be noncombustible and may include the following:
 - Semirefractory fiber (mineral insulation.
 - Sealants used in combination with other b. forming/damming materials to prevent leakage of fill materials in liquid state.
 - Joint fillers for joint sealants. c.
 - 2. Temporary forming materials.
 - 3. Substrate primers.
 - 4. Collars.
 - Steel sleeves. 5.

2.03 FIRE STOPPING, MATERIALS

Α. Use only firestopping products that have been UL 1479 ASTM E814 tested for specific fire construction conditions conforming to construction assembly type, penetrating item type, annular space requirements, and fire rating involved for each separate instance.

- For penetrations by noncombustible items including В. steel pipe, copper pipe, rigid steel conduit, and electrical metallic tubing (EMT), the following materials are acceptable:
 - Hilti FAS 601 Elastomeric Firestop Sealant
 - STI SpecSeal Sealant SSS 100
 - 3. 3M Fire Barrier CP25
 - The RectorSeal Corp. Metacaulk 1000, 950, 835, 4. Putty, & Mortar.
 - 5. Fyre-Sil, Tremco, Inc.
 - Biofireshield K10 and K2 Mortar, Biostop 500+, 6. Biootherm 100/22200 & Biostop Putty, The RectorSeal Corp.
- For penetrations by combustible items (penetrants C. consumed by high heat and flame) including insulated metal pipe, PVC jacketed, flexible cable or cable bundles and plastic pipe (closed piping systems) the following materials are acceptable:
 - STI Wrap Strip SSW12
 - Hilti FS One Intumescent Firestop Sealant
 - 3M Fire Barrier FS-195 Wrap Strip 3.
 - 4. Metacaulk Wrap Strip, Firestop Collars, Metacaulk 1000, 950 & 835.
 - Biostop Wrap Strip, Collar, and Biostop 500+.
- For large size/complex penetrations made to accommodate cable trays, multiple steel and copper pipes, electrical busways in raceways, the following materials are acceptable:
 - STI SpecSeal lightweight mortar SSM22B or putty
 - Hilti FS635 Trowelable Firestop Compound 2.
 - 3M Fire Barrier FS-195 Composite Sheet
 - 4. Biofireshield K-10 & K2 mortar
 - Metacaulk Firestop Mortar
- For fire-rated construction joints and other gaps with movement, the following materials are acceptable:
 - Hilti FS 601 Elastomeric Firestop Sealant
 - 2. . STI Pensil 300
 - 3M (Dow Corning Fire Stop Sealant 2000)
 - 4. Fyre-Sil, Tremco, Inc.
 - 5. Biofireshield, Biostop 700, Biostop 500+
 - 6. Metacaulk 1000 & 1100

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Provide a firestopping system with an "F" rating as determined by UL 1479 or ASTM E814 which is equal to the time rating of construction being penetrated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

Α. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for opening configurations, penetrating items, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of firestopping. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.02 PREPARATION

- Surface Cleaning: Clean out openings and joints Α. immediately prior to installing firestopping to comply with recommendations of firestopping manufacturer and the following requirements:
 - Remove all foreign materials form surfaces of opening and joint substrates and from penetrating items that could interfere with adhesion of firestopping.
 - Clean opening and joint substrates and penetrating 2. items to produce clean, sound surfaces capable of developing optimum bond with firestopping. Remove loose particles remaining from cleaning operation.
 - 3. Remove laitance and form release agent from concrete.

3.03 INSTALLING THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOPS

- General: Comply with the manufacturer's installation Α. instructions and drawings pertaining to products and applications indicated.
- Install forming/damming materials and other accessories В. of types required to support fill materials during their application and in the position needed to produce the cross sectional shapes and depths required to achieve fire ratings of designate through-penetration firestop systems. After installing fill materials, remove combustible forming materials and accessories not indicated as permanent components of firestop systems.

- Install fill materials for through-penetration firestop systems by proven techniques to produce the following results:
 - 1. Completely fill voids and cavities formed by openings, forming materials, accessories, and penetrating items.
 - 2. . Apply materials so they contact and adhere to substrate formed by openings and penetrating items.
 - 3. For fill materials that will remain exposed after completing work, finish to produce smooth, uniform surfaces that are flush with adjoining finishes.

3.04 INSTALLING FIRE RESISTIVE JOINT SEALANTS

General: Comply with the manufacturer's installation instructions and drawings pertaining to products and Α. application indicated.

3.05 CLEANING

Clean off excess fill materials and sealant adjacent to openings and joints as work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved by manufacturers of firestopping products and of products in which opening and joints occur.

END OF SECTION 07840

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SECTION 07910 - JOINT FILLERS AND GASKETS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division O, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. The extent of each type of joint filler and gasket work is indicated on the drawings and by provisions of this section, and is hereby defined to include required fillers and gaskets not specified in other sections of these specifications.
- The required applications of joint fillers and gaskets В. include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following general types and locations:
 - 1. Pavement, curb and sidewalk joint fillers.
 - Isolation and expansion joint fillers in structural concrete.
 - 3. Exterior wall component joint fillers.
 - 4. Floor construction/expansion joint fillers.
 - Joint fillers around penetrations of equipment and services through walls, floors and roofs.

1.03 SUBMITTALS:

Δ Product Data:

Submit manufacturer's specifications, installation instructions and recommendations for each type of material required.

Samples: в.

1. Submit three, 12 inches long samples of each joint filler or gasket.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS, GENERAL:

- A. Size and Shape: Provide sizes and shapes of units as shown or, if not shown, as recommended by manufacturer for joint size and condition shown. Where joint movement is a factor in a determination of size, consult with Architect to determine nature and magnitude of anticipated joint movements for the temperature and condition of project at time of installation.
- B. Compressibility: Specified hardness and compressibilities are intended to establish requirements for normal or average conditions of installation and use. Where a range of hardness or compressibility is available for a product, comply with manufacturer's recommendations for specific condition of use.
- C. Color: Provide each concealed material in manufacturer's standard color which has best overall performance characteristics for application shown. Provide exposed materials in black, except where another color is indicated.
- D. Compatibility: Before purchase of each filler or gasket material, confirm that it is compatible with substrate, sealants and other materials in joint system.
- Adhesives: Pressure sensitive adhesives, compatible with Ε. each material in joint system may be applied (at installer's option) to one face of joint fillers and gaskets to facilitate installation and permanent anchorage. Do not allow adhesives to contaminate sealant bond surface (if any) in joint system.

CONCRETE CONTROL/EXPANSION JOINT FILLERS: 2.02

- Bituminous and Fiber Joint Filler: Δ
 - 1. Provide resilient and non-extruding type premolded bituminous impregnated fiberboard units complying with ASTM D 1751, FS HH-F-341, Type 1 and AASHO M 213.

- 2. Provide one of the following products:
 - Flexcell-Knight-Celotex Corporation
 - Expansion-Joint Filler; BASF/Sonneborn b.
 - FF-14. Asphalt Fiber-Board; Progress Unlimited
 - Fibre Expansion Joint; W.R. Meadows, Inc.
 - Conflex Fiber Expansion Control Joint Filler, JD Russell

2.03 CELLULAR/FOAM EXPANSION JOINT FILLERS:

- A. Closed-Cell PVC Joint Filler:
 - 1. Provide flexible expanded polyvinyl chloride complying with ASTM D 1667. Grade VE 41 BL (3.0 psi compression deflection); except provide higher compression deflection grades as may be necessary to withstand installation forces.
 - 2. Provide one of the following products:
 - a. FF2 PVC: Progress Unlimited, Inc.
 - b. Vinyl "U" 1000 Series: Williams Products, Inc.

2.04 GASKETS:

- Molded Neoprene Gasket:
 - 1. Provide extruded neoprene or EPDM gaskets complying with ASTM D 2000, Designation 2BC 415 to 3BC 620, black (40 to 60 Shore A durameter hardness); of the profile shown or, if not shown, as required by the joint shape, size and movement characteristics to maintain a watertight and airtight seal.
 - 2. Provide products by one of the following manufacturers:
 - a. D.S. Brown Company
 - b. Hohmann & Barnard, Inc.
 - c. Kirkhill Rubber Company
 - d. Progress Unlimited, Inc.
 - e. JD Russell
 - f. Williams Products, Inc.

2.05 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS:

A. Oakum Joint Filler:

1. Provide untreated hemp or jute fiber rope, free of oil, tar and other compounds which might stain surfaces, contaminate joint walls or not be compatible with sealants.

Fire-Resistant Joint Filler: В.

1. Glass fiber or other inorganic non-combustible fiber formed with minimum of binder into resilient joint filler strips or blankets of sizes and shapes indicated, recommended by manufacturer specifically for increasing fire resistance or endurance of joint systems of type indicated, for service temperatures up 2300 degrees F, 80% (min.) recovery 50% compression.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

A. Installer must examine joint surfaces of units to receive fillers or gaskets and conditions under which the work is to be performed and notify the Construction Manager, in writing, of conditions detrimental to proper completion of Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to Installer.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

- with manufacturer's instructions and A. Comply recommendations for installation of each type of joint filler or gasket required, unless more stringent requirements are shown or specified.
- B. Set units at proper depth of position in joint to coordinate with other work, including installation of bond breakers, backer rods, and sealants. Do not leave voids or gaps between ends of joint filler units.

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- C. Recess exposed edges or faces of gaskets and exposed joint filler slightly behind adjoining surfaces, unless otherwise shown, so that compressed units will not protrude from joints.
- D. Bond ends of gaskets together with adhesive or by means as recommended by manufacturer to ensure continuous watertight and airtight performance. Miter-cut and bond ends at corners except where molded corner units are provided.

END OF SECTION 07910

SECTION 07920 - SEALANTS AND CAULKING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Α. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

DESCRIPTION OF WORK: 1.02

- The extent of each type of sealant and caulking work is indicated on the drawings, and by provisions of this section.
- В. The required applications of sealants and caulking include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following general locations:
 - 1. Flashing reglets and retainers.
 - 2. Exterior wall joints.
 - Masonry control joints, exterior and interior. 3.
 - 4. Interior sound-sealed and air-sealed joints.
 - 5. Flooring joints.
 - Isolation joints, between structure and other 6. elements.
 - 7. Paving and sidewalk joints.
 - Joints at penetrations of walls, decks and floors 8. by piping and other services and equipment.
 - 9. Joints between items of equipment and other construction.
 - 10. Joints between dissimilar materials.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- Manufacturers: Firms with not less than 5 years of Α. successful experience in production of types of sealants and caulking compounds required for this project.
 - Obtain elastomeric sealants from a manufacturer which will, upon request, send a qualified technical representative to the project site for purpose of advising installer on proper procedures for use of products.

B. Installer: A firm with a minimum of 5 years of successful experience in application of types of materials required.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

A. Product Data:

1. Submit manufacturer's specifications, recommendations and installation and instructions for each type of sealant, caulking compound and associated miscellaneous material required.

B. Samples:

1. Submit three, 12" long samples of each color required (except black) for each type of sealant and caulking compound exposed to view. Install sample between two strips of material similar to or representative of typical surfaces where compound will be used, held apart to represent typical joint widths.

1.05 JOB CONDITIONS:

- A. Pre-Installation Meeting: At Construction Manager's direction, installer, sealant manufacturer's technical representative, and other trades involved in coordination with sealant work shall meet with Construction Manager at project site to review procedures and time schedule proposed for installation of sealants in coordination with other work. Review each major sealant application required on project.
- Weather Conditions: Do not proceed with installation В. of sealants under adverse weather conditions, or when temperatures are below or above manufacturer's recommended temperature range for installation. Proceed with the work only when forecasted weather conditions are favorable for proper cure and development of high early bond strength. Where joint width is affected by ambient temperature variations, install elastomeric sealants only when temperatures are in lower third of the manufacturer's recommended installation temperature range, so that sealant will not be subjected to excessive elongation and bond stress at subsequent low temperatures. Coordinate time schedule with Construction Manager to avoid delay of project.

C. Statement of Non-Compliance: Where it is necessary to proceed with installation of sealants or caulking compound under conditions which do not fully comply with requirements (because of time schedule or other reasons which the Construction Manager determines to be crucial to project), prepare written statement for Owner's record (with copy to Architect) indicating the nature of non-compliance, reasons for proceeding, precautionary measures taken to ensure best possible work, and names of individuals concurring with decision to proceed with installation.

1.06 SPECIAL PROJECT WARRANTY (GUARANTEE):

Sealant Warranty: Provide written warranty, signed by Α. contractor and installer, agreeing to, within warranty period of 10 years after date of substantial completion, replace/repair defective materials and workmanship defined to include: Instances of significant leakage of water or air; failures in joint adhesion, material cohesion, abrasion resistance, strain resistance or general durability; failure to perform as required, and the general appearance of deterioration in any other manner not clearly specified in manufacturer's published product literature as an inherent characteristic of the sealant material. Warranty includes responsibility for removal and replacement of other work (if any) which conceals or obstructs the replacement of sealants.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS, GENERAL:

- Colors: Provide black or other natural color where no Α. other standard or custom color is available. Where material is not exposed to view, provide manufacturer's standard color which has best overall performance characteristics for application shown.
 - Provide manufacturer's standard colors as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors.

- Hardnesses shown and specified are intended to indicate В. general range necessary for overall performance. Consult manufacturer's technical representative to determine actual hardness recommended for conditions of installation and use. Upon request, Architect will furnish information concerning anticipated joint movement related to actual joint width and installation temperature. Except as otherwise indicated or recommended, provide compounds within the following range of hardness (Shore A, fully cured, at 75 degrees F.).
 - 1. 5 to 20 for high percentage of movement and minimum exposure to weather and abrasion (including no exposure to vandalism).
 - 2. 15 to 35 for moderate percentage of movement and moderate exposure to weather and abrasion.
 - 3. 30 to 60 for low percentage of movement and maximum exposure to weather and abrasion (including foot traffic on horizontal joints).
- Modulus of Elasticity: For joints subjected to C. movement, either thermal expansion of dynamic movement, select sealants from among available variations which have lowest modulus of elasticity which is consistent with exposure to abrasion or vandalism. For horizontal joints subject to traffic, select sealants with high modulus of elasticity as required to withstand indentation by stiletto heels. Comply with manufacturer's recommendations where no other requirements are indicated.
- Compatibility: Before selection and purchase of each D. specified sealant, investigate its compatibility with joint surfaces, joint fillers and other materials in joint system. Provide only materials (manufacturer's recommended variation of specified materials) which are known to be fully compatible with actual installation conditions as shown by manufacturer's published data or certification.

2.02 SEALANTS:

- One Part Elastomeric Sealant (Silicone) Α.
 - One component elastomeric sealant, complying with ASTM C 920, Class 25, Type NS (nonsag), unless Type S (self-leveling) recommended by manufacturer for the application shown.
 - Acceptable Standard а.
 - "Pecora 864 Architectural Silicone Sealant; Pecora Corp.
 - Dow Corning 791; Dow Corning Corp.
 - Silpruf; General Electric
 - Omniseal; Sonneborn Building Products, 4. Inc.
 - 5. Spectrem 2; Tremco Mfg. Co.
 - 2. One-Component mildew resistant silicone sealant: (Around countertops and backsplashes and other wet interior locations).
 - a. Acceptable Standard
 - Rhodorsil 6B white; Rhone-Poulenc Inc.
 - Dow Corning 786; Dow Corning Corp. 2.
 - 3. Sanitary 1700; General Electric
 - 3. One Component high movement joints (+100/-50): Where locations of high movement are indicated.
 - Dow Corning 790; Dow Corning Corp., a.
 - Spectrem 1; Tremco b.
- В. Elastomeric Sealant (Polyurethane)
 - One component polyurethane sealant, complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25 (nonsag).
 - Acceptable Standard
 - 1. Sonolastic NP 1; Sonneborn Building Products Inc.
 - 2. Dymonic; Tremco Mfg. Co.
 - 3. Dynatrol I; Pecora Corp.
 - 4. Vulkem 921; Mameco
 - 5. CS 2130; Hilti
 - 6. Sikaflex 1A; Sika Corp.
 - 7. Sikaflex 15LM; Sika Corp.

- 2. Two Component polyurethane sealant, complying with ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade NS, Class 25 (nonsag).
 - a. Acceptable Standard
 - 1. Sonolastic NP 2; Sonneborn Building Products Inc.
 - 2. Dymeric; Tremco Mfg. Co.
 - 3. Dynatrol II; Pecora Corp.
 - 4. Vulkem 922; Mameco
 - 5. Sikaflex LCNSEZ; Sika Corp.
- C. One-part self-leveling polyurethane sealant (for traffic areas).
 - 1. One Component polyurethane self-leveling sealant, complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade P, Class 25.
 - a. Acceptable Standard
 - 1. Sonolastic SL 1; Sonneborn Building Products Inc.
 - 2. NR-201 Urexpan; Pecora Corp.
 - 3. Vulkem 45; Mameco
 - 4. Sikaflex 1CSL; Sika Corp.
 - 2. Two-component polyurethane self-leveling sealant, complying with ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade P, Class 25.
 - a. Acceptable Standard
 - 1. Sonolastic SL 2; Sonneborn Building Products Inc.
 - 2. NR-200 Urexpan; Pecora Corp.
 - 3. Vulkem 245; Mameco
 - 4. THC900/THC901; Tremco
 - 5. Sikaflex
- D. Security Sealant (Polyurethane)
 - 1. One component or two component polyurethane sealant, complying with ASTM C 920, Grade NS, Class 12.5, with a Shore A Hardness of 55.
 - a. Acceptable Standard
 - 1. Dynaflex; Pecora Corp.
 - 2. Ultra; Sonneborn Building Products, Inc.

2.04 CAULKING COMPOUNDS:

- Caulking Compounds: (Acrylic Latex Sealant) Α.
 - Latex rubber modified, acrylic emulsion polymer 1. sealant compound; manufacturer's standard, one part, nonsag, mildew resistant, acrylic emulsion sealant complying with ASTM C 834, formulated to be paintable and recommended for exposed applications on interior locations involving joint movement of not more than plus or minus 5 percent.
 - 2. Acceptable Standard
 - Sonolac, Sonneborn Building Products Inc.
 - Acrylic Latex Caulk 834, Tremco Inc. b.
 - c. Acrylic Latex Caulk with Silicone, DAP
 - d. AC-20, Pecora Corp.

2.05 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS:

- Joint Cleaner: Provide type of joint cleaning compound Α. recommended by sealant or caulking compound manufacturer, for joint surfaces to be cleaned.
- Joint Primer/Sealer: Provide type of joint В. primer/sealer recommended by sealant manufacturer, for joint surfaces to be primed or sealed.
- C. Bond Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape as recommended by sealant manufacturer, to be applied to sealant-contact surfaces where bond to substrate or joint filler must be avoided for proper performance of sealant. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.
- Sealant Backer Rod: Compressible rod stock D. polyethylene foam, polyethylene jacketed polyurethane foam butyl rubber foam, neoprene foam or other flexible, permanent, durable non-absorptive material as recommended for compatibility with sealant by the sealant manufacturer.
- Provide size and shape of rod which will control joint Ε. depth for sealant placement, break bond of sealant at bottom of joint, form optimum shape of sealant bead on back side, and provide a highly compressible backer to minimize possibility of sealant extrusion when joint is compressed.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION:

The installer must examine joint surfaces, backing and Α. anchorage of units forming sealant rabbet and condition under which sealant work is to be performed and notify the Construction Manager in writing of conditions detrimental to proper completion of the work and performance by sealants. Do not proceed with sealant work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to Installer.

3.02 SELECTION OF MATERIAL

- Caulking compounds shall be used for interior nonmoving joints and at locations indicated.
- One component elastomeric silicone sealants shall be В. used at exterior and interior joints where thermal or dynamic movement is anticipated including, but not limited to, the following locations:
 - 1. Metal to metal joints.
 - Sheet metal flashing, coping, preformed metal 2. caps, fascias, extenders, trim, and panels.
- C. One or two component elastomeric polyurethane sealants shall be used at exterior and interior joints where weatherproofing or waterproofing is required and at exterior joints between dissimilar materials including, but not limited to, the following locations:
 - Expansion and control joints.
 - Exterior side of hollow metal frames to adjacent 2. materials.
 - Exterior side of aluminum frames to adjacent 3. dissimilar materials.
 - 4. Lintels and shelf angles to masonry construction.
 - Louvers to adjacent construction. 5.
 - Vertical interior expansion joints and horizontal 6. interior and exterior control joints and expansion joints in the building.
 - 7. Joints in concrete site improvements (sidewalks, ramps, retaining walls) and the joint between the concrete slabs and dissimilar materials.
 - 8. Sealant in pipe sleeves where materials must perforate the floor slab.

- 9. Perimeter of floor slabs or concrete curbs which abut vertical surfaces.
- Exterior joints between dissimilar materials where the joining of the two surfaces leaves a gap between the meeting materials or components as may be dictated by the various methods of construction to make watertight.
- 11. Exterior locations which are noted "caulked" or "sealant" and not specifically listed herein or included in the work of other sections of the Specifications.
- Interior joints between dissimilar materials where 12. the joining of the 2 surfaces leave a gap between the meeting materials and components.
- 13. Exterior insulation and finish system:
 - Joints, including actual and false joints in system, at openings and penetrations in the system, and joints where the wall system abuts other materials.
- One or two part self-leveling polyurethane sealants D. shall be used for exterior and interior horizontal joints subject primarily to pedestrian traffic and light and moderate vehicular traffic.
- Security sealant shall be used in vertical control Ε. joints in the interior side of building.

3.03 JOINT SURFACE PREPARATION:

- Clean joint surfaces immediately before installation of Α. sealant or caulking compound. Remove dirt, insecure coatings, moisture and other substances which would interfere with bond of sealant or caulking compound.
- For elastomeric sealants, do not proceed with В. installation of sealant over joint surfaces which have been painted, lacquered, waterproofed or treated with water repellent or other treatment or coating unless a laboratory test for durability (adhesion), in compliance with paragraph 4.3.9. of FS TT-S-00227 has successfully demonstrated that sealant bond is not impaired by coating or treatment. If laboratory test has not been performed or shows bond interference, remove coating or treatment from joint surfaces before installing sealant.

- Etch concrete and masonry joint surfaces to remove excess alkalinity, unless sealant manufacturer's printed instructions indicate that alkalinity does not interfere with sealant bond and performance. Etch with 5% solution of muriatic acid; neutralize with dilute ammonia solution, rinse thoroughly with water and allow to dry before sealant installation.
- D. Roughen joint surfaces on vitreous coated and similar non-porous materials, where sealant manufacturer's data indicated lower bond strength than for porous surfaces. Rub with fine abrasive to produce a dull sheen.

3.04 INSTALLATION:

- Comply with sealant manufacturer's printed instructions except where more stringent requirements are shown or specified and except where manufacturer's technical representative directs otherwise.
- В. Prime or seal joint surfaces where shown or recommended by sealant manufacturer. Do not allow primer/sealer to spill or migrate onto adjoining surfaces.
- C. Install sealant backer rod for liquid sealants, except where shown to be omitted or recommended to be omitted by sealant manufacturer for the application shown.
- Install bond breaker tape where shown and where required by manufacturer's recommendations to ensure that elastomeric sealants will perform properly.
- Ε. Employ only proven installation techniques, which will ensure that sealants will be deposited in uniform, continuous ribbons without gaps or air pockets, with complete "wetting" of joint bond surfaces equally on opposite sides. Except as otherwise indicated, fill sealant rabbet to a slightly concave surface, slightly below adjoining surfaces. Where horizontal joints are between a horizontal surface and a vertical surface, fill joint to form a slight cove, so that joint will not trap moisture and dirt.
- F. Install sealants to depths as shown or if not shown as recommended by sealant manufacturer but within the following general limitations, measured at center (thin) section of bead.

- 1. For sidewalks, pavement and similar joints sealed with elastomeric sealants and subject to traffic and other abrasion and indentation exposures, fill joints to a depth equal to 75% of joint width and neither more than 5/8" deep nor less than 3/8" deep.
- 2. For normal moving joints sealed with elastomeric sealants, but not subject to traffic, fill joints to a depth equal to 50% of joint width, but neither more than 1/2" deep nor less than 1/4" deep.
- 3. For joints sealed with non-elastomeric sealants and caulking compounds, fill joints to a depth in the range of 75% to 125% of joint width.
- G. Spillage: Do not allow sealants or compounds to overflow or spill onto adjoining surfaces or to migrate into voids of adjoining surfaces including exposed aggregate panels and similar rough textures. Use masking tape or other precautionary devices to prevent staining of adjoining surfaces but either primer/sealer or the sealant/caulking compound.
- H. Remove excess and spillage of compounds promptly as the work progresses. Clean adjoining surfaces by whatever means may be necessary to eliminate evidence of spillage without damage to adjoining surfaces or finishes.
- I. Polysulfide Sealant Installation: Comply with standards issued by Thiokol Chemical Corp., except where more stringent requirements have been shown or specified, or have been issued by sealant manufacturer as either requirements or recommendations.

3.04 CURE AND PROTECTION:

A. Cure sealants and caulking compounds in compliance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations to obtain high early bond strength, internal cohesive strength and surface durability. Do not cure in a manner which would significantly alter materials modulus of elasticity or other characteristics.

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В. Installer shall advise the Construction Manager of procedures required for curing and protection of sealants and caulking compounds during construction period, so that they will be without deterioration or damage (other than normal wear and weathering) at time of Owner's acceptance.

END OF SECTION 07920

SECTION 08112 - HOLLOW METAL WORK - EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL: RE-BID

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. The extent of hollow metal work is shown on the drawings and schedules.
- This section includes hollow metal doors and pressed steel в. frames for doors and related openings.
- Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Glass and Glazing: Section 08800.
 - Fire Rated Glass: Section 08810

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Provide doors and frames complying with Steel Door Institute "Recommended Specifications: Standard Steel Doors and Frames" (SDI-100) and as herein specified.
- B. Fire-rated door assemblies shall be Underwriter Laboratory.: Where fire-rated door assemblies are indicated or required, provide fire-rated door and frame assemblies that comply with NFPA 80 "Standard for Fire Doors and Windows", and have been tested, listed, and labeled in accordance with ASTM E 152 "Standard Methods of Fire Tests for Door Assemblies". All metal labels to be riveted to door and frames mylar labels not acceptable.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's specifications for fabrication and installation, including data substantiating that products comply with requirements.

- Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for the fabrication and installation of hollow metal work. Include details of each frame type, elevations of door design types, conditions at openings, details of construction, location and installation requirements of finish hardware and reinforcements, and details of joints and connections.
 - Provide a schedule of doors and frames using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on the contract drawings.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING: 1.05

- A. Deliver hollow metal work cartoned or crated to provide protection during transit and job storage.
- В. Inspect hollow metal work upon delivery for damage. damages may be repaired provided the finish items are equal in all respects to new work and acceptable to the Architect; otherwise remove and replace damaged items as directed.
- C. Store doors and frames at the building site under cover. Place units on at least 4" high wood sills or on floors in a manner that will prevent rust and damage. Avoid the use of non-vented plastic or canvas shelters which could create a humidity chamber. If the cardboard wrappers on doors become wet, remove carton immediately. Provide 1/4" spaces between stacked doors to promote air circulation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheets and Strips: Commercial quality carbon steel, pickled and oiled, complying with ASTM A 569 and ASTM 568.
- В. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheets: Commercial quality carbon steel, complying with ASTM A 366 and ASTM A 568.
- C. Galvanized Steel Sheets: Zinc-coated carbon steel sheets of commercial quality, complying with ASTM A 526, with ASTM A 525, G90 zinc coating, mill phosphatized.

- Supports and Anchors: Fabricate of not less that 16 gage sheet metal. Galvanize after fabrication units to be built into exterior walls, complying with ASTM A 153, Class B.
- E. Inserts, Bolts and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard units, except hot-dip galvanize items to be built into exterior walls, complying with ASTM A 153, Class C or D as applicable.
- Shop-Applied Paint: Rust-inhibitive enamel or paint, either air-drying or baking, suitable as base for specified finish paints on steel surfaces.

2.02 FABRICATION, GENERAL:

- Fabricate hollow metal units to be rigid, neat in Α. appearance, and free from defects, warp or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles. Wherever practicable, fit and assemble units in the manufacturer's plant. Clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory-assembled before shipment to assure proper assembly at the project site. Weld exposed joints continuously; grind, dress, and make smooth, flush, and invisible. Metallic filler to conceal manufacturing defects is not acceptable.
- B. Exposed Fasteners: Unless otherwise indicated, provide countersunk flat Phillips or Jackson heads for exposed screws and bolts.
- C. Finish Hardware Preparation:
 - Prepare hollow metal units to receive mortised and concealed finish hardware, including cutouts, reinforcing, drilling, and tapping in accordance with final Finish Hardware Schedule and templates provided by hardware supplier. Comply with applicable requirements of ANSI A 115 series specifications for door and frame preparation for hardware.
 - 2. Reinforce hollow metal units to receive surfaceapplied hardware. Drilling and tapping for surfaceapplied finish hardware may be done at project site.

Locate finish hardware as shown on final shop drawings, or if not shown, in accordance with "Recommended Locations for Builder's Hardware", published by Door and Hardware Institute.

Shop Painting: D.

- Clean, treat and paint exposed surfaces of fabricated hollow metal units, including galvanized surfaces.
- Clean steel surfaces of mill scale, rust, oil, grease, dirt and other foreign materials before application of paint.
- 3. Apply pretreatment to cleaned metal surfaces, using cold phosphate solution (SSPC-PT-2), hot phosphate solution (SSPC-PT4) or basic zinc chromate-vinyl butyral solution (SSPC-PT3).
- Apply shop coat or prime paint within time limits recommended by pretreatment manufacturer. Apply a smooth coat of even consistency to provide a uniform dry film thickness of not less than 2.0 mils.
- Manufacturer: Provide hollow metal work by one of the following:
 - 1. Ceco Door Products
 - 2. Curries
 - 3. Steelcraft/Div of Ingersol Rand

2.03 DOORS:

Α. General:

- 1. Provide flush design doors, 1-3/4" thick, seamless hollow construction, unless otherwise indicated. Bevel both vertical edges 1/8" in 2".
- Insulated doors: Interior core of doors to be foamed in place, closed cell, polyurethane foam chemically bonded to door face sheets. Voids in foam will not exceed 1/2" in any direction. Compressive strength of polyurethane to be minimum of 20 PSI. Foam density not less than 1-8 PCF. Polystyrene core doors not acceptable. Doors to have R factor of not less than 14.81 U factor of .068.

Exterior Doors: В.

- 1. Fabricate exterior doors of 2 outer, galvanized, stretcher-level steel sheets not less than 16 gage. Construct doors with smooth, flush surfaces without visible joints or seams on exposed faces or stile edges except around glazed or louvered panel inserts. Provide weephole openings in the bottom of doors to permit escape of entrapped moisture.
- 2. Reinforce inside of doors with vertical galvanized sheet steel sections not less than 22 gage. Space vertical reinforcing 6" o.c. and extend full door height. Spot-weld at not more than 5" o.c. to both face sheets.
 - a. Continuous truss-form inner core of 28 gage galvanized sheet steel reinforcing may be provided as inner reinforcement in lieu of above. Spotweld truss-form reinforcement 3" o.c. vertically and horizontally over entire surface of both sides.
- Reinforce tops and bottoms of doors with 16 gage horizontal steel channels welded continuously to outer sheets. Close top and bottom edges to provide weather seal as integral part of door construction or by addition or inverted steel channels.

Interior Doors: С.

- 1. Fabricate interior doors of two outer, cold-rolled, stretcher-leveled steel sheets not less than 16 gage. Construct doors with smooth, flush surfaces, without visible joints or seams on exposed faces or stile edges except around glazed or louvered panel inserts.
- 2. Reinforce inside of doors with vertical, hot-rolled, not less than 22 gage steel sections. Space vertical reinforcing 6" o.c. and extend full door height. weld at not more than 5" o.c. to both face sheets.
 - Continuous truss-form inner core of 28 gage sheet metal reinforcing may be provided as inner reinforcement in lieu of above. Spot-weld trussform reinforcement 3" o.c. vertically and horizontally over entire surface of both sides.

- Reinforce tops and bottoms of doors with 16 gage, horizontal steel channels, welded continuously to outer sheets.
- Finish Hardware Reinforcement: Reinforce doors for required finish hardware as follows:
 - Hinges: Steel plate 3/16" thick x 1-1/2" wide x 6" longer than hinge, secured by not less than 6 spotwelds.
 - Mortise Locksets and Dead Bolts: 14 gage steel sheet, secured with not less than two spot-welds.
 - Cylinder Locks: 12 gage steel sheet, secured with not less than two spot-welds.
 - Flush Bolts: 12 gage steel sheet, secured with not less than two spot-welds.
 - 5. Surface-Applied Closers: 12 gage steel sheet, secured with not less than six spot-welds.
 - Plush Plates and Bars: 16 gage steel sheet (except when through bolts are shown or specified), secured with not less than two spot-welds.
 - 7. Surface Panic Devices: 14 gage sheet steel (except when through bolts are shown or specified), secured with not less than two spot-welds.

2.04 FRAMES:

- Provide hollow metal frames for doors, side-lights, borrowed lights, and other openings of sizes and profiles as indicated.
- Fabricate frames of full-welded unit construction with corners mitered, reinforced, continuously welded full depth and width of frame, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Knock-down type frames are not acceptable.
- Form frames of galvanized steel sheets for exterior and either cold or hot-rolled sheet steel for interior.
 - Gage: Not less than 14, for exterior openings up to and including 4'-0" wide.

- Gage: Not less than 14, for interior openings up to and including 4'-0" wide.
- 3. For openings over 4'-0" wide, increase thickness by at least two standard gages.
- D. Finish Hardware Reinforcement: Reinforce frames for required finish hardware as follows:
 - Hinges and Pivots: Steel plate 3/16" thick x 1-1/2" wide x 6" longer than hinge, secured by not less than six spot-welds.
 - 2. Strike Plate Clips: Steel plate 3/16" thick x 1-1/2" wide x 3" long.
 - Surface-Applied Closers: 12 gage steel sheet, secured with not less than six spot-welds.
 - Concealed Closers: Removable steel access plate, 12 gage internal` reinforcement of size and shape required, and enclosing housing to keep closer pocket free of mortar or other materials.
- Head Reinforcing: Where installed in masonry, leave vertical mullions in frames open at top for grouting.
- F. Jamb Anchors: Furnish jamb anchors as required to secure frames to adjacent construction, formed of not less than 18 gage galvanized steel.
 - Masonry Construction: Adjustable, flat, corrugated or perforated T-shaped to suit frame size, with leg not less than 2" wide by 10" long. Furnish at least three anchors per jamb up to 7'-6" height; four anchors up to 8'-0" jamb height; one additional anchor for each 24" or fraction thereof over 8'-0" height.
 - Metal Stud Partitions: Insert type with notched clip to engage metal stud, welded to back of frames. Provide at least four anchors for each jamb for frames up to 7'-6" in height; five anchors up to 8'-0" jamb height; one additional anchor each 24" or fraction thereof over 8'-0" height.

- In-Place Concrete or Masonry: Anchor frame jambs with minimum 3/8" concealed bolts into expansion shields or inserts at 6" from top and bottom and 26" o.c., unless otherwise shown. Reinforce frames at anchor locations. Apply removable stop to cover anchor bolts unless otherwise indicated.
- Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion which extends to floor, formed of not less than 14 gage galvanized steel sheet as follows:
 - Monolithic Concrete Slabs: Clip type anchors with two holes to receive fasteners, welded to bottom of jambs and mullions.
- Head Anchors: Provide two anchors at head of frames exceeding 42" wide for frames mounted in steel stud walls.
- I. Head Strut Supports: Provide 3/8" x 2" vertical steel struts extending from top of frame at each jamb to supporting construction above, unless frame is anchored to masonry or to other structural support at each jamb. Bend top of struts to provide flush contact for securing to supporting construction above. Provide adjustable bolted anchorage to frame jamb members.
- Structural Reinforcing Members: Provide as part of frame assembly, where indicated at mullions, transoms, or other locations which are to be built into frame.
- Head Reinforcing: For frames over 4'-0" wide in masonry wall openings, provide continuous steel channel or angle stiffener not less than 12 gage for full width of opening welded to back of frame at head.
- Spreader Bars: Provide removable spreader bar across bottom of frames, tack welded to jambs and mullions.
- Rubber Door Silencers: Except on weatherstripped doors, drill stops to receive three silencers on single-door frames and four silencers on double door frames. Install plastic plugs to keep holes clear during construction.
- Plaster Guards: Provide 26 gage steel plaster guards or dust cover boxes, welded to frame at back of finish hardware cutouts where mortar or other materials might obstruct hardware installation.

2.05 STOPS AND MOLDINGS:

- A. Provide stops around glazed panels in hollow metal units and in frames to receive doors where indicated.
- B. Form fixed stops integral with frame, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Provide removable stops and molds where indicated or required, formed of not less than 20 gage steel sheets matching steel on frames. Secure with countersunk machine screws spaced uniformly not more than 12 o.c.. Form corners with butted hairline joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

A. Installer must examine substrate and conditions under which hollow metal work is to be installed and must notify Contractor, in writing, of any conditions detrimental to proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to Installer.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

- A. Install hollow metal units and accessories in accordance with final shop drawings, manufacturer's data, and as herein specified.
- В. Setting Masonry Anchorage Devices:
 - Provide masonry anchorage devices where required for securing hollow metal frames to in-place concrete or masonry construction.
 - Set anchorage devices opposite each anchor location, in accordance with details on final shop drawings and anchorage device manufacturer's instructions. Leave drilled holes rough, not reamed, and free from dust and debris.
 - 3. Floor anchors may be set with powder-actuated fasteners instead of masonry anchorage devices and machine screws, if so indicated on final shop drawings.

Placing Frames:

- Set frames accurately in position, plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After all construction is complete, remove temporary braces and spreaders leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.
- Protective Coating: In masonry walls, protect inside (concealed) faces of door frames using fibered asphalt emulsion coating. Apply approximately 1/8" thick over shop primer and allow to dry before handling.
- 3. In masonry construction, building-in of anchors and grouting of frames is included in Section 04300 of these specifications.
- At in-place concrete or masonry construction, set frames and secure in place with machine screws and masonry anchorage devices.
- 5. Place frames at fire-rated openings in accordance with NFPA Standard No. 80.
- Make field splices in frames as detailed on final shop drawings, welded and finished to match factory work.
- 7. Remove spreader bars only after frames or bucks have been properly set and secured.

Door Installation: D.

- 1. Fit hollow metal doors accurately in their respective frames with the following clearances:
 - Jambs and Head: 3/32".
 - Meeting Edges, Pairs of Doors: 1/8". b.
 - Bottom: 1/4" at threshold or carpet.
 - Bottom: 1/4" to threshold or tile.
 - Head: 1/8" to bottom of head or transom panel.
- 2. Place fire-rated doors with clearances as specified in NFPA Standard No. 80.
- 3. Finish Hardware installation is specified in Section 08710.

3.03 ADJUST AND CLEAN:

- A. Final Adjustments: Check and re-adjust operating finish hardware items in hollow metal work just prior to final inspection. Leave work in complete and proper operating conditions. Remove and replace defective work, including doors or frames which are warped, bowed or otherwise unacceptable.
- B. Prime Coat Touch-Up: Immediately after erection, sand smooth any rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touch-up of compatible air-drying primer.

END OF SECTION 08112

SECTION 08112 - HOLLOW METAL WORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. The extent of hollow metal work is shown on the drawings and schedules.
- This section includes hollow metal doors and pressed steel В. frames for doors and related openings.
- Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Glass and Glazing: Section 08800.
 - 2. Fire Rated Glass: Section 08810

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Provide doors and frames complying with Steel Door Institute "Recommended Specifications: Standard Steel Doors and Frames" (SDI-100) and as herein specified.
- B. Fire-rated door assemblies shall be Underwriter Laboratory.: Where fire-rated door assemblies are indicated or required, provide fire-rated door and frame assemblies that comply with NFPA 80 "Standard for Fire Doors and Windows", and have been tested, listed, and labeled in accordance with ASTM E 152 "Standard Methods of Fire Tests for Door Assemblies". All metal labels to be riveted to door and frames mylar labels not acceptable.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturer's specifications for fabrication and installation, including data substantiating that products comply with requirements.

- Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for the fabrication and installation of hollow metal work. Include details of each frame type, elevations of door design types, conditions at openings, details of construction, location and installation requirements of finish hardware and reinforcements, and details of joints and connections.
 - Provide a schedule of doors and frames using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on the contract drawings.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING: 1.05

- A. Deliver hollow metal work cartoned or crated to provide protection during transit and job storage.
- В. Inspect hollow metal work upon delivery for damage. damages may be repaired provided the finish items are equal in all respects to new work and acceptable to the Architect; otherwise remove and replace damaged items as directed.
- C. Store doors and frames at the building site under cover. Place units on at least 4" high wood sills or on floors in a manner that will prevent rust and damage. Avoid the use of non-vented plastic or canvas shelters which could create a humidity chamber. If the cardboard wrappers on doors become wet, remove carton immediately. Provide 1/4" spaces between stacked doors to promote air circulation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheets and Strips: Commercial quality carbon steel, pickled and oiled, complying with ASTM A 569 and ASTM 568.
- В. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheets: Commercial quality carbon steel, complying with ASTM A 366 and ASTM A 568.
- C. Galvanized Steel Sheets: Zinc-coated carbon steel sheets of commercial quality, complying with ASTM A 526, with ASTM A 525, G90 zinc coating, mill phosphatized.

- Supports and Anchors: Fabricate of not less that 16 gage sheet metal. Galvanize after fabrication units to be built into exterior walls, complying with ASTM A 153, Class B.
- E. Inserts, Bolts and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard units, except hot-dip galvanize items to be built into exterior walls, complying with ASTM A 153, Class C or D as applicable.
- Shop-Applied Paint: Rust-inhibitive enamel or paint, either air-drying or baking, suitable as base for specified finish paints on steel surfaces.

2.02 FABRICATION, GENERAL:

- Fabricate hollow metal units to be rigid, neat in Α. appearance, and free from defects, warp or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles. Wherever practicable, fit and assemble units in the manufacturer's plant. Clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory-assembled before shipment to assure proper assembly at the project site. Weld exposed joints continuously; grind, dress, and make smooth, flush, and invisible. Metallic filler to conceal manufacturing defects is not acceptable.
- B. Exposed Fasteners: Unless otherwise indicated, provide countersunk flat Phillips or Jackson heads for exposed screws and bolts.

Finish Hardware Preparation:

- 1. Prepare hollow metal units to receive mortised and concealed finish hardware, including cutouts, reinforcing, drilling, and tapping in accordance with final Finish Hardware Schedule and templates provided by hardware supplier. Comply with applicable requirements of ANSI A 115 series specifications for door and frame preparation for hardware.
- 2. Reinforce hollow metal units to receive surfaceapplied hardware. Drilling and tapping for surfaceapplied finish hardware may be done at project site.

Locate finish hardware as shown on final shop drawings, or if not shown, in accordance with "Recommended Locations for Builder's Hardware", published by Door and Hardware Institute.

Shop Painting: D.

- Clean, treat and paint exposed surfaces of fabricated hollow metal units, including galvanized surfaces.
- Clean steel surfaces of mill scale, rust, oil, grease, dirt and other foreign materials before application of paint.
- 3. Apply pretreatment to cleaned metal surfaces, using cold phosphate solution (SSPC-PT-2), hot phosphate solution (SSPC-PT4) or basic zinc chromate-vinyl butyral solution (SSPC-PT3).
- Apply shop coat or prime paint within time limits recommended by pretreatment manufacturer. Apply a smooth coat of even consistency to provide a uniform dry film thickness of not less than 2.0 mils.
- Manufacturer: Provide hollow metal work by one of the following:
 - 1. Ceco Door Products
 - 2. Curries
 - 3. Steelcraft/Div of Ingersol Rand

2.03 DOORS:

Α. General:

- 1. Provide flush design doors, 1-3/4" thick, seamless hollow construction, unless otherwise indicated. Bevel both vertical edges 1/8" in 2".
- Insulated doors: Interior core of doors to be foamed in place, closed cell, polyurethane foam chemically bonded to door face sheets. Voids in foam will not exceed 1/2" in any direction. Compressive strength of polyurethane to be minimum of 20 PSI. Foam density not less than 1-8 PCF. Polystyrene core doors not acceptable. Doors to have R factor of not less than 14.81 U factor of .068.

Exterior Doors: В.

- 1. Fabricate exterior doors of 2 outer, galvanized, stretcher-level steel sheets not less than 16 gage. Construct doors with smooth, flush surfaces without visible joints or seams on exposed faces or stile edges except around glazed or louvered panel inserts. Provide weephole openings in the bottom of doors to permit escape of entrapped moisture.
- 2. Reinforce inside of doors with vertical galvanized sheet steel sections not less than 22 gage. Space vertical reinforcing 6" o.c. and extend full door height. Spot-weld at not more than 5" o.c. to both face sheets.
 - a. Continuous truss-form inner core of 28 gage galvanized sheet steel reinforcing may be provided as inner reinforcement in lieu of above. Spotweld truss-form reinforcement 3" o.c. vertically and horizontally over entire surface of both sides.
- 3. Reinforce tops and bottoms of doors with 16 gage horizontal steel channels welded continuously to outer sheets. Close top and bottom edges to provide weather seal as integral part of door construction or by addition or inverted steel channels.

Interior Doors: С.

- 1. Fabricate interior doors of two outer, cold-rolled, stretcher-leveled steel sheets not less than 16 gage. Construct doors with smooth, flush surfaces, without visible joints or seams on exposed faces or stile edges except around glazed or louvered panel inserts.
- 2. Reinforce inside of doors with vertical, hot-rolled, not less than 22 gage steel sections. Space vertical reinforcing 6" o.c. and extend full door height. weld at not more than 5" o.c. to both face sheets.
 - Continuous truss-form inner core of 28 gage sheet metal reinforcing may be provided as inner reinforcement in lieu of above. Spot-weld trussform reinforcement 3" o.c. vertically and horizontally over entire surface of both sides.

- Reinforce tops and bottoms of doors with 16 gage, horizontal steel channels, welded continuously to outer sheets.
- Finish Hardware Reinforcement: Reinforce doors for required finish hardware as follows:
 - Hinges: Steel plate 3/16" thick x 1-1/2" wide x 6" longer than hinge, secured by not less than 6 spotwelds.
 - Mortise Locksets and Dead Bolts: 14 gage steel sheet, secured with not less than two spot-welds.
 - Cylinder Locks: 12 gage steel sheet, secured with not less than two spot-welds.
 - Flush Bolts: 12 gage steel sheet, secured with not less than two spot-welds.
 - 5. Surface-Applied Closers: 12 gage steel sheet, secured with not less than six spot-welds.
 - Plush Plates and Bars: 16 gage steel sheet (except when through bolts are shown or specified), secured with not less than two spot-welds.
 - 7. Surface Panic Devices: 14 gage sheet steel (except when through bolts are shown or specified), secured with not less than two spot-welds.

2.04 FRAMES:

- Provide hollow metal frames for doors, side-lights, borrowed lights, and other openings of sizes and profiles as indicated.
- Fabricate frames of full-welded unit construction with corners mitered, reinforced, continuously welded full depth and width of frame, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Knock-down type frames are not acceptable.
- Form frames of galvanized steel sheets for exterior and either cold or hot-rolled sheet steel for interior.
 - Gage: Not less than 14, for exterior openings up to and including 4'-0" wide.

- 2. Gage: Not less than 14, for interior openings up to and including 4'-0" wide.
- 3. For openings over 4'-0" wide, increase thickness by at least two standard gages.
- D. Finish Hardware Reinforcement: Reinforce frames for required finish hardware as follows:
 - Hinges and Pivots: Steel plate 3/16" thick x 1-1/2" wide x 6" longer than hinge, secured by not less than six spot-welds.
 - 2. Strike Plate Clips: Steel plate 3/16" thick x 1-1/2" wide x 3" long.
 - Surface-Applied Closers: 12 gage steel sheet, secured with not less than six spot-welds.
 - Concealed Closers: Removable steel access plate, 12 gage internal` reinforcement of size and shape required, and enclosing housing to keep closer pocket free of mortar or other materials.
- Head Reinforcing: Where installed in masonry, leave vertical mullions in frames open at top for grouting.
- F. Jamb Anchors: Furnish jamb anchors as required to secure frames to adjacent construction, formed of not less than 18 gage galvanized steel.
 - Masonry Construction: Adjustable, flat, corrugated or perforated T-shaped to suit frame size, with leg not less than 2" wide by 10" long. Furnish at least three anchors per jamb up to 7'-6" height; four anchors up to 8'-0" jamb height; one additional anchor for each 24" or fraction thereof over 8'-0" height.
 - Metal Stud Partitions: Insert type with notched clip to engage metal stud, welded to back of frames. Provide at least four anchors for each jamb for frames up to 7'-6" in height; five anchors up to 8'-0" jamb height; one additional anchor each 24" or fraction thereof over 8'-0" height.

- In-Place Concrete or Masonry: Anchor frame jambs with minimum 3/8" concealed bolts into expansion shields or inserts at 6" from top and bottom and 26" o.c., unless otherwise shown. Reinforce frames at anchor locations. Apply removable stop to cover anchor bolts unless otherwise indicated.
- Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion which extends to floor, formed of not less than 14 gage galvanized steel sheet as follows:
 - Monolithic Concrete Slabs: Clip type anchors with two holes to receive fasteners, welded to bottom of jambs and mullions.
- Head Anchors: Provide two anchors at head of frames exceeding 42" wide for frames mounted in steel stud walls.
- I. Head Strut Supports: Provide 3/8" x 2" vertical steel struts extending from top of frame at each jamb to supporting construction above, unless frame is anchored to masonry or to other structural support at each jamb. Bend top of struts to provide flush contact for securing to supporting construction above. Provide adjustable bolted anchorage to frame jamb members.
- Structural Reinforcing Members: Provide as part of frame assembly, where indicated at mullions, transoms, or other locations which are to be built into frame.
- Head Reinforcing: For frames over 4'-0" wide in masonry wall openings, provide continuous steel channel or angle stiffener not less than 12 gage for full width of opening welded to back of frame at head.
- Spreader Bars: Provide removable spreader bar across bottom of frames, tack welded to jambs and mullions.
- Rubber Door Silencers: Except on weatherstripped doors, drill stops to receive three silencers on single-door frames and four silencers on double door frames. Install plastic plugs to keep holes clear during construction.
- N. Plaster Guards: Provide 26 gage steel plaster guards or dust cover boxes, welded to frame at back of finish hardware cutouts where mortar or other materials might obstruct hardware installation.

2.05 STOPS AND MOLDINGS:

- A. Provide stops around glazed panels in hollow metal units and in frames to receive doors where indicated.
- B. Form fixed stops integral with frame, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Provide removable stops and molds where indicated or required, formed of not less than 20 gage steel sheets matching steel on frames. Secure with countersunk machine screws spaced uniformly not more than 12 o.c.. Form corners with butted hairline joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

A. Installer must examine substrate and conditions under which hollow metal work is to be installed and must notify Contractor, in writing, of any conditions detrimental to proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to Installer.

3.02 TNSTALLATION:

- A. Install hollow metal units and accessories in accordance with final shop drawings, manufacturer's data, and as herein specified.
- В. Setting Masonry Anchorage Devices:
 - Provide masonry anchorage devices where required for securing hollow metal frames to in-place concrete or masonry construction.
 - Set anchorage devices opposite each anchor location, in accordance with details on final shop drawings and anchorage device manufacturer's instructions. Leave drilled holes rough, not reamed, and free from dust and debris.
 - 3. Floor anchors may be set with powder-actuated fasteners instead of masonry anchorage devices and machine screws, if so indicated on final shop drawings.

Placing Frames:

- Set frames accurately in position, plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After all construction is complete, remove temporary braces and spreaders leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.
- 2. Protective Coating: In masonry walls, protect inside (concealed) faces of door frames using fibered asphalt emulsion coating. Apply approximately 1/8" thick over shop primer and allow to dry before handling.
- 3. In masonry construction, building-in of anchors and grouting of frames is included in Section 04300 of these specifications.
- At in-place concrete or masonry construction, set frames and secure in place with machine screws and masonry anchorage devices.
- 5. Place frames at fire-rated openings in accordance with NFPA Standard No. 80.
- Make field splices in frames as detailed on final shop drawings, welded and finished to match factory work.
- 7. Remove spreader bars only after frames or bucks have been properly set and secured.

Door Installation: D.

- 1. Fit hollow metal doors accurately in their respective frames with the following clearances:
 - Jambs and Head: 3/32".
 - b. Meeting Edges, Pairs of Doors: 1/8".
 - Bottom: 1/4" at threshold or carpet. Bottom: 1/4" to threshold or tile.

 - e. Head: 1/8'' to bottom of head or transom panel.
- 2. Place fire-rated doors with clearances as specified in NFPA Standard No. 80.
- 3. Finish Hardware installation is specified in Section 08710.

3.03 ADJUST AND CLEAN:

- A. Final Adjustments: Check and re-adjust operating finish hardware items in hollow metal work just prior to final inspection. Leave work in complete and proper operating conditions. Remove and replace defective work, including doors or frames which are warped, bowed or otherwise unacceptable.
- B. Prime Coat Touch-Up: Immediately after erection, sand smooth any rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touch-up of compatible air-drying primer.

END OF SECTION 08112

SECTION 08151 - INTEGRATED METAL DOOR SYSTEMS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 GENERAL NOTE

A. The General Conditions, Supplementary General Conditions, and Division 1 - General Requirements are hereby made a part of this Section as fully as if repeated herein.

1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes
 - 1. Integrated metal door systems with doors, operating hardware, accessories, and installation for a complete assembly.

1.03 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 01340, Submittal Procedures.
- B. Section 08710, Door Hardware.

1.04 REFERENCES

- A. ANSI/BHMA A156.3 Exit Devices, American National Standards Institute/ Building Hardware Manufacturers Association, 2001.
- B. ANSI/BHMA A156.4 Closers, American National Standards Institute/ Building Hardware Manufacturers Association, 2000.
- C. ANSI/BHMA A156.13 Mortise Locks/Latches, American National Standards Institute/ Building Hardware Manufacturers Association, 2002.
- D. ANSI/BHMA A156.26 Continuous Hinges, American National Standards Institute/ Building Hardware Manufacturers Association, 2000.
- E. ANSI/SDI A250.8 Recommended Specifications for Standard Steel Doors and Frames, American National Standards Institute/Steel Door Institute, 2003.
- F. ANSI/UL 10C -- Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies, American National Standards Institute/Underwriters Laboratories, 2001.

- G. ASTM A1008 Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy and High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, American Society of Testing and Materials; 2004a.
- H. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code, National Fire Protection Association, 2003.
- I. NFPA 252 Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Door Assemblies, National Fire Protection Association, 2003.
- J. SDI 111 A Recommended Steel Door Frame Details, Steel Door Institute; 2002.
- K. SDI 112 Zinc-Coated (Galvanized/Galvannealed) Standard Steel Doors and Frames, Steel Door Institute, 1997.
- L. UL 10C Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies, Underwriters Laboratories Inc., 2001.
- M. UL 305 Standard for Panic Hardware, Underwriters Laboratories Inc., 1997

1.05 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Performance Requirements
 - 1. Integrated metal door opening assemblies: Exceed minimum performance standards.
 - a. Steel Doors: In accordance with ANSI/SDI A250.8, Grade 1, but not less than 5,000,000 cycles.
 - b. Exit Devices: In accordance with ANSI/BHMA A156.3, Grade 1, but not less than 5,000,000 cycles.
 - c. Closers: In accordance with ANSI/BHMA A156.4, Grade
 - d. Mortise Locks/Latches: In accordance with ANSI/ BHMA A156.13, Grade 1, but not less than 5,000,000 cycles.
 - e. Full-height Hinges: In accordance with ANSI/ BHMA A156.26, Grade 1, but not less than 5,000,000 cycles.

1.06 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings
 - 1. In accordance with Section 01340.
 - 2. Indicate each door and frame condition; frame type, profile and installation detail; items of finish hardware, finishes and electrical rough-in requirements.
- B. Samples
 - 1. In accordance with Section 01340.

1.07 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Oualifications
 - 1. Manufacturer: Firm with not less than 5 years successful experience in fabrication of integrated metal door opening assemblies with full-height latch/lock and full-height hinge.
 - 2. Supplier: Authorized distributor of manufacturer.
 - 3. Installer: Manufacturer certified, employed by supplier.
- B. Regulatory Requirements
 - 1. Rated door assemblies shall have been tested to meet conditions of NFPA 252 as required by NFPA 101 section 6-2.3.3.

1.08 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Packaging: Polyvinyl wrapped, palette by floor, and clearly marked for each opening.
- B. Delivery: Deliver to site in original unopened containers and pallets bearing system manufacturers name, and brand.
- C. Store: Horizontally on level surface, not less than 2 inches off floor in a clean, dry well-ventilated area protected from sunlight, extreme heat, dryness and moisture.
- D. Receiving, off loading, and site distribution should be handled by an authorized Total Door Distributor unless otherwise stipulated by contract. If the G.C. or other entity handles all or any portion of the receiving, off loading, and site distribution, they are held responsible for any and all damages that may result from potential miss handling of the product.

1.09 WARRANTY

- A. Integrated metal door opening assembly: Manufacturer's standard 2 year warranty against defects in material and workmanship.
- B. Locksets, hanger rods, and panic exit devices:
 Manufacturer's lifetime limited warranty against defects
 in material and workmanship.

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PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Integrated metal door systems
 - 1. Total Door: www.totaldoor.com.
 - 2. Substitutions: Not permitted.
- B. Hardware
 - 1. Total Door: www.totaldoor.com.

2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Frames
 - 1. In accordance with ANSI/SDI A250.8, SDI 111A, and SDI 112.
 - 2. Construction: All-welded unit type.
 - 3. Material: Steel, cold rolled, ASTM A1008, 16 gauge.
 - 4. Fire Resistance Rating: As indicated in Door Schedule.
 - 5. Spreader Bar: Removable, at sill.
- B. Frame Anchorage Devices
 - 1. To securely fasten to wall construction without distortion or stress.
 - 2. In accordance with fire resistance rating indicated in Door Schedule.
- C. Door Systems
 - 1. In accordance with ANSI/SDI A250.8.
 - 2. Abuse Resistant
 - a. Stiles: Steel, galvannealed, 16 gauge, MIG spot welded.
 - b. Top and Bottom Rails: Based on fire label.
 - c. Cores
 - 1) Solid polystyrene continuously bonded to faces.
 - d. Thickness: 1-3/4 inches.
 - e. Faces
 - 1) Steel, stretcher leveled, without seams or spot welds, galvannealed and bonderized, 16 gauge.
 - f. Weld pattern: Enhanced in accordance with manufacturer's standard details.
- D. System Hardware
 - 1. Full-height Hinge
 - a. Full-height, semi-concealed.
 - b. Acceptable products:
 - 1) Total Door: H-13.

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- 2. Full-height Latching/Locking Channel
 - a. Full-height.
 - b. Acceptable products:
 - 1) Total Door: L-11.

2.03 FINISHES

- A. Frames: Factory prime painted for field-applied finish.
- B. Hinge and Locking Channel
 - 1. Finish: 2 part infrared baked polyurethane paint.
 - a. Custom color selected by Architect.
- C. Door Faces
 - Prime painted to receive field applied finish.
 - 2. Factory applied, 2-part, infrared baked polyurethane paint.
 - a. Custom color selected by Architect.

2.04 FABRICATION

- A. Unless modified by Contract Documents, construct integrated metal door opening assemblies in accordance with manufacturer's published specifications and applicable Code requirements.
- B. Factory assemble with full-height hinges and latching/locking channels, locksets, exit devices, closers, kickplates, stretcher plates, and armor plates.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Field Conditions
 - 1. Prior to commencing installation, examine parts of building structure, which are to receive door systems and component parts.
 - 2. Report, in writing, conditions which would prevent proper execution or endanger permanency of the work to the Architect.
- B. Field Dimensions
 - 1. Where possible, verify frame tolerances before fabrication of door systems.
 - 2. Notify Architect of variances with reviewed shop drawings.
- C. Corrective measures, when necessary, shall be determined and approved prior to commencing fabrication.

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D. Coordinate door opening assembly details with adjacent work to assure proper attachments, clean junctions, etc.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install work in accordance with Contract Documents and reviewed shop drawings.
 - 1. Install door systems and hardware according to Manufacturer's recommendations.
 - 2. Deliver frames to be installed by others.

B. Frames

- 1. Set plumb and square in accordance with DHI standards.
 - a. Out-of-square at frame head: Not to exceed 1/16 inch.
 - b. Out-of-plumb for each frame jamb: Not to exceed
 1/16 inch.
 - c. Out-of-alignment for each side in plan: Not to exceed 1/16 inch.
 - d. Twist dimension: Not to exceed 1/16 inch.
- 2. Brace until adjacent wall is constructed.
- 3. Securely anchor to adjacent wall.
- 4. Furnish and install clips, fastenings, and anchorages and conceal unless otherwise noted.

C. Door systems

- 1. Hang to maintain manufacturer's installation tolerances.
- 2. Adjust to freely swing without binding, sticking, or sagging, and to eliminate excessive clearances.
- D. Hardware: When installation is otherwise complete, adjust hardware for proper operation and function.

PART 4 SCHEDULE

A. Hardware

Panic Exit Device	PF200	FPEO OPN	628
Pocket Closer	90°	4003T Wall mounted	LCN Alum
Mag Holder	1504 AQ	24V EDW	628

END OF SECTION 08151

SECTION 08210 - FLUSH WOOD DOORS - EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL: RE-BID

PART 1. GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES: Wood doors non-rated and fire-rated Solid core flush wood doors Α.
- 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS
 - Section 08112 Hollow metal work Α.
 - Section 08710 Finish hardware В.
- 1.3 REFERENCES AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS
 - ASTM E152 Methods of Fire Tests and Door Assemblies.
 - NFPA 252 Standard Methods for Fire Assemblies. В.
 - C. UBC 7-2-1994
 - D. UBC 7-2, 1997
 - E. MBC 2009
 - F. UL 10 (c) - Fire Tests for Door Assemblies - Positive Pressure
 - G. UL 10 (b) - Fire Tests for Door Assemblies - Neutral Pressure
 - NFPA 80 Fire Doors and Windows. Η.
 - I. Quality Standards:
 - WDMA Industry Standard I.S. 1A-04 1.
 - ANSI A115. W Series, Wood Door Hardware Standards. 2. (American National Standard Institute)
 - J. Labeling Agencies
 - Intertek Testing Services-Warnock Hersey (ITS-WH)
 - 2. Underwriters Laboratories (UL)

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- Shop drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each Α. door; elevation of each kind of door; location and extent of hardware blocking; and other pertinent data.
 - 1. Indicate dimensions and locations of mortises and holes for hardware.
 - 2. Indicate dimensions and locations of cutouts.
 - 3. Indicate requirements for veneer matching.
 - 4. Indicate doors to be factory finished and finish requirements.
 - 5. Indicate fire ratings for fire doors.
- Samples for Initial Selection: Color charts consisting of В. actual materials in small sections for the following:

- 1. Faces for Factory Finished doors: Show the full range of colors available for stained finishes.
- C. Samples for Verification:
 - 1. Factory finishes applied to actual door face materials, approximately 8 by 10 inches, for each material and finish. For each wood species and transparent finish, provide one piece of the expected finished work.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source limitations: Obtain flush wood doors through one source from a single manufacturer.
- B. Quality standard: Comply with WDMA I.S.1-A 04
- C. Fire-rated Doors: Doors complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to UBC 7-2-1997 (Positive Pressure)

1.6 DELIVERY STORAGE AND HANDLING AND SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Deliver, store, protect and handle products under provisions of WDMA.
- B. Package doors individually and wrap bundles of doors. Inspect for damage. Do not store in damp or wet areas. HVAC systems should be operating and balanced prior to arrival of doors. Acceptable humidity shall be no less than 25% nor greater than 55%.
- C. Certain wood species are light sensitive. Protect doors from exposure to natural and artificial light after delivery.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Provide manufacturer's warranty for Interior Solid Core Doors:

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1. Full Lifetime Warranty

PART 2. PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Flush wood doors:
 - a. Marshfield DoorSystems. Basis of Design-Signature Series Doors
 - 2. Or Equal Products by:
 - a. Algoma Hardwoods, Inc.
 - b. Eggers Industries
 - c. Oshkosh Door Company
 - d. Mohawk Flush Doors Masonite Company
- B. Substitutions allowed only with written approval by architect prior to bid date.

2.2 DOOR CONSTRUCTION, GENERAL

- A. WORKMANSHIP
 - 1. Comply with WDMA I.S. 1A-04
- B. PERFORMANCE STANDARD
 - 1. Comply with WDMA I.S. 1A-04 Extra Heavy Duty
- C. DOORS FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH:
 - 1. Grade: Premium, with A Grade Faces
 - 2. Wood veneer Species and Cut: Plain sliced red oak
 - 3. Match between veneer leaves: Book match
 - 4. Assembly of spliced veneers: Running
 - 5. Pair and Set match: Provide for doors hung in same opening or separated only by mullions.
 - 6. Door with Transom: Continuous match
- D. DOORS FOR OPAQUE FINISH:
 - 1. Medium Density Overlay
- E. Interior Veneer-faced doors:
 - 1. Stiles and rails bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before veneering.

F. Rating: Positive pressure Category A (concealed intumescent).

2.3 SOLID-CORE DOORS

- Α. NON-FIRE RATED WOOD DOORS
 - 1. Non-rated and 20-minute rated
 - LD-2 Particleboard, PC-5
 - Structural Composite Lumber, SCLC-5
 - Stave lumber core, SLC-5 С.
 - 2. Provide manufacturers standard laminated-edge construction with improved screw-holding capability and split resistance.
 - 3. 20-minute rated pairs:
 - a. Provide with fire-retardant stiles matching face veneer that are labeled and listed for kinds of applications indicated without formed-steel edges and astragals.
 - b. As required by manufacturer to permit positive pressure "S" label per Category H.
- FIRE RATED WOOD DOORS В.
 - 1. Manufacturer's standard mineral-core construction as needed to provide fire rating indicated.
 - 2. Blocking: provide composite blocking with improved screw-holding capability approved for use in doors of fire ratings indicated as needed to eliminate throughbolting hardware for surface applied hardware.
 - 3. Provide manufacturers standard laminated-edge construction with improved screw-holding capability and split resistance that are labeled and listed to provide fire rating indicated.
 - 4. Pairs: Metal edges.
- 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated, with the following uniform clearances and bevels, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. WDMA prefit clearances for factory fit doors
 - 2. NFPA 80 for fire rated doors
 - 3. Manufacturers hardware templates
- B. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied. Comply with final hardware schedules, door frame Shop Drawings, and hardware templates.
 - 1. Coordinate measurements of hardware mortises in metal frames to verify dimensions and alignment before factory machining.
- C. Openings: Cut and trim openings through doors to comply with applicable requirements of referenced standard for kind(s) of doors(s) required.
 - 1. Light openings: Trim openings with moldings of material and profile indicated.
 - 2. Louvers: Factory install louvers in prepared openings.
- D. Apply appropriate labels.

2.5 FACTORY FINISH

- A. General: Comply with WDMA finish requirements.
- B. Finish doors at factory.
- C. Transparent Finish:
 - 1. Finish: WDMA TR-6 catalyzed polyurethane.
 - 2. Staining: As selected from manufacturers standard colors.
- D. Factory finished doors to be installed just prior to substantial completion.

2.6 FACTORY GLAZING

Glazing in wood doors to be installed by wood door Α. manufacturer.

2.7 ACCESSORIES

GLAZING STOPS Α.

- Non-Rated:
 - Wood, of the same species/compatible with door species.
- 2. Fire-Rated:
 - Veneer wrapped rolled steel, of same species as door facing.

APPLIED MOLDINGS: В.

- As selected from manufacturer's standard profiles 1. and install as detailed.
- Applied moldings to be affixed to the door without the use of nails or staples.

PART 3. EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- Α. Examine doors and installed frames before hanging doors.
 - 1. Verify that frames comply with indicated requirements for type, size, location and swing characteristics and have been installed with level heads and plumb jambs.
 - 2. Reject doors with defects prior to hanging.
- Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory В. conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- Hardware: For installation, Refer to Division 8 Section Α. 08710 "Finish Hardware."
- Manufacturer's written instructions: Install doors to В. comply with manufacturer's written instructions, referenced quality standard, and as indicated. 1. Install fire-rated doors in corresponding fire-rated
 - frames according to NFPA 80.

- C. Align all doors for uniform clearance at each edge.
- Factory finished doors: Restore finish before installation if fitting or machining is required at Project site.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Operation: Adjust all doors to swing and operate freely.

END OF SECTION 08210

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

2015 RENOVATIONS

HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626C

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 08210 - FLUSH WOOD DOORS

PART 1. GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES: Wood doors non-rated and fire-rated
 - Solid core flush wood doors

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- Section 08112 Hollow metal work Α.
- Section 08710 Finish hardware В.
- 1.3 REFERENCES AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS
 - ASTM E152 Methods of Fire Tests and Door Assemblies.
 - NFPA 252 Standard Methods for Fire Assemblies. В.
 - C. UBC 7-2-1994
 - D. UBC 7-2, 1997
 - Ε. MBC 2009
 - F. UL 10 (c) - Fire Tests for Door Assemblies - Positive Pressure
 - G. UL 10 (b) - Fire Tests for Door Assemblies - Neutral Pressure
 - NFPA 80 Fire Doors and Windows. Η.
 - Quality Standards:
 - WDMA Industry Standard I.S. 1A-04
 - ANSI A115. W Series, Wood Door Hardware Standards. 2. (American National Standard Institute)
 - J. Labeling Agencies
 - Intertek Testing Services-Warnock Hersey (ITS-WH)
 - 2. Underwriters Laboratories (UL)

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- Shop drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each Α. door; elevation of each kind of door; location and extent of hardware blocking; and other pertinent data.
 - 1. Indicate dimensions and locations of mortises and holes for hardware.
 - 2. Indicate dimensions and locations of cutouts.
 - 3. Indicate requirements for veneer matching.
 - 4. Indicate doors to be factory finished and finish requirements.
 - 5. Indicate fire ratings for fire doors.
- Samples for Initial Selection: Color charts consisting of В. actual materials in small sections for the following:

- 1. Faces for Factory Finished doors: Show the full range of colors available for stained finishes.
- C. Samples for Verification:
 - 1. Factory finishes applied to actual door face materials, approximately 8 by 10 inches, for each material and finish. For each wood species and transparent finish, provide one piece of the expected finished work.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source limitations: Obtain flush wood doors through one source from a single manufacturer.
- B. Quality standard: Comply with WDMA I.S.1-A 04
- C. Fire-rated Doors: Doors complying with NFPA 80 that are listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to UBC 7-2-1997 (Positive Pressure)

1.6 DELIVERY STORAGE AND HANDLING AND SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Deliver, store, protect and handle products under provisions of WDMA.
- B. Package doors individually and wrap bundles of doors. Inspect for damage. Do not store in damp or wet areas. HVAC systems should be operating and balanced prior to arrival of doors. Acceptable humidity shall be no less than 25% nor greater than 55%.
- C. Certain wood species are light sensitive. Protect doors from exposure to natural and artificial light after delivery.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Provide manufacturer's warranty for Interior Solid Core Doors:

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1. Full Lifetime Warranty

PART 2. PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Flush wood doors:
 - a. Marshfield DoorSystems. Basis of Design-Signature Series Doors
 - 2. Or Equal Products by:
 - a. Algoma Hardwoods, Inc.
 - b. Eggers Industries
 - c. Oshkosh Door Company
 - d. Mohawk Flush Doors Masonite Company
- B. Substitutions allowed only with written approval by architect prior to bid date.

2.2 DOOR CONSTRUCTION, GENERAL

- A. WORKMANSHIP
 - 1. Comply with WDMA I.S. 1A-04
- B. PERFORMANCE STANDARD
 - 1. Comply with WDMA I.S. 1A-04 Extra Heavy Duty
- C. DOORS FOR TRANSPARENT FINISH:
 - 1. Grade: Premium, with A Grade Faces
 - 2. Wood veneer Species and Cut: Plain sliced red oak
 - 3. Match between veneer leaves: Book match
 - 4. Assembly of spliced veneers: Running
 - 5. Pair and Set match: Provide for doors hung in same opening or separated only by mullions.
 - 6. Door with Transom: Continuous match
- D. DOORS FOR OPAQUE FINISH:
 - 1. Medium Density Overlay
- E. Interior Veneer-faced doors:
 - 1. Stiles and rails bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before veneering.

F. Rating: Positive pressure Category A (concealed intumescent).

2.3 SOLID-CORE DOORS

Α. NON-FIRE RATED WOOD DOORS

- 1. Non-rated and 20-minute rated
 - LD-2 Particleboard, PC-5
 - Structural Composite Lumber, SCLC-5
 - Stave lumber core, SLC-5 c.
- 2. Provide manufacturers standard laminated-edge construction with improved screw-holding capability and split resistance.
- 3. 20-minute rated pairs:
 - a. Provide with fire-retardant stiles matching face veneer that are labeled and listed for kinds of applications indicated without formed-steel edges and astragals.
 - b. As required by manufacturer to permit positive pressure "S" label per Category H.

FIRE RATED WOOD DOORS В.

- 1. Manufacturer's standard mineral-core construction as needed to provide fire rating indicated.
- 2. Blocking: provide composite blocking with improved screw-holding capability approved for use in doors of fire ratings indicated as needed to eliminate throughbolting hardware for surface applied hardware.
- 3. Provide manufacturers standard laminated-edge construction with improved screw-holding capability and split resistance that are labeled and listed to provide fire rating indicated.
- 4. Pairs: Metal edges.

2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated, with the following uniform clearances and bevels, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. WDMA prefit clearances for factory fit doors
 - 2. NFPA 80 for fire rated doors
 - 3. Manufacturers hardware templates
- B. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied. Comply with final hardware schedules, door frame Shop Drawings, and hardware templates.
 - 1. Coordinate measurements of hardware mortises in metal frames to verify dimensions and alignment before factory machining.
- C. Openings: Cut and trim openings through doors to comply with applicable requirements of referenced standard for kind(s) of doors(s) required.
 - 1. Light openings: Trim openings with moldings of material and profile indicated.
 - 2. Louvers: Factory install louvers in prepared openings.
- D. Apply appropriate labels.

2.5 FACTORY FINISH

- A. General: Comply with WDMA finish requirements.
- B. Finish doors at factory.
- C. Transparent Finish:
 - 1. Finish: WDMA TR-6 catalyzed polyurethane.
 - 2. Staining: As selected from manufacturers standard colors.
- D. Factory finished doors to be installed just prior to substantial completion.

2.6 FACTORY GLAZING

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Glazing in wood doors to be installed by wood door Α. manufacturer.

2.7 ACCESSORIES

GLAZING STOPS Α.

- Non-Rated:
 - Wood, of the same species/compatible with door species.
- 2. Fire-Rated:
 - Veneer wrapped rolled steel, of same species as door facing.

APPLIED MOLDINGS: В.

- As selected from manufacturer's standard profiles 1. and install as detailed.
- Applied moldings to be affixed to the door without the use of nails or staples.

PART 3. EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- Α. Examine doors and installed frames before hanging doors.
 - 1. Verify that frames comply with indicated requirements for type, size, location and swing characteristics and have been installed with level heads and plumb jambs.
 - 2. Reject doors with defects prior to hanging.
- Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory В. conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- Hardware: For installation, Refer to Division 8 Section Α. 08710 "Finish Hardware."
- Manufacturer's written instructions: Install doors to В. comply with manufacturer's written instructions, referenced quality standard, and as indicated. 1. Install fire-rated doors in corresponding fire-rated frames according to NFPA 80.

- C. Align all doors for uniform clearance at each edge.
- Factory finished doors: Restore finish before installation if fitting or machining is required at Project site.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Operation: Adjust all doors to swing and operate freely.

END OF SECTION 08210

SECTION 08333 - ROLLING COUNTER DOOR

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Rolling Counter Door.
 - 1. Use at Serving Room M110.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Reference Section 01330 "Submittals", Submittal Procedures; submit the following items:
 - 1. Product Data.
 - 2. Shop Drawings: Include special conditions not detailed in Product Data. Show interface with adjacent work.
 - 3. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:
 - a. Provide proof of manufacturer ISO 9001:2008 registration.
 - b. Provide proof of manufacturer and installer qualifications see 1.3 below.
 - c. Provide manufacturer's installation instructions.
 - 4. Closeout Submittals:
 - a. Operation and Maintenance Manual.
 - b. Certificate stating that installed materials comply with this specification.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Oualifications:
 - 1. Manufacturer Qualifications: ISO 9001:2008 registered and a minimum of five years experience in producing fire and smoke control units of the type specified.
 - 2. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's approval.

1.4 DELIVERY STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Reference Division 1 for Product Storage and Handling Requirements.
- B. Follow manufacturer's instructions.

1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Standard Warranty: Two years from date of shipment against defects in material and workmanship.
- B. Maintenance: Submit for owner's consideration and acceptance of a maintenance service agreement for installed products.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

- A. Manufacturer: Cornell Iron Works, Inc., Crestwood Industrial Park, Mountaintop, PA 18707. Telephone: (800) 233-8366, Fax: (800) 526-0841. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL), ISO 9001:2008 Registered.
 - 1. Model: ESC10. Refer to Drawings for size and mounting details inside existing opening at Serving M110 $(+/-5'-7" \times 15'-4")$
- B. Other acceptable manufacturers (provided they meet or exceed the performance and material of the basis of design):
 - 1. The Cookson Co.
 - 2. Overhead Door Company
 - 3. Wayne Dalton
- C. Substitutions: Reference Section 01330 "Submittals" for Product Substitution Procedures.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Curtain:

- 1. Slats: No. 1F, interlocked flat-faced slats, 1-1/2 inches high by ½" deep, 22 gauge AISI type 304 stainless steel with stainless steel angle bottom bar with lift handles and vinyl astragal.
- 2. Fabricate interlocking slat sections with high strength molded nylon endlocks riveted to ends of alternate slats.
- 3. Slat Finish:
 - a. Stainless steel: No. 4 finish.

- 4. Bottom Bar Finish:
 - a. Stainless steel: No. 4 finish.
- B. Guides:
 - 1. Stainless steel: 12 gauge formed shapes.
 - 2. Finish
 - a. Stainless steel: No. 4 finish.
- C. Counterbalance Shaft Assembly:
 - 1. Barrel: Steel pipe capable of supporting curtain load with maximum deflection of 0.03 inches per foot (2.5 mm per meter) of width.
 - 2. Spring Balance: Oil-tempered, heat-treated steel helical torsion spring assembly designed for proper balance of door to ensure that maximum effort to operate will not exceed 25 lbs (110 N). Provide wheel for applying and adjusting spring torque.
- D. Brackets: Fabricate from reinforced steel plate with bearings at rotating support points to support counterbalance shaft assembly and form end closures.
 - 1. Finish:
 - a. Phosphate treatment followed by baked-on polyester powder coat. Color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard color range; minimum 2.5 mils (0.065 mm) cured film thickness; ASTM D-3363 pencil hardness: H or better.
- E. Hood: 24 gauge galvanized steel with reinforced top and bottom edges. Provide minimum 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) steel intermediate support brackets as required to prevent excessive saq.
 - 1. Finish:
 - a. GalvaNexTM Coating System and phosphate treatment followed by baked-on polyester powder coat, color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard color range, minimum 32 colors, minimum 2.5 mils (0.065 mm) cured film thickness; ASTM D-3363 pencil hardness: H or better.
- 2.3 ACCESSORIES
 - A. Locking:
 - 1. Manual crank hoist: Padlockable slide bolt on coil side bottom bar at each jamb extending into slots in guides.

B. Operator and bracket mechanism cover: Provide 24 gauge galvanized steel sheet metal cover to enclose exposed moving operating components at coil area of unit. Finish to match door hood.

2.4 OPERATION

A. Manual crank hoist: Provide crank hoist operator including crank gear box, steel crank drive shaft and geared reduction unit. Fabricate gear box to completely enclose operating mechanism and be oil tight.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates upon which work will be installed and verify conditions are in accordance with approved shop drawings.
- B. Coordinate with responsible entity to perform corrective work on unsatisfactory substrates.
- C. Commencement of work by installer is acceptance of substrate.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install door and operating equipment with necessary hardware, anchors, inserts, hangers and supports.
- B. Follow manufacturer's installation instructions.
- C. Install door assembly on underside of existing opening as detailed on drawings.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Following completion of installation, including related work by others, lubricate, test, and adjust doors for ease of operation, free from warp, twist, or distortion.

3.4 CLEANING

- A. Clean surfaces soiled by work as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Remove surplus materials and debris from the site.

3.5 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Demonstrate proper operation to Owner's Representative.
- B. Instruct Owner's Representative in maintenance procedures.

END OF SECTION 08333

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SECTION 08350 - ROLLING FIRE DOORS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Manual, automatic closing, overhead rolling fire doors with SmokeShield UL leakage rated assembly label.
 - 1. Use at openings in Ticket Booth N105 and Concessions

B. Related Sections:

- 1. Division 16. Electrical wiring and conduit, fuses, disconnect switches, connection of operator to power supply, installation of control station and wiring, and connection to alarm systems.
- C. Products That May Be Supplied, But Are Not Installed Under This Section:
 - 1. Control Station.
 - 2. Smoke/heat detectors.
 - 3. Annunciator

1.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Performance Requirements:

- 1. Provide doors with Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. label for the fire rating classification, 1 hr.
- 2. Provide doors with Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. label for 'Leakage Rated Assembly' or 'S' label.
 - a. Comply with NFPA 105 air leakage requirements.
 - b. Pass UL test procedure 1784.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Reference Section 01330-Submittal Procedures; submit the following items:
 - 1. Product Data.
 - 2. Shop Drawings: Include special conditions not detailed in Product Data. Show interface with adjacent work.
 - 3. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:

- a. Provide proof of manufacturer ISO 9001:2000 registration.
- b. Provide proof of manufacturer and installer qualifications - see 1.4 below.
- c. Provide manufacturer's installation instructions.
- 4. Closeout Submittals:
 - a. Operation and Maintenance Manual.
 - b. Certificate stating that installed materials comply with this specification.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Oualifications:
 - 1. Manufacturer Qualifications: ISO 9001:2000 registered and a minimum of five years experience in producing fire and smoke control units of the type specified.
 - 2. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's approval.

1.5 DELIVERY STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Follow manufacturer's instructions.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Standard Warranty: Two years from date of shipment against defects in material and workmanship.
- B. Maintenance: Submit for owner's consideration and acceptance of a maintenance service agreement for installed products.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

- A. Provide rolling shutters as manufacturered by one of the following:
 - 1. Cornell (basis of design)
 - 2. The Cookson Co.
 - 3. Overhead Door Company
 - 4. The McKeon Rolling Door Company
 - 5. Wayne Dalton
 - 6. Crawford Door
 - 7. Amarr
 - 8. Clopay

B. Model: ERD11 (Refer to drawings for sizes and locations) Ticket Booth N105 = $2 @ 4'-0''H \times 2'-0''W$ Concessions L120 = 2 @ $4'-0''H \times 4'-0''W$

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Curtain:

- 1. Slats: No. 5F, 22 gauge AISI type 304 stainless steel.
- 2. Bottom Bar: Two 2x2x1/8 inch (50x50x3.2 mm) AISI 300 series stainless steel angles.
- 3. Fabricate interlocking continuous slat sections with high strength steel endlocks secured with two 4'' (6.35 mm) rivets per UL requirements.
- 4. Slat Finish:
 - a. Stainless steel: No. 4 finish.
- 5. Bottom Bar Finish:
 - a. Stainless steel: No. 4 finish.
- B. Guides: Fabricate with minimum 3/16 inch (4.76 mm) stainless steel angles. Top of inner and outer guide angles to be flared outwards to form bellmouth for smooth entry of curtain into quides. Provide removable quide stoppers to prevent over travel of curtain and bottom bar.
 - 1. Finish:
 - a. Stainless steel: [No. 4 finish] [Mill finish].
- C. Counterbalance Shaft Assembly:
 - 1. Barrel: Steel pipe capable of supporting curtain load with maximum deflection of 0.03 inches per foot (2.5 mm per meter) of width.
 - 2. Spring Balance: Oil-tempered, heat-treated steel helical torsion spring assembly designed for proper balance of door to ensure that maximum effort to operate will not exceed 25 lbs (110 N). Provide wheel for applying and adjusting spring torque.
- D. Brackets: Fabricate from minimum 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) steel plate with permanently lubricated ball or roller bearings at rotating support points to support counterbalance shaft assembly and form end closures.

1. Finish:

a. Phosphate treatment followed by baked-on polyester powder coat, custom color as selected by Architect; minimum 2.5 mils (0.065 mm) cured film thickness; ASTM D-3363 pencil hardness: H or better.

- E. Hood: 24 gauge stainless steel with reinforced top and bottom edges. Provide minimum 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) steel intermediate support brackets as required to prevent excessive saq.
 - 1. Finish:
 - a. Stainless steel: No. 4 finish.

F. Smoke Seals:

- 1. Bottom Bar: Two, replaceable, UL listed, nylon pile smoke seals.
- 2. Guides and Head: Replaceable, UL listed, nylon pile smoke seals sealing against fascia side of curtain.

2.3 ACCESSORIES

A. Locking:

- 1. Padlockable slide bolt on coil side bottom bar at each jamb extending into slots in guides.
- B. Photoelectric Smoke/Heat Detector: UL listed.
- C. Fire Emergency Annunciator: Provide ADA compliant horn/strobe fire emergency annunciator to give advanced warning that the fire door is about to close. Warning signal to activate upon alarm signal.
- D. Operator and Full Bracket Mechanism Cover: Provide 24 gauge stainless steel sheet metal cover to enclose exposed moving operating components at coil area of unit. Finish to match door hood.

2.4 OPERATION

A. Manual Push-Up with Conventional Spring Release System: Provide lift handles on bottom bar and pole with hook. Automatic closure shall be activated by fusible link or a central smoke/fire alarm system by means of a fail-safe releasing device.

Doors shall maintain an average closing speed of not less than 6'' (152 mm) nor more than 24'' (610 mm) per second during automatic closing per NFPA 80.

Resetting of spring tension and mechanical dropouts by a trained door systems technician is required.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates upon which work will be installed and verify conditions are in accordance with approved shop drawings.
- B. Coordinate with responsible entity to perform corrective work on unsatisfactory substrates.
- C. Commencement of work by installer is acceptance of substrate.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install door and operating equipment with necessary hardware, anchors, inserts, hangers and supports.
- B. Comply with NFPA80 and NFPA 105 and follow manufacturer's installation instructions.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Following completion of installation, including related work by others, lubricate, test, and adjust doors for ease of operation, free from warp, twist, or distortion.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Site Test: Test doors for normal operation and automatic closing. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction to witness test and sign Drop Test Form.

3.5 CLEANING

- A. Clean surfaces soiled by work as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Remove surplus materials and debris from the site.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Demonstrate proper operation, testing and reset procedures to Owner's Representative.
- B. Instruct Owner's Representative in maintenance procedures.

END OF SECTION 08350

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SECTION 08410 - FRP DOORS-ALUMINUM FRAMING SYSTEMS

1. GENERAL

1.1. RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and General Provisions of contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work in this section.

1.2. DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. The extent of each type of door and frame is shown on the drawings and in schedules.
- B. The following types of doors and frames are required:
 - 1. FRP flush doors
 - 2. Aluminum frames for flush FRP doors.

1.3. RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

- A. For Finish Hardware, see Section 08710.
- B. For Sealants & Caulking, see Section 07920.
- C. For Glass & Glazing, see Section 08800.
- D. Aluminum Framed Entrance and Storefronts See Section 08421

1.4. SYSTEM PERFORMANCE FRP AND ALUMINUM FLUSH DOORS

- A. Provide door assemblies that have been designed and fabricated to comply with requirements for system performance characteristics listed below, as demonstrated by testing manufacturer's corresponding stock systems according to test methods designated.
- B. Thermal Transmission (exterior doors); U-value of not more than 0.09 (BTU/Hr. x sf x degrees F.) per AAMA 1503.01.
- C. Flame Spread/Smoke Developed: Provide FRP doors and panels with the following ratings in accordance with ASTM E 84-79a: Flame Spread: Exterior faces not greater than 145 (Class C); interior faces not greater than 10 (Class A). Smoke Developed: Exterior faces not greater than 345 (Class C); interior faces not greater than 320 (Class A).
- D. Additional Criteria: Provide FRP doors and panels with the

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following performance:

ASTM D 256 - nominal value of 13.5

ASTM D 1242 - nominal value of .23 percent

ASTM D 570 - nominal value of .20 to .40 percent

ASTM D 2583 - nominal value of 50

1.5. QUALITY ASSURANCE - ALL BIDDERS SHALL BE FACTORY DIRECT AUTHORIZED DISTRIUTORS OF THE SPECIFIED PRODUCTS.

- A. Standards: Comply with the requirements and recommendations in applicable specification and standards by NAAMM and AAMA, including the terminology definitions and specifically including the "Entrance Manual" by NAAMM, except to the extent more stringent requirements are indicated.
- B. Performance: A minimum ten year record of production of frames, doors and panels and completion of similar projects in type and size.
- C. Instruction: The manufacturer or his representative will be available for consultation to all parties engaged in the project including instruction to installation personnel.
- D. Field Measurement: Field verify all information prior to fabrication and furnish of materials. Furnish and install materials omitted due to lack of verification at no additional cost to Owner.
- E. Regulation and Codes: Comply with the current edition in force at the project location of all local, state and federal codes and regulations, including the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1992.

1.6. SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Submit Manufacturer's product data, specifications and instructions for each type of door and frame required in accordance with Section 01300 and the following:
 - Include details of core, stile and rail construction, trim for lites and all other components.
 - 2. Include details of finish hardware mounting.
 - Include sample of each aluminum alloy to be used on this project. Where normal finish color and texture variations are expected, include two or more samples to show the range of such variations.

- 4. Include one sample of typical fabricated section, showing joints, fastenings, quality of workmanship, hardware and accessory items before fabrication of the work proceeds.
- B. Submit shop drawings for the fabrication and installation of the doors and frames, and associated components. Details to be shown full scale. Include glazing details and finish hardware schedule.

1.7. PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials to jobsite in their original, unopened packages with labels intact. Inspect materials for damage and advise manufacturer immediately of any unsatisfactory materials.
- B. Package door assemblies in individual corrugated cartons so no portion of the door has contact with the outer shell of the container. Package and ship frames preassembled to the greatest possible extent.

1.8. PROJECT WARRANTY

A. Provide a written warranty signed by manufacturer, installer and contractor, agreeing to replace, at no cost to the Owner, any doors, frames or factory hardware installation which fail in materials or workmanship, within the warranty period. Failure of materials or workmanship includes: excessive deflection, faulty operation of entrances, deterioration of finish, or construction in excess of normal weathering and defects in hardware installation. The minimum time period of warranty is ten (10) years from acceptance.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1. ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturer: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products of the following: 1. Special-Lite, Inc., Decatur, Michigan.
- 2.2. MATERIALS AND ACCESSORIES
 - A. Aluminum Members: Alloy and temper as recommended by manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance and application

- of required finish and control of color; ASTM B 221 for extrusions, ASTM B 209 for sheet/plate with aluminum wall thickness of 0.125".
- B. Components: Furnish door and frame components from the same manufacturer. "Splitting" of door and frame components is not permitted.
- C. Fasteners: Aluminum non-magnetic stainless steel or other non-corrosive metal fasteners, guaranteed by the manufacturer to be compatible with the doors, frames, stops, panels, hardware, anchors and other items being fastened. For exposed fasteners (if any) provide oval Phillips head screws with finish matching the item to be fastened.
- D. Glazing Gaskets: For glazing factory-installed glass, and for gaskets which are factory-installed in "captive" assembly of glazing stops. Manufacturer's standard stripping of molded neoprene, complying with ASTM D 2000 (Designation 2BC415 to 3BC620), or molded PVC complying with ASTM C 509 Grade 4.

2.3. FABRICATION

- A. Sizes and Profiles: The required sizes for door and frame units, and profile requirements are shown on the drawings.
- B. Coordination of Fabrication: Field measure before fabrication, and show recorded measurements on final shop drawings.
- C. Complete the cutting, fitting, forming, drilling and grinding of all metal work prior to assembly. Remove burrs from cut edges, and ease edges and corners to a radius of approximately 1/64".
- D. No welding of doors or frames is acceptable.
- E. Maintain continuity of line and accurate relation of planes and angles. Secure attachments support at mechanical joints, with hairline fit at contacting members.
- F. Attachment of all hardware shall be made using machine screws which are supplied by the manufacturer.
- G. All holes shall be drilled and tapped using the recommended drill size for the tap required.
- H. Frames stops shall be applied stops, Minimum 5/8" high x Minimum 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " wide.

- I. Door attachment points shall be minimum of 1/8" thickness.
- J. Where hardware is to be attached to frame stop (Example: exit device strike, door closer shoe, O.H. stop & Etc.) a piece of solid bar stock aluminum sized to fill the frame stop void x 18" long shall be securely attached to the frame tube.
- K. Where it is practical to have solid bar stock reinforcement at attachment points, use "RIV-NUTS for attachment of hardware items.

2.4. FIBERGLASS REINFORCED POLYESTER FRP FLUSH DOORS

- A. Materials and Construction
 - 1. Construct 1 ¼ inch thickness doors of 6063 T5 aluminum alloy stiles and rails minimum 25/16 inch dept. Provide joinery of 3/8 inch diameter full width tie rods through extruded splines top and bottom as standard .125 inch tubular shaped stiles and rails reinforced to accept hardware as specified.
 - 2. Extrude top and bottom rail legs for interlocking continuous rail rigidity weather bar. Lock face sheet material in place with extruded interlocking edges to be flush with aluminum stiles and rails.
 - 3. Door face sheeting. Spec Lite 3, 120 inch thickness fiber glass reinforced polyester. SL17 doors with pebble-like embossed pattern. Color: As selected by the Architect.
 - 4. Core of Door Assembly: Minimum five pounds per cubic foot density poured-in-place polyurethane free of CFC and HCFC. Minimum ''R'' value of 11. Ballistic rating is as indicated. Meeting stiles on pairs of doors and weather bars with nylon brush weather-stripping.
 - 5. Manufacture doors with cutouts for visor-lites, louvers or panels as scheduled. Factory furnish and install all glass, louvers and panels prior to shipment.
 - 6. Premachine doors in accordance with templates from the specified hardware manufacturers and approved hardware schedule. Factory install hardware.
 - 7. Furnish FRP doors with flush pull SL86. Color as selected by the Architect.

- 8. Provide door with adjustable brush insert.
- 2.5. ALUMINUM FRAMING SYSTEMS (For flush FRP doors)

Α. Tubular Framing

- 1. Framing system from the door manufacturer of the size and type shown. .125" minimum wall thickness and type 6063-T5 aluminum alloy .625" high applied stops with screws and weather-stripping. Frame members are to be box type with four (4) enclosed sides. Open back framing will not be acceptable.
- 2. Caulk joints before assembling frame members. Secure joints with fasteners and provide a hairline butt joint appearance. Prefit doors to frame assembly at factory prior to shipment. Field fabrication of framing using "stick" material is not acceptable.
- 3. Applied stops for side, transom and borrowed lites and panels, with fasteners exposed on interior or unsecure portion only. Premachine and reinforce frame members for hardware in accordance with manufacturer's standards and the approved hardware schedule. Factory install hardware.
- Anchors appropriate for wall conditions to anchor framing to wall materials. A minimum of five anchors up to 7'4" on jamb members, and one additional anchor for each foot over 7'4". Secure head and sill members of transom, sidelites and similar conditions.
- 5. Factory pre-assemble sidelites to the greatest extent possible, and mark frame assemblies according to location.
- 6. Refer to Section 08710 for removable mullions which shall be furnished and installed by this Contractor. Finish of removable mullions to match frames.

2.6. GLAZING

- A. Design system for replacement of glass.
 - 1. Manufacturer's standard flush glazing system of recessed channels and captive glazing gaskets or applied stops as shown.

- 2. Allow for thermal expansion on exterior units.
- 3. Glass as shown and factory glazed into doors.
- 4. Provide 1" insulated low "E" glass units. Refer to Spec Section 08800 for additional information.

2.7 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. All exposed aluminum to be factory finished with AZKO Nobel "Trinar", color to be determined from manufacturer's standard and/or custom colors by Architect.

3. EXECUTION

3.1. INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's recommendations (maintain 3/16" gap between leafs of pairs of doors) and specifications for the installation of the doors and frames. Factory install hardware, glass and louvers in doors. Factory assemble sidelites and transoms to the greatest extent possible.
- B. Set units plumb, level and true to line, without warp or rack of doors or frames. Anchor securely in place. Separate aluminum and other metal surfaces with bituminous coatings or other means as approved by architect.
- C. Set thresholds in a bed of mastic and backseal.
- D. Clean surfaces promptly after installation of doors and frames, exercising care to avoid damage to the protective coatings.
- E. Ensure that the doors and frames will be without damage or deterioration (other than normal weathering) at the time of acceptance.
- F. Provide Owner with all adjustment tools and instruction sheets. Arrange an inservice session to Owner at Owner's convenience. Any workmanship which is defective or deficient shall be corrected to the Owner's satisfaction and at no additional cost to the Owner per Paragraph 1.8 Project Warranty of this specification.

END OF SECTION 08410

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 08520 - ALUMINUM WINDOWS - FIXED WINDOW

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Summary

- Α. Section Includes: Kawneer Sealair® Commercial Grade and Heavy Commercial Architectural Aluminum Windows, including glass and glazing at window manufacturer's factory, perimeter trims, sills and stools, window installation hardware and accessories, shims and anchors, and perimeter sealing of window units.
 - Types of Kawneer Sealair Aluminum Windows 1. include:
 - Series 8400TL, Model 8410; Thermal, 4" a. Deep Frame, Fixed/Offset Fixed (HC100-AW100).

1.02 System Description

- Α. Reference Standard Compliance: Comply with ANSI/AAMA 101 and AAMA 910 for minimum performance criteria for aluminum windows, including grade designation windows units.
 - 1. Test Units: Conform to minimum size in accordance with ANSI/AAMA 101 and AAMA 910 for each test unit sizes and configurations. Units submitted for laboratory testing shall be manufacturer's standard construction, glazed and assembled in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and ANSI/AAMA 101.
- Window Performance Requirements: В.
 - Air Infiltration: The test specimen shall be tested in accordance with ASTM E283 at a minimum frame size of 72" x 72" (HC), 60" x 96" (AW). Air infiltration rate shall not exceed 0.06 cfm/ft of sash perimeter at a static air pressure differential of 6.24 psf.
 - Water Resistance: The test specimen shall be 2. tested in accordance with ASTM E547 and ASTM E331 at a minimum frame size of 72" x 72" (HC), $60" \times 96"$ (AW). There shall be no leakage as defined in test method at a static air pressure differential of 12 psf.

- 3. Uniform Load Deflection: A minimum static air pressure difference of 100 psf shall be applied in the positive and negative direction in accordance with ASTM E330. There shall be no deflection in excess of L/175 of the span of any framing member.
- 4. Uniform Load Structural Test: A minimum static air pressure difference of 150 psf shall be applied in the positive and negative direction in accordance with ASTM E330. The unit shall be evaluated after each load.
- 5. Thermal Transmittance (U-value): When tested to AAMA Specification 503.1, the thermal transmittance (U-value) shall not be more than 0.60 BTU/hr/sf/°F.
- Condensation Resistance (CRF): When tested to 6. AAMA Specification 1503, the condensation resistance factor shall not be less than 58.
- Forced Entry Resistance: Windows shall conform 7. to ASTM F588, Performance Level 10, or AAMA 1302.5.
- C. System Performance Requirements: Provide aluminum windows which have been manufactured, fabricated and installed to withstand uniform loads from 100 psf and to maintain (manufacturer's performance criteria) without defects, damage, or failure.

1.03 Submittals

General: Prepare, review, approve, and submit Α. product data, shop drawings, samples, and other submittals in accordance with "Conditions of the Contract' and Division 1 Submittals Sections. Product data, shop drawings, samples, and similar submittals are defined in "Conditions of the Contract.''

1.04 Warranty

- Α. Project Warranty: Refer to ''Conditions of the Contract'' for project warranty provisions.
- В. Manufacturer's Warranty: Submit, for Owner's acceptance, manufacturer's standard warranty.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Two (2) years from Date of Substantial Completion of the project provided however that the Limited Warranty shall begin

- in no event later than six months from date of shipment by Kawneer.
- 2. Insulating Glass: Warranted to be free from defects (excluding breakage) for a period of five (5) years.

1.05 Quality Assurance

Α. Oualifications:

- Installer Qualifications: Installer experienced (as determined by contractor) to perform work of this section who has specialized in the installation of work similar to that required for this project and who is acceptable to product manufacturer.
- 2. Manufacturer Qualifications: Manufacturer capable of providing field service representation during construction, approving acceptable installer and approving application method.
- В. Pre-Installation Meetings: Conduct pre-installation meeting to verify project requirements, substrate conditions, manufacturer's installation instructions, and manufacturer's warranty requirements

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Manufacturer's (Acceptable Manufacturer's/Products)

- Acceptable Manufacturer's: Kawneer Company, Inc., Α. EFCO, Wausau and Graham.
 - Spec is based on Kawneer Sealair Architectural Windows.
 - Series: SealAir 8400TL, model 8410 fixed a. window.
 - Finish color: Fluoropon (70% PBDF), AAMA2605 fluoropolymer coating. Color: To be determined.
 - Product/Systems Testing: 2.
 - ANSI/AAMA: Comply with ANSI/AAMI 101 and AAMA 910 floor minimum product performance criteria.
 - 3. Manufacturer is to provide single source for all windows, curtain wall and storefront on project. Mixing and matching of more than one manufacturer is not allowed.

2.02 Materials

- Α. Aluminum (Windows and Components):
 - Material Standard: ASTM B221, G.S. 10A-T5; 6063-T5 alloy and temper.
 - Frame Depth: Not less than 4" (101.6 mm). 2.
 - Member Wall Thickness: Each master frame member 3. shall have minimum wall thickness of 0.070" (1.78 mm) and shall provide structural strength to meet specified performance requirements.
 - 4. Dimensions: Reference to dimensions for wall thickness and other cross-sectional dimensions of window members are nominal and in compliance with ANSI H35.2-1990.
- В. Mullions and Cover Plates: Shall be extruded aluminum of 6063-T5 alloy and temper of profile and dimensions indicated on drawings. Mullions shall provide structural properties to resist wind pressure required by performance criteria and standards.
- Thermal Barrier. C.
 - Frame thermal barrier shall be Kawneer Isolock® with a minimum of 5/16'' (7.9) separation consisting of a two-part, chemically curing high density polyurethane which is mechanically and adhesively bonded to the aluminum.
 - Sash thermal barrier shall be Kawneer Isolock® 2. with a minimum of 1/4'' (6.4) separation consisting of a two-part, chemically curing high density polyurethane in conditioned thermal pockets which is mechanically and adhesively bonded to the aluminum.

2.03 Accessories

- Fasteners: Where exposed, shall be 300 Series, Α. Stainless Steel.
- В. Perimeter Anchors: Aluminum. When steel anchors are used, provide insulation between steel material and aluminum material to prevent galvanic action.

2.04 Glass and Glazing

- General: Glass thickness and type shall be in Α. accordance with manufacturer's recommendations for prescribed design pressure. Factory glazing shall be in accordance with manufacturer's standard requirements.
 - Material Compatibility: Glazing materials shall 1. be compatible with aluminum and FRP panels (where indicated).
 - Manufacturer's Standards: Glazing method shall 2. be a wet/dry type in accordance with manufacturer's standards. Exterior glazing shall be pre-shimmed glazing tape. Interior glazing shall be snap-in type .062" (1.57 mm) glazing beads and a compression gasket of dense elastomer in accordance with ASTM C864.

B. Glass Materials:

- Insulating Glass: ASTM E774, NAMI Single-Seal.
- 2. . Safety Glazing: ANSI Z97.1 or CPSC 16 CRF 1201.
- Tempered Glass: ASTM C1043.
- Glass Type: Laminated interior and exterior 4. panes of glass.
- Glass Thickness 1" consisting of 4" laminated 5. exterior ½'' spacer ½'' laminated interior -Refer to Spec Section 08800 - Glass & Glazing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Manufacturer's Instructions/Recommendations

Compliance: Comply with manufacturer's product Α. installation data and recommendations for installation requirements of window units, hardware, and other components in accordance with manufacturer's warranty provisions.

3.02 Examination

Α. Site Verification of Conditions: Verify substrate conditions (which have been previously installed under other sections) are acceptable for product installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Verify openings are sized to receive window units and sill plate is level in accordance with manufacturer's acceptable tolerances.

Field Measurements: Verify field measurements for window installation.

3.03 Preparation

Adjacent Surfaces Protection: Protect adjacent work Α. areas and finish surfaces from damage during product installation.

3.04 Installation

- General: Install window units plumb, level, and true Α. to line, without warp or rack of frames or sash with manufacturer's prescribed tolerances. Provide support and anchor in place.
 - 1. Dissimilar Materials: Provide separation of aluminum materials and other corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action contact points by complying with AAMA 101, Appendix, titled 'Dissimilar Materials."
 - 2. Weathertight Construction: Install sill members and other members in a bed of sealant or with joint filler or gaskets, to provide weathertight construction. Coordinate installation with wall flashings and other components of construction.
 - Refer to Division 7 Joint Treatments a. (Sealants) for installation requirements.
- В. Related Products Installation Requirements:
 - Insulation (Window): Refer to Division 7 Building Insulation Section.
 - Sealants (Perimeter): Refer to Division 7 Joint 2. Treatment (Sealants) Section.
 - 3. Glass: Refer to Division 8 Glass and Glazing Section.

3.05 Field Quality Control

Field Tests: Architect shall select window units to Α. be tested as soon as a representative portion of the project has been installed, glazed, perimeter caulked and cured. Conduct tests for air infiltration and water penetration with manufacturer's representative present. Tests not meeting specified performance requirements and units having deficiencies shall be corrected as part of the contract amount.

- 1. Testing: Testing shall be performed by a qualified independent testing agency. Refer to Division 1 Testing Section for payment of testing and testing requirements. Testing Standard per AAMA 502, including reference to ASTM E 783 for Air Infiltration Test and ASTM E 1105 Water Infiltration Test.
 - a. Air Infiltration Tests: Conduct tests in accordance with ASTM E 783. Allowable air infiltration shall not exceed 1.5 times the amount indicated in the performance requirements or 0.15 cfm per foot of crack length, which ever is greater.
 - b. Water Penetration Tests: Conduct tests in accordance with ASTM E 1105. No uncontrolled water leakage is permitted when tested at a static test pressure of two-thirds the specified water penetration pressure but not less than 6.24 psf.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Services: Provide manufacturer's field service consisting of product use recommendations and periodic site visit for inspection of product installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

3.06 Adjusting and Cleaning

- A. Adjusting: Adjust operating window components to provide a tight fit at contact points and at weatherstripping for smooth operation and a weathertight closure.
- B. Cleaning: Remove temporary coverings and protection of adjacent work areas. Repair or replace damaged installed products. Clean installed products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions prior to owner's acceptance. Remove construction debris from project site and legally dispose of debris.
- C. Protection: Protect installed product's finish surfaces from damage during construction. Protect aluminum windows from damage from grinding and polishing compounds, plaster, lime, acid, cement, or other harmful contaminants. Remove and replace damaged aluminum windows at no extra cost.

SECTION 08520 - ALUMINUM WINDOWS - SLIDING WINDOW

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Summary

- Α. Section Includes: Kawneer Sealair® Commercial Grade and Heavy Commercial Architectural Aluminum Windows, including glass and glazing at window manufacturer's factory, perimeter trims, sills and stools, window installation hardware and accessories, shims and anchors, and perimeter sealing of window units.
 - Types of Kawneer Sealair Aluminum Windows 1. include:
 - Series 8400TL, Model 8470; Thermal, 4" a. Deep Master Frame, Horizontal Sliding (HC55).

1.02 System Description

- Α. Reference Standard Compliance: Comply with ANSI/AAMA 101 for minimum performance criteria for aluminum windows, including grade designation windows units.
 - Test Units: Conform to minimum size in accordance with ANSI/AAMA 101 for each test unit sizes and configurations. Units submitted for laboratory testing shall be manufacturer's standard construction, glazed and assembled in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and ANSI/AAMA 101.

В. Window Performance Requirements:

- Air Infiltration: When closed and locked, the 1. test specimen shall be tested in accordance with ASTM E283 at a minimum frame size of 96" x 80" (HC). Air infiltration rate shall not exceed 0.30 cfm/ft of sash perimeter at a static air pressure differential of 1.57 psf.
- Water Resistance: When closed and locked, the 2. test specimen shall be tested in accordance with ASTM E547 and ASTM E331 at a minimum frame size of 96" x 80" (HC). There shall be no leakage as defined in test method at a static air pressure differential of 10 psf.

- 3. Uniform Load Deflection: When closed and locked, a minimum static air pressure difference of 55 psf shall be applied in the positive and negative direction in accordance with ASTM E330. There shall be no deflection in excess of L/175 of the span of any framing member.
- 4. Uniform Load Structural Test: When closed and locked, a minimum static air pressure difference of 82.5 psf shall be applied in the positive and negative direction in accordance with ASTM E330. The unit shall be evaluated after each load.
- 5. Thermal Transmittance (U-value): When tested to AAMA Specification 503.1, the thermal transmittance (U-value) shall not be more than 0.74 BTU/hr/sf/°F.
- 6. Condensation Resistance (CRF): When tested to AAMA Specification 1503, the condensation resistance factor shall not be less than 51.
- 7. Forced Entry Resistance: Windows shall conform to ASTM F588, Performance Level 10, or AAMA 1302.5.
- C. System Performance Requirements: Provide aluminum windows which have been manufactured, fabricated and installed to withstand uniform loads from 65 psf and to maintain (manufacturer's performance criteria) without defects, damage, or failure.

1.03 Submittals

A. General: Prepare, review, approve, and submit product data, shop drawings, samples, and other submittals in accordance with 'Conditions of the Contract' and Division 1 Submittals Sections. Product data, shop drawings, samples, and similar submittals are defined in 'Conditions of the Contract.'

1.04 Warranty

- A. Project Warranty: Refer to "Conditions of the Contract" for project warranty provisions.
- B. Manufacturer's Warranty: Submit, for Owner's acceptance, manufacturer's standard warranty.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Two (2) years from Date of Substantial Completion of the project provided

however that the Limited Warranty shall begin in no event later than six months from date of shipment by Kawneer.

Insulating Glass: Warranted to be free from 2. defects (excluding breakage) for a period of five (5) years.

1.05 Quality Assurance

Qualifications: Α.

- Installer Qualifications: Installer experienced 1. (as determined by contractor) to perform work of this section who has specialized in the installation of work similar to that required for this project and who is acceptable to product manufacturer.
- 2. Manufacturer Qualifications: Manufacturer capable of providing field service representation during construction, approving acceptable installer and approving application method.
- Pre-Installation Meetings: Conduct pre-installation В. meeting to verify project requirements, substrate conditions, manufacturer's installation instructions, and manufacturer's warranty requirements

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Manufacturer's (Acceptable Manufacturer's/Products)

- Acceptable Manufacturer's: Kawneer Company, Inc., Α. EFCO, Wausau and Graham.
 - Spec is based on Kawneer Sealair Architectural Windows.
 - Series: SealAir 8400TL, model 8470 sliding a. window.
 - Finish color: Fluoropon (70% PBDF), b. AAMA2605 fluoropolymer coating. Color: To be determined.

- 2. Product/Systems Testing:
 - ANSI/AAMA: Comply with ANSI/AAMI 101 and AAMA 910 floor minimum product performance criteria.
- 3. Manufacturer is to provide single source for all windows, curtain wall and storefront on project. Mixing and matching of more than one manufacturer is not allowed.

2.02 Materials

- Α. Aluminum (Windows and Components):
 - Material Standard: ASTM B221, G.S. 10A-T5; 6063-T5 alloy and temper.
 - 2. Frame Depth: Not less than 4" (101.6 mm).
 - Member Wall Thickness: Each master frame member shall have minimum wall thickness of 0.070" (1.78 mm) and shall provide structural strength to meet specified performance requirements. Each sash member shall have a minimum wall thickness of 0.080" (2.03 mm). All vertical sash members shall be tubular construction. Meeting rail shall have a continuous interlock with double weather stripping.
 - Dimensions: Reference to dimensions for wall 4. thickness and other cross-sectional dimensions of window members are nominal and in compliance with ANSI H35.2-1990.
 - Mullions and Cover Plates: Shall be extruded В. aluminum of 6063-T5 alloy and temper of profile and dimensions indicated on drawings. Mullions shall provide structural properties to resist wind pressure required by performance criteria and standards.
 - C. Thermal Barrier.
 - Frame thermal barrier shall be Kawneer Isolock® 1. with a minimum of 5/16'' (7.9) separation consisting of a two-part, chemically curing high density polyurethane which is mechanically and adhesively bonded to the aluminum.

2. Sash thermal barrier shall be Kawneer Isolock® with a minimum of 1/4'' (6.4) separation consisting of a two-part, chemically curing high density polyurethane in conditioned thermal pockets which is mechanically and adhesively bonded to the aluminum.

2.03 Accessories

- Fasteners: Where exposed, shall be 300 Series, Α. Stainless Steel.
- В. Perimeter Anchors: Aluminum. When steel anchors are used, provide insulation between steel material and aluminum material to prevent galvanic action.
- C. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard corrosion resistant hardware material compatible with aluminum.
 - Manufacturer's cast white bronze cam lock. 1.
- D. Insect Screens: Extruded aluminum frames, 6063-T5 alloy and temper, joined at corners; 18 x 16 mesh aluminum screen cloth; frames finished to match aluminum windows; splines shall be extruded vinyl, removable to permit rescreening.
- Ε. Muntin Grids: Extruded aluminum profiles, 6063-T5 alloy and temper and as follows:
 - 1. True Muntins.

2.04 Glass and Glazing

- Α. General: Glass thickness and type shall be in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations for prescribed design pressure. Factory glazing shall be in accordance with manufacturer's standard requirements.
 - Material Compatibility: Glazing materials shall be compatible with aluminum and FRP panels (where indicated).

- 2. Manufacturer's Standards: Glazing method shall be a wet/dry type in accordance with manufacturer's standards. Exterior glazing shall be pre-shimmed glazing tape. Interior glazing shall be snap-in type 0.062" (1.57 mm) glazing beads and a compression gasket of dense elastomer in accordance with ASTM C864.
- B. Glass Materials: (Specifier To Choose)
 - Insulating Glass: ASTM E774, NAMI Dual-Seal or Single-Seal as selected.
 - 2. Safety Glazing: ANSI Z97.1 or CPSC 16 CRF 1201.
 - 3. Tempered Glass: ASTM C1048.
 - 4. Glass Type: Temp. glass-exterior pane, laminated glass-interior pane.
 - 5. Glass Thickness 1'' consisting of ¼'' exterior 1/2" spacer 1/4" interior.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

Manufacturer's Instructions/Recommendations 3.01

Α. Compliance: Comply with manufacturer's product installation data and recommendations for installation requirements of window units, hardware, and other components in accordance with manufacturer's warranty provisions.

3.02 Examination

- Site Verification of Conditions: Verify substrate Α. conditions (which have been previously installed under other sections) are acceptable for product installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Verify openings are sized to receive window units and sill plate is level in accordance with manufacturer's acceptable tolerances.
 - Field Measurements: Verify field measurements for window installation.

3.03 Preparation

Adjacent Surfaces Protection: Protect adjacent work Α. areas and finish surfaces from damage during product installation.

3.04 Installation

- Α. General: Install window units plumb, level, and true to line, without warp or rack of frames or sash with manufacturer's prescribed tolerances. Provide support and anchor in place.
 - Dissimilar Materials: Provide separation of aluminum materials and other corrodible surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action contact points by complying with AAMA 101, Appendix, titled "Dissimilar Materials."
 - Weathertight Construction: Install sill members 2. and other members in a bed of sealant or with joint filler or gaskets, to provide weathertight construction. Coordinate installation with wall flashings and other components of construction.
 - Refer to Division 7 Joint Treatments (Sealants) for installation requirements.
- Related Products Installation Requirements: В.
 - Insulation (Window): Refer to Division 7 1. Building Insulation Section.
 - 2. Sealants (Perimeter): Refer to Division 7 Joint Treatment (Sealants) Section.
 - Glass: Refer to Division 8 Glass and Glazing 3. Section.

3.05 Field Quality Control

Field Tests: Architect shall select window units to Α. be tested as soon as a representative portion of the project has been installed, glazed, perimeter caulked and cured. Conduct tests for air infiltration and water penetration with manufacturer's representative present. Tests not meeting specified performance requirements and units having deficiencies shall be corrected as part of the contract amount.

- Testing: Testing shall be performed by a 1. qualified independent testing agency. Refer to Division 1 Testing Section for payment of testing and testing requirements. Testing Standard per AAMA 502, including reference to ASTM E 783 for Air Infiltration Test and ASTM E 1105 Water Infiltration Test.
 - Air Infiltration Tests: Conduct tests in accordance with ASTM E 783. Allowable air infiltration shall not exceed 1.5 times the amount indicated in the performance requirements or 0.15 cfm per foot of crack length, which ever is greater.
 - Water Penetration Tests: Conduct tests in b. accordance with ASTM E 1105. No uncontrolled water leakage is permitted when tested at a static test pressure of two-thirds the specified water penetration pressure but not less than 6.24 psf.
- Manufacturer's Field Services: Provide В. manufacturer's field service consisting of product use recommendations and periodic site visit for inspection of product installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

3.06 Adjusting and Cleaning

- Α. Adjusting: Adjust operating window components to provide a tight fit at contact points and at weatherstripping for smooth operation and a weathertight closure.
- В. Cleaning: Remove temporary coverings and protection of adjacent work areas. Repair or replace damaged installed products. Clean installed products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions prior to owner's acceptance. Remove construction debris from project site and legally dispose of debris.
- C. Protection: Protect installed product's finish surfaces from damage during construction. Protect aluminum windows from damage from grinding and polishing compounds, plaster, lime, acid, cement, or other harmful contaminants. Remove and replace damaged aluminum windows at no extra cost.

END OF SECTION 08520

SECTION 08710 - FINISH HARDWARE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 Refer "General Special Conditions", and to and "Instructions to Bidders", Division 1 of Specifications. Requirements of these Sections and the project drawings shall govern work in this section.

Work Included: 1.2

A. Furnish all items of Finish Hardware specified, scheduled, shown or required herein except those items specifically excluded from this section of the specification.

B. Related work:

- 1. Division 1 General Requirements
- Division 6 Rough Carpentry
- 3. Division 6- Finish Carpentry: Installation of Finish Hardware
- 4. Division 8 Steel Doors and Frames
- Division 8 Wood Doors
- 6. Division 8 Special Doors
- Division 8 All Glass Entrances and Storefronts 7.
- Division 8 Aluminum Framed Entrances and Storefronts
- 9. Division 10 Operable Partitions
- 10. Division 16 Smoke Detection Systems
- 11. Division 16 Security Access Systems
- C. Specific Omissions: Hardware for the following specified or indicated elsewhere, unless specifically listed in the hardware sets:
 - 1. Cabinet Hardware.
 - Signs, except as noted.
 - 3. Folding partitions, except cylinders where detailed.
 - 4. Sliding aluminum doors
 - 5. Chain link and wire mesh doors and gates
 - 6. Access doors and panels

7. Overhead and Coiling doors

1.3 Quality Assurance

A. Requirements of Regulatory Agencies:

- 1. Furnish finish hardware to comply with the requirements of laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations of the governmental authorities having jurisdiction where such requirements exceed the requirements of the Specifications.
- 2. Furnish finish hardware to comply with the requirements of the regulations for public building accommodations for physically handicapped persons of the governmental authority having jurisdiction and to comply with Americans with Disabilities Act.
- 3. Provide hardware for fire-rated openings in compliance with NFPA 80 and state and local building code requirements. Provide only hardware that has been tested and listed by UL for types and sizes of doors required and complies with requirements of door and door frame labels.

B. Hardware Supplier:

1. Shall be an established firm dealing in contract builders' hardware. He must have adequate inventory, qualified personnel on staff and be located within 100 miles of the project. The distributor must be a factory-authorized dealer for all materials required. The supplier shall be or have in employment an Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC).

C. Electrified Door Hardware Supplier:

 Shall be an experienced door hardware supplier who has completed projects with electrified door hardware similar in material, design, and extent to that

indicated for this project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance, and who is acceptable to manufacturer of primary materials.

- Shall prepare data for electrified door hardware, including shop drawings, based on testing engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this project.
- Shall have experience in providing consulting services for electrified door hardware installations.

Pre-installation Meeting: D.

- 1. Before hardware installation, Contractor/Construction Manager will request hardware installation meeting be conducted on the installation of hardware; specifically that οf locksets, closers, exit devices, overhead stops and coordinators. Manufacturer's representatives of the above products, in conjunction with the hardware supplier for the project, shall conduct the meeting. Meeting to be held at job site and attended by installers of hardware for aluminum, hollow metal and Meeting to address proper coordination wood doors. and installation of hardware, per finish hardware for this specific project, by schedule installation manuals, hardware schedule, templates, physical product samples and installation videos.
- When any electrical hardware is specified this meeting shall also include the following trades/installers: Electrical, Security, Alarm systems and Architect.
- Convene one week or more prior to commencing work of this Section.
- The Hardware Supplier shall include the cost of this meeting in his proposal.

Ε. Manufacturer:

1. Obtain each type of hardware (latch and locksets, hinges, closers, etc.) from a single manufacturer, although several may be indicated as offering products complying with requirements.

2. Provide electrified door hardware from same manufacturer as mechanical door hardware, unless otherwise indicated.

1.4 Submittals:

A. Hardware Schedule

- 1. Submit number of Hardware Schedules as directed in Division 1.
- 2. Follow guidelines established in Door & Hardware Institute Handbook (DHI) Sequence and Format for the Hardware Schedule unless noted otherwise.
- 3. Schedule will include the following:
 - a. Door Index including opening numbers and the assigned Finish Hardware set.
 - b. Preface sheet listing category only and manufacturer's names of items being furnished as follows:

CATEGORY	SPECIFIED	SCHEDULED
Hinges	Manufacturer	Manufac-
	A	turer B
Lock sets	Manufacturer	Manufac-
	X	turer X
Kick	Open	Manufac-
Plates		turer Z

- c. Hardware Locations: Refer to Article 3.1 B.2 Locations.
- d. Opening Description: Single or pair, number, room locations, hand, active leaf, degree of swing, size, door material, frame material, and UL listing.
- e. Hardware Description: Quantity, category, product number, fasteners, and finish.
- f. Headings that refer to the specified Hardware Set Numbers.
- g. Scheduling Sequence shown in Hardware Sets.
- h. Product data of each hardware item, and shop drawings where required, for special conditions and specialty hardware.
- i. Electrified Hardware system operation description.

- j. "Vertical" scheduling format only. "Horizontal" schedules will be returned "Not Approved."
- k. Typed Copy.
- 1. Double-Spacing.
- m. $8-1/2 \times 11$ inch sheets
- n. U.S. Standard Finish symbols or BHMA Finish symbols.

B. Product Data:

- 1. Submit, in booklet form Manufacturers Catalog cut sheets of scheduled hardware.
- 2. Submit product data with hardware schedule.

C. Samples:

- 1. Prior to submittal of the final hardware schedule and prior to final ordering of finish hardware, submit one sample, if required, of each type of exposed hardware unit, finished as required and tagged with full description for coordination with schedule.
- 2. Samples will be returned to the supplier. Units, which are acceptable and remain undamaged through submittal, review and field comparison procedures may, after final check of operation, be used in the work, within limitations of keying coordination requirements.

D. Key Schedule:

- 1. Submit detailed schedule indicating clearly how the Owner's final keying instructions have been followed.
- 2. Submit as a separate schedule.

E. Electrified Hardware Drawings:

- 1. Submit elevation drawings showing relationship of all electrical hardware components to door and frame. Indicate number and gage of wires required.
 - a. Include wiring drawing showing point to point wire hook up for all components.
 - b. Include system operations descriptions for each type of opening; describe each possible condition.

- F. Submit to General Contractor/Construction Manager, the factory order acknowledgement numbers for the various hardware items to be used on the project. The factory order acknowledgement numbers shall help to facilitate and expedite any service that may be required on a particular hardware item. General Contractor/Construction Manager shall keep these order acknowledgement numbers on file in the construction trailer.
- 1.5 Product Delivery, Storage, and Handling:
 - A. Label each item of hardware with the appropriate door number and Hardware Schedule heading number, and deliver to the installer so designated by the contractor.

1.6 Warranties:

- A. Refer to Division 1 for warranty requirements.
- B. During the warranty period, replace defective work, including labor, materials and other costs incidental to the work. Replace work found to be defective as defined in the General Conditions.

PART 2 - PRODUCT

- 2.1 Furnish each category with the products of only one manufacturer unless specified otherwise; this requirement is mandatory whether various manufacturers are listed or not.
- 2.2 Provide the products of manufacturer designated or if more than one manufacturer is listed, the comparable product of one of the other manufacturers listed. Where only one

manufacturer or product is listed, it is understood that t.he owner's Building Standard substitution" is allowed.

Hinges: Α.

- Furnish hinges of class and size as listed in sets. 1.
- Numbers used are Ives (IVE).
- Products of a BHMA member are acceptable.

Continuous Gear Hinge: В.

- 6063-T6 aluminum alloy, anodized finish (cap on entire hinge painted if specified). Manufacture to template, uncut hinges non-handed, pinless assembly, three interlocking extrusions, full height of door frame, lubricated polyacetal thrust bearing, fasteners 410 stainless steel plated and hardened. All hinge profiles to be manufactured to template bearing locations, with standard duty bearing configurations at 5-1/8" spacing with a minimum of 16 bearings: and heavy duty at 2-9/16" spacing with a minimum of 32 bearings. Anodizing of material shall be done after fabrication of components so that all bearing slots are anodized.
- Length: 1" less than door opening height. Fastener 2. $12-24 \times 1/2$ " #3 Phillips keen form stainless steel self-tapping at aluminum and hollow metal doors, 12-1/2" #3 Philips, flathead full thread at wood doors.
- Furnish fire rated hinges "FR" at labeled openings.
- Numbers used are Select Products, Ltd.
 - For Aluminum and FRP frames;
 - 1) Select Products Ltd. SL11HD

Locksets and Latchsets - Mortise Type:

- Locksets shall be manufactured from heavy gauge steel, minimum lockcase thickness 1/8", containing components of steel with a zinc dichromate plating for corrosion resistance.
- Locks are to have a standard 2 %" backset with a full ¾" throw two-piece stainless steel mechanical anti-

- friction latchbolt. Deadbolt shall be a full 1" throw, constructed of stainless steel.
- Lockcase shall be easily handed without disassembly by removing handing screw on lockcase and installing in opposite location on reverse side. Changing of door hand bevel from standard to reverse hand shall be done by removing the lockcase scalp plate, and pulling and rotating the latchbolt 180 degrees.
- Lock trim shall be through-bolted to the door to assure correct alignment and proper operation. trim shall have external spring cage mechanism to assist in support of the lever weight. Thumb turns shall have "EZ" thumbturn equal to IR-Schlage L583-363.
- 5. Function numbers are IR-Schlage.
 - IR-Schlage L9000
- 6. Lockset Trim:
 - a. IR-Schlage 93N
- Provide strikes with extended lips where required to protect trim from being marred by latch bolt. Provide strike lips that do not project more than 1/8" beyond door frame trim at single doors and have 7/8" lip to center at pairs of 1-3/4" doors.

D. Exit Devices:

- Exit devices shall be touchpad style, fabricated of brass, bronze, stainless steel, or aluminum, plated to the standard architectural finishes to match the balance of the door hardware.
- All exit devices shall incorporate a fluid damper, which decelerates the touchpad on its return stroke and eliminates noise associated with exit device Touchpad shall extend a minimum of one operation. half of the door width. All latchbolts to be deadlatching type, with a self-lubricating coating to reduce wear.
- 3. End-cap will be sloped to deflect any impact from carts and they shall be flush with the external

mechanism case. End caps that overlap and project above the mechanism case are unacceptable. End cap shall utilize a two-point attachment to the mounting bracket.

- Touchpad shall match exit device finish, and shall be stainless steel for US26, US26D, US28, US32, and US32D finishes. Only compression springs will be used in devices, latches, and outside trims or controls.
- Plastic templates shall be included with each exit facilitate a quick, easy and accurate device to installation.
- Strikes shall be roller type and come complete with a locking plate to prevent movement.
- All rim and vertical rod exit devices shall have passed a 5 million(5,000,000) cycle test based on ANSI A156.3, 1994, Grade 1 test standards and certified by an independent testing lab.
- All mortise exit devices shall have passed a 8. million(10,000,000)cycle test based on ANSI A156.3, 1994, Grade 1 test standards and certified by an independent testing lab.
- Exit devices shall be UL listed panic exit hardware. All exit devices for fire rated openings shall be UL labeled fire exit hardware.
- 10. Lever trim for exit devices shall be vandal-resistant type, which will travel to a 90-degree down position when more than 35 pounds of torque are applied, and which can easily be re-set.
- 11. IR-Von Duprin 98 Series. Series and function numbers as listed in sets.
- 12. Trim:
 - a. As specified in sets.
 - Levers to match lockset design where specified.
- Electric Power Transfer: Ε.
 - Transfer power from door frame to edge of door, UL 1. listed R4504.
 - 2. IR-Von Duprin EPT
- Removable Mullion: F.
 - Interior/Exterior doors, mullion is removable only through the use of building keys.

- 1) IR-Von Duprin KR4954
- b. Interior Doors UL listed, Mullion is removable only through the use of building keys.
 - 1) IR-Von Duprin KR9954

G. Push and Pull Hardware:

- 1. Push Plates: Ives 8200 Series 6 x 16 x .050 inches. If stile widths will not accept 6 inches, provide stile width less two inches.
- 2. Push Bars: IR-Von Duprin 330/350
- 3. Pull, Offset: One inch round rod, 90 degree offset, 12 inch centers.
- 4. Pulls: One inch round rod, straight 12 inch centers.
- 5. Pull Plates: IR-Ives 8303-8 4 x 16 x .050 inches. 8" center.
- 6. Pull, Wire: 3/4 inch diameter, 6 inch centers.
- 7. Vandal Resistant Pulls: IR-Ives VR900 Series. Stainless steel construction 0.120 inches thick.
- 8. Manufacturer: Provide push and pull hardware from any member of B.H.M.A.

H. Closers:

- 1. Door closers shall have fully hydraulic, full rack and pinion action with a high strength cast iron cylinder. Cylinder body shall be 1 ½" in diameter, and double heat treated pinion shall be 11/16" in diameter with double D slab drive arm connection.
- 2. Hydraulic fluid shall be of a type requiring no seasonal closer adjustment for temperatures ranging from 120 degrees F to -30 degrees F.
- 3. Spring power shall be continuously adjustable over the full range of closer sizes, and allow for reduced opening force for the physically handicapped. Hydraulic regulation shall be by tamper-proof, non-critical valves. Closers shall have separate adjustment for latch speed, general speed, and backcheck.
- 4. All closers shall have solid forged steel main arms (and forged forearms for parallel arm closers).

- 5. All surface mounted mechanical closers shall be certified to exceed ten million (10,000,000) full load cycles by a recognized independent testing laboratory.
- 6. Closers will have Powder coating finish certified to exceed 100 hours salt spray testing by ETL, an independent testing laboratory used by BHMA for ANSI certification.
- 7. Refer to door and frame details and furnish accessories such as drop plates, panel adapters, spacers and supports as required to correctly install door closers. State degree of door swing in the hardware schedule.
- 8. IR-LCN Series as listed in sets.

I. ADA Special Closers

- 1. Where "Low Energy Power Operated Door" as defined by ANSI Standard A156.19 is indicated for doors required to be accessible to the disabled, provide electrically powered 4640 Series operators complying with the ADA requirements for opening force and time to close standards.
- 2. Full closing force shall be provided when the power or assist cycle ends.
- 3. Modular design, adjustments easily accessible from the front, UL listed for use on labeled doors.
- 4. Shall have "Second Chance" function to accommodate momentary resistance, "Breakaway" function in the electronically controlled clutch, "Soft Start" motor control function and "Maintain Hold-Open Switch" to hold the door open at 90 degree.
- 5. Shall have built in 12V and 24V power supply for actuators, card readers, electric strikes and magnetic door locks, inputs for both swing and stop side sensors and available to accept either 120VAC or 220VAC input power. All wiring connections between operator modules made by easy-to-handle electrical connectors. Shall comply with both UL and NEC requirements for Class 1 and Class 2 wiring by providing separate conduits for each.
- 6. Shall have seven independent electronic adjustments to tailor the operator for specific site conditions.

 Opening speed, holding force at 90 deg., sequential

trigger and time delay, hold-open time at 90 deg., opening force, clutch "breakaway" force setting, electric strike trigger and time delay.

- Shall have separate and independent adjustments for back check, main speed and latch speed.
- Furnish actuators and other controls as shown in 8. Hardware Sets.

J. Overhead Holders and Stops:

- Type, function and fasteners must 1. be same Glynn-Johnson specified. Size per manufacturer's selector chart. Plastic end caps, hold open mechanisms and shock blocks are not allowed. End caps must be finished same as balance of unit.
- 2. Manufacture products using base material Brass/Bronze for US3, US4, & US10B finished products and 300 Stainless Steel for US32 & US32D finished products.
- Type, function, and fasteners must be the same as Glynn-Johnson specified. Size per manufacturer's selector chart.
 - a. IR-Glynn-Johnson
 - Equal products of any BHMA manufacturer

Kick Plates: Κ.

- 1. Furnish .050 inches thick 10" high x door width less 2" at single doors and less 1" at pairs. Where glass or louvers prevent this height, supply with height equal to height of bottom rail less 2".
- 2. Any BHMA manufacturing product meeting above is acceptable.

L. Wall Stops:

Length to exceed projection of all other hardware. Provide with threaded studs and expansion shields for masonry wall construction. Install with slope at top. a. IR-Ives WS33(X)

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b. BHMA L12011 or L12021

Wall Holders: Μ.

- Products specified by series only; furnish strike length to exceed projection of all other hardware.
 - a. IR-Ives WS40
 - Equal products of any BHMA manufacturer

Door Holding Magnets: N.

- Electrically controlled, fail-safe, holds door open until current is interrupted.
- 2. Furnish model to hold door away from wall to allow for any trim or levers on pull side of door.
 - a. IR-LCN SEM 7800 series

Ο. Thresholds:

- 1. 1/2" high 5" wide. Cope at jambs.
- Furnish full wall opening width when frames are recessed.
- 3. Cope in front of mullions if thresholds project beyond door faces.
- Furnish with non-ferrous Stainless Steel Screws and 4. Lead Anchors.
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets
 - Equal of Zero or Reese b.

P. Door Sweeps:

- 1. Surface Sweeps:
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets
 - b. Equal by Zero or Reese

Miscellaneous: 0.

1. Furnish items not categorized in the above descriptions but specified by manufacturer's names in Hardware Sets.

R. Fasteners:

- Furnish fasteners of the proper type, size, quantity and finish. Use machine screws and expansion shields for attaching hardware to concrete or masonry, and wall grip inserts at hollow wall construction. Furnish machine screws for attachment to reinforced hollow metal doors and frames and reinforced aluminum doors and frames. Furnish full thread wood screws attachment to solid wood doors and frames. "TEK" type screws are not acceptable.
- 2. Sex bolts will not be permitted on reinforced metal doors or wood doors where blocking is specified.

2.3 Finishes:

- Generally, Dull Chrome, US26D / BHMA 626. Provide finish for each item as indicated in sets.
- 2.4 Templates and Hardware Location:
 - Furnish hardware made to template. Supply required templates and hardware locations to the door and frame manufacturers.
 - В. Furnish metal template to frame/door supplier continuous hinge.
 - C. Refer to Article 3.1 B.2, Locations, and coordinate with templates.
- 2.5 Cylinders and Keying:
 - The Finish Hardware Supplier shall meet with Architect and Owner to finalize keying requirements and obtain keying instructions in writing. Supplier shall include the cost of this service in his proposal.
 - B. Provide a cylinder for all hardware components capable of being locked.

- Provide cylinders factory master and grand master keyed to existing Bets system, according to Owner's instructions. Provide two change keys for each cylinder, three master keys for each master key set, and three grand master keys for system.
- Provide cylinders with removable construction cores for use during the construction period. When so directed, and in the presence of the Owner's security department or representative shall representative, Bets construction cores with final cores.
- Provide construction master E. keys as required by Contractor.
- Furnish visual key control stamp key bows only with key set symbol.
- At the request of the Architect and when performing G. changeover from construction key system to final key system, deliver to the Architect or Owners Representative the following;
 - 1. Grand Master Keys
 - 2. Master Keys
 - 3. Extractor Key
 - 4. Copy of Finish Hardware Schedule

PART 3 - EXECUTION

Installation 3.1

Α. General:

- Install 1. hardware according to manufacturers installations and template dimensions. Attach all items of finish hardware to doors, frames, walls, etc. fasteners furnished and required with by the manufacture of the item.
- Provide blocking/reinforcement for all wall mounted Hardware.

- Reinforced hollow metal doors and frames reinforced aluminum door and frames will be drilled and tapped for machine screws.
- Solid wood doors and frames: full thread wood screws. Drill pilot holes before inserting screws.
- 5. Continuous gear hinges attached to hollow metal doors and frames and aluminum doors and frames: 12-24 x 1/2" #3 Phillips Keenform self-tapping. Use #13 or 3/16 drill for pilot.
- Hinges require continuous mortar 6. Continuous Gear quards of foam or cardboard 1/2" thick x frame height, applied with construction adhesive.
- Install weather-strip gasket prior to parallel arm closer bracket, rim exit device or any stop mounted hardware. Gasket to provide a continuous seal around perimeter of door opening. Allow for gasket when installing finish hardware. Door closers will require templating. Exit devices will special adjustment in backset.

Locations: В.

- Dimensions are from finish floor to center line of 1. items.
- Include this list in Hardware Schedule. 2.

DIMENSION CATEGORY Hinges

Door Manufacturer's Standard Door Manufacturer's Standard Levers Exit Device Touchbar Per Template Wall Stops/Holders At Head

Final Adjustment: C.

- Provide the services of a representative to inspect material furnished and its installation adjustment, to make final hardware adjustment, and to instruct the Owner's personnel in adjustment, care and maintenance of hardware.
- Locksets, closers and exit devices shall be inspected the factory representative and adjusted after installation and after the HVAC system operation, to insure correct installation and proper manufacturer's adjustment in operation. The

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representative shall prepare a written report stating compliance, and also recording locations and kinds of noncompliance. The original report shall be forwarded the Architect with copies to the Contractor, hardware distributor, hardware installer and building owner.

Technical and Warranty Information: D.

- At the completion of the project, the technical and warranty information coalesced and kept on file by the General Contractor/Construction Manager shall be given to the Owner or Owner's Agent. In addition to both the technical and warranty information, all factory order supplied to the acknowledgement numbers Contractor/Construction Manager during construction period shall be given to the Owner or Owner's Agent. The warranty information and factory order acknowledgement numbers shall serve to both expedite and properly execute any warranty work that may be required on the various hardware items supplied on the project.
- Submit to General Contractor/Construction Manager, two 2. copies each of parts and service manuals and two each of any special installation or adjustment tools. Include for locksets, exit devices, door closers and any electrical products.

3.2 Hardware Sets:

TBD

END OF SECTION

SECTION 08710 - FINISH HARDWARE - EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL: RE-BID

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 Special Conditions", Refer to "General and "Instructions to Bidders", Division 1 of Specifications. Requirements of these Sections and the project drawings shall govern work in this section.

1.2 Work Included:

- A. Furnish all items of Finish Hardware specified, scheduled, shown or required herein except those items specifically excluded from this section of the specification.
- Related work: В.
 - 1. Division 00 00 00 Procurement and Contracting Requirements
 - 2. Division 01 00 00 General Requirements
 - 3. Division 06 00 00 Wood, Plastics, and Composites
 - 4. Division 08 00 00 Openings
 - 5. Division 10 00 00 Specialties
 - 6. Division 11 00 00 Equipment
 - 7. Division 26 00 00 Electrical
 - 8. Division 27 00 00 Communications
 - 9. Division 28 00 00 Electronic Safety and Security
- C. Specific Omissions: Hardware for the following specified or indicated elsewhere, unless specifically listed in the hardware sets:
 - 1. Cabinet Hardware.
 - Signs, except as noted.
 - Folding partitions, except cylinders where detailed.
 - Sliding aluminum doors
 - 5. Chain link and wire mesh doors and gates
 - Access doors and panels
 - 7. Overhead and Coiling doors

Quality Assurance 1.3

Α. Requirements of Regulatory Agencies:

- 1. Furnish finish hardware to comply with the requirements of laws, codes, ordinances, regulations of the governmental authorities having jurisdiction where such requirements exceed requirements of the Specifications.
- 2. Furnish finish hardware to comply with the requirements of the regulations for public building accommodations for physically handicapped persons of the governmental authority having jurisdiction and to comply with Americans with Disabilities Act.
- Provide hardware for fire-rated openings in compliance 3. with NFPA 80 and state and local building code requirements. Provide only hardware that has been tested and listed by UL for types and sizes of doors required and complies with requirements of door and door frame labels.

Hardware Supplier: В.

1. Shall be an established firm dealing in contract builders' hardware. He must have adequate inventory, qualified personnel on staff and be located within 100 miles of the project. The distributor must be a factory-authorized dealer for all materials required. The supplier shall be or have in employment an Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC).

Electrified Door Hardware Supplier:

- Shall be an experienced door hardware supplier who has completed projects with electrified door hardware similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this project, whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance, and who is acceptable to manufacturer of primary materials.
- Shall prepare data for electrified door hardware, 2. shop drawings, based on testing engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units

- in assemblies similar to those indicated for this project.
- Shall have experience in providing consulting services for electrified door hardware installations.

D. Pre-installation Meeting:

- Before hardware 1. installation, General Contractor/Construction Manager will request hardware installation meeting be conducted on the installation of hardware; specifically of that locksets, closers, exit devices, overhead stops and coordinators. Manufacturer's representatives of the above products, in conjunction with the hardware supplier for the project, shall conduct the meeting. Meeting to be held at job site and attended by installers of hardware for aluminum, hollow metal and wood doors. Meeting to address proper coordination and installation of hardware, per finish hardware for this specific schedule project, by installation manuals, hardware schedule, templates, physical product samples and installation videos.
- When any electrical or pneumatic hardware is specified also include the following this meeting shall trades/installers: Electrical, Security, Alarm systems and Architect.
- Convene one week or more prior to commencing work of this Section.
- The Hardware Supplier shall include the cost of this meeting in his proposal.

Ε. Manufacturer:

- Obtain each type of hardware (latch and locksets, hinges, closers, etc.) from a single manufacturer, although several may be indicated as offering products complying with requirements.
- door 2. Provide electrified hardware from same manufacturer as mechanical door hardware, unless otherwise indicated.

1.4 Submittals:

Α. Hardware Schedule

- Submit number of Hardware Schedules as directed in Division 1.
- Follow guidelines established in Door & Hardware Institute Handbook (DHI) Sequence and Format for the Hardware Schedule unless noted otherwise.
- 3. Schedule will include the following:
 - Door Index including opening numbers and the assigned Finish Hardware set.
 - b. Preface sheet listing category only manufacturer's names of items being furnished as follows:

CATEGORY	SPECIFIED	SCHEDULED
Hinges	Manufacturer	Manufactur
	A	er B
Lock sets	Manufacturer	Manufactur
	X	er X
Kick	Open	Manufactur
Plates		er Z

- c. Hardware Locations: Refer to Article 3.1 B.2 Locations.
- Opening Description: Single or pair, number, room d. locations, hand, active leaf, degree of swing, size, door material, frame material, and listing.
- Hardware Description: Quantity, category, product number, fasteners, and finish.
- Headings that refer to the specified Hardware Set Numbers.
- Scheduling Sequence shown in Hardware Sets. g.
- Product data of each hardware item, and shop h. drawings where required, for special conditions and specialty hardware.
- Electrified Hardware system operation description. i.
- "Vertical" scheduling format only. "Horizontal" schedules will be returned "Not Approved."
- k. Typed Copy.

- 1. Double-Spacing.
- m. $8-1/2 \times 11$ inch sheets
- n. U.S. Standard Finish symbols or BHMA Finish symbols.

В. Product Data:

- Submit, in booklet form Manufacturers Catalog cut sheets of scheduled hardware.
- 2. Submit product data with hardware schedule.

C. Samples:

- Prior to submittal of the final hardware schedule and prior to final ordering of finish hardware, submit one sample, if required, of each type of exposed hardware unit, finished as required and tagged with full description for coordination with schedule.
- Samples will be returned to the supplier. Units, which are acceptable and remain undamaged through submittal, review and field comparison procedures may, after final check of operation, be used in the work, within limitations of keying coordination requirements.

Key Schedule: D.

- Submit detailed schedule indicating clearly how the Owner's final keying instructions have been followed.
- Submit as a separate schedule.

Electrified Hardware Drawings: Ε.

- Submit elevation drawings showing relationship of all electrical hardware components to door and frame. Indicate number and gage of wires required.
 - Include wiring drawing showing point to point wire hook up for all components.
 - Include system operations descriptions for each b. type of opening; describe each possible condition.
- Submit to General Contractor/Construction Manager, F. factory order acknowledgement numbers for the various hardware items to be used on the project. The factory

order acknowledgement numbers shall help to facilitate and expedite any service that may be required on a particular item. General Contractor/Construction hardware shall keep these order acknowledgement numbers on file in the construction trailer.

- 1.5 Product Delivery, Storage, and Handling:
 - Label each item of hardware with the appropriate door number and Hardware Schedule heading number, and deliver to the installer so designated by the contractor.
- 1.6 Where existing doors, frames and/or hardware are remain, conditions, preparations and functions shall be field verified to confirm compatibility with specified hardware. Where any incompatibility is discovered, notify the contractor or construction manager immediately and provide a suggested solution based on industry standard business practices.

1.7 Warranties:

- Refer to Division 1 for warranty requirements. Α.
- Special Warranty Periods: В.
 - Closers shall carry manufacturer's 30-year warranty against manufacturing defects and workmanship.
 - Locksets shall carry manufacturer's 3-year warranty against manufacturing defects and workmanship.
 - Continuous gear hinges shall carry manufacturer's lifetime warranty to be free from defects in material and workmanship.
 - Balance of items shall carry a manufacturer's 1-year warranty against manufacturing defects workmanship.
- C. During the warranty period, replace defective work, including labor, materials and other costs incidental to the work.

PART 2 - PRODUCT

- 2.1 Furnish each category with the products of only one manufacturer unless specified otherwise; this requirement is mandatory whether various manufacturers are listed or not.
- 2.2 Provide the products of manufacturer designated or if more than one manufacturer is listed, the comparable product of one of the other manufacturers listed. Where only one manufacturer or product is listed, it is understood that is the owner's Building Standard substitution" is allowed.

Hinges: Α.

- 1. Furnish hinges of class and size as listed in sets.
- Numbers used are Ives (IVE).
- products by Stanley and Hager 3. Equal are also acceptable.

Continuous Gear Hinge: В.

- 6063-T6 aluminum alloy, anodized finish (cap on entire hinge painted if specified). Manufacture to template, uncut hinges non-handed, pinless assembly, interlocking extrusions, full height of door frame, lubricated polyacetal thrust bearing, fasteners 410 stainless steel plated and hardened. All hinge profiles to be manufactured to template bearing locations, with standard duty bearing configurations at 5-1/8" spacing with a minimum of 16 bearings: and heavy duty at 2-9/16" spacing with a minimum of 32 bearings. Anodizing of material shall be done after fabrication of components so that all bearing slots are anodized.
- Length: 1" less than door opening height. Fastener 12-24 x 1/2" #3 Phillips keen form stainless steel self-tapping at aluminum and hollow metal doors, 12-1/2" #3 Philips, flathead full thread at wood doors.
- Furnish fire rated hinges "FR" at labeled openings.

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- 4. Numbers used are Ives.
 - a. For Wood and Hollow Metal frames;
 - 1) Ives 224HD
 - 2) Equal products by Hager & Select will also be accepted.
 - b. For Aluminum frames;
 - 1) Ives 112HD
 - 2) Equal products by Hager & Select will also be accepted.
- C. Flush Bolts:
 - 1. Constant Latching: metal doors:
 - a. Ives FB50 Series
 - b. Equal product of any B.H.M.A. member.
 - 2. Constant Latching: wood doors:
 - a. Ives FB60 Series
 - b. Equal product of any B.H.M.A. member.
 - 3. Manual wood and metal doors:
 - a. Ives FB458 Series
 - b. Equal product of any B.H.M.A. member.
 - 4. Dust Proof Strikes furnish with all flush bolts, except at openings having thresholds:
 - a. Ives DP2
 - b. Equal product of any B.H.M.A. member.
- D. Locksets and Latchsets Mortise Type:
 - Locksets shall be manufactured from heavy gauge steel, minimum lockcase thickness 1/8", containing components of steel with a zinc dichromate plating for corrosion resistance.
 - 2. Locks are to have a standard 2 ¾" backset with a full ¾" throw two-piece stainless steel mechanical antifriction latchbolt. Deadbolt shall be a full 1" throw, constructed of stainless steel.
 - 3. Lockcase shall be easily handed without chassis disassembly by removing handing screw on lockcase and installing in opposite location on reverse side. Changing of door hand bevel from standard to reverse hand shall be done by removing the lockcase scalp plate, and pulling and rotating the latchbolt 180 degrees.

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- Lock trim shall be through-bolted to the door to assure correct alignment and proper operation. trim shall have external spring cage mechanism to assist in support of the lever weight. Thumb turns shall have "EZ" thumbturn equal to Schlage L583-363.
- Function numbers are Schlage.
 - Schlage L9000
- 6. Lockset Trim:
 - Schlage 06A
- 7. Provide strikes with extended lips where required to protect trim from being marred by latch bolt. Provide strike lips that do not project more than 1/8" beyond door frame trim at single doors and have 7/8" lip to center at pairs of 1-3/4" doors.
- All lock functions shall be verified with the Owner prior to ordering any material. The supplier will include any related costs in their proposal.

Ε. Exit Devices:

- Exit devices shall be touchpad style, fabricated of brass, bronze, stainless steel, or aluminum, plated to the standard architectural finishes to match the balance of the door hardware.
- All exit devices shall incorporate a fluid damper, which decelerates the touchpad on its return stroke and eliminates noise associated with exit device Touchpad shall extend a minimum of one operation. half of the door width. All latchbolts to be deadlatching type, with a self-lubricating coating to reduce wear.
- End-cap will be sloped to deflect any impact from carts and they shall be flush with the external mechanism case. End caps that overlap and project above the mechanism case are unacceptable. End cap shall utilize a two-point attachment to the mounting bracket.
- Touchpad shall match exit device finish, and shall be stainless steel for US26, US26D, US28, US32, and US32D Only compression springs will be used in devices, latches, and outside trims or controls.

- 5. Plastic templates shall be included with each exit device to facilitate a quick, easy and accurate installation.
- 6. Strikes shall be roller type and come complete with a locking plate to prevent movement.
- 7. All rim and vertical rod exit devices shall have passed a 5 million(5,000,000) cycle test based on ANSI A156.3, 1994, Grade 1 test standards and certified by an independent testing lab.
- 8. All mortise exit devices shall have passed a 10 million(10,000,000)cycle test based on ANSI A156.3, 1994, Grade 1 test standards and certified by an independent testing lab.
- 9. Provide cylinder dogging on panic exit hardware where noted in hardware sets.
- 10. Exit devices shall be UL listed panic exit hardware. All exit devices for fire rated openings shall be UL labeled fire exit hardware.
- 11. Lever trim for exit devices shall be vandal-resistant type, which will travel to a 90-degree down position when more than 35 pounds of torque are applied, and which can easily be re-set.
- 12. Von Duprin 98 Series. Series and function numbers as listed in sets.
- 13. Trim:
 - a. As specified in sets.
 - b. Levers to match lockset design where specified.

F. Removable Mullion:

- a. Interior/Exterior, mullion is removable only through the use of building keys.
 - 1) Von Duprin KR4954
- b. Interior Doors UL listed, Mullion is removable only through the use of building keys.
 - 1) Von Duprin KR9954

G. Push and Pull Hardware:

- 1. Push Plates: Ives 8200 Series 4 x 16 x .050 inches.
- 2. Push Bars: Von Duprin 330/350
- 3. Push-Pull Units: One inch round rod. Push: Straight push bar, Pull: 90 degree offset, 12 inch centers.

Attach top post of pull back to back with latch stile end of push bar, bottom post of pull and hinge stile end of push bar with end caps.

- Pull, Offset: One inch round rod, 90 degree offset, 12 inch centers.
- Pulls: One inch round rod, straight 12 inch centers.
- 6. Pull Plates: Ives 8302-8 4 x 16 x .050 inches. 8" center.
- Pull, Bi-Fold: 7. Dummy Lever Trims. Levers to match lockset lever design.
- Pull, Wire: 3/4 inch diameter, 6 inch centers.
- Vandal Resistant Pulls: Ives VR900 Series. Stainless steel construction 0.120 inches thick.
- 10. Manufacturer: Provide push and pull hardware from any member of B.H.M.A.

Η. Coordinator - Frame Stop Mounted:

- Door coordinator shall prevent the active door from closing before inactive door. Stop mounted channel 1x 5/8" steel tubing x length to suit door opening. Coordinator shall be UL listed. Furnish filler bars to fill gap between end of coordinator and inactive door frame. Furnish mounting brackets for all stop mounted hardware such as exit device strikes, closer PA shoes, etc. Coordinators shall be prepared (cutout) at the factory for surface applied or concealed vertical rod panic devices if required.
- Furnish with carry bar CB1 when required for proper operation.
 - COR x length to suit. Ives
 - Equal products of any BHMA manufacturer

I. Electric Strike:

Electric strikes shall provide remote release latchbolts. They shall be designed for use with the type locks shown at each opening where required. Strikes will be UL Listed for Burglary-Resistant Electric Door Strike, and where required, shall be UL listed as electric strikes for Fire Doors or Frames. Faceplates shall be stainless steel with finish as

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- specified for each opening. The locking components shall be stainless steel to resist damage and abuse.
- Solenoids shall be of the continuous duty type for the voltage specified. Plug connectors will be furnished. Strikes shall have an adjustable backbox to compensate for misalignment of door and frame.
- Numbers used in sets are Von Duprin.
 - a. Von Duprin 6000 series

Electric Power Transfer: J.

- Transfer power from door frame to edge of door, UL listed R4504.
- 2. Von Duprin EPT

Closers: Κ.

- Door closers shall have fully hydraulic, full rack and pinion action with a high strength cast iron cylinder. Cylinder body shall be 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " in diameter, and double heat treated pinion shall be 11/16" in diameter with double D slab drive arm connection.
- Hydraulic fluid shall be of a type requiring no seasonal closer adjustment for temperatures ranging from 120 degrees F to -30 degrees F.
- Spring power shall be continuously adjustable over the 3. full range of closer sizes, and allow for reduced opening force for the physically handicapped. Hydraulic regulation shall be by tamper-proof, noncritical valves. Closers shall have separate adjustment for latch speed, general speed, backcheck.
- All closers shall have solid forged steel main arms (and forged forearms for parallel arm closers).
- All surface mounted mechanical closers shall certified to exceed ten million (10,000,000) full load cycles by a recognized independent testing laboratory.
- Closers will have Powder coating finish certified to 100 hours salt spray testing by ETL, independent testing laboratory used by BHMA for ANSI certification.
- Refer to door and frame details and accessories such as drop plates, panel adapters, FINISH HARDWARE 08710 - 12

spacers and supports as required to correctly install door closers. State degree of door swing in the hardware schedule.

LCN Series as listed in sets.

L. ADA Special Closers:

- Where "Low Energy Power Operated Door" as defined by ANSI Standard A156.19 is indicated for doors required to be accessible to the disabled, provide electrically powered operators complying with the ADA requirements for opening force and time to close standards.
- Full closing force shall be provided when the power or assist cycle ends.
- Modular design, adjustments easily accessible from the front, UL listed for use on labeled doors.
- Shall have "Second Chance" function to accommodate 4. momentary resistance, "Breakaway" function electronically controlled clutch, "Soft Start" motor control function and "Maintain Hold-Open Switch" hold the door open at 90 degree.
- Shall have built in 12V and 24V power supply for 5. actuators, card readers, electric strikes and magnetic door locks, inputs for both swing and stop side sensors and available to accept either 120VAC 220VAC input power. All wiring connections between operator modules made by easy-to-handle electrical Shall comply with both UL and NEC connectors. requirements for Class 1 and Class 2 wiring by providing separate conduits for each.
- Shall have seven independent electronic adjustments to tailor the operator for specific site conditions. Opening speed, holding force at 90 deg., sequential trigger and time delay, hold-open time at 90 deg., opening force, clutch "breakaway" force setting, electric strike trigger and time delay.
- Shall have separate and independent adjustments for 7. back check, main speed and latch speed.
- LCN Series as listed in sets. 8.
- 9. Furnish actuators and other controls as shown Hardware Sets.

Μ. Overhead Holders and Stops:

- Type, function and fasteners must be same Glynn-Johnson specified. Size per manufacturer's selector chart. Plastic end caps, hold open mechanisms and shock blocks are not allowed. End caps must be finished same as balance of unit.
- Manufacture products using base of material Brass/Bronze for US3, US4, & US10B finished products and 300 Stainless Steel for US32 & US32D finished products.
- Type, function, and fasteners must be the same as Glynn-Johnson specified. Size per manufacturer's selector chart.
 - a. Glynn-Johnson

Kick Plates: Ν.

- Furnish .050 inches thick, beveled four sides, countersunk fasteners, 10" high x door width less 2" at single doors and less 1" at pairs. Where glass or louvers prevent this height, supply with height equal to height of bottom rail less 2".
- Any BHMA manufacturing product meeting acceptable.

Ο. Armor Plates:

Provide .050 inches thick, B4E, 36" x door width less 2" at single doors and 1" less door width at pairs. At exit devices provide height to bottom of exit device cases. At locksets, latchsets, or push pull latches, cut for rose or escutcheon. Bevel top edges of all plates.

P. Wall Stops:

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- 1. Length to exceed projection of all other hardware. Provide with threaded studs and expansion shields for masonry wall construction. Install with slope at top.
 - a. Ives WS33(X)
 - b. BHMA L12011 or L12021

Q. Wall Holders:

- 1. Products specified by series only; furnish strike length to exceed projection of all other hardware.
 - a. Ives WS40
 - b. Equal products of any BHMA manufacturer

R. Door Holding Magnets:

- 1. Electrically controlled, fail-safe, holds door open until current is interrupted.
- 2. Units will have 35 lbs of holding force.
- 3. Units will be "tri-voltage", 12VDC, 24VAC/DC & 120VAC.
- 4. Furnish model to hold door away from wall to allow for any trim or levers on pull side of door.
 - a. LCN SEM 7800 series

S. Thresholds:

- 1. 1/2" high 7.5" wide. Cope at jambs.
- 2. Furnish full wall opening width when frames are recessed.
- 3. Cope in front of mullions if thresholds project beyond door faces.
- 4. Furnish with non-ferrous Stainless Steel Screws and Lead Anchors.
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets
 - b. Equal of Zero or Reese

T. Door Sweeps:

- 1. Surface Sweeps:
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets
 - b. Equal by Zero or Reese
- U. Weather-stripping:

- 1. Apply to head and jamb stops.
- 2. Solid Bar stock all sides
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets
 - b. Equal by Zero or Reese
- V. Meeting Stile Weather-stripping:
 - 1. 2 Pc. Nylon brush type to seal gap between pairs of doors.
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets
 - b. Equal by Zero or Reese

W. Astragal:

- 1. Stainless steel, type 304, Finish 2B. 12 gauge 1-5/8 inch wide. #10 x 3/4" st. sheet metal screws.
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets
 - b. Equal by Zero or Reese

X. Astragal, Sound:

- Overlapping type.
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets
 - b. Equal by Zero or Reese
- 2. Meeting stile type.
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets
 - b. Equal by Zero or Reese

Y. Sound Seal:

- 1. Adjustable type perimeter seal.
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets
 - b. Equal by Zero by Reese

Z. Lock Protector:

- 1. Lock protector shall eliminate gap between door and frame. No exposed fasteners on face of unit.
 - a. Ives LG series
- AA. Automatic Door Bottoms:

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- Surface: Provide UL approved at all fire doors.
 - a. National Guard as listed in sets.
 - b. Equal by Zero by Reese

BB. Miscellaneous:

Furnish items not categorized in the above descriptions but specified by manufacturer's names in Hardware Sets.

CC. Fasteners:

- Furnish fasteners of the proper type, size, quantity and finish. Use machine screws and expansion shields for attaching hardware to concrete or masonry, wall grip inserts at hollow wall construction. Furnish machine screws for attachment to reinforced hollow metal doors and frames and reinforced aluminum doors and frames. Furnish full thread wood screws attachment to solid wood doors and frames. "TEK" type screws are not acceptable.
- Sex bolts will not be permitted on reinforced metal doors or wood doors where blocking is specified.

2.3 Finishes:

- Generally, Dull Chrome, US26D / BHMA 626. Provide finish for each item as indicated in sets.
- 2.4 Templates and Hardware Location:
 - Α. Furnish hardware made to template. Supply required templates and hardware locations to the door and frame manufacturers.
 - metal template to frame/door В. Furnish supplier for continuous hinge.
 - Refer to Article 3.1 B.2, Locations, and coordinate with templates.

2.5 Cylinders and Keying:

- A. All cylinders for this project will be supplied by one supplier regardless of door type and location.
- B. Provide a cylinder for all hardware components capable of being locked.
- C. Provide cylinder cores and keys "0" bitted for Owners keying. Provide keys and cores to match the existing Schlage Restricted system according to Owner's instructions. Provide minimum of two (2) keys per cylinder or as otherwise required by Owner.
- D. Provide cylinders with construction cores or keying for use during the construction period. The Owner's security department or representative will convert construction cores or keying to the final system.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 Installation

A. General:

- 1. Install hardware according to manufacturers installations and template dimensions. Attach all items of finish hardware to doors, frames, walls, etc. with fasteners furnished and required by the manufacture of the item.
- 2. Provide blocking/reinforcement for all wall mounted Hardware.
- 3. Reinforced hollow metal doors and frames and reinforced aluminum door and frames will be drilled and tapped for machine screws.
- 4. Solid wood doors and frames: full thread wood screws. Drill pilot holes before inserting screws.
- 5. Continuous gear hinges attached to hollow metal doors and frames and aluminum doors and frames: 12-24 x 1/2" #3 Phillips Keenform self-tapping. Use #13 or 3/16 drill for pilot.

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- Continuous Gear Hinges require continuous mortar guards of foam or cardboard 1/2" thick x frame height, applied with construction adhesive.
- Install weather-strip gasket prior to parallel arm closer bracket, rim exit device or any stop mounted hardware. Gasket to provide a continuous seal around perimeter of door opening. Allow for gasket when installing finish hardware. Door closers will require special templating. Exit devices will require adjustment in backset.

B. Locations:

- Dimensions are from finish floor to center line of
- Include this list in Hardware Schedule. 2.

CATEGORY

DIMENSION

Hinges	Door Manufacturer's Standard
Flush Bolt Levers	72" and 12"
Levers	Door Manufacturer's Standard
Exit Device Touchbar	Per Template
Deadlatch Cylinder	43" unless conflicting with
	push-pull.
Deadlock MS Cylinder	43" unless conflicting with
	push-pull.
Hospital Push-Pull	Manufacturer's Template
Roller Latch	At Head
Push-Pull Units	42" to centerline of Pull
Offset Pulls	Suitable for Exit Devices
Pulls - Flush Cup	46"
Pulls (BTB)	46"
Push-Pulls	46"
Push Plates	52"
Pull Plates	42"
Wire Pulls	42"
Wall Stops/Holders	At Head
Astragals	Pull side of active leaf
Trim Protector Bars	Push side of door below lever
	handle
Lock Protectors	Pull side of door

C. Field Quality Inspection:

- Inspect material furnished, its installation adjustment, and instruct the Owner's personnel adjustment, care and maintenance of hardware.
- Locksets and exit devices shall be inspected after installation and after the HVAC system is in operation and balanced, to insure correct installation proper operation.
- Closers shall be inspected and adjusted after the HVAC system is in operation and balanced, to insure correct installation and proper operation.
- report stating 4. written compliance, also locations and kinds of noncompliance shall forwarded to the Architect with copies to Contractor, hardware distributor, hardware installer and building owner.

D. Technical and Warranty Information:

- At the completion of the project, the technical and warranty information coalesced and kept on file by the General Contractor/Construction Manager shall be given to the Owner or Owner's Agent. In addition to both the technical and warranty information, all factory order acknowledgement General numbers supplied to the Contractor/Construction Manager during construction period shall be given to the Owner or Owner's Agent. The warranty information and factory order acknowledgement numbers shall serve to both expedite and properly execute any warranty work that may be required on the various hardware items supplied on the project.
- Submit to General Contractor/Construction Manager, two copies each of parts and service manuals and two each any special installation or adjustment tools. Include for locksets, exit devices, door closers and any electrical products.

3.2 Hardware Sets:

2015 REN	ON PUBLIC SCHOOLS OVATIONS CHOOL RENOVATIONS	151626B	FEBRUARY 1,	2016		
HARDWARE	SET NO. 01					
EACH TO	HAVE:					
3 EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE		
1 EA	OFFICE/ENTRY LOCK	L9050BDC 06A L583-363	626	SCH		
1 EA 1 EA		4111 CUSH 8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	689 630	LCN IVE		
HARDWARE	SET NO. 02					
EACH TO	HAVE:					
3 EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE		
1 EA	STOREROOM LOCK	L9080BDC 06A	626	SCH		
1 EA		4011	689	LCN		
1 EA		8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E				
1 EA	WALL STOP	WS33	626	IVE		
HARDWARE	HARDWARE SET NO. 03					
EACH TO	HAVE:					
3 EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE		
1 EA	OFFICE/ENTRY LOCK	L9050BDC 06A L583-363	626	SCH		
1 EA	OH STOP	450S	630	GLY		
1 EA	SURFACE CLOSER		689	LCN		
1 EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630	IVE		
HARDWARE	SET NO. 04					
EACH TO	HAVE:					
3 EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE		
1 EA	PRIVACY W/DB &	L9456BDC 06A L583-363	626	SCH		
	IND	L283-722				
1 EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011	689	LCN		
		8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630	IVE		
1 EA	WALL STOP	WS33	626	IVE		
HARDWARE SET NO. 05						
FINISH H	IARDWARF:		08710	- 21		
EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL: RE-BID						

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 2015 RENOVATIONS MIDDLE SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626B FEBRUARY 1, 2016 EACH TO HAVE: 3 EA HINGE 5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 652 IVE 1 EA CLASSROOM LOCK L9070BDC 06A 626 SCH 1 EA SURFACE CLOSER 4011 689 LCN1 EA KICK PLATE 8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E 630 IVE 1 EA WALL STOP WS33 626 IVE HARDWARE SET NO. 06 EACH TO HAVE: 5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 3 EA HINGE 652 IVE 626 1 EA FIRE EXIT 98-L-F-2SI-03-SNB VON HARDWARE 2 EA SFIC RIM HOUSING 80-129 626 SCH 1 EA SURFACE CLOSER 4111 EDA 689 LCN 1 EA KICK PLATE 8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E 630 1 EA WALL STOP WS33 626 IVE 626 IVE 1 EA WALL STOP HARDWARE SET NO. 07 EACH TO HAVE: 5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 652 IVE 9827-L-F-LBR-03-499F-SNB 626 VON 6 EA HINGE 2 EA FIRE EXIT HARDWARE 2 EA SFIC RIM HOUSING 80-129 626 SCH 2 EA SURFACE CLOSER 4111 EDA 689 LCN 2 EA KICK PLATE 8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E 630 IVE 2 EA WALL STOP WS33 626 IVE HARDWARE SET NO. 08 EACH TO HAVE: 3 EA HINGE 5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 652 IVE 1 EA CLASSROOM LOCK L9070BDC 06A 626 SCH 1 EA SURFACE CLOSER 4111 EDA 689 LCN 1 EA KICK PLATE 8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E 630 IVE 1 EA WALL STOP WS33 626 IVE HARDWARE SET NO. 09 08710 - 22 FINISH HARDWARE

EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL: RE-BID

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 2015 RENOVATIONS

		OVATIONS CHOOL RENOVATIONS	151626B	FEBRUARY 1, 2	2016	
EACH TO HAVE:						
2	EA	CONT. HINGE	112HD	710	IVE	
	EA	SURFACE BOLT			IVE	
	EA	STOREROOM LOCK			SCH	
1	EA	CONCEALED PULL	(PROVIDED BY THE DOOR			
1	EA	OH STOP & HOLDER	FRAME MFR) 90H	613	GLY	
	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 SHCUSH SRI		LCN	
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	(PROVIDED BY THE DOOR			
_	521	WEITHER SELLE	FRAME MFR)	~		
2	EA	DOOR SWEEP	600A	DKB :	NGP	
1	EA	THRESHOLD	425HD		NGP	
_		1111(110110110	123112	5115	.,01	
HARD	WARE	SET NO. 10				
EACH	TO I	HAVE:				
6	EA	HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5	652	IVE	
2	EA	FIRE EXIT	9827-L-F-LBR-03-499F-S	NB 626	VON	
		HARDWARE				
2	EA	SFIC RIM HOUSING	80-129	626	SCH	
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 SCUSH	689	LCN	
2	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630	IVE	
HARD	WARE	SET NO. 11				
EACH	I TO I	HAVE:				
	EA	CONT. HINGE	112HD	710	IVE	
1	EA	KEYED REMOVABLE			VON	
_		MULLION			V 01V	
	EA	PANIC HARDWARE			VON	
1	EA	SFIC MORTISE	80-102	613	SCH	
		CYL.				
2	EA	CONCEALED PULL	(PROVIDED BY THE DOOR FRAME MFR)	&		
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 SCUSH	695	LCN	
1	SET		(PROVIDED BY THE DOOR			
_	БШТ		FRAME MFR)	Œ.		
1	EA	MULLION SEAL	5100	BLK :	NGP	
2	EA	DOOR SWEEP	600A	DKB :	NGP	
1	EA	THRESHOLD	425HD	DKB :	NGP	
HARDWARE SET NO. 12						
FINI	SH H	ARDWARE		08710 -	- 23	
		EXCT M	TODIE SCHOOL. PE-RID			

EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL: RE-BID

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 2015 RENOVATIONS MIDDLE SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626B FEBRUARY 1, 2016 EACH TO HAVE: 6 EA HINGE 5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 IVE 652 1 SET CONST LATCHING FB52 630 IVE BOLT 1 EA CLASSROOM LOCK L9070BDC 06A 626 SCH 1 EA COORDINATOR COR X FL 628 2 EA SURFACE CLOSER 4011 689 LCN 2 EA KICK PLATE 8400 10" X 1" LDW B4E 630 IVE 2 EA WALL STOP WS33 626 IVE HARDWARE SET NO. 13 EACH TO HAVE: 6 EA HINGE 5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 652 IVE 1 SET CONST LATCHING FB52 630 IVE BOLT 1 EA CLASSROOM LOCK L9070BDC 06A 626 SCH 1 EA COORDINATOR COR X FL 628 IVE 2 EA MOUNTING BRACKET MB 689 IVE 689 1 EA SURFACE CLOSER 4111 CUSH LCN 1 EA SURFACE CLOSER 4111 EDA 689 LCN1 EA WALL STOP WS33 626 IVE HARDWARE SET NO. 14 EACH TO HAVE: 3 EA HINGE 652 IVE 5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 1 EA STOREROOM LOCK L9080BDC 06A 626 SCH1 EA SURFACE CLOSER 4111 EDA 689 LCN 1 EA KICK PLATE 8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E 630 IVE

626

IVE

WS33

1 EA WALL STOP

MIDDLE SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626B FEBRUARY 1, 2016

HARDWARE SET NO. 15

EACH	OT I	HAVE:			
1	EΑ	CONT. HINGE	112HD	710	IVE
1	EΑ	CONT. HINGE	112HD EPT	710	IVE
1	EΑ	POWER TRANSFER	EPT10	695	VON
1	EΑ	KEYED REMOVABLE	KR4954-STAB	689	VON
		MULLION			
1	EΑ	PANIC HARDWARE	HDSI-98-EO	626	VON
1	EΑ		LX-HDSI-98-NL-OP-110MD	313	VON
		HARDWARE			
1	EΑ	SFIC MORTISE	80-102	626	SCH
		CYL.			
1	EA	SFIC RIM HOUSING		626	SCH
2	EA	90 DEG OFFSET	8190HD 12" O	613	IVE
_		PULL	4.0.0		
1	EΑ	OH STOP	100S	630	GLY
1	EΑ	OH STOP		630	GLY
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER		689	LCN
1	EΑ		4642 WMS	689	LCN
		OPERATOR			
1	EA	MOUNTING PLATE	4020-18G	689	LCN
1	EA	WEATHER RING		PLA	LCN
2	EΑ	ACTUATOR, WALL	8310-853T	630	LCN
		MOUNT			
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	(PROVIDED BY THE DOOR &		
			FRAME MFR)		
1	EA		5100	BLK	NGP
2	EΑ	DOOR SWEEP	600A	CL	NGP
1	EΑ	THRESHOLD	425HD	AL	NGP
1	SET	WIRING DIAGRAMS	AS REQUIRED		

THE EXIT DEVICE MUST BE DOGGED TO ALLOW THE AUTOMATIC OPERATOR TO OPEN THE DOOR.

COORDINATE SYSTEM OPERATION AND COMPONENT LOCATIONS WITH THE OWNER, THE ARCHITECT AND ALL RELATED TRADES.

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 2015 RENOVATIONS MIDDLE SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626B FEBRUARY 1, 2016 HARDWARE SET NO. 16 EACH TO HAVE: 6 EA HINGE 5BB1 5 X 4.5 652 IVE 9827-EO-F-LBR-499F-SNB 2 EA FIRE EXIT 626 VON HARDWARE 2 EA SURFACE CLOSER 4111 EDA 689 LCN 2 EA KICK PLATE 8400 10" X 1" LDW B4E 630 IVE 2 EA WALL STOP 626 WS33 IVE HARDWARE SET NO. 17 EACH TO HAVE: * ALL HOWE BY DOOR MFR * HARDWARE SET NO. 18 EACH TO HAVE: 3 EA HINGE 5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 652 IVE1 EA OFFICE/ENTRY L9050BDC 06A L583-363 626 SCH L283-711 LOCK 1 EA SURFACE CLOSER 4111 EDA 689 LCN 1 EA KICK PLATE 8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E 630 IVE 1 EA WALL STOP 626 WS33 IVE HARDWARE SET NO. 19 EACH TO HAVE: 1 EA CONT. HINGE 112HD 710 IVE 1 EA PANIC HARDWARE HDSI-98-EO 313 VON 1 EA CONCEALED PULL (PROVIDED BY THE DOOR & FRAME MFR) 1 EA SURFACE CLOSER 695 LCN 4111 SCUSH 1 SET WEATHER SEAL (PROVIDED BY THE DOOR & FRAME MFR) 1 EA DOOR SWEEP 600A DKB NGP

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425HD

1 EA THRESHOLD

DKB NGP

MIDDLE SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626B FEBRUARY 1, 2016

HARDWARE SET NO. 20

EACH	TO	HAVE:	
HACII	10	11W A Fr •	

1	EA	CONT. HINGE	112HD	710	IVE
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	L9080BDC LLL 06A L283-150	613	SCH
1	EA	CONCEALED PULL	(PROVIDED BY THE DOOR &		
			FRAME MFR)		
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 SHCUSH SRI	695	LCN
1	SET	WEATHER SEAL	(PROVIDED BY THE DOOR &		
			FRAME MFR)		
1	EΑ	DOOR SWEEP	600A	DKB	NGP
1	EA	THRESHOLD	425HD	DKB	NGP

HARDWARE SET NO. 21

EACH TO HAVE:

6	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
2	EA	FIRE EXIT	9827-L-F-LBR-03-499F-SNB	626	VON
		HARDWARE			
2	EA	SFIC RIM HOUSING	80-129	626	SCH
1	EΑ	OH STOP	90S	630	GLY
2	EΑ	SURFACE CLOSER	4011	689	LCN
2	EΑ	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1" LDW B4E	630	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS33	626	IVE

HARDWARE SET NO. 22

EACH TO HAVE:

3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	CLASSROOM LOCK	L9070BDC 06A	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 CUSH	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630	IVE

WHERE ADJACENT CONDITIONS ALLOW, PROVIDE CLOSER AND WALL STOP TO ALLOW 180 DEGREE SWING.

FINISH HARDWARE 08710 - 27

		CHOOL RENOVATIONS	151626В	FEBRUARY 1,	2016	
HARI	OWARE	SET NO. 23				
EACE	TO I	HAVE:				
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE	
1	EA		L9456BDC 06A L583-363 L283-722	626	SCH	
1	EA	OH STOP	450S	630	GLY	
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011	689	LCN	
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630	IVE	
HARI	OWARE	SET NO. 24				
EACE	OT F	HAVE:				
3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE	
1	EA	CLASSROOM LOCK	L9070BDC 06A	626	SCH	
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS33	626	IVE	
HARI	OWARE	SET NO. 25				
EACE	TO I	HAVE:				
2	EA	CONT. HINGE	112HD	710	IVE	
2	EA	SURFACE BOLT	SB453 8" TB	640	IVE	
1	EA	STOREROOM LOCK	L9080BDC LLL 06A L283-	150 613	SCH	
1	EA		(PROVIDED BY THE DOOR FRAME MFR)			
2	EA	OH STOP & HOLDER	,	613	GLY	
2	EA		600A	DKB	NGP	
1	EA	THRESHOLD		DKB	NGP	
HARI	OWARE	SET NO. 26				
EACE	TO I	HAVE:				
6	EA	HINGE	5BB1 5 X 4.5	652	IVE	
2	EA	DUMMY PUSH BAR	350	626	VON	
2	EA	PULL PLATE	8302 8" 4" X 16"	630	IVE	
1	EΑ	OH STOP	90S	630	GLY	
1	EA	OH STOP	90SE	630	GLY	
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4021	689	LCN	
1	EA	SURF. AUTO OPERATOR	4642 WMS	689	LCN	
1	EA	MOUNTING PLATE	4020-18G	689	LCN	
2	EA	ACTUATOR, WALL		630	LCN	
2	EA	MOUNT KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1" LDW B4E	630	IVE	
			O-FOO TO V T. TIDM RAF			
F,TM]	LSH H	ARDWARE	IDDIE SCHOOI - PE-PID	08710	- 28	
	EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL: RE-BID					

	CHOOL RENOVATIONS	151626B	FEBRUARY 1, 2016
HARDWARE	SET NO. 27		
EACH TO	HAVE:		
6 ЕА	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652 IVE
1 SET	CONST LATCHING BOLT	FB52	630 IVE
1 EA	DBL CYL STORE W/DB	L9466BDC 06A	626 SCH
1 EA	COORDINATOR	COR X FL	628 IVE
2 EA	MOUNTING BRACKET	MB	689 IVE
2 EA	OH STOP	90S	630 GLY
2 EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011	689 LCN
2 EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 1" LDW B4E	630 IVE
HARDWARE	SET NO. 28		
EACH TO	HAVE:		
3 EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652 IVE
1 EA	STOREROOM LOCK	L9080BDC 06A	626 SCH
1 EA	OH STOP	450S	630 GLY
1 EA			689 LCN
1 EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630 IVE
HARDWARE	SET NO. 29		
EACH TO	HAVE:		
3 EA		5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652 IVE
		L9050BDC 06A L583-363	
1 111	LOCK		
1 EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011	689 LCN
1 EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630 IVE
1 EA	WALL STOP	WS33	626 IVE
HARDWARE	SET NO. 30		
EACH TO	HAVE:		
	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652 IVE
	CLASSROOM LOCK		626 SCH
	SURFACE CLOSER		689 LCN
		8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	
	WALL STOP		626 IVE
FINISH H	ARDWARE		08710 - 29

EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL: RE-BID

MIDDLE SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626B FEBRUARY 1, 2016

HARDWARE SET NO. 31 (DOOR C161B)

EACH TO HAVE:

9 1 2 1	EA EA EA	HINGE POWER TRANSFER PANIC HARDWARE ELEC PANIC	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5 EPT10 HDSI-98-DT LX-QEL+-98-NL	652 689 626 626	IVE VON VON
		HARDWARE			
1	EA	SFIC RIM HOUSING	80-129	626	SCH
2	EΑ	OH STOP	90S	630	GLY
1	EΑ	OH STOP	90SE	630	GLY
2	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4021	689	LCN
1	EA	SURF. AUTO	4642 WMS	689	LCN
		OPERATOR			
2	EA	MOUNTING PLATE	4020-18G	689	LCN
2	EA	ACTUATOR, WALL	8310-853T	630	LCN
		MOUNT			
3	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630	IVE
1	SET	WIRING DIAGRAMS	AS REQUIRED		

WHEN THE LATCHBOLT IS RETRACTED, THE EXTERIOR AUTOMATIC OPERATOR SWITCH IS ENABLED. THE INSIDE AUTOMATIC OPERATOR SWITCH IS ALWAYS ENABLED. FREE EGRESS IS ALWAYS ALLOWED. COORDINATE SYSTEM OPERATION AND COMPONENT LOCATIONS WITH THE OWNER, THE ARCHITECT AND ALL RELATED TRADES.

HARDWARE SET NO. 32

EACH TO HAVE:

3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	CLASSROOM LOCK	L9070BDC 06A	626	SCH
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4021	689	LCN
1	EA	MOUNTING PLATE	4020-18G	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630	IVE
1	EA	WALL STOP	WS33	626	IVE
1	SET	SEALS	107NA	CL	NGP
1	EA	DOOR BOTTOM	423N	AL	NGP
1	EA	THRESHOLD	411	AL	NGP

INSTALL THRESHOLD TO ALLOW PROPER SEAL OF AUTOMATIC DOOR BOTTOM.

FINISH HARDWARE 08710 - 30

MIDDLE SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626B FEBRUARY 1, 2016

HARDWARE SET NO. 33 (DOOR C161C)

EACH TO HAVE:

3	EA	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	CLASSROOM LOCK	L9070BDC 06A	626	SCH
1	EA	ELECTRIC STRIKE	ES-6400	630	SCE
1	EA	OH STOP	450S	630	GLY
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630	IVE
1	EA	DESK MOUNT	660-PB	628	SCE
		BUTTON			
1	EA	POWER SUPPLY	PS902 900-2RS	LGR	SCE

^{**} COORDINATE FUNCTION & OPERATION OF HARDWARE WITH OWNER BEFORE ANY WORK BEGINS **

THE ELECTRIC STRIKE WILL BE ENERGIZED TO ALLOW ACCESS FROM THE VESTIBULE TO THE OFFICE BY PRESSING A PUSH BUTTON. THE OUTSIDE LEVER IS LOCKED/UNLOCKED BY THE KEY.

COORDINATE SYSTEM OPERATION AND COMPONENT LOCATIONS WITH THE OWNER, THE ARCHITECT AND ALL RELATED TRADES.

HARDWARE SET NO. 34 (DOOR B157)

EACH TO HAVE:

3	EΑ	HINGE	5BB1 4.5 X 4.5	652	IVE
1	EA	CLASSROOM LOCK	L9070BDC 06A	626	SCH
1	EA	SGL CYL DEADBOLT	B660BD	626	SCH
2	EA	FINAL CORE	(OWNER PROVIDED)	626	
1	EA	ELECTRIC STRIKE	ES-6400	630	SCE
1	EA	OH STOP	450S	630	GLY
1	EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4011	689	LCN
1	EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B4E	630	IVE
1	EA	DESK MOUNT	660-PB	628	SCE
		BUTTON			
1	EA	POWER SUPPLY	PS902 900-2RS	LGR	SCE
1	SET	WIRING DIAGRAMS	AS REQUIRED		

^{**} COORDINATE FUNCTION & OPERATION OF HARDWARE WITH OWNER BEFORE ANY WORK BEGINS **

THE ELECTRIC STRIKE WILL BE ENERGIZED TO ALLOW CORRIDOR ACCESS FROM THE OFFICE BY PRESSING A PUSH BUTTON. THE INSIDE LEVER IS LOCKED/UNLOCKED BY THE KEY.

FINISH HARDWARE 08710 - 31

MIDDLE SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626B FEBRUARY 1, 2016

COORDINATE SYSTEM OPERATION AND COMPONENT LOCATIONS WITH THE OWNER, THE ARCHITECT AND ALL RELATED TRADES.

HARDWARE SET NO. 35 (DOOR C161A)

EACH TO HAVE:

1	EA	DOOR CORD	798-18	626	SCE
2	EΑ	PANIC HARDWARE	98-EO	313	VON
1	EA	ELEC PANIC	LX-QEL+-HD-98-NL-OP-110MD	313	VON
		HARDWARE			
1	EΑ	SFIC RIM HOUSING	80-129	613	SCH
1	EA	OH STOP	90SE	613	GLY
1	EΑ	SURF. AUTO	4642 WMS	695	LCN
		OPERATOR			
1	EΑ	WEATHER RING	8310-801	PLA	LCN
2	EΑ	ACTUATOR, WALL	8310-853T	630	LCN
		MOUNT			
1	EA	POWER SUPPLY	PS902 900-2RS	LGR	SCE
1	SET	WIRING DIAGRAMS	AS REQUIRED		
			* BALANCE OF EXISTING HDWE		
			TO REMAIN *		

TO REMAIN

THE EXIT DEVICE LATCHBOLT MAY BE RETRACTED BY THE INTERCOM RELEASE BUTTON. WHEN THE LATCHBOLT IS RETRACTED, THE EXTERIOR AUTOMATIC OPERATOR SWITCH IS ENABLED. THE INSIDE AUTOMATIC OPERATOR SWITCH IS ALWAYS ENABLED. FREE EGRESS IS ALWAYS ALLOWED.

COORDINATE SYSTEM OPERATION AND COMPONENT LOCATIONS WITH THE OWNER, THE ARCHITECT AND ALL RELATED TRADES.

FIELD VERIFY THE EXISTING DOOR AND FRAME PREPARATIONS FOR COMPATIBILITY WITH THE SPECIFIED HARDWARE AND ADJUST IF REQUIRED FOR PROPER FIT AND FUNCTION.

END OF SECTION 08710

Door/Hardware Index

FIRST FLOOR

FIRST FLOOR		
Door #	HWSet #	
A101A	20	
A104A	09	
A104B	09	
A122A	11	
A126A	19	
A129A	09	
A130A	09	
A131A	14	
A132A	12	
A132B	-	
A133A	14	
A135A	25	
B104A	08	
B106	08	
B107	22	
B108	22	
B109	22	
B110A	07	
B112A	16	
B112B	07	
B113	06	
B120	06	
B132A	07	
B132B	07	
B132C	07	
B132D	07	
B132E	07	
B132F	07	
B136	06	
B137	02	
B138	02	
B139	08	
B143A	10	
B143B	07	
B143C	10	
B143D	06	
B145	08	

Door # HWSet # B149 18 B157 03 B169A 11 B170A 13 B171A 05 B172A 05 B173A 15 B173B 26 B174A 08 B174B 08 B174C 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C104 22 C105 21 C104 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C134 02 C134 02 C137 22 C141 02		_
B157 03 B169A 11 B170A 13 B171A 05 B172A 05 B173A 15 B173B 26 B174A 08 B174B 08 B174C 19 B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C104 22 C103 21 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C134 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C141 02 C142 <th>Door #</th> <th>HWSet #</th>	Door #	HWSet #
B169A 11 B170A 13 B171A 05 B172A 05 B173A 15 B173B 26 B174A 08 B174B 08 B174C 19 B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C104 22 C105 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C134 02 C134 02 C134 02 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 <td>B149</td> <td>18</td>	B149	18
B170A 13 B171A 05 B172A 05 B173A 15 B173B 26 B174A 08 B174B 08 B174C 19 B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C104 22 C105 22 C106 22 C108 22 C100 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C134 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B157	03
B171A 05 B172A 05 B173A 15 B173B 26 B174A 08 B174B 08 B174C 19 B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C104 22 C105 22 C106 22 C108 22 C100 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B169A	11
B172A 05 B173A 15 B173B 26 B174A 08 B174B 08 B174C 19 B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C100 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B170A	13
B173A 15 B173B 26 B174A 08 B174B 08 B174C 19 B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C103A 11 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C134 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B171A	05
B173B 26 B174A 08 B174B 08 B174C 19 B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C103A 11 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B172A	05
B174A 08 B174B 08 B174C 19 B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C103A 11 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B173A	15
B174B 08 B174C 19 B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C103A 11 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B173B	26
B174C 19 B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C10 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B174A	08
B174D 19 B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C103A 11 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B174B	08
B175A 27 B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C103A 11 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B174C	19
B175B 20 C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B174D	19
C101 22 C102 08 C103 21 C103A 11 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B175A	27
C102 08 C103 21 C103A 11 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	B175B	20
C103 21 C103A 11 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C101	22
C103A 11 C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C102	08
C104 22 C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C103	21
C106 22 C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C103A	11
C108 22 C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C104	22
C110 01 C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C106	22
C112 05 C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C108	22
C114 05 C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C110	01
C115A 23 C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C112	05
C118 02 C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C114	05
C120 02 C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C115A	23
C121 03 C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C118	02
C122 28 C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C120	02
C127 29 C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C121	03
C132 02 C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C122	28
C134 02 C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C127	29
C136 05 C137 22 C138 22 C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C132	02
C137 22 C138 22 C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C134	02
C138 22 C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C136	05
C139 22 C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C137	22
C141 02 C142 05 C143 21	C138	22
C142 05 C143 21	C139	22
C143 21	C141	02
+	C142	05
C143A 11	C143	21
	C143A	11

Door #	HWSet #	
C144	22	
C145	-	
C146	22	
C147	22	
C148	22	
C149	21	
C149A	11	
C151	22	
C152	22	
C153	22	
C154	22	
C157	21	
C157A	11	
C158	30	
C161A	-	
C161B	31	
C161C	03	

SECOND FLOOR

Door #	HWSet #
B200	22
B201	22
B202	22
B203	22
B204	22
B206	22
B211	02
B212	02
B217A	32
B217B	32
B222	02
B226A	32
B226B	32
B227	28
B231	02
B232	04
B233	04
B236A	32
B236B	32
B236C	24

Door #	HWSet #
B246	07
B249A	17
C200	08
C202	22
C204	22
C205A	05
C206	22
C209	05
C211	02
C213	22
C214	22
C216	22
C217	05
C218	02
C220	02
C221	28
C222	05
C223	22
C225A	05
C226	22
C227	02
C228	05
C231	22
C232	22
C233	22
C234	22
C237	22
C238	22
C239	22
C242	22
C244	22

HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS

151626C

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 08800 - GLASS AND GLAZING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. The extent of glass and glazing work is shown on the drawings.
- B. The required applications of glass and glazing include (but are not necessarily limited to) the following:
 - 1. Glazing interior openings.
 - 2. Glazing interior doors.
 - 3. Glazing aluminum windows.
 - 4. Glazing aluminum curtain wall.
 - 5. Glazing FRP flush doors.
 - 6. Glazing aluminum stile and rail doors.
 - 7. Skylight glazing.
- C. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Fire Rated Glass: Section 08810.

1.03 OUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Prime Glass Standard: Comply with FS DD-G-451.
- B. Heat-Treated Glass Standard: Comply with the following as applicable.
 - 1. Consumer Product Safety Commission 16 CFR 1201.
 - 2. Industry Standards ANSI 297.1.
- C. Insulating Glass Seal Standard: Comply with proposed standard ASTM E6-P-3, Test Methods P1 and P2.

- Manufacturers: Provide each type of glass and primary sealant/gasket from a single manufacturer with not less than 5 years of successful experience in the production of materials similar to those required.
- E. Installer (Glazier): Firm with not less than five (5) years of successful experience in glazing work similar to required work.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

A. Product Data:

1. Submit manufacturer's product specifications, including documentation to compliance requirements and instructions for handling, storing, installing, cleaning and protecting each type of glass and glazing materials.

Samples: В.

- 1. Submit two (2) samples of each type of glass and glazing material required, except for single-pane clear glass (including annealed and tempered). Submit 12" square glass samples and 12" lengths of installed (mocked-up) glazing materials.
 - Submit insulating glass samples with completed a. edge-seal construction, but hermetic seal need not be maintained.

C. Warranties:

Warranty on Insulating Glass Units: Provide written warranty signed by fabricator (manufacturer) and countersigned by Contractor agreeing to within 10 years from date of substantial completion replace glass units with defective hermetic seal of air spaces (but not including that due to glass breakage); defined to include intrusion of dirt or moisture, internal condensation or fogging at temperature above -20 degrees F., deterioration of protected internal glass coatings resulting from seal failure, and other visual evidence of seal failure or performance; provide the manufacturer's printed and submitted instructions for handling, protecting, and maintaining units that have been adhered to during the warranty period.

2. Warranty on Laminated Glass: Provide written warranty signed by laminator (manufacturer) and countersigned by Contractor agreeing to within five (5) years after date of acceptance, replace glass units with defective lamination, defined to include evidence of delamination, changes in required strengths, transmittances, color, transparency, and other required performance.

1.05 PRODUCT HANDLING:

A. Comply with manufacturer's instructions for shipping, handling, storing, and protecting glass and glazing materials. Exercise exceptional care to prevent edge damage to glass, and damage/deterioration to coatings on glass.

1.06 JOB CONDITIONS:

- A. Pre-Installation Meeting: Comply with General Requirements for pre-installation meeting of Glazier and other trades affected by glass installation.
- B. Weather: Do not proceed with glazing under adverse weather conditions. Install liquid sealants when temperatures are within lower or middle third of temperature range recommended by manufacturer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GLASS

A. Non-processed Glass:

- 1. Clear Float/Plate: Type I, Class 1, Quality q3.
- 2. Tinted Glass: Manufacturer's standard bronze tint plate.
- 3. Laminating Film: Except as otherwise indicated, provide clear transparent permanent film of polyvinyl butyryl (PVB), not less than 30 mils thick (60 mils @ skylight), as adhesive plastic interlayer for laminating sheets of glass of a composition which has successfully withstood a minimum of 20 years exposure to sunlight and severe weather/temperature changes.

B. Processed Glass:

1. Tempered Glass: Heat treat to strengthen glass in bending to not less than 4.5 times annealed strength.

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

Tong Marks: Wherever the glazing system sown for the installation of tempered glass will not conceal the tong marks inherent from normal tempering processes, provide tempered glass produced by special process which eliminates tong marks.

C. Fabricated Products:

Laminated Glass:

- Laminate units at the factory using manufacturer's standard pressure-plus-heat process to produce units of the required sizes, thicknesses, and component make-up to comply with the details and performance requirements shown and specified herein. Exercise extreme precautions and plant control in the laminating process to exclude dirt and other foreign matter from the lamination, and to eliminate voids and achieve complete lamination at each glass surface.
- Fabricate units to proper size and shape at the factory so that no cutting, seaming, or nipping will be required for installation at the project site.
- c. Provide the following type:
 - (1) 1/4" Clear of Solexia (transparent) by PPG or equal consisting of:

Exterior Glass: 1/8" tempered Laminating Film: 30 mils thick

Interior Glass: 1/8" tempered glass

A. ''Solexia Glass''

Visible light transmission	69%
U value winter	0.47
U value summer	0.50
SHGC	0.49
Shading Coefficient	0.57
Outdoor visible light reflectance 13%	
Outdoor appropriate Tight groop	~~ 7 ~~~

Outdoor appearance: Light green color, low

reflective glass product

(2) ¼'' clear:

Exterior Glass: 1/8'' clear plat tempered

Laminating Film: 60 mils thick

Interior Glass: 1/8" clear plate temp. glass

qlass

(3) Skylight Safety Glazing: Comply with UL972 Interior Glass (of insulated units): 7/16'' gray heat strengthened laminated .060 clear PVB.

with

2.. Insulating Glass:

- Fabricate and label units to match units which have been tested and certified by the Insulating Glass Certification Council in accordance with proposed standard ASTM E6-P3, Test Methods, P1 and P2 (as sponsored by the Sealed Insulating Glass Manufacturers Association); and passed tests for glass classification "A".
- Fabricate units with a permanent, hermetically sealed dry air or glass filled space of the width indicated between sheets of glass as indicated. Provide an edge seal consisting of twin primary sealant beads of silicone positioned and retained by a tubular aluminum galvanized steel spacer-bar frame soldered/welded sealed corners, and filled desiccant with breather ports into sealed space; with secondary edge sealant completely encapsulating outer face of spacer bar and sealed to the opposing sheets Provide silicone elastomeric sealant as of glass. secondary edge seal.
 - (1) Extend secondary sealant to provide minimum of 1/16" thick elastomeric coating on edges of glass sheets in each insulating glass unit (to form a protective edge cushion).
 - Except as otherwise indicated, fabricate units with 1/2" wide air spaces.
 - (3) Fill air spaces by fabricator's standard process, using either gas or dry air with a maximum dew point of -20 degrees F. Exercise extreme care to exclude dirt and other foreign substances.
 - Label each unit to show compliance with required standards and regulations, and to list generically each component including elements of edge seal. Indicate which face of unit is for exposed to Provide removable label exterior of weather. except where regulations require a permanent label.

- (1) Label interior-exposed edge of spacer bar with fabricator's name and date of completing hermetic seal.
- Provide the following types: d.
 - (1) At all exterior locations except skylight: 1" Clear: Exterior Glass: 1/4" laminated (''Solexia'' transparent by PPG). Interior Glass: ½'' air space ¼'' laminated clear plate
 - (2) Skylight Safety Glazing: Comply with UL 972 Interior Glass: (of insulated units) 7/16'' gray heat strengthened laminated with .060 clear PVB.
- D. Design Thickness:
 - Verify all glass thicknesses will comply with performance requirements.
- Manufacturer of Glass: One of the following: Ε.
 - 1. Old Castle Building Envelope
 - 2. Saint-Gobain North America
 - Pilkington North America, Inc.
 - 4. PPG Industries, Inc.
 - 5. Guardian Industries, North America
 - 6. Viracon, Inc., Owatonna, MN
- F. Edges:
 - 1. Polish edges wherever exposed to view.
- G. Coatings:
 - 1. Provide low emissivity (low-E) pyrolytic coating (on #3 surface of insulated units unless noted otherwise).

GLAZING SEALANTS, COMPOUNDS AND GASKETS: 2.02

- Colors: Provide black or other natural color where no other color is available. Where material is not exposed to view, provide manufacturer's standard color which has best overall performance characteristics application shown.
- Hardnesses shown and specified are intended to indicate general range necessary for overall performance. Consult manufacturer's technical representative to determine actual hardness recommended for conditions of installation Architect will furnish information concerning anticipated glass movement related to actual glazing channel width and installation temperature upon request. Except as otherwise indicated or recommended, provide glazing materials within the following ranges of hardness (Shore A, fully cured, at 75 degrees F.):
 - 15 to 35 for elastomeric compounds and tapes used with rigid stops and frames for large glass sizes (in excess of 100 united inches). Provide material sufficiently hard to withstand exposure (if any) to abrasion and vandalism.
 - 25 to 50 for rubber-like curing compounds used with rigid stops and frames for medium and small glass sizes (less than 100 united inches). Provide materials sufficiently hard to withstand impact where used on moving sash and doors.
 - 35 to 60 for molded gaskets used with rigid stops and frames, depending upon strength needed for applications or insertion of units and open profile of gasket.
 - 4. 70 to 80 for structural gaskets (not supported by stops).
 - Non-Elastomeric Compounds: (Shore A not applicable) 2 to 12 mm penetration for 5.0 seconds of penetrometer needle on nominally cured compound (ASTM D 2451).
- Compatibility: Before purchase of specified glazing materials, investigate compatibility with channel surfaces, joint fillers, and other materials in glazing Provide only materials (manufacturer's recommended variation of specified materials) which are known to be fully compatible with actual installation condition, as shown by manufacturer's published data or certification.

- D. Provide size and shape of gaskets and preformed glazing units as shown, or if not shown, as recommended by manufacturer, either in published data or upon consultation with technical representative.
- E. Two-Component Polysulfide Glazing Sealant:
 - 1. Polysulfide-based, 2--art elastomeric sealant, comply with FS TT-S-00227, Class A, Type 2 (non-sag); certified by manufacturer to be specifically compounded for glazing application, with sufficient resistance to UV deterioration to show no significant change for 20 years of normal glazing exposure to the sun.
 - 2. Product/Manufacturer:
 - a. Lasto-Meric; Tremco, Inc.
 - 3. Use for cap bead on all sloped glazing.
- F. Nonporous Bond Silicone Rubber Glazing Sealant"
 - 1. One-part acid-type silicone rubber elastomeric sealant, complying with FS TT-S-001543, Class A, non-sag, recommended by manufacturer for non-porous exterior joint surfaces and for glazing.
 - 2. Products/Manufacturers: Provide one of the following:
 - a. 781 Building Sealant; Dow Corning Corporation
 - b. Silicone Construction 1200 Sealant; General Electric Company
 - c. Rhodorsil Sealant 3B; Rhodia Inc. Chemical Division
- G. Preformed Butyl Rubber Glazing Sealant:
 - 1. Preformed ribbon or tape (coiled with release paper) of polymerized butyl (or mixture of butyl and polyisobutylene) with inert fillers (pigments), solvent-based with minimum 95% solids, non-sag consistency, tack-free time of 24 hours or less, paintable, non-staining, pre-shimming to prevent stretch (as required by Glazier to facilitate proper application and glass installation).
 - 2. Product/Manufacturer:
 - a. Polyshim Tape: Tremco, Inc.

3. Use for exterior glazing of all glass in aluminum window wall metal framed skylight and in all interior glazing.

Η. Gaskets:

1. Refer to Section 07812 for gaskets part of metal framed skylight.

2.03 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS:

- Channel Cleaner: Use type compound recommended by sealant manufacturer for channel surfaces to be cleaned.
- Channel Primer/Sealer: Provide type of primer or sealer recommended by sealant manufacturer for application of В. sealant to channel surfaces.
- Setting Blocks: Neoprene or other resilient blocks of 70 C. to 90 Shore A durometer hardness, tested for compatibility with specified glazing sealants.
- Spacers: Neoprene or other resilient blocks of 40 to 50 D. Shore A durometer hardness, adhesively backed on one face only, tested for compatibility with specified glazing sealants.
- E. Compressible Filler Rod: Closed-cell or waterproofjacketed foam of polyethylene, butyl rubber, neoprene, polyurethane, or vinyl tested for compatibility with specified glazing sealants of 5 to 10 psi compression strength(25% deflection) as recommended by sealant manufacturers for use in glazing channel to prevent sealant exudation from channel.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

A. Glazier must examine framing and substrate work to receive glass and glazing materials and conditions under which glass is to be installed, and notify Contractor, in writing, of conditions detrimental to proper completion of the work. Do not proceed with glazing until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to Glazier.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS: 3.02

- A. Watertight and airtight installation of each piece of glass is required, except as otherwise shown. Each installation must withstand normal temperature changes wind loading, and impact loading (for operating sash and doors) without failure, including loss or breakage of glass, failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight, deterioration of glazing materials and other defects in the work.
- B. Protect glass from edge damage during installation and operation of building systems/equipment. Glass breakage during warranty period is a form of faulty material or workmanship (resulting from edge damage) unless known to result from vandalism or other causes not related to materials and workmanship.
- C. Glazing channel dimensions as shown are intended to provide for necessary minimum bite on glass, minimum edge clearance, and adequate sealant thickness with reasonable tolerances. Glazier is responsible for correct glass size for each opening within tolerances and necessary dimensions established.

3.03 INSTALLATION

General and Standards: Α.

- 1. Comply with combined recommendations of manufacturer and manufacturer of sealants and other materials used in glazing, except where more stringent requirements are shown or specified, and except where manufacturers' technical representatives direct otherwise.
- 2. Unify appearance of each series of lights by setting each piece to match others as nearly as possible. Inspect each piece and set with pattern, drawn, and bow oriented in the same direction as other pieces.
- 3. Inspect each piece of glass immediately before installation and eliminate pieces which have observable edge damage or face imperfections.
- Do not attempt to cut, seam, nip or abrade glass which is tempered, heat strengthened, or coated.

- Cut and install colored (tinted) and heat absorbing glass as recommended in "Technical Services Report No. 104" (latest edition) by PPG Industries, or similar report by other glass manufacturer.
- 6. Comply with applicable publications by Flat Glass Marketing Association, except as shown and specified otherwise, and except as specifically recommended otherwise by the manufacturers of the glass and glazing materials.

В. Preparation of Substrate:

- 1. Clean the glazing channel or other framing member to receive glass, immediately before glazing. Remove coatings which are not firmly bonded to the substrate. Remove lacquer from metal surfaces where elastomeric sealants are used.
- Apply primer or sealer to joint surfaces where recommended by sealant manufacturer.

C. Sealant/Compound Glazing:

- Install setting blocks of proper size in sill rabbet, locate at one-fourth of glass width measured from each Set blocks in thin course of the heel bead compound if heel bead is to be installed.
- 2. Provide spacers inside and out, and of proper size and spacing for glass sizes larger than 50 united inches, except where pre-shimmed tape or gaskets are used for glazing. Provide 1/8" minimum bite of spacers on glass and use thickness equal to sealant width, except with butyl rubber sealant tape use thickness 1/32" less than final compressed thickness of tape.
- Voids and Filler Rods: Prevent exudation of sealant or compound by forming voids or installing filler rods in channels at heel of jambs and heads (do not leave voids in sill channels), except as otherwise indicated. In general, voids or filler rods are required for insulating glass and for laminated glass larger than 75 united inches, and for other glass more than 9/32" thick or larger than 120 united inches.

- Force sealants into channel to eliminate air pockets and voids (other than expansion voids), and to ensure complete "wetting" and bond of sealant to glass and channel surfaces.
- 5. Tool exposed surfaces of glazing sealants and compounds to provide a substantial "wash" away from qlass.
- installing exercise When processed glass, extraordinary care to avoid contact of glazing materials with processed surfaces, except where concealed in glazing channel. Use masking tape to ensure limitation of compounds to channel area.
- 7. Clean and trim excess glazing materials from glass and stops or frames promptly after installation, and eliminate stains and discolorations.

Gaskets and Tapes: D.

- 1. Miter cut and bond ends together at corners where gaskets are used for channel glazing so that gaskets will not pull away from corners and result in voids or leaks in glazing system.
- Install pressurized tapes and gaskets to protrude slightly out of channel so as to eliminate dirt and moisture pockets. Trim to straight line as required.

3.04 CURE AND PROTECTION:

- Cure glazing sealants and compounds in compliance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations to obtain high early bond strength, internal cohesive strength, and surface durability.
- Glazier shall advise the Construction Manager procedures required for protection of glass and glazing sealants and compounds during construction period so that they will be without deterioration or damage (other than normal weathering) at time of Owner's acceptance.
 - 1. Furnish specific instruction to the Construction Manager on precautions and provisions required to prevent glass damage resulting from the alkaline wash from green concrete surfaces and similar sources of possible damage.

- Protect exterior glass from breakage immediately upon installation by attachment of crossed streamers to framing held away from glass. Do not apply markers directly on surfaces of glass. Except as otherwise indicated, remove applied labels from glass surfaces immediately after glass installation.
- Remove and replace glass which is broken, chipped, cracked, abraded or damaged in other ways during the construction period, including pieces damaged through natural causes, accidents and vandalism.

3.05 CLEANING GLASS:

- A. Maintain glass in a reasonably clean condition during construction so that it will not be damaged by corrosive or erosive action and will not contribute (by wash-off) to deterioration of glazing materials and other work.
 - glass in accordance with manufacturer's 1. Clean recommendations. Do not use abrasive materials. On glass, do not use broken razor blades for cleaning.
- B. Wash and polish glass on both faces not more than 4 days prior to Owner's acceptance of the work in each area. Comply with glass manufacturer's recommendations.

END OF SECTION 08800

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 08810-FIRE RATED GLASS AND FRAMING SYSTEMS-HEAT BARRIER SERIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
 - 1. Fire rated glazing and framing systems for installation as walls.
- В. Related Sections:
 - 1. Section 09250 "Gypsum board Assemblies" for gypsum board and metal stud framed area separation partition walls.
 - Section 08210 ''Flush Wood Doors'' for Vision Panels in interior doors.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
 - 1. ASTM E119: Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.
- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA): В.
 - 1. NFPA 251: Fire Tests of Building Construction & Materials
- Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):
 - 1. UL 263: Fire tests of Building Construction and Materials
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI): D.
 - 1. ANSI Z97.1: Standard for Safety Glazing Materials Used in Buildings
- Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC):
 - 1. CPSC 16 CFR 1201: Safety Standard for Architectural Glazing Materials
- F. MBC 2009 Ed., NFPA 101 1997 Ed.

1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Performance Requirements
 - 1. Duration of Fire Rating Window/Walls: Capable of providing a fire rating for 60 minutes.

2. Fire Resistive Rating: Glaze applications in occupancy or area separation walls and corridors where glazing exceeds 25% of the wall area, or as otherwise specified with a fire resistive assembly meeting the radiant heat requirements of ASTM E119. Per ASTM E119 and UL 263 requirements temperature on the non-fire side of glazing and framing at conclusion of fire test exposure shall be below 250°F above ambient room temperature.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01330.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show doors, frames, hardware and steel frame components as shown on shop drawings and schedules
- C. Obtain Architect's approval before fabrication.
- D. Samples for Initial Powder Coating Color Selection: For steel frames with factory-applied powder coat color finishes.
 - 1. Triplicate copies of manufacturer's powder coating color charts showing the full range of colors available.
- E. Samples: For following products:
 Two 8-inch by 10-inch Samples for glass.
- F. Glazing Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings for glazed openings in preparing a schedule listing glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location.
- G. Technical Information: Submit latest edition of manufacturer's product data providing product descriptions, technical data and installation instructions.
- H. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project; whose work has resulted in

glass installations with a record of successful in-service performance; and who employs glass installers for this Project who are certified under the National Glass Association Glazier Certification Program as Level 2 (Senior Glaziers) or Level 3 (Master Glaziers).

- Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has В. completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
- C. Source Limitations for Glazing Accessories: Obtain glazing accessories from one source for each product and installation method indicated.
- Certification: Signed by manufacturers of glass and glazing products certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.
 - Wall assemblies shall be tested to the acceptance criteria of ASTM E119, NFPA 251, UL 263 Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.
 - 2. Underwriters Laboratories (UL) shall conduct fire test.
- E. Listings and Labels Fire Rated Assemblies: Under current follow-up service by an approved independent agency maintaining a current listing or certification. Label assemblies accordance with limits of manufacturer's listing.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- Deliver, store and handle under provisions specified by manufacturer. For details on storage and product handling, please contact Technical Glass Products and request information on storage and product handling.
- Deliver materials to specified destination in manufacturer or В. distributor's packaging undamaged, complete with installation instructions.
- C. Store off ground, under cover, protected from weather and construction activities.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Provide the Pyrostop and Forster Frame supplier's limited five year warranty.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS - FIRE RATED WALL ASSEMBLY

- A. Manufacturer Glazing Material: "Pyrostop®" fire-rated glazing as manufactured by the Pilkington Group and distributed by Technical Glass Products, 2425 Carillon Point, Kirkland, WA 98033 (800-426-0279) fax (800-451-9857) e-mail sales@fireglass.com, web site http://www.fireglass.com
- B. Frame System: 'Heat Barrier Frames' fire-rated steel frame system as manufactured by Herman Forster AG and supplied by Technical Glass Products, 2425 Carillon Point, Kirkland, WA 98033 (800-426-0279) fax (800-451-9857) e-mail sales@fireglass.com web site http://www.fireglass.com
- C. Substitutions: Equal Products by Safti-Superlite II-XL as manufacturered by O'Keefe's, Inc. will be considered, if installed as part of their fire rated heat barrier system.

2.2 MATERIALS - GLASS

- A. Fire Rated Glazing: Composed of multiple sheets of 'Optiwhite' high visible light transmission glass laminated with an intumescent interlayer.
- B. Properties:
 - 1. Thickness: For Interior Use: 15/16'', #60-101 (nominal 7/8'').
 - 2. Weight: Varies with thickness 10.85 lbs/sf.
 - 3. Approximate Visible Transmission: Varies with thickness 88 percent).
 - 4. Fire-rating: 60 min..
 - 5. Impact Safety Resistance: ANSI Z97.1 and CPSC 16CFR1201 (Cat. I and II).
 - 6. STC Rating: 41 dB.
- C. Logo: Each piece of fire-rated glazing shall be labeled with a permanent logo including name of product, manufacture, testing laboratory (UL), fire rating period, safety glazing standards, and date of manufacture.

2.3 MATERIALS - STEEL FRAMING

- Steel Framing System 60 min.:
 - Steel Frame: Profiled steel tubing permanently joined with steel bolts.
 - 2. Insulation: Insulate framing system against effects of fire, smoke, and heat transfer from either side. Insulate profiled steel tubing using a shell construction that incorporates Promatect-H intermediate interlayer. Firmly pack perimeter of framing system to rough opening with mineral wool fire stop insulation or appropriately rated intumescent sealant.
 - 3. Steel Glazing Beads: Extruded steel beads with dimensions recommended by manufacturer to securely hold glazing material in place.
 - 4. Fasteners: Type recommended by manufacturer
 - 5. Glazing Accessories: Line glazing pockets with intumescent tape supplied by frame manufacturer. Set Pyrostop glass using neoprene setting blocks.
 - Glazing Compounds: Glaze Pyrostop glass with approved vinyl supplied by manufacturer.

2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Furnish frame assemblies pre-welded. When necessary, splice frames too large for shop fabrication or shipping or to fit in available building openings. Fit with suitable fasteners. Knock-down frames NOT PERMITTED.
- B. Field glaze door and frame assemblies.
- C. Factory prepare steel door assemblies field mounting of hardware
- D. Fabrication Dimensions: Fabricate fire rated assembly to approved dimensions. Guarantee dimensions where practicable within required tolerance.
- E. Obtain approved Shop Drawings prior to fabrication.

2.5 FINISHES, GENERAL

- Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Finish frames after assembly.

- C. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of D. abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable. variations in the same piece are not acceptable.

2.6 FACTORY FINISHES

- A. Color-Coated Finish: Apply manufacturer's standard powder coating finish system applied to factory-assembled frames before shipping, complying with manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation including pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.
 - As selected by Architect from and Gloss: manufacturer's full range.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and members to which the work of this section attaches or adjoins prior to frame installation.
- Provide openings plumb, square and within allowable tolerances. В.
- Notify Architect of any conditions which jeopardize the integrity of the proposed fire wall / door system. Do not proceed until such conditions are corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- Install fully welded fire wall by a specialty contractor with appropriate experience qualifications; and in strict accordance with the approved shop drawings. Employ experienced mechanics familiar with this type of specialized work.
- Install glazing in strict accordance with fire resistant glazing material manufacturer's specifications. Field cutting or tampering is not permissible.

3.3 PROTECTION AND CLEANING

Protect glass from damage immediately after installation by attaching crossed streamers to framing held away from glass. Do

- not apply markers to glass surface. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
- B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations, including weld splatter. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove them immediately as recommended by glass manufacturer.
- C. Remove and replace glass that is broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged in any way, including natural causes, accidents, and vandalism, during construction period.
- Wash glass on both exposed surfaces in each area of Project not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended by glass manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 08810

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FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 09200 - EXTERIOR PLASTER SYSTEM

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Provide new EIFS finish over existing EIFS surfaces as indicated on drawings.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Manufacturer's specifications, details, installation instructions and product data.
- B. Manufacturer's code compliance report.
- C. Manufacturer's standard warranty.
- D. Manufacturer's certificate of compliance with EIMA standards.
- E. Applicator's certificate of instruction.
- F. Samples for approval as directed by architect or owner.
- G. EPS board manufacturer's certificate of compliance with the current edition of EIMA Guideline Specifications for the use of Expanded Polystyrene (EPS) Insulation Board.
- H. Sealant manufacturer's certificate of compliance with ASTM C 1382.
- I. Prepare and submit project-specific details (when required by contract documents).

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM Standards:
 - 1. B 117 Test Method for Salt Spray (Fog) Testing
 - 2. C 1396 Standard Specification for Gypsum Board
 - 3. C 150 Specification for Portland Cement
 - 4. C 297 Test Method for Tensile Strength of Flat Sandwich Constructions in Flatwise Plane
 - 5. C 578 Specification for Preformed, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation

- 6. C 1177 Specification for Glass Mat Gypsum for Use as Sheathing
- 7. C 1280 Specification for Installation of Sheathing
- 8. C 1382 Test Method for Determining Tensile Adhesion Properties of Sealants When Used in Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS) Joints
- 9. D 522 Test Methods for Mandrel Bend Test of Attached Organic Coatings
- 10. D 882 Standard Test Methods for Tensile Properties of Thin Plastic Sheeting
- 11. D 968 Test Method for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by Falling Abrasive
- 12. D 1382 Test Method for Determining Tensile Adhesion Properties of Sealants When Used in Exterior Insulation and Finish System (EIFS) Joints
- 13. D 1784 Specification for Rigid Poly (Vinyl Chloride)
 (PVC) and Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride)
 (CPVC) Compounds
- 14. D 2247 Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings in 100% Relative Humidity
- 15. D 2370 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Organic Coatings
- 16. D 3273 Test for Resistance to Growth of Mold on the Surface of Interior Coatings in an Environmental Chamber
- 17. D 4541 Test Method for Pull-Off Strength of Coatings using Portable Adhesion-Testers
- 18. E 84 Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- 19. E 96 Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials
- 20. E 108 Method for Fire Tests of Roof Coverings
- 21. E 119 Method for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials
- 22. E 283 Test Method for Determining the Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen
- 23. E 330 Test Method for Structural Performance of Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference
- 24. E 331 Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference

- 25. E 1233 Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls and Doors by Cyclic Static Air Pressure Difference
- 26. E 2098 Test Method for Determining Tensile Breaking
 Strength of Glass Fiber Reinforcing Mesh for
 Use in Class PB Exterior Insulation and Finish
 System after Exposure to a Sodium Hydroxide
 Solution
- 27. E 2134 Test Method for Evaluating the Tensile-Adhesion Performance of an Exterior Insulation and Finish System (EIFS) (101.03 Standard Test Method for Determining Tensile Adhesion Strength of Exterior Insulation and Finish System (EIFS), and Components, Class PB (Modified ASTM C 297)
- 28. E 2430 Specification for Expanded Polystyrene (EPS)
 Thermal Insulation Boards for use in Exterior
 Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS) (EIMA
 Guideline Specification for Expanded
 Polystyrene (EPS) Insulation Board)
- 29. E 2570 Test Method for Water-Resistive (WRB) Coatings used Under Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS) or EIFS with Drainage
- 30. G 153 Recommended Practice for Operating Light-and Water-Exposure Apparatus (Carbon-Arc Type) for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials
- 31. G 154 Recommended Practice for Operating Light-and Water-Exposure Apparatus (Fluorescent UV-Condensation Type) for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials

B. Building Code Standards

- 1. UBC Standard 26-4, (formerly 17-6), "Method of Test for the Evaluation of Flammability Characteristics of Exterior, Nonload-Bearing Wall Panel Assemblies Using Foam Plastic Insulation," International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO), Inc.
- Section 1407.0, 1999 National Building Code, Building Officials and Code Administrators International (BOCA), Inc.
- 3. Section 2603.4.7, 1997 Standard Building Code, Southern Building Code Congress International (SBCCI), Inc.
- 4. AC235 Acceptance Criteria for EIFS Clad Drainage Wall Assemblies (October 1, 2004)
- 5. 2012 Edition of the Michigan Building Code.

- C. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standards
 - 1. NFPA 268, "Standard Test Method for Determining Ignitability of Exterior Wall Assemblies Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source"
 - 2. NFPA 285, "Standard Method of Test for the Evaluation of Flammability Characteristics of Exterior Non-Load-Bearing Wall Assemblies containing Combustible Components Using the Intermediate-Scale, Multistory Test Apparatus"
- D. EIMA (EIFS Industry Members Association) Standards and Publications
 - 1. 101.01 Standard Test Method for Freeze-Thaw Resistance of Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS), Class PB (Modified ASTM C 67)
 - 2. 101.02 Standard Test Method for Resistance to Water Penetration of Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS), Class PB (Modified ASTM E 331)
 - 3. 101.86 Standard Test Method for Resistance of Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS), Class PB, to the Effects of Rapid Deformation (Impact)
- E. Gypsum Association
 - 1. GA-253 Recommended Specifications for the Application of Gypsum Sheathing
 - 2. GA-254 Fire Resistant Gypsum Sheathing
 - 3. GA-600 Fire Resistance Design Manual
- F. APA Engineered Wood Association
 - 1. E 30 Residential and Commercial Construction Guide
- G. Other Referenced Documents
 - 1. American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists AATCC-127 Water Resistance: Hydrostatic Pressure Test
 - 2. ICC-ES ESR-1748, Evaluation Report for StoTherm NExT EIFS.
 - 3. ICC-ES ESR-1233, Evaluation Report for StoGuard™

1.04 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

A. Wind Load

- 1. Design for maximum allowable system deflection, normal to the plane of the wall, of L/240.
- 2. Design for wind load in conformance with code requirements.

B. Moisture Control

1. Prevent the accumulation of water behind the EIF system, either by condensation or leakage through the wall construction, in the design and detailing of the wall assembly.

C. Impact Resistance

1. Provide ultra-high impact resistance at all areas.

D. Color Selection:

1. Select finish coat with a light reflectance value of 20 or greater. (The use of dark colors is not recommended with EIF Systems that incorporate expanded polystyrene (EPS). EPS has a service temperature limitation of approximately 160° F [71°C]).

E. Joints

- 1. Install minimum 3/4 inch (19 mm) wide expansion joints in the EIFS where they exist in the substrate or supporting construction, where the EIFS adjoins dissimilar construction or materials, at changes in building height, unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Install minimum 1/2 inch (13 mm) wide sealant joints at all penetrations through the EIFS (windows, doors, etc.), unless noted otherwise.
- 3. Provide compatible backer rod and sealant that has been evaluated in accordance with ASTM C 1382, "Test Method for Determining Tensile Adhesion Properties of Sealants When Used in Exterior Insulation and Finish System (EIFS) Joints," and that meets minimum 50% elongation after conditioning.
- 4. Install joints so that Air Barrier continuity is maintained across the joint and drain joints to the exterior.

1.05 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Table 1-Air/Moisture Barrier Performance

Pass	TEST	METHOD	CRITERIA	RESULT
Penetration Resistance 2. Water Column) 2. Water ASTM E 1233 / Penetration Resistance after Cyclic Wind Loading 3. Water Resistance Testing 4. Water Vapor Transmissio n No Water ASTM E 283 4. Water Vapor Transmissio n No Water Absume E 283 5. Air Leakage ASTM E 283 6. Structural Integrity 7. Dry Tensile Strength 8. Pliability ASTM D 522 No Cracking or Delamination using %# (3 mm) mandrel at 14°F (-10°C) before and after aging 9. Surface Burning ASTM E 84 Penetration ASTM E 287 ASTM E 287 No water at exterior plane of sheathing after 10 cycles @ 80% design load and 75 minutes water spray at 6.24 psf (299 Pa) doad and 75 minutes water spray at 6.24 psf (299 Pa) differential Absence of deleterious effects Bassure ASTM E 96 Method B (Water Water (0.00030m³/s•m²) ASTM E 283 ASTM E 283 ASTM E 330 2-inches (51 mm) H ₂ O pressure (positive & negative) for 1 hour. ASTM D 882 2 lbs/in (3503 N/m), minimum before and after aging 8. Pliability ASTM D 522 No Cracking or Delamination using %# (3 mm) mandrel at 14°F (-10°C) before and after aging 9. Surface Burning ASTM E 84 Flame Spread 0 - 25 for NFPA Class I No water at exterior plane of sheathing and exterior plane of sheathing after 10 cycles & negative) for 1 hour. No water penetration on Plywood, OSB, Gypsum and Dens-Glass® Gold				
2. Water ASTM E 1233 / No water at exterior plane of sheathing after 10 cycles @ 80% design load and 75 minutes water spray at 6.24 psf (299 Pa) differential 3. Water Resistance Testing 4. Water Vapor Transmissio n Wethod B (Water Method) 5. Air Leakage ASTM E 283	1. Water	AATCC 127	Resist 21.6 in (55 cm)	Pass
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Dens-Glass® Gold	10. Tensile	ASTM C 297	>15 psi (103 kPa)	
	Adhesion			Plywood, OSB, Gypsum and
sheathings				Dens-Glass® Gold
				sheathings

^{*} Note: Sto Gold Fill testing with Sto Detail Mesh reinforcement

Table 2-EIFS Weather Resistance and Durability Performance

TEST	METHOD	CRITERIA	RESULTS
1. Accelerated	ASTM G 153	No deleterious effects* at	Pass
Weathering	(Formerly	2000 hours when viewed under	
	ASTM G 23)	5x magnification	
2. Accelerated	ASTM G 154	No deleterious effects* at	Pass at 5000 hours
Weathering	(Formerly	2000 hours when viewed under	
	ASTM G 53)	5x magnification	
3. Freeze/Thaw	EIMA 101.01	No deleterious effects* at	Pass at 90 cycles
Resistance	(Modified	60 cycles when viewed under	
	ASTM C 67)	5 x magnification	

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4. Water Penetration	EIMA 101.02 (Modified ASTM E 331)	No water penetration beyond the plane of the base coat/EPS board interface after 15 minutes at 6.24 psf (299 Pa) or 20% of design wind pressure, whichever is greater	Pass at 12.0 psf (575 Pa) after 30 minutes
5. Drainage Efficiency	EIMA 200.02	90% minimum	> 99%
6. Tensile Adhesion	EIMA 101.03 (modified ASTM C 297)	No failure in the adhesive, base coat, or finish coat. Minimum 5 psi (34 kPa) tensile strength before/after accelerated weathering and freeze/thaw exposure	Pass
7. Water Resistance	ASTM D 2247	No deleterious effects* at 14 day exposure	Pass at 42 days
8. Salt Spray	ASTM B 117	No deleterious effects* at 300 hours	Pass at 700 hours
9. Abrasion Resistance	ASTM D 968	No cracking or loss of film integrity at 528 quarts (500 L) of sand	Pass at 1057 quarts (1000 L) sand
10. Mildew Resistance	ASTM D 3273	No growth supported during 28 day exposure period	Pass at 60 days

Resistance 28 day exposure period *No deleterious effects: no cracking, checking, crazing, erosion, rusting, blistering, peeling or delamination

Currently method G 153 or G 155 Currently method G 154

Table 3-EIFS Component Performance

TEST	METHOD	CRITERIA	RESULT
1. Alkali Resistance of Reinforcing Mesh	EIMA 105.01	Greater than 120 pli (21 dN/cm) retained tensile strength	Pass
2. Physical properties and Requirement s for EPS Board	ASTM C 578	Refer to EIMA Guideline Specification for Expanded Polystyrene (EPS) Insulation Board	Pass
Requirement s for Rigid PVC Accessories	ASTM D 1784	Meets cell classification 13244C	Pass

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Table 4-EIFS and Air/Moisture Barrier Fire Performance

TEST	METHOD	CRITERIA	RESULT
1. Fire Endurance	ASTM E 119	Maintain fire resistance of existing rated assembly	Pass*
2. Intermediat e Scale Multi-Story Fire Test	UBC Standard 26-9 (NFPA 285)	1. Resistance to vertical spread of flame within the core of the panel from one story to the next 2. Resistance to flame propagation over the exterior surface 3. Resistance to vertical spread of flame over the interior surface from one story to the next 4. Resistance to significant lateral spread of flame from the compartment of fire origin to adjacent spaces	Pass with 12 inches of EPS insulation
3. Radiant Heat Ignition	1996 National Building Code, Section 1406.0 (NFPA 268)	No ignition @ 20 minutes	Pass
	1997 Standard Building Code, Section 2603.4.7 (NFPA 268)	No ignition @ 20 minutes	Pass

Note: results based on extrapolation of data from E-119 series testing

Table 5-EIFS Component Fire Performance

TEST	METHOD	CRITERIA	RESULT
1.Surface Burning	ASTM E 84	Insulation board and reinforced coating system shall each have a flame spread of 25 or less, and smoke developed of 450 or less	Pass

Table 6-EIFS Impact Resistance Performance

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TEST	METHOD	CRITERIA	RESULT
1. Impact Resistance	EIMA 101.86	Level 1: 25-49 in-lbs (2.83-5.54J)	Pass with one layer Sto Mesh
		Level 2: 50-89 in-lbs (5.65-10.1J)	Pass with two layers Sto Mesh
		·	Pass with one layer Sto Intermediate Mesh
		Level 3: 90-150 in-lbs	
		(10.2-17J)	Pass with one layer Sto Armor Mat and one layer Sto Mesh
		Level 4: >150 in-lbs (>17J)	

Table 7-Structural Performance Test

TEST		METHOD	CRITERIA	RESULT
1. Wir	d Load	ASTM E 330	Withstand negative and positive wind loads required by prevailing building code	Consult applicable code compliance report for design pressure rating

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Contractor requirements

- 1. Engaged in application of EIFS for a minimum of three (3) years.
- 2. Knowledgeable in the proper use and handling of EIFS materials and listed and/or certified by the EIFS manufacturer as having the required training for installation of their EIFS product.
- 3. Employ skilled mechanics who are experienced and knowledgeable in EIFS application, and familiar with the requirements of the specified work.
- 4. Successful completion of minimum of three (3) projects of similar size and complexity to the specified project.
- 5. Provide the proper equipment, manpower and supervision on the job site to install the system in compliance with Sto's published specifications and details and the project plans and specifications.

B. Insulation board manufacturer requirements

- Recognized by the EIFS manufacturer as capable of producing insulation board to meet system requirements, and hold a valid licensing agreement with the EIFS manufacturer.
- 2. Listed by an approved agency.
- 3. Label insulation board with information required by the EIFS manufacturer, the approved listing agency and the applicable building code.

C. Mock-up Testing

1. Construct full-scale mock-up of typical EIFS/window wall assembly with specified tools and materials and test air and water infiltration and structural performance in accordance with ASTM E 283, E 331 and E 330, respectively, through independent laboratory. Mock-up shall comply with requirements of project specifications. Where mock-up is tested at job site maintain approved mock-up at site as reference standard. If tested off-site accurately record construction detailing and sequencing of approved mock-up for replication during construction.

D. Inspections

- 1. Refer to Specification Section 01450 Testing and Inspection Services for testing requirements and responsibilities.
- 2. Conduct inspections in accordance with code requirements and contract documents.

1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver all materials in their original sealed containers bearing manufacturer's name and identification of product.
- B. Protect coatings (pail products) from freezing and temperatures in excess of $90^{\circ}F$ (32° C). Store away from direct sunlight.
- C. Protect Portland cement based materials (bag products) from moisture and humidity. Store under cover off the ground in a dry location.

1.08 PROJECT/SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient and surface temperatures above 40°F (4°C) during application and drying period, minimum 24 hours after application of Air/Moisture barrier and EIFS.
- B. Provide supplementary heat for installation in temperatures less than $40^{\circ}F$ ($4^{\circ}C$).
- C. Provide protection of surrounding areas and adjacent surfaces from application of materials.

1.09 COORDINATION/SCHEDULING

- A. Coordinate installation of roofing installation, windows, doors and other wall penetrations to provide a continuous air barrier.
- B. Provide protection of rough openings before installing windows, doors, and other penetrations through the wall.
- C. Coordinate installation of windows and doors so air barrier components are connected to them to provide a continuous air barrier.
- D. Install window and door head flashing immediately after windows and doors are installed.
- E. Install diverter flashings wherever water can enter the wall assembly to direct water to the exterior.
- F. Install copings and sealant immediately after installation of the EIF system and when EIFS coatings are dry.
- G. Attach penetrations through EIFS to structural support and provide water tight seal at penetrations.

1.10 WARRANTY

A. Provide manufacturer's standard limited labor and material warranty.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Provide EIF System accessories from single source manufacturer or approved supplier.
- B. The following are acceptable manufacturers:
 - 1. Dry-vit Systems, Inc.
 - Outsulation Plus MD System (basis of design) for all areas. Contact Ben Fredal 734-891-7443, email: bfredal@lwsupply.com
 - 2. Sto Corp.
 - 3. Synergy Wall Systems
 - 4. Pleko Products Inc.
 - 5. Plastic Components, Inc.—Accessories or equal

2.02 AIR/MOISTURE BARRIER

- A. Base Coat: Shall be compatible with the EPS insulation board and reinforcing mesh(es).
 - 1. Cementitious: A liquid polymer-based material, which is field mixed with Portland cement.
 - a. Shall be Primus, Genesis or Genesis FM
 - Noncementitious: A factory-mixed, fully formulated, water-based product.
 - a. Shall be NCB
 - 3. Ready mixed: A dry blend cementitious, copolymer-based product, field mixed with water.
 - a. Shall be Primus DM, Genesis DM, Genesis DMS, Rapidry DM 35-50 or Rapidry DM 50-75.
- B. Reinforcing Mesh: A balanced, open weave, glass fiber fabric treated for compatibility with other system materials.
 - 1. Shall be Panzer 15, Detail and Corner Mesh
 - 2. Shall be colored blue for product identification bearing the Dryvit logo.
- C. Finish: Shall be Ultra-High Impact Resistant Finish. Color and texture as selected by the architect/owner from manufacturer's standard color and texture coating systems.

2.03 JOB MIXED INGREDIENTS

- A. Water--Clean and potable.
- B. Portland cement--Type I in conformance with ASTM C 150.

PART III EXECUTION

- 3.01 EXAMINATION New EIFS Finish Over Existing EIFS Materials.
 - A. Prior to the installation of the new EIFS finish, the contractor shall notify the Construction Manager and Architect in writing, of all discrepancies.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Protect adjoining work and property during Outsulation Plus MD installation.
- B. The substrate shall be prepared as to be free of foreign materials, such as oil, dust, dirt, form-release agents, efflorescence, paint, wax, water repellants, moisture, frost, and any other condition that may inhibit adhesion.

3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. The new finish shall be installed in accordance with the Dryvit Outsulation Plus MD System Application Instructions, DS218.
- B. The overall minimum base coat thickness shall be sufficient to fully embed the mesh. The recommended method is to apply the base coat in two (2) passes.
- C. Sealant shall not be applied directly to textured finishes or base coat surfaces. Dryvit Outsulation Plus MD System surfaces in contact with sealant shall be coated with Demandit or Color Prime.
- D. High impact meshes shall be installed as specified on all surfaces.

3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. The contractor shall be responsible for the proper application of the Outsulation Plus MD materials.
- B. Dryvit assumes no responsibility for on-site inspections or application of its products.
- C. If required, the contractor shall certify in writing the quality of work performed relative to the substrate system, details, installation procedures, workmanship and as to the specific products used.
- D. If required, the EPS supplier shall certify in writing that the EPS meets Dryvit's specifications.
- E. If required, the sealant contractor shall certify in writing that the sealant application is in accordance with the sealant manufacturer's and Dryvit's recommendations.

3.05 CLEANING

- A. All excess Outsulation Plus MD System materials shall be removed from the job site by the contractor in accordance with contract provisions and as required by applicable law.
- B. All surrounding areas, where the Dryvit Outsulation Plus MD System has been applied, shall be left free of debris and foreign substances resulting from the contractor's work.

3.06 PROTECTION

A. The Outsulation Plus MD System shall be protected from inclement weather and other sources of damage until dry and permanent protection in the form of flashings, sealants, etc. are installed.

END OF SECTION 09200

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 09250 - GYPSUM DRYWALL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2SUMMARY:

- A. Extent of each type of gypsum drywall construction required is indicated on Drawings.
- This Section includes the following types of gypsum board В. construction:
 - 1. Steel framing members to receive gypsum board.
 - Gypsum board screw-attached to steel framing and furring members.

1.3DEFINITIONS:

Gypsum Board Construction Terminology: Refer to ASTM C 11 and GA 505 for definitions of terms for gypsum board construction not otherwise defined in this section or other referenced standards.

1.4SUBMITTALS:

Product data from manufacturers for each type of product specified.

1.5QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide materials and construction which are identical to those of assemblies whose fire resistance rating has been determined per ASTM E 119 by a testing and inspecting organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Provide fire-resistance-rated assemblies identical to those indicated by reference to GA File No's. in GA-600 "Fire Resistance Design Manual" or to design designations in U.L. "Fire Resistance Directory" or in listing of other testing and agencies acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

- Single Source Responsibility: Obtain each type of gypsum board and related joint treatment materials from a single manufacturer.
- C. All gypsum board drywall and associated materials shall be manufactured domestically in the United States, by a United States Company and shall conform to ASTM Standards listed herein. Gypsum board drywall and associated materials shall not be imported, rebranded or distributed from another country.

1.6DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING:

- Deliver materials in original packages, containers or bundles bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer or supplier.
- Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic and other causes. Neatly stack gypsum boards flat to prevent sagging.
- Handle gypsum boards to prevent damage to edges, ends, and surfaces. Do not bend or otherwise damage metal corner beads and trim.

1.7PROJECT CONDITIONS:

- Environmental Conditions, General: Establish and maintain environmental conditions for application and finishing gypsum board to comply with ASTM C 840 and with gypsum board manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Minimum Room Temperatures: For nonadhesive attachment of gypsum board to framing, maintain not less than 40 deg F (4 deg C). For adhesive attachment and finishing of gypsum board maintain not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) for 48 hours prior to application and continuously thereafter until drying is complete.
- C. Ventilate building spaces to remove water not required for drying joint treatment materials. Avoid drafts during dry, hot weather to prevent materials form drying too rapidly.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1MANUFACTURERS:

- Manufacturer: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products of one of the following:
 - Steel Framing and Furring:
 - a. Clark Steel Framing.
 - b. Dietrich Industries, Inc.
 - c. Marino/Ware, Division of Ware Industries
 - d. Dale/Incor (Dale Industries)
 - 2. Gypsum Boards and Related Products:
 - Georgia-Pacific Corp.
 - b. Gold Bond Building Products Div., National Gypsum
 - c. United States Gypsum Co.

2.2STEEL FRAMING COMPONENTS FOR SUSPENDED AND FURRED CEILINGS:

- A. General: Provide components which comply with ASTM C 754 for materials and sizes, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Concrete Inserts: Inserts designed for attachment to concrete forms and for embedment in concrete, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with holes or loops for attachment of hanger wires and capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 3 times that imposed by ceiling construction, as determined from testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by an independent testing laboratory.
- Wire for Hangers and Ties: ASTM A 641, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
- Channels: Cold-rolled steel, 0.0598 inch minimum D. thickness of base (uncoated) metal and 7/16 inch wide flanges, protected with rust-inhibitive paint, and as follows:
 - 1. Carrying Channels: 1-1/2 inch deep, 475 lbs per 1000 ft., unless otherwise indicated.2. Furring Channels: 3/4 inch deep, 300 lbs per 1000 ft., unless otherwise indicated.

- Steel Studs for Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, with flange edges bent back 90 deg and doubled over to form 3/16 inch minimum lip (return), minimum thickness of base (uncoated) metal and minimum depth as follows:
 - 1. Thickness: 0.0329 inch, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Depth: 3-5/8 inches, unless otherwise indicated.
- Steel Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, hat-shaped, depth of 7/8 inches, and minimum thickness of base (uncoated) metal as follows:
 - Thickness: 0.0329 inch, unless otherwise indicated.
- Steel Resilient Furring Channels: Manufacturer's standard product designed to reduce sound transmission, complying with ASTM C 645 for material, finish and widths of face and fastening flange, fabricated to form 1/2 inch deep channel of the following configuration:
 - Single-Leg Configuration: Assymetric-shaped channel with face connected to a single flange by a single slotted leg (web).
- Grid Suspension System: ASTM C 645, manufacturer's Η. standard grid suspension system composed of main beams and cross furring members which interlock to form a modular supporting network.

2.3STEEL FRAMING FOR WALLS AND PARTITIONS:

- Steel Studs and Runners: ASTM C 645, with flange edges of Α. studs bent back 90 deg and doubled over to form 3/16" minimum lip (return) and complying with the following requirements for minimum thickness of base (uncoated) metal and for depth:
 - 1. Thickness: 0.0329 inch where indicated.
 - 2. Depth: 3-5/8 inches, unless otherwise indicated.
- Steel Rigid Furring Channels: ASTM C 645, hat-shaped, depth and minimum thickness of base (uncoated) metal as follows:
 - 1. Depth: 7/8 inch.
 - 2. Thickness: 0.0329 inch, unless otherwise indicated.

- Furring Brackets: Serrated-arm type, adjustable, fabricated from corrosion-resistant steel sheet complying with ASTM C 645, minimum thickness of base (uncoated) metal of 0.0329 inch, designed for screw attachment to steel studs and steel rigid furring channels used for furring.
- Steel Resilient Furring Channels: Manufacturer's standard D. product designed to reduce sound transmission, complying with ASTM C 645 for base metal, finish and widths of face and fastening flange, fabricated to form 1/2 inch deep channel of the following configuration:
 - 1. Single-Leg Configuration: Assymetric-shaped channel with face connected to a single flange by a single slotted leq (web).
- Fasteners: Provide fasteners of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power and other properties required to fasten steel framing and furring members securely to substrates involved; complying with the recommendations of gypsum drywall manufacturers for applications indicated.

2.4GYPSUM BOARD:

- General: Provide gypsum board of types indicated in maximum lengths available to minimize end-to-end joints.
 - Thickness: Provide gypsum board in thicknesses indicated, or if not otherwise indicated, in either 1/2 inch or 5/8 inch thicknesses to comply with ASTM C 840 for application system and support spacing indicated.
- Gypsum Wallboard: ASTM C1396, and as follows:
 - 1. Type: Regular, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Type: Foil-backed where indicated.
 - Type: Type X for fire-resistance-rated assemblies.
 - 4. Edges: Tapered.
 - 5. Thickness: 1/2 inch, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 6. Thickness: 5/8 inch where indicated.

- 7. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following products where Type X gypsum wallboard is indicated:
 - a. "Gyprock Fireguard 'C' Gypsum Board"; Domtar Gypsum Co.
 - b. "Fire-Shield G"; Gold Bond Building Products Div., National Gypsum Co.
 - c. "SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE 'C' Gypsum Panels";
 United States Gypsum Co.
- C. Gypsum Backing Board for Multi-Layer Applications: ASTM C1396 or, where backing board is not available from manufacturer, gypsum wallboard, ASTM C1396, and as follows:
 - 1. Type: Regular, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Type: Foil-backed where indicated.
 - 3. Type: Type X for fire-resistance-rated assemblies.
 - 4. Edges: Manufacturer's standard.
 - 5. Thickness: 5/8 inch, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 6. Thickness: 1/2 inch where indicated.
- D. Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Board: ASTM C1396, and as
 follows:
 - 1. Type: Regular, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Type: Type X for fire-resistance-rated assemblies.
 - 3. Thickness: 5/8 inch, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Exterior Gypsum Soffit Board: ASTM C1396, with manufacturer's standard edges, of type and thickness indicated below:
 - 1. Type: Regular, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Type: Type X for fire-resistance rated assemblies.
 - 3. Thickness: 5/8 inch, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Vandal Resistant Gypsum Board: ASTM C1629 (Noted as hi-

impact gypsum board on wall types) Provide assembly consisting of 5/8" Hi-Impact brand XP gypsum wallboard as manufactured by National Gypsum with tapered edges with reinforced taped joints (profoam joint tape) and concealed with profoam ready mix or setting compounds and epoxy paint on finished surface, or equal as determined by Architect.

- G. Exterior Sheathing for EFIS Applications: ASTM C1177, C79 and C1396.
 - 1. Type regular ½'' thick, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Type: Type x, 5/8'' for fire rated applications.
 - 3. Provide glass-mat faced gypsum sheathing DENSGLASS Gold or as manufactured by Georgia-Pacific Gypsum or Securock as manufactured by USG or equal as approved by Architect.

2.5TRIM ACCESSORIES:

- Cornerbead and Edge Trim for Interior Installation: Provide corner beads, edge trim and control joints which comply with ASTM C 1047 and requirements indicated below:
 - 1. Material: Formed metal, plastic or metal combined with paper, with metal complying with the following requirement:
 - Sheet steel zinc-coated by hot-dip process.
 - Edge trim shapes indicated below by reference to designations of Fig. 1 in ASTM C 1047:
 - "LC" Bead, unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. "L" Bead where indicated.
 - "U" Bead where indicated.
 - One-Piece Control Joint: Formed with vee-shaped slot per Fig. 1 in ASTM C 1047, with slot opening covered with removable strip.
- Metal Cornerbead and Edge Trim for Exterior Ceilings: Comply with the following requirements:
 - Edge trim complying with ASTM C 1047, formed from rolled zinc, shape "LC" Bead per Fig. 1, unless otherwise indicated.

2.6GYPSUM BOARD JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS:

- General: Provide materials complying with ASTM C 475, Α. ASTM C 840, and recommendations of manufacturer of both gypsum board and joint treatment materials for the application indicated.
- Joint Tape: Paper reinforcing tape, unless otherwise В. indicated.
 - 1. Use pressure sensitive or staple-attached open-weave glass fiber reinforcing tape with compatible joint compound where recommended by manufacturer of gypsum board and joint treatment materials for application indicated.
- Setting-Type Joint Compounds: Factory-prepackaged, job-mixed, chemical-hardening powder products formulated for uses indicated.
 - Where setting-type joint compounds are indicated for use as taping and topping compounds, use formulation for each which develops greatest bond strength and crack resistance and is compatible with other joint compounds applied over it.
 - 2. For prefilling gypsum board joints, use formulation recommended by gypsum board manufacturer for this purpose.
 - 3. For filling joints and treating fasteners of water-resistant gypsum backing board behind base for ceramic tile, use formulation recommended by gypsum board manufacturer for this purpose.
- D. Drying-Type Joint Compounds: Factory-prepackaged vinyl-based products complying with the following requirements for formulation and intended use.
 - Ready-Mix Formulation: Factory-premixed product. 1.
 - All-purpose compound formulated for use as both taping and topping compound.

2.7MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS:

- General: Provide auxiliary materials for gypsum drywall Α. construction which comply with referenced standards and the recommendations of the manufacturer of the gypsum board.
- B. Laminating Adhesive: Special adhesive or joint compound recommended for laminating gypsum boards.
- Spot Grout: ASTM C 475, setting-type joint compound of type recommended for spot grouting hollow metal door frames.
- D. Fastening Adhesive for Wood: ASTM C 557.
- Fastening Adhesive for Metal: Special adhesive recommended for laminating gypsum boards to steel framing.
- F. Gypsum Board Screws: ASTM C 1002.
- G. Gypsum Board Nails: ASTM C 514.
- Η. Concealed Acoustical Sealant: Nondrying, nonhardening, nonskinning, nonstaining, nonbleeding, gunnable sealant complying with requirement specified in Division-7 section "Joint Sealers."
- I. Sound Attenuation Blankets: Unfaced mineral fiber blanket insulation produced by combining mineral fibers of type described below with thermosetting resins to comply with ASTM C 665 for Type I (blankets without membrane facing); and as follows:
 - Mineral Fiber Type: Fibers manufactured from glass.
 - Use in all partitions, full height to deck above.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1EXAMINATION:

Examine substrates to which drywall construction attaches or abuts, preset hollow metal frames, cast-in-anchors, and structural framing, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of drywall construction. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2PREPARATION:

Ceiling Anchorages: Coordinate installation of ceiling Α. suspension system with installation of overhead structural systems to ensure that inserts and other structural anchorage provisions have been installed to receive ceiling anchors in a manner that will develop their full strength and at spacing required to support ceiling.

3.3INSTALLATION OF STEEL FRAMING, GENERAL:

- A. Steel Framing Installation Standard: Install steel framing to comply with ASTM C 754 and with ASTM C 840 requirements that apply to framing installation.
- Install supplementary framing, blocking and bracing at В. terminations in the work and for support of fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet accessories, furnishings, and similar construction to comply with details indicated and with recommendations of gypsum board manufacturer, or if none available, with "Gypsum Construction Handbook" published by United States Gypsum Co.
- Isolate steel framing from building structure to prevent transfer of loading imposed by structural movement, at locations indicated below to comply with details shown on Drawings:
 - Where edges of suspended ceilings abut building structure horizontally at ceiling perimeters or penetration of structural elements.
 - 2. Where partition and wall framing abuts overhead structure.
 - a. Provide slip or cushioned type joints as detailed to attain lateral support and avoid axial loading.
- Do not bridge building expansion and control joints with steel framing or furring members; independently frame both sides of joints with framing or furring members or as indicated.

CEILINGS:

- Secure hangers to structural support by connecting directly to structure where possible, otherwise connect to cast-in concrete inserts or other anchorage devices or fasteners as indicated.
 - Do not attach hangers to metal deck tabs (where present).
 - 2. Do not attach hangers to metal roof deck (where present).
- В. Do not connect or suspend steel framing from ducts, pipes or conduit.
- Keep hangers and braces 2 inches clear of ducts, pipes and C. conduits.
- D. Sway-brace suspended steel framing with hangers used for support.
- Ε. Install suspended steel framing components in sizes and at spacings indicated but not less than that required by referenced steel framing installation standard.
 - 1. Wire Hangers: 0.1620 inch diameter (8 gage), 4 ft. on center.
 - 2. Carrying Channels (Main Runners): 1-1/2 inch, 4 ft. on center.
 - 3. Rigid Furring Channels (Furring Members): 16 inches on center.
 - 4. Rigid Furring Channels (Furring Members): 24 inches on center.
- Installation Tolerances: Install steel framing components for suspended ceilings so that cross furring members or grid suspension members are level to within 1/8 inch in 12 ft. as measured both lengthwise on each member and transversely between parallel members.
- G. Wire-tie or clip furring members to main runners and to other structural supports as indicated.
- For exterior soffits provide cross-bracing and additional framing indicated or required to resist wind uplift.

3.5INSTALLATION OF STEEL FRAMING FOR WALLS AND PARTITIONS:

- A. Install runners (tracks) at floors, ceilings and structural walls and columns where gypsum drywall stud system abuts other construction.
 - Where studs are installed directly against exterior walls, install asphalt felt strips between studs and wall.
- Installation Tolerances: Install each steel framing and В. furring member so that fastening surface do not vary more than 1/8 inch from plane of faces of adjacent framing.
- C. Extend partition framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings, except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing over frames for doors and openings and frame around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling to provide support for gypsum board.
- D. Terminate partition framing at suspended ceilings where indicated.
- Install steel studs and furring in sizes and at spacings Ε. indicated but not less than that required by referenced steel framing installation standard.
 - 1. For single layer construction: 16 inches on center.
- Install steel studs so that flanges point in the same F. direction and gypsum boards can be installed in the direction opposite to that of the flange.
- Frame door openings to comply with details indicated, with GA-219 and with applicable published recommendations of gypsum board manufacturer. Attach vertical studs at jambs with screws either directly to frames or to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
 - Extend vertical jamb studs through suspended ceilings and attach to underside of floor or roof structure above.

H. Frame openings other than door openings to comply with

details indicated, or if none indicated, in same manner as required for door openings; and install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.

3.6APPLICATION AND FINISHING OF GYPSUM BOARD, GENERAL:

- Gypsum Board Application and Finishing Standard: Install and finish gypsum board to comply with ASTM C 840.
- В. Install sound attenuation blankets in all partitions/shaft walls whether indicated or not and other locations where indicated, prior to gypsum board unless readily installed after board has been installed.
- Locate exposed end-butt joints as far from center of walls and ceilings as possible, and stagger not less than 24 inches in alternate courses of board.
- Install ceiling boards across framing in the manner which minimizes the number of end-butt joints, and which avoids end joints in the central area of each ceiling. Stagger end joints at least 24 inches.
- Install wall/partition boards in manner which minimizes the number of end-butt joints or avoids them entirely where possible. At stairwells and similar high walls, install boards horizontally with end joints staggered over studs.
- Install exposed gypsum board with face side out. Do not F. install imperfect, damaged or damp boards. Butt boards together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch open space between boards. Do not force into place.
- G. Locate either edge or end joints over supports, except in horizontal applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Position boards so that like edges abut, tapered edges against tapered edges and mill-cut or field-cut ends against mill-cut or field-cut ends. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints over different studs on opposite sides of partitions.
- Attach gypsum board to steel studs so that leading edge or end of each board is attached to open (unsupported) edge of stud flange first.
- I. Attach gypsum board to supplementary framing and blocking

provided for additional support at openings and cutouts.

- J. Spot grout hollow metal door frames for solid core wood doors, hollow metal doors and doors over 32 inches wide. Apply spot grout at each jamb anchor clip just before inserting board into frame.
- K. Form control joints and expansion joints at locations indicated, with space between edges of boards, prepared to receive trim accessories.
- L. Cover both faces of steel stud partition framing with gypsum board in concealed spaces (above ceilings, etc.), except in chase walls which are braced internally.
 - 1. Except where concealed application is indicated or required for sound, fire, air or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft. area, and may be limited to not less than 75 percent of full coverage.
 - 2. Fit gypsum board around ducts, pipes, and conduits.
- M. Isolate perimeter of non-load-bearing drywall partitions at structural abutments. Provide 1/4 inch to 1/2 inch space and trim edge with "U" bead edge trim. Seal joints with acoustical sealant.
- N. At all drywall partitions, seal construction at perimeters, control and expansion joints, openings and penetrations with a continuous bead of acoustical sealant including a bead at both faces of partitions. Comply with ASTM C 919 and manufacturer's recommendations for location of edge trim, and close off sound-flanking paths around or through construction, including sealing of partitions above acoustical ceilings.
- O. Space fasteners in gypsum boards in accordance with referenced gypsum board application and finishing standard and manufacturer's recommendations.

3.7METHODS OF GYPSUM BOARD APPLICATION:

- A. Single-Layer Application: Install gypsum wallboard as follows:
 - 1. On ceilings apply gypsum board prior to wall/partition board application to the greatest extent possible.
 - 2. On partitions/walls apply gypsum board vertically

(parallel to framing), unless otherwise indicated, and provide sheet lengths which will minimize end joints.

- 3. On partitions/walls 8'-1" or less in height apply gypsum board horizontally (perpendicular to framing); use maximum length sheets possible to minimize end joints.
- Wall Tile Base: Where drywall is base for thin-set В. ceramic tile and similar rigid applied wall finishes, install gypsum backing board.
 - 1. In "dry" areas install gypsum backing board wallboard with tapered edges taped and finished to produce a flat surface.
 - At showers, tubs and similar "wet" areas, install water- resistant gypsum backing board to comply with ASTM C 840 and recommendations of gypsum board manufacturer.
- Double-Layer Application: Install gypsum backing board for base layer and gypsum wallboard for face layer.
 - On ceilings apply base layer prior to application of base layer on walls/partitions; apply face layers in same sequence. Offset joints between layers at least 10 inches. Apply base layers at right angles to supports unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. On partitions/walls apply base layer and face layers vertically (parallel to framing) with joints of base layer over supports and face layer joints offset at least 10 inches with base layer joints.
- D. Acoustical Tile Base: Where drywall is base for adhesively applied acoustical tile, install gypsum backing board.
 - Provide either V-joint type backing board or tape and finish joints to produce a flat surface.
- Ε. Single-Layer Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum boards to supports as follows:
 - 1. Fasten with screws.
- F. Double-Layer Fastening Methods: Apply base layer of

gypsum board and face layer to base layer as follows:

- 1. Fasten both base layers and face layers separately to supports with screws.
- Direct-Bonding to Substrate: Where gypsum board is indicated to be directly adhered to a substrate (other than studs, joists, furring members or base layer of gypsum board), comply with gypsum board manufacturer's recommendations, and temporarily brace or fasten gypsum board until fastening adhesive has set.
- H. Exterior Soffits and Ceilings: Apply exterior gypsum soffit board perpendicular to supports, with end joints staggered over supports. Install with 1/4 inch open space where boards abut other construction.
 - 1. Fasten with cadmium-plated screws, or with galvanized or aluminum nails where supports are nailable.

3.8INSTALLATION OF DRYWALL TRIM ACCESSORIES:

- General: Where feasible, use the same fasteners to anchor trim accessory flanges as required to fasten gypsum board to the supports. Otherwise, fasten flanges to comply with manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Install corner beads at external corners.
- Install metal edge trim whenever edge of gypsum board would otherwise be exposed or semi-exposed, and except where plastic trim is indicated. Provide type with face flange to receive joint compound except where "U" bead (semi-finishing type) is indicated.
 - Install "LC" bead where drywall construction is tightly abutted to other construction and back flange can be attached to framing or supporting substrate.
 - Install "L" bead where edge trim can only be installed after gypsum board is installed.
 - Install U-type trim where edge is exposed, revealed, gasketed, or sealant-filled (including expansion joints).
- Install plastic edge trim where indicated on wall panels at juncture with ceilings.
- Install control joints at locations indicated, or if not

indicated, at spacings and locations required by referenced gypsum board application and finish standard, and approved by the Architect for visual effect.

3.9FINISHING OF DRYWALL:

- General: Apply joint treatment at gypsum board joints (both directions); flanges of corner bead, edge trim, and control joints; penetrations; fastener heads, surface defects and elsewhere as required to prepare work for decoration.
- B. Prefill open joints and rounded or beveled edges, if any, using setting-type joint compound.
- Apply joint tape at joints between gypsum boards, except C. where trim accessories are indicated.
- D. Finish interior gypsum wallboard by applying the following joint compounds in 3 coats (not including prefill of openings in base), and sand between coats and after last coat:
 - 1. Embedding and First Coat: Setting-Type Joint Compound.
 - 2. Fill (Second) Coat: Setting-type joint compound.
 - 3. Finish (Third) Coat: Ready-mix drying-type all-purpose or topping compound.
- Finish exterior gypsum soffit board by using setting-type joint compounds to prefill joints, embed tape, and to apply first, fill (second) and finish (third) coats; smooth each coat before joint compound hardens to minimize need for sanding; sand between coats and after finish coat.
 - Painting of exterior gypsum soffit board after finish coat has dried is specified in Division-9 Section "Painting."
- F. Water-Resistant Backing Board Base for Ceramic Tile: Finish joints between water-resistant backing board with tape and setting-type joint compound to comply with gypsum board manufacturer's recommendations and installation standards referenced in Division-9 Section "Tile
- G. Base for Acoustical Tile: Where gypsum board is indicated

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as a base for adhesively-applied acoustical tile, install tape and 2- coat compound treatment, without sanding.

Partial Finishing: Omit third coat and sanding on concealed drywall construction which is indicated for drywall finishing or which requires finishing to achieve fire-resistance rating, sound rating or to act as air or smoke barrier.

3.10 PROTECTION:

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner suitable to Installer, which ensures gypsum drywall construction being without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 09250

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SECTION 09300 - TILE WORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

A. The extent of tile work is shown on drawings and in schedules.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

A. Qualifications of Installers:

 For installation of ceramic tile, use only thoroughly trained and experienced personnel completely familiar with specified products, manufacturer's recommended methods of installation and requirements established for this work.

B. Codes and Standards:

- 1. Comply with recommendations of "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation" published by Tile Council of America.
- 2. Comply with ANSI and ASTM Standards listed within this Section.
- C. Proprietary Materials: Handle, store, mix and apply proprietary setting and grouting materials in compliance with manufacturer's instructions.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

A. Product Data:

 For information only, submit two (2) copies of manufacturer's technical information and install instructions for all materials required, except bulk materials. Include certifications and other data as may be required to show compliance with these specifications. Transmit a copy of each instruction to the Installer.

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Accompany materials list with two (2) copies of manufacturer's current recommended method of installation for each item. These recommendations, after review by Contractor and Architect/Engineer, shall form basis for acceptance or rejection of installed work.

Samples: В.

Submit three (3) samples of each type and color of tile required, not less than 12" square on plywood or hardboard backing and grouted. Submit samples of trim and 6" long sample of marble threshold. Review will be for color, pattern and texture only. Compliance with all other requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor.

1.05 DELIVERY AND STORAGE:

Deliver packaged materials and store in original containers with seals unbroken and labels in tact until time of use, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS:

- A. Tile: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products as follows:
 - 1. CT1: (Toilet Rooms) Virginia Tile

American Olean

Tile Thickness: ¼"

Size:'' 12'' x 12''

Recommended Grout Joint: 1/8"

Color: Architect shall select one (1) field color (80%) and two (2) accent colors (10% each) from manufacturer's full line. Note: Floor tile shall be flush with cove base. Provide appropriate trowel to accommodate this condition.

Built Up Cove Base (with CT2 above): A-3601

Size:'' 6'' x 6''

Color: Architect shall select one (1) color from manufacturer's full line. Note: Use appropriate inside and outside corner pieces necessary for installation. Cove base shall be installed flush

with floor tile.

Built Up Cove Base (without wall tile above): S-36C9T

Size:'' 6'' x 12''

Color: Architect shall select one (1) color from manufacturer's full line. Note: Use appropriate inside and outside corner pieces necessary for installation. Cove base shall be installed flush with floor tile.

Manufacturer's Representative: Kathleen Somervell 248-467-4362.

2. CT2: (Toilet Rooms)

Daltile

Natural Hue on Eco-Body Tile Thickness: 5/16"

Recommended Grout Joint: 1/4''

Size:'' 12'' x 12''

Installation: Running Bond

Color: Architect shall select one (1) field color (80%) and two (2) accent colors (10% each) from manufacturer's full line. Manufacturer's Representative: Jennifer McCormick 616-862-4748.

- CT3: (Lounge D115)
 - Porcelain pavers for Lounge floor shall consist of one (1) field color as follows:
 - a. Field tile: 20" x 20" x 3/8" Veranda line by Dal-Tile. Color as selected by Architect.
 - Provide 4'' x 20'' straight base and all b. required trim pieces from the Veranda Line by Dal-Tile. Line up grout joints when possible.
 - Tile available from Dal-Tile: Jennifer McCormick, 616-862-4748.
 - d. Install tile with 1/8" wide grout joints between tiles.
 - e. See plans for pattern installation.
 - f. Grout to be colored. Color TBD.
- B. ANSI Standard for Ceramic Tile: Comply with ANSI A137.1 "American National Standard Specifications for Ceramic Tile'' for types, compositions, and grades of tile indicated.
 - Furnish tile complying with "Standard Grade" requirements unless otherwise indicated.
- ANSI Standard for Tile Installation Materials: Comply with ANSI standard referenced with products and materials indicated for setting and grouting.

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Marble Thresholds: Marble thresholds shall be 1/2" inch high with chamfered edges of a uniform, fine to medium grained white stone with gray veining and conform to ASTM C503 with a minimum abrasion resistance of ten (10) per ASTM C1353 or ASTM C241 and with a honed finish.

2.02 SETTING MATERIALS

- MEDIUM SET MORTAR for wall and floor tile installation Α. in lobby and toilet rooms:
 - 1. Description: Factory prepared mortar and latex additive; complying with ANSI A118.4 and ISO standards C2TES1P1. Medium bed thickness; 3/8 to 3/4 inch thick floor installation.
 - 2. Color: Gray
 - 3. Acceptable Products:
 - i. MAPEI UltraFlex LFT, complies with ANSI A118.4
 - ii. Custom Building Products, MegaLite.
 - iii. Laticrete, 4XLT.
- Latex-Portland Cement Mortar: ANSI All8.4, composed as В. follows:
 - Mixture of Dry-Mortar Mix and Latex Additive: Mixture the prepackaged dry-mortar mix and liquid-latex additive complying with the following requirements: a. Latex Additive: Acrylic resin.
 - Provide one of the following products:
 - Mapei, Elk Grove Village, IL; Kerabond/Keralastic
 - Custom Building Products, Custom Blend/Custom Flex
 - C. Laticrete, Bethany, CT; Laticrete 272/333
 - TEC, Palatine, IL; Full set plus/Xtra Flex d. Additive
- Waterproofing and Crack Isolation Membrane: Provide C. materials complying with ANSI A118.10 and ANSI A118.12 and as specified below. Note: All tile in toilet rooms (walls & floors) and kitchen to be installed on crack isolation membrane.:
 - 1. Mapelastic AquaDefense as manufactured by MAPEI Corp.
 - Custom building products RedGard waterproofing and 2. crack prevention membrane.
 - 3. Hydroment ultra-set advanced as manufactured by Bostik, Inc.
 - Hydro-Ban waterproofing/anti-fracture membrane as 4. manufactured by Laticrete International, Inc., Bethany, CT.

- 5. Hydraflex as manufactured by TEC. Ready to use, flexible, mold and mildew resistant waterproofing and crack isolation membrane for interior and exterior applications.
- Crack Isolation Membrane in Lobby area: Provide materials D. complying with ANSI A118.12 and as specified below:
 - 1. Mapeguard 2, as manufactured by MAPEI Corp.

2.03 GROUTING MATERIALS

- Epoxy-modified Grout Admixture: Complying with ANSI Al18.8 and A118.3.
 - Provide one of the following manufacturers: 1.
 - Mapei, Kerapoxy.
 - Custom Building Products, 100 Solids Epoxy Grout b.
 - c. TEC, 100% Solids Epoxy Mortar & Grout
 - d. Laticrete, Bethany, CT, Spectralock Pro Grout.
- B. Color: As selected by Architect.

2.04 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIAL

- Latex Underlayment: Quick set type, as recommended by membrane manufacturer, as required to provide positive drainage to floor drains.
- Sealer for Quarry Tile: Shall be a penetrating sealer as В. manufactured by Agua Mix Inc., Santa Fe Springs, California, Miracle Sealants Penetrating Sealer, Arcadia, California, or Architect approved equivalent. (Seal prior to grouting)
- C. Sealants for control joints in floors and walls, use one part fungicidal silicone rubber to match grout, Dow Corning 784, meeting Fed. Spec. TT-S-001543, Class A or B.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

Installer must examine the areas and conditions under which tile work is to be installed and notify the Contractor, in writing, of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.

3.02 PREPARATION:

- Prepare substrate to receive setting bed and tile recommended both by the manufacturer of the tile and of the setting bed materials.
 - Fill cracks, holes and depressions with trowelable leveling and patching compound according to tile setting material manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Remove protrusions, bumps and ridges by sanding or grinding.
 - 3. Provide concrete substrates for tile floors that comply with flatness tolerances specified in ANSI
 - 4. Apply skim coat full height to all walls to receive wall tile.
 - Apply self leveling agent to entire floor to 5. receive floor tile.
- Clean substrate as required and recommended to achieve В. bond using cleaners, detergents, etc.
- C. Neutralize and seal substrates as recommended.

3.03 INSTALLATION:

- Tile Installation General:
 - Provide installation of ceramic tile in accordance 1. with Tile Council of America's "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."
 - 2. Fit tile carefully against trim and around pipes, electrical boxes and other built-up fixtures so that escutcheons, plates and collars will completely overlap cut edges.
 - 3. Smooth exposed edges and clean tile before installation.
 - Install ceramic tile with a nominal 1/8" joint (unless 4. noted otherwise).
 - Joint designs shall be symmetrical within room or area; border tile be not less than 1/2 normal width. Floor tile shall be set in straight line design, with wall joints in alignment with floor tile where possible.

- At junction of base tile and wall tile, at projections through tile and at junctions of tile to shower receptors, urinals, corner guards and similar equipment, leave joint ungrouted for sealing.
- 7. When using tile sheets, minimize tearing sheets apart.

3.04 SETTING METHODS

Method and typical detailing for tile work shall be in Α. accordance with the following TCA alphanumeric method, listing from the "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation", latest edition, by the Tile Council of America.

В. Concrete Subfloors

- 1. Slabs on Grade at Kitchen areas (Thin-set Method): TCA Setting Method F131-03 (provide with waterproof and crack isolation membrane) Thin Set Mortar and Epoxy Grout complying with Tile Installation Specification ANSI A108.6. Install crack isolation membrane per manufacturer's specs.
- Slabs on grade and 2nd floor concrete floor slabs (thin-set method): TCA setting method F115-03 (provide with waterproof and crack isolation membrane) thin set Portland Cement mortar, epoxy grout complying with tile installation specification ANSI A108.5 and epoxy grout installation specification ANSI A108.6.

С. Walls

1. Masonry (Cement Mortar Bond Method): TCA Setting Method W202-03 latex-Portland Cement mortar, install per Tile Installation Specification ANSI A108.5. Install crack isolation membrane per manufacturer's specs.

3.05 GROUTING

- Grouting shall be installed in accordance with ANSI Α. A108.10 and the manufacturer's recommended procedures and precautions during application and cleaning.
- B. Rinse tilework thoroughly with clean water before and after using chemical cleaners.

C. Base Installation:

- 1. Over concrete and masonry, install base using dry-set portland cement mortar in accord with ANSI A108.5. Grout using same grout specified for related tile floor.
- 2. Over gypsum wall board, install base using organic adhesive in accord with ANSI A108. Grout using same grout specified for related tile floor.
- Jointing Pattern: Lay tile in pattern indicated. Layout D. tile work and enter tile fields both directions in such space or on each wall area. Adjust to minimize tile cutting. Provide uniform joint width, unless otherwise shown.
- Expansion and Control Joints: Provide as indicated on drawings and as recommended by TCA and by tile and setting bed and grouting material manufacturer and as follows:
 - Control Joints Locations: Comply with the Tile Council of America. (TCA) and where indicated.
 - Interior Locations (horizontal and vertical):
 - Over any expansion joint, control joint, cold joint or seismic joint in the building structure.
 - Expansion joints 24 feet to 36 feet in each direction.
 - Expansion joints 8 feet to 12 feet where tile work located in direct sunlight or moisture locations.
 - Where tile abuts restraining surfaces such as perimeter walls, dissimilar floors, curbs, columns, pipes, ceiling and where changes occur in backing materials.
 - Coordinate joint locations with the Architect and for other areas indicated or required.
 - Joint width shall be 3/8 inch, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 7. Provide under-layment systems.
 - Install compatible sealant and color approved by the Architect.
 - Exterior Locations (horizontal and vertical) b.
 - Expansion joints 8 feet to 12 feet in each direction.

- Coordinate joint locations with Architect and for other areas indicated or required.
- Joint width shall be 3/8 inch to 5/8 inch maximum to suit expansion areas.
- Provide under-layment systems.
- Install compatible sealant and of color approved by the Architect.
- Grout all tile using commercial epoxy grout as specified. F.
 - Temporarily protect tile as required to prevent staining.

3.04 ADJUST AND CLEAN:

Cleaning:

- Clean grout and setting materials from face of tile while materials are workable. Leave tile face clean and free of all foreign matter.
- Tile may be cleaned with acid solutions only when permitted by the tile and grout manufacturer's printed instructions, but not sooner than 14 days after installation. Protect metal surfaces, cast iron, and vitreous plumbing fixtures from effects of acid cleaning. Flush the surface with clean water before and after cleaning.

Finished Tile Work: В.

1. Leave finished installation clean and free of cracked, chipped, broken, unbonded, or otherwise defective tile work.

Protection: C.

- Apply a protective coat of neutral protective cleaner to completed tile work.
- Protect installed tile work with Kraft paper or other heavy covering during the construction period to prevent damage and wear.
- 3. Prohibit all foot and wheel traffic from using tiled floors for at least 3 days, preferably 7 days.
- Before final inspection, remove protective coverings and rinse neutral cleaner from all tile surfaces.

END OF SECTION 09300

TILE WORK 09300 - 9

SECTION 09510 - ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Α. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

The extent of acoustical panel ceiling is shown on the drawings and in schedules.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- The installation of acoustical panel ceilings is to be Α. by an experienced installation firm which is acceptable to the manufacturer of the acoustical units, as shown by current written statement from the manufacturer.
- Standard for Terminology and Performance: Applicable В. publications by the Acoustical and Insulating Materials Association (AIMA), including "Performance Data, Architectural Acoustical Materials."
- C. Fire Hazard Classification: UL tested, listed and labeled as Class 0.25.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

Α. Product Data:

- For information only, submit 2 copies of manufacturer's product specifications and installation instructions for each acoustical panel ceiling material required, and for suspension system, including certified laboratory reports and other data as required to show compliance with these specifications. Distribute one additional copy of each installation instruction to the Installer.
 - Include manufacturer's recommendations for a cleaning and refinishing acoustical panel, including precautions against materials and methods which may be detrimental to finishes and acoustical performance.

1.05 SAMPLES

- Submit 3 sets of 12" square Samples for each 1. acoustical panel required. In each set of samples show the full range of exposed color and texture to be expected in the completed work. Sample submittal and Architect's review will be for color and texture only. Compliance with other requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the Installer.
- Submit 3, 12" long samples of exposed runner and 2. molding. Architect's review will be for color and texture only. Compliance with other requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the Installer.

C. Maintenance Stock:

At the time of completing the installation, deliver stock of maintenance materials to the Owner. Furnish full size units matching the units installed, packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with appropriate labels. Furnish an amount equal to 5.0% of the amount installed.

1.06 JOB CONDITIONS:

Space Enclosures: Do not install until interior Α. acoustical panel ceilings unit space has been enclosed and is weather-tight, and until wet work in the space has been completed and is nominally dry and until work above ceilings has been completed, and until ambient conditions of temperature and humidity will be continuously maintained at values near those indicated for final occupancy.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 CEILING UNITS:

- Acoustical Panels: (AT-1). (Use at all locations unless Α. noted otherwise)
 - Provide 24" x 48'' wet-formed mineral fiber units, not less than %'' thick with single score. NRC min. 0.60, CAC 35, light reflectance min. 0.82, Reveal edge.

- 2. Acceptable Products:
 - Armstrong Item No. 1761, fine-fissured-Second look.
 - Certainteed: Item No. FFCL-224 Bioshield, b. fine fissured.
 - USG: Item No. 2842-Radar-ClimaPlus Illusion. c.
- Install in 15/16" exposed tee grid. 3.
- Acoustical Panels: (AT-2) (Use in Concessions H136)
 - Provide 24" x 48'' wet-formed mineral fiber units 1 not less than 3/4" thick with single score. NRC 0.55, CAC 35, light reflectance 0.79, Square edge.
 - Basis of Design: Item #1715 Clean Room Mylar 2. (field units) and #1720 Clean Room mylar border units (for use where panels must be cut on the jobsite), by Armstrong.
 - Install in 15/16" exposed tee grid. 3.
- Wood Fiber Acoustical Panels: (AT-3) (Use in Rooms indicated as TEC in Finish Schedule)
 - Acoustical panels shall be nominal 24'' x 24'' x 1. 1'' cementitious wood fiber lay-in panels with square edges, factory applied white paint finish "Tectum Acousti-Tough" as manufactured by Tectum,
 - Provide complete system with hold down clips. 2.
 - 3. Use in 24" x 24" exposed grid system.
- Pool Area Acoustical Panels: (AT-4) D.
 - Provide 24" x 24" 100% ceramic-bonded mineral 1. fiber units, not less than 5/8" thick with square edges.
 - 2. NRC min 0.50, CAC 40, light reflectance min. 0.82.
- 2.02 OPEN CELL CEILING SYSTEM (Use in Media Center only as directed on drawings):
 - Provide Woodworks Open Cell "Vector" System as Α. manufactured by Armstrong.
 - Provide four square 24'' x 24'' panels, Item #6622, 1. with 12" cells.
 - Suspend system from roof framing in accordance 2. with manufacturer's instructions.

- Suspend system at height indicated on drawings. 3.
- Suspension system 15/16" black color. 4.
- Color: TBD from standard colors. 5.

2.03 CEILING SUSPENSION MATERIALS:

- Α. General: Comply with ASTM C 635, as applicable to an intermediate duty suspension system. Coordinate with other work supported by or penetrating through the ceilings, including light fixtures and HVAC equipment.
- Attachment Devices: Size for 5 times the design load В. indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, Direct Hung.
 - Hanger Wires: Galvanized carbon steel, ASTM A 641, soft temper, prestretched, yield-stress load of at least 3 times design load but not less than 12 USWG.
- C. Exposed Suspension System: Exposed systems compatible with tiles specified and as follows:
 - 1. Armstrong - 15/16" Prelude XL exposed tee grid.
 - 2. CertainTeed - 15/16" Classic Aluminum Capped Stab System.
 - 3. Donn - DX24 System; USG Interiors
 - Chicago Metallic Corp: 1200 System. 4.
- Edge Moldings: Manufacturer's standard channel molding D. for grid type used for edges and penetrations of ceiling, with a single flange of molding exposed, finish to match grid.

2.04 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS:

- Acoustical Sealant: A heavy-bodied, non-shrinking, non-drying, non-sag grade mastic compound intended for interior sealing of concealed construction joints.
- Tile Cement: As recommended by tile manufacturer. В.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION AND PREPARATION WORK:

Installer must examine the conditions under which the Α. acoustical ceiling work is to be performed and notify the Construction Manager, in writing, of unsatisfactory conditions. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.

Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of В. acoustical units to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid the use of less-than-half widths units at borders, and comply with reflected ceiling plans wherever possible.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

- General: Install material in accordance with Α. manufacturer's printed instructions and comply with governing regulations as indicated, and industry standards applicable to the work.
- В. Install suspension systems to comply with ASTM C 636 with hangers supported only from building structural members as indicated. Locate hangers near each end and spaced 4' - 0' along direct-hung runners, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Secure wire hangers by looping and wire-tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eye-screws, or other devices which are secure and appropriate for the substrate, and which will not deteriorate or fail with age or elevated temperatures.
- Install edge moldings at edges of each acoustical C. ceiling area and at locations where edge of units would otherwise be exposed after completion of the work, except where adhesively applied.
 - 1. Sealant Bed: Apply continuous ribbon of acoustical sealant, concealed pm back of vertical leg before fastening to vertical surface.
 - 2. Secure moldings to building construction by fastening with screw-anchors into the substrate through holes drilled in not more than 16" o.c. along each molding.
 - 3. Level moldings with ceiling suspension system to level tolerance of 1/8" in 12' - 0".
 - 4. Miter corners of moldings accurately to provide hairline joints, securely connected to prevent dislocation.
- Cope exposed flanges of intersection suspension system D. members so that flange faces will be flush (cope flange of member supported by other member) except as otherwise indicated.

- Install acoustical panels in coordination with Ε. suspension system, with edges concealed by support of suspension members. Scribe and cut panels to fit accurately at penetrations.
- Install edge trim moldings where indicated and F. elsewhere as needed to conceal edges of acoustical units which would otherwise be exposed to view after completion of the work. Anchor with fasteners, or if not possible, secure in place with permanent adhesive.

3.03 CLEANING AND PROTECTION:

- Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical panel ceilings, Α. including trim, edge moldings, and suspension members; comply with manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and touch-up of minor finish damage. Remove and replace work which cannot be successfully cleaned and required to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.
- The Installer shall advise the Construction Manger of В. required protection for the acoustical panel ceilings, including temperature and humidity limitations and dust control, so that the work will be without damage and deterioration at the time of acceptance by the Owner.

END OF SECTION 09510

SECTION 09540 - SPECIAL SURFACES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work described in this section:1. Window Sills (indicated as synthetic sill material on drawings).
- B. Related work specified elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 06100 Carpentry
 - 2. Section 09250 Gypsum Drywall

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. Applicable Standards: Standards of the following, as referenced herein:
 - 1. American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
 - American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - 3. National Electrical Manufacturers
 Association (NEMA)
 - 4. Federal Specifications (FS)

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop drawings: Indicate dimensions, component sizes, fabrication details, attachment provisions and coordination requirements with adjacent work.
- B. Samples: Submit minimum 2" x 2" (50mm x 50mm) samples. Indicate full range of color and pattern variation. Approved samples will be retained as standards for work.
- C. Product data: Indicate product description, fabrication information and compliance with specified performance requirements.
- D. Maintenance data: Submit manufacturer's care and maintenance data, including repair and cleaning instructions. Include in project close-out documents.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Allowable tolerances:
 - 1. Variation in component size: + 1/8" (3 mm).
 - 2. Location of openings: + 1/8" (3 mm) from indicated location.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- Deliver no components to project site until areas are ready for installation. Store components indoors prior to installation.
- Handle materials to prevent damage to finished В. surfaces. Provide protective coverings to prevent physical damage or staining following installation for duration of project.

1.06 WARRANTY

Provide manufacturer's 10 year warranty against defects in materials. Warranty shall provide material and labor to repair or replace defective materials. Damage caused by physical or chemical abuse or damage from excessive heat will not be warranted.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SOLID POLYMER FABRICATIONS

- Material: Homogeneous filled acrylic; not coated, laminated or of composite construction; meeting ANSI Z124.3 & .6, Type Six, and Fed. Spec. WW-P-541E/GEN.
 - Material shall have minimum physical and performance properties specified in the following Section U.
 - 2. Superficial damage to a depth of 0.010" (.25mm) shall be repairable by sanding and polishing.

- В. Manufacturer:
 - 1. Corian (Basis of Design)
 - 2. Newmar
 - 3. Gibraltar
 - 4. Avonite
 - 5. Prism as manufactured by InPro Corp.
- Windowsills (pre-finished sills): ½" thick solid polymer, as shown on drawings, adhesively joined with inconspicuous seams; edge details as indicated on the Architects drawings. Color to be selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard and/or custom colors from all price groups.

2.02 ACCESSORY PRODUCTS

- Joint adhesive: Manufacturer's standard two-part adhesive kit to create inconspicuous, non-porous joints, with a chemical bond.
- Sealant: Manufacturer's standard mildew-resistant. В. FDA/UL recognized silicone sealant in color matching or clear formulations.

2.03 FABRICATION

- Fabricate components in shop to greatest extent practical to sizes and shapes indicated, in accordance with approved shop drawings and manufacturer's requirements.
- Form joints between components using manufacturer's standard joint adhesive. Joints shall be inconspicuous in appearance and without voids. Attach 2" (50 mm) wide reinforcing strip of solid surface under each joint.
- Rout and finish component edges to a smooth, uniform finish. Rout all cutouts, then sand all edges smooth. Repair or reject defective or inaccurate work.

- D. Finish: All surfaces shall have uniform finish.
 - 1. Matte, with a gloss rating of 5-20.
- E. Thermoforming: Comply with forming data from manufacturer.
 - 1. Construct matching molds of plywood to form component shape.
 - 2. Form pieces to shape prior to seaming and joining.
 - 3. Cut pieces larger than finished dimensions. Sand edges. Remove all nicks and scratches.
 - 4. Heat entire component uniformly between 275°F-325°F during forming.
 - 5. Prevent blistering, whitening and cracking of solid surface during forming.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 JOB MOCK-UP

- A. Prior to final approval of shop drawings, erect one full size mock-up of each component at project site for Architect review.
- B. Should mock-up not be approved, rework or remake until approval is secured. Remove rejected units from project site.
- C. Approved mock-ups shall remain as part of finished work.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install components plumb and level, in accordance with approved shop drawings and product installation details.
- B. Form field joints using manufacturer's recommended adhesive, with joints inconspicuous in finished work. Keep components and hands clean when making joints.

- C. Keep components and hands clean during installation. Remove adhesives, sealants and other stains. Components shall be clean on Date of Substantial Completion.
- D. Protect surfaces from damage until Date of Substantial Completion. Repair or replace damaged work that cannot be repaired to Architect's satisfaction.
- E. Fabricator/Installer is to provide manufacturers recommended manuals, and review maintenance procedures and the manufacturer's warranty with the head of Maintenance upon completion of the project.

END OF SECTION 09540

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 2015 RENOVATIONS HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS

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SECTION 09550 - WOOD FLOORING REFINISHING

PART 1. GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this specification.

1.02 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Work included in this Section consists of furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required for complete finishing of wood flooring, adhesives and all associated accessories mentioned or scheduled on the drawings and/or herein.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Manufacturer's Data: Submit three copies of manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions for each type of wood refinishing material. Indicate by transmittal that a copy of each installation instruction has been distributed to the Installer.
- B. Maintenance Instructions: Wood flooring, submit two (2) copies of manufacturer's written instructions for recommended maintenance practices for each type of wood flooring finish.

1.04 OUALITY CONTROL

- A. Guarantee: Furnish a manufacturer's written warranty stating all materials supplied shall be free from defects for a period of one year.
- B. All work shall be performed per WSFI Recommendations and Standards.

PART 2. PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

A. Perimeter Base: Existing metal vented base to remain.

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- B. Transition Trim: Remove and reinstall existing aluminum transitions/thresholds.
- C. Finishing Material:
 - 1. Manufacturer: BonaKemi.
- D. Expansion Joint: Remove existing material and install new cork material for expansion joint.

PART 3. EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION

- A. Flooring contractor shall inspect the conditions under which floor re-finishing is to be performed. Fill wide joints in excess of 1/16". Set nails that are in plane to be sanded. Ensure that sanding operations will not reduce wear surface of floor exposing tongue and groove.
- B. Remove and reinstall recessed electrical covers, etc. as required to refinish floor.

3.02 MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS

A. MSDS sheets covering all products being used shall be kept on site during course of the work.

3.03 MIOSHA

A. All applicable MIOSHA shall be strictly adhered to during the course of the work including supplying workers with respirators if requested.

3.04 INSTALLATION - GYM FLOORING

- A. Stripping.
 - 1. Strip existing floor by sanding down to the bare wood. Do not use chemical strippers, heat, or other methods without prior approval by Architect.
 - 2. Sand flooring with drum sander, edger, buffer and hand scraper. All sanding shall be in accordance with floor manufacturer's instructions. Vacuum and tack floor before first coat of finish. When complete, floor shall be free of drum stop marks, gouges, streaks or shiners.
 - 3. Ensure adequate ventilation throughout entire

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stripping and refinishing.

B. Finishing procedure:

- 1. Apply the first coat (BonaKemi All-Court) followed by 2 finish coats (BonaKemi Sport Poly) Abrade with steel wool between coats.
- 2. Post signs at appropriate locations making unwanted individuals aware of wet floor conditions.
- 3. Clean up all materials, trash etc.
- 4. Paint game lines as identical to the existing court layout, colors and sizes, between second seal coat and first coat of finish.
- 5. Game line paint shall be compatible with finish manufacturer. Colors shall be selected from manufacturers standard color range.
- 6. Paint custom 3-color logo at center court to fill 12' diameter circle. Camera ready artwork logo to be provided by Owner to Contractor for installation.

3.05 PROTECTION

A. Cure Time

1. No traffic or other trades shall be allowed on the surface for a period of one week following completion to allow for complete and proper cure of the finish.

B. Other Trades

1. Protect the surface from damage by other trades before acceptance by the owner or the owner's authorized agent.

C. Safety

1. No smoking, open flames or sparks from electrical equipment or any other source shall be permitted during the installation process, or in areas where materials are stored.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 09614 - ADA REPLACEABLE CAST IN PLACE DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACES

PART 1. GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Special Conditions and Division 1 Specifications Section, apply to this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION

A. This Section specifies furnishing and installing Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles where indicated. Not recommended for asphalt applications.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's literature describing products, installation procedures and routine maintenance.
- B. Samples for Verification Purposes: Submit two (2) tile samples minimum 6'' x 6'' of the kind proposed for use.
- C. Shop Drawings are required for products specified showing fabrication details, composite structural system, tile surface profile, fastener and anchor locations, plans of tile placement including joints, and material to be used as well as outlining installation materials and procedure.
- D. Material Test Reports: Submit complete test reports from qualified accredited independent testing laboratories to qualify that materials proposed for use are in compliance with requirements and meet or exceed the properties indicated on the specifications. All tests shall be conducted on a Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable Tactile Warning Surface Tile system as certified by a qualified independent testing laboratory and be current within a 24 month period.
- E. Maintenance Instructions: Submit copies of manufacturer's specified installation and maintenance practices for each type of Detectable Warning Surface Tile and accessory as required.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Provide Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles and accessories as produced by a single manufacturer with a minimum of three (3) years experience in the manufacturing of Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles.
- B. Installer's Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer certified in writing by Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tile manufacturer as qualified for installation, who has successfully completed installation similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for Project.
- C. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA): Provide Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles which comply with the detectable warnings on walking surfaces section of the Americans with Disabilities Act (Title III Regulations, 28 CFR Part 36 ADA STANDARDS FOR ACCESSIBLE DESIGN, Appendix A Section 4.29.2 DETECTABLE WARNINGS ON WALKING SURFACES).
- D. California Code of Regulations (CCR): Provide only approved DSAAC detectable warning products as provided in the California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 24, Section 1112A.9 and 1127B.5 for 'Curb Ramps' and Section 1133B.8.5 for 'Detectable Warnings at Hazardous Vehicular Areas'.
- E. Vitrified Polymer Composite (VPC) Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles shall be an epoxy polymer composition with an ultra violet stabilization coating employing aluminum oxide particles in the truncated domes. The tile shall incorporate an in-line pattern of truncated domes measuring nominal 0.2" height, 0.9" base diameter, and 0.45" top diameter, spaced center-to-center 3.4" as measured on a diagonal and 2.35" as measured side by side. For wheelchair safety the field area shall consist of a non-slip surface with a minimum of 40 90° raised points 0.045" high, per square inch; "Armor-Tile" as manufactured by Engineered Plastics Inc., Tel: 800-682-2525, or approved equal.
 - 1. Dimensions: Replaceable Cast In Place
 Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles shall be
 held within the following dimensions and
 tolerances:

Length and width: $24^{\prime\prime}$ x $48^{\prime\prime}$ nominal or as

indicated on drawings.

Depth: .50 (1/2'') (+/-) 5% max.

Face Thickness: 0.1875 (3/16'') (+/-) 5% max.

- Warpage of Edge: 0.5% max. Fasteners/Anchors: 11 min.
- 2. Water Absorption of Tile when tested by ASTM D 570-98 not to exceed 0.05%.
- 3. Slip Resistance of Tile when tested by ASTM C1028-96 the combined Wet and Dry Static Co-Efficient of Friction not to be less than 0.80 on top of domes and field area.
- 4. Compressive Strength of Tile when tested by ASTM D 695-02a not to be less than 28,000 PSI.
- 5. Tensile Strength of tile when tested by ASTM D 638-03 not to be less than 19,000 PSI.
- 6. Flexural Strength of Tile when tested by ASTM D 790-03 not to be less than 25,000 PSI.
- 7. Chemical Stain Resistance of Tile when tested by ASTM D 543-95 (re approved 2001) to withstand without discoloration or staining 10% hydrochloric acid, urine, saturated calcium chloride, black stamp pad ink, chewing gum, red aerosol paint, 10% ammonium hydroxide, 1% soap solution, turpentine, Urea 5%, diesel fuel and motor oil.
- 8. Abrasive Wear of Tile when tested by BYK Gardner Tester ASTM D 2486-00 with reciprocating linear motion of 37± cycles per minute over a 10" travel. The abrasive medium, a 40 grit Norton Metallite sand paper, to be fixed and leveled to a holder. The combined mass of the sled, weight and wood block is to be 3.2 lb. Average wear depth shall not exceed 0.060 after 1000 abrasion cycles when measured on the top surface of the dome representing the average of three measurement locations per sample.
- 9. Resistance to Wear of Unglazed Ceramic Tile by Taber Abrasion per ASTM C501-84 (re approved 2002) shall not be less than 500.
- 10. Fire Resistance of Tile when tested to ASTM E84-05 flame spread shall be less than 15.
- 11. Gardner Impact to Geometry ''GE'' of the standard when tested by ASTM D 5420-04 to have a mean failure energy expressed as a function of specimen thickness of not less than 550 in. lb f/in. A failure is noted when a crack is visible on either surface or when any brittle splitting is observed on the bottom plaque in the specimen.
- 12. Accelerated Weathering of Tile when tested by ASTM G 155-05a for 3000 hours shall exhibit the following result- ΔE <4.5, as well as no deterioration, fading or chalking of surface of tile color No. 33538.

- 13. Accelerated Aging and Freeze Thaw Test of Tile and Adhesive System when tested to ASTM D 1026 shall show no evidence of cracking, delaminating, warpage, checking, blistering, color change, loosening of tiles or other detrimental defects.
- 14. Salt and Spray Performance of Tile when tested to ASTM B 117-03 not to show any deterioration or other defects after 200 hours of exposure.
- 15. AASHTO HB-17 single wheel HS20-44 loading 'Standard Specifications for Highways and Bridges'. The Replaceable Cast In Place Tile shall be mounted on a concrete platform with 1/32' airspace at the underside of the tile top plate then subjected to the specified maximum load of 10,400 lbs., corresponding to an 8000 lb. individual wheel load and a 30% impact factor. The tile shall exhibit no visible damage at the maximum load of 10,400 lbs.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles shall be suitably packaged or crated to prevent damage in shipment or handling. Finished surfaces shall be protected by sturdy plastic wrappings to protect tile from concrete residue during installation and tile type shall be identified by part number.
- B. Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles shall be delivered to location at building site for storage prior to installation.

1.06 SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Conditions and Protection: Maintain minimum temperature of 40°F in spaces to receive Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles for at least 24 hours prior to installation, during installation, and for not less than 24 hours after installation.
- B. The use of water for work, cleaning or dust control, etc. shall be contained and controlled and shall not be allowed to come into contact with the general public. Provide barricades or screens to protect the general public.

1.07 GUARANTEE

A. Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles shall be guaranteed in writing for a period of five (5) years from date of final completion. The 151626C

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guarantee includes defective work, breakage, deformation, fading and loosening of tiles.

PART 2. PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. The Vitrified Polymer Composite (VPC) Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles specified is based on Armor-Tile manufactured by Engineered Plastics Inc. (800-682-2525) existing engineered and field tested products, which have been in successful service for a period of three (3) years are subject to compliance with requirements, may be incorporated in the work and shall meet or exceed the specified test criteria and characteristics.
- B. Color: Color shall be homogeneous throughout the tile. Tiles are available in Yellow conforming to Federal Color No. 33538, Light Grey (Federal Color No. 26280), Dark Grey (Federal Color No. 36118), Onyx Black (Federal Color No. 17038), Pearly White (Federal Color No. 37875), Brick Red (Federal Color No. 22144), Ocean Blue (Federal Color No. 15187), Ochre Yellow (Federal Color No. 23594), and Colonial Red (Federal Color No. 20109). Color to be selected by Architect.

PART 3. EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. During Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tile installation procedures, ensure adequate safety guidelines are in place and that they are in accordance with the applicable industry and government standards.
- B. Prior to placement of the Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tile system, review manufacturer's instructions and contract drawings with the Contractor prior to the construction and refer any and all discrepancies to Project Engineer.
- C. The specifications and related materials shall be in strict accordance with the contract documents and the guidelines set by their respective manufacturers. Not recommended for asphalt applications.
- D. The physical characteristics of the concrete shall be consistent with the contract specifications while maintaining a slump range of 4 7 to permit solid placement of the Replaceable Cast In Place

Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tile system. An overly wet mix will cause the tile to float. Under these conditions, suitable weights such as sandbags shall be placed on tile.

- E. The concrete pouring and finishing operations require typical mason's tools, however, a 4' long level with electronic slope readout, and 10lb. sandbags are specific to the installation of the Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tile system.
- F. The factory-installed plastic sheeting must remain in place during the entire installation process to prevent the splashing of concrete onto the finished surface of the tile.
- G. When preparing to set the tile, it is important that no concrete be removed in the area to accept the tile. It is imperative that that installation technique eliminates any air voids under the tile. Gaps in the tile perimeter allow air to escape during the installation process.
- The concrete shall be poured and finished true and smooth to the required dimensions and slope prior to the tile placement. Immediately after finishing concrete, the electronic level should be used to check that the required slope is achieved. The tile shall be placed true and square to the curb edge in accordance with the contract drawings. The Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles shall be tamped (or vibrated) into the fresh concrete to ensure that the field level of the tile is flush to the adjacent concrete surface. The embedment process should not be accomplished by stepping on the tile as this may cause uneven setting which can result in air voids under the tile surface. The contract drawings indicate that the tile field level (base of truncated dome) is flush to adjacent surfaces to permit proper water drainage and eliminate tripping hazards between adjacent finishes.
- I. In cold weather climates it is recommended that the Replaceable Cast In Place Detectable/Tactile Warning Surface Tiles be set deeper such that the top of domes are level to the adjacent concrete on the top and sides of ramp. This installation will reduce the possibility of damage due to snow clearing operations. Care should be taken to finish the concrete on the side of the tile with the lower elevation, adding channels to allow water to drain from the field surface of the tile.

- J. Immediately after placement, the tile elevation is to be checked to adjacent concrete. The elevation and slope should be set consistent with contract drawings to permit water drainage to curb as the design dictates. Ensure that the field surface of the tile is flush with the surrounding concrete and back of curb so that no ponding is possible on the tile at the back side of curb.
- K. While concrete is workable, a 1/8" radius edging tool shall be used to create a finished edge of concrete, then a steel trowel shall be used to finish the concrete around the tile's perimeter, flush to the field level of the tile.
- L. During and after the tile installation and the concrete curing stage, it is imperative that there is no walking, leaning or external force placed on the tile that may rock the tile causing a void between the underside of tile and concrete.
- M. Following tile placement, review installation tolerances to contract drawings and adjust tile before the concrete sets. Suitable weights of 10 to 25 lb. each may be required to be placed on each tile as necessary to ensure solid contact of the underside of tile to concrete.
- N. Following the concrete curing stage, protective plastic wrap is to be removed from the tile surface by cutting the plastic with a sharp knife, tight to the concrete/tile interface. If concrete bled under the plastic, a soft brass wire brush will clean the residue without damage to the tile surface.
- O. Tiles can be cut to custom sizes, or to make a radius, using a continuous rim diamond blade in a circular saw or mini-grinder. Use of a straightedge to guide the cut is advisable where appropriate.

3.02 REPLACING TILES, PROTECTING AND MAINTENANCE

- A. Protect tiles against damage during construction period to comply with Tactile Tile manufacturer's specification.
- B. Protect tiles against damage from rolling loads following installation by covering with plywood or hardwood.
- C. Replace tiles by method specified by Tactile Tile manufacturer.

D. Comply with manufacturer's maintenance manual for cleaning and maintaining tile surface. It is recommended to perform annual inspections for safety and tile integrity.

END OF SECTION 09614

SECTION 09642 - WOOD STAGE FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1. DESCRIPTION

- A. Remove all existing hardwood and softwood, install new hardwood maple flooring.
- B. Sand new hardwood floor and paint on new finish.

1.2. QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer

- 1. Manufacturer of wood flooring shall be a firm specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section.
- 2. Basis of design shall be provided by Aacer Flooring. (877) 582-1181, www.Aacerflooring.com.
- 3. Materials other than those listed must be approved 10 days prior by written addendum.

 Materials from non-approved manufacturers will not be accepted.

B. Installer

- 1. The installation of the floor system described in these specifications shall be completed by a firm familiar with the requirements of the system specified and fully experienced in procedures required for installing wood flooring manufactured by Aacer Flooring.
- 2. Installer shall be liable for all matters related to installation for a period of one year after the floor has been substantially installed and completed.
- 3. Installer must have Aacer installation accreditation and MFMA accreditation.

1.3. SUBMITTALS

A. Specification - Submit Aacer Flooring specification sheets and shop drawings as required.

- B. Sample Submit required number of samples of the specified system as requested by the owner/architect.
- C. Maintenance Guidelines Upon completion of floor, send the Aacer Floor Maintenance Guide to the owner. This guide will explain the proper HVAC and building maintenance requirements as well as floor cleaning and servicing guidelines to assure proper floor performance and longevity.

1.4. WORKING CONDITIONS

- A. The wood flooring and its components specified herein shall not be delivered or installed until all other trades work is completed. The building shall be fully enclosed and weather tight. Permanent heating and air conditioning shall be installed and working in accordance with building occupation requirements.
- B. During and after installation, building HVAC systems shall maintain a temperature and humidity range compatible with the expected high and low moisture content range of the flooring. The floor installer, based on the building's HVAC control and geographical situation, shall determine this range.
- C. Flooring must be stored on site in a dry, well ventilated area while acclimating to site conditions. Moisture content of wood shall be consistent with the ambient conditions of the building as it will be maintained when occupied.

1.5. WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

A. Aacer Flooring of Peshtigo WI, hereby warrants the materials it has supplied to be free from manufacturing defects for a period of one year. This warranty is in lieu of and excludes all other warranties expressed or implied including any implied warranties of merchant ability or fitness for a particular purpose.

- B. During the warranty period, the floor shall not be recoated without the approval of the flooring contractor.
- C. The jobsite documentation forms by the flooring contractor shall become a part of the warranty and both the owner and flooring contractor shall retain record of said forms as a permanent reference for any abrogation.
- D. Flooring contractor warrants the install of the floor systems to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year.
- E. Notification of claim shall be made within 30 days of discovery.
- F. It is the policy of Aacer Flooring to continuously improve its line of products. Therefore, Aacer Flooring reserves the right to change, modify, or discontinue systems, specifications and accessories of all products at any time without notice or obligation to purchaser.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1. MATERIALS

- A. Subfloor -
 - 1. Plywood as existing
- B. Flooring -
 - 1. 25/32" x 2-1/4" 3rd and better, plain sawn, northern hard Maple flooring, TGEM, MFMA-RL grade marked and stamped as manufactured by Aacer Flooring.
 - 2. Provide 1/64" expansion per board
- C. Fasteners -
 - 1. Flooring 2" barbed cleats.

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D. Finish Materials - Behr Exterior Porch and Patio in Raven Black - flat or matte finish.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1. PRE-INSTALLATION INSPECTION

- A. Room shall be broom cleaned and free of any foreign debris.
- B. Floor installer shall document site and working conditions prior to and during installation. This documentation shall become a part of any warranty and may or may not affect fulfillment of any warranty.

3.2. INSTALLATION

A. DEMO/DISPOSAL

1. Remove all existing hardwood and softwood flooring from the proscenium arch back, removing and disposing of any and all hardwood and softwood flooring, caring for and leaving the existing plywood sub-floor intact.

B. SUBFLOOR -

1. Pull nails and prepare existing plywood sub-floor for new northern hard maple flooring surface.

C. FLOORING -

- 1. Install New Aacer Maple flooring from the proscenium arch to the back of the stage, parallel with the long dimension of room or as indicated on drawings. Flooring shall be power nailed every 10" to 12" O.C. with all end joints properly driven tight.
- 2.1/64" expansion joints will be required between flooring strips throughout the floor.

3.3. FINISHING

A. FLOOR SANDING

- 1. Machine sand entire new maple floor, with multiple grit papers to a smooth and uniform surface, free from edger marks and drum drops.
- 2. Remove all sanding dust and lint from entire surface by vacuum and/or tack.
- 3. Existing stage baffles are to remain during sanding. Move and/or relocate as required to open areas of the stage floor to perform all sanding and finishing work.

B. STAINING/FINISHING

- 1. Inspect entire floor to be sure surface is ready to accept stain and finish. Floor should be free from dust and debris.
- 2. Water-pop entire maple stage floor, allow to dry.
- 3. Using a buffer with carpet pad, buff in (1) uniform coat of Glitsa Sable Black Stain. Allow to dry for 48hrs and apply (3) subsequent coats of Satin matte finish per our manufacturer's instructions.
- 4. Floor shall be buffed, cleaned and tacked between coats.
- C. WALL BASE: Glue vented wall base on walls

3.4. CLEANUP

A. CLEANUP

- 1. Remove excess debris and waste material from the work area.
- 2. General Contractor shall lock floor area after floor is finished to allow proper curing time. If general contractor or owner requires use of gym before proper curing time, they shall protect the floor by covering with non-marring Kraft paper.

END OF SECTION 09642

SECTION 09650 - RESILIENT FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

A. The extent of resilient flooring and accessories is shown on the drawings and in schedule indicated as "TF" for "Tile Floor".

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- Wherever possible, provide resilient flooring and Α. accessories produced by a single manufacturer.
- В. <u>Fire Test Performance</u>: Provide resilient flooring which complies with the following fire test performance criteria as determined by an independent testing laboratory acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Critical Radiant Flux (CRF): Not less than 0.45 watts per sq. cm. per ASTM E 648.
 - 2. Flame Spread: Not more than 75 per ASTM E 84.
 - 3. Smoke Developed: Not more than 450 per ASTM E 84.
 - 4. Smoke Density: Not more than 450 per ASTM E 662.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

Product Data:

1. For information only, submit 2 copies of manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for each type of resilient flooring and accessory. Transmit a copy of each installation instruction to the Installer.

Samples: В.

1. Submit 3 sets of samples of each type, color and finish of resilient flooring and accessory required. Provide full-size tile units and 6" long sample of accessory. Include full range of flooring color and pattern variation. Sample submittals will be reviewed for color, texture and pattern only. Compliance with all other requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor.

C. Maintenance:

1. Submit 2 copies of manufacturer's written instructions for recommended maintenance practices for each type of resilient flooring and accessories.

1.05 JOB CONDITIONS:

Α. Continuously heat areas to receive flooring to 70 degrees F. for at least 48 hours prior to installation, when project conditions are such that heating is required. Maintain 70 degrees F. temperature continuously during and after installation, as recommended by flooring manufacturer, but for not less than 48 hours.

1.06 EXTRA STOCK

Deliver to the Owner, for his use in future Α. modifications, an extra stock of approximately 10% of each color and pattern in each material installed under this Section, packaging each type of material separately, distinctly marked, and adequately protected against deterioration.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 TILE FLOORING:

- MCT Tile-Marmoleum Composite Tile: Δ
 - 1. Size: 13'' x 13''
 - 2. Guage: 0.080''
 - 3. Beveled edge for seamless installation
 - 4. Static Load Limit: 1,500 pounds per sq. inch
 - 5. USDA certified 100% bio-based content
 - 6. Naturally antimicrobial and anti-static
 - 7. Low maintenance, requires no stripping or waxing
 - 8. 30 year system service line
 - 9. Contact: Stephanie Gutowsky 248-385-8805, Stephanie.gutowsky@forbo.com

- Shaw Luxury Vinyl Dry Back Tile: В.
 - 1. Size: 7'' x 48''
 - 2. Thickness: .098
 - 3. Wear Layer: 20 mil or 0.020''
 - 4. Installation: Direct glue
 - 5. Class/ASTM F 1700: Class III
 - 6. Contact: Drew Pennington 248-310-9031, drew.pennington@shawinc.com
- C. Tandus Centiva Venue Series:
 - Sizes: 4'' x 36'', 6'' x 36'', 6'' x 48'', 18'' x 18'', 24'' x 24'', 36'' x 36''
 - Thickness: 0.120" 2.
 - 3. Finish: Polyurethane reinforced
 - 4. Edge Treatment: Square
 - 5. Static Load: ASTM F970-passes
 - 6. Slip Resistance: ASTM D2047-ADA compliant
 - 7. 10 year limited commercial warranty
 - 8. Recycled Content: 30% preconsumer
 - 9. Wear Layer: 20 mil
 - 10. Contact: Jen Hautamaki 313-330-1629

2.02 ACCESSORIES:

Resilient Base: Α.

- 1. Provide vinyl base (Johnsonite vinyl wall base CB) complying with ASTM F-1861, Type TV, Group 1 (solid) in all areas except Admin. Areas and Media Center unless noted otherwise, as follows:
 - Height: 4" and 6''- refer to drawings for a. locations.
 - 1/8'' Thickness: b.
 - Style: Standard top-set cove or straight c. type as indicated.
 - Provide with preformed inside and outside d. colors.
 - Provide with quarter round .5" high x .5" e. wide QTR-XX-A by Johnsonite at all interior door frames and door sidelight frames.
 - f. Install per manufacturers specs to maintain warranty.
 - Color: As selected by Architect. Provide 2 g. colors per room in pattern TBD.

- B. Resilient Stair One Piece Nosing-Tread-Riser and intermediate landing surface. Furnish product consisting of single piece units for width of stair Nosing-Tread-Riser.
 - 1. Provide rubber stair Nosing-Tread-Riser units equal to:
 Norament 925 Grano stair treads by Nora Systems.
 Provide with phosphorescent permalight safety strip according to DIN 67 510 in the horizontal part of the stair nosing.
 - 2. Provide matching intermediate landings component to tread/riser piece.
 - 3. Install per manufacturers specification to maintain warranty.
 - 4. Color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's 12 standard colors.
 - 5. Surface texture shall be hammered.
- C. Resilient Moulding/Reducer/Floor Finishing Accessories:
 - Provide vinyl carpet edge guards for glue down applications, nosings for resilient floor covering reducer strip for resilient floor covering, joiner for tile and carpet, or at junction between two dissimilar materials (new/new or new/existing), where shown on drawings and/or required.
 - a. Provide accessories as manufactured by Johnsonite, as follows:
 - 1. Carpet to sealed concrete: FG-XX-G
 - 2. PCT to carpet: CCA-XX
 - 3. VCT to carpet: CTA-XX-D
 - 4. Carpet to quarry tile: CWA-XX
 - b. Color to be determined by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors.
 - c. Install per manufacturer's standard specifications to maintain warranty.
 - D. Resilient Rubber Stair Treads and Risers. Furnish product consisting of single piece units for width of stair Tread and Riser.
 - 1. Provide rubber stair Treads and Risers with nosing equal to:
 Johnsonite standard rubber stair treads for the visually impaired (VIHTR-RD). Provide with 2" photo luminescent grit tape insert in the horizontal part of the stair nosing.

- Tread shall be of 2" $(5.08\ \mathrm{cm})$ hinged square nose configuration .210 $(5.33\mathrm{mm})$ to .113" $(2.87\mathrm{mm})$ 2. tapered 12 ¼" (31.12cm) tread depth.
- 3. per manufacturers specification maintain warranty.
- Color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's 4. standard color palette A and B.
- 5. Surface texture shall be raised round.
- 6. Concrete Slab Primer: Non-staining type as recommended by flooring manufacturer.
- Resilient Stair Nosings for Auditorium Steps and Raised Ε. Ends. Furnish product consisting of single piece units for width of step area.
 - 1. Provide flexible vinyl stair nosings for the visually impaired equal to: Johnsonite flexible stair nosings in a solid color.
 - 2. Nosing shall be Model VIVCD-XX, 3-3/16" x 2", hinged square nose configuration 5/16" depth to received carpet horizontally & vertically.
 - 3. Install per manufacturer's specifications to maintain warranty.
 - 4. Color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's color pallet A.
 - 5. Provide 2'' co-extruded visually impaired vinyl insert strip on top nosing. Color to be selected from standard colors.
 - 6. Concrete Slab Primer: Non-staining type as recommended by flooring manufacturer.
 - F. Adhesives (cements): As recommended by flooring contractor to suit material and substrate conditions.
 - G. Concrete Slab Primer: Non-staining type as recommended by flooring manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

Installer must examine the areas and conditions under which resilient flooring and accessories are to be installed and notify the Contractor, in writing, of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.

3.02 PREPARATION:

- A. Prior to laying flooring, broom clean or vacuum surfaces to be covered and inspect subfloor. Start of flooring installation indicates acceptance of subfloor conditions and full responsibility for completed work.
 - Use leveling compound as recommended by flooring 1. manufacturer for filling small cracks and depressions in subfloors.
 - Perform moisture tests on concrete slabs to determine 2. that concrete surfaces are sufficiently cured and ready to receive flooring.
 - 3. Apply concrete slab primer, if recommended by flooring manufacturer, prior to application of adhesive. Apply in compliance with manufacturer's directions.

3.03 INSTALLATION:

General: Α.

- 1. Install flooring after finishing operations, including painting, have been completed and permanent heating system is operating. Moisture content of concrete slabs, building air temperature, and relative humidity must be within limits recommended by flooring manufacturer.
- 2. Place flooring with adhesive cement in strict compliance with manufacturer's recommendations. Butt tightly to vertical surfaces, thresholds, nosing and edgings. Scribe around obstructions and produce neat joints, laid tight, even and straight. Extend flooring into toe spaces, door reveals and into closets and similar openings.
- 3. Maintain reference markers, holes or openings that are in place or plainly marked for future cutting by repeating on finish flooring as marked on subfloor. Use chalk or other non-permanent marking device.
- 4. Maintain overall continuity of color and pattern with pieces of flooring installed in these covers. Tightly cement edges to perimeter of floor around covers and to covers.

5. Tightly cement flooring to subbase without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks or other surface imperfections.

Tile Floors: В.

- 1. Lay tile from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so that tile at opposite edges of the room are of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid use of cut widths less than 1/2 tile at room perimeters. Lay tile square to room axis, unless otherwise shown.
- 2. Match tiles for color and pattern by using tile from cartons in same sequence as manufactured and packaged. Cut tile neatly to around all fixtures. Broken, cracked, chipped or deformed tile are not acceptable.

C. Accessories:

- 1. Apply resilient base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and other permanent fixtures in rooms or areas where base is required. Install base in as long lengths as practicable, with preformed corner units or fabricated from base materials with mitered or coped inside corners. Tightly bond base to backing throughout the length of each piece, with continuous contact at horizontal and vertical surfaces.
 - On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular surfaces, fill voids along top edge of resilient wall base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.
- 2. Place resilient edge strips tightly butted to flooring and secure with adhesive. Install edging strips at all unprotected edges of flooring, unless otherwise shown.
- 3. Apply resilient accessories at stair systems as indicated and in strict conformance to manufacturer's installation instructions.

3.04 CLEANING AND PROTECTION:

Remove any excess adhesive or other surface blemishes, Α. using neutral type cleaners as recommended by flooring manufacturer. Protect installed flooring from damage by covering.

- Finishing: After completion of project and just prior to final inspection of work, thoroughly clean floors В. and accessories.
- Apply wax and buff with type of wax, number of coats C. and buffing procedures, in compliance with flooring manufacturer's instructions.

END OF SECTION 09650

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS 2015 RENOVATIONS HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS

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SECTION 09680 - CARPETING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes
 - 1. Carpet Tiles
- B. Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions apply to this Section.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings showing the extent of carpet, and accessories shall be submitted to Architect for approval prior to installation. Should also indicate columns, doorways, enclosing walls or partitions, built-in cabinets, and locations where cutouts are required in carpet. Copy of approved shop drawings to be available on job site during installation.
- B. Carpet schedule using same room designations indicated on drawings.
- C. Product Data: Provide data on specified products, describing physical and performance characteristics, sizes, patterns, colors available, and method of installation.
- D. Selection Samples: Submit manufacturer's complete set of color samples for Architect's initial color selection.
- E. Verification Samples: Submit two 18" x 18" samples illustrating color and pattern for each carpet material specified.
- F. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures and perimeter conditions requiring special attention.
- G. Maintenance Data: Include maintenance procedures, recommendations for maintenance materials and equipment, and suggested schedule for cleaning.
- H. Manufacturer's Carpet Warranty.

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- I. Certification of Recycled Content and verification of reclamation and recycling program.
- J. Certifications: Manufacturer to submit copies of the following independent laboratory reports showing compliance with requirements per these methods outlined in Part 2 of this document. Submitted results shall represent average results for production goods of the specified style.
 - 1. ASTM E-648 Flooring Radiant Panel- Class 1 (mean avg CRF: 0.45w/sq cm or higher
 - 2. ASTM E-662: Smoke Density
 - 3. AATCC 134: Electrostatic Propensity 3.0 kv or lowerpermanent conductive fiber
 - 4. CRI TM-102: Fluorine Analysis min 500 ppm after two AATCC 171: min. 400 ppm
 - 5. ASTM D-3936: Delamination

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications
 - 1. Company specializing in manufacturing specified carpet with minimum 10 years documented experience.
 - 2. Upon request, manufacturer to provide representative to assist in project start-up and to inspect installation while in process and upon completion. Representative will notify designated contact if any installation instructions are not followed.
 - 3. Single Source Responsibility: Obtain each type of carpet from one source and by a single manufacturer.

B. Installer Qualifications

- 1. Flooring contractor must be certified by the carpet manufacturer prior to bid.
- 2. Flooring contractor to be a specialty contractor normally engaged in this type of work and shall have prior experience in the installation of these types of materials.

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- 3. Flooring contractor possessing Contract for the carpet installation shall not sub-contract the labor without written approval of the Project Manager.
- 4. Flooring contractor will be responsible for proper product installation, including floor testing and preparation as specified by the carpet manufacturer and JOB CONDITIONS herein.
- 5. Flooring contractor to provide Owner a written installation warranty that guarantees the completed installation to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year after job completion.

1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE, & HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials to the site in manufacturer's original packaging listing manufacturer's name, product name, identification number, and related information.
- B. Store in a dry location, between 60 degrees F and 80 degrees F and a relative humidity below 65%. Protect from damage and soiling. Stack carpet rolls horizontally on a flat surface, stacked no higher than two rolls.
- C. Make stored materials available for inspection by the Owner's representative.
- D. Store materials in area of installation for minimum period of 48 hours prior to installation.

1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Sub-floor preparation is to include all required work to prepare the existing floor for installation of the product as specified in this document and Manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. The maximum amount of moisture evacuation from the floor is 3.0 pounds per 1,000 square feet in 24 hours. The acceptable pH level of the substrate is between 7.0 and 9.0. Flooring contractor is responsible for floor testing.

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- C. All material used in sub-floor preparation and repair shall be recommended by the carpet manufacturer and shall be chemically and physically compatible with the carpet system being bid.
- D. Maintain minimum 65 degrees F ambient temperature and 65% Relative Humidity for 72 hours prior to, during, and 48 hours after installation.
- E. Do not install carpet until space is enclosed and weatherproof, wet-work in space is completed and nominally dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are and will be continuously maintained at values near those indicated for final occupancy.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 PRODUCT RECYCLABILITY

- A. Product must meet FTC guides for recyclability and must be one hundred percent (100%) closed-loop recyclable back into carpet. Products containing both recyclable and non-recyclable components, manufacturer must adequately report which portions of the product are recyclable per FTC guides 16 CFR section 260.7(d). Note: A manufacturer cannot claim that a product or any portion of a product that is incinerated is recyclable, even if incineration is used to produce heat and power (i.e. waste-to-energy) per FTC guides 16 CFR section 260.7 (d) example 3.
- B. Recyclability of product installed must be the same as that claimed by manufacturer and required by Project requirements.

2.02 RECYCLING PROGRAM

- A. Manufacturer must have a collection and recovery system for product and a fully established, currently operational recycling program at time of bid per FTC guides Section 260.7 (d).
- B. Manufacturer must be able to reclaim and recycle 100% of existing carpet of similar composition back into carpet at time of bid.
- C. Manufacturer must have product a take back program and be able to reclaim and recycle 100% of installed product back into carpet at the end of its service life at time of bid. Claiming a

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product is recyclable based on future expectation of technology, equipment, process or availability of that product as feed stock is not acceptable. Recycling process must be available for viewing.

- D. Collection and recycling program must be verified by an independent, neutral third-party organization, such as Scientific Certification Systems.
- E. Manufacturer must have written guarantee that 100% of the recovered product will be recycled and that no portion of the product will be landfilled or incinerated (including waste-to-energy).

2.03 MANUFACTURER'S ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENT

- A. A manufacturer's environmental commitment will be reflected by its corporate culture and measured by the goals, policies and programs that have been instituted to improve the environmental performance of its operations. Evidence of this commitment must include:
 - 1. All products produced by the manufacturer must meet FTC guides for recyclability and be 100% recyclable in a fully established, currently operational recycling program 16 CFR section 260.7 (d).
 - 2. All products produced by the manufacturer, including recycled content products, must be 100% closed-loop recyclable back into carpet.
 - 3. Manufacturer must show evidence of a positive and continuing improvement in source reduction and the reduction of energy, water, waste and air emissions.
 - 4. Manufacturer must fully comply with FTC Part 260 "Guides for the Use of Environmental Marketing Claims," with respect to advertising, labeling, product inserts, catalogs and sales presentations of all its carpet products submitted and sold. Certification signed by an officer of the manufacturer stating the manufacturer complies with these guides maybe required for submittal upon request.

2.04 INDOOR AIR QUALITY

- A. Product must have low VOC, factory applied, "dry" adhesive.
- B. Product, <u>inclusive of floor covering adhesive</u>, must meet CRI's CARPETING 09680 5

IAO requirements for carpet only. Environmental chamber testing per ASTM D-5116. Emission Rates determined at 24 hours. Product, inclusive of pre-applied adhesive must off gas less than:

- 0.5 mg/sq. meter per hour of Total Volatile Organic Compound (TVOC);
- 0.05 mg/sq. meter per hour of formaldehyde;
- 0.4 mg/sq. meter per hour of styrene; and
- 0.05 mg/sq. meter per hour of 4-Phenyl Cyclohexene (4-PC)
- 1. Submit Indoor Air Quality report showing CRI Green label Certification Number for carpet (inclusive of adhesive). [If results for carpet testing are not inclusive of adhesive, submit separate IAQ test reports for carpet and adhesivel.
- 2. Indoor air quality results of the product installed must be same as those specified by the Project requirements.
- 3. Additionally, product, <u>inclusive of adhesive</u>, must meet the requirements of the State of Washington Indoor Air Quality Specifications for Carpet at 24 hours. Environmental chamber testing per ASTM D-5116. Product must not require the 30-day air out period that the State of Washington protocol allows.

2.05 CARPET WARRANTY

- A. Warranty to be sole source responsibility of the Manufacturer. Second source warranties and warranties that involve parties other than the carpet manufacturer are unacceptable.
- B. If the product fails to perform as warranted when properly installed and maintained, the affected area will be repaired or replaced at the discretion of the Manufacturer.
- C. Chair pads are not required, but are recommended for optimum textural performance. Absent the use of chair pads, more intensive maintenance will be required for areas in direct contact with chair caster traffic, and some degree of appearance change is to be expected.
- D. Warranty shall be for a specifically defined non-prorated period of (25) twenty-five years. Lifetime" warranties are not acceptable. More intensive maintenance will be required for product installed on stairs, and some degree of appearance change is to be expected.

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- E. Warranty shall not exclude carpet product installed on stairs provided it is properly installed and maintained.
- F. The non-prorated (25) twenty-five years warranty shall specifically warrant against :
 - 1. Excessive Surface Wear: More than 15% loss of pile fiber weight
 - 2. Excessive Static Electricity: More than 3.0 kV per AATCC
 - 3. Resiliency Loss of the Backing: More than 10% loss of backing resiliency
 - 4. Delamination
 - 5. Edge Ravel
 - 6. Zippering
- G. Tuft Bind warranty in lieu of edge ravel and zippering is not acceptable.

2.06 FIBER

- A. Nylon Fiber: Solution Dyed, Bulked Continuous Filament (BCF) Nylon Bulked Continuous Filament (BCF) Nylon in a loop pile construction. Cut pile is not acceptable.
- B. Report fiber type (i.e. EPP Certified Invista Antron, SAVANT, etc,)
- C. Report post consumer and post industrial recycled content of the pile face yarn in product based on weight i.e. [(Recycle Content in Pile Face Yarn) / (Total Weight of Pile Face Yarn) x 100]
- D. Fiber to contain carbon-core filament for permanent static control. Topical treatments are not acceptable.
- E. Durable stain inhibitor should be applied to the fiber during product manufacturing to resist fiber staining and soiling.
 - 1. Initial: Minimum 500 ppm Fluorine per CRI TM-102
 - 2. After two hot water extractions per AATCC 171: Minimum 400 ppm Fluorine per CRI TM-102

2.07 BACKING CHARACTERISTICS

A. Primary Backing: Synthetic Non-Woven.

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- B. Secondary Backing: Powerbond Closed Cell Vinyl Cushion
 - 1. Density (ASTM D-1667): Min. 18.5 lbs/cu ft
 - 2. Compression Set (ASTM D-1667): Max 10%
 - 3. Compression Deflection (ASTM D-1667): Min. 7 psi @ 25%; Max. 25 psi @ 25%
 - 4. Product Size: 6-Foot Width Roll Goods
 - 5. Impermeable to moisture and airflow
 - 6. Product's chemically welded seams to be impermeable to moisture and airflow
 - 7. Fully fused secondary backing system that will not delaminate
- C. Adhesive System: RS
 - 1. Low VOC, factory applied "dry" adhesive applied to backing and cured during manufacturing
 - 2. Product as installed to be securely attached to the floor in compliance with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Section 4.5.3.
- D. Product to provide asbestos enclosure properties. Enclosure means an airtight, impermeable, permanent barrier around ACBM (Asbestos Containing Building Material) to prevent the release of asbestos fibers into the air.

2.08 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

A. Test reports for the following performance assurance testing to be submitted upon request.

Submitted results shall represent average results for production goods of the referenced style.

Requirements listed below must be met by all products.

- 1. Flooring Radiant Panel ASTM E-648 / NFPA 253: Class 1 (CRF: 0.45 watts/sq cm or greater)
- 2. Federal Flammability CPSC FF 1-70: Passes
- 3. Smoke Density ASTM E-662 / NFPA 258: \leq 450 Flaming Mode
- 4. Electrostatic Propensity AATCC 134 (Step & Scuff): 3.0 kV or less
- 5. Static Coefficient of Friction

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ASTM C-1028: Passes ADA Requirements for Accessible Routes (minimum 0.60)

- 6. Delamination of Secondary Backing of Pile Floor Coverings ASTM D-3936: No Delamination
- 7. Lightfastness AATCC 16E: \geq 4 @ 100 hours
- 8. Vetterman Drum ASTM D-5417: Minimum 3 @ 22,000 cycles
- 9. Moisture Barrier Moisture Penetration by Impact @ 10 psi: No penetration of backing and seam after 10,000 impacts
- 10. Air Flow Barrier Air Permeability of Textile Fabrics: No Air Flow (0.0 cu. ft/min) through backing and seam

2.09 MANUFACTURING SPECIFICATIONS

- A. Manufactured by C&A Floorcoverings (or approved equal by Shaw Contract Group)
 - 1. Carpet 1 (All Secure Entry Vestibules and as indicated on drawings as "walk off mat") Carpet shall be based on the following line:
 - Abrasive Acton II (Style #02578)
 - Construction: Accuweave® Patterned loop
 - Gauge: 1/12 2.
 - Stitches per inch: 8.0
 - 4. Pile Height Average: 0.187 inch
 - Fiber System: TDX nylon with Static 5. Control and Ensure.
 - 6. Dye Method: 100% solution dyed
 - 7. Total Weight: 87.0 oz/sq yd +/- 5%
 - 8. Product width: 6' roll goods
 - 2. Carpet 2 (All other rooms as indicated on drawings as "CPT"
 - a. Tandus Centiva, "Link", Style No. 04222
 - 1. Size: 24 x 24" tile (18" x 18" and 36" x 36" also available)
 - 2. Stitches per inch: 10.0

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- 3. Gauge: 1/12
- 4. Radiant Panel: Class 1
- 5. Fiber System: Dynex SD Nylon
- 6. Dye Method: 100% Solution Dyed
- 7. Construction: Accuweave patterned loop
- 8. Smoke Generation: Less than 450
- b. Shaw Contract Group, "Diffuse" Style No. 59575
 - 1. Size: 24 x 24" tile
 - 2. Stitches per inch: 9.0
 - 3. Gauge: 1/12
 - 4. Radiant Panel: Class 1
 - 5. Fiber System: Eco Solution Q Nylon
 - 6. Dye Method: 100% Solution Dyed
 - 7. Construction: Multi Level Patterned loop
 - 8. Smoke Generation: Less than 450

2.10 ACCESSORIES

- A. Materials recommended by Manufacturer for patching, priming, etc.
- B. Adhesives: Products to be supplied with a low VOC, factory applied, "dry" adhesive for "peel and stick" installation.
- C. Base, Carpet Edge, and Transition Strips: As specified in applicable sections.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION / PREPARATION

- A. Prepare sub-floor to comply with criteria established in Manufacturer's installation instructions. Use only preparation materials that are acceptable to the Manufacturer.
 - Remove all deleterious substances from substrate(s) that would interfere with or be harmful to the installation (i.e. floor wax).
 - 2. Remove sub-floor ridges and bumps. Fill cracks, joints, holes, and other defects.

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- B. Verify that sub-floor is smooth and flat within specified tolerances and ready to receive carpet.
- C. Verify that substrate surface is dust-free and free of substances that would impair bonding of product to the floor.
- D. Verify that concrete surfaces are ready for installation by conducting moisture and pH testing. Results must be within limits recommended by Manufacturer.
- E. There will be no exceptions to the provisions stated in the Manufacturer's installation instructions.

3.02 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Install product in accordance with Manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. Verify carpet match before cutting to ensure minimal variation between dye lots.
- C. Layout carpet in accordance with shop drawings.
 - 1. Align run of pile in same direction as anticipated traffic and in same direction on adjacent pieces.
 - 2. Locate change of color or pattern between rooms under door centerline.
 - 3. Provide monolithic color, pattern, and texture match within any one area.
- D. Install carpet tight and flat on sub-floor, well-fastened at edges, with a uniform appearance.
- E. Roll with appropriate roller for complete contact of carpet with mill-applied adhesive to sub-floor.
- F. Trim carpet neatly at walls and around interruptions.
- G. Completed carpet is to be smooth and free of bubbles, puckers, and other defects.

3.03 PROTECTION & CLEANING

A. Remove excess adhesive from floor and wall surfaces without damage.

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- B. All rubbish, wrappings, debris, trimmings, etc. to be removed from site and recycled or disposed of properly.
- C. Clean and vacuum carpet surfaces using a beater brush/bar commercial vacuum.
- D. After each area of carpet is installed, protect from soiling and damage by other trades.

END OF SECTION 09680

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SECTION 09900 - PAINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. The extent of painting work is shown on the drawings and schedules, and as herein specified.
- B. The work includes painting and finishing of interior and exterior exposed items and surfaces throughout the project, except as otherwise indicated.
- C. The work includes field painting of exposed bare and covered pipe and ducts (excluding color coding), and of hangers, exposed steel and iron work, and primed metal surfaces of equipment installed under the mechanical and electrical work, except as otherwise indicated.
- D. Surface preparation, priming and coats of paint specified are in addition to shop-priming and surface treatment specified under other sections of work.
- E. "Paint" as used herein means all coating systems materials, including primers, emulsions, enamels, stains, sealers and fillers and other applied materials, whether used as prime, intermediate or finish coats.
- F. Paint all exposed surfaces in areas designated "paint" in "schedules," except where the natural finish of the material is specifically noted as a surface not to be painted. Where items or surfaces are not specifically mentioned, paint them the same as adjacent similar materials or areas.

1.03 PAINTING NOT INCLUDED:

- The following categories of work are not included as part of the field-applied finish work, or are included in other sections of these specifications:
 - Shop Priming: Unless otherwise specified, shop priming of ferrous metal items is included under the various sections for structural steel, miscellaneous metal, hollow metal work, and similar items.
 - 2. Pre-Finished Items: Unless otherwise indicated, do not include painting when factory-finishing or installer finishing is specified for such items as (but not limited to) metal toilet enclosures, acoustic materials, casework, finished mechanical and electrical equipment including light fixtures, switchgear and distribution cabinets, but not light or power panels where exposed elevator entrance frames, doors and equipment.
 - Concealed surfaces: Unless otherwise indicated, 3. painting is not required on surfaces such as walls or ceilings in concealed areas and generally inaccessible areas, foundation spaces, furred areas.
 - Finished Metal Surfaces: Metal surfaces of 4. anodized aluminum, stainless steel, chromium plate, copper, bronze and similar finished materials will not require finish painting, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5. Operating Parts and Labels:
 - Moving parts of operating units, mechanical a. and electrical parts such as valve and damper operators, linkages, sinkages, sensing devices, motor and fan shafts will not require finish painting unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Do not paint over any code-required labels, such as Underwriters', Laboratories and Factory Mutual, or any equipment identification, performance rating, name or nomenclature plates.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

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A. Product Data:

1. For information only, submit 2 copies of manufacturer's technical information including paint label analysis and application instructions for each materials proposed for use. Transmit a copy of each manufacturer's instructions to the paint Applicator.

B. Samples:

- 1. Submit samples for Architect's review of color and texture only. Compliance with all other requirement is the Exclusive responsibility of the Contractor. Provide a listing of the materials and application for each coat of each finish sample.
 - a. On 12" x 12" hardboard, provide two samples of each color and material with texture to simulate actual conditions. Resubmit each sample as requested until acceptable sheen, color and texture is achieved.
 - b. On actual wood surfaces, provide two 4" x 8" samples of each stained wood finish as required. Label and identify each as to location and application.

1.05 DELIVERY AND STORAGE:

- A. Deliver all materials to the job site in original, new and unopened packages and containers bearing manufacturer's name and label, and the following information:
 - 1. Name or title of material.
 - 2. Fed. Spec. Number, if applicable.
 - 3. Manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacturer.
 - 4. Manufacturer's name.
 - 5. Contents by volume, for major pigment and vehicle.
 - 6. Constituents.
 - 7. Thinning instructions.

- 8. Application instructions.
- 9. Color name and number.

1.06 JOB CONDITIONS:

- A. Apply water-base paints only when the temperature of surfaces to be painted and the surrounding air temperatures are between 50 degrees F. and 90 degrees F., unless otherwise permitted by the paint manufacturer's printed instructions.
- B. Apply solvent-thinned paints only when the temperature of surfaces to be painted and the surrounding air temperatures are between 45 degrees F. and 95 degrees F. unless otherwise permitted by the paint manufacturer's printed instructions.
- C. Do not apply paint in snow, rain, fog or mist; or when the relative humidity exceeds 85% or to damp or wet surfaces; unless otherwise permitted by the paint manufacturer's printed instructions.
 - Painting may be continued during inclement weather only if the areas and surfaces to be painted are enclosed and heated within the temperature limits specified by the paint manufacturer during application and drying periods.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 COLORS AND FINISHES:

- A. Prior to beginning work, the Architect will furnish color chips for surfaces to be painted. Multiple colors will be used and colors will vary from wall to ceiling and from room to room. Final selection for gloss level will be by Architect and may not necessarily be the same as scheduled.
 - 1. Use representative colors when preparing samples for review.
 - 2. Final acceptance of colors will be from samples applied on the job.
- B. Color Pigments: Pure, non-fading, applicable types to suite the substrates and service indicated.
- C. Paint Coordination: Provide finish coats which are

compatible with prime paints used. Review other sections of these specifications in which prime paints are to be provided to ensure compatibility of total coatings system for various substrates. Upon request from other trades, furnish information on characteristics of finish materials proposed for use, to ensure compatible prime coats are used. Provide barrier coats over incompatible primers or remove and reprime as required. Notify the Architect in writing of any anticipated problems using specified coating systems with substrates primed by others.

2.02 EXTERIOR PAINT SYSTEMS:

- A. Metal-Galvanized (Semi-Gloss) : (Acrylic Latex System).
 - Finish Coats: 100 percent acrylic, Waterborne, Semi-Gloss (30-40 units at 60 degrees F.),3.0 mils DFT/coat. Benjamin Moore: (2) coats DTM acrylic semi-gloss (M29)
- B. Metal-Heat Resistant:(Maximum Temperature 1,000 degrees
 F.) (VOC 650)
 - 1. Primer: Silicone Alkyd, .75 mils DFT/coat.
 Benjamin Moore: (1) coat high heat zinc (M66-77)

2.03 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE:

- A. Concrete/Masonry Surfaces (Semi-Gloss) (Vinyl Acrylic Latex System)
 - 1. Primer: Vinyl Acrylic Block Filler
 Benjamin Moore: Moorcraft interior and exterior
 block filler #173
 - 2. Finish Coats: Vinyl Acrylic Semi-Gloss Enamel (2535 units at 60 degrees F.), 1.5 DFT/coat.
 Benjamin Moore: (2) coats Moorcraft latex semigloss enamel #1416
- B. Concrete/Masonry Surfaces (Semi-Gloss): (Water Based

Epoxy - Normal Exposure) for all Toilet Rooms and Kitchens.

- Primer: 100 percent Acrylic Resin Block Filler,
 .075 1.0 DFT/coat.
 Benjamin Moore: Waterborne block filler (M31/32)
- 2. Finish Coats: Water Based Epoxy, Semi-Gloss (20-30 units at 60 degrees F.) 3 mils DFT/coat.

 Benjamin Moore: (2) coats acrylic epoxy (M43/44)
- C. Concrete Floor Surfaces Epoxy Paint
 - 1. Two component 100% (+/- 1%) solids epoxy color coating.
 - a. Epoxy paint for floor and (where indicated to be painted) base shall be: Norklad 100 two component 100% solids epoxy broadcast coat 16-18 mils DFT with marble chip flakes (color to be selected from manufacturer's standard colors by Architect) over Norklad 200 100% solids epoxy base coat 12-30 mils DFT. Provide with manufacturer's recommended primer and urethane top coat.
 - b. Prepare floor per SSPC SP13 and manufacturer's specifications.
 - c. Norklad Products Manufacturered by:
 Original Color Chips Company, 26200 Groesbeck
 Hwy, Warren, MI 48089, 1-800-227-8479 or
 1-586-771-6500.
- - Primer: Modified Alkyd Resin Primer, 3 mils
 DFT/coat
 Benjamin Moore: iron clad retardo rust inhibitive paint, 163
 - 2. Finish Coats: Alkyd Enamel, Semi-Gloss (40-50 units at 60 degrees F.) 3.0 mils DFT/coat.
 Benjamin Moore: (2) coats satin impervo

E. Metal - Galvanized (Semi-gloss): Code #5.13 (Acrylic

Latex System)

- Finish Coats: 100 percent Acrylic, Waterborne, Semi-Gloss (30-40 units at 60 degrees F.) 3.0 mils DFT/coat. Benjamin Moore: (2) coats DTM acrylic semi-gloss (M2a)
- Gypsum Board (Semi-Gloss): (Acrylic Latex System) F.
 - 1. Primer: Vinyl Acrylic Latex, 1.1 mils DFT/coat Benjamin Moore: Moorcraft undercoater (284)
 - 2. Finish Coats: Vinyl Acrylic Semi-Gloss (25-35 units at 60 degrees F.), 1.5 mils DFT/coat. Benjamin Moore: (2) coats Moorcraft latex semi gloss (276)
- G. Gypsum Board (Semi-Gloss): (Water Based Epoxy System)
 - Primer: Vinyl Acrylic Latex, 1.1 mils DFT/coat Benjamin Moore: Moorcraft undercoater (284)
 - Finish Coats: Water Based Catalyzed Epoxy, Semi-2. Gloss (20-30 units at 60 degrees F.), 2.5 - 3.0 mils DFT/coat. Benjamin Moore: (2) coats acrylic epoxy (M43/44)
- Painted Woodwork: Η.
 - 1st Coat-Enamel undercoat (TT-S-543) а.
 - 2nd Coat-Alkyd enamel (TT-E-509) b.
 - С. 3rd Coat-Alkyd enamel (TT-E-509)
- Stained Woodwork: I.
 - 1st Coat-Interior oil stain (TT-S-711) a.
 - 2nd Coat-Bleached shellac (TT-S-300)
 - 3rd Coat-Rubbing varnish (TT-V-86)
 - 4th Coat-Rubbing varnish (TT-V-86) d.
 - Fill open grained wood with filler complying with TT-F-336 and wipe before first varnish coat.
- Markerboard Wall Paint: J.
 - Sherwin Williams dry erase coating. KB65C2000.
 - b. Prepare substrate per manufacturer's recommendations.

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K. Pool Environment:

- a. CMU Walls
 - i. Surface Prep: Thoroughly and uniformly abrade to generate a minimum 1.0 mil profile
 - ii. Prime Coat: Tnemec Series 27 F.C. Typoxy at 3.0-5.0 mils DFT
 - iii. Finish Coat: Tnemec Series 73 Endura-Shield at 2.0-3.0 mils DFT
- b. Galvanized Deck & Ductwork
 - i. Surface Prep: Thoroughly and uniformly abrade to generate a minimum 1.0 mil profile
 - ii. Prime Coat: Tnemec Series 27 F.C. Typoxy at 3.0-5.0 mils DFT
 - iii. Finish Coat: Tnemec Series 73 Endura-Shield at 2.0-3.0 mils DFT
- c. Steel Framing
 - i. Surface Prep: Thoroughly and uniformly abrade to generate a minimum 1.0 mil profile
 - ii. Prime Coat: Themec Series 27 F.C. Typoxy at 3.0-5.0 mils DFT
 - iii. Finish Coat: Tnemec Series 73 Endura-Shield
 at 2.0-3.0 mils DFT

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

- A. Applicator must examine the areas and conditions under which painting work is to be applied and notify the Contractor in writing of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Applicator.
- B. Starting of painting work will be construed as the Applicator's acceptance of the surfaces and conditions within any particular area.
- C. Do not paint over dirt, rust, scale, grease, moisture, scuffed surfaces, or conditions otherwise detrimental to the formation of a durable paint film.

3.02 SURFACE PREPARATION:

Α. General:

- Perform preparation and cleaning procedure in strict accordance with the paint manufacturer's instructions and as herein specified for each particular substrate condition.
- Remove all hardware, hardware accessories, 2. . machined surfaces, plates, lighting fixtures, and similar items in place and not to be finishpainted, or provide surface-applied protection prior to surface preparation and painting operations. Remove, if necessary for the complete painting of the items and adjacent surfaces. Following completion of painting of each space or area, reinstall the removed items by workmen skilled in the trades involved.
- 3. Clean surfaces to be painted before applying paint or surface treatments. Remove oil and grease prior to mechanical cleaning. Program the cleaning and painting so that contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall onto wet, newly-painted surfaces.

В. Cementitious Materials:

- Prepare cementitious surfaces to be painted by removing all efflorescence, chalk, dust, grease, oils, and by roughening as required to remove glaze conforming to SSPC SP13.
- Determine the alkalinity and moisture content of the surfaces to be painted by performing appropriate tests. If the surfaces are found to be sufficiently alkaline to cause blistering and burning of the finish paint, correct this condition before application of paint. Do not paint over surfaces where the moisture content exceeds that permitted by the manufacturer's printed directions.

C. Wood:

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- Clean wood surfaces to be painted of all dirt, 1. oil, or other foreign substances with scrapers, mineral spirits, and sandpaper, as required. Sandpaper smooth those finished surfaces exposed to view and dust off. Scrape and clean small, dry, seasoned knots and apply a thin coat of white shellac or other recommended knot sealer before application of the priming coat. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sandpaper smooth when dried.
- 2. Prime, stain, or seal wood required to be job painted immediately upon delivery to job. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of such wood, including cabinets, counters, cases, paneling, etc.
- 3. When transparent finish is required, use spar varnish for backpriming.
- Seal tops, bottoms, and cut-outs of unprimed wood 4. doors with a heavy coat of varnish or equivalent sealer immediately upon delivery to job.

Ferrous Metals: D.

Clean ferrous surfaces, which are not galvanized or shop-coated, of oil, grease, dirt, loose mill scale and other foreign substances by solvent or mechanical cleaning, conforming to SSPC SP-1 and SSPC SP-2, SSPC SP-3 or SSPC - SP7/NACE - No. 4 (brush off blast cleaning)

Galvanized Surfaces: Ε.

Clean free of oil and surface contaminants with an acceptable non-petroleum based solvent per SSPC SP-1.

3.03 MATERIALS PREPARATION:

- Mix and prepare painting materials in accordance with manufacturer's directions.
- Store materials not in actual use in tightly covered В.

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containers. Maintain containers used in storage, mixing and application of paint in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.

C. Stir materials before application to produce a mixture of uniform density and stir as required during the application of the materials. Do not stir surface film into the material. Remove the film and if necessary, strain the material before using.

3.04 APPLICATION:

Α. General:

- Apply paint in accordance with the manufacturer's 1. directions. Use applicators and techniques best suited for the substrate and type of material being applied.
- 2. Apply additional coats when undercoats, stains or other conditions show through the final coat of paint, until the paint film is of uniform finish, color and appearance. Give special attention to insure that all surfaces, including edges, corners, crevices, welds, and exposed fasteners receive a dry film thickness equivalent to that of flat surfaces.
- 3. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture the same as similar exposed surfaces. Paint surfaces behind permanently-fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only before final installation of equipment.
- 4. Paint interior surfaces of ducts where visible through registers or grilles with a flat, nonspecular black paint.
- 5. Paint the back sides of access panels and removable or hinged covers to match the exposed surfaces.
- Finish exterior doors on tops, bottoms and side 6. edges the same as the exterior faces, unless otherwise indicated.
- 7. Sand lightly between each succeeding enamel or varnish coat.
- 8. Omit the first coat (primer) on metal surfaces

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which have been shop-primed and touch-up painted, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Scheduling Painting:

- Apply the first-coat material to surfaces that have been cleaned, pretreated or otherwise prepared for painting as soon as practicable after preparation and before subsequent surface deterioration.
- 2. Allow sufficient time between successive coatings to permit proper drying. Do not recoat until paint has dried to where it feels firm, does not deform or feel sticky under moderate thumb pressure and the application of another coat of paint does not cause lifting or loss of adhesion of the undercoat.

C. Minimum Coating Thickness:

 Apply each material at not less than the manufacturer's recommended spreading rate to establish a total dry film thickness as indicated or, if not indicated, as recommended by coating manufacturer.

D. Mechanical and Electrical Work:

1. Painting of mechanical and electrical work is limited to those items exposed in occupied spaces and includes all exterior exposed work.

E. Prime Coats:

- 1. Apply a prime coat of material which is required to be painted or finished, and which has not been prime coated by others.
- Recoat primed and sealed surfaces where there is evidence of suction spots or unsealed areas in first coat, to assure a finish coat with no burnthrough or other defects due to insufficient sealing.

F. Pigmented (Opaque) Finishes:

- Completely cover to provide an opaque, smooth 1. surface of uniform finish, color, appearance and coverage. Cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness or other surface imperfections will not be acceptable.
- G. Transparent (Clear) Finishes:
 - Use multiple coats to produce glass-smooth surface 1. film of each luster. Provide a finish free of laps, cloudiness, color, irregularity, runs, brush marks, orangpeel, nail holes, or other surface imperfections.
 - Provide satin finish for final coats, unless 2. otherwise indicated.

Η. Completed Work:

Match approved samples for color, texture and coverage. Remove, refinish or repaint work not in compliance with specified requirements.

3.05 CLEAN-UP AND PROTECTION:

Α. Clean-up:

- During the progress of the work, remove from the site all discarded paint materials, rubbish, cans and rags at the end of each work day.
- 2. Upon completion of painting work, clean window glass and other paint-spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paint by proper methods of washing and scraping, using care not to scratch or otherwise damage finished surfaces.

В. Protection:

- Protect work of other trades, whether to be 1. painted or not, against damage by painting and finishing work. Correct any damage by cleaning, repairing or replacing and repainting, as acceptable to the Architect.
- Provide "Wet Paint" signs as required to protect 2.

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newly-painted finishes. Remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others for protection of their work, after completion of painting operations.

At the completion of work of other trades, touch-3. up and restore all damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

END OF SECTION 09900

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SECTION 10100 - MARKERBOARDS AND TACKBOARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division O, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- A. The extent of markerboards and tackboards is shown on the drawings.
- The types of boards required include the following:
 - 1. Vinyl-faced tackboards.
 - 2. Porcelain enamel dry markerboards.
 - 3. Custom lined (music) dry markerboards (black lines and letters (where indicated on drawings).

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- Fire Hazard Classification: Provide materials bearing UL label and marking indicating fire hazard classification of marking and tack surfaces, as determined by ASTM E 84, Class A and as follows.
 - 1. Flame spread not more than 25.
 - Fuel contributed not more than 35.
 - Smoke developed not more than 50.
- In addition to the requirements of these specifications, В. with manufacturer's instructions comply recommendations for all phases of the work, including preparation of substrate, installation of grounds and anchors, and application of materials.
- Provide colors of material for marking markerboards and C. as the Architect from tackboards selected by manufacturer's standard colors.
- D. Field Measurements: Take field measurements prior to preparation of shop drawings and fabrication where possible to ensure proper fitting of the work. However, do not delay job progress; allow for trimming and fitting wherever the taking of field measurements before fabrication might delay the work.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

A. Product Data:

information only, submit 4 copies manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for each material and component part. Include methods of installation for each type of substrate to receive units. Transmit copy of each instruction to the Installer.

B. Samples:

Submit 4 sets of samples for each color of markerboard tackboard, trim, and accessories required. Provide 12" square samples of sheet materials and 12" lengths of trim members. Architect's review of samples will be for color, pattern, and texture only. Compliance with all other requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor.

C. Shop Drawings:

Submit shop drawings for markerboard and tackboard 1. units. Include full-scale sections of typical trim members and dimensioned elevations. Show anchors, ground reinforcement, accessories, and installation details.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 TACKBOARD:

- A. Balanced Laminated Three-ply Construction:
 - 1. Vinyl Fabric: Claridge
 - a. Texture: Fabricork
 - b. Colors as selected by Architect.
 - 2. Backing: Single layer 1/2" thick.
 - 3. Wrap all edges.
- B. Manufacturer: Provide tackboard produced by one of the following:
 - 1. Claridge Products and Equipment, Inc.
 - 2. Marsh Industries
 - 3. Newline Products
 - 4. Alliance Wall Corp.
 - 5. Polyvision Corp.

2.02 MARKERBOARD:

- A. LCS Liquid Chalk Porcelain Enamel Writing Surface.
 - 1. Porcelain enamel finish on 24 gauge steel.
 - 2. Core: 3/8" thick particle board core complying with ANSI A208.1 Grade 1-M-1.
 - 3. Backing Sheet: 0.015" aluminum sheet.
- Manufacturer: В.
 - 1. Claridge Products & Equipment, Inc.
 - 2. Marsh Industries
 - 3. Newline Products
 - 4. Polyvision
- Provide staff lined markerboards in Choir A120 and Band A124.

2.03 TRIM AND ACCESSORIES:

- General: Fabricate frames and trim of not less than Α. 0.062" thick aluminum alloy, size as shown to suit type of installation. Provide straight, single-length units wherever possible and keep joints to a minimum. Miter corners to a neat, hairline closure. Furnish exposed aluminum trim, accessories, and fasteners with satin anodized finish AA-M31A31, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Except as otherwise indicated, provide manufacturer's standard "narrow" trim units, approximately 1/2" wide. 2. When structural support accessories are required for
 - markerboards and tackboards in addition to normal trim, provide such additional support or modify trim as required to provide necessary support.
 - Provide snap-on trim with no visible screws or a. exposed joints.
- Chalktrough: Furnish continuous aluminum chalktrough for each markerboard unless otherwise indicated as follows:
 - 1. Solid extrusion, manufacturer's standard continuous box type aluminum marker tray with slanted front and cast aluminum end closures for each markerboard.
- Map rails, map hooks (2 map hooks for every 48" of map rail), map rail end stops for all markerboards and tackboards. Provide flagpole holder for all markerboards (one flagpole holder per room unless noted otherwise).

2.04 FABRICATION:

- A. Provide factory-assembled markerboards and tackboards.
- B. All boards are to be in sizes indicated on plans. Boards are to be wall mounted in a stationary position unless noted otherwise.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

Installer must examine the areas and conditions under Α. which units are to be installed and notify the Construction Manager, in writing, of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

- Install boards in locations and mounting heights as shown on the drawings and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Provide all grounds, clips, backing materials, brackets, and anchors for a complete installation.
- Deliver factory-built markerboard and tackboard units completely assembled in one piece without joints, whenever possible. Where dimensions exceed panel size, provide 2 or more pieces of equal length, as acceptable to the Architect. When overall dimensions require delivery in separate units, prefit at the factory, disassemble for delivery, and make final joint at the site. Use splines at joints to maintain surface alignment and smooth joints.
- Install units with concealed hangers plumb and level, in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions.
- Coordinate job-assembled units with grounds, trim, and D. accessories. Join all parts with neat, precision fit.

END OF SECTION 10100

SECTION 10160 - TOILET PARTITIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUBMITTALS:

- Plastic compartment work includes the following, where indicated:
 - 1. Floor mounted overhead-braced compartments.
- В. Furnish all labor and materials necessary for the completion of work in this section as shown on the contract drawings and specified herein.
- C. Work in this section shall include, but is not limited to:
 - Toilet compartments, compartment doors.
 - 2. Hardware for toilet compartments.
 - 3. Shop drawings and working drawings.
 - 4. Manufacturer's quarantee/warranty.
- Related work specified elsewhere shall include accessories D. and anchorage/blocking for attachment of partitions.

1.02 PRODUCT:

- Submit six (6) sets of shop drawings and details for Α. Architect's approval.
- Colors shall be selected from the manufacturer's full В. range of colors.
- Submit 6'' square color samples of each color and hardware samples for approval by the Architect.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURER:

- Provide toilet partitions and screens by one of the Α. following manufacturer's:
 - SCRANTON PRODUCTS (Santana/Comtec/Capitol) Scranton,
 - 2. Legacy Polymer Products, Inc., Poly Series, Dunmore,
 - 3. AMPCO Products, LLC, Solid Plastic Polyethylene, Miami, FL.
 - 4. Bradmar; Bradley Corp.
 - 5. General Partitions.
 - 6. Global Partitions

2.02 MATERIALS:

Doors, panels, pilasters and privacy screens and supports shall be 1" thick constructed from High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) resins. Partitions and privacy screens shall be fabricated from polymer resins compounded under high pressure, forming a single component which is waterproof, nonabsorbent and has a self-lubricating surface that resists marks from pens, pencils, markers and other writing instruments. All plastic components shall be covered with a protective plastic masking.

2.03 CONSTRUCTION:

- Doors, panels, pilasters and privacy screens shall be 1" thick with all edges rounded to a 4'' radius.
- Doors and dividing panels shall be 55" high and mounted В. at 14" above the finished floor. Fasten an aluminum heat sinc to the bottom edges.
- Pilasters shall be 82" high (standard) and fastened into a 3'' high pilaster shoe with a stainless steel, torx head sex bolts.

2.04 HARDWARE:

- Door hardware shall be as noted: Α.
 - 1. Hinges shall be integral, fabricated from the door and pilaster with no exposed metal parts, adjustable in 30 degree increments to hold door open up to 90 degrees.
 - 2. Door strike/keeper shall be 6" long and made of heavy-duty extruded aluminum (6436-T5 alloy) of either an anodized finish or a bright dipped anodized finish, with wrap around flanges and secured to the pilasters with stainless steel, torx head sex bolts. Bumper shall be made of extruded black vinyl.
 - 3. Latch and housing shall be made of heavy-duty extruded aluminum (6463-T5 alloy). The latch housing shall have either an anodized finish or a bright dipped anodized finish, and the slide bolt and button shall have a black anodized finish.
 - 4. Each door shall be supplied with one coat bumper/hook and 2 door pulls made of chrome plated zamak. Outswing doors shall be supplied with a door stop made of chrome plated zamak.

- Plaster shoes shall be 3'' high (type 304, 20 gauge) stainless steel. Pilaster shoes shall be secured to the pilaster with a stainless steel, torx head sex bolt.
- Wall brackets for partitions shall be 11/11 stirrup type C. made of heavy-duty aluminum (6463-T5 alloy) with either an anodized or a bright dipped anodized finish. Stirrup brackets shall be fastened to pilasters and panels with stainless steel, torx head sex bolts.
- D. Headrail shall be made of heavy-duty extruded aluminum (6463-T5 alloy) with anti-grip design and integrated curtain track. The headrail shall have an anodized finish and shall be fastened to the headrail bracket by a stainless steel, torx head sex bolt, and fastened to the top of the pilasters with stainless steel, tamper resistant torx screws.
- Headrail brackets shall be of heavy duty extruded aluminum Ε. with an anodized finish or 20 gauge stainless steel with a satin finish, and secured to the wall with #14 stainless steel screws.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION:

- Examine areas to receive toilet partitions/compartments for correct height and spacing of anchorage/bolting and plumbing fixtures that may affect installation of partitions/compartments. Report any discrepancies to the Architect and Construction Manager.
- В. Take complete and accurate measurements of complete toilet compartment locations.
- C. Start of work constitutes acceptance of job.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

- Install partitions rigid, straight, plumb, and level, with Α. plastic laid out as shown on shop drawings and manufacturer's installation instructions.
- All doors and panels to be mounted at 14" above finished В. floor.
- C. Clearances at vertical edges of doors shall be uniform top to bottom and shall not exceed 3/8''.

- D. Clearances at pilasters and panels shall be uniform top to bottom and shall not exceed ½''
- Clearances between panels and walls shall be uniform top Ε. to bottom and shall not exceed 1".
- F. No evidence of cutting, drilling, and/or patching shall be visible on the finished work.
- Finished surface shall be cleaned after installation and be left free of all imperfections.

3.03 WARRANTY:

A. Submit manufacturer's standard guarantee for HDPE plastic against breakage, corrosion, and delamination under normal conditions for 15 years from the date of receipt by the customer. If materials are found to be defective during that period for reasons listed above, the materials will be replaced free of charge. (Labor not included in warranty).

END OF SECTION 10160

SECTION 10200 - LOUVERS AND VENTS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for sealants installed in perimeter joints between louver frames and adjoining construction.
 - 2. Division 15 Sections for louvers that are a part of mechanical equipment.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Louver Terminology: Definitions of terms for metal louvers contained in AMCA 501 apply to this Section unless otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.
- B. Drainable-Blade Louver: Louver with blades having gutters that collect water and drain it to channels in jambs and mullions, which carry it to bottom of unit and away from opening.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- Structural Performance: Provide louvers capable of Α. withstanding the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated without permanent deformation of louver components, noise or metal fatigue caused by louver blade rattle or flutter, or permanent damage to fasteners and anchors. Wind pressures shall be considered to act on vertical projection of louvers.
 - 1. Wind Loads: Determine loads based on pressures as indicated on Structural Drawings.
- Thermal Movements: Provide louvers that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - 1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.
- Air-Performance, Water-Penetration, Air-Leakage, and Wind-Driven Rain Ratings: Provide louvers complying with performance requirements indicated, as demonstrated by testing manufacturer's stock units identical to those provided, except for length and width according to AMCA 500-L.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. For louvers specified to bear AMCA seal, include printed catalog pages showing specified models with appropriate AMCA Certified Ratings Seals.
- Shop Drawings: For louvers and accessories. В. plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other Work. Show blade profiles, angles, and spacing.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of metal finish required.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Source Limitations: Obtain louvers and vents through one Α. source from a single manufacturer where indicated to be of same type, design, or factory-applied color finish.
- Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to В. the following:
 - 1. AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code--Aluminum."
- C. SMACNA Standard: Comply with recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" for fabrication, construction details, and installation procedures.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify louver openings by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:

1. Louvers:

- a. American Warming and Ventilating, Inc.
- b. Arrow United Industries.
- c. Greenheck.

- d. NCA Manufacturing, Inc.
- e. Ruskin Company; Tomkins PLC.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221, alloy 6063-T5 or T-52.
- B. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B 209, alloy 3003 or 5005 with temper as required for forming, or as otherwise recommended by metal producer for required finish.
- C. Aluminum Castings: ASTM B 26/B 26M, alloy 319.
- Fasteners: Of same basic metal and alloy as fastened D. metal or 300 Series stainless steel, unless otherwise indicated. Do not use metals that are incompatible with joined materials.
 - 1. Use types and sizes to suit unit installation conditions.
 - 2. Use Phillips flat-head screws for exposed fasteners, unless otherwise indicated.
- Postinstalled Fasteners for Concrete and Masonry: Torquecontrolled expansion anchors, made from stainless-steel components, with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 4 times the loads imposed, for concrete, or 6 times the load imposed, for masonry, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
- F. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.

2.3 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- Assemble louvers in factory to minimize field splicing and Α. assembly. Disassemble units as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
- B. Maintain equal louver blade spacing to produce uniform appearance.
- C. Fabricate frames, including integral sills, to fit in openings of sizes indicated, with allowances made for

fabrication and installation tolerances, adjoining material tolerances, and perimeter sealant joints.

- 1. Frame Type: Exterior flange, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Include supports, anchorages, and accessories required for complete assembly.
- E. Provide vertical mullions of type and at spacings indicated, but not more than recommended by manufacturer, or 72 inches o.c., whichever is less.
 - 1. Exposed Mullions: Where indicated, provide units with exposed mullions of same width and depth as louver frame. Where length of louver exceeds fabrication and handling limitations, provide interlocking split mullions designed to permit expansion and contraction.
- F. Join frame members to each other and to fixed louver blades with fillet welds, threaded fasteners, or both, as standard with louver manufacturer, concealed from view, unless otherwise indicated or size of louver assembly makes bolted connections between frame members necessary.
- 2.4 FIXED, EXTRUDED-ALUMINUM LOUVERS
 - A. Horizontal, Drainable-Blade Louver:
 - 1. Louver Depth: 6 inches.
 - 2. Frame and Blade Nominal Thickness: As required to comply with structural performance requirements, but not less than 0.100 inch for blades and 0.120 inch for frames.
 - 3. Mullion Type: Exposed.
 - 4. Performance Requirements:
 - a. Free Area: Not less than 7.0 sq. ft. for 48-inch-wide by 48-inch-high louver.
 - b. Point of Beginning Water Penetration: Not less than 1050 fpm.
 - c. Air Performance: Not more than 0.10-inch wg static pressure drop at 800-fpm free-area velocity.
 - 5. AMCA Seal: Mark units with AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.

2.5 LOUVER SCREENS

- A. General: Provide screen at each exterior louver.
 - 1. Screen Location for Fixed Louvers: Interior face.
 - 2. Screening Type: Insect screening.
- Secure screens to louver frames with stainless-steel machine screws, spaced a maximum of 6 inches from each corner and at 12 inches o.c.
- C. Louver Screen Frames: Fabricate with mitered corners to louver sizes indicated.
 - 1. Metal: Same kind and form of metal as indicated for louver to which screens are attached. Reinforce extruded-aluminum screen frames at corners with clips.
 - 2. Finish: Mill finish, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Type: Rewirable frames with a driven spline or insert for securing screen mesh.
- D. Louver Screening for Aluminum Louvers:
 - Insect Screening: Aluminum, 18-by-16 mesh, 0.012-inch wire.

2.6 BLANK-OFF PANELS

- A. Uninsulated, Blank-off Panels:
 - 1. Aluminum sheet for aluminum louvers, not less than 0.050-inch nominal thickness, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Panel Finish: Same type of finish applied to louvers, but black color.
 - 3. Attach blank-off panels to back of louver frames with stainless-steel, sheet metal screws.

2.7 ACCESSORIES

- A. Extended Sill:
 - 1. Material: Extruded aluminum 0.081 inch thick
 - 2. Finish: Same as louvers.

2.8 FINISHES, GENERAL

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Factory finish louvers after assembly.

2.9 ALUMINUM FINISHES

- A. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
- B. High-Performance Organic-Coating Finish: AA-C12C42R1x (Chemical Finish: cleaned with inhibited chemicals; Finish: Chemical acid-chromate-fluoride-phosphate conversion coating; Organic Coating: as specified below). Prepare, pretreat, and apply coating to exposed metal surfaces to comply with coating and resin manufacturers' written instructions.
 - 1. Fluoropolymer Three-Coat Coating System: Manufacturer's standard three-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer, fluoropolymer color coat, and clear fluoropolymer topcoat, with both color coat and clear topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight; complying with AAMA 2605.
 - a. Color and Gloss: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and openings, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
 - 1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Coordinate setting drawings, diagrams, templates, instructions, and directions for installation of anchorages that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry construction. Coordinate delivery of such items to Project site.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Locate and place louvers and vents level, plumb, and at indicated alignment with adjacent work.
- B. Use concealed anchorages where possible. Provide brass or lead washers fitted to screws where required to protect metal surfaces and to make a weathertight connection.
- C. Form closely fitted joints with exposed connections accurately located and secured.
- Provide perimeter reveals and openings of uniform width D. for sealants and joint fillers, as indicated.
- Repair finishes damaged by cutting, welding, soldering, and grinding. Restore finishes so no evidence remains of corrective work. Return items that cannot be refinished in the field to the factory, make required alterations, and refinish entire unit or provide new units.
- F. Protect galvanized and nonferrous-metal surfaces from corrosion or galvanic action by applying a heavy coating of bituminous paint on surfaces that will be in contact with concrete, masonry, or dissimilar metals.
- Install concealed gaskets, flashings, joint fillers, and insulation as louver installation progresses, where weathertight louver joints are required. Comply with Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for sealants applied during louver installation.

ADJUSTING AND CLEANING 3.4

A. Clean exposed surfaces of louvers and vents that are not protected by temporary covering, to remove fingerprints and soil during construction period. Do not let soil accumulate until final cleaning.

- B. Before final inspection, clean exposed surfaces with water and a mild soap or detergent not harmful to finishes. Thoroughly rinse surfaces and dry.
- C. Restore louvers and vents damaged during installation and construction so no evidence remains of corrective work. If results of restoration are unsuccessful, as determined by Architect, remove damaged units and replace with new units.

END OF SECTION 10200

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SECTION 10400 - IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. The provisions of the General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, and the Sections included under Division 1, General Requirements, are included as a part of this Section as though bound herein.

1.02 SUMMARY

- Provide labor, materials, and equipment necessary for the complete installation of identifying devices as indicated, including:
 - 1. Interior Signage
 - 2. Interior Acrylic Logo Sign
 - 3. Exterior Signage

1.03 SUBMITTALS:

- Submit product data for each type of sing specified, including details of construction relative to materials, dimensions of individual components, profiles, and finishes.
- Submit Shop Drawings showing fabrication and erection of signs. Include plans, elevations, and large scale sections of typical members and other components. Show anchors, layout, reinforcement, accessories, grounds, installation details.
- C. Signage shall have 2 colors, background and letters. Match sample provided by Architect.
- Provide samples for verification of color, pattern, and D. texture selected and compliance with requirements indicated:
 - Cast Acrylic Sheet: Provide a sample panel not less than 8-1/2 inches by 11 inches for each material, color, texture, and pattern required. On each panel include a representative sample of the graphic image process required, showing graphic style, and colors and finishes of letters, numbers, and other graphic devices.

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1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Reference Codes and Specifications: Standard Building Code.
- Signage shall be provided to conform with the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG) and State and Local Regulations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURER:

- A. Manufacturers: (Interior Signage) Subject to compliance requirements, provide signage by one of the following:
 - ASI Sign Systems, Indianapolis, Indiana; Cincinnati, Ohio; Cleveland, Ohio
 - Jacob Design, Grand Rapids, Michigan
 - 3. Diskey Sign Corp. Fort Wayne, Indiana
 - Andco Industries Corp. Greensboro, North Carolina
 - 5. Southwell Company, San Antonio, Texas
 - 6. Roban, Lakemore, Ohio
 - 7. Best Signs, Montrose, Colorado
 - 8. Bayuk Graphic Systems, Inc. (CW Series)
 - J.L. Geisler, Inc.
 - 10. OpenLight
- Manufacturers: (Exterior Pin Mounted Building Signage) Subject to compliance with requirements, provide signage by one of the following:
 - Metal Arts Division of L & H Manufacturing Company, Mandan, North Dakota
 - Other Architect approved equal.
- C. Products of other manufacturers will be considered for acceptance provided they equal or exceed the material requirements and functional qualities of the specified product. Requests for Architect's approval must be accompanied by the "Substitution Request Form" and complete technical data for evaluation. All materials for evaluation must be received by the Project Manager and Specification Department at least 10 days prior to bid due date. Additional approved manufacturers will be issued by Addendum.
 - Refer to Section 00100 Instructions to Bidders and 1. Section 00121 - Substitution Request Form additional requirements.

2.02 MATERIALS:

- Cast Acrylic Sheet: Provide cast (no extruded or continuous Α. cast) methyl methacrylate monomer plastic sheet, in sizes and thicknesses indicated, with a minimum flexural strength of 16,000 psi when tested according to ASTM D 790, with a minimum allowable continuous service temperature of 176 degrees F and of the following general types:
 - 1. Thickness: 1/8 inch.
 - 2. Colors: TBD
- Fasteners: Use concealed fasteners fabricated from metals В. that are not corrosive to the sign material and mounting surface.
- Anchors and Inserts: Use nonferrous metal or hot dipped C. galvanized anchors and inserts for exterior installations and elsewhere as required for corrosion resistance. toothed steel or lead expansion bolt devices for drilledin-place anchors. Furnish inserts, as required, to be set into concrete masonry work.
- Colored Coatings for Acrylic Plastic Sheet: Use colored D. coatings, including inks and paints for copy and background color that are recommended by acrylic manufacturers for optimum adherence to acrylic surface and are nonfading for the application intended.

2.03 INTERIOR SIGNAGE:

- Signage, General: Α.
 - 1. Graphic Process; Raised letters and Braille shall be formed as an integral part of the sign face. applied letters and Braille are not allowed.
 - 2. Letters: Letters and numbers shall have width to height ratio between 3:5 and 1:1 and a stroke width to height ratio between 1:5 and 1:10. Letters and numbers shall be raised 1/32 inch, uppercase, sans serif or simple sans serif type and shall be accompanied with Grade 2 Braille. Raised characters shall be 5/8 inch high minimum and 2 inches high maximum.
 - 3. Ease sign edge and radius corners 3/8 inch.
 - 4. Material
 - Acrylic plastic
 - 5. Size: 8" x 8" or match existing sign sizes and profiles in building.

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- Toilet Room Handicapped Signs
 - Provide one sign depicting International Men/Women Symbol along with the words "Men" or "Women" indicated on the sign at each toilet room, equipped with facilities for the handicapped as indicated on the Signage Schedule.
- C. Interior Room Name and Number Signs
 - 1. Layout of room name and number shall be as directed by the Architect.
 - 2. Number of signs required:
 - a. Rooms indicated on Signage Schedule.
 - SIGNAGE SCHEDULE

Classroom (quantity:2)

Group Instruction(quantity:8)

Media Center(quantity:2)

Men(quantity:5)(Non-ADA)

Women(quantity:5)(Non-ADA)

Men(quantity:2)(ADA)

Women (quantity: 2) (ADA)

Unisex (quantity:1 (Non-ADA)

Unisex (quantity:4) (ADA)

Auditorium (quantity:2)

Ticket booth

Main Office

Conference (quantity:2)

Counseling office

Clinic

Psychologist

Social worker

Waiting (quantity:2)

2.04 INTERIOR PIN MOUNTED SIGNAGE:

- Provide 1-3/4" minimum mounted distance/projection from the wall face (mounting type PMS-3). Provide with all required stainless steel accessories for a complete installation.
- B. Letter size shall be 6"H and style shall be Helvetica font.
- C. Acrylic individual letters in color as selected by Architect.

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- Provide lettering as follows: Verify exact location in field with Architect.
 - 1. Media Center
 - 2. Cafeteria (2 required)
 - 3. Gymnasium (4 required)
 - 4. Auditorium
 - 5. Attendance Office
 - 6. Main Office
 - 7. Concessions
 - 8 Tickets

EXTERIOR PIN MOUNTED SIGNAGE: 2.05

- A. Provide 1-3/4" minimum mounted distance/projection from the wall face (mounting type PMS-3). Provide with all required stainless steel accessories for a complete installation.
- Letter size = 8" high and 12" high, font style to be В. helvetica.
- C. Cast bronze individual letters (#60 oxidized bronze).
- D. Provide letters based on Metal Arts Metal Letters Phone: (1-800-237-8069) or equal.
- Provide lettering as follows: Exact locations to be determined.

8" high

- 1. Attendance Office
- 2. Main Entrance

12" high

- 1. Auditorium
- 2. Gymnasium
- 3. Pool

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION:

- General: Located sign units and accessories where indicated, using mounting methods of the type described and in compliance with the manufacturer's instructions.
 - 1. Install signs level, plumb, and at the height indicated, with sign surfaces free from distortion or other defects in appearance.

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- Wall Mounted Panel Signs: Attach panel signs to wall surfaces using the method indicated below:
 - 1. Mount with adhesive as recommended by manufacturer.
 - 2. Mount with nonremovable oval head screws, using plastic plugs where mounted on masonry.

3.02 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

After installation, clean soiled sign surfaces according to the manufacturer's instructions. Protect units from damage until acceptance by the Owner.

END OF SECTION 10400

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SECTION 10500 - METAL LOCKERS: GYMNASIUM LOCKER ROOMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- The extent of all welded ventilated metal lockers is shown on the drawings and is generally as follows:
 - 1. Boys Gym Locker Room: H116.
 - 12 x 12 x 72, 2-tier locker (102 frames: 204 a. lockers)
 - 15 x 15 x 72, 2-tier locker (68 frames; 136 b. lockers)
 - c. 15 x 15 x 72, single tier (100 frames)
 - 2. Girls Gym Locker Room: H142.
 - 12 x 12 x 72, 2-tier locker (96 frames: 192 lockers)
 - b. 15 x 15 x 72, 2-tier locker (63 frames; 126 lockers)

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- Α. Provide metal lockers as a complete unit produced by a single manufacturer, including necessary mounting accessories, fittings, and fastenings.
- Manufacturer: Provide metal lockers as manufactured by Republic Steel Corporation (Basis of Design), Lyon, General Partitions or other as approved by Owner.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

- Manufacturer's Data:
 - 1. For information only, submit two (2) copies of manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for the metal locker units. Transmit a copy of each instruction to installer.

В. Samples:

1. Submit three (3) samples, on metal, of each color and finish that are required for lockers. Review will be for color and texture only. Compliance with all other requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor.

Shop Drawings: C.

1. Submit shop drawings for metal lockers, verifying dimensions affecting locker installations. Show lockers in detail, method of installation, fillers, trim, base and accessories. Include locker numbering sequence information.

1.05 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

Do not deliver metal lockers until building is ready for their installation. Protect from damage during delivery, handling, storage and installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS:

- Sheet Steel: Cold-rolled steel for doors and door frames. Cold-rolled steel or annealed, specially treated steel for other parts. All steel free from buckle, scale and surface imperfections.
- Assembly: Assembly of all locker components shall be accomplished by the use of zinc plated, low round head, slotless, fin neck machine screws with hex nuts, producing a strong mechanical connection. Option: Keps nuts and bolts or rivets may be used for assembly.
- Equipment: Furnish of zinc-plated steel, formed with ballpoints and attached with two bolts or rivets.

LOCKERS: All Welded Design 2.02

Door Frames: Shall be 16 gauge formed into deep, 1'' face Α. channel shapes with a continuous vertical door strike, integral with the frame on both sides of the door opening. Cross frame members shall be 16 gauge channel shapes, including intermediate cross frame on double-tier lockers. and shall be securely welded to vertical framing members to ensure a square and rigid assembly. Intermediate cross frame members not required on box lockers.

- B. Body: Locker body components shall be made of cold rolled steel specially formed for added strength and rigidity and to ensure tight joints at fastening points. 16 gauge side uprights to be SOLID. Locker back shall be fabricated from 16 gauge cold rolled sheet steel and formed in combination with the 16 gauge upright to provide a one-piece uniform structure. Tops, bottoms, shelves and compartment dividers shall be 16 gauge steel, fully flanged on all sides for added stiffness. Shelves shall have an additional return flange on the front edge creating a channel shape to rigidize the impact surface. All body parts are finished in the same color selected for doors and frames.
- C. Handles: A non-protruding 14 gauge lifting trigger and slide plate shall transfer the lifting force for actuating the lock bar when opening the door. The exposed portion of the lifting trigger shall be encased in a molded ABS thermoplastic cover that provides isolation from metal-to-metal contact and be contained in a formed 20 gauge stainless steel recessed pocket. This stainless steel pocket shall contain a recessed area for a padlock and a mounting area for the number plate. (Padlocks to be supplied by Owner).
- D. Pre-Locking Device: All "tiered" lockers shall be equipped with a positive automatic pre-locking type, whereby the locker may be locked while door is open and then closed without unlocking and without damaging locking mechanism.
- Doors: Single, double and triple tier doors shall be Ε. formed from one piece 14 gauge cold rolled sheet steel. Formations shall consist of a full channel shape on the lock side of adequate depth to fully conceal the lock bar, channel formation on the hinge side and right angle formations across the top and bottom. Reinforced Door: On doors 15'' and wider, tiered athletic doors shall be reinforced with a 16 gauge channel welded to the inside side of the door. Channel shall be 7/8" wide and shall be placed vertically in the center of the door to provide maximum stiffness. The diamond pattern shall be shifted to be a vertical band on the hinge side of the door. On doors with louvers, the channel shall be located near the hinge side of the door, so that the louvers are unobstructed.
 - 1. Doors on 2-tier lockers shall be of mini-louver design.
 - 2. Doors on single tier shall be of full ventilation design.

- Hinges: Hinges shall be 2'' high, 5-knuckle, full loop, tight pin style, securely welded to frame and double riveted to the inside of the door flange. Doors over 42'' high shall have three hinges.
- Latching: Latching shall be one-piece, pre-lubricated, G. spring steel latch completely contained within the lock bar under tension to provide rattle-free operation. The lock bar shall be of precoated, double-channel steel construction. The lock bar shall be securely contained in the door channel by self-lubricating polyethylene guides that isolate the lock bar from metal-to-metal contact with the door. There shall be three latching points for lockers over 42" in height. The lock bar travel is limited by contacting resilient elastomeric cushioning devices located inside the lock bar. Frame hooks to accept latching shall be of heavy gauge steel, set close in and welded to the frame. Continuous vertical door strike shall protect frame hooks from door slam damage. The impact caused by the door closing shall be absorbed by a soft rubber silencer which is to be securely installed on each frame hook. Provide a latch guard steel plate welded on each frame hook on tier athletic lockers.

2.03 LOCKER ACCESSORIES:

- A. Locking:
 - 1. Owner to provide padlocks.
- В. Interior Equipment:
 - Single tier lockers shall have two (2) hat/book shelves. All single lockers shall have one double prong back hook and two single prong wall hooks in each compartment. All hooks shall be made of steel, formed with ball points, zinc-plated and attached with two bolts or rivets.
- Number Plates: Each locker shall have a polished aluminum C. number plate with black numerals not less than 1/2'' high. Plates shall be attached with rivets to the lower surface within the recessed handle pocket. Number sequence will differ between the rooms and will be determined at a later date.
- Tops: Provide heavy duty 16 gauge continuous sloped top on all lockers, on islands and along walls.

- Base: New concrete or masonry base (provided by others).
- F. Trim: Provide fillers at sides and top as shown or required in corridors along walls, at the ends of rows, etc.
- G. End Panels: Provide 16 gauge boxed finished end panels on all exposed ends along walls, at the ends of rows, etc.
- Construction: Fabricate lockers square, rigid and without Η. warp with metal faces flat and free of dents or distortion. Make all exposed metal edges safe to the touch. Weld frames together. Weld, bolt, or rivet other joints and connections as standard with manufacturer. Grind exposed welds flush.
- I. Finishing: Chemically pretreat metal with degreasing and phosphatizing process. Apply baked-on enamel finish to all surfaces, exposed and concealed, except plates and non-ferrous metal. Architect will select multiple colors per room from manufacturer's standard colors.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

A. Installer must examine the areas and conditions under which metal lockers are to be installed and notify the Construction Manager in writing of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the installer.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

- Install metal lockers at the locations shown in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions for a plumb, level, rigid, and flush installation. Secure lockers to floor and wall.
- B. Space fasteners at 36" O.C. and apply through back-up reinforcing plates where necessary to prevent metal distortion. Conceal all fasteners wherever possible.
- Install trim, metal zee base, and sloping top units where indicated or required to provide a flush, hairline joint against adjacent surfaces. Install with concealed fasteners.

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- Touch-up marred finishes, or replace if not acceptable to D. the Architect. Use only materials and finishes as recommended or furnished by the locker manufacturer.
- E. Adjust doors and latches to operate easily without bind. Verify satisfactory operation of integral locking devices.
- F. Where required, provide metal filler panels for closure to adjacent surfaces, factory-finishes to metal lockers.

END OF SECTION 10500

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SECTION 10500 - METAL LOCKERS: POOL LOCKER ROOMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

- The extent of heavy duty ventilated metal lockers is shown on the drawings and is generally as follows:
 - 1. Boys Pool Locker Room: G112.
 - 12 x 12 x 72, 2-tier locker (112 frames: 224 a. lockers)
 - 2. Girls Pool Locker Room: G129.
 - а 12 x 12 x 72, 2-tier locker (108 frames: 216 lockers)

1.03 OUALITY ASSURANCE:

- Provide metal lockers as a complete unit produced by a single manufacturer, including necessary mounting accessories, fittings, and fastenings.
- Manufacturer: Provide metal lockers as manufactured by Republic Steel Corporation (Basis of Design), Lyon, General Partitions or other as approved by Owner.
- Provide alternate bid for solid plastic lockers as C. manufactured by ASI Storage Solutions or approved equal.

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

- Manufacturer's Data:
 - 1. For information only, submit two (2) copies of manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for the metal locker units. Transmit a copy of each instruction to installer.

В. Samples:

1. Submit three (3) samples, on metal, of each color and finish that are required for lockers. Review will be for color and texture only. Compliance with all other requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor.

C. Shop Drawings:

1. Submit shop drawings for metal lockers, verifying dimensions affecting locker installations. Show lockers in detail, method of installation, fillers, trim, base and accessories. Include locker numbering sequence information.

1.05 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

Do not deliver metal lockers until building is ready for their installation. Protect from damage during delivery, handling, storage and installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS:

- Sheet Steel: All major steel parts shall be made of mild cold rolled steel, free from imperfections and capable of taking a high grade enamel or powder coat finish. All locker components shall be manufactured from Galvannealed steel and finished by manufacturer's standard process.
- Fasteners: Cadmium, zinc or nickel plated steel. Exposed В. bolt heads, slotless type. Provide self-locking nuts or lock washers for nuts on moving parts, or otherwise prevent loosening of nuts. Do not expose bolts or rivet heads on fronts of lockers or frames.
- Equipment: Furnish of zinc-plated steel, formed with ballpoints and attached with two bolts or rivets.

2.02 LOCKERS: HEAVY DUTY VENTILATED DESIGN

Door Frames: Shall be 16 gauge formed into deep, 1'' face Α. channel shapes with a continuous vertical door strike, integral with the frame on both sides of the door opening. Cross frame members shall be 16 gauge channel shapes, including intermediate cross frame on double tier lockers shall be securely welded to vertical framing members to ensure a square and rigid assembly. Intermediate cross frame members not required on box lockers.

- B. Body: Locker body components shall be made of cold rolled steel specially formed for added strength and rigidity and to ensure tight joints at fastening points. 16 gauge side uprights are SOLID. Locker backs shall be 18 gauge steel with right angle flanges on each vertical side for stiffness, ease of assembly, and to provide corner rigidity. Tops, bottoms, shelves and compartment dividers shall be 16 gauge Stainless Steel, fully flanged on all sides for added stiffness. Shelves shall have an additional return flange on the front edge creating a channel shape to rigidize the impact surface. All body parts are finished in the same color selected for doors and frames.
- C. Handles: A non-protruding 14 gauge lifting trigger and slide plate shall transfer the lifting force for actuating the lock bar when opening the door. The exposed portion of the lifting trigger shall be encased in a molded ABS thermoplastic cover that provides isolation from metal-to-metal contact and be contained in a formed 20 gauge stainless steel recessed pocket. This stainless steel pocket shall contain a recessed area for a padlock and a mounting area for the number plate. (Padlocks to be supplied by Owner).
- D. Pre-Locking Device: All "tiered" lockers shall be equipped with a positive automatic pre-locking type, whereby the locker may be locked while door is open and then closed without unlocking and without damaging locking mechanism.
- E. Doors: Doors shall be 14 gauge. Doors shall be formed with a full channel shape on lock side to fully conceal the lock bar, channel formation on the hinge side and right angle formation across the top and bottom.
 - 1. Doors on 2-tier lockers shall be of mini louver design.
- F. Hinges: Hinges shall be 2'' high, 5-knuckle, full loop, tight pin style, securely welded to frame and double riveted to the inside of the door flange. Doors over 42'' high shall have three hinges.
- G. Latching: Latching shall be one-piece, pre-lubricated, spring steel latch completely contained within the lock bar under tension to provide rattle-free operation. The lock bar shall be of precoated, double-channel steel construction. The lock bar shall be securely contained in the door channel by self-lubricating polyethylene guides that isolate the lock bar from metal-to-metal contact

with the door. There shall be three latching points for lockers over 42" in height. The lock bar travel is limited by contacting resilient elastomeric cushioning devices located inside the lock bar. Frame hooks to accept latching shall be of heavy gauge steel, set close in and welded to the frame. Continuous vertical door strike shall protect frame hooks from door slam damage. The impact caused by the door closing shall be absorbed by a soft rubber silencer which is to be securely installed on each frame hook. Provide a latch guard steel plate welded on each frame hook on tier athletic lockers.

2.03 LOCKER ACCESSORIES:

- Locking: Α.
 - 1. Owner to provide padlocks.
- Interior Equipment: В.
 - 1. Single tier lockers shall have two (2) hat/book shelves. All single lockers shall have one double prong back hook and two single prong wall hooks in each compartment. All hooks shall be made of steel, formed with ball points, zinc-plated and attached with two bolts or rivets.
- Number Plates: Each locker shall have a polished aluminum number plate with black numerals not less than 1/2'' high. Plates shall be attached with rivets to the lower surface within the recessed handle pocket. Number sequence will differ between the rooms and will be determined at a later date.
- Tops: Provide heavy duty 16 gauge continuous sloped top on all lockers, on islands and along walls.
- Ε. Base: New concrete or masonry base (provided by others).
- Trim: Provide fillers at sides and top as shown or F. required in corridors along walls, at the ends of rows, etc.
- End Panels: Provide 16 gauge boxed finished end panels on G. all exposed ends along walls, at the ends of rows, etc.

- Construction: Fabricate lockers square, rigid and without warp with metal faces flat and free of dents or distortion. Make all exposed metal edges safe to the touch. Weld frames together. Weld, bolt, or rivet other joints and connections as standard with manufacturer. Grind exposed welds flush.
- Finishing: Chemically pretreat metal with degreasing and phosphatizing process. Apply baked-on enamel finish to all surfaces, exposed and concealed, except plates and non-ferrous metal. Architect will select multiple colors per room from manufacturer's standard colors.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

A. Installer must examine the areas and conditions under which metal lockers are to be installed and notify the Construction Manager in writing of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have corrected in a manner acceptable to the installer. been

3.02 INSTALLATION:

- A. Install metal lockers at the locations shown in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions for a plumb, level, rigid, and flush installation. Secure lockers to floor and wall.
- В. Space fasteners at 36" O.C. and apply through back-up reinforcing plates where necessary to prevent metal distortion. Conceal all fasteners wherever possible.
- Install trim, metal zee base, and sloping top units where indicated or required to provide a flush, hairline joint against adjacent surfaces. Install with concealed fasteners.
- D. Touch-up marred finishes, or replace if not acceptable to the Architect. Use only materials and finishes as recommended or furnished by the locker manufacturer.

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- Adjust doors and latches to operate easily without bind. Verify satisfactory operation of integral locking devices.
- F. Where required, provide metal filler panels for closure to adjacent surfaces, factory-finishes to metal lockers.

END OF SECTION 10500

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SECTION 10510 - METAL LOCKER REFURBISHING & ELECTROSTATIC PAINTING

PART 1. GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Electrostatic Painting of existing metal lockers Girls Locker Room (H138) (+/-40 at 15" x 72"H in room-V.I.F.).

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples for initial selection: Submit paint samples representing manufacturer's full range of color.

PART 2. PRODUCTS

2.01 REPAIR MATERIALS

- A. Use repair materials and hardware identical to existing materials.
 - 1. If identical materials and hardware are unavailable, use materials and hardware that visually match existing to the fullest extent possible.
 - 2. Use materials and hardware whose installed performance equals or surpasses that of existing materials.

2.02 ELECTROSTATIC PAINTING AND COATING MATERIAL

- A. Following the paint manufacturer's recommended surface preparation, all lockers shall be electrostatically refinished on all exterior surfaces, with a two part poly epoxy coating with a flash point over 100 degrees F.
 - B. Paint exterior and leading edge of doors, tops, sides,

fillers and interiors of lockers. All bottoms will need to be sanded and primed.

- C. Acceptable Electrostatic Paint Manufacturers:
 - 1. Perfection Paint & Color Company
 - 2. Electro Glaze by Electro Painters
 - 3. Architect's Pre-approved equal
- D. Color to be selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range. Four (4) coats are required.
- E. Provide and install (verify location in the field) the following items for locker refurbishment:
 - 1. New number plates (1 per each locker).
 - 2. Number sequence TBD.
- F. Quantities:
 - 1. All existing lockers (+/- 40) in Girls Locker Room H138. Verify exact quantity in field.

PART 3. EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Survey existing lockers and itemize hardware and trim to be replaced. Include itemization of additional refurbishment work other than hardware and trim.
- B. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and reinstalled.

3.02 PREPARATION - PAINTING

- A. All surrounding areas shall be protected as a safety measure against any accidental spillage or over spray of coating material with masking paper or drop clothes. Any metal in the vicinity of the lockers shall be protected against paint attraction. All areas of the locker surfaces, which do not receive a color coating, shall be masked and protected.
- B. All number plates, handles and locks shall be removed or masked prior to refinishing.
- C. All exterior locker surfaces to be painted, unless otherwise noted, shall be etched with sandpaper or an abrasive pad to insure proper paint adhesion. After

etching, a chemical solvent compatible with refinishing coatings shall be used to remove all impurities that would inhibit proper finish of the coating.

- 1. Accumulated floor wax shall be removed. All tape, sticker, and other material shall be removed.
- D. All rusted areas and scratches shall be sanded and primed with a rust inhibiting primer.
- E. All existing paint shall be tested for compatibility with epoxy coating. If incompatibility occurs (blistering, lifting, orange peeling and fish eye) a barrier primer shall be used on all lockers prior to refinishing or enamel paint depending on the compatibility.

3.03 LOCKER REPAIR

- A. Work shall include the repair or replacement of all missing, broken, or operationally defective coat hooks, door handles latches, surface molding strips, bumpers, silencers, etc.
- B. All units shall be securely attached (re-anchored as necessary) to and within the locker well area.
- C. All doors shall be inspected, adjusted, aligned and repaired as necessary to confirm they open and close freely.
- D. Refer to 2.02E for list of items to be replaced.
- E. As necessary, all nuts and bolts shall be tightened and where missing, shall be replaced with new.

3.04 NUMBER PLATES

- A. All existing number tags shall be removed prior to painting and replaced with new number tags following electrostatic painting. New numbering sequence shall be coordinated with Owner.
- B. Verify numbering sequence with Architect/Owner prior to installation.

3.05 ELECTORSTATIC PAINTING AND COATING

A. Paint applied shall be a smooth, non-textured, and 2 mils in thickness.

- 1. Final finish will have a semi-gloss appearance that registers a reading of 40% to 60% on Garner 60 degree glossmeter.
- B. Application of paint shall be through the Ransburg #2 electrostatic painting equipment. This process significantly reduces any mist or over spray on anything other that the surface being refinished. Suitable ground-to-building connection shall be secured to insure proper wrap of coating material so that the corners and undersides or otherwise inaccessible areas are covered.

3.06 CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall provide all labor, material, and mobile electrostatic paint spraying equipment necessary to refinish the existing lockers at the designated indoor location.
- B. The Contractor will be responsible for the legal disposal of all rubbish and unused material belonging to, used under the direction of, and in the area of, and disposal containers designated by the ordering agency or otherwise as the ordering agency's observer may direct.
- C. The disposal of hazardous waste shall conform to applicable federal, state, and local regulations.
- D. The floor surrounding work area shall be kept free of debris or fallen articles.
- E. Work area to be ventilated according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. The Contractor shall return the allocated workspace in the same condition received.

3.07 COLOR SCHEDULE

A. All corridor lockers to be painted: Color will be selected from manufacturer's full range from Republic Storage System's locker color chart.

END OF SECTION 10510

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SECTION 10620 - OPERABLE PARTITIONS - PAIRED OPERABLE PARTITIONS GILL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL: RE-BID

Part 1 - General

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. General

 Furnish and install operable partitions and suspension system. Provide all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and services for operable walls in accordance with provisions of contract documents.

1.02 RELATED WORK BY OTHERS

- A. Preparation of opening will be by others unless noted otherwise by the Construction Manager. Any deviation of site conditions contrary to approved shop drawings must be called to the attention of the architect.
- B. All header, blocking, support structures, jambs, track enclosures, surrounding insulation, and sound baffles as required in 1.04 Quality Assurance.
- C. Prepunching of support structure in accordance with approved shop drawings.
- D. Paint or otherwise finishing all trim and other materials adjoining head and jamb of operable partitions.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Complete shop drawings are to be provided prior to fabrication indicating construction and installation details. Shop drawings must be submitted within 60 days after receipt of signed contract.

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1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Preparation of the opening shall conform to the criteria set forth per ASTM E557 Standard Practice for Architectural Application and Installation of Operable Partitions

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- B. The partition STC (Sound Transmission Classification) shall be achieved per the standard test methods ASTM E90.
- C. Noise isolation classifications shall be achieved per the standard test methods ASTM E336 and ASTM E413.
- D. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC) ratings shall be per ASTM C423.
- E. Rack testing for 10 years. (tensional strength stress test)
- F. The manufacturer shall have a quality system that is registered to the ISO 9001 standards.

1.05 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Proper storage of partitions before installation and continued protection during and after installation will be the responsibility of the General Contractor.

1.06 WARRANTY

A. Partition system shall be guaranteed for a period of two years against defects in material and workmanship, excluding abuse.

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Part 2 - Products

2.01 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Modernfold, New Castle, Indiana
 - 2. Panelfold, Miami, Florida
 - 3. Hufcor, Janesville, Wisconsin
 - 4. Kwikwall, Springfield, Illinois

2.02 MATERIALS

- A. For +/- 8'-0" tall panels: Product to be top supported Series 632 paired panels as manufactured by Hufcor Inc.
 - 1. Panels shall be nominally 3" [76] thick, to 48" [1219] in width, and hinged in pairs.
 - 2. Panel faces shall be laminated to appropriate substrate to meet the STC requirement in 2.04 Acoustical Performance.
 - a. Steel faces
 - 3. Frames shall be of 16 gauge [1.42mm] painted steel with integral factory applied aluminum vertical edge and face protection.
 - 4. Vertical sound seals shall be of tongue and groove configuration, ensure panel-to-panel alignment and prevent sound leaks between panels.
 - 5. Horizontal top seals shall be retractable, provide 1" [25] nominal operating clearance, and exert upward force when extended. All panels, including pass door panels and lever closure panels must have retractable top and bottom seals.
 - 6. Horizontal bottom seals shall be retractable, provide up to 2" [50] nominal operating clearance, and exert downward force when extended.

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- 7. Horizontal trim shall be of aluminum.
- 8. Low profile hinges on basic panels shall be of steel and project no more than 1/4" [6] beyond panel faces. Each pair of panels to have a minimum of three hinges.
- B. Weight of the panels shall be 5.7-10.2 lbs. per sq. ft. [27.8-49.8kg/sq.m] based on options selected.
- C. Suspension system:
 - 1. Track shall be of clear anodized architectural grade extruded aluminum alloy 6063-T6. Provide type 40 aluminum track. Track design shall provide precise alignment at the trolley running surfaces and provide integral support for adjoining ceiling, soffit, or plenum sound barrier. Track shall be connected to the structural support by pairs of minimum 3/8" [10] dia. threaded steel hanger rods. Guide rails and/or track sweep seals shall not be required.
 - a. Each panel shall be supported by one 4-wheeled carrier. Wheels to be of hardened steel ball bearings encased with molded polymer tires.
 - 2. Plenum closure (by others): Design of plenum closure must permit lifting out of header panels to adjust track height. Plenum closure required for optimum sound control of partition.

D. Finishes

- 1. Face finish shall be:
 - a. Factory applied reinforced vinyl fabric with woven backing, weighing not less than 15 oz. per lineal yard [465 g/m]. Color shall be selected from manufacturer's standard color selectors.
- 2. Exposed metal trim and seal color shall be (select from Hufcor's Standard Trim selector):

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- a. Lamb's Wool (standard)
- b. Brown (standard)
- c. Gray (standard)
- 3. Aluminum track shall be clear anodized

E. Available Accessories/Options

- 1. ADA compliant pass door of the same thickness and construction as the basic panels. Pass door panel legs require bottom seals that provide downward force to maintain stability during door operation. Pass door leaf has perimeter trim to protect face finish and to provide visual identification as required by International Building Code. Pass door leaf incorporates a self-adjusting retractable bottom seal providing sound control when door is closed.
 - a. Automatic door closer
 - b. Panic hardware
 - c. Self illuminated exit signage
- 2. Finished end cover
- 3. Pocket doors for stacking pockets

2.03 OPERATION

- A. Panels shall be manually moved from the storage area, positioned in the opening, and seals set.
- B. Retractable Horizontal Seals
 - 1. Retractable horizontal seals shall be activated by a removable quick-set operating handle located approximately 42" [1067] from the floor in the panel edge.
 - 2. All retractable seals in each hinged pair shall be operated simultaneously.
 - 3. Seal activation requires approximately 15 lbs. [6.8 kg] of force per panel and approximately a 190 degree turn of the removable handle.

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C. Automatic Floor Seals

- 1. Horizontal seals shall be activated by pressing the edge of the panel into the edge of the adjacent panel or wall.
- 2. Seal activation requires approximately 15 lbs. [6.8 kg] of force per panel.

D. Final partition closure to be by:

1. Lever closure panel with expanding jamb which compensates for minor wall irregularities and provides a minimum of 250 lbs. [113.4kg] seal force against the adjacent wall for optimum sound control. The jamb activator shall be located approximately 45" [1143] from the floor in the panel face and be accessed from either side of the panel. The jamb is equipped with a mechanical rack and pinion gear drive mechanism and shall extend 4"-6" [100-152] by turning the removable operating handle.

E. Stack/Store Panels

1. Retract seals and move to storage area. Panels may be stored at either or both ends of the track or in a pocket.

2.04 ACOUSTICAL PERFORMANCE

- A. Acoustical performance shall be tested at a laboratory accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) and in accordance with ASTM E90 Test Standards. Standard panel construction shall have obtained an STC rating of 47.
 - 1. Complete, unaltered written test report is to be made available upon request.

Part 3 - Execution

A. Installation. The complete installation of the operable wall system shall be by an authorized

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factory-trained installer and be in strict accordance with the approved shop drawings and manufacturer's standard printed specifications, instructions, and recommendations.

B. Cleaning

- 1. All track and panel surfaces shall be wiped clean and free of handprints, grease, and soil.
- 2. Cartoning and other installation debris shall be removed to onsite waste collection area, provided by others.

C. Training

- 1. Installer shall demonstrate proper operation and maintenance procedures to owner's representative.
- 2. Operating handle and owners manuals shall be provided to owner's representative.

END OF SECTION 10620

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SECTION 10800 - TOILET ACCESSORIES

PART I - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION:

- A. The extent of each type of toilet accessory is shown on the drawings.
- The type of toilet accessories required, provided and installed by the Contractor, include the following:
 - 1. Wall mounted soap dispenser
 - 2. Sanitary napkin disposal
 - 3. Dual toilet tissue dispensers
 - 4. Paper towel dispensers/disposals
 - 5. Mirrors
 - 6. Grab bars
 - 7. Misc. Accessories
 - 8. ADA Shower Seat
 - 9. Towel Hooks
 - 10. Recessed Soap Dish
 - 11. Shower/Privacy Curtains & Track
 - 12. Shower Grab Bar
 - 13. Electric Hand Dryer
 - 14. Electric Hair Dryer

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Inserts and Anchorages: Α.

1. Furnish inserts and anchoring devices which must be built into walls for the installation of toilet accessories. Coordinate delivery with other work to avoid delay.

Β. Products:

- Provide products of the same manufacturer for units exposed in the same areas, unless otherwise acceptable to the Architect.
- 2. Stamped names or labels on exposed faces of units will not be permitted, except where otherwise indicated.
- Provide locks where indicated, with the same keying for each type of accessory units in the project wherever possible. Furnish two keys for each lock.
- The specifications indicated specific products of one manufacturer to communicate design intent. Other manufacturers offering products to comply with the requirements for toilet accessories include the following:
 - 1. American Specialties, Inc.
 - 2. Accessory Specialties.
 - 3. Bradley Corporation
 - 4. Bobrick

1.04 SUBMITTALS:

Product Data:

For information only, submit four (4) copies of manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for each toilet accessory. Transmit copies of installation instructions to the Installer.

В. Samples:

When requested, submit full-size samples of units to Architect for review of design and operation. Acceptable samples will be returned and may be used in the work. Compliance with all other requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor.

C. Setting Drawings:

Provide setting drawings, templates, instructions and directions for installation of anchorage devices in other work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS:

- Stainless Steel: AISI, Type 302/304 with polished No. 4 finish, 0.034 inch (22 gauge) minimum thickness.
- В. Brass: Unleaded , flat products, ASTM B19; rods, shapes, forgings, and flat products with finished edges, ASTM B16; castings, ASTM B30.
- Sheet Steel: Cold rolled, commercial quality, ASTM A336, C. 0.04 inch (20 gauge) minimum. Surface preparation and metal pretreatment as required for applied finish.
- Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A527, G60. D.
- Chromium Plating: Nickel and chromium electro-deposited on Ε. base metal, ASTM B456, Type SC2.
- Mirror Glass: Nominal 6.0mm (0.23 inch) thick, conforming to ASTM C1036, Type I, Class 1, Quality q2, and with silvering electro-plated copper coating, and protective organic coating.
 - 1. Provide tempered glass, unless indicated otherwise.
- Galvanized Steel Mounting Devices: ASTM A153, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.
- Fasteners: Screws, bolts, and other devices of same material as accessory unit, or of galvanized steel where concealed.

2.02 MTRRORS

Stainless Steel Framed Mirror: Mirror shall have a one piece, Type 304 stainless steel angle frame, 3/4 inch by 3/4 inch with continuous integral stiffener on all sides and beveled front to hold frame tightly against mirror; corners shall be heliarc welded, ground and polished smooth; all exposed surfaces shall have satin finish with vertical grain. Tempered glass mirror shall be guaranteed for 15 years against silver spoilage. All edges shall be protected by plastic filler strips and the back shall be protected by full size, shock absorbing, water resistant,

nonabrasive, 1/8 inch thick polyethylene padding. Galvanized steel back shall have integral hanging brackets for mounting on concealed rectangular wall hanger(s). Mirror shall be secured to hanger(s) with concealed phillips head jocking screws located in bottom of frame.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide mirror unit by one of the following:
 - Bobrick: B-290. Provide with tempered glass.
- 2. Mount mirrors at 40" AFF to bottom edge of glass.
- Provide sizes and locations as indicated on plans.

2.03 GRAB BARS

- Stainless Steel Type: Provide grab bars with wall thickness not less than 0.05 inch and as follows:
 - Mounting: Concealed, manufacturer's standard flanges and anchorages.
 - Clearance: 1-1/2 inch clearance between wall surface and inside face of bar. Mount at locations and heights indicated on drawings.
 - 3. Gripping Surfaces
 - Satin finish with peened gripping surface, unless noted otherwise.
 - Heavy Duty Size: Outside diameter of 1-1/2 inches minimum.
- В. Grab bar shall be constructed of Type 304 stainless steel with satin finish. Concealed mounting flanges shall be 1/8 inch thick stainless steel plate, 3-1/8 inch diameter, and each shall have 2 screw holes for attachment to wall. Flange covers shall be 22 gauge, 3-1/4 inch diameter by 1/2 inch deep, and shall snap over mounting flange to conceal mounting screws. Ends of grab bars shall pass through concealed mounting flanges and be heliarc welded to form one structural unit. Grab bars shall comply with ADA Accessibility Guidelines for structural strength. Provide concealed anchor device or backing as specified or required in accordance with local building codes before wall is finished.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide grab bars by one of the following:
 - a. Bobrick: B-6806.99 Series

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- 1. Horizontal: B-6806.99 by 36"
- 2. Horizontal: B-6806.99 by 42''
- 3. Vertical: B-6806.99 by 18''
- 2. Provide sizes and locations as indicated on plans. Mount horizontal bars at 34" A.F.F.

2.04 WALL MOUNT SOAP DISPENSER

- Provide where indicated on plans. Mount at 48" A.F.F. to Α. highest control or operation point on device.
- В. Bobrick B-40
- 2.05 SANITARY NAPKIN DISPOSAL
 - Provide where indicated on plans. Mount in each stall at 24" AFF to top of unit.
 - Bobrick B-270 В.
- 2.06 DUAL TOILET TISSUE DISPENSER
 - Provide where indicated on plans and elevations. Mount at 20'' A.F.F. to center line and 36'' max. from back wall to front edge.
 - Bobrick B-265 В.
- 2.07 PAPER TOWEL DISPENSER/DISPOSAL
 - Provide wall mounted unit where indicated on plans. Mount at 48" AFF to highest control or operation point on device.
 - Bobrick B-43699 В.
- 2.08 ADA SHOWER SEAT
 - Reversible folding shower seat shall have a constructed of type 304, satin finish stainless steel, 16 gauge (1.6mm), $1\frac{1}{4}$ '' (32mm) square tubing, and 18 gauge (1.2mm), 1" (25mm) diameter seamless tubing. Seat shall be constructed of one piece, ½'' (13mm) thick, solid phenolic with matte finish, ivory-colored, melamine surfaces, and black phenolic resin core. Seat shall be reversible for left or right hand.
 - Bobrick Model B5181 install seat in RH or LH 1.

configuration as indicated on drawings. Mount at height in accordance with ADA requirements on wall opposite shower controls.

2.09 TOWEL HOOK

- A. Surface mounted vandal resistant clothes/towel hook (secured from front) shall be constructed of type 304 stainless steel with satin finish and have square 7/8" (22mm) deep black plate. Face plate shall be 14 gauge (2mm) with drawn, one piece seamless construction. Hook shall snap down for safety if excessively loaded. Furnish with tamper resistant mounting screws.
 - 1. Bobrick B-983
 - Mount at 72'' A.F.F. in non-ADA showers and at 48'' A.F.F. adjacent to ADA showers.

2.10 SOAP DISH

- Recessed heavy-duty stainless steel soap dish shall be constructed of type 304 stainless steel with satin finish. Soap dish and flange shall be drawn and beveled, with onepiece, seamless construction. Unit shall be equipped with 20 gauge (0.9mm) galvanized steel mounting clamp for installation in dry or stud wall construction.
 - Bobrick B4380 altered for masonry installation. Mount at 48" A.F.F. to dish surface.

2.11 SHOWER/PRIVACY CURTAIN

Shower Curtains: Curtains to be full height and width of Α. opening, as manufactured by Imperial Fastener Company, Pompano Beach, Florida 1-954-782-7130. Mount IFC-69 jiffy curtain track to gypsum ceiling. Space safety tabs at 4" Provide sure-chek shower curtain with 18" height mesh top and solid bottom. Color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors. Provide track with aperture.

2.12 MISCELLANEOUS ACCESSORIES

- Mop and Broom Holders (MH): Surface mounted mop and broom holder shall be Type 304 stainless steel with satin finish. Unit shall be 36 inches long with 4 spring loaded, rubber cam holders. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide accessories by one of the following:
 - a. Bobrick: B-223-36
 - b. Provide 1 per each Janitor Closet indicated on plans. Mount at 60'' A.F.F. on open wall in room.

В. Trapwrap

- Provide trapwrap at all exposed piping below wall mounted lavatories (1 @ each sink). Verify quantities in field.
- Trapwrap to be as manufactured by Brocar Products Inc. or TrueBro.

Fasteners and Anchors С.

- 1. Provide mounting kits with stainless steel screws for accessories requiring same.
- Mounting kits shall include toggle nuts for hollow walls and expansion shields for solid walls. Provide 2 fasteners at each mounting plate.
- Provide 12 gauge, 3 inches wide, steel concealed anchor plates with tapped holes for installation of grab bars on walls constructed with metal studs.
- Provide concealed anchors for installation of grab bars on solid walls. Anchor assembly shall consist of tapped 12 gauge anchor plate, 10 gauge back plate, and 3/8 inch diameter thru-wall bolt.

2.13 SHOWER GRAB BAR

- Stainless Steel type, wall mounted inside shower unit at location complying with ADA requirements.
 - 1. Bobrick: B-6861

2.14 ELECTRIC HAND DRYER

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A. Wall mounted, one-piece, heavy duty, high speed, energy efficient hand dryer as manufactured by Xlerator, in white color, Model No. XL-W.

Wt: 16lbs.

Dim: $11-\frac{3}{4}$ ''lg x $12-\frac{11}{16}$ ''h x $6-\frac{11}{16}$ ''d.

B. Include 16" w x 32" h Xlerator wall guard, in white color.

2.15 ELECTRIC HAIR DRYER

A. Wall mounted, one-piece, heavy duty, high speed, energy efficient, 3 minute cycle, hair dryer as manufactured by Xlerator, in white color, Model No. H76-W.

Wt: 18 lbs.

Dim: $10-\frac{3}{4}$ ''lq x 8''h x 7''d.

B. Mount at 64'' to bottom A.F.F.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION:

A. Installer must examine the areas and conditions under which toilet accessories are to be installed and notify the Construction Manager in writing, of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

- A. Use concealed fastenings wherever possible.
- B. Provide anchors, bolts and other necessary anchorages and attach accessories securely to walls and partitions in locations as shown or directed.
- C. Install concealed mounting devices and fasteners fabricated of the same materials as the accessories, or of galvanized steel, as recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Install exposed mounting devices and fasteners finished to match the accessories.
- E. Provide theft-resistant fasteners for all accessory mountings.
- F. Secure toilet room accessories in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions for each item and each type of

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substrate construction.

END OF SECTION 10800

SECTION 10999 - MISCELLANEOUS SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section, and Division 16 (wiring of fluorescent lighting).

DESCRIPTION OF WORK: 1.02

- Α. The extent of miscellaneous specialties is as shown on the drawings or schedules and includes the following:
 - 1. Dedication plaque
 - 2. Acoustical Spray
 - 3. Greenhouse
 - 4. Slatwall Panels
 - 5. Portable Vertical Wheelchair Lift
 - 6. Orchestra Shell
 - 7. Stainless Steel
 - Stainless Steel Hand Sink

1.03 SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Α.

Submit two (2) copies of manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions for each type of specialty required. Indicate by transmittal that copy of each instruction has been distributed to the Installer.

В. Samples:

Submit three (3) samples of each color and finish of exposed materials and accessories required for each specialty. Architect's review of samples will be for color and texture only. Compliance with all other requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor.

C. Shop Drawings:

Submit shop drawings for fabrication and erection of 1. specialties, including plans, elevations and large scale details, shop anchorages and accessory items. Provide location template drawings for items supported or anchored to permanent construction.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 PREFABRICATED PRODUCTS:

A. Dedicatory Plaque

- Provide 24'' x 36'' cast aluminum plaque with leatherette textured oxidized background with polished letters. Plaque shall be bevel edge and shall have thereon the following:
 - Board of Education members and titles
 - School District Superintendent, Architect, Construction Manager and Titles
 - Date
 - Building Name
 - Name of School District

Acoustical Spray В.

- Provide K-13 spray-applied insulation in 3" thickness to underside of existing metal roof decks and steel framing members in areas indicated on drawings.
- 2. Colors to be: Gymnasium: White Auditorium and Stage Fly Loft: Black
- Contact: International Cellulose Corp, Houston, Texas, www.spray-on.com 713-433-6701, 800-444-1252
 K-13 has a Class 1, Class A flame spread rating per
- ASTM E-84, UL-723, NFPA-255 and UBC-42.

C. Greenhouse

- Provide custom fabricated Greenhouse System as manufactured by one of the following:
 - Arcadia Glasshouse: www.arcadiaglasshouse.com a.
 - b. Gothic Arch Greenhouse: www.gothicarchgreenhouse.com
 - Hartley Botanic: www.hartley-botanic.com
- 2. Refer to Drawings for sizes and details.
- Framing to be dark bronze anodized aluminum with insulated glass panels.
- D. Slatwall Panels

- 1. Furnish and install slatwall panels in areas noted on drawings. Slatwall panels shall be high pressure laminate in manufacturer's standard color (brushed aluminum will not be used).
- 2. Panels shall be 48 inches high x 96 inches long with 3 inches on center grooves. Panels are ¾ inch thick, manufactured with A150 internal bond factor.
- 3. Panels shall be as manufactured by KC Store Fixtures, Kansas City, Missouri, 1-800-258-8710 or 1-800-862-0899.
- 4. Slatwall accessories (hooks, brackets, shelves, etc.) are not included with this bid.

Portable Vertical Wheelchair Lift Ε.

- 1. Furnish one (1) portable vertical wheelchair lift, Model: ''Genesis Staage'' as manufactured by Garaventa Lift (www.garaventalift.com) 800-663-6556.
- 2. Power Requirements: 120VAC

Rated Load: 750 lbs

Drive System: 2 HP motor drives, 1'' acme screw

Speed: 10' per minute Travel range: up to 44''

Clear Platform Area: 36'' x 54 ½''

Optional Feature: Lower landing platform gate

3. Safety devices:

Emergency Stop switch Audible emergency alarm Under platform sensor Gate interlocks Lockout key switch Manual emergency lowering

4. Finishes:

Steel panels and framework are applied bared enamel fine textured satin grey paint. Gate frames are champagne anodized aluminum.

F. Orchestra Shell

- 1. Furnish Orchestra Shell System, Model: "Forte" as manufactured by Wenger Corp. (800) 493-6437, www.wengercorp.com, or approved equal by Architect.
- 2. Provide complete system consisting of 9 mobile vertical towers.
- 3. Tower Features:
 - a. 10' radius curve, stressed skin surface composite

panels.

- b. Steel frame with black powdercoat finish.
- c. Each tower has counter-weighted base for stability.
- d. Towers nest one within another for storage.
- e. Panel face to be wood laminate. Color TBD.
- f. Tower is moved with insertable handle into base frame.
- g. Provide 5 year warranty.
- h. Tower panels include doors for access from back stage.

G. Stainless Steel

Shall be type 304 having a standard analysis of 18% chrome and 8% nickel. Stainless steel to be as manufactured by Republic Steel Company, "Endure", Allegheny Metal Company, Crucible Steel Company, "Rezistal" or approved equal. Gauge to be specified under item specifications and furnished with #4 satin finish, rounded edges and ½" min. returns, unless otherwise specified.

Stainless Steel Hand Sink Η.

- 1. Qty: One (1)
- 2. Mfg. & Model: Advance #7-PS-50
- Construction: Sink to be constructed of Stainless Steel. Sink to be furnished with 8" backsplash with 2" return to wall and flange down.
- Accessories: Furnish with strainer type 6" tailpiece and "P" trap all to be chrome plated brass. Advance K-590MIT to delete standard faucet & Advance K-472 faucet hole revision for single hole faucet. Faucet shall be T&S EC 3101-TMV electronic gooseneck faucet, wall mount, gooseneck, AC/DC control module, thermostatic mixing valve, 100-240 VAC adapter. Soap and towel dispenser to be provided by Owner.
- Details: Sink to be mounted with rim 34" above finished floor with rough-in for water and waste located 4-7/8" below the 6-1/2" deep sink. Provide stainless steel splash shield on right and left hand side.

INSPECTION: 3.01

A. Installer must examine the substrates and conditions under which the specialties are to be installed, and notify the Construction Manager and Architect in writing of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

- In addition to the requirements of these specifications, Α. comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for preparation of substrate, installation of anchors, and application of specialties. Coordinate with work of other trades for application of inserts of other integral equipment items.
- Install at the locations shown or scheduled, securely В. mounted with concealed fasteners, unless otherwise shown. Attach to substrates in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, unless otherwise shown.
- C. Install level, plumb and at the proper height. Cooperate with other trades for installation in finish surface. Repair or replace damaged units as directed by the Architect.

END OF SECTION 10999

SPEC SECTION 11063 – STAGE CURTAINS & RIGGING

SCOPE:

- A. Intent: This specification covers the fabrication, furnishing, delivery and installation of all state equipment and associated hardware. Al equipment used in performance is this contract shall be of the best known to the industry and shall be manufactured by a long established, thoroughly experienced responsible Stage Equipment manufacturer with their own installation department and Curtain manufacturing facility. The form of contract, general conditions and the project drawings are the considered to be part of these specifications.
- B. Complete System: The Stage Equipment Contractor shall provide all items necessary for a complete, safe, fully functional system as described herein, including all tools, scaffolding, labor and supervision, even though they may not be specifically enumerated. Any errors, omissions or ambiguities do not relieve the Contractor of this responsibility, but shall be brought to the attention of the Owner for clarification. All additional support steel or spanner steel found necessary for this installation shall be supplied and installed by the Stage Equipment Contractor. All welding completed on site shall be performed by certified welders.
- C. Work Include: The work of this section shall include, but not necessarily be limited to the following
 - 1. Demolition of all Stage Curtains, Tracks and Rigging
 - 2. Stage Curtain
 - 3. Stage Curtain Track Assemblies
 - 4. All Associated Rigging Hardware

- D. Related Work: Related work which is not included in this section:
 - 1. Gridiron, head and loft block beams, and all other structural steel and miscellaneous metals not specifically called out as part of this sections
 - 2. Galleries, ladders and catwalks
 - 3. Stage flooring
 - 4. Stage lighting
 - 5. Electrical connections, conduit, boxes and wiring of any type

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Field Conditions: All bidders shall fully inform themselves of the conditions under which the work is to be performed. All Curtains and equipment sizes listed within shall be field verified prior to submission of bid. No additional compensation shall be allowed for any labor or item the bidder could have been full informed of prior to the bid date.

Stage Equipment Contractor to provide protective tarps to cover entire stage floor for the duration of this respective work.

ALL WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED IN PHASES.

- Phase 1). At the beginning of construction the Stage Equipment Contractor shall complete the full demolition of all Stage Equipment. All materials shall be removed from site and disposed of properly.
- Phase 2). After all work has been completed within this space the Stage Equipment Contractor shall return to complete the installation of all New Stage Equipment as specified.

- B. Safety: The systems shall conform to all applicable code requirements and shall be in conformance with industry standards of operation and practices. All materials, arrangements and procedures shall comply with applicable code requirements and shall be in conformance with industry standards of operation and practices. All materials, arrangements and procedures shall comply with applicable code requirements, allowing the users to arrange and operate a safe assembly and working environment for audience and user personnel.
- C. Insurance: I the absence of more stringent requirements, the Stage Equipment Contractor shall maintain injury and property liability insurance coverage throughout the project's scheduled timetable, including workmen's compensation coverage for Contractor's employees

COMPETENCY OF BIDDER

- A. Stage equipment Contractor shall have been engaged in the installation and manufacturing of stage equipment for a minimum of ten (10) years. Contractor must have completed ten (10) projects of equal or greater scope within the last twelve (12) months.
 Contractor may be asked to supply proof of the above qualification if desired by the owner.
- B. This work requires total adherence to all bid specifications and procedures. Variation from this specification shall be indicated by the submission of detailed and complete specifications showing exactly what substitution the bidder proposes to make. Any intent to substitute shall be clearly called to the attention to the Owner before the proposal is submitted to facilitate comparison with the original specifications. If proposed substitute is accepted by the Owner all parties known to be bidding this project shall be notified through addendum. Substitutions not specifically noted before time of bidding will not be accepted.

- C. Requirements: The Rigging Contractor shall be an approved rigging manufacturer or an authorized representative or dealer of an approved manufacturer of stage and theatrical rigging hardware and show a satisfactory record of successful in-service performance. If at any time in the past, Stage Equipment Contractor has substituted specified products without prior written approval, or has failed to complete a project as specified, to the Owners, Architects or Theatre Consultants satisfaction, they shall be ineligible to bid on this project. Stage Equipment Contractor must maintain and operate their own sewing production shop located within their place of business and must have sufficient production capacity to produce required units without causing delay. Stage Equipment Contractor shall have their own in-house fulltime installation crews complete with their own production tool shop and warehouse located within their place of business. There shall be not subletting of Curtain manufacturing or installation work. A qualified and experienced supervisor of the Rigging Contractor of which is employed by the contractor on a full time basis must be at the site during the entire installation period and shall actively direct and supervise the work.
- D. All bidders are required to make a full inspection of the auditorium facility so that they are fully aware of all special job conditions and product requirements.
- E. The Stage Equipment Contractor shall install all items in accordance with the;
 - 1) Curtain fabricators written instructions,
 - 2) the Curtain Tract and hardware manufacturers written instructions and
 - 3) the Rigging equipment manufacturers written instructions.
- F. All Rigging equipment used on this project shall meet ANSI/ESTA Standard E1.4-2009.

- **G.** Pre-approved Contractors:
 - 1) Secoa, Inc., Champlain, MN V(763)506-8800, Fx (763)506-8844
 - 2) J.R. Clancy, Inc., Syracuse, NY V(315)451-3440, Fx-(315)451-1766
 - 3) Syracuse Scenery, Inc., Liverpool, NY V(315)453-8096, Fx-(315)453-7897
 - 4) North Coast Studios, Inc., Clinton Twp., MI V(586)359-6630, Fx-(586)359-6638
- H. Requirements for Approval: Other Contactors seeking acceptance must submit the following information at least two (2) weeks prior to the bid opening date. Approval of Contractors will be by addenda. Failure to submit any of the required information will automatically disqualify the Contractor from consideration of approval.
 - 1. A listing of ten (10) equivalent installations within the past twelve (12) months
 - a. Name, address and telephone number of Owner;
 - b. Name, address and telephone number of Architect:
 - c. Scope of work.
 - 2. A brief written description of the Contractors operation including facilities, financial capabilities, and experience of key personnel.
 - 3. A statement from a bonding company agreeing to provide the required bonds in the amount required for the project.

WARRANTY

A. The Rigging Contractor shall provide a two (2) year written guarantee against defects in materials workmanship starting from the date of acceptance of equipment by the Owner's representative. The guarantee shall not cover damage due to normal wear and tear, acts of God, neglect, or improper use of equipment.

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Any required maintenance or replacement shall be provided by the Rigging Contractor within thirty days of notification by the Owner except for safety related items, which shall be corrected within 48 hours of notification. Subsequent to the expiration of the guarantee period the Rigging Contractor agrees to furnish repair and maintenance service, at the Owner's expense, within thirty days of request for such service.

MANUFACTURER

A. Rigging Manufacturers: J.R. Clancy, 7041 Interstate Island Road, Syracuse, NY 13209 H & H Specialties, PO Box 9327, South El Monte, CA 91733

B. Fabric Sources: KM Mills, Greenville SC Rose Brand Fabrics, New York, NY J.B. Martin, Quebec Canada Milliken Company, New York, NY

C. Track and Equipment: Automatic Devices Company, Allentown, PA J.R. Clancy, Inc., Syracuse, NY H & H Specialties, South El Monte, CA

D. Products of other manufacturers will be considered for acceptance provided they equal, or exceed requirements and functional qualities of the specified project. Request for Owner's approval with complete supporting technical data for evaluation must be received at least ten (10) days prior to bid due date. Additional approved manufacturers will be issued by Addendum.

CURTAIN SCHEDULE

FRONT SETTING CURTAINS

One (1) Grand Traveler two (2) sections finish 22'0" x 88'0"

Fabric: 24 oz. I.F.R. Charisma Velour, color to be selected as manufactured by KM Fabrics, Inc., -or equal

Lining: I.F.R. RB Cloth, color Black as manufactured by Rose Brand Fabrics, New York, NY -or equal

The above Curtains shall be box pleated with approximately 60% fullness on a heavy 3-1/2" BMF jute webbing with four (4) rows of reinforced stitching and provided with grommets and "S" hooks or 36" long #4 cotton tie line, color Black centered on each pleat and two (2) 3-1/2" apart on all leading and side edges. All four side edges of the Grand Traveler shall have not less than 12" of face fabric turned back. All side edges of the Grand Valance shall have no less than 3" of face fabric turned back. All bottom hems shall be a full 5". All salvages shall be snipped on approximately 18" centers prior to fabricating and all pleats shall be arranged to conceal vertical seams. 24/4 thread in a color to match fabric shall be used throughout and all sewing shall be completed with a heavy duty industrial straight stich, power operated machine. Blind stitching any portions is unacceptable. All Curtains shall be lined. Lining shall finish 2" above bottom hem of face fabric. Lining shall be connected to all vertical sides by means of adjustable Velcro straps and horizontally by means of adjustable frog legs sewn across bottom hem at each seam with one (1) intermediate position between each seam as found necessary. Lining shall be sewn inside of the bottom hem line of face fabric and fold down to finish 2" above bottom hem of face fabric. Lining shall be connected all vertical sides by means of adjustable Velcro straps. Sewn to the backside offstage edge of each Curtain Panel shall be a 12: x 12@ loose piece of fabric from the same dye lot for future field flame test purposes of each fabric used within constructions.

INTERMEDIATE SETTING CURTAINS

Three (3) Masking Borders each finish 10'0" x 74'0"
Two (2) Mid Stage Travelers each 2-sections each finish 22'0" x 76'0"
One (1) Rear Traveler two (2) sections finish 22'0" x 76'0"
Two (2) Side Masking Curtains each four (4) sections each finish 22'0" x 24'0"

Fabric: 22 oz. Encore I.F.R. color Black as manufactured by Milliken Company, New York, NY -or equal

The above Curtains shall be box pleated with approximately 60% fullness on a heavy 3-1/2" BMF jute webbing with four (4) rows of reinforced stitching and provided with grommets and "S" hooks or 36" long #4 cotton tie line, color Black centered on each pleat and two (2) 3-1/2" apart on all leading and side edges. All four (4) side edges of Rear Traveler Curtains shall have no less than 16" of face fabric turned back. All side edges to the Masking Borders shall have not less than 3" of the face fabric turned back. All bottom hems shall be a full 5" and all Curtains shall have a heavy weight #8 zinc plated jack chain encased in a separate canvas pocket. This chain weight shall be inserted, so that it rides approximately 2" up from bottom hem of Curtain and shall be hand tacked into each seam to prevent bunching, as found necessary. All salvages shall be snipped on approximately 18" centers prior to fabricating and all pleats shall be arranged to conceal vertical seams. 24/4 thread in a color to match fabric shall be used throughout and all sewing shall be completed with a heavy duty industrial straight stich, power operated machine. Blind stitching of any portion is unacceptable. Sewn to the backside offstage edge of each Curtain Panel shall be a 12" x 12" loose piece of fabric from the same dye lot for future field flame test purposes of each fabric used within construction.

^{*}All Black Curtains shall have black anodized grommets - no exceptions.

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Back Drop's

One (1) Bounce Drop one (1) section finish 22'6" x 7'0"

Fabric: Heavyweight seamless Muslin F.R. color Bleach White as manufactured by Frankel Associates, Bayshore, NY -or equal

One (1) Scrim Drop One (1) section finish 22'6" x 74'0"

Fabric: Heavyweight seamless Sharkstooth scrim F.R. Color Black as manufactured by Frankel Associates, Bayshore, NY - or equal

The above drop shall be sewn flat (no fullness) on a heavy 3-1/2" BMF jute webbing with four (4) rows of reinforced stitching. Grommets shall be placed no more than 12 apart center to center with end grommets 1-1/2" in from each off stage edge. Each grommet shall be provided with #4 glazed cotton tie end no less than 36" long. A grommet shall be positioned at center line of Drop and the center line shall be identified by the use of one color white #4 glazed cotton tie line no less than 36" long. Both side hems shall have no less than 3" of face fabric turned back. Bottom hem shall be a full 5" and shall contain a heavy weight #8 zinc plated jack chain encased in a separate canvas pocket. This chain weight shall be inserted, so that it rides approximately 2" up from the bottom hem of Drop. Sewn to the top back side of bottom hem shall be a tensioning pipe pocket. This pipe pocket shall be constructed using heavy weight F.R. Canvas Duck in color Natural. Pockets shall be made 3" in height and in 10'10: lengths. The 10' length shall be centered to the center line of Drop and shall have a 2"gap between the next 10' sections for ease of connecting the tensioning pipe batten. 24/4 thread in a color to match fabric shall be used throughout and all sewing shall be completed with a heavy duty industrial straight stich, power operated machining. Blind stitching of any portion is unacceptable. Sewn to the backside offstage edge of each Curtain Panel shall be a 12" x 12" loose piece of fabric from the same dye for future field flame test purposes of each fabric used within construction. Drop's to have a heavyweight reinforcement sewn within each side hem and provided with grommets and tie lines on no more than 18" centers. Tie line color to correspond with color of drop.

FLAMEROOFING

All fabrics to be flame retardant by the emersion method or inherently flame retardant.

All fabrics shall be flame retardant to pass all City and State fire codes and comply with NFPA-701.

Certification of Flameproofing must be permanently stitched into the Curtain hem.

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Contractor shall supply to Owner a notarized affidavit signed by manufacturer of Stage Curtains certifying that products furnished comply with the above requirements.

HARDWARE SCHEDULE

CURTAIN TRACK ASSEMBIES

Grand Traveler

Curtain track Model #5000 shall be of 7 gauge extruded aluminum I-beam construction consisting of a center rib and top, intermediate and bottom flanges. Each curtain carrier Model #5001 shall be spaced on 12" centers and shall be of steel construction to include two (2) nylon-tiered ball-bearing wheels rolling on two (2) separate parallel treads. Each curtain carrier shall consist of a free-moving plated swivel to accommodate curtain nap hook. Live-End Model #5003 and Dead-End Model #5004 pulley blocks shall be equipped with 5" diameter ball-bearing wheels adequately guarded. Nylon cable guides Model #5058 shall be furnished for the purpose of guiding operating cable along the contour of the factory-formed curved track. Operating cable Model #5029 shall be of 3/16" diameter extruded nylon wirecenter. 1-1/4" I.D. stiffening pipe or equivalent shall be used to support both straight and curved areas of all suspended curved tracks. The manufacturer shall furnish two (2) end stops Model #5009 for placement at track ends. Model #500 as manufactured by Automatic Devices Company of Allentown, PA – or equal

Motor Control Operator for Grand Traveler

One (1)Model #466VS-1 Draw Curtain Machine complete with Curtain Machine Enclosure, one (1) #482VS Control Station with Keyed Lock-out and two (2)#481 Remote Control Stations. Motor Control to be mounted to a steel base at an elevation of 6'0" A.F.F..

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Mid-Stage and Rear Traveler's

Curtain tracks Model #2800 shall be of 14 gauge galvanized steel construction entirely enclosed except for slot in bottom, each half to be in one continuous piece except where splicing clamps are required. Each curtain carrier Model #2851 shall be spaced on 12" centers and shall be of steel construction with two (2) nylon tired ball-bearing wheels held to steel body by rustproof nickel plated rivet, such wheel rolling on two (2) separate parallel threads. Each curtain carrier shall consist of a free-moving plated swivel and sufficient trim chain to accommodate curtain snap hook. Live-End pulley Model #2863 and Dead-End pulleys Model #2864 shall be adjustable and shall be equipped with 5" diameter sleeve-bearing wheels adequately guarded. A rubber bumper shall be attached to each curtain carrier to function as noise reducer. The manufacturer shall furnish two (2) End Stops for placement at track ends and a tension Floor Pulley Model #2866 for increasing cord tension. Stretch-resistant operating cord Model #2828 for hand operation shall have synthetic center and shall be of 3/8" diameter. Model #282 as manufactured by Automatic Devices Company of Allentown, PA -or equal

Scenery, Backdrop's and Side Masking's

Curtain tracks Model #2800 shall be of 14 gauge galvanized steel construction entirely enclosed except for slot in bottom, each half to be in one continuous piece except where splicing clamps are required. Each curtain carrier Model #2801 shall be spaced on 12" centers and shall be of nylon construction supported from a ball-bearing by two (2) polyethylene wheels held to ball-bearing by rustproof nickel plated rivet, such wheel rolling on two (2) separate parallel treads. Each curtain carrier shall consist of a free-moving plated swivel and sufficient trim chain to accommodate curtain snap hook. A rubber washer shall be attached to each curtain carrier to function as noise reducer. The manufacturer shall furnish four (4) End Stops Model #2809 for placement at each track end. This model track system is for walk-along operation only and does not include pulleys or other operating hardware. Model #284 as manufactured by Automatic Devices Company of Allentown, PA –or equal

Masking Borders, Track Backbone's and Spare Battens

1 ½" Nominal Diameter Sch 40 steel pipe with cut threaded ends. Sections to be 21' long. If sections need to be cut down the smallest section would be positioned at the center of the pipe. This piece can be not less than 10'0" long. All pipe sections shall be joined together using 18" long sleeves with 9" extending into each pipe and held by two (2) 3/8" GR 5 hex head bolts and Nylok nuts on each side at the joint. Pipe Batten to be shop painted Black.

All existing suspension beam clamps, cable, chain and connectors shall be removed and discarded. All new suspension points shall consist of new steel formed and adjustable width beam clamps, zinc plated safety suspension chain and zinc plated or galvanized chain connectors and anchor shackles. All products shall be sized accordingly to safety carry applied loads, friction of system and common or uncommon usage of equipment.

- **Suspension points shall not exceed the following:**
- **❖** Traveler Track assemblies, maximum 7"0" centers.
- **❖** Walk draw Tracks, maximum 5'0" centers.
- **❖** Pipe battens, maximum 10'0" centers.

All necessary spanner steel for equipment suspension shall be supplied and installed by the Stage Equipment Contractor.

Bridled suspension points will not be acceptable.

*The bottom end of all suspension chains shall have a minimum of 1' extra length for future adjustment. Free end of chain shall be securely connected to standing end with a connector that can be easily opened for future adjustment.

*All turnbuckles shall be forged, proper sized for the load and equipped with jam nuts or through wired.

INSTALLATION

EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE

Set #01 - Grand Traveler - Dead Hung

Set #02 - #1 Masking Border - Counterweight

Set #03 - #1 Electric - Counterweight

Set #04 - Projection Screen - Dead Hung

Set #05 - #2 Electric - Counterweight

Set #06 - #2 Masking Border - Counterweight

Set #07 - #1 Mid-Stage Traveler - Dead Hung

Set #08 - Scenery Track w/Black Scrim - Dead Hung

Set #09 - Spare Batten - Counterweight

Set #10 - #3 Electric - Counterweight

Set #11 - Scenery Track - Dead Hung

Set #12 - #3 Masking Border - Counterweight

Set #13 - #2 Mid-Stage Traveler - Dead Hung

Set #14 - #4 Electric - Counterweight

^{*} All threaded fasteners shall be SAE Grade 5 or greater.

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Set #15 - Rear Traveler - Dead Hung

Set #16 - Scenery Track - Dead Hung

Set #17 - Scenery Track - Bounce Drop - Dead Hung

Set #18 - Side Masking Curtains - Dead Hung

PROJECTION SCREEN

One (1) Senior Electrol Projection Screen

Size: 20'0" x 20'0" w/additional 4' Top Black Drop

Fabric: Matte White

Control switch to have a Key Locking Cover Plate. Above as manufactured by Da-Lite Screen Company –or equal.

Eight (8) Guide Wire Counterweight sets each to have

One (1) - 12" - 8 line Underhung Head Block

Eight (8) - 8" - 1 Loft Block with Idlers

A/N - 12" - 8 Line Mule Blocks

One (+)-8" Guide Wire combination Floor Block with Rope Lock

One (1) - 6' Wire Guide, Single Purchase Counterweight Arbor

A/M - 3/4" Multiline II Purchase Line

76' – 1-1/2" SCH 40 Internally Sleeved Pipe Batten 8Finished with primer and one coat enamel paint – Flat Black

Two (2) Yellow Batten End Caps

Eight (8) 36" - 1/4" Proof Coil Trim Chain

A/N - ¼" 7 x 19 Galvanized Utility Cable

A/N - 1/4" - Screw Pin Forged Anchor Shackle and Safety Tie

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A/N - ¼" - H.D. Galvanized Cable Thimble

A/N - ¼" - Copper Oval Sleeves

625lbs. - 4" wide Steel Counterweight - 75% 2" thick 25% 1" thick

INDEX LIGHT FOR EACH ARBOR AREA. Index lights supported from Dead Hung 1-1/2" SCH 40 Black Pipe Batten

- **❖** All curved sets to have one (1) mule block positioned next to each Loft Block to guide all cables with the same arch of the Pipe Batten
- All curved sets to have no less than three (3)cable slack Multi-Sheave Blocks positioned between Mule Block and Head Block
- **❖** All Loft Blocks, Mule Blocks, Multi-Sheave Blocks, Mule Blocks etc. must be shimmed accordingly for rake of Rigging Steel.
- **All misc. Clips, Anchors and other associated items for a complete installation.**

A. Coordination:

- 1. Take all measurements required at the job site and verify the location of all items to which attachment must be made, or which may cause any restriction in the total operation of the rigging.
 - 2. Provide connecting members needed for proper installation and securing to masonry, joists, wall, structural members or other parts of the construction as may be suited.

B. Relocation:

- 1. Owner reserves the right to notify this Contractor of any desired change in spacing without causing a change in bid price.
- 2. Such notification must be made before the installation of any piece of equipment for that set has begun.
- 3. This Contractor, while carefully following the detailed schedule of sets, may make such minor adjustments as deemed necessary to clear possible obstacles.
- 4. Notification must be made to the Owner's representative on the job.
- 5. Relocation of a major nature must be proposed in writing to the Owner.

CLEAN UP

A. The Contractor shall be responsible for cleanup, including removal of packing materials etc. and the protection surfaces or equipment provided by the other Contractors. All existing Curtain and hardware shall be removed from site and properly disposed of.

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INSPECTION AND TESTING

A. Inspection: During the installation of equipment the Rigging Contractor shall arrange for access as necessary for inspection of equipment by the Owner's representatives.

B. Completion Testing: Upon completing the installation of all equipment specified under this section, the Contractor shall notify the Architect, who will schedule an inspection. At the time of the inspection, the Rigging Contractor shall furnish sufficient workers to operate all equipment and to perform such adjustments and test as may be required by the Owner's representative. Any equipment which fails to meet with approval shall be repaired or replaced with suitable equipment and the inspection shall be re-scheduled under the same conditions as previously specified. At the time of these inspections, no other work shall be performed in the auditorium and stage areas. All temporary bracing, scaffolding, etc. shall be withheld until all systems have been thoroughly tested and found to be in first class operating condition in every particular.

C. Instructional Period: After final approval of completed work Contractor shall schedule an instructional day with Owners staff to demonstrate proper working procedures and maintenance of all equipment. Contractor to have necessary lifts on site and full stage rigging crew for this presentation. One full eight (8) hour day shall be set aside for this presentation.

END OF SPECIFICATION

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SECTION 11132 - MANUAL PROJECTION SCREENS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes: Manually operated projection screens and accessories.
- B. Provide screens where indicated on drawings.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers (SMPTE):
 - 1. SMPTE RP 94-2000 Gain Determination of Front Projection Screens.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Gain: Indication of screen's luminance or brightness measured perpendicular of screen center and measured relative to a block of magnesium carbonate which serves as the standard for 1.0 gain. Higher numbers indicate greater brightness. Gain shall be determined in accordance with SMPTE RP 94-2000.
- B. Viewing angle: Angle from perpendicular center of screen at which the gain or brightness is decreased by 50 percent.
- C. Keystone: Distortion of projected image when screen is not perpendicular to center line of projected image.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide in accordance with Section 01330 Submittal Procedures:
 - 1. Product data for projection screens and accessories.
 - 2. Shop drawings: Indicate dimensions, fabrication, and installation details.
 - 3. Manufacturer's installation, maintenance, and cleaning instructions.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer qualifications: Firm with 30 years minimum successful experience manufacturing projection screens.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver projection screens after building is enclosed and construction where screens will be installed is substantially complete.
- B. Deliver screens in manufacturer's undamaged, labeled packaging.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Da-Lite Screen Co, Inc. Warsaw, Indiana, 1-800-622-3737
- B. Draper, Inc., 411 South Pearl Street, Spiceland, Indiana 47385-0425; 765-987-7999.
- C. Bretford Manufacturing, Inc., Franklin Park, Illinois, 1-800-521-9614
- D. Manufacturers of equivalent products submitted and approved in accordance with Section 01630 - Product Substitution Procedures.

2.2 ROLLERS

A. Provide rigid metal spring rollers for operation of manual screens. Fabricate from either steel or aluminum. Material and roller diameter determined by manufacturer as required by type and size of manual screen.

2.3 VIEWING SURFACE

- A. High Contrast Matte White as manufactured by Da-Lite Screen Company, Inc. or other acceptable manufacturer as listed above: Flame retardant, mildew resistant, vinyl coated fiberglass screen with gray base material and reflective top surface that can be rolled and cleaned with mild soap and water solution.
 - 1. Gain: 1.1.
 - 2. Viewing angle: 45 degrees.

B. Seams: To the extend possible screen surfaces shall be seamless. Where required by size provide a minimum number of flat, horizontal seams. Vertical seams are not acceptable.

C. Type:

Manually operated, retractable projection screen with rigid metal, spring roller and mechanism; Model B as manufactured by Da-Lite Screen Company, Inc.

- 1. Installation method: Wall mounted with 6 inches nonadjustable extension brackets.
- 2. Case: 22 gauge octagonal steel case with flat back and steel end caps with roller supports, wall mounting brackets, and ceiling hanger rings.
 - a. Case length 87-3/8'' inches.
 - b. Finish White enamel paint.
- 3. Attach screen fabric to roller with metal strip crimped to fabric and inserted in camloc device on roller. Screen shall be removable for replacement but prevented from pulling out from roller. Use of tape, glue, staples, and cords is not acceptable. Mount fabric bottom to metal strip in tubular steel slat. Protect slat ends with plastic caps. Screw attach zinc plated pull to slat.
- 4. Viewing surface: High Contrast Matte White.
 - a. Size 60 inches high by 80 inches wide.
 - b. Provide with black masking borders.

2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Installation hardware: Provide attachment hardware, fasteners, and other components of type, size, and spacing recommended by manufacturer for complete, functional, secure installation of manual screens.
- B. Tilt lock: Provide manual screens with tilt lock to hold screen in tilted backward position to eliminate keystoning. Device to consist of removable hook magnetically attached to metal mounting plate adhered to wall with adhesive.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate provision of manual screens with locations of other wall and ceiling mounted components such as visual display boards, casework, structural framing, light fixtures, air diffusers, ducts, and fire sprinklers to eliminate potential conflicts.
- B. Coordinate requirements for blocking, and auxiliary structural supports to ensure adequate means for installation of screens.
- C. Coordinate locations of manual screens with Technology Contractor prior to installation to ensure screens line up with projectors.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install screens in accordance with approved shop drawings and manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. Install projection screens at locations and heights indicated on Drawings. Verify locations in field with Architect, and Technology Contractor.
- C. Install screens securely to supporting substrate so that screens are level and back of case is plumb.

TESTING AND PROTECTING 3.3

- A. Operate each screen three times minimum. Ensure screens properly extend and retract and that screen is level and viewing surface plumb when extended. Adjust to correct deficiencies.
- B. Protect projection screens from damage resulting from subsequent construction activities. Remove and replace damaged screens.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 11480 - GYMNASIUM EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 SCOPE OF WORK

A. Work included in this section consists of furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required for installation of equipment shown on drawings and specified herein.

1.03 OUALITY CONTROL

- Shop drawings: Submit four (4) copies for approval showing general layout, dimensions to structural supports, method from structural or attachment, finishes, support materials and other pertinent details.
- B. Protection: Care and store as required to prevent damage or injury.
- C. Equipment: In accord with NCAA Basketball rules.
- D. Manufacturers: Performance Sports Systems or equivalent by Institutional Products, Inc., Jaypro, Inc., Medart, Draper, Fair-Play Scoreboards and Porter.

PART 2 - GENERAL

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Basketball backstops.
 - 1. Superstructure: 3-1/2" round pipe complete with brackets and bracing required for building conditions. Main mast to be 6 5/8" O.D. with 2 3/8" O.D. heavy gauge diagonal braces to prevent sway.
 - 2. Backstops: Performance Sports systems Model PSS 3100 single post-dual backstop unit; Two (2) required. (welded front braced - front folding basketball backstop).

- 3. Winches: Performance Sports Systems model 1194 1 H.P. 110/120 -volt, 60-hertz, single phase, instant-reverse motor with thermal overload protection. Develops after 1000 lbs. of line pull at a speed of 12 feet per minute. Double self locking worm gearing plus passive unidirectional brake. A large grooved drum assures long cable life and proper coiling. Supported in large diameter ball bearing and with positive, through drum rope anchoring. A constant pressure type tension roller correct cable tracking in assures even conditions. Easy to set limit switches that will not lose critical setting due to vibration or environmental conditions.
- 4. Hoist supplied with 6' cord and 4-prong twist lock plug, female receptacle, 4" square cover and 110/120 volt keyed switch on cover. TO BE CONTROLLED VIA PERFORMANCE SPORTS SYSTEMS TSC2000X TOUCH SCREEN.
- ALL OTHER ELECTRICAL, JUNCTION AND SYNCHRONIZER BOXES NOT MENTIONED ABOVE SHALL BE FURNISHED AND INSTALLED CERTIFIED ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR. FOLLOWING MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS AND ALLLOCAL SAFETY CODES.
- Backboards: Performance Sports systems Model LXP4200 (4), Steel Frame Rectangular Glass Backboard PMCE edge padding (COLORS SELECTED FROM MANUFACTURED STANDARD COLOR RANGE)
- 7. Goals: Performance Sports Systems model 2000+ breakaway (four required), 5/8" diameter cold rolled steel rod with 18" ID formed ring, "no tie" clips welded to rim, official enamel orange finish. Designed to fasten to backboard rear. Complete with 120 thread seine twine
- Safety Straps: Provide locking safety straps for each backstop as manufactured by Performance Sports Systems Model 1100.

Unit shall prevent free-fall of backstops due cable, pulley, support fitting or winch failure. sudden surge of speed due to failure shall instantly lock automatically.

- Total Control System: Provide TSC2000X total system control В. touch screen as manufactured by Performance Sports Systems, consisting of one keypad with touch screen to operate up to eight motorized systems and auxiliary lights (including backstops, height adjusters, divider curtain, bleachers, lighting, and scoreboard).
 - Operates on 110V w/touch screen communications at 24 volts. Mounts in standard 12" x 12" x 6" deep metal box. Relay panel (24" x 24" x 6") can be mounted in any MANUFACTURERS STANDARD KEY PAD NOT remote location. EOUAL. case of overload and will recommend electrical maintenance if TOUCH SCREEN OPERATION IS THE ONLY ACCEPTABLE METHOD.
 - System has capability to operate equipment individually and has custom program options for multiple equipment configurations such as "game day" or "practice setup" system shall have unlimited expandability for operating additional equipment by adding relay boxes.
 - System shall utilize a password control to prevent unauthorized use and press and hold features preventing authorized operator from walking away while equipment is in motion. Auto shut off will occur after thirty seconds of non-use. Unit shall be self diagnostic and have voltage-sensing shutdown feature in needed. NO SUBSTITUTIONS.
 - Provide system with one year manufacturer's warranty covering defects in material and workmanship.

2.02 TNSTALLATION

- Backstops and Goals: Α.
 - 1. Determine from drawings, verify at job site, exact extent and layout of superstructure required for mounting and equipment at required locations.
 - Install boards at correct approved NCAA heights with all necessary bracing.

2.03 WARRANTY SERVICE

- A. Guarantee to replace 100% defective parts and workmanship or one (1) year period.
- 2.04 COMPLETION
 - A. Instruct authorized Owner's representatives in complete operation of equipment included in this section.

2.05 OSHA STANDARDS

A. Bidders are required to meet State and Federal OSHA standards on equipment where requirements have been enacted. The State and Federal OSHA standards will supersede the published specification.

END OF SECTION 11480

SECTION 12300 - PLASTIC LAMINATE CASEWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 General Provisions

A. Attention is directed to Division O, Bidding and Contract Requirements and to Division 1 General Requirements which are hereby made a part of this Specification. Refer to other sections, divisions, and schedules for work in connection with this section.

1.02 Int.ent.

- A. The intent of this specification is to establish minimum performance and quality criteria consistent preestablished standards of design and function. Casework meeting these minimum requirements will unacceptable.
- B. The casework contractor shall be held in strict compliance with any specific materials, finishes, construction details and hardware that are specified herein. Bids proposing to supply casework not meeting requirements will be rejected.

1.03 Work Included

- A. Furnish, deliver, and install to Owner's and Architect's satisfaction, all prefabricated plastic laminate casework as shown on drawings, schedules and equipment lists.
- Furnish and install all fillers, scribes, finished ends, finished backs, work surfaces/backsplashes, and cutouts required to provide a complete and finished project. Plastic laminate work surfaces shall include backer sheet.
- Provide sinks and fittings, electrical outlets and fixtures when specifically stated as being part of this contract.
- D. Provide locks on all tall storage, wardrobe cabinets and at all low cabinets, and upper wall cabinets unless noted otherwise. All cabinets are to be keyed alike per room. All locks are to be masterkeyable to room doors.

- Installation, connection, and testing of all sinks, fittings, electrical fixtures; providing all rough-ins: mechanical piping, electrical runs, and connections required for a complete project.
- Blocking, framing, and reinforcement in walls, ceilings, and floors for anchoring of cabinets and trim.

1.05 OUALIFICATIONS

- Plastic laminate casework shall be as manufactured by Stevens Cabinet Co. Division of Stevens Industries Inc., Teutopolis, Illinois. Products and catalog numbers are from Stevens catalog and are used as basis identification, configuration, size and quality.
- В. Other pre-approved manufacturers are as follows:
 - TMI System Design Corp. Dickinson, North Dakota
 - Case Systems Inc., Midland, Michigan
 - Corporation of America, Inc., Minneapolis, Minnesota
 - Polyvision Corporation, www.polyvision.com, Suwanee, Georgia
 - Fisher Hamilton, Two Rivers, Wisconsin
 - Wood Metal Casework
 - Mica-Tec, Inc.
- Casework of other manufacturers will be considered for approval providing written request is received at least ten (10) days prior to announced bid date and approved by addendum. Bidder shall state in writing any deviations from requirements and specifications. The casework shall conform to configuration, arrangement, design, material quality, joinery, panel thickness, and surfacing of that specified and shown on drawings.
- Manufacturers requesting approval shall submit samples with Cut-A-Ways showing cabinet construction, joinery, drawer and door construction, hardware, and materials; along with catalogs and specification in order that accurate evaluations can be made. Samples may be impounded for the duration of contract to insure construction specification compliance.

1.06 SUBMITTALS

- Shop drawings shall be submitted for approval within Α. thirty (30) days after formal notification of award of contract. Drawings shall consist of floor plans indicating arrangement and relation to electrical, data technology and adjacent work and equipment, and complete elevations of casework. Centerline of service requirements shall be noted for use by other trades. A schedule of all sinks, fittings, and accessories that are part of this contract shall be provided.
- B. Color samples shall be submitted for selection and coordination at time of contract award. Samples of actual material and color shall be available as required.
- Additional catalog cuts, details and samples as requested by Architect for evaluation and coordination.
- Physical sample must be approved prior to fabrication. D.

1.07 PRODUCT DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- Protect cabinet and countertops during transit, delivery, storage and handling to prevent damage, soiling and deterioration.
- Store cabinets and countertops at project installation and storage areas with similar ambient conditions as final installation. Storage areas must be kept dry, heated with low relative humidity and away from construction work such as painting, wet work, grinding and similar operations.

WARRANTY 1.08

- Casework manufacturer shall provide lifetime quarantee and limited warranty to the original Owner against defective material and fabrication for as long as they own the product - this is a warranty of replacement and repair only, the manufacturer will correct defects in material and/or fabrication without additional cost.
- B. Accessory equipment (sinks, fittings etc.)shall be warranted by appropriate manufacturer's guarantee.

2.01 CORE MATERIAL

- Cabinet components having particle board core material shall be of a minimum $45~{\rm lb.}$ density, M-2 industrial grade. The particle board used shall have been tested under ANSI A208.1 1993 standards and/or ASTMD 1037-91A.
- Medium density fiberboard (MDF) shall be used in high stress areas as drawer members and shall be minimum 48 lb. density MD-21 grade and tested under ANSI A208.2 1994 Standards.
- C. Industrial hardboard shall be pre-finished 1/4" thickness composed of wood fibers, phenolic resin binders and moisture inhibitors that meet or exceed the hardboard product standard ANSI/AHA A135.4 1988.
- D. All countertops located with 3'-0'' of any direction of built-in sink and/or bubblers shall be constructed of marine grade ''Greenboard'' MR moisture/water resistant particle board. The particle board shall be tested under ANSI A208.1 1-1993, M3 standards.

2.02 SURFACE MATERIAL

- A. Exposed exteriors shall be permanently thermofused melamine laminate, fused to core using a minimum average pressure of 320 PSI and average 320 degree F. temperature. Thermofused melamine laminate shall meet ALA 1996 specification standards, as tested against the high pressure laminate NEMA LD 3-1995, VGS.028 specification standards. (Warranted for life against delamination).
- B. Exposed doors and drawer fronts shall be permanently thermofused melamine laminate, fused to core using a minimum average pressure of 320 PSI and average 320 degree F. temperature. Thermofused melamine laminate shall meet ALA 1996 specification standards, as tested against the high pressure laminate NEMA LD 3-1995, VGS.028 specification standards, (Warranted for life against delamination).
- C. Exposed interiors shall be permanently thermofused

melamine laminate, fused to core using a minimum average pressure of 320 PSI and average 320 degree F. temperature. Thermofused melamine laminate shall meet ALA 1996 specification standards, as tested against the high pressure laminate NEMA LD 3-1995, VGS.028 specification standards. (Warranted for life against delamination).

D. Semi-exposed and concealed surfaces shall be permanently thermofused melamine laminate or high pressure decorative plastic laminate cabinet liner, 0.020" thickness for balanced construction. Thermofused melamine laminate shall meet the ALA 1996 specifications standard, as tested against the high pressure laminate NEMA LD 3-1995, VGS.028 specification standards.

2.03 EDGINGS

- A. Exposed exterior cabinet front edges shall be banded with a contrasting or matching rigid PVC extrusion, 0.020" thickness, resistant to chip, crack and high impact. Edging shall have a satin finish with a UV cured top coat for additional durability. The 0.020" thick edging shall be applied with waterproof hot melt adhesive.
- B. Door and drawer front edges shall be banded with a contrasting or matching rigid PVC extrusion, 3mm (1/8") thickness, resistant to chip, crack, and high impact. Edging shall have a satin finish with UV cured top coat for additional durability. The 3mm thick edging shall be applied with waterproof hot melt adhesive, and shaped to provide radiused edges and radiused corners.
- C. Adjustable shelves shall be banded with PVC extrusion, resistant to chip, crack, and high impact. Edging shall have a satin finish with a UV cured top coat for additional durability. Edging shall be applied with waterproof hot melt adhesive. Shelves to be 1" thick. 0.020" thick PVC edging shall be applied to four (4) edges of adjustable shelf.
- D. All other interior components, including drawers, shall be banded with a PVC extrusion, 0.020" in thickness, resistant to chip, crack, and high impact. Edging shall have a satin finish with a UV cured top coat for additional durability. Edging to be machine applied with waterproof hot melt adhesive.

2.04 COLOR SELECTIONS

- Exposed cabinet exteriors shall be chosen from Thermofused Α. melamine laminate selections as depicted in manufacturer's color selector quide. A minimum of seventy (70) colors and patterns shall be available as standard selection.
- B. Exposed doors and drawer fronts shall be chosen from Thermofused melamine laminate selections as depicted in manufacturer's color selector guide. A minimum of seventy (70) colors and patterns shall be available as standard selection.
- C. Semi-exposed surfaces, including drawer box components, shall be finished in either pearl or grey as selected from casework manufacturer's standard interior selections.
- Exposed interior components, including both faces of shelves and interior face of backs to match exposed cabinet exterior color selection.
- Door and drawer front edges shall be chosen from one of twenty-two (22) trim group colors in 3mm thick PVC in contrasting or matching colors as depicted in manufacturer's color quide.
- Exposed front edge of cabinet, including exposed interior edges, shall be selected from one of seventy (70) trim group colors in 0.020" thick PVC in contrasting or matching colors as depicted in manufacturer's color guide, or commercial match to selected exposed exterior color based on availability.
- Semi-exposed edges of cabinet components drawers, shall be either pearl or grey n 0.020" thick PVC.
- Η. Pulls shall be available in chrome, brass, bent wire and injection molded pulls in either bent wire or contour design, to be available in twenty (20) colors as selected from manufacturer's color selector.
- I. Casework of substitute brands with lesser amounts or more restrictive selection requirements will not be considered equal and shall be rejected.
- J. Finishes to be laminate manufacturer's matte, suede, or

equivalent finish as approved by Architect. Samples will be reviewed by Architect for color, texture, and pattern only.

2.05 HARDWARE

Α. Hinges

- 1. Institutional five-knuckle secured with minimum of eight screws. Hinge plate must extend into cabinet a minimum of 2 1/4" (56 mm) in order to assure maximum strength. Finish to be powder-coated baked on black enamel or brushed chrome US26D.
 - Two hinges used on all doors less than 48" (1220 mm) in height, three hinges used on all doors 48" (1220 mm) or greater in height. Hinge to accommodate 13/16" (21 mm) door.
- Door catches shall be a heavy-duty spring loaded, large diameter (17.5mm - 11/16") roller type catch mounted at bottom edge. All doors over 48" in height shall be provided with roller catch at both top and bottom of door.
- Catch strike plate shall be injection molded ABS, with an integrally molded engagement ridge. Strike plate shall also provide a wide face bumper insuring a positive door stop.
- Pulls shall be impact resistant injection molded bent wire, 4" length available per color selection in Article 2.04.H.
- Drawer and slide out shelves shall be suspended with bottom mount, side and bottom attached nylon roller epoxy coated steel slides to ensure quiet, smooth operation. Lateral stability is achieved thru a special formed captive profile. Slides shall have 100 lb. load rating, with both in and out drawer stop, 3" self close feature and a side adjustment cam allowing 3mm side to side alignment.
- Drawers specifically noted for full extension file use shall be suspended with bottom mount, side and bottom attached nylon roller epoxy coated steel slides to ensure quiet, smooth operation. Lateral stability is achieved thru a special formed captive profile. Slides shall have 150 lb. load rating, with both in and out drawer stop, and 3" self close feature. File drawer shall include extruded

top mounted molded side rails to accept standard hanging file folders.

- Knee-space, pencil drawers, and keyboard trays, shall be designed to permit under counter or support frame mounting, with 100 lb. nylon roller epoxy coated steel slides.
- Hanger rods shall be heavy chrome plated tubing. Rod Η. shall be securely affixed to cabinet shelves.
- I. Tote trays shall be of high impact polystyrene with smooth edges. Each tray to include an identification card holder and shall be suspended from rails securely attached to cabinet verticals.
- Shelf support clips for 1" thick adjustable shelves shall be injection molded clear polycarbonate. Support clips shall incorporate integral molded lock tabs to retain shelf from topping or inadvertently being lifted out. Support clip shall have 5mm dia. double pin engagement into precision bored hole pattern in cabinet vertical members. Clips shall have a molded ridge which provide pressure against edge of shelving to maintain positive pin engagement. Clip shall be designed in such a manner to provide means for permanent retention to shelf. Static test load must exceed 200lb. per clip.
- Dividers that are 1/4" thick shall be fully adjustable and retained with injection molded clear polycarbonate clip.
- Locks shall be cylinder type, diecast, with five (5) disc tumbler mechanism. Each lock shall be provided with milled brass key. Master key cabinets to room doors. Cabinets with multiple locks installed shall be keyed alike by room, with each cabinet in that room keyed the same unless otherwise specified. Locks shall be Remov-A-Core to give flexibility for different pass key options. Locks shall be provided on all cabinets capable of locking. Key all cabs and drawers within each room alike. Each room to be keyed differently. Provide 1 Master key for all locks. Note: Key each cabinet and drawer in Staff Lounge 152 differently with 1 Master key.
- Sliding door track shall be double channel rigid PVC

extrusion at both top and bottom of doors. Track shall be available in pearl, black or grey colors.

2.06 COMPONENTS

- A. Base, wall and tall cabinet ends shall be 3/4" thick particle board, laminated for balanced construction, surfaced as described in Article 2.02.A and edged as described in Article 2.03.A.
- Base and tall cabinet tops and bottoms shall be 3/4" thick particle board, laminated for balanced construction, surfaced as described in Article 2.02.C, and edged as described in Article 2.03.A.
- C. Wall cabinet top and bottom shall be 1" thick particle board, laminated for balanced construction, surfaced as described in Article 2.02.C, and edged as described in Article 2.03.A.
- D. Vertical cabinet members shall be 3/4" thick particle board, laminated for balanced construction, surfaced as described in Article 2.02.C, and edged as described in Article 2.03D.
- E. Cabinet backs shall be 1/4" thick pre-finished industrial hardboard.
- F. Frame rails shall be 3/4" thick x 3 3/4" wide particle board, laminated for balanced construction, surfaced as described in Article 2.02.C, and edged as described in Article 2.03.A.
- Sub base shall consist of two (2) toe kick support rails shall be 3/4" thick x 3 3/4" high particle board and be inset from cabinet front and back edge, to give additional load support.
- Mounting rails shall be 3/4" thick x 3 3/4" wide particle board. Wall cabinets shall have rails positioned at the top and bottom. Tall cabinets shall have rails positioned at the top and intermediate location. Base cabinet shall have rails positioned at the top of unit.
- I. Drawers shall be full box design with a separate front.

Drawer sides and ends shall be constructed of 5/8" medium density fiberboard with pearl or grey color thermofused melamine laminate and matching PVC top edges. shall be 1/4" thick medium density fiberboard, pearl or grey color thermofused melamine laminate.

- J. Adjustable shelves shall be 1" thick. Edges of shelf shall be banded as described in Article 2.03.C with a high impact, rigid PVC extrusion, pearl or grey in color.
- Sliding display doors shall be constructed of 1/4" thick distortion free glazing sheet. Center edge shall be capped with full length aluminum channel. Aluminum channel shall be custom extruded, clear etched and Full length extruded aluminum channel shall be anodized. used on other edges.
- Solid hinged doors, sliding doors and drawer fronts shall be 3/4" thick material of balanced construction, surfaced as described in Section 2.02.B, edged as described in Article 2.03.B.

2.07 CONSTRUCTION

- Cabinet parts shall be accurately machined and precision bored for premium grade quality joinery construction, utilizing automatic machinery to ensure consistent sizing on modular cabinets. Cabinets shall be assembled under controlled case clamp conditions, assuring final cabinet squareness and proper joint compressions.
- Cabinet ends shall be bored to receive 8mm, industrial grade hardwood laterally fluted dowels with chamfered Cabinet ends shall be prepared to receive adjustable shelf hardware at 32mm (approximately 1 1/4") centers. Door hinges and drawer slides shall be machined drilled to maintain vertical and horizontal alignment of components. Inset grooving with chamfer shall be machined 3/4" from rear edge to accept the 1/4" back. Base and tall units shall have one piece end panels continuous to floor for added load capabilities.
- C. Tops and bottoms shall be joined to cabinet ends using a minimum of six (6) dowels at each joint for twenty-four (24) inch deep cabinets and a minimum of four (4) dowels at each joint, for twelve (12) inch deep cabinets. dowels to be industrial grade hardwood, laterally fluted, with chamfered ends and 8mm in diameter. Top of base cabinet will be full depth. Inset grooving with chamfer

shall be machined 3/4" from rear edge to accept the 1/4" back.

- Vertical dividers shall be bored to receive adjustable shelf hardware at 32 mm (approximately 1 1/4") centers. Dividers shall be joined to tops and bottoms with 8mm diameter hardwood dowels.
- Frame rails shall be joined to ends with 8mm diameter Ε. hardwood dowels.
- Two (2) toe kick supports shall be inset from cabinet front and back edges, and doweled into cabinet ends with 8mm hardwood dowels.
- Mounting rails shall be fully concealed behind backs. Rails shall be 3/4" thick and fastened to cabinet ends with 8mm hardwood dowels. Wall and tall cabinet shall incorporate two mounting rails. Wall cabinets shall have rails positioned at top and bottom. Tall cabinets shall have rails positioned at top and intermediate location. Base units shall have rail positioned in the upper back area.
- Back panels shall be 1/4" thick and inset 3/4" from rear edge of cabinet. Back shall be glued and continuously trapped in top, bottom and ends of cabinets.
- Drawer corner joints shall be interlocking dowel pin Hardwood dowel pins, 8mm diameter shall be design. inserted into drawer fronts and backs to fit into machined hole patterns in drawer sides. Bottoms shall be trapped into grooves on all four sides glued and mechanical Drawers shall be suspended on slides as fastened. described in Article 2.05.E.

2.08 WORK SURFACES

- Core material having particle board shall be of a minimum 45 lb. density, M-2 industrial grade. The particle board used shall have been tested under ANSI A208.1 1993 standards and/or ASTMD 1037-91A.
- Surface material shall be high pressure decorative plastic laminate thermoset to core using catalyzed PVA glue with a minimum average pressure of 90 PSI and average 180 degree F temperature. High pressure decorative plastic laminate shall meet NEMA LD 3-1995, HGP.039 specification standards.
- Color selection shall be high pressure decorative plastic

laminate selections as depicted in manufacturer's color selector guide. A minimum of seventy (70) colors and patterns shall be available as standard selection.

- D. Exposed edges shall be 90 degree plastic laminate with a chamfered edge.
- Ε. Underside of all work surfaces to have BK-20 backer or approved equivalent. This balance sheet shall thermoset to core using catalyzed PVA glue with a minimum average pressure of 90 PSI and average 180 degree F. temperature.
- F. Counter Tops Plastic Laminate
 - 1. Deck shall consist of two layers of 3/4" (19 mm) particle board at the front edge and all other exposed edges providing a total thickness of 1 1/2" (40 mm). Solid patterns or wood grain colors of ONLY WILSONART brand high-pressure plastic laminate may be selected for the surfaces. The method of application of the laminate to the substrate shall be as recommended by the Decorative Plastic Laminate Association.
 - 2. Provide loose back splashes without scribes.
- Physical Properties shall meet minimally:

2. 3. 4. 5.	Flexural Strength Compressive Strength Hardness Rockwell M Density Gr./CC. Water Absorption Flame Test	ASTM-Method D-790 ASTM-Method D-695 ASTM-Method D-785 ASTM-Method D-792 ASTM-Method D-570 ASTM-Method D-635	16,000/psi 36,500/psi 110 123.55 lbs/ft ³ 0.0076% Self-
٠.	Traine rese	ABIM Meellod D 033	Extinguishing

2.09 GLASS

- Wall unit full sliding glass doors: ¼ inch laminated safety glass.
- Glass insert doors, hinged or sliding wall cabinets: 1/4 inch laminated safety glass.
- C. Glass insert doors, hinged or sliding tall or base cabinets. ¼ inch laminate safety glass.
- Sliding doors mounted in aluminum track. D.
- Ε. Trim glass inserts: Extruded rigid PVC.
- 2.10 COLOR SELECTION

- Laminate Color Selection: Α.
 - 1. Select from the full range of ONLY Wilsonart®, standard color charts for cabinet faces, exposed ends, open interiors and countertops.
- Hinge and Pull Color Selection: В.
 - 1. Select from full range of stock and custom colors to coordinate/match: Wilsonart®.
- Miscellaneous Hardware Color Selection (support brackets, C. table frames, rail):
 - 1. Select from full range of stock and custom colors to coordinate/match: Wilsonart®.
- 3mm PVC Edge Banding Color Selection:
 - 1. Select from full range of stock and custom colors to coordinate/match: Wilsonart®.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- The Installer must examine the job site and the conditions under which the work in this section is to be performed, and notify the Construction Manager in writing of any unsatisfactory conditions. Do not proceed with work under this section until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the installer.
- Casework, countertops, and related materials to conditioned to average prevailing humidity condition in installation areas prior to start of work.
- Install casework and countertops with factory-trained supervision authorized by manufacturer. Casework shall be installed plumb, level, true and straight with no distortions. (Shim as required). Securely attached to building structure with anchorage devices of appropriate type, size and quantity to meet applicable codes, specifications and safety conditions. Where laminate clad casework and countertops abuts other finished work, scribe and trim to accurate fit.
- D. Adjust casework and hardware so that doors and drawers

- operate smoothly without warp or bind. Lubricate operating hardware as recommended by the manufacturer.
- E. Repair, or remove and replace, defective work as directed upon completion of installation.
- F. Clean plastic surfaces, repair minor damage per plastic laminate manufacturer's recommendations. Replace other damaged parts of units.
- G. Advise Construction Manager of procedures and precautions for protection of casework and countertops from damage by other trades until acceptance of work by Owner.
- H. Cover casework with 4-mil polyethylene film for protection against soiling and deterioration during remainder of construction period.

END OF SECTION 12300

SECTION 12492 - WINDOW TREATMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Α. Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

The extent of window treatments is shown on the drawings. Α.

1.03 SECTION INCLUDES:

Window shades and accessories for glare and sunlight control.

1.04 **OUALITY ASSURANCE:**

- Manufacturer: Provide window treatments manufactured by one of the following:
 - 1. Draper.(Basis of Design)
 - 2. Hunter Douglas
 - 3. OpenLight

1.05 PRODUCTS SUPPLIED:

Furnish and install manual FlexShade System manufactured by Draper, Inc., 411 South Pearl Street, Spiceland, IN 47385. Phone number: (765)987-7999 Fax: (765) 987-7142. Contact: Art Tober (586) 416-0829, atober@draperinc.com

1.06 SUBMITTALS:

- Manufacturer's Product Data: Submit manufacturer's Α. descriptive product data and installation instructions for each type of window treatment specified.
- Shop Drawings: Submit, indicating the following: В.
 - Room schedule with field-verified dimensions of openings scheduled to receive manual FlexShades with brackets, fascia and endcaps, outside mount just beyond window mullion (unless indicated otherwise).

Indicate fabric selection, operator, hardware style, and all associated material required for a complete installation.

1.07 PRODUCT DELIVERY

- A. Deliver to job site in manufacturer's original cartons.
- Manual FlexShades to be labeled according to room schedule. В.
- Manual FlexShades to be carefully handled and stored to prevent damage to materials, finishes, and operating mechanisms.
- Installer responsible for acceptable installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCT

2.01 MANUFACTURED UNITS

- A. Provide SheerWeave Series SW2703 fabric by Phifer-FlexShades as manufactured by Draper Systems Inc., Spiceland, IN. Color to be selected by Owner from manufacturer's standard colors. Exterior color shall be white.
 - Shade fabric shall be as follows: A glare control 1. shade fabric shall be 36% fiberglass, 64% vinyl on fiberglass, woven into a duplex basketweave pattern; washable and flame-retardant.
 - a. Fire Rating:
 - 1. NFPA 701-1999 TM #1 (small scale)
 - 2. . NFPA - 101 (Class A rating)
 - b. Fabric shall be min. 14.00 oz/s.y., .028" thick.
 - c. Fabric shall be avg. 3% open.
 - d. Roll width window openings are shown on the drawings. Field verify each window opening.
 - e. Meet requirements of ASTM G-21 fungal growth testing and ASTM-G22.
 - 2. Provide manual FlexShade System using bead chain clutch operator with chain hold down device (mounted on RH side of shade, unless noted otherwise) and brackets, fascia and endcaps. Provide all mounting hardware for a complete system.

a. For shades located in upper clerestory windows where the bottom of the opening is greater than 7'-0" A.F.F., provide bead chain in extended lengths to reach to 48" A.F.F. Verify all window heights in field.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- Installer must examine the substrates and conditions under Α. which the window treatments are to be installed, and notify the Construction Manager in writing of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.
- В. Install in locations and at mounting height to comply with governing authorities. Prepare recesses in walls as required. Securely fasten to structure, square and plumb, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- Install manual FlexShade System in accordance with Draper's specifications, standards and procedures as detailed in installation instructions. Installation contractor to be responsible for site measurements and suitability of mounting surfaces.
- D. Manufacturer's standard (25) year limited warranty applies.

END OF SECTION 12492

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

2015 RENOVATIONS

GILL ELEMENTARY 151626AG FOREST ELEMENTARY 151626AF LANIGAN ELEMENTARY 151626AL

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 12492 - WINDOW TREATMENT

FOREST ELEMENTARY; GILL ELEMENTARY; LANIGAN ELEMENTARY: RE-BID

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Attention is directed to Division 0, Bidding and Contract Requirements, and to Division 1, General Requirements, which are hereby made a part of this Section.

1.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

A. The extent of window treatments is shown on the drawings.

1.03 SECTION INCLUDES:

A. Window shades and accessories for glare and sunlight control.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Manufacturer: Provide window treatments manufactured by one of the following:
 - Draper.(Basis of Design)
 - 2. Hunter Douglas
 - 3. OpenLight

1.05 PRODUCTS SUPPLIED:

A. Furnish and install manual FlexShade System manufactured by Draper, Inc., 411 South Pearl Street, Spiceland, IN 47385. Phone number: (765)987-7999 Fax: (765) 987-7142. Contact: Art Tober (586) 416-0829, atober@draperinc.com

1.06 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Manufacturer's Product Data: Submit manufacturer's descriptive product data and installation instructions for each type of window treatment specified.
- B. Shop Drawings: Submit, indicating the following:
 - 1. Room schedule with field-verified dimensions of openings scheduled to receive manual FlexShades with brackets, fascia and endcaps, outside mount just beyond window mullion (unless indicated otherwise).

GILL ELEMENTARY 151626AG FOREST ELEMENTARY 151626AF LANIGAN ELEMENTARY 151626AL

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

2. Indicate fabric selection, operator, hardware style, and all associated material required for a complete installation.

1.07 PRODUCT DELIVERY

- A. Deliver to job site in manufacturer's original cartons.
- B. Manual FlexShades to be labeled according to room schedule.
- C. Manual FlexShades to be carefully handled and stored to prevent damage to materials, finishes, and operating mechanisms.
- D. Installer responsible for acceptable installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCT

2.01 MANUFACTURED UNITS

- A. Provide SheerWeave Series SW2703 fabric by Phifer-FlexShades as manufactured by Draper Systems Inc., Spiceland, IN. Color to be selected by Owner from manufacturer's standard colors. Exterior color shall be white.
 - 1. Shade fabric shall be as follows: A glare control shade fabric shall be 36% fiberglass, 64% vinyl on fiberglass, woven into a duplex basketweave pattern; washable and flame-retardant.
 - a. Fire Rating:
 - 1. NFPA 701-1999 TM #1 (small scale)
 - 2. NFPA 101 (Class A rating)
 - b. Fabric shall be min. 14.00 oz/s.y., .028" thick.
 - c. Fabric shall be avg. 3% open.
 - d. Roll width window openings are shown on the drawings. Field verify each window opening.
 - e. Meet requirements of ASTM G-21 fungal growth testing and ASTM-G22.

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

2015 RENOVATIONS

GILL ELEMENTARY 151626AG FOREST ELEMENTARY 151626AF LANIGAN ELEMENTARY 151626AL

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

- 2. Provide manual FlexShade System using bead chain clutch operator with chain hold down device (mounted on RH side of shade, unless noted otherwise) and brackets, fascia and endcaps. Provide all mounting hardware for a complete system.
 - a. For shades located in upper clerestory windows where the bottom of the opening is greater than 7'-0" A.F.F., provide bead chain in extended lengths to reach to 48" A.F.F. Verify all window heights in field.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Installer must examine the substrates and conditions under which the window treatments are to be installed, and notify the Construction Manager in writing of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.
- B. Install in locations and at mounting height to comply with governing authorities. Prepare recesses in walls as required. Securely fasten to structure, square and plumb, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Install manual FlexShade System in accordance with Draper's specifications, standards and procedures as detailed in installation instructions. Installation contractor to be responsible for site measurements and suitability of mounting surfaces.
- D. Manufacturer's standard (25) year limited warranty applies.

END OF SECTION 12492

SECTION 12610 - FIXED SEATING

Part 1: General Specifications

1.1 Summary:

Deliver and install fixed padded and upholstered chairs in quantity and arrangement shown on the drawings, specified, floor mounted, with self-lifting seat that rises to a uniform 3/4-safety fold position.

1.2 Submittals:

A. Product data for each chair model specified to include construction details, material descriptions and finish options

B. LEED:

- 1. Product data for MR Credit 4 documenting recycled content.
- layout (shop drawings) developed from C. Seating contract drawings that show aisle widths, chair spacing for each row, row-lettering and chair-numbering scheme, chair dimensions and back pitch. Layout drawings to also include locations for accessories, including left- and right-hand tablet arms, electrical devices, accessibility provisions and attachments to other work.
- D. Samples for verification & finish selection to include:
 - finish selections to be made from manufacturer's standard color and fabric guides.
 - 2. Final powder coat selection to be approved from manufacturers standard-sized samples not less than 1" x 3".
 - laminate selection to be approved manufacturers standard-sized samples not less than 2" x 2".

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- 4. Final plastic color selection to be approved from manufacturers standard-sized samples not less than 2" x 3".
- 5. Final wood finish selection to be approved from manufacturers standard-sized samples not less than 4" x 3".
- 6. Final upholstery fabric selection to be approved from fabric mills standard swatch size if available.
- E. Maintenance instructions and inspection quidelines furnished for each chair model specified.
- F. Manufacturers standard warranty.

1.3 Quality Assurance:

- A. Source Limitations:
 - 1. Obtain each type of fixed seating required, including accessories and mounting components, from a single manufacturer.
 - 2. Obtain fabric of a single dye lot for each color and pattern of fabric required except when yardage requirement exceeds maximum dye lot. Multiple dye lots shall be color matched for quality assurance.
- B. Fire Performance Characteristics of Upholstered Seating:
 - 1. Fabric shall be Class 1 according to DOC CS 191 and 16 CFR 1610.61, tested according to California Technical Bulletin 117.
 - shall comply with California Technical 2. Padding Bulletin 117.
- C. Build sample chairs for each model required demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for fabrication.

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1.4 Project Conditions:

A. Environmental Limitations:

Do not deliver or install seating until spaces enclosed and weather tight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and temporary or permanent HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

B. Field Measurements:

Take field measurements to verify or supplement dimensions indicated on contract drawings prior to manufacturing.

1.5 Project Coordination:

- A. Do not deliver or install seating until space is free of lifts and/or scaffolding used by other trades which may interfere with installation and/or damage seating.
- B. Coordinate layout and installation of electrical wiring and devices with electrical contractor to ensure that junction boxes for electrical floor devices accurately located for final connection to the building's power supply by the electrical contractor.
- C. Coordinate layout and installation of seating with HVAC contractor to ensure that vents are located in a manner that will not interfere with seating installation.
- D. Coordinate concrete requirements needed for proper installation.

1.6 Warranty:

A. Provide a manufacturer's warranty covering the material and workmanship for the specified warranty period from date of final acceptance.

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B. Warranty Periods:

- 1. Structural Components: five years.
- 2. Operating Mechanisms: five years.
- 3. Plastic, Wood and Painted Components: five years.
- 4. Upholstery Fabric: one year.
- 5. Electrical Components: one year.

Part 2: Products

2.1 Materials and Finishes:

- A. Steel shall meet requirements for ASTM A 36/A 36M plates, bars; ASTM A 513 shapes, and mechanical ASTM A 1008/A 1008M cold-rolled sheet; and ASTM A 1011 hot-rolled sheet and strip.
- B. Cast Iron shall meet requirements for ASTM A 48/A 48M, Class 25, gray iron castings free of blow holes and hot checks with parting lines ground smooth.
- C. Cast Aluminum shall meet requirements for ASTM B 85 aluminum-alloy die castings.
- D. All exposed metal parts shall be powder coated with a hybrid thermosetting powder coat finish. The powder coat finish shall be applied by electrostatic means to a thickness of 2 - 5 mils, and shall provide a durable coating having a 2H Pencil hardness. Prior to powder coating, metal parts shall be treated with a three-stage non-acidic, bonderizing process for superior finish adhesion, and after coating shall be oven baked to cause proper flow of the epoxy powder to result in a smooth, durable finish. Exposed metal components color to be selected from manufacturer's standard colors.
- E. Medium-density fiberboard shall meet requirements for ANSI A208.2, Grade MD, made with binder containing no urea formaldehyde.

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- F. Concealed plywood shall meet requirements for HPVA HP-1 hardwood plywood.
- G. Exposed plywood shall meet requirements for HPVA HP-1, Face Grade A, hardwood veneer core with color-matched hardwood-veneer faces, made with adhesive containing no urea formaldehyde.
- H. Hardwood lumber and veneer faces shall be maple selected to be free of visible defects. Exposed wood shall be sanded smooth and stained to color selected with low-VOC water-based stain and top coat to provide with a high quality finish. Wood stain color to be selected from manufacturer's standard colors.
- I. Fabric: all bidders are to include an allowance of \$13.00 per s.y. for chair seat and back fabric. Colors and patterns to be selected at a later date based upon this allowance. Further, it is required that fabric shall meet Class 1 flammability requirements of the U.S. Department of Commerce Commercial Standard 191-53 per Bulletin #117 (California Code).
- J. Upholstery padding shall be molded or slab polyurethane foam.

K. Molded Plastics:

- 1. Structural components shall be mar and dent resistant high density glass-filled polypropylene with stabilizers.
- 2. Decorative components shall be mar and dent resistant high density polyethylene (HDPE) with UV stabilizers.
- 3. Plastic components color shall be selected from manufacturer's standard colors.

2.2 Fixed Audience Seating:

A. Permanent arrangement of fixed audience seating as shown on seating layout drawings.

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- 1. Approved manufacturers subject to compliance with requirements outlined herein.
- 2. Basis-of-design for fixed audience seating is Irwin Seating Company model 90.12.10.4 Citation or comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. American Seating Company Stellar Chair #35-220
 - b. K.I. Lancaster Chair
 - c. All other interested bidders must request approval to bid from Architect and submit a full scale mock-up of each seating type for consideration prior to bid. Architect will identity additional approved bidders & products via addendum prior to bid.
- B. Chair support columns shall be a formed 14 gauge (.0747") steel tube with an integral back wing plate. Column shall exhibit a 10° rearward incline to help conceal back attachment hardware. Brackets for seat attachment shall be 7-gauge (.1875") steel for superior strength, formed with an integral support buttress. Floor attachment foot shall be formed from 12 gauge (.105) steel to 7-1/2" x 2-5/8" in size. All steel components shall be robotic welded for precise assembly and exceptional integrity. Foot-to-column welds are to be concealed on the inside of the foot for a clean appearance. The standard shall be fabricated to be compatible with the floor incline, and to maintain proper seat and back height and angle.
- C. Aisle end panels shall be injection molded glass-filled polypropylene and enclose the upper 2/3 of the support column. Panels are teardrop-shaped with a concave rear edge and well-rounded surfaces around a center area, which features a veneer surfaced insert.
- D. Backs shall be rectangular shaped, padded and upholstered on their face, with a one-piece injection molded polymer rear panel. The foundation of the back component shall be provided by a 7/16" thick, 5-ply hardwood inner panel that shall also serve as the upholstery substrate. The face of the back shall be upholstered over a 2" thick

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polyurethane foam pad. The polyfoam pad shall be securely cemented to the plywood inner panel and upholstered with a 1-piece cover securely fastened to the hardwood inner panel by means of upholstery staples to facilitate ease of re-upholstering. The rear designer panel shall be injection molded HDPE plastic, high impact-resistant, with textured outer surface, formed to enclose the edges of the inner upholstery panel at the top and both sides of the back, and shall be not less than 25" in length, extending down to the rear of the seat. There shall be no exposed screws above the armrests. Wings used for the attachment of the complete back assembly to the standards shall be not less than 14 gauge (.0747") steel. Wings shall be firmly secured to the inner panel through the use of threaded t-nuts fastened to the inner panel. Assembled chair shall have a nominal back height of 34". The back assembly shall be certified through routine ISO testing to withstand a 250 lb. static load test applied approximately 16" above the seat assembly and a 100,000 cycle 40 lb. swing impact test.

- E. Seats shall be padded and upholstered on their top surface with a structural, injection molded polypropylene seat foundation. Seats shall self-rise to a uniform unoccupied. position when The mechanism shall certified through routine ISO testing to exceed 300,000 cycles during ASTM Designation F851-87 Test Method for Self-Rising Seat Mechanism. In addition, the seat shall withstand as a 600 lb. static load test approximately 3" from the front edge of the seat assembly and a 50,000 cycles 125 lb. vertical drop impact test.
 - 1. Seat foundation shall be engineered glass-filled, injection molded polypropylene, strengthened by deep internal ribs and gussets, completely enclosing the self-rising hinge mechanism. Bottom surface of the foundation shall be textured and feature an attractive molded recess. Bolted attachment of the seat assembly to the chair standard shall be concealed by an integral color-coordinated plastic cap to present a finished, refined appearance.

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- 2. When unoccupied, the seat shall rise automatically to a 3/4 safety fold position, and upon a slight rearward pressure, shall achieve full-fold, allowing the patron additional passing room. The seat shall rotate on two, molded acetal shafts supported by nylon bearings with integral down-stops for exceptional strength. Seatlift shall be accomplished by compression springs and self-lubricating plastic cams.
- 3. The base structure for the cushion assembly shall be an ergonomic contoured, rigid thermoplastic resin panel covered with a 3" thick molded polyurethane foam pad. Cushion assembly is upholstered with a carefully tailored fabric cover secured around the perimeter of the thermoplastic resin panel by means of a drawstring and staples and securely locked to the seat foundation, preventing unauthorized removal; facilitating convenient access by trained maintenance personnel.
- F. Chair width shall vary to accommodate sightlines and row lengths from center to center of armrests.
- G. Back height and pitch shall be fixed as shown on seating layout drawings.
- H. Center standards shall be provided with a glass-filled polypropylene armrest support structure capable surpassing a 200 lb. vertical static load test applied 3" from the front edge of the armrest. Armrest support shall be attached to the support column with an integral ribbed post that binds into the steel support column and locked in place with a concealed security screw. structure is capped with a comfort curved solid wood armrest attached with concealed hardware. Aisle end armrests are to be comfort curved solid wood and attached the 14-gauge aisle panel bracket with concealed hardware.
- I. Row-lettering and chair-numbering shall be provided for identification of all chairs as shown on approved seating layout drawings. Number plates shall be 5/8" x 1-5/8" aluminum with a clear finish and black sans serif

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numerals. The seat pans shall be recessed at the center of the front edge for the number plates, and attached by two (2) pop rivets. Letter plates shall be $5/8" \times 1-5/8"$ with a clear finish and black sans serif numerals attached in recess of aisle standard armrest by two (2) escutcheon pins. Attaching hardware shall have a finish compatible to plates.

J. Aisle lights shall be furnished for aisle standards designated on the approved seating layout drawings. Aisle lights shall be low voltage, non-hazardous 12 volt, D.C., system, utilizing a minimum of six miniature LED (light emitting diode) light elements concealed on the underside of polypropylene aisle panel recess, and providing white illumination for floor and/or steps adjacent to the aisle standards. The aisle light standards are to be provided pre-wired with approximately 18" of wiring extending beyond the base of the standards. Wiring shall be encased within a black, rubber-coated flex steel conduit that exits the column just above the foot. Seating supplier shall furnish as part of the aisle light package a voltage reduction device suitable for conversion of 120 volt, A.C., facility power to 12 volt, D.C., for aisle lights requirement. The voltage reduction device shall be Underwriters' Laboratories listed as a Class II Power Unit for proper supply of power to the aisle lights. All wiring connections from the electric distribution system to the aisle light standards, as well as installation, proper safe mounting, and connection of the voltage reduction device, shall be the responsibility of the electrical contractor, including provision of suitable locking-style electrical disconnect device.

K. Accessible Seating:

1. Shall be designated on the seating layout drawings and designed to allow an individual to transfer from a wheelchair to the theatre chair. The aisle standard shall be equipped with an armrest capable of lifting to a position parallel with the support column, opening sideways access to the seat. Aisle standards so equipped shall be provided with a label, displaying an easily recognizable "handicapped" symbol.

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Decorative requirements of aisle standards are waived for the handicapped access standards.

- L. Furnish extra materials from the same production run that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Furnish complete seat and back assemblies equal to 2% of amount installed for each type and size of chair seat and back.
 - 2. Furnish seat and back fabric covers equal to 5% of amount installed for each type and size of cushion.
 - 3. Furnish armrests equal to 5% of amount installed for each type of armrest.

2.3 Fabrication:

- A. Manufacture fabric-covered cushions with molded padding beneath fabric and with fabric covering free of welts, creases, stretch lines, and wrinkles. For each upholstered component, install pile and pattern run in a consistent direction.
- B. Fabricate floor attachment plates to conform to floor slope, if any, so that standards are plumb and chairs are maintained at same angular relationship to vertical throughout project.

Part 3: Execution

3.1 Examination

- A. Prior to layout and installation examine floors, risers, and other adjacent work and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the work including, but not limited to, plumb of riser faces and concrete conditions.
- B. Examine locations of electrical connections.

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- C. Examine locations of HVAC supply ducts.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 Installation

- A. Install seating in locations indicated and fastened securely to substrates according to manufacturer's written installation instructions.
- B. Use installation methods and fasteners that produce fixed audience seating assemblies with individual capable of supporting an evenly distributed 600-lb static load applied 3" from front edge of the seat without failure or other conditions that might impair the chair's usefulness.
- C. Install seating with chair end standards aligned from first to last row and with backs and seats varied in width and spacing to optimize sightlines.
- D. Install riser-mounted attachments to maintain uniform chair heights above floor.
- E. Install chairs in curved rows at a smooth radius.
- F. Install seating so moving components operate smoothly and quietly.
- G. Install wiring conductors and cables concealed components of seating and accessible for servicing.

3.3 Field Quality Control

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.4 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust chair backs so that they are properly aligned with each other.

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- B. Adjust self-rising seat mechanisms so seats in each row are aligned when in upright position.
- C. Verify that all components and devices are operating properly.
- D. Repair minor abrasions and imperfections in finishes with coating that matches factory-applied finish.
- E. Replace upholstery fabric damaged during installation.

End of Section

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SECTION 12760 - GYMNASIUM BLEACHERS - EAST MIDDLE SCHOOL

- 1. Part I General
- 1.1 Work
 - A. Telescoping gymnasium bleachers.
- 1.2 References:

Applicable building codes IBC Edition Year 2012/MBC 2012, NFPA 102

- 1.3 Description of the System
 - The bleacher system shall be comprised of multiple tiered, closed deck seating rows operating in a telescopic manner, incorporating the most economical quantity of sections while still complying with all loading requirements.
 - The first moving row shall be secured with friction or В. mechanical locks. Other rows shall be mechanically locked, operable only upon unlocking and cycling the first row, quantity to be determined by Interkal engineering.
 - C. Each bleacher row shall be comprised of risers, seat and deck components, and a complete set of supportive columns and braces.
 - The telescopic bleacher shall incorporate a locking D. system permitting the use of one, several, or all rows, each locked in the extended position.

1.4 Quality Assurance

- Α. Qualifications
 - 1. Manufacturing: Manufacturer shall be regularly engaged in the design and manufacturing of telescopic seating for not less than ten years.
 - 2. Engineering: It will be mandatory that each bidder submit with their bid an affidavit signed by a Registered Professional Engineer stating that the product to be supplied has been tested by an independent testing facility and meets all applicable code requirements.

Deviations: It will be the responsibility of the bidder В. to furnish with their bid, a list clarifying any deviations from the specifications, written or implied. Those bidders not submitting a list of deviations will be presumed to have bid as specified.

C. Guarantees:

- 1. One-Year Guarantee: The manufacturer shall guarantee all work performed under these specifications to be free from defects for a period of one year.
- D. Product Improvements: Seating provided shall incorporate manufacturer's design improvements and materials current at time of shipment.

1.5 Submittals:

- Submit manufacturer's installation instructions and descriptive literature in accordance with Section 01330 ''Submittals''.
- В. Manufacturer's operating and maintenance manuals in accordance with Section 01700 ''Contract Closeout''.

Design Criteria

- Telescopic bleacher design and fabrication shall conform to IBC 2012/MBC 2012.
- В. Telescopic gymnasium seating will be designed to support a vertical live load of 100 PSF, but not less than 120 PLF on both seat boards and footboards, and as a separate case, a 300 lbs. concentrated load. Seating shall also be designed to carry a horizontal sway force of 24 PLF parallel to the seating and 10 PLF perpendicular to the seating.
- Steel components shall be cold-formed from appropriate C. width coil conforming to A1011 SS Grade 30, ASTM A653-Grades 33, 40 and 50, ASTM A500 - Grade B 46 KSI as applicable.
- Lumber components are kiln dried, finger jointed, edge D. glued southern pine of grade "B & B Finish" manufactured to the current SPIB glued-laminated standards for southern pine.

Plywood deck boards shall be fabricated from Douglas Fir Premium Underlayment with exterior glue, 5 ply minimum, solid crossband directly under face ply, species Group 1 and manufactured in accordance with APA grade trademarked PS1.

2. PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Manufacturer

Telescopic seating as manufactured by Interkal, Kalamazoo, Michigan, is the standard of quality (Basis of Design) required and specified herein.

2.2 Materials

- Α. Model: Interkal, closed deck telescopic bleachers
- В. Type: Wall attached
- C. Quantity:
 - Provide 2 banks of wall attached 15 rows high.
 - 2. Provide 2 pendent controls.
- ADA D.
 - Notchouts Recoverable: Provide 3'-0 1/4'' wide 1. wheel chair spaces as required to meet local code jurisdiction compliance with ADA. Notchouts to be 1 row deep.
- Dimensions: Ε.
 - 1. Rise per row 10 - 1/4''
 - 2. Row to row spacing 22''

Proulsion: F.

Friction Power. Furnish Interkal friction power, integral automatic electro-mechanical propulsion system to open and close telescopic seating system. Operation shall assure full visual control of the seating bank. The Wide Track System incorporates two friction drive roller assemblies as an integral part of both first row vertical column assemblies. Each section of bleacher shall have a power system that shall consist of two vertical column roller assemblies which shall include two 6'' diameter by 2 ½'' wide case drive wheels for a minimum of four friction roller contact points per section of bleacher. Each roller shall have a specially formulated 45durometer rubber covering to grip the floor as the

units roll in and out. The two friction drive roller assemblies shall be installed a minimum of 7' apart per section. The two friction roller assemblies are linked together by a continuous drive shaft driven by a $\frac{1}{2}$ H.P. 208 volt 3-phase motor that shall enable the rollers to work simultaneously, resulting in a more efficient operation with allowance for minor variations in the floor surface. All floor friction power systems shall be controlled by a dual directional, removable walk along pendant which plugs into the front of the first row to give the operator proper position for visual control. The pendant control voltage shall be 24 VAC @ less than 50 mA for safety of all operating personnel. The entire power system shall be U.L. Recognized. A 208 volt 3-phase power source, including conduit, wiring and safety disconnect must be provided by others. The electrical contractor shall perform the connections to the seating equipment at the safety disconnect. Motors, housing, and wiring shall be installed by certified personnel.

2.3 Accessories

- Foot Level Aisles: Provide footrest level aisles at locations and sizes as shown on plans and approved shop drawings.
 - Center Aisle: Provide a permanently attached selfstoring aisle rail, which is designed to eliminate all labor associated with set up and storage of the aisle rails.
 - Intermediate Steps: Provide manufacturers standard intermediate step as necessary per applicable code.

В. Wheelchair Seating:

Notchouts. Provide manufacturers standard permanent handicap notchouts (3'-0 ½'' wide) located as shown on architectural plans. Notchouts must be located at section joints only to avoid interference with understructure. Fascia panels shall have manufacturer's standard polydeck finish to match deck board surface. Notchouts to be 1 row deep.

2. Recoverable Notchouts. Provide manufacturers standard recoverable handicap notchouts (3'-0 1/4'' wide) located as shown on architectural drawings. Notchouts to be 1 row deep. Operation of the notchout from either mode shall be accomplished by activating a single pull rod located in the front kickboard. The locking linkage shall engage a continuous locking angle and lock the notchout in either recovered or handicap mode. Recoverable seating utilizing cables or any requirement for tools to change modes will not be acceptable.

C. End Railing:

- Provide steel self-storing 42'' high self-storing end guard rails with tubular supports and vertical intermediate members to comply with all code requirements. Rails shall be fitted to each exposed bank end from third row and above with all steel to steel connections. Finish shall be a black polyester powder coat.
- D. End Panels: Provide manufacturers full stack end panels to close off the opening between end rails and the wall when the bleachers are stacked. (Not available with vinyl end curtains)

2.4 FABRICATION

- Continuous Wheel Channel: Wheel channels shall consist Α. of a one piece formed steel channel welded to the base of a vertical column. Wheel channels accommodate 8 to 12 wheels per row for maximum weight distribution and operating ease.
- Wheels: 3-1/2' diameter with 1-1/8' non-marring soft В. rubber face with rounded edges designed to protect wood or synthetic floor. Provide 1/2" diameter axle for all wheels
- Columns: Electrically welded closed rectangular steel C. tube, 2" x 3" minimum size, fitted with a rear welded gusset at the wheel channel.

D. Row Interlocks:

Join each row structure front to rear by means of two (2) interacting steel connections, plus automatic gravity row locks where Engineering determines they are required.

- 2. Lower: Lower track guides shall be an external superslide rod to guarantee positive engagement of vertical supports without binding and assures smooth operation over uneven floor conditions.
- 3. Upper: Upper track guides shall completely interlock adjacent understructure support. A welded stop to ensure correct extension of bleacher unit on deck support. Use of bolt and nut stops are not acceptable, due to risk of loosening.
- E. Diagonal Braces: Structural formed steel truss fitted to rows 4 and beyond. Bracing shall be attached to the rear riser at optimum locations to insure structural integrity. Bracing will be designed and shaped to support a minimum load of 1000(lbs) of both compression and tension forces created when the bleacher is loaded.
- F. Deck Supports: Shall be of structural steel, 11 gauge spaced not greater than 60'' on center for maximum deck stiffness.
 - 1. Rollers: Every deck support not attached to a vertical post will have an integral nylon roller to avoid steel to steel friction points for more efficient operation.
- G. Decking: All deck boards shall consist of 19/32" nominal Douglas Fir C-C grade plywood with exterior glue and solid crossbands. An extruded aluminum "H" placed shall be connector between plywood panels. Exposed wear surfaces shall be finished with a layer of high Density polyethylene plastic .025 - .030 thick, Light Gray in color, complimentary to the seat Deck finishes, such as clear coat, requiring option. more than simple touch up to restore it to a new appearance after wear occurs are unacceptable.
- H. Welds: All welds shall be made at the factory by welders that are AWS D1.3 certified on the equipment and process used.
- I. Nose Beam: Shall be one-piece 13-gauge galvanized steel. 13-gauge steel is utilized for the necessary structural integrity to accommodate section lengths up to 26'

- Rear Riser: Shall be one piece formed 14-gauge, grade J. 40, galvanized steel, with a continuous access joint to fully encapsulate footrest panel for ease of cleaning and additional structural support. 14-gauge roll formed steel is utilized for the necessary structural integrity to accommodate section lengths up to 26'.
- Κ. Splice Plates: Each section joint shall be tied together with two structural steel members per row, employing a minimum of four steel to steel through bolt connections at the nose beam and a minimum of eight steel to steel through bolt connections at the lower steel rear riser. Gauge of splice plates to match the gauge of the nose beam and rear riser. Splice plates employing steel to plywood deck board attachments will not be acceptable. Gauge of splice plates to match the gauge of the nose beam and rear riser. In order to minimize deflections and keep rows in alignment during operation, splice connections shall transfer both axial loads (tension/compression) and bending.
- L. Fasteners: All structural connections shall be made with S.A.E. grade 5 or better stress rated bolts. The use of self-tapping bolts is not acceptable.
- Platform Finish: Μ.
 - Steel Understructure abraded, cleaned and finished with russet brown water base acrylic paint. Steel risers and nose beams finished with corrosion resistant silver gray matte finish with galvanized alloy plating.

2.5 Seat Options

- CSM Contour Seat Module with 3" Front Slope:
 - 18-inch wide one-piece individual seating modules 1. shall be constructed of high-density polyethylene. Provide in 10".
 - 2. Each module shall have two longitudinal and five transverse internal ribs to provide additional structural integrity and resistance to impact.
 - 3. Each module shall have a full 3/8" interlock to the adjacent module both around the perimeter and along the internal ribs to eliminate pinching hazards and assures proper alignment.

- 4. A steel-to-steel attachment of each module to a minimum 13 gauge galvanized steel nosebeam shall provided for maximum rigidity. All such mounting hardware shall be concealed.
- 5. End caps shall be provided at the ends of each bank of seating as well as at each aisle.
- Each module shall have a recessed area for seat 6. numbering.

7. Color:

- Select from manufacturers 15 standard solid a. colors with two tone seat color combinations.
- Multiple colors will be selected to form letters when bleachers are in closed position.

3. Part 3 Execution

3.1 Inspection:

- Α. Verify that areas to receive telescopic bleachers are free from impediments interfering with installation.
- Do not begin work until building conditions are satisfactory.

3.2 Installation:

- Install telescopic bleachers in accordance with Α. manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
- Adjust bleachers for smooth and proper operation. В.
- Clean bleachers and remove all debris from gymnasium C. resulting from installation.

END OF SECTION 12760

SECTION 12760 - GYMNASIUM BLEACHERS - FARMINGTON HIGH SCHOOL

- 1. Part I General
- 1.1 Work
 - A. Telescoping gymnasium bleachers.
- 1.2 References:

Applicable building codes IBC Edition Year 2012/MBC 2012, NFPA 102

- 1.3 Description of the System
 - The bleacher system shall be comprised of multiple tiered, closed deck seating rows operating in a telescopic manner, incorporating the most economical quantity of sections while still complying with all loading requirements.
 - The first moving row shall be secured with friction or В. mechanical locks. Other rows shall be mechanically locked, operable only upon unlocking and cycling the first row, quantity to be determined by Interkal engineering.
 - C. Each bleacher row shall be comprised of risers, seat and deck components, and a complete set of supportive columns and braces.
 - The telescopic bleacher shall incorporate a locking D. system permitting the use of one, several, or all rows, each locked in the extended position.
- 1.4 Quality Assurance
 - Α. Qualifications
 - 1. Manufacturing: Manufacturer shall be regularly engaged in the design and manufacturing of telescopic seating for not less than ten years.
 - 2. Engineering: It will be mandatory that each bidder submit with their bid an affidavit signed by a Registered Professional Engineer stating that the product to be supplied has been tested by an independent testing facility and meets all applicable code requirements.

Deviations: It will be the responsibility of the bidder В. to furnish with their bid, a list clarifying any deviations from the specifications, written or implied. Those bidders not submitting a list of deviations will be presumed to have bid as specified.

C. Guarantees:

- 1. One-Year Guarantee: The manufacturer shall guarantee all work performed under these specifications to be free from defects for a period of one year.
- D. Product Improvements: Seating provided shall incorporate manufacturer's design improvements and materials current at time of shipment.

1.5 Submittals:

- Submit manufacturer's installation instructions and descriptive literature in accordance with Section 01330 ''Submittals''.
- В. Manufacturer's operating and maintenance manuals in accordance with Section 01700 ''Contract Closeout''.

Design Criteria

- Telescopic bleacher design and fabrication shall conform to IBC 2012/MBC 2012.
- В. Telescopic gymnasium seating will be designed to support a vertical live load of 100 PSF, but not less than 120 PLF on both seat boards and footboards, and as a separate case, a 300 lbs. concentrated load. Seating shall also be designed to carry a horizontal sway force of 24 PLF parallel to the seating and 10 PLF perpendicular to the seating.
- Steel components shall be cold-formed from appropriate C. width coil conforming to A1011 SS Grade 30, ASTM A653-Grades 33, 40 and 50, ASTM A500 - Grade B 46 KSI as applicable.
- Lumber components are kiln dried, finger jointed, edge D. glued southern pine of grade "B & B Finish" manufactured to the current SPIB glued-laminated standards for southern pine.

Plywood deck boards shall be fabricated from Douglas Fir Premium Underlayment with exterior glue, 5 ply minimum, solid crossband directly under face ply, species Group 1 and manufactured in accordance with APA grade trademarked PS1.

2. PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Manufacturer

Α. Telescopic seating as manufactured by Interkal, Kalamazoo, Michigan, is the standard of quality (Basis of Design) required and specified herein.

2.2 Materials

- Model: Interkal, closed deck telescopic bleachers
- Type: Wall attached В.
- С. Quantity:
 - Provide 2 banks of wall attached 17 rows high, 1. 80'-6" clear. Dimension including end rails with manufacturer's factory back rails on each bank.
 - Provide video platform (14' x 8') and safety rail on west side bank.
 - Provide double permanent ADA notchouts on ends of 3. each bank.
- D. ADA
 - 1. Notchouts Recoverable: Provide 3'-0 ¼'' wide wheel chair spaces as required to meet local code jurisdiction compliance with ADA. Notchouts to be 1 row deep.
- Dimensions: Ε.
 - 1. Rise per row 10 - 1/4''
 - Row to row spacing 22''
- F. Proulsion:
 - Friction Power. Furnish Interkal friction power, integral automatic electro-mechanical propulsion system to open and close telescopic seating system. Operation shall assure full visual control of the seating bank. The Wide Track System incorporates two friction drive roller assemblies as an integral part of both first row vertical column assemblies. Each section of bleacher shall

have a power system that shall consist of two vertical column roller assemblies which shall include two 6" diameter by 2 ½" wide case drive wheels for a minimum of four friction roller contact points per section of bleacher. Each roller shall have a specially formulated 45durometer rubber covering to grip the floor as the units roll in and out. The two friction drive roller assemblies shall be installed a minimum of 7' apart per section. The two friction roller assemblies are linked together by a continuous drive shaft driven by a ½ H.P. 208 volt 3-phase motor that shall enable the rollers to work simultaneously, resulting in a more efficient operation with allowance for minor variations in the floor surface. All floor friction power systems shall be controlled by a dual directional, removable walk along pendant which plugs into the front of the first row to give the operator proper position for visual control. The pendant control voltage shall be 24 VAC @ less than 50 mA for safety of all operating personnel. The entire power system shall be U.L. Recognized. A 208 volt 3-phase power source, including conduit, wiring and safety disconnect must be provided by others. The electrical contractor shall perform the connections to the seating equipment at the safety disconnect. Motors, housing, and wiring shall be installed by certified personnel.

2.3 Accessories

- Foot Level Aisles: Provide footrest level aisles at locations and sizes as shown on plans and approved shop drawings.
 - Center Aisle: Provide a permanently attached selfstoring aisle rail, which is designed to eliminate all labor associated with set up and storage of the aisle rails.
 - Intermediate Steps: Provide manufacturers standard intermediate step as necessary per applicable code.

Wheelchair Seating: В.

Notchouts. Provide manufacturers standard permanent handicap notchouts (3'-0 ¼'' wide) located as shown on architectural plans. Notchouts must be located at section joints only to avoid interference with understructure. Fascia panels shall have manufacturer's standard polydeck finish to match deck board surface. Notchouts to be 1 row deep.

Recoverable Notchouts. Provide manufacturers 2. standard recoverable handicap notchouts (3'-0 1/4'' wide) located as shown on architectural drawings. Notchouts to be 1 row deep. Operation of the notchout from either mode shall be accomplished by activating a single pull rod located in the front kickboard. The locking linkage shall engage a continuous locking angle and lock the notchout in either recovered or handicap mode. Recoverable seating utilizing cables or any requirement for tools to change modes will not be acceptable.

C. End Railing:

- Provide steel self-storing 42" high self-storing 1. end quard rails with tubular supports and vertical intermediate members to comply with all code requirements. Rails shall be fitted to each exposed bank end from third row and above with all steel to steel connections. Finish shall be a black polyester powder coat.
- D. End Panels: Provide manufacturers full stack end panels to close off the opening between end rails and the wall when the bleachers are stacked. (Not available with vinyl end curtains)
- Ε. Video Platform End Rails 4' x 8'.

2.4 FABRICATION

- Continuous Wheel Channel: Wheel channels shall consist Α. of a one piece formed steel channel welded to the base of a vertical column. Wheel channels accommodate 8 to 12 wheels per row for maximum weight distribution and operating ease.
- Wheels: 3-1/2'' diameter with 1-1/8'' non-marring soft В. rubber face with rounded edges designed to protect wood or synthetic floor. Provide 1/2" diameter axle for all wheels
- C. Columns: Electrically welded closed rectangular steel tube, 2" x 3" minimum size, fitted with a rear welded gusset at the wheel channel.

Row Interlocks: D.

- Join each row structure front to rear by means of two (2) interacting steel connections, plus automatic gravity row locks where Engineering determines they are required.
- 2. Lower track guides shall be an external superslide rod to guarantee positive engagement of vertical supports without binding and assures smooth operation over uneven floor conditions.
- Upper: Upper track guides shall completely interlock adjacent understructure support. A 3. stop to ensure correct extension of bleacher unit on deck support. Use of bolt and nut stops are not acceptable, due to risk of loosening.
- Diagonal Braces: Structural formed steel truss fitted Ε. to rows 4 and beyond. Bracing shall be attached to the rear riser at optimum locations to insure structural integrity. Bracing will be designed and shaped to support a minimum load of 1000(lbs) of both compression and tension forces created when the bleacher is loaded.
- Deck Supports: Shall be of structural steel, 11 gauge spaced not greater than 60'' on center for maximum deck stiffness.
 - Rollers: Every deck support not attached to a vertical post will have an integral nylon roller to avoid steel to steel friction points for more efficient operation.
- Decking: All deck boards shall consist of 19/32" G. nominal Douglas Fir C-C grade plywood with exterior glue and solid crossbands. An extruded aluminum "H" connector shall be placed between plywood panels. Exposed wear surfaces shall be finished with a layer of high Density polyethylene plastic .025 - .030 thick, Light Gray in color, complimentary to the seat option. Deck finishes, such as clear coat, requiring more than simple touch up to restore it to a new appearance after wear occurs are unacceptable.
- Welds: All welds shall be made at the factory by Η. welders that are AWS D1.3 certified on the equipment and process used.

- Nose Beam: Shall be one-piece 13-gauge galvanized I. steel. 13-gauge steel is utilized for the necessary structural integrity to accommodate section lengths up to 26'
- J. Rear Riser: Shall be one piece formed 14-gauge, grade 40, galvanized steel, with a continuous access joint to fully encapsulate footrest panel for ease of cleaning and additional structural support. 14-gauge roll formed steel is utilized for the necessary structural integrity to accommodate section lengths up to 26'.
- Κ. Splice Plates: Each section joint shall be tied together with two structural steel members per row. employing a minimum of four steel to steel through bolt connections at the nose beam and a minimum of eight steel to steel through bolt connections at the lower steel rear riser. Gauge of splice plates to match the gauge of the nose beam and rear riser. Splice plates employing steel to plywood deck board attachments will not be acceptable. Gauge of splice plates to match the gauge of the nose beam and rear riser. In order to minimize deflections and keep rows in alignment during operation, splice connections shall transfer both axial loads (tension/compression) and bending.
- Fasteners: All structural connections shall be made with S.A.E. grade 5 or better stress rated bolts. The use of self-tapping bolts is not acceptable.
- Platform Finish: Μ.
 - Steel Understructure abraded, cleaned and finished with russet brown water base acrylic paint. Steel risers and nose beams finished with corrosion resistant silver gray matte finish with galvanized alloy plating.

2.5 Seat Options

- CSM Contour Seat with 3'' Front Slope:
 - 18-inch wide one-piece individual seating modules 1. of high-density be constructed polyethylene. Provide in 10''.
 - Each module shall have two longitudinal and five transverse internal ribs to provide additional structural integrity and resistance to impact.

- 3. Each module shall have a full $\frac{1}{2}$ '' interlock to the adjacent module both around the perimeter and along the internal ribs to eliminate pinching hazards and assures proper alignment.
- 4. A steel-to-steel attachment of each module to a minimum 13 gauge galvanized steel nosebeam shall provided for maximum rigidity. All such mounting hardware shall be concealed.
- 5. End caps shall be provided at the ends of each bank of seating as well as at each aisle.
- 6. Each module shall have a recessed area for seat numbering.
- 7. Color:
 - Select from manufacturers 15 standard solid colors with two tone seat color combinations.
 - Multiple colors will be selected to form letters when bleachers are in closed position.

3. Part 3 Execution

3.1 Inspection:

- Verify that areas to receive telescopic bleachers are free from impediments interfering with installation.
- Do not begin work until building conditions are В. satisfactory.

3.2 Installation:

- Install telescopic bleachers in accordance with Α. manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal drawings.
- В. Adjust bleachers for smooth and proper operation.
- Clean bleachers and remove all debris from gymnasium resulting from installation.

END OF SECTION 12760

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Provisions of Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements" apply to this Section.

- C. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 02 Section "Water Distribution" for piping outside the building.
 - 2. Division 10 Section "Fire-Protection Specialties" for cabinets and fire extinguishers.
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 4. Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."
 - 5. Division 16 Section "Fire Alarm" for alarm devices not specified in this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes water-based fire-suppression systems inside the building.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Underground Service-Entrance Piping: Underground service piping below the building.
- B. Working Plans: Documents, including drawings, calculations, and material specifications prepared according to NFPA 13 for obtaining approval from authorities having jurisdiction.

1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTIONS

A. Wet-Pipe Sprinkler System: Automatic sprinklers are attached to piping containing water and that is connected to water supply. Water discharges immediately from sprinklers when they are opened. Sprinklers open when heat melts fusible link or destroys frangible device. Hose connections are included if indicated.

1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Standard Piping System Component Working Pressure: Listed for at least 175 psig.
- B. Delegated Design: Design sprinkler system(s), including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.

- C. Fire-suppression sprinkler system design shall be approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - Margin of Safety for Available Water Flow 1. and Pressure: 10 percent, including losses through waterservice piping, valves, and backflow preventers.
 - Sprinkler Occupancy Hazard Classifications, for bidding purposes, as follows:
 - Building Service Areas: Ordinary Hazard, Group 1.
 - b. Electrical Equipment Rooms: Ordinary Hazard, Group 1.
 - c. General Storage Areas: Ordinary Hazard, Group 1.
 - d. Mechanical Equipment Rooms: Ordinary Hazard, Group 1.
 - e. Office and Public Areas: Light Hazard.
 - 3. Minimum Density for Automatic-Sprinkler Piping Design:
 - a. Light-Hazard Occupancy: 0.10 gpm/sq. ft. over 1500-sq. ft. area.
 - b. Ordinary-Hazard, Group 1 Occupancy: 0.15 gpm over 1500-sq. ft. area.
 - 4. Maximum Protection Area per Sprinkler:
 - a. Office Spaces: 120 sq. ft.
 - b. Storage Areas: 130 sq. ft.
 - c. Mechanical Equipment Rooms: 130 sq. ft.
 - d. Electrical Equipment Rooms: 130 sq. ft.
 - e. Other Areas: According to NFPA 13 recommendations, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Water velocity in the piping system shall not exceed the following:
 - 1. Underground mains: 16 ft./sec.
 - 2. Aboveground mains: 32 ft./sec.
 - 3. Sprinkler branch lines: 24 ft./sec.

1.6 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.

- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For sprinkler systems indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
- D. Coordination Drawings: Sprinkler systems, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
 - 1. Domestic water piping.
 - 2. Compressed air piping.
 - 3. HVAC hydronic piping.
 - 4. Items penetrating finished ceiling include the following:
 - a. Lighting fixtures.
 - b. Air outlets and inlets.
- E. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer and professional engineer.
- F. Approved Sprinkler Piping Drawings: Working plans, prepared according to NFPA 13, that have been approved by authorities having jurisdiction, the Owner's insurance underwriter including hydraulic calculations, if applicable.
 - Sprinklers shall be referred to on drawings, 1. submittals, and other documentation, by the sprinkler identification number (SIN) or model number specifically published in the appropriate agency listing or approval. Trade names or other abbreviated designations shall not be allowed.
- G. Fire-hydrant flow test report.
- Field Test Reports and Certificates: Indicate and Η. interpret test results for compliance with performance requirements and as described in NFPA 13. Include

"Contractor's Material and Test Certificate for Aboveground Piping" and "Contractor's Material and Test Certificate for Underground Piping."

- I. Field quality-control reports.
- J. Operation and Maintenance Data: For sprinkler specialties to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications:
 - 1. Installer's responsibilities include designing, fabricating, and installing fire-suppression systems and providing professional engineering services needed to assume engineering responsibility. Base calculations on results of fire-hydrant flow test.
 - a. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of working plans, calculations, and field test reports by a qualified professional engineer.
- B. The provisions and requirements of the NFPA and the Owner's insurance underwriter constitute mandatory minimum requirements for the work of this Section.
- C. NFPA Standards: Fire-suppression-system equipment, specialties, accessories, installation, and testing shall comply with the following:
 - 1. NFPA 13, "Installation of Sprinkler Systems."

1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of sprinklers with other construction that penetrates ceilings, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, and partition assemblies.
- B. Coordinate with ceiling installer to ensure proper grid type and installation for use with flexible sprinkler drops.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 STANDARD-WEIGHT BLACK STEEL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Threaded-End, Standard-Weight Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, ASTM A 135, or ASTM A 795, with factory- or field-formed threaded ends, and with factory applied antimicrobial coating on inner wall of pipe.
 - 1. Cast-Iron Threaded Flanges: ASME B16.1.
 - 2. Malleable-Iron Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.3.
 - 3. Gray-Iron Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.4.
 - 4. Steel Threaded Pipe Nipples: ASTM A 733, made of ASTM A 53/A 53M or ASTM A 106, Schedule 40, seamless steel pipe. Include ends matching joining method.
 - 5. Steel Threaded Couplings: ASTM A 865.
- B. Plain-End, Standard-Weight Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, ASTM A 135, or ASTM A 795, and with factory applied antimicrobial coating on inner wall of pipe.
 - 1. Steel Welding Fittings: ASTM A 234/A 234M, and ASME B16.9 or ASME B16.11.
 - 2. Steel Flanges and Flanged Fittings: ASME B16.5.
- C. Grooved-End, Standard-Weight Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, ASTM A 135, or ASTM A 795, with factory- or field-formed, square-cut- or roll- grooved ends, and with factory applied antimicrobial coating on inner wall of pipe.
 - 1. Grooved-Joint Piping Systems:
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) Anvil International, Inc.; Model 7401.
 - 2) Tyco Fire & Building Products; Grinnell Mechanical Products; Model 577 or 772.

- 3) Victaulic Co. of America; Style 005 or 009.
- b. Grooved-End Fittings: UL-listed, ASTM A 536, ductile-iron casting with OD matching steel-pipe
- c. Grooved-End-Pipe Couplings: UL 213 and AWWA C606, rigid pattern, unless otherwise indicated; gasketed fitting matching steel-pipe OD. Include ductile-iron housing with keys matching steel-pipe and fitting grooves, rubber gasket listed for use with housing, and steel bolts and nuts.

2.3 SPRINKLER SPECIALTY FITTINGS

- Sprinkler specialty fittings shall be UL listed or FMG approved, with 175-psig minimum working-pressure rating, and made of materials compatible with piping. Sprinkler specialty fittings shall have 250-psig minimum workingpressure rating if fittings are components of highpressure piping system.
- Sprinkler Drain and Alarm Test Fittings: Cast- or ductileiron body; with threaded or locking-lug inlet and outlet, test valve, and orifice and sight glass.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Tyco Fire & Building Products LP.
- b. Fire-End and Croker Corp.
- c. Viking Corp.
- d. Victaulic Co. of America.
- Sprinkler Branch-Line Test Fittings: Brass body with threaded inlet, capped drain outlet, and threaded outlet for sprinkler.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Elkhart Brass Mfg. Co., Inc.
- Sprinkler Inspector's Test Fitting: Cast- or ductile-iron housing with threaded inlet and drain outlet and sight glass.

1. Manufacturers:

a. AGF Manufacturing Co.

- b. Tyco Fire & Building Products LP.
- c. G/J Innovations, Inc.
- d. Triple R Specialty of Ajax, Inc.
- E. Drop-Nipple Fittings: UL 1474, adjustable with threaded inlet and outlet, and seals.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. CECA, LLC.
 - b. Merit.
- F. Flexible Sprinkler Drop Fittings (Contractor Option):
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. FlexHead Industries, Inc.
 - b. Victaulic Co. of America; AquaFlex Sprinkler Fittings.
 - 2. Description: UL listed and FMG approved flexible hose for connection to sprinkler, and with bracket for connection to commercial ceiling grid.
 - 3. Standard: UL 2443.
 - 4. Pressure Rating: 175 psig minimum.
 - 5. Size: Same as connected piping, for sprinkler.

2.4 LISTED FIRE-PROTECTION VALVES

- A. Valves shall be UL listed or FMG approved, with 175-psig minimum pressure rating. Valves shall have 250-psig minimum pressure rating if valves are components of highpressure piping system.
- B. Gate Valves with Wall Indicator Posts:
 - Gate Valves: UL 262, cast-iron body, bronze mounted, with solid disc, nonrising stem, operating nut, and flanged ends.
 - 2. Indicator Posts: UL 789, horizontal-wall type, castiron body, with operating wrench, extension rod, locking device, and cast-iron barrel.
 - 3. Manufacturers:
 - a. McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
 - b. NIBCO.
 - c. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Valves.

- C. Ball Valves: Comply with UL 1091, except with ball instead of disc.
 - 1. NPS 1-1/2 and Smaller: Bronze body with threaded ends.
 - 2. NPS 2 and NPS 2-1/2: Bronze body with threaded ends or ductile-iron body with grooved ends.
 - 3. NPS 3: Ductile-iron body with grooved ends.
 - 4. Manufacturers:
 - a. NIBCO.
 - b. Victaulic Co. of America.
- D. Butterfly Valves: UL 1091.
 - 1. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Bronze, cast-iron, or ductile-iron body; wafer type or with flanged or grooved ends.
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
 - 2) Mueller Company.
 - 3) NIBCO.
 - 4) Tyco Fire & Building Products.
 - 5) Victaulic Co. of America.
- E. Check Valves NPS 2 and Larger: UL 312, swing type, castiron body with flanged or grooved ends.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
 - b. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Jenkins Valves.
 - c. Tyco Fire & Building Products.
 - d. Hammond Valve.
 - e. McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
 - f. Mueller Company.
 - q. NIBCO.
 - h. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Valves.
 - i. Victaulic Co. of America.
 - j. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator Co.
- F. Gate Valves: UL 262, OS&Y type.
 - 1. NPS 2 and Smaller: Bronze body with threaded ends.
 - a. Manufacturers:

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- 1) Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
- 2) Hammond Valve.
- 3) NIBCO.
- 2. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Cast-iron body with flanged ends.
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) McWane, Inc.; Clow Valve Co.
 - 2) Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
 - 3) Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Jenkins Valves.
 - 4) Hammond Valve.
 - 5) Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - 6) Mueller Company.
 - 7) NIBCO.
- G. Indicating Valves: UL 1091, with integral indicating device and ends matching connecting piping.
 - 1. Indicator: Visual.
 - 2. NPS 2 and Smaller: Ball or butterfly valve with bronze body and threaded ends.
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - 2) NIBCO.
 - 3) Victaulic Co. of America.
 - 3. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Butterfly valve with cast- or ductile-iron body; wafer type or with flanged or grooved ends.
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) Tyco Fire & Building Products LP.
 - 2) McWane, Inc.; Kennedy Valve Div.
 - 3) Milwaukee Valve Company.
 - 4) NIBCO.
 - 5) Victaulic Co. of America.

2.5 SPRINKLERS

A. Sprinklers shall be UL listed or FMG approved, with 175psig minimum pressure rating.

B. Manufacturers:

- 1. Reliable Automatic Sprinkler Co., Inc.
- 2. Tyco Fire & Building Products.
- 3. Victaulic Co. of America.
- 4. Viking Corp.

C. Automatic Sprinklers:

- 1. With heat-responsive glass bulb element complying with the following:
 - a. UL 199, for nonresidential applications.
 - b. UL 1767, for early-suppression, fast-response applications.
- D. Sprinkler Types and Categories: Nominal 1/2-inch orifice for 165 deg F "Ordinary" 212 deg F "Intermediate" temperature classification rating, unless otherwise indicated or required by application.
- E. Sprinkler types, features, and options as follows:
 - 1. Concealed ceiling sprinklers, including cover plate.
 - 2. Quick-response sprinklers.
 - 3. Sidewall sprinklers.
 - 4. Upright sprinklers.
- F. Sprinkler Finishes: Chrome plated, bronze, and painted.
- G. Special Coatings: Wax, lead, and corrosion-resistant paint.
- H. Sprinkler Escutcheons: Materials, types, and finishes for the following sprinkler mounting applications. Escutcheons for concealed, flush, and recessed-type sprinklers are specified with sprinklers. Escutcheons listed, supplied, and approved for use with the sprinkler by the sprinkler manufacturer.
 - 1. Ceiling Mounting: Chrome-plated steel, 2 piece, with 3/4-inch vertical adjustment.
 - 2. Sidewall Mounting: Chrome-plated steel, one piece, flat.
- I. Sprinkler Guards for Pool Area: Wire-cage type, including fastening device for attaching to sprinkler. Sprinkler

guards listed, supplied, and approved for use with the sprinkler by the sprinkler manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Perform fire-hydrant flow test according to NFPA 13 and NFPA 291. Use results for system design calculations required in Part 1 "Quality Assurance" Article.
- B. Report test results promptly and in writing.

3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS, GENERAL

A. Flanges, flanged fittings, unions, nipples, grooved-joint couplings, and transition and special fittings with finish and pressure ratings same as or higher than system's pressure rating may be used in aboveground applications, unless otherwise indicated.

3.3 SPRINKLER SYSTEM PIPING APPLICATIONS

A. Wet-Pipe Sprinklers: Use the following:

Pipe Type	<u>1 ½″ &</u> Smaller	<u>2"</u>	2 ½" - 3 ½"	<u>4"</u>	<u>5" - 6"</u>
Standard weight steel, threaded fittings	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO
Standard weight steel, locking fit-tings	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
Standard weight steel, grooved fit-tings	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES
Schedule 10 steel, welded fittings	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES
Schedule 10 steel, grooved fittings	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES

3.4 VALVE APPLICATIONS

- A. The following requirements apply:
 - Listed Fire-Protection Valves: UL listed or FMG approved for applications where required by NFPA 13.

- a. Shutoff Duty: Use ball, butterfly, or gate valves.
- 2. Unlisted General-Duty Valves: For applications where UL-listed and FMG-approved valves are not required by NFPA 13.
 - a. Throttling Duty: Use ball or globe valves.

3.5 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for basic piping joint construction.
- Threaded Joints: Comply with NFPA 13 for pipe thickness В. and threads. Do not thread pipe smaller than NPS 8 with wall thickness less than Schedule 40 unless approved by authorities having jurisdiction and threads are checked by a ring gage and comply with ASME B1.20.1.
- C. Use of saddle style tees is not acceptable.
- Grooved Joints: Assemble joints with listed coupling and D. gasket, lubricant, and bolts.
 - All grooved couplings, fittings, gaskets, valves, and specialties shall be the product of a single manufacturer.
 - 2. Steel Pipe: Square-cut or roll-groove piping as indicated. Use grooved-end fittings and rigid, grooved-end-pipe couplings, unless otherwise indicated.
- Dissimilar-Metal Piping Joints: Construct joints using dielectric fittings compatible with both piping materials. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for additional requirements.

3.6 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for basic piping installation.
- B. Use approved fittings to make changes in direction, branch takeoffs from mains, and reductions in pipe sizes.

- C. Install unions adjacent to each valve in pipes NPS 2 and smaller. Unions are not required on flanged devices or in piping installations using grooved joints.
- Install flanges or flange adapters on valves, apparatus, and equipment having NPS 2-1/2 and larger connections.
- Install "Inspector's Test Connections" in sprinkler system Ε. piping, complete with shutoff valve, sized and located according to NFPA 13.
- F. Install sprinkler piping with drains for complete system drainage.
- G. Install sprinkler zone control valves, test assemblies, and drain risers adjacent to standpipes when sprinkler piping is connected to standpipes.
- H. Install alarm devices in piping systems.
- I. Hangers and Supports: Comply with NFPA 13 for hanger materials.
 - Install sprinkler system piping according to NFPA 13, except use of "C" clamps, or beam clamps of "C" pattern, or any modification thereof, is prohibited for supporting pipes larger than NPS 2-1/2.
 - 2. Refer to Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports" for additional requirements.
- Install pressure gages on riser or feed main and at each J. sprinkler test connection. Include pressure gages with connection not less than NPS 1/4 and with soft metal seated globe valve, arranged for draining pipe between gage and valve. Install gages to permit removal, and install where they will not be subject to freezing.
- K. Fill wet-pipe sprinkler system piping with water.

3.7 VALVE INSTALLATION

Α. Install listed fire-protection valves, unlisted generalduty valves, specialty valves and trim, controls, and specialties according to NFPA 13 and authorities having jurisdiction.

Install listed fire-protection shutoff valves supervisedopen, located to control sources of water supply except from fire department connections. Install permanent identification signs indicating portion of system controlled by each valve.

3.8 SPRINKLER APPLICATIONS

- A. Use the following sprinkler types:
 - 1. Rooms without Ceilings: Upright sprinklers.
 - 2. Rooms with Suspended Ceilings: Concealed sprinklers.
 - 3. Wall Mounting: Sidewall sprinklers.
 - 4. Sprinkler Finishes:
 - a. Upright and Sidewall Sprinklers: Chrome plated in finished spaces exposed to view; rough bronze in unfinished spaces not exposed to view; white polyester finish in natatoriums with sprinkler quards.
 - b. Concealed Sprinklers: Rough brass, with factorypainted white cover plate.

3.9 SPRINKLER INSTALLATION

- Install sprinklers in suspended ceilings in center of narrow dimension of acoustical ceiling panels and tiles.
- B. Do not install pendent or sidewall, wet-type sprinklers in areas subject to freezing.
- Install sprinklers into flexible sprinkler drop fittings and install into bracket on ceiling grid. Install according to manufacturer's instructions and NFPA, State, and local guidelines. Ceiling grid must meet requirements of ASTM C 635 and C 636, coordinate with ceiling installer.

3.10 CONNECTIONS

- A. Install piping adjacent to equipment to allow service and maintenance.
- B. Electrical Connections: Power wiring and fire alarm wiring are specified in Division 16.

- C. Connect alarm devices to fire alarm.
- 3.11 LABELING AND IDENTIFICATION
 - Install labeling and pipe markers on equipment and piping Α. according to requirements in NFPA 13 and in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

3.12 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
 - Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks
 - Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged 2. and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - Flush, test, and inspect sprinkler systems according to NFPA 13, "Systems Acceptance" Chapter.
- B. Verify that specified tests of piping are complete.
- C. Verify that damaged sprinklers and sprinklers with paint or coating not specified are replaced with new, correct type.
- D. Verify that sprinklers are correct types, have correct finishes and temperature ratings, and have guards as required for each application.
- E. Coordinate with fire alarm tests. Operate as required.
- Report test results promptly and in writing to Architect and authorities having jurisdiction.

3.13 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean dirt and debris from sprinklers.
- B. Remove and replace sprinklers with paint other than factory finish.
- C. Protect sprinklers from damage until Substantial Completion.

3.14 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain specialty valves. Refer to Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."

END OF SECTION 13915

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SECTION 14240 — HYDRAULIC ELEVATORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section specifies the modernization of the existing elevator at East Middle School, Farmington Public Schools.
- B. Related Sections: The following sections contain requirements that relate to this section and are performed by other trades.
 - 1. Section 01500 Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls: temporary power and lighting.
 - 2. Section 01520 Safety protection of floor openings and personnel barriers
 - 3. Division 15 Mechanical
 - 4. Division 16 Electrical: electrical service to main disconnect in elevator machine room; electrical power for elevator installation and testing; electrical-disconnecting device to elevator equipment prior to activation of sprinkler system; electrical service for machine room; machine room and pit receptacles with ground-fault current protection; lighting in machine room and pit; wiring for telephone service to machine room, fire and smoke detectors and interconnecting devices; fire alarm signal lines to contacts in the machine room.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. Comply with applicable building codes and elevator codes at the project site, including but not limited to the following:
 - 1. ANSI Al17.1, Buildings and Facilities, Providing Accessibility and Usability for Physically Handicapped People.
 - 2. ADAAG, Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines.
 - 3. ANSI/NFPA 70, National Electrical Code.
 - 4. ANSI/NFPA 80, Fire Doors and Windows.
 - 5. ASME/ANSI A17.1, Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators.

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- 6. ANSI/UL 10B, Fire Tests of Door Assemblies.
- CAN/CSA C22.1, Canadian Electrical Code.
- CAN/CSA-B44, Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators.
- 9. 2012 Michigan Building Code.
- 10. ASME/ANSI A17.1 Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators.
- 11. All other local applicable codes.

1.03 EXISTING ELEVATOR SPECIFICATIONS

- Α. Quantity: One
- Make: General Elevator В.
- Elevator Serial Number: 026074
- Number of floors traveled: 2
- Rated Capacity: 2500 lbs. E.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- Α. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data for each system proposed for use. Include the following:
 - Signal and operating fixtures, operating panels 1. and indicators.
 - Electrical characteristics and connection 2. requirements.
 - Expected heat dissipation of elevator equipment in 3. machine room (BTU).
- В. Operations and Maintenance Manuals: Provide manufacturer's standard operations and maintenance manual.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Manufacturer: Provide elevators installed by a firm Α. with a minimum of 10 years experience.
- Regulatory Requirements: Elevator system design and В. installation shall comply with the latest versions of ASME A17.1
 - Elevator shall be designed in response to 1. Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG).

D. Permits and Inspections: Provide licenses and permits and perform required inspections and tests as required by the State of Michigan.

1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Should the building or the site not be prepared to receive the elevator equipment at the agreed upon date, the Owner will be arrange a proper and suitable storage area on or off the premises.

Should the storage area be off-site and the equipment not yet delivered, then the elevator contractor, upon notification from the Owner, will divert the elevator equipment to the storage area. If the equipment has already been delivered to the site, then the Owner shall arrange transport the elevator equipment to the storage area.

1.07 WARRANTY

A. The cost of this project shall include a six-month warranty. Which will include monthly examinations and service calls. However this does not include repairs due to vandalism, acts of God, or any other event that is beyond the control of the contractor. The warranty period is to commence from the date of completion and upon approval of the elevator safety inspector.

1.08 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

Maintenance service consisting of regular examinations, Α. adjustments and lubrication of the elevator equipment shall be provided by the elevator contractor for a period of SIX (6) months concurrent with the Elevator This service shall not be subcontracted but Warranty. shall be performed by the elevator contractor. All work shall be performed by competent employees during regular working hours of regular working days and shall include emergency 24-hour callback service. This service shall not cover adjustments, repairs or replacement of parts due to negligence, misuse, abuse or accidents caused by persons other than the elevator contractor. Only genuine parts and supplies as used in the manufacture and installation of the original equipment shall be provided.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURER

A. Otis, Lardner, Detroit Elevator, Thyssen Krup, or as approved by Architect.

2.02 EQUIPMENT: MACHINE ROOM COMPONENTS

- A. Building Alarm Signal: The new elevator controller will be provided with a dry contact for signaling the building alarm system in the event that one of the elevator smoke sensors becomes activated. If the building is equipped with a central fire alarm system, this will require an electrical contractor run a two-wire cable from the elevator controller to the building alarm panel. This signal will cause an audible alarm and visual indicator light to activate so as to call the event to the attention of the alarm station attendant.
- B. Machine room lighting shall be 19fc min. Install a dual bulb cold start florescent fixture. The light bulbs must be guarded. The light switch should be placed adjacent to the elevator machine room door. Do not connect to the load side of a GFCI.
- C. Provide machine room GFI work receptacle. Locate the work receptacle below the light switch mentioned above.
- D. Provide 15-amp 1 phase 110vac power supply for the elevator car lighting. Provide the power supply with a fused switch, or breaker. Locate the power supply near the machine room door.
- E. Provide 230 volt 3 phase power supply for the elevator main power supply. Provide a fused disconnect switch power supply. The disconnect must be configured so that the switch door cannot be opened with the handle in the ON position, and cannot be turned on with the door open.
- F. Machine room environmental control: The elevator machine room must be maintained between 45 deg F and 110 deg. F. Humidity must be maintained between 5% and 90% (non-condensing).

- G. Elevator phone line: Furnish and install a telephone compartment that is integral with the carp operating panel. It will require a dedicated phone line be run to the elevator machine room adjacent to the controller. The elevator phone will be hands free and shall confirm to ADAAG requirements. It will be programmed to dial a number that is staffed 24 hours a day.
- H. Machine Room Ventilation: Depending on jobsite conditions, the elevator inspector may require additional machine room ventilation. The cost of installing environmental controls is not included with this proposal.

2.03 EQUIPMENT: HOISTWAY COMPONENTS

- A. Plunger(s) and Cylinder(s): Existing to remain
- B. Car Guide Rails: Replace with new.
- C. Spring Buffer: Existing to remain.
- D. Wiring: Wiring for hoistway electrical devices included in scope of the elevator system, hall panels, pit emergency stop switch, and the traveling cable for the elevator car.
- E. Hoistway Entrances: Existing to remain.
- F. Hoistway Ventilation: Depending on jobsite conditions, the elevator inspector may require additional hoistway ventilation. The cost of installing environmental controls is not included with this proposal.

2.04 ELEVATOR PIT:

- A. Provide duplex GFI work receptacle. This work receptacle should be placed 24" above the elevator pit floor.
- B. Elevator pit lighting: The elevator pit light should be placed 24" above the elevator pit floor and configured so that the elevator will not strike the light fixture when the it is at it's lowest point of travel. The light fixture must be provided with a metal guard. The

switch for the elevator pit light must be located adjacent to the elevator pit ladder and stop switch so that it may be easily reached from outside the lowest elevator landing and be placed at 42" above the lowest landing finished floor level. Do not connect to load side of the GFCI.

- C. Elevator pit ladder: For all pits greater than 35" in depth, an elevator pit ladder must be constructed of non-combustible materials, and extend from the elevator pit floor to 42" above the lowest elevator landing finished floor level and have a handrail. It must be placed adjacent to lowest landing elevator door, and be configured so as not to interfere with the operation of the elevator.
- D. Sump pump and sump hole: The elevator pit is normally the lowest level in the building and is therefore subject to water collection. The elevator pit should be provided with a sump hole and cover. The sump hole cover must be capable of a 400lb loading, and be made of non-combustible material. The elevator sump pump should be placed in the sump hole and an evacuation pipeline must be provided with a check valve. A dedicated non-GFI plug-in receptacle must power the elevator sump pump.
- 2.05 EQUIPMENT: CAR COMPONENTS Existing (Elevator Cabinet finishes to remain)
- 2.06 EQUIPMENT: SIGNAL DEVICES AND FIXTURES
 - A. Elevator Controller: Remove and replace the existing elevator controller and car top selector. The controller will be based on a standard non-proprietary industrial Programmable Logic Controller. The controller shall be equipped with a built in and attached user interface to allow a qualified elevator technician to adjust all typically adjustable parameters.

Elevator positioning shall be done by means of a programmable encoder or counter. An additional redundant door zone switch shall be provided to prevent the elevator from unintended movement of more than 3" from floor level when the door is open. This is to

prevent the door from opening when the elevator is not in the door zone. The floor positioning system shall provide a consistent accuracy of no more than ¼ inch of floor level.

- B. Hall button and key-switch fixtures: Remove & replace hall call buttons with new flush mounted vandal resistant fixtures. The operating buttons will be in compliance with the ADA code of 42" with mechanical movement. All hall fixtures are to be replaced, including the call buttons, hoistway access key switches and firemen's service station
- C. Car Operating Panel: Remove & replace the elevator Car Operating Panel (COP). The new COP is to be of a vandal resistant design and include all floor buttons, door open & close buttons, digital position indicator, emergency lighting, fire service key switch & light, independent service key switch, stop switch, alarm bell button, & emergency phone.

All new pushbuttons will be equipped with LED indicator lamps. All fixture covers and user buttons will be vandal resistant stainless steel with #4 brushed finish. User button face shall be of stainless steel, and shall be designed so as the button contact base will be protected from excess pressure or impact upon the button face. Approved buttons would be VPMC (Vandal Proof Mushroom Cap), or similar design by other manufacturer.

D. Door hold button in the car: When the door hold (DH) button is pressed & released, the button will light indicating that the door hold open feature is enabled. This feature will hold the elevator door open until the door close (DC) button is pressed. The DH light will go out and the door will return to automatic mode. This is an added convenience for loading and unloading packages, food carts, medical equipment, or non-ambulatory passengers. The door hold feature shall self-reset if set for and extended period of time.

- E. Fire Service System Phase I & II Operation: There will be a key switch and indicator light at the main floor landing and in the elevator COP. There will also be smoke detectors mounted at each floor and in the elevator machine room. This feature is required to be in compliance with current elevator codes.
- F. Independent Service: This feature disables the hall call buttons and allows the operator to take control of the elevator without interference from others not in the elevator. Independent Service is actuated with a key switch in the elevator COP.
- G. Automatic Fan & Car Lighting Control: This feature turns off the car lights and ventilation fan when the elevator is not in use. If there is a fault detected or power is removed from the main controller, the car lights and fan will remain on.
- H. Elevator Door Operating Equipment: Remove and replace door operator, door clutch and related door equipment. All door equipment to be rebuilt or renewed for like new operation. Replace car and landing door interlock contacts. Replace door hanger rollers and clutch rollers as necessary.
- I. Elevator wiring: Replace all wiring necessary for compatibility with the new control system. All existing wiring and raceways that compatible with the new control system, and meet existing codes, may be retained.
- J. Signage: All signage required by current elevator codes shall be installed as a component of this project. This includes but not limited to signage required by ADA, Fire Service Instructions, and Al7.1 Appendix "O" signage. All signage shall be attached to the mounting surfaces in a manner to prevent easy removal by vandals.

2.07 FIRE SERVICE SYSTEM:

A. Install smoke detectors at each floor and in the elevator machine room as required by elevator code. The smoke detectors will be wired to and powered by the elevator control system. Required operating signals controls will be place in the COP and at the main floor.

2.08 DOCUMENTATION & SPECIAL TOOLS:

To be included in the base cost of this project, all documentation necessary for the servicing and repair of the new elevator equipment. This will be provided to the owner in duplicate. One copy will be kept in the elevator machine room, and the second copy will be stored in a safe place by the owner. The documentation will include wiring diagrams & manuals for all new equipment. The manufacturer and contractor will provide to the owner a backup copy of all documentation and controller software on a compact disk. Also the manufacturer and contractor shall provide the owner with all special tools and/or interface devices required for adjusting programmable parameters for all components that may require such a device to service it. This includes but is not limited to the controller, selector, and the door operator.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

A. Take field dimensions and examine conditions of substrates, supports, and other conditions under which this work is to be performed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected.

3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Installation of all elevator components except as specifically provided for elsewhere by others.

В. Provide alternate price for: The cylinder well, including a casing if necessary, shall be provided by the elevator subcontractor, based upon excavation through normal soil or clay which can be removed by manual digging or with a standard truck-mounted or otherwise mobile drilling unit. If any physical obstruction or hindrance other than normal soil or clay is encountered below the ground, the elevator contractor and their subcontractor shall be provided with written authorization to proceed with excavating utilizing any required special excavation equipment. The elevator subcontractor shall be reimbursed for the additional costs incurred subsequent to encountering the physical obstruction or hindrance, including the costs of the special excavation equipment.

3.03 DEMONSTRATION

A. The elevator contractor shall make a final check of each elevator operation with the Owner or Owner's representative present prior to turning each elevator over for use. The elevator contractor shall determine that control systems and operating devices are functioning properly.

END OF SECTION 14240

SECTION 15010 - MECHANICAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to work of this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

This Section includes mechanical general administrative and procedural requirements. The following requirements are included in this Section to supplement the requirements specified in Division 01 Specification Sections.

1.3 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- A. Applicability of Standards: Unless the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.
 - 1. AABC Associated Air Balance Council; www.aabc.com.
 - 2. AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials; www.transportation.org.
 - 3. ABMA American Bearing Manufacturers Association; www.americanbearings.org.
 - ABMA American Boiler Manufacturers Association; www.abma.com.
 - 5. AGA American Gas Association; www.aga.org.
 - 6. AHRI Air-Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration Institute (The); www.ahrinet.org.
 - 7. AMCA Air Movement and Control Association International, Inc.; www.amca.org.
 - 8. ANSI American National Standards Institute; www.ansi.org.
 - 9. ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers; www.ashrae.org.
 - 10. ASME ASME International; (American Society of Mechanical Engineers); www.asme.org.
 - 11. ASSE American Society of Sanitary Engineering; www.asse-plumbing.org.
 - 12. ASTM ASTM International; www.astm.org.
 - 13. AWS American Welding Society; www.aws.org.
 - 14. AWWA American Water Works Association; www.awwa.org.
 - 15. CDA Copper Development Association; www.copper.org.
 - 16. CGA Compressed Gas Association; www.cganet.com.
 - 17. CISPI Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute; www.cispi.org.
 - 18. CSA CSA International; (Formerly: IAS International Approval Services); www.csainternational.org.
 - 19. CSI Construction Specifications Institute (The); www.csinet.org.
 - 20. CTI Cooling Technology Institute; (Formerly: Cooling Tower Institute); www.cti.org.
 - 21. FM Approvals FM Approvals LLC; www.fmglobal.com.
 - 22. HI Hydraulic Institute; www.pumps.org.
 - 23. ICC International Code Council; www.iccsafe.org.

- 24. IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (The); www.ieee.org.
- 25. IGSHPA International Ground Source Heat Pump Association; www.igshpa.okstate.edu.
- 26. Intertek Intertek Group; (Formerly: ETL SEMCO; Intertek Testing Service NA); www.intertek.com.
- 27. MSS Manufacturers Standardization Society of The Valve and Fittings Industry Inc.; www.mss-hq.org
- 28. NADCA National Air Duct Cleaners Association; www.nadca.com.
- 29. NAIMA North American Insulation Manufacturers Association; www.naima.org.
- 30. NEBB National Environmental Balancing Bureau; www.nebb.org.
- 31. NECA National Electrical Contractors Association; www.necanet.org.
- 32. NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers Association; www.nema.org.
- 33. NETA InterNational Electrical Testing Association; www.netaworld.org.
- 34. NFPA National Fire Protection Association; www.nfpa.org.
- 35. NSF NSF International; www.nsf.org.
- 36. NSPE National Society of Professional Engineers; www.nspe.org.
- 37. SMACNA Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association; www.smacna.org.
- 38. STI Steel Tank Institute; www.steeltank.com.
- 39. TEMA Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association, Inc.; www.tema.org.
- 40. UL Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; www.ul.com.
- 41. USGBC U.S. Green Building Council; www.usgbc.org.
- B. Publication Dates: Comply with standards in effect as of date of the Contract Documents unless otherwise indicated.
- Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on Project should be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.
 - 1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, obtain copies directly from publication source.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Systems Components Pressure and Temperature Ratings: Not less than indicated and as required for system pressures and temperatures.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Scope of Work: Furnish all labor, material, equipment, technical supervision, and incidental services required to complete, test and leave ready for operation the mechanical systems as specified and as indicated on Drawings.
 - Contract Documents are complimentary, and what is required by one shall be as binding as if required by all. In the event of inconsistencies or disagreements within the Construction Documents bids shall be based on the most expensive combination of quality and quantity of the work indicated.
- B. Ordinances and Codes: Perform all Work in accordance with applicable Federal, State and local ordinances and regulations, the Rules and Regulations of ASHRAE, NFPA, SMACNA and UL, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Notify the Architect/Engineer in writing before submitting a proposal should any changes in Drawings or Specifications be required to conform to the above codes, rules or regulations.
 - 2. If the Contractor performs any work knowing it to be contrary to such laws, ordinances, rules and regulations, and without notice to A/E, the Contractor shall bear all costs arising from corrective measures.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain equipment and other components of the same or similar systems through one source from a single manufacturer.
- Tests and Inspections: Perform all tests required by D. state, city, county and/or other agencies having jurisdiction. Provide all materials, equipment, etc., and labor required for tests.
- E. Performance Requirements: Perform all work in a first class and workmanlike manner, in accordance with the latest accepted standards and practices for the trades involved.

- Sequence and Schedule: Perform work to avoid interference F. with the work of other trades. Remove and relocate work which in the opinion of the Owner's Representatives causes interference.
- G. Labeling Requirement for Packaged Equipment: Electrical panels on packaged mechanical equipment shall bear UL label or label of other Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) (Intertek, CSA, etc.).

CODES, PERMITS AND FEES 1.6

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, all required permits, licenses, inspections, approvals and fees for Mechanical Work shall be secured and paid for by the Contractor. All Work shall conform to all applicable codes, rules and regulations.
- Rules of local utility companies shall be complied with. Check with each utility company supplying service to the installation and determine all devices including, but not limited to, all valves, meter boxes, and meters which will be required and include the cost of all such items in proposal.
- C. All work shall be executed in accordance with the rules and regulations set forth in local and state codes. Prepare any detailed drawings or diagrams which may be required by the governing authorities. Where the drawings and/or specifications indicate materials or construction in excess of code requirements, the drawings and/or specifications shall govern.
- D. Refer to Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping" for purchase and installation of potable water meters.

1.7 DRAWINGS

- The drawings show the location and general arrangement of equipment, piping and related items. They shall followed as closely as elements of the construction will permit.
- Examine the drawings of other trades and verify the conditions governing the work on the job site. Arrange work accordingly. Provide fittings, valves, and accessories as required to meet actual conditions.

- C. Deviations from the drawings, with the exception of minor changes in routing and other such incidental changes that do not affect the functioning or serviceability of the systems, shall not be made without the written approval of the Architect/Engineer.
- The Architectural and Structural Drawings take precedence in all matters pertaining to the building structure, Mechanical Drawings in all matters pertaining Mechanical Trades and Electrical Drawings in all matters pertaining to Electrical Trades. Where there are conflicts or differences between the drawings for the various trades, report such conflicts or differences to the Architect/Engineer for resolution.
- E. Drawings are not intended to be scaled for rough-in or to serve as shop drawings. Take all field measurements required to complete the Work.

1.8 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS

- A. Equipment: All items of equipment shall be furnished complete with all accessories normally supplied with the catalog items listed and all other accessories necessary for a complete and satisfactory operating system. All equipment and materials shall be new and shall be standard products of manufacturers regularly engaged in the production of plumbing, heating, ventilating and air conditioning equipment and shall be the manufacturer's latest design.
- B. If an approved manufacturer is other than the manufacturer used as the basis for design, the equipment or product provided shall be equal in size, quality, durability, appearance, capacity, and efficiency through all ranges of operation, shall conform with arrangements and space limitations of the equipment shown on the plans and/or specified, shall be compatible with the other components of the system and shall comply with the requirements for Items Requiring Prior Approval specified in this section of the Specifications. All costs to make these items of equipment comply with these requirements including, but not limited to, piping, sheet metal, electrical work, and building alterations shall be included in the original Bid.

- C. All package unit equipment and skid mounted mechanical components that are factory assembled shall meet, in detail, the products named and specified within each section of the Mechanical and Electrical Specifications.
- Changes Involving Electrical Work: The design of the mechanical systems is based on the equipment scheduled on Drawings. Equipment of higher electrical characteristics may be furnished provided such proposed equipment is approved in writing and connecting electrical services, circuit breakers, and conduit sizes are appropriately modified with no additional cost to project. If minimum energy ratings or efficiencies are specified, equipment shall comply with requirements.
 - Where equipment changes are made that involve additional Electrical Work (larger size motor, additional wiring of equipment, etc.) the Mechanical Trades involved shall compensate the Electrical Trades for the cost of the additional Work required.

1.9 INSPECTION OF SITE

- Visit the site, examine and verify the conditions under which the Work must be conducted before submitting Proposal. The submitting of a Proposal implies that the Contractor has visited the site and understands the conditions under which the Work must be conducted. No additional charges will be allowed because of failure to make this examination or to include all materials and labor to complete the Work.
- No contract sum adjustments or contract time extensions В. will be made for Contractor claims arising from conditions which were or could have been observable, ascertainable or reasonably foreseeable from a site visit or inquiry into local conditions affecting the execution of the work.

1.10 ITEMS REQUIRING PRIOR APPROVAL

Bids shall be based upon manufactured equipment specified. Α. All items that the Contractor proposes to use in the Work that are not specifically named in the Contract Documents must be submitted for review prior to bids. Such items must be submitted in compliance with Division 01 specifications. Requests for prior approval must be accompanied by complete catalog information, including but not limited to, model, size, accessories, complete

electrical information and performance data in the form given in the equipment schedule on the drawings at stated design conditions. Where items are referred to by symbolic designations on the drawings, all requests for prior approval shall bear the same designations.

- Equipment to be considered for prior approval shall be equal in quality, durability, appearance, capacity and efficiency through all ranges of operation, shall fulfill the requirements of equipment arrangement and space limitations of the equipment shown on the plans and/or specified and shall be compatible with the other components of the system.
- All costs incurred to make equipment comply with other requirements, including providing maintenance, clearance, piping, sheet metal, electrical, replacement of other components, and building alterations shall be included in the original bid.
- B. Voluntary alternates may be submitted for consideration, with listed addition or deduction to the bid, but will not affect the awarding of the contract.

1.11 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit project specific submittals for review in compliance with Division 01.
- Prepare shop drawings to scale for the Architect/Engineer В. for review. Equipment and material submittals required are indicated in the Mechanical; Fire Suppression; Plumbing; and Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning Sections. Refer to Division 01 for submittal quantities.
- C. All submittals shall be submitted in groupings of similar and/or related items. Plumbing fixture submittals shall be submitted as one package including all fixtures intended to be used for this project. Incomplete submittal groupings will be returned "Rejected". Submit shop drawing with identification mark number or symbol numbers as specified or scheduled on the Mechanical Drawings.
- All submittals shall be project specific. Standard detail D. drawings and schedule not clearly indicating which data is associated with this Project will be returned "Rejected".
- E. Shop drawings shall be reviewed by the Mechanical Contractor for completeness and accuracy prior to

submitting to the Architect/Engineer for review. The shop drawings shall be dated and signed by the Mechanical Contractor prior to submission.

- No equipment shall be shipped from stock or fabricated until shop drawings for them have been reviewed by the Architect/Engineer. Review is only for general conformance with the design concept of the project and general compliance with the information given in the Contract Documents. Any action indicated is subject to the requirement of the plans and specifications.
 - By the review of shop drawings, the Architect/Engineer does not assume responsibility for actual dimensions or for the fit of completed work in position, nor does such review relieve Mechanical Trades of responsibility for the proper and correct execution of the work required.
 - Contractor is responsible for:
 - a. Dimensions, which shall be confirmed and correlated at the job site.
 - b. Fabrication processes and techniques of construction.
 - c. Ouantities.
 - d. Coordination of Contractor's work with all other trades.
 - e. Satisfactory performance of Contractor's work.
 - f. Temporary aspects of the construction process.
- G. Submit detailed shop drawings of piping systems showing pipe routing and types and locations of all pipe hangers.
- H. If deviations (not substitutions) from Contract Documents are deemed necessary by the Contractor, details of such deviations, including changes in related portions of the project and the reasons therefore, shall be submitted with the submittal for approval.

1.12 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

Submit project specified coordination drawings for review Α. in compliance with Division 01 Specification Sections.

1.13 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONAL MANUALS

Submit project specific Operation and Maintenance Α. Instructional Manuals for review in compliance with Division 01 Specification Sections.

- Provide complete operation and maintenance instructional В. manuals covering all mechanical equipment herein specified, together with parts lists. Maintenance and operating instructional manuals shall be job specific to this project. Generic manuals are not acceptable. One copy of all manuals shall be furnished for Owner. Maintenance and operating instructional manuals shall be provided when construction is approximately 75 percent complete.
- C. Format: Submit operations and maintenance manuals in the following format:
 - PDF electronic file. Assemble each manual into a composite electronically indexed file. Submit on digital media acceptable to Architect.
 - a. Name each indexed document file in composite electronic index with applicable item name. Include a complete electronically linked operation and maintenance directory.
 - b. Enable inserted reviewer comments on draft submittals.
- The operating and maintenance instructions shall include a brief, general description for all mechanical systems including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Routine maintenance procedures.
 - Lubrication chart listing all types of lubricants to be used for each piece of equipment and the recommended frequency of lubrication.
 - Trouble-shooting procedures.
 - Contractor's telephone numbers for warranty repair service.
 - 5. Submittals.
 - 6. Recommended spare parts lists.
 - 7. Names and telephone numbers of major material suppliers and subcontractors.
 - 8. System schematic drawings.

1.14 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. Submit record drawings in compliance with Division 01.
- Contractor shall submit to the Architect/Engineer, record drawings on electronic media or vellum which have been neatly marked to represent as-built conditions for all new mechanical work.

The Contractor shall keep accurate note of all deviations from the construction documents and discrepancies in the underground concealed conditions and other items construction on field drawings as they occur. The marked up field documents shall be available for review by the Architect, Engineer and Owner at their request.

1.15 INSTRUCTION OF OWNER PERSONNEL

- Before final inspection, instruct Owner's designated Α. personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of mechanical equipment and systems at agreed upon times. A minimum of 24 hours of formal instruction to Owner's personnel shall be provided for each building. Additional hours are specified in individual specification sections.
- B. For equipment requiring seasonal operation, instructions for other seasons within six months.
- C. Use operation and maintenance manuals as basis for instruction. Review contents of manual with personnel in detail to explain all aspects of operation and maintenance.
- D. In addition to individual equipment training provide overview of each mechanical system. Utilize the as-built documents for this overview.
- E. Prepare and insert additional data in operation and maintenance manual when need for such data becomes apparent during instruction.

1.16 WARRANTY

Warranty: Comply with the requirements in Division 01 Specification Sections. Contractor shall warranty that the mechanical installation is free from defects and agrees to replace or repair, to the Owner's satisfaction, any part of this mechanical installation which becomes defective within a period of one year (unless specified otherwise in other Mechanical; Fire Suppression; Plumbing; or Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning Sections) from the date of substantial completion following final acceptance, provided that such failure is due to defects in the equipment, material, workmanship or failure to follow the contract documents.

B. File with the Owner any and all warranties from the equipment manufacturers including the operating conditions and performance capacities they are based on.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

A. Not Applicable

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MECHANICAL DEMOLITION WORK

- A. All demolition of existing mechanical equipment and materials shall be done by the Contractor unless otherwise indicated. Include all items such as, but not limited to, existing piping, draining of piping, pumps, ductwork, supports and equipment where such items are not required for the proper operation of the modified system.
- B. In general, demolition work is indicated on the Drawings. However, the Contractor shall visit the job site to determine the full extent and character of this Work.
- C. Unless specifically noted to the contrary, removed materials shall not be reused in the work. Salvaged materials that are to be reused shall be stored safe against damage and turned over to the appropriate trade for reuse. Salvaged materials of value that are not to be reused shall remain the property of the Owner unless such ownership is waived. Remove items from the systems and turn over to the Owner in their condition prior to removal. The Owner shall move and store these materials. Items on which the Owner waives ownership shall become the property of the Contractor, who shall remove and legally dispose of same, away from the premises.
- D. Work that has been cut or partially removed shall be protected against damage until covered by permanent construction.
- E. Clean and flush the interior and exterior of all existing relocated equipment and its related piping, valves, and accessories that are to be reused of all mud, debris, pipe dope, oils, welding slag, loose mill scale, rust and other extraneous material so that the existing equipment and all accessories can be repainted and repaired as required to place in first-class working condition.

- F. Where existing equipment is to be removed, cap piping under floor, behind face of wall, above ceiling or at mains. Cap or plug piping with same or compatible piping material.
- G. Cap ductwork and cap piping immediately adjacent to demolition as soon as demolition commences in order to allow existing systems to remain in operation.
 - 1. Cap or plug piping with same or compatible piping material.
 - 2. Cap or plug ducts with same or compatible ductwork material.

3.2 REFRIGERANT HANDLING

- A. Refrigerant Installation and Disposal: Perform all work related to refrigerant contained in chillers, cooling coils, air conditioners, and similar equipment, including related piping, in strict accordance with the following requirements:
 - 1. ASHRAE Standard 15 and Related Revisions: Safety Code for Mechanical Refrigeration.
 - 2. ASHRAE Standard 34 and Related Revisions: Number Designation and Safety Classification of Refrigerants.
 - 3. United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) requirements of Section 8 08 (Prohibition of Venting and Regulation of CFC) and applicable State and Local regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- Recovered refrigerant is the property of the Contractor. Dispose of refrigerant legally, in accordance with applicable rules and regulations.

3.3 WORK IN EXISTING BUILDINGS

- The Owner will provide access to existing buildings as required. Access requirements to occupied buildings shall be identified on the project schedule. The Contractor, once Work is started in the existing building, shall complete same without interruption so as to return work areas as soon as possible to Owner.
- B. Adequately protect and preserve all existing and newly installed Work. Promptly repair any damage to same at Contractor's expense.

- C. Consult with the Owner's Representative as to the methods of carrying on the Work so as not to interfere with the Owner's operation any more than absolutely necessary. Accordingly, all service lines shall be kept in operation as long as possible and the services shall only be interrupted at such time as will be designated by the Owner's Representative.
- D. Prior to starting work in any area, obtain approval for doing so from a qualified representative of the Owner who is designated and authorized by the Owner to perform testing and abatement, if necessary, of all hazardous materials including but not limited to, asbestos. The Contractor shall not perform any inspection, testing, containment, removal or other work that is related in any way whatsoever to hazardous materials under the Contract.

3.4 TEMPORARY SERVICES

- Provide temporary service as described in Division 01. Α.
- existing building will be occupied during В. construction. Maintain mechanical services and provide necessary temporary connections and their removal at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.5 WORK INVOLVING OTHER TRADES

A. Certain items of equipment or materials specified in the Mechanical Division may have to be installed by other trades due to code requirements or union jurisdictional requirements. In such instances, the Contractor shall complete the work through an approved, qualified subcontractor and shall include the full cost for same in proposal.

3.6 ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURE

- Upon successful completion of start-up and recalibration, but prior to building acceptance, substantial completion and commencement of warranties, the Architect/Engineer shall be requested in writing to observe the satisfactory operation of all mechanical control systems.
- B. The Contractor shall demonstrate operation of equipment and control systems, including each individual component, to the Owner and Architect/Engineer.

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- C. After correcting all items appearing on the punch list, make a second written request to the Owner and Architect/Engineer for observation and approval.
- D. After all items on the punch list are corrected and formal approval of the mechanical systems is provided by the Architect/Engineer, the Contractor shall indicate to the Owner in writing the commencement of the warranty period.
- E. Operation of the following systems shall be demonstrated:
 - 1. Air Handling Systems.
 - 2. Refrigeration Systems.
 - 3. Chilled Water Systems.
 - 4. Heating Systems.
 - 5. Domestic Hot Water Heaters.
 - 6. Domestic Hot Water Mixing Stations.
 - 7. Energy Recovery Systems.
 - 8. Temperature Controls.
 - 9. Building Automation System.
 - 10. Exhaust Systems.
- F. For systems requiring seasonal operation, demonstrate system performance within six months when weather conditions are suitable.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15050 - BASIC MECHANICAL MATERIALS AND METHODS

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3.10	JACKING OF PIPE
3.11	ERECTION OF WOOD SUPPORTS AND ANCHORAGES
3.13	GROUTING
3.14	CUTTING, CORING AND PATCHING
3.15	EXCAVATION AND BACKFILLING
3.16	FLASHING
3.17	LUBRICATION
3.18	FILTERS
3.19	CLEANING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- Related Sections include the following: В.
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping" for flushing and cleaning of potable water piping.
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Piping Systems Flushing and Chemical Cleaning" for flushing and cleaning of HVAC piping.

1.2 SUMMARY

This section includes mechanical materials and installation methods common to mechanical piping systems, sheetmetal systems and equipment. This section supplements all other Division 13 Fire Protection Sections, Division 15 Mechanical Sections, and Division 01 Specification Sections.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Finished Spaces: Spaces other than mechanical and electrical equipment rooms, furred spaces, pipe and duct shafts, unheated spaces immediately below roof, spaces above ceilings, unexcavated spaces, crawlspaces, and tunnels.
- B. Exposed, Interior Installations: Exposed to view indoors. Examples include finished occupied spaces and mechanical equipment rooms.
- C. Exposed, Exterior Installations: Exposed to view outdoors or subject to outdoor ambient temperatures and weather conditions. Examples include rooftop locations.
- D. Concealed, Interior Installations: Concealed from view and protected from physical contact by building occupants. Examples include above ceilings and in duct shafts.

- E. Concealed, Exterior Installations: Concealed from view and protected from weather conditions and physical contact by building occupants but subject to outdoor ambient temperatures. Examples include installations within unheated shelters.
- F. The following are industry abbreviations for plastic materials:
 - 1. CPVC: Chlorinated polyvinyl chloride plastic.
 - 2. PE: Polyethylene plastic.
 - 3. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.
 - 4. RTRF: Reinforced thermosetting resin (fiberglass) fittings.
 - 5. RTRP: Reinforced thermosetting resin (fiberglass) pipe.
- G. The following are industry abbreviations for rubber materials:
 - 1. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.
 - 2. NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Transition fittings.
 - 2. Dielectric fittings.
 - 3. Mechanical sleeve seals.
 - 4. Escutcheons.
- B. Welding certificates.
- C. Brazing Certificates: As required by ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX, or AWS B2.2.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements Public Law 111-380, "Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act," about lead content in materials that will be in contact with potable water for human consumption.
- Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components -Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9," for potable domestic water piping and components.

- C. Comply with NSF 372, "Drinking Water System Components -Lead Content" for potable domestic water piping and components.
- D. Steel Support Welding: Qualify processes and operators according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."
- Steel Pipe Welding: Qualify processes and operators Ε. according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."
 - 1. Comply with provisions in ASME B31 Series, "Code for Pressure Piping."
 - 2. Certify that each welder has passed AWS qualification tests for welding processes involved and that certification is current.
- F. Brazing: Qualify processes and operators according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications," or AWS B2.2, "Standard Brazing Procedure and Performance Qualification."
- G. Soldering: Qualify processes and operators according to AWS B2.3/2.3M, "Specification for Soldering Procedure and Performance Qualification."
- Installer Qualifications: Н.
 - 1. Installers of Grooved Components: Installers shall be certified by the grooved component manufacturer as having been trained and qualified to join piping with grooved couplings, fittings, and specialties.
 - 2. Installers of Pressure-Sealed Joints: Installers shall be certified by the pressure-seal joint manufacturer as having been trained and qualified to join piping with pressure-seal pipe couplings and fittings.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Storage and Protection: Provide adequate weather protected storage space for all mechanical equipment and materials deliveries to the job site. Storage locations will be designated by the Owner's Representative. Equipment stored in unprotected areas must be provided with temporary protection.

- Protect equipment and materials from theft, injury or damage.
- Protect equipment outlets, pipe and duct openings with temporary plugs or caps.
- 3. Materials with enamel or glaze surface shall be protected from damage by covering and/or coating as recommended in bulletin "Handling and Care of Enameled Cast Iron Plumbing Fixtures", issued by the Plumbing Fixtures Manufacturer Association, and as approved.
- Electrical equipment furnished by Mechanical Trades and installed by the Electrical Trades: Turn over to Electrical Trades in good condition, receive written confirmation of same.
- Deliver pipes and tubes with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.
- Store plastic pipes protected from direct sunlight. Support to prevent sagging and bending.

1.7 COORDINATION

- Arrange for pipe spaces, chases, slots, and openings in building structure during progress of construction, to allow for mechanical installations. Coordinate with other trades to ensure accurate locations and sizes mechanical spaces, chases, slots, shafts, recesses and openings.
- Coordinate installation of required supporting devices and В. sleeves in poured-in-place concrete and other structural components as they are constructed.
- Install Work to avoid interference with work of other C. trades including, but not limited to, Architectural and Electrical Trades. Remove and relocate any work that causes an interference at Contractor's expense.
- Coordinate requirements for and provide access panels and doors for mechanical items requiring access that are concealed behind finished surfaces. Access panels and doors are specified in Division 08 Section "Access Doors and Frames."
- The mechanical trades shall be responsible for all damage to other work caused by their work or through the neglect of their workers.

All patching and repair of any such damaged work shall be performed by the trades which installed the work. The cost shall be paid by the Mechanical Trades.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below Α. introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

2.2 PIPE, TUBE, AND FITTINGS

- Refer to individual Division 15 piping Sections for pipe, tube, and fitting materials and joining methods.
- Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1 for factory-threaded pipe and В. pipe fittings.

2.3 JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Refer to individual Division 15 piping Sections for special joining materials not listed below.
- Unions: Pipe Size 2 Inches and Smaller: В.
 - 1. Ferrous pipe: Malleable iron ground joint type unions.
 - 2. Unions in galvanized piping system shall be galvanized.
 - Copper tube and pipe: Bronze unions with soldered 3. joints.
- Flanges: Pipe Sizes 2-1/2 Inch and Larger:
 - Ferrous pipe: Standard weight, forged steel weld neck
 - 2. Copper tube and pipe: Slip-on bronze flanges.
- D. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials: Suitable for chemical and thermal conditions of piping system contents.

- 1. ASME B16.21, nonmetallic, flat, asbestos-free, 1/8inch maximum thickness unless thickness or specific material is indicated.
 - a. Full-Face Type: For flat-face, Class 125, castiron and cast-bronze flanges.
 - b. Narrow-Face Type: For raised-face, Class 250, cast-iron and steel flanges.
- 2. AWWA C110, rubber, flat face, 1/8 inch thick, unless otherwise indicated; and full-face or ring type, unless otherwise indicated.
- Flange Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel, unless otherwise indicated. Square head bolts and nuts are not acceptable.
- F. Plastic, Pipe-Flange Gasket, Bolts, and Nuts: Type and material recommended by piping system manufacturer, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32, lead-free, antimony-free, silver-bearing alloys. Include water-flushable flux according to ASTM B 813.
- Brazing Filler Metals: Alloys meeting AWS A5.8.
 - 1. Use Type BcuP Series, silver-bearing, copperphosphorus alloys for joining copper or bronze socket fittings with copper pipe. Flux is prohibited unless used with bronze fittings.
 - 2. Use Type Bag Series, cadmium-free silver alloys for joining copper with steel, stainless steel, or other ferrous alloys.
- Welding Filler Metals: Comply with AWS D10.12/D10.12M for I. welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of steel pipe being welded.
- J. Welding Materials: Comply with Section II, Part C, of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and for chemical analysis of pipe being welded.
- K. Solvent Cements for Joining CPVC Piping and Tubing: ASTM F 493.

- Solvent Cements for Joining PVC Piping: ASTM D 2564. Include primer according to ASTM F 656.
- Solvent Cements for Joining ABS Piping: ASTM D 2235. Μ.
- Solvent Cements for Joining PVC to ABS Piping Transition: Ν. ASTM D 3138.
- Fiberglass Pipe Adhesive: As furnished or recommended by Ο. pipe manufacturer.

2.4 PIPE THREAD COMPOUNDS

- A. Pipe thread compounds for the fluid service compatible with piping materials provided.
- Compounds for potable water service and similar В. applications acceptable to U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) or Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Compounds containing lead are prohibited.
- C. Inorganic zinc-rich coatings or corrosion inhibited proprietary compounds for galvanized carbon steel systems to coat raw carbon steel surfaces, in lieu of subsequent painting.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Carboline "Carbo-Zinc 12."
 - b. Tnemec.
 - c. Koppers.
- Graphite and oil or proprietary corrosion inhibited compounds suitable for system temperatures for steam or condensate.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - WKM; Division of Cooper Industries, Inc., Key a. "Graphite Paste."
 - b. Other approved.
- Use tetrafluoroethylene (Teflon) tape 2 to 3 mils thick for natural gas system threaded joints.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Cadillac Plastic.

- b. Permacel.
- c. Other approved.

2.5 TRANSITION FITTINGS

- A. AWWA Transition Couplings: Same size as, and with pressure rating at least equal to and with ends compatible with, piping to be joined.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Cascade Waterworks Mfg. Co.
 - b. Dresser Industries, Inc.; DMD Div.
 - c. Ford Meter Box Company, Incorporated (The); Pipe Products Div.
 - d. JCM Industries.
 - e. Smith-Blair, Inc.
 - f. Viking Johnson.
 - 2. Underground Piping NPS 1-1/2 and Smaller: Manufactured fitting or coupling.
 - 3. Underground Piping NPS 2 and Larger: AWWA C219, metal sleeve-type coupling.
 - 4. Aboveground Pressure Piping: Pipe fitting.
- B. Plastic-to-Metal Transition Fittings: CPVC and PVC onepiece fitting with manufacturer's Schedule 80 equivalent dimensions; one end with threaded brass insert, and one solvent-cement-joint end.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. IPEX Inc. (formerly Eslon Thermoplastics).
- C. Plastic-to-Metal Transition Adaptors: One-piece fitting with manufacturer's SDR 11 equivalent dimensions; one end with threaded brass insert, and one solvent-cement-joint end.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - Thompson Plastics, Inc.
- Plastic-to-Metal Transition Unions: MSS SP-107, CPVC and PVC four-part union. Include brass end, solvent-cementjoint end, rubber O-ring, and union nut.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. NIBCO INC.
- b. NIBCO, Inc.; Chemtrol Div.
- E. Flexible Transition Couplings for Underground Nonpressure Drainage Piping: ASTM C 1173 with elastomeric sleeve, ends same size as piping to be joined, and corrosion-resistant metal band on each end.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Cascade Waterworks Mfg. Co.
- b. Fernco, Inc.
- c. Mission Rubber Company.
- d. Plastic Oddities, Inc.
- e. Can-Tex Industries Division of Harsco Corp. "CT-Adaptors".
- f. Joint Inc., "Caulder".

2.6 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

- A. Description: Combination fitting of copper alloy and ferrous materials with threaded, solder-joint, plain, or weld-neck end connections that match piping system materials.
- B. Insulating Material: Suitable for system fluid, pressure, and temperature.
- C. Brass Unions, Brass Nipples, Brass Couplings: For systems up to 286 deg F.
- D. Dielectric-Flange Kits: Include full-face- or ring-type neoprene or phenolic gasket, phenolic or polyethylene bolt sleeves, phenolic washers, and steel backing washers.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
- b. Calpico, Inc.
- c. Capitol Manufacturing Co.
- d. Central Plastics Company.
- e. Epco Sales, Inc.
- f. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.
- g. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator Co.

- h. Zurn Industries, Inc.; Wilkins Div.
- Separate companion flanges and steel bolts and nuts shall have 150- or 300-psig minimum working pressure where required to suit system pressures.
- E. Dielectric Couplings: Galvanized-steel coupling with inert noncorrosive, thermoplastic lining; female NPT threaded ends; and 300-psig minimum working pressure at 225 deg F.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Lochinvar Corp.; V-Line Insulating Couplings.
- Dielectric Nipple/Waterway Fittings: Electroplated steel nipple with inert and noncorrosive, thermoplastic lining; plain, male NPT threaded, or grooved ends; and 300-psig minimum working pressure at 230 deg F.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Anvil International, Inc.; Gruvlok Manufacturing; DI-LOK Nipples.
- b. Elster Group; Perfection Corp.; ClearFlow.
- c. Precision Plumbing Products, Inc.; ClearFlow.
- d. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- e. Tyco Fire & Building Products; Grinnell Mechanical Products; Figure 407 ClearFlow.
- f. Victaulic Co. of America; Style 47 ClearFlow.

2.7 MODULAR MECHANICAL SEALS

A. Description: Modular sealing element unit, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between pipe and sleeve or pipe and core drilled hole.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.; Innerlynx.
- b. Calpico, Inc.
- c. Metraflex Co.
- d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.; Thunderline Link Seal.

- Sealing Elements: EPDM interlocking links shaped to fit surface of pipe. Include type and number required for pipe material and size of pipe.
- Pressure Plates: Carbon steel. Include two for each sealing element.
- Connecting Bolts and Nuts: Carbon steel with corrosion-resistant coating of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements. Include one for each sealing element.

2.8 SLEEVES

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, and 0.375 inch wall black.
- В. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, and 0.375 inch wall galvanized, plain ends.
- Water Stop: Cast or ductile-iron; fabricated steel; PVC; or rotationally molded HDPE pipe; with plain ends and integral water stop, unless otherwise indicated.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.; Infinity and Gal-Vo-Plast Sleeves.
- b. Calpico, Inc.
- c. Metraflex Co.
- d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.
- D. Stack Sleeve Fittings: Manufactured, cast-iron sleeve with integral clamping flange. Include clamping ring and bolts and nuts for membrane flashing.
 - 1. Underdeck Clamp: Clamping ring with set screws.

2.9 ESCUTCHEONS

Description: Manufactured wall and ceiling escutcheons, with an ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of insulated piping and an OD that completely covers opening.

1. New Piping:

a. Piping with Fitting or Sleeve Protruding from Wall: One-piece, deep-pattern type.

- b. Chrome-Plated Piping or Piping in High Humidity Areas: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished chrome-plated finish.
- c. Insulated Piping: One-piece, stamped-steel type with spring clips.
- d. Bare Piping in Finished Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type.
- e. Bare Piping in Unfinished Service Spaces or Equipment Rooms: Split-plate, stamped-steel type with concealed hinge and set screw.

2. Existing Piping: Use the following:

- a. Chrome-Plated Piping or Piping in High Humidity Areas: Split-casting, cast-brass type with chromeplated finish.
- b. Insulated Piping: Split-plate, stamped-steel type with concealed hinge and spring clips.
- c. Bare Piping: Split-plate, stamped-steel type with set screw or spring clips.

2.10 GROUT

- A. Description: ASTM C 1107, Grade B, nonshrink and nonmetallic, dry hydraulic-cement grout.
 - 1. Characteristics: Post-hardening, volume-adjusting, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous, and recommended for interior and exterior applications.
 - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.
 - 3. Packaging: Premixed and factory packaged.

2.11 EPOXY BONDING COMPOUND

- A. Two-component system suitable for bonding wet or dry concrete to each other and to other materials.
- B. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Euco 452 #450; Euclid Chemical Co.
 - 2. Epobond; L & M Construction Chemicals.
 - 3. Sikadur 87; Sika Corp.

2.12 PIPE ROOF PENETRATION ENCLOSURES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Pate Company (The).
- 2. Portals Plus, Inc.
- 3. Thybar Corporation; Thycurb.
- Minimum 18 gage welded galvanized steel construction.
- C. Integral base plate.
- D. Built-in fully mitered cant.
- E. Factory installed insect and decay resistant wood nailer.
- F. Factory installed 1-1/2 inch thick, 3 pounds per cubic foot density rigid insulation.
- G. EPDM compression molded rubber cap for single or multiple pipes as required.
- H. Stainless steel draw-band clamps.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 PIPING SYSTEMS COMMON REQUIREMENTS
 - A. Refer to piping application schedules on the Drawings.
 - Install piping according to the following requirements and В. Division 15 Sections specifying piping systems, and in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
 - C. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. The Drawings shall be followed as closely as elements of construction will permit.
 - D. During the progress of construction, protect open ends of pipe, fittings, and valves to prevent the admission of foreign matter. Place plugs or flanges in the ends of all installed work whenever work stops. Plugs shall be commercially manufactured products.
 - E. Prior to and during laying of pipe, maintain excavations dry and clear of water and extraneous materials. Provide minimum 4 inches of clearance in all directions for pipe passing under or through building grade beams.

- F. Weld-o-lets and thread-o-lets can be used for annular flow measuring devices, temperature control components, and thermal wells in steel pipe. Pipe taps shall be drilled and deburred. Torch cutting is not acceptable.
- G. Brazolets can be used for annular flow measuring devices, temperature control components, and thermal wells in copper tube. Pipe taps shall be drilled and deburred. Torch cutting is not acceptable.
- Clean and lubricate elastomer joints prior to assembly.
- I. Clean damaged galvanized surfaces and touch-up with a zinc rich coating.
- Install piping to conserve building space and not J. interfere with use of space.
- K. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction L. without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- Slope piping and arrange systems to drain at low points. Μ.
- Slope horizontal piping containing noncondensible gases 1 Ν. inch per 100 feet, upward in the direction of the flow.
- Install piping in concealed locations, unless otherwise Ο. indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- P. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- In concealed locations where piping, other than black Q. steel, cast-iron, or galvanized steel, is installed through holes or notches in studs, joists, rafters or similar members less than 1-1/2 inches from the nearest edge of the member, the pipe shall be protected by shield plates. Protective shield plates shall be a minimum of 1/16 inch thick steel, shall cover the area of the pipe where the member is notched or bored, and shall extend a minimum of 2 inches above sole plates and below top plates.

- R. Do not penetrate building structural members unless specifically indicated on drawings.
- S. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel and light fixture removal.
- T. Install valves with stems upright or horizontal, not inverted.
- U. Provide clearance for installation of insulation and access to valves and fittings.
- V. Install piping to permit valve and equipment servicing. Do not install piping below valves and/or terminal equipment. Do not install piping above electrical equipment.
- W. Install piping at indicated slopes. Provide drain valves with hose end connections and caps at all piping low points, where piping is trapped and at all equipment.
- X. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- Y. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- Z. Unless otherwise indicated or specified, install branch connections to mains using tee fittings in main pipe:
 - 1. Branch connected to bottom of main pipe for HVAC systems. Side connection is acceptable. Connection above centerline of main is unacceptable. For up-feed risers, connect branch to top of main pipe.
 - 2. Branch connected to top of main for steam and condensate, plumbing systems, compressible gasses, and vacuum.
- AA. Install piping to allow application of insulation.
- BB. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- CC. After completion, fill, clean, and treat systems. Refer to Division 15 Sections "Hydronic Piping," "Piping Systems Flushing and Chemical Cleaning," and "HVAC Water Treatment."

- DD. Install escutcheons for penetrations of walls below ceiling, and ceilings.
- EE. Sleeves are not required for core-drilled holes in poured concrete walls.
- FF. Permanent sleeves are not required for holes formed by removable PE sleeves in poured concrete walls.
- GG. Install sleeves for pipes passing through footings and foundation walls, masonry walls, gypsum-board partitions, and concrete floor and roof slabs.
 - 1. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces of walls.
 - a. Exception: Extend sleeves installed in floors 2 inches above finished floor level.
 - Install sleeves in new walls and slabs as new walls and slabs are constructed.
 - Install sleeves that are large enough to provide 1/4inch annular clear space between sleeve and pipe or pipe insulation. Use the following sleeve materials:
 - a. Schedule 40 Black Steel Sleeves: For pipes smaller than NPS 12 penetrating interior walls.
 - 0.375 Inch Wall Black Steel Sleeves: For pipes NPS 12 and larger penetrating interior walls.
 - Schedule 40 Galvanized Steel Sleeves: For pipes smaller than NPS 12 penetrating floors, and roof slabs.
 - d. 0.375 Inch Wall Galvanized Steel Sleeves: For pipes NPS 12 and larger penetrating floors and roof slabs.
 - e. For pipes penetrating floors with membrane water proofing provide cast iron sleeve with clamping flanges. Secure/seal membrane to sleeves with clamping flanges.
 - Seal sleeves in concrete floors roof slabs and masonry walls with grout.
 - Seal sleeves in plaster/gypsumboard partitions with plaster or dry wall compound and caulk with nonhardening silicone sealant to provide airtight installation.

- Except for underground wall penetrations, seal annular space between sleeve and pipe or pipe insulation, using joint sealants appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Refer to Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for materials and installation.
- HH. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Pipe Penetrations: Seal penetrations using sleeves and modular mechanical seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing modular mechanical seals.
 - 1. Install Schedule 40 galvanized steel pipe for sleeves smaller than 12 inches in diameter.
 - Install 0.375 galvanized steel pipe for sleeves 12 inches and larger in diameter.
 - Modular Mechanical Seal Installation: Select type and number of sealing elements required for pipe material and size. Position pipe in center of sleeve. Assemble modular mechanical seals and install in annular space between pipe and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.
- II. New, Poured Concrete, Underground, Exterior-Wall and Slab on Grade Pipe Penetrations: Install water stop sleeves prior to pour. Seal pipe penetrations using modular mechanical seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing modular mechanical seals.
 - 1. Modular Mechanical Seal Installation: Select type and number of sealing elements required for pipe material and size. Position pipe in center of sleeve. Assemble modular mechanical seals and install in annular space between pipe and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.
- JJ. Existing Underground, Exterior-Wall and Slab on Grade Pipe Penetrations: Seal core drilled pipe penetrations using modular mechanical seals. Allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and cored opening for installing modular mechanical seals.
 - 1. Modular Mechanical Seal Installation: Select type and number of sealing elements required for pipe material

and size. Position pipe in center of cored hole. Assemble modular mechanical seals and install in annular space between pipe and cored opening. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

- KK. Fire-Barrier Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings, and floors at pipe penetrations. Seal pipe penetrations with firestop materials. Refer to Division 07 Specification Sections for materials.
- LL. Seal openings around pipes in sleeves and around duct openings through walls, floors and ceilings, and where floors, fire rated walls and smoke barriers are penetrated. Fire and/or smoke barriers shall be UL listed firestopping and shall have a fire rating equal to or greater than the penetrated barrier. Refer to Division 07 Specification Sections for materials.

MM. Pipe Roof Penetration Enclosures:

- 1. Coordinate delivery of roof penetration enclosures to jobsite.
- 2. Locate and set curbs on roof.
- 3. Framing, flashing, and attachment to roof structure are specified under Division 07.
- Attach cap to curbs, cut pipe boots to fit pipe, and clamp boots to pipe or conduit.
- NN. Verify final equipment locations for roughing-in.
- 00. Refer to equipment specifications in other Sections of these Specifications for roughing-in requirements.

3.2 PIPING JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Join pipe and fittings according to the following requirements and Division 15 Sections specifying piping systems.
- B. Cut piping square.
- C. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.

- D. Remove scale, slag, dirt, oil, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.
- E. Clean damaged galvanized surfaces and touch-up with a zinc rich coating.
- F. Use standard long sweep pipe fittings for changes in direction. No mitered joints or field fabricated pipe bends will be permitted. Short radius elbows may be used where specified or specifically authorized by the Architect.
- G. Make tee connections with screwed tee fittings, soldered fittings or specified welded connections. Make welded branch connections with either welding tees or forged branch outlet fittings in accordance with ASTM A234, ANSI B16.9 and ANSI B16.11. For forged branch outlets, furnish forged fittings flared for improved flow where attached to the run, reinforced against external strains and to full pipe-bursting strength requirements. "Fishmouth" connections are not acceptable.
- H. Use eccentric reducers for drainage and venting of pipe lines; bushings are not permitted.
- I. Provide pipe openings using fittings for all systems control devices, thermometers, gauges, etc. Drilling and tapping of pipe wall for connections is prohibited.
- J. Provide temperature sensing device thermal wells and similar piping specialty connections.
- K. Provide instrument connections except thermal wells with specified isolating valves at point of connection to system.
- L. Locate instrument connections in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for accurate read-out function sensed. Locate instrument connections for easy reading and service of devices.
- M. Soldered Joints: Apply ASTM B 813, water-flushable flux, unless otherwise indicated, to tube end. Construct joints according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."
- N. Brazed Joints: Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter.

- Ο. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
 - Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dry seal threading is specified.
 - Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.
- P. Welded Joints: Construct joints according to AWS D10.12, using qualified processes and welding operators according to Part 1 "Quality Assurance" Article.
 - 1. Weld-o-lets and thread-o-lets can be used for annular flow measuring devices, temperature control components, and thermal wells. Pipe taps shall be drilled and deburred. Torch cutting is not acceptable.
- Q. Flanged Joints: Select appropriate gasket material, size, type, and thickness for service application. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on gaskets and bolt threads.
 - Assemble flanged joints with fresh-stock gasket and hex head nuts, bolts or studs. Make clearance between flange faces such that the connections can be gasketed and bolted tight without strain on the piping system. Align flange faces parallel and bores concentric; center gaskets on the flange faces without projection into the bore.
 - Lubricate bolts before assembly to insure uniform bolt stressing. Draw up and tighten bolts in staggered sequence to prevent unequal gasket compression and deformation of the flanges. Do not mate a flange with a raised face to a companion flange with a flat face; machine the raised face down to a smooth matching surface and use a full face gasket. After the piping system has been tested and is in service at its maximum temperature, check bolting torque to provide required gasket stress.
- R. Grooved Joints: Assemble joints with grooved-end-pipe or grooved-end-tube coupling housing, gasket, lubricant, and bolts according to coupling and fitting manufacturer's

written instructions. Grooved ends shall be clean and free from indentations, projections, and roll marks in the area from pipe end to groove. Galvanized piping shall be cut grooved to prevent damage to galvanizing on internal pipe surfaces. The grooved coupling manufacturer's factory trained representative shall provide on-site training for contractor's field personnel in the use of grooving tools, application of groove, and installation of grooved joint products. The manufacturer's representative shall periodically visit the jobsite and review installation. Contractor shall remove and replace any joints deemed improperly installed.

- S. Mechanically Formed, Copper-Tube-Outlet Joints: Use manufacturer-recommended tool and procedure, and brazed joints.
- T. Pressure-Sealed Joints: Use manufacturer-recommended tool and procedure. Leave insertion marks on pipe after assembly.
- U. Dissimilar-Metal Piping Joints: Construct joints using dielectric fittings compatible with both piping materials. Refer to Application Schedules on the Drawings.
- V. Plastic Piping Solvent-Cement Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces. Join pipe and fittings according to the following:
 - Comply with ASTM F 402 for safe-handling practice of cleaners, primers, and solvent cements.
 - 2. ABS Piping: Join according to ASTM D 2235 and ASTM D 2661 Appendixes.
 - CPVC Piping: Join according to ASTM D 2846/D 2846M Appendix.
 - PVC Pressure Piping: Join schedule number ASTM D 1785, PVC pipe and PVC socket fittings according to ASTM D 2672. Join other-than-schedule-number PVC pipe and socket fittings according to ASTM D 2855.
 - 5. PVC Nonpressure Piping: Join according to ASTM D 2855.
 - PVC to ABS Nonpressure Transition Fittings: Join according to ASTM D 3138 Appendix.
- W. Plastic Pressure Piping Gasketed Joints: Join according to ASTM D 3139.

- X. Plastic Nonpressure Piping Gasketed Joints: Join according to ASTM D 3212.
- Y. PE Piping Heat-Fusion Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces by wiping with clean cloth or paper towels. Join according to ASTM D 2657.
 - 1. Plain-End Pipe and Fittings: Use butt fusion.
 - 2. Plain-End Pipe and Socket Fittings: Use socket fusion.
- Fiberglass Bonded Joints: Prepare pipe ends and fittings, apply adhesive, and join according to pipe manufacturer's written instructions.
- AA. Remake joints which fail pressure tests with new materials including pipe, fittings, gaskets and/or a filler.

3.3 ACCESS DOORS

- A. Provide access doors for installation by architectural trades. Provide access doors in the walls, as required to make all valves, controls, coils, motors, air vents, filters, electrical boxes and other equipment installed by the Contractor accessible. Minimum size 12 inches x 12inches. Provide access doors in the ceiling, for accessibility as mentioned above, 24 inches \times 24 inches minimum size. Areas with accessible ceilings (ceilings where lay-in panels are not fastened in place and can be individually removed without removal of adjacent tiles) will not require access doors. Refer to Division 08 Section "Access Doors and Frames" for manufacturers and model numbers and additional information.
- B. When access doors are in fire resistant walls or ceilings, they shall bear the Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., Label, with time design rating equal to or greater than the wall or ceiling unless they were a part of the tested assembly.

3.4 EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

Make connections to equipment, fixtures, and other items included in the work in accordance with the submittals and rough-in measurements furnished by the manufacturers of the particular equipment furnished.

- Any and all additional connections not shown on the drawings but shown on the equipment manufacturer's submittal or required for the successful operation of the equipment shall be installed as part of this Contract at no additional charge to the Owner.
- B. All piping connections to pumps, coils, and other equipment shall be installed without strain at the pipe connection of this equipment. When directed, remove the bolts in flanged connections or disconnect piping to demonstrate that piping has been so connected.

3.5 PIPING CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections according to the following, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Install unions, in piping NPS 2 and smaller, where indicated on Drawings, at final connection to each piece of equipment and at all control valves.
 - 2. Install flanges, in piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger, where indicated on Drawings, at final connection to each piece of equipment and at all control valves.

3.6 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION - COMMON REQUIREMENTS

- Install equipment to allow maximum possible headroom specific mounting heights are indicated. unless Housekeeping pad locations and sizes shall be coordinated by mechanical contractor prior to the placement of concrete slabs.
- B. Install equipment level and plumb, parallel and perpendicular to other building systems and components in exposed interior spaces, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install mechanical equipment to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components. Connect equipment for ease of disconnecting, with minimum interference to other installations. Extend grease fittings to accessible locations.
- Install equipment to allow right of way for piping installed at required slope.
- E. For suspended equipment, furnish and install all inserts, rods, structural steel frames, brackets and platforms

required. Obtain approval of Architect for same including loads, locations and methods of attachment.

- F. Equipment Rigging Over Roof Areas: Protect building structure against damage during equipment rigging. Make provisions to distribute load of equipment to main roof structure, and to prevent damage to roof decking, roofing, or purlins.
- G. The Contract Documents indicate items to be purchased and installed. The items are noted by a manufacturer's name, catalog number and/or brief description. The catalog number may not designate all the accessory parts for a particular application. Arrange with the manufacturer for the purchase of all items required for a complete installation.

3.7 PAINTING

- Painting of mechanical systems, equipment, and components Α. is specified in Division 09.
- Damage and Touchup: Repair marred and damaged factory-В. painted finishes with materials and procedures to match original factory finish.

3.8 CONCRETE BASES

- A. Concrete housekeeping pads for floor mounted mechanical equipment shall be provided by Architectural Trades.
- В. Concrete Bases: Anchor equipment to concrete base according to equipment manufacturer's written instructions and according to seismic codes at Project.
 - 1. Construct concrete bases as shown on Drawings or specified, but not less than 4 inches larger in both directions than supported unit.
 - Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch centers around the full perimeter of the base.
 - 3. Install epoxy-coated anchor bolts for supported equipment that extend through concrete base, and anchor into structural concrete floor.
 - Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates,

- diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
- Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
- 6. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.
- 7. Use 3000-psi, 28-day compressive-strength concrete and reinforcement as specified in Division 03 Section.

3.9 ERECTION OF METAL SUPPORTS AND ANCHORAGES

- Refer to Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for Α. structural steel.
- Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports В. accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor mechanical materials and equipment.
- Where pipe and/or equipment support members must be welded to structural building framing, Contractor shall seek prior approval from Architect and structural engineer. Scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer after welding.
- D. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1.

3.10 EPOXY BONDING TO EXISTING MATERIALS

- A. Use epoxy bonding compound to set sleeves or pipes in existing concrete to bond new concrete and/or grout to existing materials or to bond dissimilar materials.
- The compound, when applied in accordance with the В. manufacturer's instructions, shall be capable of initial curing within 48 hours at temperatures as low as 40 deg F and shall be capable of bonding any combination of the following properly prepared materials: Wet or dry, cured or uncured concrete or mortar; vitrified clay; cast iron and carbon steel.

3.11 JACKING OF PIPE

A. Do not jack pipe in place except upon prior approval of proposed materials and complete details of methods.

3.12 ERECTION OF WOOD SUPPORTS AND ANCHORAGES

- A. Cut, fit, and place wood grounds, nailers, blocking, and anchorages to support, and anchor mechanical materials and equipment.
- В. Select fastener sizes that will not penetrate members if opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Tighten connections between members. Install fasteners without splitting wood members.
- C. Attach to substrates as required to support applied loads.

3.13 GROUTING

- Mix and install grout for mechanical equipment base bearing surfaces, pump and other equipment base plates, and anchors.
- B. Clean surfaces that will come into contact with grout.
- C. Provide forms as required for placement of grout.
- D. Avoid air entrapment during placement of grout.
- E. Place grout, completely filling equipment bases.
- Place grout on concrete bases and provide smooth bearing surface for equipment.
- G. Place grout around anchors.
- H. Cure placed grout.

3.14 CUTTING, CORING AND PATCHING

- to Division 01 Specification Sections Α. requirements for cutting, coring, patching and refinishing work necessary for the installation of mechanical work.
- All cutting, coring, patching and repair work shall be В. performed by the Contractor through approved, qualified subcontractors. Contractor shall include full cost of same in bid.

3.15 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILLING

A. Refer to Division 02 Specification Sections.

- B. Provide all excavation, trenching, tunneling and backfilling required for the mechanical work.
- C. Provide all pumping and/or well pointing required for the mechanical work.
- D. Provide foundations if required to support underground piping.
- E. Backfill all excavations with well-tamped granular material. Backfill all excavations under wall footings with lean mix concrete up to underside of footings and extend concrete within excavation a minimum of four (4) feet each side of footing. Granular backfill shall be placed in layers not more than 8 inches in thickness, 95 percent compaction throughout with approved compaction equipment. Tamp, roll as required. Excavated material shall not be used.

3.16 FLASHING

A. Provide all flashing required for mechanical work. Refer to Division 07 Specification Sections.

3.17 LUBRICATION

A. Provide all lubrication for the operation of the equipment until acceptance by the Owner. Contractor is responsible for all damage to bearings up to the date of acceptance of the equipment. Protect all bearings and shafts during installation. Thoroughly grease steel shafts to prevent corrosion. Provide covers as required for proper protection of all motors and other equipment during construction.

3.18 FILTERS

- A. Provide and maintain filters in air handling systems throughout the construction period and prior to final acceptance of the building. Do not run air handling equipment, including fan coil units, without all prefilters and final filters as specified.
- B. Immediately prior to final building acceptance by the Owner, Contractor shall:

- Thoroughly wash, recharge and reinstall cleanable type air filters.
- Replace all disposable type air filters with new units.

3.19 CLEANING

- A. Each Mechanical Trade shall be responsible for removing all debris daily as required to maintain the work area in a neat, orderly condition.
- After equipment, steam, condensate and HVAC water piping В. systems have been completed and tested, each entire system shall be cleaned and flushed. Refer to Division 15 Section "Piping Systems Flushing and Chemical Cleaning" for requirements. Provide temporary bypass piping and fittings, temporary valves and strainers, temporary water make-up piping with approved means of backflow prevention, and temporary pumps as needed to perform specified flushing and cleaning requirements.
- Prior to connection of new HVAC piping to existing HVAC piping systems, all new piping shall be subject to initial flushing, cleaning and final flushing. Refer to Division 15 Section "Piping Systems Flushing and Chemical Cleaning" for requirements. Provide temporary bypass piping and fittings, temporary valves and strainers, temporary water make-up piping with approved means of backflow prevention, and temporary pumps as needed to perform specified flushing and cleaning requirements.
- D. Flushing, cleaning, and disinfection of domestic water piping is specified in Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping."
- E. Exterior surfaces of all piping, ductwork and equipment shall be wiped down to remove excess dirt and debris prior to concealment by Architectural Trades work.
- F. Upon completion of work in each respective area, clean and protect work. Just prior to final acceptance, perform additional cleaning as necessary to provide clean equipment and areas to the Owner.

END OF SECTION 15050

SECTION 15053 - COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing."

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes common requirements for fans and air moving equipment.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Fan bearings.
 - 2. V-belt fan drives.
 - 3. Direct drive couplings.

1.4 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Characteristics for HVAC Equipment: Equipment of higher electrical characteristics may be furnished provided such proposed equipment is approved in writing and connecting electrical services, circuit breakers, and conduit sizes are appropriately modified. If minimum energy ratings or efficiencies are specified, equipment shall comply with requirements.
- B. Fan Performance Data: AMCA Standard 210.
- C. Sound Power Level Ratings:
 - 1. Ducted Fans Rated per AMCA 301, when tested per AMCA 300.
 - 2. Nonducted Fans Rated in Zones at 5 feet from acoustic center of fan rated per AMCA 301, tested per AMCA 300 and converted per AMCA 302.

1.5 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Do not operate equipment for any purpose, temporary or permanent, until ductwork is clean, filters are in place, bearings lubricated, and fan has been test run under observation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

2.2 FAN SHAFTS

A. Fan Shafts: Ground from solid cold rolled steel, and proportioned to run at least 25 percent below the first critical speed.

2.3 FAN POWER TRANSMISSION

- A. V-Belt Type Fan Drives: In accordance with Engineering Standard Specification for Drives Using Multiple V-Belts, sponsored by the Mechanical Power Transmission Association and the Rubber Manufacturer's Association.
- B. A given manufacturer's V-belt drive, as applied to specific equipment provided under the Contract, shall conform to the equipment manufacturer's published recommendations, except as otherwise specified.
- C. Base horsepower rating of drive on minimum pitch diameter of small sheave.
- D. Locate belt drives outboard of bearings. Align drive and driven shafts by the four-point method.
- E. Adjust belt tension in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- F. Perform alignment and final belt tensioning in the presence of the Architect.

2.4 SHEAVES

- A. Furnish sheaves of machined cast iron or carbon steel, bushing type of fixed bore, secured to the shaft by key and keyway.
- B. For all constant speed fans at or above 2 inches of total static pressure, Contractor shall provide and install two sets of fixed sheaves. First set shall be installed for initial start-up and shall be based on scheduled data. The second set shall be installed after system balance is complete and shall be based on actual field conditions.

- C. For all constant speed fans below 2 inches total static pressure, Contractor shall provide and install two sets of adjustable sheaves. First set shall be installed for initial start-up and shall be based on scheduled data. The second set shall be installed after the balance is complete and shall be based on actual field conditions, and selected at mid-range of the sheave.
- D. Set pitch diameters of fixed pitch and adjustable or variable pitch sheaves when adjusted as specified, at not less than that recommended by NEMA Standard MG1-14.42.
- E. For companion sheaves for adjustable or variable pitch drives, furnish wide groove spacing to match driving sheaves.
- F. For all variable frequency controller (VFC) operated fans, contractor shall provide and install one set of fixed sheaves sized to allow full utilization of fan motor horsepower provided, with VFC at 100 percent of fan motor RPM.

2.5 V-BELT FAN DRIVES

A. Fan Drives: Multiple V-belt style with adjustable pitch driver sheaves for fans up to 2 inches of total static pressure and fixed pitch driver sheaves for fans at or above 2 inches of total static pressure and up. Sheaves shall have split, taper style bushings. Drives shall be selected for a 150 percent service factor and shall provide for adjustment of both belt tension and alignment.

Manufacturers: В.

- 1. Emerson Power Transmission; Browning.
- 2. Rockwell Automation; Dodge.
- 3. T.B. Wood's Incorporated.

2.6 FAN DRIVE, SHAFT, AND COUPLING GUARDS

- Safety Provisions: Include guards and screens for power Α. transmission equipment, but do not negate vibration isolation provision.
- B. Furnish ANSI and OSHA compliant mechanical power transmission apparatus guards except where superseded by other governing codes, and except as modified and

supplemented. Requirements specified apply to all types of fans.

- C. Fabricate mechanical power transmission device guards such that the completed structure is capable of withstanding a load of at least 200 pounds applied in any direction.
- Furnish a guard enclosure for each V-belt drive, coupling, shaft, and rotating component. Secure guards in place, easily removable for maintenance. Guard fasteners used for maintenance access shall be "captive type." Locate holes on each guard for tachometer readings on both the motor and fan shafts. Fabricate guard of minimum 16 gage sheet metal with hemmed edges at openings for shafts. Weld four mounting lugs or feet of 10 gage material to the guard. Fabricate guards for couplings five inches in diameter and larger of 12 gage sheet metal. Furnish holes in mounting feet sized for suitable machine screws.
- E. Centrifugal exhaust fans shall be provided with shaft seals.

2.7 BELT DRIVE GUARDS

- Belt Guards: ANSI and OSHA compliant with provision for readily viewing belt tension and measuring shaft speeds. Guards shall be installed with quick release pins, so that removal of three to five clip pins, will allow the guard to be removed from fan housing.
- Fabricate guards which completely enclose moving parts of the particular drive. Design and construct guards of such rigidity as to contain a belt which breaks during operation. Minimum material thickness, 16 gage sheet metal. Where ventilation is required, perforated metal shall be used for the sides. Fabricate top of solid sheet metal.

2.8 V-BELTS

Notched or cogged style, endless type, of Dacron Α. reinforced elastomer construction, with cross-section to suit sheave grooves. Determine the number of V-belts from the motor horsepower to which apply the service factor to obtain the design horsepower. Determine the corrected horsepower per belt by multiplying the nominal horsepower per belt by an arc of contact factor not greater than

- 0.85. Divide the design horsepower by the corrected horsepower per belt to obtain the number of belts required. In any case, furnish not less than two belts for each drive.
- B. Furnish belts that have been factory or factory-authorized distributor matched and measured on a belt-matching machine. Selection by "code numbers," "sag numbers" or "match numbers" is not acceptable. Bind each belt set with wire and tag with equipment identification.

C. Manufacturers:

- Emerson Power Transmission; Browning; AX, BX, and CX Series and 3VX and 5VX Series.
- Rockwell Automation; Dodge; Classic Cog and Narrow Cog
- 3. T.B. Wood's Incorporated; Classical Cog and Narrow Cog V-Belts.

2.9 V-BELT DRIVE MOTOR BASES

- Furnish fan motors with slide or adjustable pivoted bases wherever equipment configuration permits proper installation.
- B. Provide for adjustment of both belt tension and alignment.

2.10 AIR HANDLING SYSTEM BALANCING PROVISIONS

- A. Provide extra sheaves, sized as recommended by the Balancing Agent, for the adjustment of fan speed for each handling system during air quantity balancing operations. Furnish sheaves as specified in this Section.
- Provide sheaves, sized as recommended by the Balancing Agent, for the adjustment of fan speed for each existing air handling system requiring rebalancing during air quantity balancing operations. Furnish sheaves as specified in this Section.

2.11 FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS (DIRECT DRIVE)

Fan shaft shall be connected to the motor shaft through a Α. flexible coupling. The flexible member shall be a tire shape, in shear, or a solid mass serrated edge disc shape, made of chloroprene materials and retained by fixed flanges. Flexible coupling shall act as a dielectric connector and shall not transmit sound, vibration or end thrust.

B. Manufacturer:

1. Falk Corporation (The).

2.12 MOTOR REQUIREMENTS

Furnish motors in accordance with Division 15 Section Α. "Motors."

2.13 FAN BEARINGS

- A. Bearings: Anti-friction ball or roller type with provision for self-alignment and thrust load. Made in U.S.A. with ABMA L_{10} minimum life of 200,000 hours. Use cast iron housings and dust-tight seals suitable for lubricant pressures.
 - Lubrication Provisions Use surface ball check type supply fittings. Provide extension tubes to allow safe maintenance while equipment is operating. Provide manual or automatic pressure relief fittings to prevent overheating or seal blow-out due to excess lubricant or pressure. Arrange relief fittings opposite supply but visible for normal maintenance observation.
 - Bearings on Equipment with less than 1/2 horsepower rating or on shafts smaller than 1-3/4 inch in diameter: Permanently sealed, pre-lubricated antifriction bearings per specified materials and ABMA L_{10} life requirements.

2.14 IDENTIFICATION

Nameplate: Affix metallic, corrosion-resistant data plate Α. for each fan in a conspicuous location. Include selection point capacity conditions.

2.15 ACCESSORIES

Bird Screens: Of material to match adjacent contact Α. construction, 1/2 inch mesh or equal expanded metal. Use on inlet or outlet of each nonducted fan.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Field Rigging: Do not negate balancing. Do not bend shaft. Use lifting eyes.
- B. Install sheaves where recommended by Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing agency.
- C. Refer to individual Division 15 HVAC equipment Sections for additional requirements.

END OF SECTION 15053

SECTION 15055 - MOTORS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration Controls" for mounting motors and vibration isolation devices.
 - Division 15 Section "Variable Frequency Controllers".
 - 4. Division 15 Sections for application of motors and reference to specific motor requirements for motordriven equipment.
 - 5. Division 16 Section "Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers".
 - 6. Division 16 Section "Enclosed Controllers".
 - 7. Division 16 Section "Fuses".

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1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes basic requirements for factoryinstalled motors.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. ABMA: American Bearing Manufacturers Association. (Formerly AFBMA: Anti-Friction Bearing Manufacturers Association.)
- B. Factory-Installed Motor: A motor installed by motorizedequipment manufacturer as a component of equipment.
- C. Packaged Self Contained Equipment: Equipment which includes component mechanical and electrical equipment mounted on common bases, skids or frames or in common enclosures with internal control and power wiring factory installed and ready to accept a single electrical service connection. Provide the equipment complete with enclosed disconnect switches, control controllers, main transformers, control devices, wiring and accessories as required.

OUALITY ASSURANCE 1.4

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: A Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL), acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.5 COORDINATION

- Coordinate features of motors, installed units, and Α. accessory devices. Provide motors that are:
 - Compatible with the following:
 - a. Magnetic controllers.
 - b. Multispeed controllers.

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- c. Reduced-voltage controllers.
- d. Solid-state controllers.
- e. Variable frequency controllers.
- Designed and labeled for use with variable frequency controllers, and suitable for use throughout speed range without overheating.
- 3. Matched to torque and horsepower requirements of the
- 4. Matched to ratings and characteristics of supply circuit and required control sequence.
- B. Coordinate electrical scope of work to be provided by Division 15 with this Section, related Division 15 Specifications, Division 16 Specifications and the Drawings.
- C. Electrical work provided under Division 15: Furnish UL Listed components in accordance with this section, Division 16, and applicable NEMA and NEC (ANSI C 1) requirements. Provide wiring, external to electrical enclosures, in conduit.
- D. Furnished, installed and wired under Division 15 unless otherwise indicated:
 - Disconnected components in packaged self-contained equipment that are so constructed that components of wiring must be disconnected for shipment and reconnected after installation.
- Furnished and installed under Division 15 and wired under Division 16 unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Motors required for mechanical equipment
 - 2. Packaged Self-Contained Equipment:
 - Provide equipment ready to accept a single electrical service connection.
 - b. For equipment with remote mounted control panels, provide mounting of the control panel and external wiring from the control panel to the package selfcontained equipment.
 - 3. Variable frequency controllers.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Dayton.
 - Toshiba Intl. 2.
 - 3. Baldor Electric/Reliance.
 - 4. Rockwell Automation/Allen-Bradley.
 - 5. Nidec Motor Corporation; U.S. Electrical Motors.
 - 6. Regal Beloit/GE Commercial Motors.
 - 7. Regal Beloit/Leeson.
 - 8. Regal Beloit/Marathon.
 - 9. Siemens.

2.2 MOTOR REQUIREMENTS

- A. Motor requirements apply to factory-installed motors except as follows:
 - 1. Different ratings, performance, or characteristics for a motor are specified in another Section.
 - Manufacturer for a factory-installed motor requires ratings, performance, or characteristics, other than those specified in this Section, to meet performance specified.
 - 3. Submersible motors integral to pumps and excluded from NEMA and EISA standards.
- B. Electrical Power Supply Characteristics: Coordinate electrical system requirements with Division 16.
- C. Electrical Power System Characteristics: As scheduled on the Drawings.
- D. Electrical Connection: Conduit connection boxes, threaded for conduit. For fractional horsepower motors where connection is made directly, provide screwed conduit connection in end frame.

2.3 MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS

A. Motors 1/2 HP and Larger: Three phase, unless otherwise indicated.

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- B. Motors Smaller Than 1/2 HP: Single phase, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Frequency Rating: 60 Hz.
- D. Voltage Rating: NEMA standard voltage selected to operate on nominal circuit voltage to which motor is connected.
- E. Service Factor: 1.15 for open dripproof motors; 1.0 for totally enclosed motors.
- F. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 105 deg F and at altitude of 3300 feet above sea level.
- G. Capacity and Torque Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, and operate connected loads at designated speeds, at installed altitude and environment, with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate ratings or considering service factor.
- H. Brake Horsepower Input: Shall not exceed 90 percent of the rated motor horsepower.
- Enclosure: Open dripproof (ODP) for motors installed indoors and out of the airstream. Totally-enclosed fancooled (TEFC) for motors installed outdoors or within the airstream.

2.4 POLYPHASE MOTORS

- A. Description: NEMA MG 1, Design B, medium induction motor.
- В. Efficiency: Fire pump motors, C-face motors, JP and JM frame motors, and motors over 200 horsepower shall be energy efficient motors. Efficiency of the motor shall be determined based on the NEMA MG1. The minimum efficiencies, nominal efficiencies and shall meet or exceed Table 12-11.

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1800 RPM OPEN DRIP-PROOF MOTORS 4 POLE

1800 RPM ENCLOSED MOTORS 4 POLE

	NOMINAL	MINIMUM	NOMINAL	MINIMUM
HP	EFF	EFF	EFF	EFF
1	82.5	81.5	82.5	81.5
1.5	84	82.5	84	82.5
2	84	82.5	84	82.5
3	86.5	85.5	87.5	86.5
5	87.5	86.5	87.5	86.5
7.5	88.5	87.5	89.5	88.5
10	89.5	88.5	89.5	88.5
15	91	90.2	91	90.2
20	91	90.2	91	90.2
25	91.7	91	92.4	91.7
30	92.4	91.7	92.4	91.7
40	93	92.4	93	92.4
50	93	92.4	93	93
60	93.6	93	93.6	93
75	94.1	93.6	94.1	93.6
100	94.1	93.6	94.5	94.1
125	94.5	94.1	94.5	94.1
150	95	94.5	95	94.5
200	95	94.5	95	94.5

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1200 RPM 3600 RPM

	OPEN DRIP-PROOF		OPEN DRIPPROOF		
	MOTORS		MOTORS		
	6 POLE		2 POLE		
	NOMINAL	MINIMUM	NOMINAL	MINIMUM	
HP	$\overline{\mathtt{EFF}}$	$\overline{\mathtt{EFF}}$	$\overline{\mathtt{EFF}}$	EFF	
1	80	78.5			
1.5	84	82.5	82.5	81.5	
2	85.5	84	84	82.5	
3	86.5	85.5	84	82.5	
5	87.5	86.5	85.5	84	
7.5	88.5	87.5	85.5	86.5	
10	90.2	89.5	88.5	87.5	
15	90.2	89.5	89.5	88.5	
20	91	90.2	90.2	89.5	
25	91.7	91	91	90.2	
30	92.4	91.7	91	90.2	
40	93	92.4	91.7	91	
50	93	93	92.4	91.7	
60	93.6	93	93	92.4	
75	93.6	93	93	92.4	
100	94.1	93.6	93	92.4	
125	94.1	93.6	93.6	93	
150	94.5	94.1	93.6	93	
200	94.5	94.1	94.5	94.1	

C. Efficiency: Motors 1 horsepower to 200 horsepower shall be premium efficient motors meeting requirements of NEMA Premium Efficiency Motor Program. Efficiency of the motor shall be determined based on the NEMA MG1. The nominal efficiencies shall meet or exceed Table 12-12.

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Totally Enclosed Fan-Cooled

Nominal Efficiencies For "NEMA Premium™" Induction Motors Rated 600 Volts or Less (Random Wound)

Open Drip-Proof Totally Enclosed Fan-Cooled

<u>HP</u>	6-pole	4-pole	2-pole	6-pole	4-pole	2-pole
1	82.5	85.5	77.0	82.5	85.5	77.0
1.5	86.5	86.5	84.0	87.5	86.5	84.0
2	87.5	86.5	85.5	88.5	86.5	85.5
3	88.5	89.5	85.5	89.5	89.5	86.5
5	89.5	89.5	86.5	89.5	89.5	88.5
7.5	90.2	91.0	88.5	91.0	91.7	89.5
10	91.7	91.7	89.5	91.0	91.7	90.2
15	91.7	93.0	90.2	91.7	92.4	91.0
20	92.4	93.0	91.0	91.7	93.0	91.0
25	93.0	93.6	91.7	93.0	93.6	91.7
30	93.6	94.1	91.7	93.0	93.6	91.7
40	94.1	94.1	92.4	94.1	94.1	92.4
50	94.1	94.5	93.0	94.1	94.5	93.0
60	94.5	95.0	93.6	94.5	95.0	93.6
75	94.5	95.0	93.6	94.5	95.4	93.6
100	95.0	95.4	93.6	95.0	95.4	94.1
125	95.0	95.4	94.1	95.0	95.4	95.0
150	95.4	95.8	94.1	95.8	95.8	95.0
200	95.4	95.8	95.0	95.8	96.2	95.4

Nominal Efficiencies For "NEMA Premium™" Induction Motors Rated Medium Volts for 5kV or Less (Form Wound)

ΗP	6-pole	4-pole	2-pole	6-pole	4-pole	2-pole
250	95.0	95.0	94.5	95.0	95.0	95.0
300	95.0	95.0	94.5	95.0	95.0	95.0
350	95.0	95.0	94.5	95.0	95.0	95.0
400	95.0	95.0	94.5	95.0	95.0	95.0
450	95.0	95.0	94.5	95.0	95.0	95.0
500	95.0	95.0	94.5	95.0	95.0	95.0

D. Stator: Copper windings, unless otherwise indicated.

E. Rotor: Squirrel cage, unless otherwise indicated.

Open Drip-Proof

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- Bearings: Grease lubricated anti-friction ball bearings with housings equipped with plugged provision for relubrication, rated for minimum ABMA 9, L-10 life of 120,000 hours. Calculate bearing load with NEMA minimum Vbelt pulley with belt center line at end of NEMA standard shaft extension. Stamp bearing sizes on nameplate.
- G. Temperature Rise: Match insulation rating, unless otherwise indicated.
- Insulation: Class F, unless otherwise indicated.
- I. Code Letter Designation:
 - 1. Motors 10 HP and Larger: NEMA starting Code (KVA Code) F or G.
 - 2. Motors Smaller Than 10 HP: Manufacturer's standard starting characteristic.
 - 3. Fire Pump Motors: NEMA starting Code (KVA Code) B.
- Enclosure: Cast iron for motors 7.5 hp and larger; rolled steel for motors smaller than 7.5 hp.
 - 1. Finish: Gray enamel.
- Sound Level: Not to exceed NEMA MG-1 12.54.
- 2.5 POLYPHASE MOTORS WITH ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS
 - Motors Used with Reduced-Inrush Controllers: Match wiring connection requirements for controller with required motor leads. Provide terminals in motor terminal box, suited to control method.
 - Motors Used with Variable Frequency Controllers: Ratings, characteristics, and features coordinated with and approved by controller manufacturer.
 - 1. Windings: Copper magnet wire with moisture-resistant insulation varnish, designed and tested to resist transient spikes, high frequencies, and short time rise pulses produced by pulse-width modulated inverters.
 - Premium-Efficient Motors: Class B temperature rise; Class F insulation.

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- C. Shaft Grounding: Provide a means to protect motor from common mode currents.
 - 1. Required for:
 - a. Motors used with variable frequency controllers.
 - b. Motors 100 HP and larger.
 - 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Electro Static Technology, Inc.; Aegis SGR Conductive Microfiber.
- D. Severe-Duty Motors: Totally enclosed, with 1.25 minimum service factor, greased bearings, integral condensate drains, and capped relief vents. Windings insulated with nonhygroscopic material.
 - Finish: Chemical-resistant paint over corrosionresistant primer.
- Source Quality Control: Perform the following tests on each motor according to NEMA MG 1:
 - 1. Measure winding resistance.
 - 2. Read no-load current and speed at rated voltage and frequency.
 - 3. Measure locked rotor current at rated frequency.
 - 4. Perform high-potential test.

2.6 SINGLE-PHASE MOTORS

- Type: One of the following, to suit starting torque and requirements of specific motor application:
 - 1. Permanent-split capacitor.
 - 2. Split-phase start, capacitor run.
 - 3. Capacitor start, capacitor run.
- Shaded-Pole Motors: For motors 1/20 hp and smaller only. В.
- Thermal Protection: Internal protection to automatically С. open power supply circuit to motor when winding temperature exceeds a safe value calibrated to temperature rating of motor insulation. Thermal-protection device

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- shall automatically reset when motor temperature returns to normal range.
- D. Bearings: Ball type for belt-connected motors and other motors with high radial forces on motor shaft; sealed, prelubricated-sleeve type for other single-phase motors.

2.7 ENCLOSED CONTROLLERS

A. Provide enclosed controllers in accordance with requirements specified in Division 16 Section "Enclosed Controllers".

2.8 ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

A. Provide enclosed switches and circuit breakers in accordance with requirements specified in Division 16 Section "Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers".

2.9 FUSES

A. Provide fuses in accordance with requirements specified in Division 16 Section "Fuses".

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FIELD OUALITY CONTROL

- A. All three phase motors 1/2 HP and above shall be tested by the Testing Agency.
- Prepare for acceptance tests as follows: В.
 - 1. Check motor nameplates for horsepower, speed, phase and voltage.
 - 2. Check coupling alignment and shaft end play.
 - Run each motor with its controller. Demonstrate correct rotation, alignment, and speed at motor design load.
 - 4. Test interlocks and control features for proper operation.
 - Verify that current in each phase is within nameplate rating.
- C. Testing: Perform the following field quality-control testing:

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- Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection stated in NETA ATS, Section 7.15.1. Certify compliance with test parameters.
- Jog motor as required to verify proper phase and shaft rotation. Immediately after start-up, check bearing temperature and smooth operation. Take current reading at full load using a clamp-on ammeter. If ammeter reading is over the rated full load current, determine reason for discrepancy and take necessary corrective actions. Record all readings, motor nameplate data and overload heater data.
- 3. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.

3.2 ADJUSTING

Align motors, bases, shafts, pulleys and belts. Tension belts according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.3 CLEANING

- After completing equipment installation, inspect unit components. Remove paint splatters and other spots, dirt, and debris. Repair damaged finish to match original finish.
- B. Clean motors, on completion of installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 15055

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SECTION 15060 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

PART 1 - GENERAL. 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS. 1.2 DEFINITIONS. 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS. 1.4 SUBMITTALS. 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE.	2
PART 2 - PRODUCTS. 2.1 MANUFACTURERS. 2.2 HANGER ROD MATERIAL. 2.3 STEEL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS. 2.4 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS. 2.5 METAL FRAMING SYSTEMS. 2.6 METAL INSULATION SHIELDS. 2.7 PIPE COVERING PROTECTION SADDLES. 2.8 THERMAL-HANGER SHIELDS. 2.9 FASTENER SYSTEMS. 2.10 ROOF MOUNTED PIPING SUPPORTS 2.11 ROOF MOUNTED EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS 2.12 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS 2.13 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS	3 3 4 5 5 5
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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for structural-steel shapes and plates for trapeze hangers for pipe and equipment supports.

- Division 13 Section "Fire-Suppression Piping" for pipe hangers for fire-protection piping.
- 3. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
- Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- 5. Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration Controls" for vibration isolation devices.
- Division 15 Section "Pipe Expansion Fittings and Loops" for pipe guides and anchors.
- Division 15 Section(s) "Metal Ducts" and "Nonmetal Ducts" for duct hangers and supports.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- MSS: Manufacturers Standardization Society for The Valve Α. and Fittings Industry Inc.
- B. MFMA: Metal Framing Manufacturers Association.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- Design supports for multiple pipes, including pipe stands, Α. capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, system contents, and test water.
- Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Steel pipe hangers and supports.
 - 2. Thermal-hanger shield inserts.
- Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details В. and include calculations for the following:
 - Trapeze pipe hangers. Include Product Data for 1. components.
 - 2. Metal framing systems. Include Product Data for components.
 - 3. Pipe stands. Include Product Data for components.
 - 4. Equipment supports.
- C. Welding certificates.

1.5 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. MSS Standards: Pipe hangers, supports, and accessories shall comply with the following:
 - MSS SP-58, Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design and Manufacture.
 - MSS SP-69, Pipe Hangers and Supports Selection and Application.
 - 3. MSS SP-89, Pipe Hangers and Supports Fabrication and Installation Practices.
- Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - 1. AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."
 - 2. AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code--Aluminum."
 - 3. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code--Sheet Steel."
 - 4. AWS D1.4, "Structural Welding Code--Reinforcing Steel."
 - 5. ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 HANGER ROD MATERIAL

- Threaded, hot rolled, steel rod conforming to ASTM A 36 or Α. A575.
 - 1. Rod continuously threaded.
 - 2. Use of rod couplings is prohibited.

2.3 STEEL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

A. Description: MSS SP-69, Types 1 through 58, factoryfabricated components. Refer to Part 3 "Hanger and Support Applications" Article, and schedules and details on the Drawings for where to use specific hanger and support types.

Hangers and Supports for Fire Protection Piping: UL listed or FMG approved.

B. Manufacturers:

- 1. Anvil International, Inc.
- 2. B-Line by Eaton.
- 3. Carpenter & Paterson, Inc.
- 4. Hilti USA.
- 5. ERICO International Corp.
- 6. PHD Manufacturing, Inc.
- C. Galvanized, Metallic Coatings: Pregalvanized or hot dipped.
- D. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coating, jacket, or liner.
- Padded Hangers: Hanger with fiberglass or other pipe Ε. insulation pad or cushion for support of bearing surface of piping.

2.4 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS

Description: MSS SP-69, Type 59, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made from structural-steel shapes with MSS SP-58 hanger rods, nuts, saddles, and U-bolts.

2.5 METAL FRAMING SYSTEMS

Description: MFMA-3, shop- or field-fabricated pipesupport assembly made of steel channels and other components.

B. Manufacturers:

- 1. Anvil International, Inc.; Anvil-Strut.
- 2. B-Line by Eaton.
- 3. Power-Strut Div.; Tyco International, Ltd.
- 4. Unistrut Corp.; Tyco International, Ltd.
- 5. Hilti USA.
- C. Coatings: Manufacturer's standard finish, unless bare metal surfaces are indicated.

- D. Galvanized, Metallic Coatings: Pregalvanized or hot dipped.
- E. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coating, jacket, or liner.

2.6 METAL INSULATION SHIELDS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Anvil International, Inc.
- 2. B-Line by Eaton.
- 3. Carpenter & Paterson, Inc.
- 4. ERICO International Corp.
- 5. PHD Manufacturing, Inc.
- B. Description: MSS SP-69, Type 40, protective shields. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
- C. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
 - 1. NPS 1/4 to NPS 2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.

2.7 PIPE COVERING PROTECTION SADDLES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Anvil International, Inc.
- 2. B-Line by Eaton.
- 3. Carpenter & Paterson, Inc.
- 4. ERICO International Corp.
- 5. PHD Manufacturing, Inc.
- B. Description: MSS SP-69, Type 39A and Type 39B, for suspension of insulated hot pipe where heat losses are to be kept to a minimum.
 - 1. Saddles shall match insulation thickness.
 - 2. Saddle length: 12 inches.
 - 3. Furnish with center rib for pipe sized NPS 12 and larger.

2.8 THERMAL-HANGER SHIELDS

A. Manufacturers:

1. B-Line by Eaton.

- Pipe Shields, Inc.; a subsidiary of Piping Technology & Products, Inc.
- 3. Rilco Manufacturing Company, Inc.
- 4. American Mechanical Insulation Sales Inc. (AMIS).
- 5. ERICO International Corp.
- 6. Value Engineered Products, Inc.
- В. Description: Manufactured assembly consisting of insulation insert encased in 360 degree sheet metal shield
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength of Insert Material:
 - a. 100-psig- for sizes smaller than NPS 6.
 - b. 600-psig- for sizes NPS 6 and larger.
- C. Insulation-Insert Material for Cold Piping: Full 360 degree, water-repellent treated, ASTM C 533, Type I calcium silicate with vapor barrier.
- D. Insulation-Insert Material for Hot Piping: Full 360 degree, water-repellent treated, ASTM C 533, Type I calcium silicate.
- E. Insert Length: Extend 2 inches beyond sheet metal shield for piping operating below ambient air temperature.
- F. Include carbon steel ASTM A36 load distribution plates as required by load, pipe movement, hanger style, and hanger spacing.
- Thermal-Hanger Shields for Flexible Foamed Elastomeric Insulated Piping:
 - 1. Manufacturer:
 - a. B-Line by Eaton/Armacell; Armafix IPH.
 - 2. Insulation-Insert Material for Copper Piping with Flexible Foamed Elastomeric Insulation: Use the following:
 - Flexible foamed elastomeric, ASTM 534, Type I-Tubular Grade 1 with PUR/PIP support inserts.
- H. Thermal-Hanger Shields for Small Diameter Piping:

- 1. Manufacturer:
 - a. Hydra-Zorb Company; Klo-Shure Insulation Couplings.
- Insulation-Insert Material for Small Diameter Piping with Flexible Foamed Elastomeric or Glass Fiber Insulation: Use the following:
 - Rigid Hytrel thermoplastic insulation coupling designed for use with pipe or tube NPS 1-1/2 and smaller, and insulation from 3/8 inch to 1-1/2inch thick.

2.9 FASTENER SYSTEMS

- Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type zinc-Α. coated steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. B-Line by Eaton.
 - b. Empire Industries, Inc.
 - c. Hilti, Inc.
 - d. ITW Ramset/Red Head.
 - e. MKT Fastening, LLC.
 - f. Powers Fasteners.
- B. Chemical Fasteners: Insert-type-stud bonding system anchor for use with hardened portland cement concrete, and tension and shear capacities appropriate for application. Exception: Do not use chemical fasteners to support hanger systems for fire protection piping.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Hilti, Inc.
 - b. ITW Ramset/Red Head.
 - c. MKT Fastening, LLC.
 - d. Powers Fasteners.
 - Bonding Material: ASTM C 881, Type IV, Grade 3, 2component epoxy resin suitable for surface temperature of hardened concrete where fastener is to be installed.

- Stud: ASTM A 307, zinc-coated carbon steel with continuous thread on stud, unless otherwise indicated.
- Washer and Nut: Zinc-coated steel.
- Threaded Inserts: Galvanized malleable iron or galvanized steel for 3/4 inch bolts.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Superior Concrete Accessories; Threaded Insert.
- b. Dayton Sure-Grip and Shore Co.
- c. Richmond Screw Anchor Co.
- D. Slotted Inserts: Continuous galvanized steel with temporary slot fillers and complete with nuts, studs, washers and the like, for 3/4 inch bolts.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. B-Line by Eaton; B22-I Continuous Concrete Insert.
- b. Unistrut Corp.; P-3200 Continuous Insert.
- c. Hohman and Barnard, Inc.
- d. Richmond Screw Anchor Co.
- e. Hilti, Inc.; CIS13812/PG.

2.10 ROOF MOUNTED PIPING SUPPORTS

A. Low, Fixed-Height, Single-Base Stand: Assembly of base and horizontal member, and pipe support, for roof installation without membrane penetration.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. B-Line by Eaton; Dura-Blok.
- b. Eco Support Products.
- c. ERICO International Corp.
- d. MIRO Industries; Conduit and Condensate Supports.
- e. Portable Pipe Hangers.
- 2. Base: Plastic, stainless steel, or recycled rubber.
- Horizontal Member: Cadmium-plated-steel or galvanizedsteel strut designed for use with standard strut clamps and accessories.
- B. Low, Fixed-Height, Single-Base Roller Stand: Assembly of base and horizontal roller, for roof installation without membrane penetration.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. B-Line by Eaton; Dura-Blok.
- b. Eco Support Products.
- c. ERICO International Corp.
- d. MIRO Industries; Gas and Mechanical Supports.
- e. Portable Pipe Hangers.
- 2. Base: Plastic, stainless steel, or recycled rubber.
- 3. Horizontal Member: Cadmium-plated-steel rod and corrosion resistant roller designed for use with standard accessories.
- C. Custom, Multiple-Base Pipe Stand: Assembly of bases, vertical and horizontal members, and pipe supports or rollers, for roof installation without membrane penetration.

1. Manufacturer:

- a. B-Line by Eaton; Dura-Blok.
- b. Eco Support Products.
- c. ERICO International Corp.
- d. MIRO Industries; Custom Design Products.
- e. Portable Pipe Hangers.
- 2. Bases: Four or more plastic, steel, or recycled rubber.
- 3. Vertical Members: Two or more protective-coated-steel channels.
- 4. Horizontal Member: Protective-coated-steel channel.
- 5. Pipe Supports: Galvanized-steel, clevis-type pipe hangers.
- 6. Pipe Rollers: Cadmium-plated-steel rod and corrosion resistant roller designed for use with standard accessories.
- Curb-Mounting Pipe Stands: Shop- or field-fabricated pipe support made from structural-steel shape, continuousthread rods, and rollers for mounting on permanent stationary roof curb.
 - 1. Roof Curb Type Supports: Coordinate installation and type with Architectural Trades. Top shall be level and extend a minimum of 10 inches above top of roof insulation.

a. Manufacturers:

- 1) Pate.
- 2) Thybar; Thycurb.
- 3) Roof Products and Systems.
- 4) Greenheck.
- 5) Creative Metals.

2.11 ROOF MOUNTED EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Non-Penetrating Equipment Supports: Assembly of two or more bases and horizontal members, for roof installation without membrane penetration.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. B-Line by Eaton; Dura-Blok.
- b. Eco Support Products.
- c. ERICO International Corp.
- d. MIRO Industries; HD and LD Mechanical Unit Supports.
- e. Portable Pipe Hangers.
- 2. Base: Plastic, stainless steel, or recycled rubber.
- Horizontal Member: Cadmium-plated-steel, galvanizedsteel, or stainless steel strut, and planking; designed for use with standard strut clamps, allthread rood, and accessories.
- Roof Rail-Type Equipment Stands: Welded 18 gage galvanized steel shell, base plate and counter flashing. Factory installed chemically treated wood nailer. Fully mitered end sections. Internal bulkhead reinforcement.
 - Roof Rail Type Supports: Coordinate installation and type with Architectural Trades. Top shall be level and extend a minimum of 10 inches above top of roof insulation.
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) Pate.
 - 2) Thybar; TEMS Series.
 - 3) Roof Products and Systems.
 - 4) Greenheck.
 - 5) Creative Metals.

2.12 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural-steel shapes.

2.13 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- B. Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
 - 1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
 - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 HANGER AND SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

- A. Refer to application schedules on the Drawings.
- insulated pipe, oversize hanger elements to В. For accommodate insulation thickness.
- Specific hanger and support requirements are specified in Sections specifying piping systems and equipment.
- Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe hanger selections and D. applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- E. Use hangers and supports with galvanized, metallic coatings for outdoor applications or where exposed to outdoor conditions.
- F. Use hangers and supports with plastic coating, or galvanized metallic coatings for applications in corrosive atmospheres.
- Use metal framing, with plastic coating, or galvanized metallic coatings for metal framing in corrosive atmospheres.
- H. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.

- I. Use padded hangers for piping that is subject to scratching.
- J. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. MSS Type 8 or spring type to meet system requirements.
- K. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
 - Steel Clevises (MSS Type 14): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
 - Swivel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 15): For use with MSS Type 11, split pipe rings.
 - 4. Malleable-Iron Sockets (MSS Type 16): For attaching hanger rods to various types of building attachments.
 - Steel Weldless Eye Nuts (MSS Type 17): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
- Concrete Structure Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Anchor Devices, Concrete and Masonry: in accordance with Group I, Group II, Type 2, Class 2, Style 1 and Style 2, Group III and Group VIII or FS FF-S-325A. Furnish cast-in floor type equipment anchor devices with adjustable positions. Furnish built in anchor devices for masonry, unless otherwise approved by the Architect. Powder actuated anchoring devices shall not be used to support any mechanical systems components.
 - Inserts, Concrete: TYPE 18 or 19. When applied to loads equivalent to piping in sizes NPS 2 and larger, and where otherwise required by imposed loads, a one foot length of 1/2 inch NPS 4 reinforcing rod shall be inserted and wired through wing slots. Proprietary type continuous inserts may be proposed and shall be submitted for approval.
 - 3. Use mechanical-expansion anchors where required in concrete construction.
 - Use chemical fasteners where required in concrete 4. construction.

- Μ. Steel Frame Structure Building Attachments: otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Beam Clamps:
 - a. Center Loading: TYPE 21, 28, 29 and 30, unless otherwise indicated. Type 27 shall be allowed to support single pipes NPS 6 size or smaller only.
 - b. "C" Clamps: Type 19, 20 or 23, for supporting single pipes NPS 2-1/2 size or smaller only. Use of "C" clamps, or beam clamps of "C" pattern, or any modification thereof, is prohibited for supporting multiple pipes or pipes larger than NPS 2-1/2.
- N. Hanger-Rod Attachments for Wood Construction: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. All Steel Ceiling Plates: UL listed and suitable for attachment to wood beams. For pipe sizes NPS 1/2 to NPS 2. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions to maintain listing.
 - Threaded Side Beam Brackets: UL listed and FMG approved, suitable for attachment to wood beams. For pipe sizes NPS 2 to NPS 4. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions to maintain listing.
- Spring Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - Use spring supports and sway braces TYPES 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55 or 56. For specific points:
 - Provide spring supports at point of support where a. vertical movement will occur.
 - For light loads and vertical movement less than b. 1/4 inch, TYPES 48 or 49 spring cushion supports.
 - For vertical movements in excess of 1/4 inch but less than 1/2 inch, TYPES 51, 52 or 53 variable spring supports shall be used, loaded to not more than 75 percent of published load rating.
 - d. For vertical movements of 1/2 inch and more, TYPES 54, 55 and 56 constant support spring hangers.
 - e. Sway braces; TYPE 50.

- f. Variable spring hangers in accordance with referenced MSS Standards with "medium" allowable load change.
- P. Comply with MSS SP-69 for trapeze pipe hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- Comply with MFMA-102 for metal framing system selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.

3.2 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- Steel Pipe Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from building structural frame.
- Provide necessary piping and equipment supporting elements В. including: building structure attachments, supplementary steel, hanger rods, stanchions and fixtures, vertical pipe attachments, horizontal pipe attachments, anchors, guides, spring supports in accordance with the referenced codes, standards, and requirements specified. Support piping and equipment from building structure, not from roof deck, floor slab, other pipe, duct or equipment.
- C. At connections between piping systems, hangers and equipment of dissimilar metals, insulate, using dielectric insulating material, nonferrous piping against direct contact with the building steel by insulating the contact point of the hanger and pipe or the hanger and building steel. Test each point of dielectric insulation with an ohm meter to ensure proper isolation of dissimilar materials. Test shall be observed by the Owner's Representative and/or Architect.
- Use copper plated or plastic coated supporting element in D. contact with copper tubing or glass piping.
- File and paint cut ends and shop or field prime paint Ε. supporting element components.
- F. Hang piping parallel with the lines of the building, unless otherwise indicated. Route piping in an orderly manner and maintain gradient. Space piping and components

so a threaded pipe fitting may be removed between adjacent pipes and so there will be not less than 1/2 inch of clear space between finished surfaces and piping. Arrange hangers on adjacent parallel service lines in line with each other.

- G. Flange loads on connected equipment shall not exceed 75 percent of maximum allowed by equipment manufacturer. Flange loads in liquid containing systems shall be checked in the presence of the Architect when piping is full of liquid. No flange load is allowed on pumps, vibration isolated equipment or flexible connectors.
- Spring supports, within specified limitations: Constant Η. support type, where necessary to avoid transfer of load from support to support or onto connected equipment; otherwise, variable support type located at points subject to vertical movement.
- Incorporate pipe anchors into piping systems to maintain permanent pipe positions. Install alignment guides for the piping adjacent to and on each side of pipe expansion loops and expansion joints to maintain alignment.
- J. Where necessary, brace piping and supports against reaction, sway and vibration.
- Do not hang piping from joist pans, floor decks, roof decks, equipment, ductwork, or other piping.
- Install turnbuckles, swing eyes and clevises L. accommodate temperature changes, pipe accessibility, and adjustment for load pitch. Rod couplings are acceptable.
- Install hangers and supports for piping at intervals specified, at locations not more than 3 feet from the ends of each runout, not more than 3 feet from connections to equipment, and not over 25 percent of specified interval from each change in direction of piping and for concentrated loads such as valves, etc.
- Base the load rating for pipe support elements on loads N. imposed by insulated weight of pipe filled with water. The span deflection shall not exceed slope gradient of pipe.

- If structural steel, roofs, or tunnels will allow support spacing greater than that shown above, Contractor shall submit proposed support system along with structural calculations documenting the allowance of such spacing, in accordance with ANSI, B31.1, and MSS Guidelines.
- P. Support vertical risers independently of connected horizontal piping whenever practical, with supports at the base and at intervals to accommodate system range of load with thermal conditions. Support vertical risers at each floor penetration for piping in shafts or chases. Guide for lateral stability. Fit horizontal piping connected to moving risers with two spring supports connected adjacent to riser, spaced according to required hanger spacing.
- Q. For risers at temperatures of 100 deg F or less place riser clamps under fittings. Support carbon steel pipe at each operating level or floor and at not more than 15-foot intervals for pipe 2 inches and smaller, and at not more than 20 foot intervals for pipe 2-1/2 inches and larger.
- After the piping systems have been installed, tested and placed in satisfactory operation, firmly tighten hanger rod nut and jam nut and upset threads to prevent movement of fasteners.
- Attach pipe anchors and pipe alignment guides to the S. building structure where indicated. If not indicated, the method used is optional to the Contractor, subject to approval by the Architect. In the case of structural steel, make attachment by clamping in accordance with the American Institute of Steel Construction Specification for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Building.
- Attach supporting elements connected to structural steel Т. columns to preclude vertical slippage and cascading failure.
- Attach pipe hangers and other supporting elements to roof U. purlins and trusses at panel points.
- V. Where eccentric loading beam clamps are approved and where other work is supported by similar eccentric loading support element from the same structural member, locate eccentric loading support elements to minimize structural member torsion load.

- W. Limit the location of supporting elements for piping and equipment, when supported from roof, to panel points of the bar joists.
- Building structure shall not be reinforced except as approved by the Architect in writing.
- Use approved cast-in-place inserts or built-in anchors for Υ. attachment to concrete structure. Size inserts and anchors for the total applied load with a safety factor in accordance with applicable codes but in no case less than 5. Coordinate installation of all imbedded items accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Position anchorage and imbedded items as indicated and/or where required and support against displacement during placing of concrete. Cutting or repositioning of concrete beam or girder or reinforcing steel to accommodate inserts will not be allowed. Provide removable closures in imbedded device openings to prevent entry of concrete.
- Z. Support piping and equipment from concrete building frame, not from roof or floor slabs unless otherwise indicated.
- AA. Use cast-in-place inserts in concrete beams and girders. Drilled anchors/wedge type inserts shall be used on vertical surfaces only. Coordinate with structural engineer.
- BB. Attach piping supports to the side of concrete beams and concrete joist. Provide supplementary support steel as required. Cast-in-place or drilled anchors will not be permitted in the bottom of concrete beams and concrete joist.
- CC. Attach piping supports to the side of concrete beams or concrete joist. Where intermediate hangers are required to meet the hanger spacing schedule, the Contractor may propose attachment of intermediate pipe supports to the bottom of the concrete slab pending submittal of a satisfactory pull out test. The Contractor shall submit pull out test criteria, pull out test results, proposed hanger detail and hanger point loads to the Architect for written approval.
- DD. Trapeze Pipe Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of

horizontal piping and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.

- Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipes as specified above for individual pipe hangers.
- Field fabricate from ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1.
- EE. Metal Framing System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping and support together on fieldassembled metal framing systems.
- FF. Fastener System Installation:
 - 1. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- GG. Roof-Mounting Pipe and Equipment Stand Installation:
 - Stand Types except Curb-Mounting Type: Assemble components and mount on smooth roof surface. Do not penetrate roof membrane.
 - Curb or Rail Mounting Type Stands: Assemble components or fabricate stand and mount on permanent, stationary roof curb or rail. Refer to Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories" for curb and rail installation.
 - 3. Maintain support manufacturer's recommended spacing.
- HH. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- II. Equipment Support Installation: Fabricate from weldedstructural-steel shapes.
- JJ. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.

- KK. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaving.
- LL. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, and strainers, NPS 2-1/2 and larger and at changes in direction of piping. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.
- MM. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- NN. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and so maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.1 (for power piping) and ASME B31.9 (for building services piping) are not exceeded.
- 00. Refer to individual piping sections for hanger spacing and hanger rod sizes.

3.3 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Fabricate structural-steel stands to suspend equipment from structure overhead or to support equipment above floor.
- B. Grouting: Place grout under supports for equipment and make smooth bearing surface.
- C. Provide lateral bracing, to prevent swaying, for equipment supports.

3.4 METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports.
- Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. В. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1 procedures for shielded metal arc welding, appearance and quality of

welds, and methods used in correcting welding work, and with the following:

- Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
- 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
- Remove welding flux immediately.
- 4. Finish welds at exposed connections so no roughness shows after finishing and contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

3.6 PAINTING

- Touch Up: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop Α. paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
 - Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 15060

SECTION 15070 - MECHANICAL VIBRATION CONTROLS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include load deflection curves for each vibration isolation device.
- B. Shop Drawings: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Include the following:

- Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for selecting vibration isolators and for designing vibration isolation bases.
- Riser Supports: Include riser diagrams and calculations showing anticipated expansion and contraction at each support point, initial and final loads on building structure, and spring deflection changes. Include certification that riser system has been examined for excessive stress and that none will exist.
- Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication, including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include auxiliary motor slides and rails, base weights, equipment static loads, power transmission, component misalignment, and cantilever loads.
- C. Welding certificates.

QUALITY ASSURANCE 1.3

A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."

1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into base. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.
- Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, В. and roof penetrations. Installation of these items is specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 VIBRATION ISOLATION EQUIPMENT BASES

Type A: Direct Isolator Attachment

1. Unit to be isolated is so constructed that vibration isolators of the type specified may be directly attached, provided that the edge deflection of the isolated unit base over unsupported span between mountings does not exceed specified or manufacturer's limits. If units to be isolated will not meet required deflection provisions, Type B bases shall be provided.

- В. Type B: Factory-fabricated, welded, structural-steel bases or rails.
 - 1. Structural Steel Bases:
 - 1) Amber/Booth; a VMC Group Company.
 - 2) Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - 3) Korfund Dynamics; a VMC Group Company.
 - 4) Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
 - 5) Vibration Isolation Co., Inc. (Pump Bases Only)
 - 6) Vibration Mountings & Controls; a VMC Group Company.
 - 7) Vibro-Acoustics.
 - 2. Structural-Steel Rails:
 - 1) Amber/Booth; a VMC Group Company.
 - 2) Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - 3) Korfund Dynamics; a VMC Group Company.
 - 4) Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
 - 5) Vibration Isolation Co., Inc. (Pump Bases Only)
 - 6) Vibration Mountings & Controls; a VMC Group Company.
 - 7) Vibro-Acoustics.
- C. Type C Inertia Base: Factory-fabricated, welded, structural-steel bases and rails ready for field-applied, cast-in-place concrete.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Type BMK/KSL or a comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1) Amber/Booth; a VMC Group Company.
 - 2) Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - 3) Korfund Dynamics; a VMC Group Company.
 - 4) Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
 - 5) Vibration Isolation Co., Inc. (Pump Bases
 - 6) Vibration Mountings & Controls; a VMC Group Company.
 - 7) Vibro-Acoustics.
 - 2. Design Requirements: Lowest possible mounting height with not less than 1-inch clearance above the floor. Include equipment anchor bolts and auxiliary motor

- slide bases or rails. Include supports for suction and discharge elbows for pumps.
- Structural Steel: Steel shapes, plates, and bars complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M. Bases shall have shape to accommodate supported equipment.
- Support Brackets: Factory-welded steel angles on frame for outrigger isolation mountings and to provide for anchor bolts and equipment support.
- Fabrication: Fabricate steel templates to hold equipment anchor-bolt sleeves and anchors in place during placement of concrete. Obtain anchor-bolt templates from supported equipment manufacturer.

Type D Curb Mounted Aluminum Bases:

- Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Type CMAB or a comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. Kinetic Noise Control, Inc.
 - b. ThyCurb/Thybar.
 - c. Vibro-Acoustics.
- Description: Factory-assembled, fully enclosed, insulated, air- and watertight curb rail designed to resiliently support equipment.
- Upper Frame: Corrosion resistant extruded aluminum. Upper frame shall overlap lower frame for water runoff. Mitered ends heliarc welded to prevent water leakage through corners.
- Lower Frame: Corrosion resistant extruded aluminum. Lower framed shall overlap roof curb for water runoff. Mitered ends heliarc welded to prevent water leakage through corners.
- Safety Stops: Neoprene, mounted in corners of lower frame for extreme wind conditions and mild seismic disturbances under normal conditions.
- Isolators: Cadmium plated free-standing springs with positive spring retainer and flexible ties.
- 7. Splicing Kit: Required for bases shipped in multiple pieces.
- Weatherseal: Flexible frictionless EPDM. 8.
- 9. Static Deflection: Nominal 1 inch.

Type E Rooftop Spring Curb:

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Type RSC or a comparable product by one of the following:

- a. Kinetic Noise Control, Inc.
- b. ThyCurb/Thybar.
- c. Vibro-Acoustics.
- Description: Factory-assembled, fully enclosed, 2. insulated, air- and watertight curb rail designed to resiliently support equipment; and to withstand wind forces as required by local codes.
- Lower Support Assembly: Sheet-metal "Z" section containing adjustable and removable steel springs that support upper floating frame. Upper frame shall provide continuous support for equipment and shall be captive to resiliently resist wind forces. Lower support assembly shall have a means for attaching to building structure and a wood nailer for attaching roof materials, and shall be insulated with a minimum of 2 inches of rigid, glass-fiber insulation on inside of assembly.
- Spring Isolators: Adjustable, restrained spring 4. isolators shall be mounted on 1/4-inch- thick, elastomeric vibration isolation pads and shall have access ports, for level adjustment, with removable waterproof covers at all isolator locations. Isolators shall be located so they are accessible for adjustment at any time during the life of the installation without interfering with the integrity of the roof.
 - 1) Housing: Steel with resilient vertical-limit stops and adjustable equipment mounting and leveling bolt.
 - 2) Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 - 3) Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
 - 4) Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of the rated vertical stiffness.
 - 5) Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
 - 6) Material: Bridge-bearing neoprene, complying with AASHTO M 251.
 - 7) Durometer Rating: 40.
- Snubber Bushings: All-directional, elastomeric snubber bushings at least 1/4 inch thick.

- Water Seal: Galvanized sheet metal with EPDM seals at corners, attached to upper support frame, extending down past wood nailer of lower support assembly, and counterflashed over roof materials.
- Sound Isolation: Within perimeter of roof curb rails and as detailed on the Drawings:
- Static Deflection: Nominal 1 inch, 2 inches, or 3 inches.

2.2 VIBRATION ISOLATORS

- Type 1a Elastomeric Isolator Pads: Oil- and water-Α. resistant elastomer, arranged in single or multiple layers (maximum 3 layers separated by steel shims) to achieve 90 percent efficiency, molded with a nonslip pattern and galvanized steel baseplates of sufficient stiffness for uniform loading over pad area, and factory cut to sizes that match requirements of supported equipment.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Type W, Super W, WSW, and WSWSW or comparable products by one of the following:
 - 2. Material: Standard neoprene for indoor applications.
 - 3. Material: Bridge-bearing neoprene, complying with AASHTO M 251 for outdoor applications.
- Type 1b Elastomeric Isolator Pads: Oil- and water-В. resistant elastomer, single layer, molded with a nonslip pattern and galvanized steel baseplates of sufficient stiffness for uniform loading over pad area, and 1/4 inch steel load bearing plate. Factory cut to sizes that match requirements of supported equipment.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Type Super WMSW and MBSW or a comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. Amber/Booth; a VMC Group Company.
 - b. Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - c. Korfund Dynamcis; a VMC Group Company.
 - d. Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
 - e. Vibration Mountings & Controls; a VMC Group Company.
 - f. Vibro-Acoustics.
 - 2. Material: Standard neoprene for indoor applications.

- 3. Material: Bridge-bearing neoprene, complying with AASHTO M 251 for outdoor applications.
- Type 2 Elastomeric Mounts: Double-deflection type, with molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene isolator elements with factory-drilled, encapsulated top plate for bolting to equipment and with baseplate for bolting to structure. Color-code or otherwise identify to indicate capacity range.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Type ND or a comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. Amber/Booth; a VMC Group Company.
 - b. Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - c. Korfund Dynamics; a VMC Group Company.
 - d. Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
 - e. Vibration Mountings & Controls; a VMC Group Company.
 - f. Vibro-Acoustics.
 - 2. Durometer Rating: Selected for maximum possible static deflection with the loading of each piece equipment.
 - Materials: Cast-ductile-iron housing containing two separate and opposing, molded, bridge-bearing neoprene elements that prevent central threaded sleeve and attachment bolt from contacting the casting during normal operation.
 - Neoprene: Bridge-bearing neoprene as defined by AASHTO.
- D. Type 3 Spring Isolators: Freestanding, open-spring isolators.
 - Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Type SLF or a comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. Amber/Booth; a VMC Group Company.
 - b. Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - c. Korfund Dynamics; a VMC Group Company.
 - d. Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
 - e. Vibration Mountings & Controls; a VMC Group Company.
 - f. Vibro-Acoustics.
 - Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.

- 3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
- Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
- Baseplates: Factory drilled for bolting to structure and bonded to 1/4-inch- thick, rubber isolator pad attached to baseplate underside. Baseplates shall limit floor load to 100 psig.
- Top Plate and Adjustment Bolt: Threaded top plate with adjustment bolt and cap screw to fasten and level equipment.
- Type 4 Restrained Spring Isolators: Restrained single and multiple spring mounts.
 - Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Types SLR and SLRS or comparable products by one of the following:
 - a. Amber/Booth; a VMC Group Company.
 - b. Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - c. Korfund Dynamics; a VMC Group Company.
 - d. Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
 - e. Vibration Mountings & Controls; a VMC Group Company.
 - f. Vibro-Acoustics.
 - Housing: Steel with resilient vertical-limit stops to prevent spring extension due to wind loads or if weight is removed; factory-drilled baseplate bonded to 1/4-inch- thick, elastomeric isolator pad attached to baseplate underside; and adjustable equipment mounting and leveling bolt that acts as blocking during installation.
 - Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 - Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
 - 5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
- Type 5 Thrust Restraints F.
 - Thrust Limits: Combination coil spring and elastomeric insert with spring and insert in compression or tension as required, and with a load stop. Include rod and angle-iron brackets with back-up plates for attaching to equipment and ductwork.

- Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Type WBI for fan inlet connections, and Type WBD for fan outlet connections, or comparable products by one of the following:
 - Amber/Booth; a VMC Group Company...
 - 2) Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - 3) Korfund Dynamics; a VMC Group Company.
 - 4) Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
 - 5) Vibration Mountings & Controls; a VMC Group Company..
 - 6) Vibro-Acoustics.
- b. Frame: Steel, fabricated for connection to threaded rods and to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
- c. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
- d. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
- e. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of the rated vertical stiffness.
- f. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
- q. Elastomeric Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene.
- Coil Spring: Factory set and field adjustable for a maximum of 1/4-inch (6-mm) movement at start and stop.

2.3 VIBRATION ISOLATION HANGERS

- Type 8a Spring Hangers: Combination coil-spring and Α. elastomeric-insert hanger with spring and insert compression.
 - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Type 30N or a comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. Amber/Booth; a VMC Group Company..
 - b. Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - c. Korfund Dynamics; a VMC Group Company.

- d. Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
- e. Vibration Mountings & Controls; a VMC Group Company..
- f. Vibro-Acoustics.
- Frame: Steel, fabricated for connection to threaded hanger rods and to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular hanger-rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
- Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
- Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
- Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of the rated vertical stiffness.
- Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
- Elastomeric Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene. Steel-washer-reinforced cup to support spring and bushing projecting through bottom of frame.
- 8b Spring Hangers with Vertical-Limit Stop: В. Type Precompressed combination coil-spring and elastomericinsert hanger with spring and insert in compression and with a vertical-limit stop.
 - Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mason Industries, Inc.; Type PC30N or a comparable product by one of the following:
 - a. Amber/Booth; a VMC Group Company.
 - b. Kinetics Noise Control, Inc.
 - c. Korfund Dynamics; a VMC Group Company.
 - d. Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
 - e. Vibration Mountings & Controls; a VMC Group Company.
 - f. Vibro-Acoustics.
 - Frame: Steel, fabricated for connection to threaded hanger rods and to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular hanger-rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
 - Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 - Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
 - Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of the rated vertical stiffness.

- Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
- Elastomeric Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene.
- Adjustable Vertical Stop: Steel washer with neoprene washer "up-stop" on lower threaded rod.

2.4 FACTORY FINISHES

- Finish: Manufacturer's standard paint applied to factoryassembled and -tested equipment before shipping.
 - Powder coating on springs and housings.
 - 2. All hardware shall be electrogalvanized. Hot-dip galvanize metal components for exterior use.
 - Baked enamel for metal components on isolators for interior use.
 - 4. Color-code or otherwise mark vibration isolation devices to indicate capacity range.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and equipment to receive vibration isolation devices for compliance with requirements, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance.
- Examine roughing-in of reinforcement and cast-in-place В. anchors to verify actual locations before installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- Install roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof Α. penetrations as specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories."
- Install thrust limits at centerline of thrust, symmetrical В. on either side of equipment.

3.3 APPLICATION

A. Refer to Vibration Isolator Application Schedule on the drawings for isolator application and minimum deflection.

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Provide flexible electrical connections in the form of large radius, 360 degree loop of flexible conduit for all vibrating isolated equipment. Any cooling water lines, compressed air, or other piping services (except inlet and outlet water connections for pumps, chillers or cooling tower) shall be made with 360 degree loops of reinforced neoprene hose, which are attached using nipples of appropriate gender. All service connections made with neoprene hose shall have shut-off valves between the hose and the supply service.
- Vibration isolate piping connected to vibration isolated В. equipment using Type 8a or 8b spring hangers, and with distance to be isolated as scheduled on the Drawings. Maximum spacing between isolators same as maximum distance between pipe hangers and supports.
- Vibration isolate ductwork connected to air handling units, return air fans, and vibration isolated equipment using Type 8a or 8b spring hangers, and in accordance with isolation distances scheduled on the Drawings.

3.5 EQUIPMENT BASES

- Fill concrete inertia bases, after installing base frame, with 3000-psi concrete; trowel to a smooth finish.
 - 1. Cast-in-place concrete materials and placement requirements are specified in Division 03.
- В. Concrete Bases: Anchor equipment to concrete base according to supported equipment manufacturer's written instructions.
 - Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch centers around the full perimeter of the base.
 - Install epoxy-coated anchor bolts for supported equipment that extend through concrete base and anchor into structural concrete floor.
 - Place and secure anchorage devices. Use Setting Drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
 - Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.

- 5. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.
- Cast-in-place concrete materials and placement requirements are specified in Division 03.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL 3.6

- Testing: Perform the following field quality-control Α. testing:
 - 1. Isolator deflection.
 - 2. Snubber minimum clearances.

3.7 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust isolators after piping systems have been filled and equipment is at operating weight.
- Adjust limit stops on restrained spring isolators to mount В. equipment at normal operating height. After equipment installation is complete, adjust limit stops so they are out of contact during normal operation.
- C. Attach thrust limits at centerline of thrust and adjust to a maximum of 1/4-inch movement during start and stop.
- D. Adjust active height of spring isolators.
- E. Adjust snubbers according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

3.8 CLEANING

After completing equipment installation, inspect vibration isolation devices. Remove paint splatters and other spots, dirt, and debris.

END OF SECTION 15070

SECTION 15075 - MECHANICAL IDENTIFICATION

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

- В. Samples: For color, letter style, and representation required for each identification material and device.
- C. Valve numbering scheme.
- D. Valve Schedules: For each piping system. Furnish extra copies (in addition to mounted copies) to include in Maintenance Manuals.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. ASME Compliance: Comply with ASME (ANSI) A13.1, "Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems," for letter size, length of color field, colors, and viewing angles of identification devices for piping.

1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with location of access panels and doors.
- C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified:
 - 1. Seton.
 - 2. Brady.
 - 3. EMED.
 - 4. Craftmark.
 - 5. Brimar Industries, Inc.
 - 6. Marking Services Inc. (MSI).
 - 7. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co.

2.2 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

A. Equipment Nameplates: Metal, with data engraved or stamped, for permanent attachment on equipment.

Data: 1.

- a. Manufacturer, product name, model number, and serial number.
- b. Capacity, operating and power characteristics, and essential data.
- c. Labels of tested compliances.
- 2. Location: Accessible and visible.
- 3. Fasteners: As required to mount on equipment.
- Equipment Markers: Engraved, color-coded laminated В. plastic. Include contact-type, permanent adhesive.
 - 1. Terminology: Match schedules as closely as possible.
 - 2. Data:
 - a. Name and plan number.
 - b. Equipment service.
 - c. Design capacity.
 - d. Other design parameters such as pressure drop, entering and leaving conditions, and speed.
 - 3. Size: 2-1/2 by 4 inches for control devices, dampers, and valves; 4-1/2 by 6 inches for equipment.
- Equipment Signs: ASTM D 709, Type I, cellulose, paperbase, phenolic-resin-laminate engraving stock; Grade ES-2, black surface, black phenolic core, with white melamine subcore, unless otherwise indicated. Fabricate in sizes required for message. Provide holes for mechanical fastening.
 - 1. Data: Instructions for operation of equipment and for safety procedures.
 - Engraving: Manufacturer's standard letter style, of sizes and with terms to match equipment identification.
 - Thickness: Minimum 1/16 inch, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Fasteners: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or contact-type, permanent adhesive.

- D. Access Panel and Door Markers: 1/16-inch-thick, engraved laminated plastic, with abbreviated terms and numbers corresponding to identification. Provide 1/8-inch center hole for attachment.
 - 1. Fasteners: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or contact-type, permanent adhesive.

2.3 PIPING IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

- A. Manufactured Pipe Markers, General: Preprinted, colorcoded, with lettering indicating service, and showing direction of flow.
 - 1. Colors: Comply with ASME (ANSI) A13.1, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Type and Size of Letters: Comply with ANSI A13.1, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Legends: Spelled out in full or commonly used and accepted abbreviations.
 - 4. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, Less Than 6 Inches: Full-band pipe markers extending 360 degrees around pipe at each location.
 - 5. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches and Larger: Either full-band or strip-type pipe markers at least three times letter height and of length required for label.
 - Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions; or as separate unit on each pipe marker to indicate direction of flow.
- B. Pretensioned Pipe Markers: Precoiled semirigid plastic formed to cover full circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe without adhesive.
- Shaped Pipe Markers: Preformed semirigid plastic formed to partially cover circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe with mechanical fasteners that do not penetrate insulation vapor barrier.
- D. Self-Adhesive Pipe Markers: Plastic with pressuresensitive, permanent-type, self-adhesive back.
- Plastic Tape: Continuously printed, vinyl tape at least 3 mils thick with pressure-sensitive, permanent-type, selfadhesive back.

- Width for Markers on Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, Less Than 6 Inches: 3/4 inch minimum.
- Width for Markers on Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches or Larger: 1-1/2 inches minimum.
- Underground Pipe Markers: Bright colored continuously printed plastic ribbon tape of not less than 6 inches wide by 4mil thick, manufactured for direct burial service.
- G. Detectable Underground Pipe Markers: Continuously printed plastic ribbon tape with detectable aluminum core and with colors meeting APWA requirements, not less than 6 inches wide by 4 mil thick, manufactured for direct burial service.

2.4 DUCT IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

- Duct Markers: Engraved, color-coded laminated plastic. Include direction and quantity of airflow, air handling unit or fan number, and duct service (such as supply, return, and exhaust). Include contact-type, permanent adhesive.
- Duct Markers: Vinyl, 2-inch minimum character height, with В. permanent pressure sensitive adhesive. Include direction and quantity of airflow, air handling unit or fan number, and duct service (such as supply, return, and exhaust).

2.5 VALVE TAGS

- Valve Tags: Stamped or engraved with 1/4-inch letters for piping system abbreviation and 1/2-inch numbers, with numbering scheme to match existing numbering scheme. Provide 5/32-inch hole for fastener.
 - 1. Material: 0.032-inch-thick brass.
 - 2. Valve-Tag Fasteners: Brass wire-link chain or beaded chain.

2.6 VALVE SCHEDULES

Valve Schedules: For each piping system, on standard-size bond paper. Tabulate valve number, piping system, system abbreviation (as shown on valve tag), location of valve (room or space), normal-operating position (open, closed, or modulating), and variations for identification. Mark valves for emergency shutoff and similar special uses.

- 1. Valve-Schedule Frames: Glazed display frame for removable mounting on masonry walls for each page of valve schedule. Include mounting screws.
- 2. Frame: Finished hardwood or extruded aluminum.
- 3. Glazing: ASTM C 1036, Type I, Class 1, Glazing Quality B, 2.5-mm, single-thickness glass.

2.7 WARNING TAGS

- A. Warning Tags: Preprinted or partially preprinted, accident-prevention tags; of plasticized card stock with matte finish suitable for writing.
 - 1. Size: 3 by 5-1/4 inches minimum.
 - 2. Fasteners: Brass grommet and wire.
 - 3. Nomenclature: Large-size primary caption such as DANGER, CAUTION, or DO NOT OPERATE.
 - 4. Color: Yellow background with black lettering.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS, GENERAL

A. Products specified are for applications referenced in other Division 15 Sections. If more than single-type material, device, or label is specified for listed applications, selection is Installer's option.

3.2 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- Install and permanently fasten equipment nameplates on each major item of mechanical equipment that does not have nameplate or has nameplate that is damaged or located where not easily visible. Locate nameplates where accessible and visible. Include nameplates for the following general categories of equipment:
 - 1. Fuel-burning units, including boilers, furnaces, heaters, stills, and absorption units.
 - Pumps, compressors, chillers, condensers, and similar motor-driven units.
 - 3. Heat exchangers, coils, evaporators, cooling towers, heat recovery units, and similar equipment.
 - 4. Fans, blowers, primary balancing dampers, and mixing boxes.
 - 5. Packaged HVAC central-station and zone-type units.

- Install equipment markers with permanent adhesive on or near each major item of mechanical equipment. Data required for markers may be included on signs, and markers may be omitted if both are indicated.
 - Letter Size: Minimum 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to threefourths the size of principal lettering.
 - Data: Distinguish among multiple units, indicate operational requirements, indicate safety emergency precautions, warn of hazards and improper operations, and identify units.
 - 3. Locate markers where accessible and visible. Include markers for the following general categories of equipment:
 - Main control and operating valves, including safety devices and hazardous units such as gas outlets.
 - b. Fuel-burning units, including boilers, furnaces, heaters, stills, and absorption units.
 - c. Pumps, compressors, chillers, condensers, and similar motor-driven units.
 - d. Heat exchangers, coils, evaporators, cooling towers, heat recovery units, and similar equipment.
 - e. Fans, blowers, primary balancing dampers, and mixing boxes.
 - f. Packaged HVAC central-station and zone-type units.
 - q. Tanks and pressure vessels.
- C. Install access panel markers with screws on equipment access panels.
- Area Served: Equipment serving different areas of a building other than where the equipment is installed shall be permanently marked in a manner that, in addition to identifying the equipment as specified in this Section, also identifies the area it serves.

3.3 PIPING IDENTIFICATION

- A. Install manufactured pipe markers indicating service on each piping system. Install with flow indication arrows showing direction of flow.
 - 1. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, Less Than 6 Inches: Pretensioned pipe markers. Use size to ensure a tight fit.
 - 2. Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, Less Than 6 Inches: Self-adhesive pipe markers. Use color-coded, self-adhesive plastic tape, minimum 3/4 inch wide, lapped at least 1-1/2 inches at both ends of pipe marker, and covering full circumference of pipe.
 - Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches and Larger: Shaped pipe markers. Use size to match pipe and secure with fasteners.
 - Pipes with OD, Including Insulation, 6 Inches and Larger: Self-adhesive pipe markers. Use color-coded, self-adhesive plastic tape, minimum 1-1/2 inches wide, lapped at least 3 inches at both ends of pipe marker, and covering full circumference of pipe.
- B. Locate pipe markers and color bands where piping is exposed in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior nonconcealed locations as follows:
 - 1. Near each valve and control device.
 - 2. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
 - Near penetrations through walls, floors, ceilings, and nonaccessible enclosures.
 - At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed piping.
 - Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
 - Spaced at maximum intervals of 50 feet along each run. Reduce intervals to 25 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.
 - 7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced markers.
- C. Underground Pipe Markers: Install 6 to 8 inches below finished grade, directly above buried pipe.

3.4 DUCT IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify ductwork with vinyl markers and flow direction arrows.
- B. Locate markers at air handling units, each side of floor and wall penetrations, near points where ducts enter into concealed spaces and at maximum intervals of 50 feet in each space where ducts are exposed or concealed by removable ceiling system.

3.5 VALVE-TAG INSTALLATION

- A. Install tags on valves and control devices in piping systems, except check valves; valves within factoryfabricated equipment units; plumbing fixture supply stops; faucets; convenience and lawn-watering hose connections; HVAC terminal devices and similar roughing-in and connections of end-use fixtures and units. List tagged valves in a valve schedule.
- B. Valve-Tag Application Schedule: Tag valves according to size, shape, and color scheme and with captions similar to those indicated in the following:
 - 1. Valve-Tag Size and Shape:
 - a. Cold Water: Minimum 1-1/2 inches, round or square.
 - b. Hot Water: Minimum 1-1/2 inches, round or square.
 - c. Fire Protection: Minimum 1-1/2 inches, round or square.
 - d. Gas: Minimum 1-1/2 inches, round or square.
 - e. Steam: Minimum 1-1/2 inches, round or square.

3.6 VALVE-SCHEDULE INSTALLATION

- A. Mount valve schedule on wall in accessible location in each major equipment room.
- 3.7 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION DEVICES
 - A. Mount to wall or door of room containing hazard. Indicate classification of refrigerant or other hazard.

3.8 WARNING-TAG INSTALLATION

A. Write required message on, and attach warning tags to, equipment and other items where required.

3.9 ADJUSTING

A. Relocate mechanical identification materials and devices that have become visually blocked by other work.

3.10 CLEANING

A. Clean faces of mechanical identification devices and glass frames of valve schedules.

3.11 SCHEDULES

A. Paint colors are listed here for reference only. Painting is specified under Division 9.

PIPE LABELING AND COLOR CODING

	Drawing Ab-		
Pipe System Label	brev.	Labels	Piping
Sanitary Sewer	SAN	White on	Dark Brown
		Green	
Sanitary Vent	V	White on	Dark Brown
		Green	
Rain Conductor	RC	White on	Dark Brown
		Green	
Acid Waste	AW	Black on Yel-	Black
		low	
Acid Vent	AV	Black on Yel-	Black
		low	
Domestic Cold Water	CW	White on	Light Green
		Green	
High Pressure Domestic Cc	HPCW	White on	Light Green
Water		Green	
Non-Potable Cold Water	NPCW	Black on Yel-	
		low	
Domestic Hot Water	HW	Black on Yel-	Dark Green
		low	
High Pressure Domestic Hc	HPHW	Black on Yel-	Dark Green
Water		low	
High Pressure Domestic Hc	HPHWR		Dark Green
Water Return		low	
Domestic Hot Water Return	HWR	Black on Yel-	Dark Green
		low	

<u>Pipe System Label</u> Soft Cold Water	Drawing Ab- brev. SCW	<u>Labels</u> White on Green	<u>Piping</u> Light Green
Soft Hot Water	SHW	White on	Dark Green
Soft Hot Water Return	SHWR	Green White on Green	Dark Green
Natural Gas	G	Black on Yel-	Yellow
Fuel Oil Supply	FOS	Black on Yel-	Yellow
Fuel Oil Return	FOR	Black on Yel-	Yellow
Compressed Air (90psig)	A(90psig)	Black on Yel-	Dark Blue
Compressed Air (25psig)	A	White on Green	Dark Blue
Laboratory Vacuum	LVAC	Black on Yel-	Unpainted
Carbon Dioxide	CO ₂	Black on Yel- low	Unpainted
High Purity Water	DI	White on Green	White
Hot Water Htg. Supply	HWHS	Black on Yel- low	Dark Blue
Hot Water Htg. Return	HWHR	Black on Yel- low	Dark Blue
Terminal Unit Heating Sup	THS	Black on Yel- low	Dark Blue
Terminal Unit Heating Ret	THR	Black on Yel- low	Dark Blue
Animal Heating Supply	AHS	Black on Yel- low	Dark Blue
Animal Heating Return	AHR	Black on Yel- low	Dark Blue
Energy Recovery Loop Sup.	ERLS	Black on Yel- low	Dark Blue
Energy Recovery Loop Ret.	ERLR	Black on Yel- low	Dark Blue
Chilled Water Supply	CHWS	White on Green	Light Blue
Chilled Water Return	CHWR	White on Green	Light Blue
Condenser Water Supply	CWS	White on Green	Light Green

	Drawing Ab-		
Pipe System Label	brev.	Labels	Piping
Condenser Water Return	CWR	White on	Light Green
		Green	
Process Cooling Water	PCWS	White on	Light Green
Sup.		Green	
Process Cooling Water	PCWR	White on	Light Green
Ret.		Green	
Refrigerant Liquid	RL	Black on	
		Yellow	
Refrigerant Suction	RS	Black on	
		Yellow	
Steam Condensate	LPC	Black on	Aluminum
		Yellow	
Medium Pressure Steam	MPC	Black on	Aluminum
Condensate		Yellow	
High Pressure Steam	HPC	Black on	Aluminum
Condensate		Yellow	
Pumped Steam Condensate	PC	Black on	Aluminum
		Yellow	
Medium Pressure Steam	MPS	Black on	Aluminum
(60 psig)		Yellow	
High Pressure Steam,	HPS	Black on	Aluminum
		Yellow	
Low Pressure Steam (5	LPS	Black on	Aluminum
psig)	77	Yellow	D ' 1 ' D 1
Fire Protection	FP D	White on Red	_
Medical Gases		ision 15 Secti	on "Medical
	Gas Systems.	"	

SHEET METAL WORK

Service	Abbrev.	Labels	Ductwork
Air Conditioning Sup-	Supply Air	White on	White
ply		Green	
Air Conditioning Re-	Return Air	White on	White
turn		Green	
Exhaust Systems	Exhaust Air	Black on	Green
		Yellow	
Outside Air Intake	Outside Air	White on	White
		Green	
Mixed Air	Mixed Air	White on	White
		Green	

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END OF SECTION 15075

SECTION 15080 - MECHANICAL INSULATION

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - Division 02 Section "Underground Hydronic Distribution Piping" for preinsulated piping systems.
 - Division 02 Section "Underground Steam and Condensate Distribution Piping" for preinsulated piping systems.
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - Division 15 Section "Basic Materials and Methods."
 - 5. Division 15 Section "Hanger and Supports" for thermal hanger shield inserts.
 - 6. Division 15 Section "Plumbing Fixtures: for protective shielding guards.
 - 7. Division 15 Section "Medical Plumbing Fixtures" for protective shielding guards.
 - 8. Division 15 Section "Metal Ducts" for duct liners.

1.2 SUMMARY

This Section includes mechanical insulation for pipe, Α. duct, and equipment.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. ASJ: All-service jacket.
- B. FSK: Foil, scrim, kraft paper.
- C. FSP: Foil, scrim, polyethylene.
- D. PVC: Polyvinyl Chloride.
- E. PVDC: Polyvinylidene chloride.
- F. SSL: Self-sealing lap.

1.4 INDOOR PIPING INSULATION SYSTEMS DESCRIPTION

- A. Acceptable preformed pipe and tubular insulation materials and thicknesses are scheduled on the Drawings, identified for each piping system and pipe size range.
- INDOOR DUCT AND PLENUM INSULATION SYSTEMS DESCRIPTION 1.5
 - A. Acceptable indoor duct and plenum insulation materials and thicknesses are scheduled on the Drawings.
- 1.6 ABOVEGROUND, OUTDOOR DUCT AND PLENUM INSULATION SYSTEMS DESCRIPTION
 - A. Acceptable outdoor duct and plenum insulation materials and thicknesses are scheduled on the Drawings.
- 1.7 EQUIPMENT INSULATION SYSTEMS DESCRIPTION
 - A. Acceptable equipment insulation materials and thicknesses are scheduled on the Drawings.
- 1.8 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETING SYSTEMS DESCRIPTION
 - A. Acceptable field-applied jacketing materials and thicknesses are scheduled on the Drawings.

1.9 SUBMITTALS

- Shop Drawings: Show details for the following:
 - Application of protective shields, saddles, and inserts at hangers for each type of insulation and hanger.
 - 2. Attachment and covering of heat tracing inside insulation.
 - 3. Insulation application at pipe expansion joints for each type of insulation.
 - Insulation application at elbows, fittings, flanges, valves, and specialties for each type of insulation.
 - Removable insulation at piping specialties, equipment connections, and access panels.
 - 6. Application of field-applied jackets.
 - 7. Application at linkages of control devices.
 - Field application for each equipment type

9. Manufacturer's Color Charts: For products where color is specified, show the full range of colors available for each type of finish material.

1.10 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Insulation and related materials shall have fire-test-response characteristics indicated, as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84, by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable authorities having jurisdiction. Factory insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
 - Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less.
 - 2. Insulation Installed Outdoors: Flame-spread index of 75 or less, and smoke-developed index of 150 or less.
- B. Ductwork Maximum Temperature Limits: Based on ASTM C 411 test procedures.

1.11 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Prior to installation, protect insulation from exposure to water and from physical damage. Prior to installation, store insulation in manufacturer's original packaging.

1.12 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of supports, hangers, and pre-insulated pipe shields/supports specified Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."
- В. Coordinate clearance requirements with piping Installer for piping insulation application, duct Installer for duct insulation application, and equipment Installer for equipment insulation application. Before preparing piping and ductwork Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.
- C. Coordinate installation and testing of heat tracing.

1.13 SCHEDULING

- A. Schedule insulation application after pressure testing systems and, where required, after installing and testing heat tracing. Insulation application may begin on segments that have satisfactory test results.
- B. Complete installation and concealment of plastic materials as rapidly as possible in each area of construction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- B. Products that come in contact with stainless steel shall have a leachable chloride content of less than 50 ppm when tested according to ASTM C 871.
- C. Insulation materials for use on austenitic stainless steel shall be qualified as acceptable according to ASTM C 795.
- Foam insulation materials shall not use CFC or HCFC D. blowing agents in the manufacturing process.
- E. Adhesives used shall be fire resistant in their dry states and UL listed.

2.2 PIPE INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Flexible Elastomeric: Closed-cell, sponge- or expandedrubber materials. Comply with ASTM C 534, Type I for tubular materials.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Armacell LLC; AP Armaflex.
 - b. IK Insulation Group; K-Flex USA LLC; Insul-Tube and Insul-Sheet.
- B. Glass-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I:
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.

- a. Johns Manville; Micro-Lok.
- b. Knauf Insulation; 1000 Pipe Insulation.
- c. Manson Insulation Inc.; Alley-K.
- d. Owens Corning; Fiberglas Pipe Insulation.
- 2. Type I, 850 deg F Materials: Glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 547, Type I, Grade A, with factory-applied ASJ or ASJ-SSL. Factoryapplied jacket requirements are specified in Part 2 "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

2.3 DUCTWORK INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Blanket Insulation: Glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 553, Type II and ASTM C 1290, Type III with factory-applied FSK jacket III with factory-applied FSP jacket. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in Part 2 "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. CertainTeed Corp.; Duct Wrap.
 - b. Johns Manville; Microlite.
 - c. Knauf Insulation; Duct Wrap.
 - d. Manson Insulation Inc.; Alley Wrap FSK.
 - e. Owens Corning; All-Service Duct Wrap.
- B. Board Insulation: Glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 612, Type IA or Type IB. For duct and plenum applications, provide insulation with factory-applied FSK jacket. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in Part 2 "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. CertainTeed Corp.; Commercial Board.
 - b. Fibrex Insulations Inc.; FBX.
 - c. Johns Manville; 800 Series Spin-Glas.
 - d. Knauf Insulation; Insulation Board.
 - e. Manson Insulation Inc.; AK Board.
 - f. Owens Corning; Fiberglas 700 Series.

- C. Flexible Elastomeric: Closed-cell, sponge- or expandedrubber materials. Comply with ASTM C 534, Type II for sheet materials.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Armacell LLC; AP Armaflex.
 - b. IK Insulation Group; K-Flex USA LLC; Insul-Sheet.

2.4 EQUIPMENT INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Flexible Elastomeric: Closed-cell, sponge- or expandedrubber materials. Comply with ASTM C 534, Type II for sheet materials.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Armacell LLC; AP Armaflex.
 - b. IK Insulation Group; K-Flex USA LLC; Insul-Sheet and Insul-Tube.
- Board Insulation: Glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 612, Type IA or Type IB. For equipment applications, provide insulation with factoryapplied ASJ. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in Part 2 "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. CertainTeed Corp.; Commercial Board.
 - b. Fibrex Insulations Inc.; FBX.
 - c. Johns Manville; 800 Series Spin-Glas.
 - d. Knauf Insulation; Insulation Board.
 - e. Manson Insulation Inc.; AK Board.
 - f. Owens Corning; Fiberglas 700 Series.

2.5 FIRE-RATED INSULATION SYSTEMS

- Fire-Rated Blanket: High-temperature, flexible, blanket insulation with FSK jacket that is tested according to ASTM E2336.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.

- a. Thermal Ceramics; FireMaster FastWrap XL and Pyroscat XL.
- b. 3M Fire Protection Products; Fire Barrier Duct Wrap 615+.
- c. Unifrax Corporation; FyreWrap Max 2.0.

2.6 INSULATING CEMENTS

- Mineral-Fiber Insulating Cement: Comply with ASTM C 195.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Insulco, Division of MFS, Inc.; Triple I.
 - b. P. K. Insulation Mfg. Co., Inc.; Super-Stik.
- B. Expanded or Exfoliated Vermiculite Insulating Cement: Comply with ASTM C 196.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. P. K. Insulation Mfg. Co., Inc.; Thermal-V-Kote.

2.7 ADHESIVES

- Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates and for bonding insulation to it and to surfaces to be insulated, unless otherwise indicated.
- Flexible Elastomeric Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-24179A, В. Type II, Class I.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Armacell LCC; 520 Adhesive.
 - b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 85-75.
 - c. RBX Corporation; Rubatex Contact Adhesive.
- C. ASJ Adhesive, and FSK and PVDC Jacket Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A for bonding insulation jacket lap seams and joints.

- 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Childers Products, H.B. Fuller Company; CP-82.
 - b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 85-20.
 - c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; S-90/80.
 - d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 225.
 - e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.
- D. PVC Jacket Adhesive: Compatible with PVC jacket.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Dow Chemical Company (The); 739, Dow Silicone.
 - b. Johns-Manville; Zeston Perma-Weld, CEEL-TITE
 Solvent Welding Adhesive.
 - c. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.; Welding Adhesive.
 - d. Red Devil, Inc.; Celulon Ultra Clear.
 - e. Speedline Corporation; Speedline Vinyl Adhesive.

2.8 MASTICS

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates; comply with MIL-C-19565C, Type II.
- B. Vapor-Barrier Mastic: Water based; suitable for indoor and outdoor use on below ambient services.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Childers Products, H.B. Fuller Company; CP-35.
 - b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 30-90.
 - c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; CB-50.
 - d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 590.
 - e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 55-40.
 - f. Vimasco Corporation; 749.
 - 2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM E 96, Procedure B, 0.013 perm at 43-mil dry film thickness.
 - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 180 deg F.

- Solids Content: ASTM D 1644, 59 percent by volume and 71 percent by weight.
- 5. Color: White.
- C. Breather Mastic: Water based; suitable for indoor and outdoor use on above ambient services.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Childers Products, H.B. Fuller Company; CP-10.
 - b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 35-00.
 - c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; CB-05/15.
 - d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 550.
 - e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 55-50.
 - f. Vimasco Corporation; WC-1/WC-5.
 - Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM F 1249, 3 perms at 0.0625inch dry film thickness.
 - Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 200 deg F.
 - Solids Content: 63 percent by volume and 73 percent by weight.
 - 5. Color: White.

2.9 SEALANTS

- A. FSK and Metal Jacket Flashing Sealants:
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Childers Products, H.B. Fuller Company; CP-76-8.
 - b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 95-44.
 - c. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 405.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 44-05.
 - e. Vimasco Corporation; 750.
 - 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
 - 5. Color: Aluminum.

- B. ASJ Flashing Sealants, and Vinyl, PVDC, and PVC Jacket Flashing Sealants:
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Childers Products, H.B. Fuller Company; CP-76.
 - 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
 - 5. Color: White.
- C. Joint Sealants for Cellular-Glass, Phenolic-Foam, and Polyisocyanurate:
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Childers Products, H.B. Fuller Company; CP-76.
 - b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 30 - 45.
 - c. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 405.
 - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 44-05.
 - e. Pittsburgh Corning Corporation; Pittseal 444.
 - f. Vimasco Corporation; 750.
 - 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 3. Permanently flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 100 to plus 300 dea F.
 - 5. Color: White or gray.

2.10 FACTORY-APPLIED JACKETS

- Insulation systems indicate factory-applied jackets on various applications. When factory-applied jackets are indicated, comply with the following:
 - ASJ: White, kraft-paper, fiberglass-reinforced scrim aluminum-foil backing; complying with with ASTM C 1136, Type I.

- ASJ-SSL: ASJ with self-sealing, pressure-sensitive, acrylic-based adhesive covered by a removable protective strip; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type I.
- FSK Jacket: Aluminum-foil, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with kraft-paper backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type II.

2.11 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Field-applied jackets shall comply with ASTM C 921, Type I, unless otherwise indicated.
- Jacket: Aluminum-foil-face, fiberglass-reinforced B. FSK scrim with kraft-paper backing.
- C. Jacket: High-impact-resistant, UV-resistant PVC complying with ASTM D 1784, Class 16354-C; thickness as specified; roll stock ready for shop or field cutting and forming.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Johns Manville; Zeston and Ceel-Co.
 - b. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.; FG Series.
 - c. Proto PVC Corporation; LoSmoke.
 - d. Speedline Corporation; SmokeSafe.
 - 2. Adhesive: As recommended by jacket material manufacturer.
 - 3. Color: White.
 - 4. Factory-fabricated tank heads and tank side panels.
- D. PVC Fitting Covers: High-impact-resistant, UV-resistant PVC complying with ASTM D 1784, Class 16354-C, and including flexible glass fiber insulation inserts.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Johns Manville; Zeston and Ceel-Co.
 - b. P.I.C. Plastics, Inc.; FG Series.
 - c. Proto PVC Corporation; LoSmoke.
 - d. Speedline Corporation; SmokeSafe.
 - 2. Adhesive: As recommended by manufacturer.
 - 3. Color: White.

- Factory-fabricated fitting covers:
 - Shapes: 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows, tees, valves, flanges, unions, reducers, end caps, soil-pipe hubs, traps, and mechanical joints.

E. Metal Jacket:

- Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. PABCO-Childers Metals; ITW Insulation Systems; Metal Jacketing Systems.
 - b. RPR Products, Inc.; Insul-Mate.
- Aluminum Jacket: Comply with ASTM B 209, Alloy 3003, 3005, 3105 or 5005, Temper H-14.
 - Sheet and roll stock ready for shop or field sizing or factory cut and rolled to size.
 - b. Finish and thickness are indicated in fieldapplied jacket schedules.
 - Moisture Barrier for Indoor Applications: 1-milthick, heat-bonded polyethylene and kraft paper.
 - d. Moisture Barrier for Outdoor Applications: 3-milthick, heat-bonded polyethylene and kraft paper or 2.5-mil- thick Polysurlyn.
 - e. Factory-Fabricated Fitting Covers:
 - 1) Preformed 2-piece or gore, 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows.
 - 2) Provide factory fabricated PVC tee covers, flange and union covers, beveled collars and valve covers.
 - Field fabricate fitting covers only if factory-fabricated fitting covers are not available.
- Self-Adhesive Outdoor Jacket for Piping: Laminated vapor barrier and waterproofing membrane for installation over insulation located aboveground outdoors; consisting of a fabric reinforced insulation cladding with natural aluminum stucco embossed facing.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.

- a. 3M VentureClad; 1579GCW-E.
- b. Polyguard; Alumaguard.
- G. Self-Adhesive Outdoor Jacket for Ductwork: Laminated vapor barrier and waterproofing membrane for installation over insulation located aboveground outdoors; consisting of a rubberized bituminous resin on a crosslaminated polyethylene film covered with aluminum-foil facing.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. MFM Building Products Corp.; FlexClad-400
 - b. Polyguard; Alumaguard.
 - c. Venture Tape Corp.; VentureClad.
- H. PVDC Jacket for Indoor Applications: 4-mil- thick, white PVDC biaxially oriented barrier film with a permeance at 0.02 perms when tested according to ASTM E 96 and with a flame-spread index of 5 and a smoke-developed index of 20 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Dow Chemical Company (The), Saran 540 Vapor Retarder Film.
- I. PVDC Jacket for Outdoor Applications: 6-mil- thick, white PVDC biaxially oriented barrier film with a permeance at 0.01 perms when tested according to ASTM E 96 and with a flame-spread index of 5 and a smoke-developed index of 25 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Dow Chemical Company (The), Saran 560 Vapor Retarder Film.

2.12 REMOVABLE AND REUSABLE INSULATION COVERS

Flexible Style: Custom fabricated composite jackets for Α. valves, flanges, and expansion joints consisting of 4 inches of high temperature fiberglass insulation compressed between Teflon impregnated fiberglass inner and outer facing stitched with fiberglass core Teflon thread,

and secured with Velcro fasteners and double D-ring cinching. Service temperature range of minus 40 deg F to 500 dea F.

1. Fabricators:

- a. Apex Energy & Environmental Products Inc.
- b. 3i Supply Co.; K-Tex.
- c. Valley Group of Companies.
- B. Rigid Style: Custom fabricated composite jackets for valves, flanges, and expansion joints consisting of rigid foam insulation with silicone impregnated fiberglass outer facing stitched with fiberglass thread, and secured with Velcro fasteners and double D-ring cinching. Service temperature range of minus 40 deg F to 500 deg F.

1. Fabricators:

a. Valley Group of Companies.

2.13 TAPES

- ASJ Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching factory-Α. applied jacket with acrylic adhesive, complying with ASTM C 1136 and UL listed.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0835.
 - b. Compac Corp.; 104 and 105.
 - c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 428 AWF ASJ.
 - d. Venture Tape; 1540 CW Plus, 1542 CW Plus, and 1542 CW Plus/SQ.
 - 2. Width: 3 inches.
 - Thickness: 11.5 mils.
 - 4. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
 - 5. Elongation: 2 percent.
 - 6. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
 - 7. ASJ Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of ASJ tape.

- FSK Tape: Foil-face, vapor-retarder tape matching factoryapplied jacket with acrylic adhesive; complying with ASTM C 1136 and UL listed.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0827.
 - b. Compac Corp.; 110 and 111.
 - c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 491 AWF FSK.
 - d. Venture Tape; 1525 CW, 1528 CW, and 1528 CW/SQ.
 - 2. Width: 3 inches.
 - Thickness: 6.5 mils.
 - 4. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
 - 5. Elongation: 2 percent.
 - 6. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
 - 7. FSK Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of FSK tape.
- C. PVC Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching field-applied PVC jacket with acrylic adhesive. Suitable for indoor and outdoor applications.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0555.
 - b. Compac Corp.; 130.
 - c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 370 White PVC tape.
 - d. Venture Tape; 1506 CW NS.
 - 2. Width: 2 inches.
 - 3. Thickness: 6 mils.
 - 4. Adhesion: 64 ounces force/inch in width.
 - 5. Elongation: 500 percent.
 - Tensile Strength: 18 lbf/inch in width.
- D. Aluminum-Foil Tape: Vapor-retarder tape with acrylic adhesive and UL listed.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.

- a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0800.
- b. Compac Corp.; 120.
- c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 488 AWF.
- d. Venture Tape; 3520 CW.
- 2. Width: 2 inches.
- 3. Thickness: 3.7 mils.
- 4. Adhesion: 100 ounces force/inch in width.
- 5. Elongation: 5 percent.
- 6. Tensile Strength: 34 lbf/inch in width.
- E. PVDC Tape for Indoor Applications: White vapor-retarder PVDC tape with acrylic adhesive.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Dow Chemical Company (The); Saran 540 Vapor Retarder Tape.
 - 2. Width: 3 inches.
 - 3. Film Thickness: 4 mils.
 - 4. Adhesive Thickness: 1.5 mils.
 - 5. Elongation at Break: 145 percent.
 - 6. Tensile Strength: 55 lbf/inch in width.
- F. PVDC Tape for Outdoor Applications: White vapor-retarder PVDC tape with acrylic adhesive.
 - Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. Dow Chemical Company (The); Saran 560 Vapor Retarder Tape.
 - 2. Width: 3 inches.
 - 3. Film Thickness: 6 mils.
 - 4. Adhesive Thickness: 1.5 mils.
 - 5. Elongation at Break: 145 percent.
 - Tensile Strength: 55 lbf/inch in width.

2.14 SECUREMENTS

A. Bands:

- 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - a. PABCO-Childers Metals; ITW Insulation Systems; Pab-Bands and Fabstraps.
 - b. RPR Products, Inc.; Bands.
- 2. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 167 or ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304 or Type 316; 0.015 inch thick, 1/2 inch wide with wing or closed seal.
- 3. Aluminum: ASTM B 209, Alloy 3003, 3005, 3105, or 5005; Temper H-14, 0.020 inch thick, 1/2 inch wide with wing or closed seal.
- 4. Springs: Twin spring set constructed of stainless steel with ends flat and slotted to accept metal bands. Spring size determined by manufacturer for application.
- B. Insulation Pins and Hangers:
 - 1. Capacitor-Discharge-Weld Pins: Copper- or zinc-coated steel pin, fully annealed for capacitor-discharge welding, 0.106-inch- diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated.
 - a. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - 1) AGM Industries, Inc.; CWP-1.
 - 2) GEMCO; CD.
 - 3) Midwest Fasteners, Inc.; CD.
 - 4) Nelson Stud Welding; TPA, TPC, and TPS.
 - 2. Cupped-Head, Capacitor-Discharge-Weld Pins: Copper- or zinc-coated steel pin, fully annealed for capacitordischarge welding, 0.106-inch- diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated with integral 1-1/2-inch galvanized carbon-steel washer.
 - a. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - 1) AGM Industries, Inc.; CWP-1.
 - 2) GEMCO; Cupped Head Weld Pin.
 - 3) Midwest Fasteners, Inc.; Cupped Head.

- 4) Nelson Stud Welding; CHP.
- Metal, Adhesively Attached, Perforated-Base Insulation Hangers: Baseplate welded to projecting spindle that is capable of holding insulation, of thickness indicated, securely in position indicated when selflocking washer is in place. Comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Products: Subject to compliance requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - 1) AGM Industries, Inc.; Tactoo Insul-Hangers, Series T.
 - 2) GEMCO; Perforated Base.
 - 3) Midwest Fasteners, Inc.; Spindle.
 - b. Baseplate: Perforated, galvanized carbon-steel sheet, 0.030 inch thick by 2 inches square.
 - c. Spindle: Copper- or zinc-coated, low carbon steel, fully annealed, 0.106-inch-diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated.
 - Adhesive: Recommended by hanger manufacturer. Product with demonstrated capability to bond insulation hanger securely to substrates indicated without damaging insulation, hangers, substrates.
- Nonmetal, Adhesively Attached, Perforated-Base Insulation Hangers: Baseplate fastened to projecting spindle that is capable of holding insulation, of thickness indicated, securely in position indicated when self-locking washer is in place. Comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - 1) GEMCO; Nylon Hangers.
 - Midwest Fasteners, Inc.; Nylon Insulation 2) Hangers.
 - b. Baseplate: Perforated, nylon sheet, 0.030 inch thick by 1-1/2 inches in diameter.

- Spindle: Nylon, 0.106-inch- diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated, up to 2-1/2
- d. Adhesive: Recommended by hanger manufacturer. Product with demonstrated capability to bond insulation hanger securely to substrates indicated without damaging insulation, hangers, substrates.
- 5. Self-Sticking-Base Insulation Hangers: Baseplate welded to projecting spindle that is capable of holding insulation, of thickness indicated, securely in position indicated when self-locking washer is in place. Comply with the following requirements:
 - Subject Products: to compliance requirements, provide of the products one specified.
 - 1) AGM Industries, Inc.; Tactoo Insul-Hangers, Series TSA.
 - 2) GEMCO; Press and Peel.
 - 3) Midwest Fasteners, Inc.; Self Stick.
 - Baseplate: Galvanized carbon-steel sheet, 0.030 b. inch thick by 2 inches square.
 - c. Spindle: Copper- or zinc-coated, low carbon steel, fully annealed, 0.106-inch- diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated.
 - Adhesive-backed base with a peel-off protective d. cover.
- Insulation-Retaining Washers: Self-locking washers formed from 0.016-inch- thick, galvanized-steel sheet, with beveled edge sized as required to hold insulation securely in place but not less than 1-1/2 inches in diameter.
 - Products: Subject compliance a. to requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 - 1) AGM Industries, Inc.; RC-150.
 - 2) GEMCO; R-150.
 - 3) Midwest Fasteners, Inc.; WA-150.
 - 4) Nelson Stud Welding; Speed Clips.

- b. Protect ends with capped self-locking washers incorporating a spring steel insert to ensure permanent retention of cap in exposed locations.
- 7. Nonmetal Insulation-Retaining Washers: Self-locking washers formed from 0.016-inch- thick nylon sheet, with beveled edge sized as required to hold insulation securely in place but not less than 1-1/2 inches in diameter.
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) GEMCO.
 - 2) Midwest Fasteners, Inc.
- C. Staples: Outward-clinching insulation staples, nominal 3/4-inch- wide, stainless steel or Monel.
- D. Wire: 0.062-inch soft-annealed, stainless steel.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. ACS Industries, Inc.
 - b. C & F Wire.
 - c. PABCO-Childers Metals; ITW Insulation Systems.
 - d. RPR Products, Inc.

2.15 CORNER ANGLES

- A. PVC Corner Angles: 30 mils thick, minimum 1 by 1 inch, PVC according to ASTM D 1784, Class 16354-C. White or colorcoded to match adjacent surface.
- B. Aluminum Corner Angles: 0.040 inch thick, minimum 1 by 1 inch, aluminum according to ASTM B 209, Alloy 3003, 3005, 3105 or 5005; Temper H-14.
- C. Stainless-Steel Corner Angles: 0.024 inch thick, minimum 1 by 1 inch, stainless steel according to ASTM A 167 or ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304 or 316.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation and other conditions affecting performance of insulation application.
 - Verify that systems and equipment to be insulated have been tested and are free of defects.
 - 2. Verify that surfaces to be insulated are clean and dry.
 - 3. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- Surface Preparation: Clean and dry surfaces to receive Α. insulation. Remove materials that will adversely affect insulation application.
- В. Surface Preparation: Clean and prepare surfaces to be insulated. Before insulating, apply a corrosion coating to insulated surfaces as follows:
 - 1. Stainless Steel: Coat 300 series stainless steel with an epoxy primer 5 mils thick and an epoxy finish 5 mils thick if operating in a temperature range between 140 and 300 deg F. Consult coating manufacturer for appropriate coating materials and application methods for operating temperature range.
 - Carbon Steel: Coat carbon steel operating at a service temperature between 32 and 300 deg F with an epoxy coating. Consult coating manufacturer for appropriate coating materials and application methods for operating temperature range.
- C. Coordinate insulation installation with the trade installing heat tracing. Comply with requirements for heat tracing that apply to insulation.
- D. Mix insulating cements with clean potable water; if insulating cements are to be in contact with stainlesssteel surfaces, use demineralized water.

3.3 COMMON INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of equipment, ducts and fittings, and piping including fittings, valves, and specialties.
- Install insulation materials, forms, vapor barriers or В. retarders, jackets, and thicknesses required for each item of equipment, duct system, and pipe system as specified in insulation system schedules.
- Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.
- Install insulation with longitudinal seams at the 4 o'clock or 8 o'clock position on horizontal runs.
- Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal Ε. and end seams staggered.
- Do not weld brackets, clips, or other attachment devices to piping, fittings, and specialties.
- G. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.
- Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end Η. joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive as recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- I. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.
- Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.
 - 2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends at attachment to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.

- Install thermal hanger insert materials and install insulation to tightly join the insert. Seal insulation insulation inserts with adhesive or sealing compound recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- Cover thermal hanger inserts with jacket material matching adjacent pipe insulation. Install shields over jacket, arranged to protect jacket from tear or puncture by hanger, support, and shield.
- Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.
- L. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:
 - 1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.
 - 2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch-wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches o.c.
 - Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at the 4 o'clock or 8 o'clock position on the pipe. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward clinching staples along edge at 4 inches o.c.
 - a. For below ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.
 - Cover joints and seams with tape as recommended by insulation material manufacturer to maintain vapor seal.
 - Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vaporbarrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to duct and pipe flanges and fittings.
- Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation Μ. more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness. Where compression of insulation is possible, fabricate/install insulation per manufacturer's recommendations.
- Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.

- Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches similar to butt joints.
- P. For above ambient services, do not install insulation to the following:
 - 1. Vibration-control devices.
 - Testing agency labels and stamps.
 - 3. Nameplates and data plates.
 - 4. Manholes.
 - 5. Handholes.
 - 6. Cleanouts.

3.4 PENETRATIONS

- Insulation Installation at Roof Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through roof penetrations.
 - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
 - For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation above roof surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
 - Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside roof flashing at least 2 inches below top of roof flashing.
 - Seal jacket to roof flashing with flashing sealant.
- Insulation Installation at Below-Grade Exterior Wall В. Penetrations: Terminate insulation flush with sleeve seal. Seal terminations with flashing sealant.
- C. Insulation Installation at Aboveground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through wall penetrations.
 - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
 - For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation inside wall surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.

- Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside wall flashing and overlap wall flashing at least 2 inches.
- Seal jacket to wall flashing with flashing sealant.
- Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition D. Penetrations that Are Not Fire Rated: Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- Ε. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations:
 - Terminate ductwork insulation at angle closure of fire damper sleeves.
 - Install pipe insulation continuously through penetrations of fire-rated walls and partitions.
 - Firestopping is specified in Division 07 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."
- F. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:
 - Duct: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations that are not fire rated. For penetrations through fire-rated assemblies, terminate insulation at angle closure of fire damper sleeves.
 - 2. Pipe: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations.
 - a. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies according to Division 07 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

3.5 GENERAL PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. Requirements in this Article generally apply to all insulation materials except where more specific requirements are specified in various pipe insulation material installation articles.
- Insulation Installation on Fittings, Valves, Strainers, В. Flanges, and Unions:
 - Install insulation over fittings, valves, strainers, flanges, unions, and other specialties with continuous thermal and vapor-retarder integrity, unless otherwise indicated.

- Insulate pipe elbows using preformed fitting insulation or mitered fittings made from same material and density as adjacent pipe insulation. Each piece shall be butted tightly against adjoining piece and bonded with adhesive. Fill joints, seams, voids, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement finished to a smooth, hard, and uniform contour that is uniform with adjoining pipe insulation.
- with preformed fitting Insulate tee fittings insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Cut sectional pipe insulation to fit. Butt each section closely to the next and hold in place with tie wire. Bond pieces with adhesive.
- Insulate valves using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. For valves, insulate up to and including the bonnets, valve stuffing-box studs, bolts, and nuts. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement.
- Insulate strainers using preformed fitting insulation 5. or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement. Insulate strainers so strainer basket flange or plug can be easily removed and replaced without damaging the insulation and jacket. Provide a removable reusable insulation cover. For below ambient services, provide a design that maintains vapor barrier.
- Insulate flanges and unions using a section of oversized preformed pipe insulation. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker.
- Cover segmented insulated surfaces with a layer of finishing cement and coat with a mastic. Install vapor-barrier mastic for below ambient services and a breather mastic for above ambient services. Reinforce the mastic with fabric-reinforcing mesh. Trowel the mastic to a smooth and well-shaped contour.

- For services not specified to receive a field-applied jacket except for flexible Elastomeric, install fitted PVC cover over elbows, tees, strainers, valves, flanges, and unions. Terminate ends with PVC end caps. Tape PVC covers to adjoining insulation facing using
- Stencil or label the outside insulation jacket of each union with the word "UNION." Match size and color of pipe labels.
- Insulate instrument connections for thermometers, pressure gages, pressure temperature taps, test connections, flow meters, sensors, switches, and transmitters on insulated pipes, vessels, and equipment. Shape insulation at these connections by tapering it to and around the connection with insulating cement and finish with finishing cement, mastic, and flashing sealant.
- Install removable insulation covers at D. locations indicated. Installation shall conform to the following:
 - Make removable flange and union insulation from sectional pipe insulation of same thickness as that on adjoining pipe. Install same insulation jacket as adjoining pipe insulation.
 - When flange and union covers are made from sectional pipe insulation, extend insulation from flanges or union at least two times the insulation thickness over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of flange or union. Secure flange cover in place with stainlesssteel or aluminum bands. Select band material compatible with insulation and jacket.
 - Construct removable valve insulation covers in same manner as for flanges except divide the two-part section on the vertical center line of valve body.
 - When covers are made from block insulation, make two halves, each consisting of mitered blocks wired to stainless-steel fabric. Secure this wire frame, with its attached insulation, to flanges with tie wire. Extend insulation at least 2 inches over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of valve. Fill space between flange or union cover and pipe insulation with insulating cement. Finish cover assembly with insulating cement applied in two coats. After first coat is dry, apply and trowel second coat to a smooth finish.

- Unless a PVC jacket is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules, finish exposed surfaces with a metal jacket.
- Install removable and reusable insulation covers in Ε. accordance with fabricator's instructions, and at the following locations:
 - At valves, flanges, and expansion joints. Expansion joints shall have jacket installed in a manner to allow for replacing of joints without removing insulation cover.

3.6 FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

- Seal longitudinal seams and end joints with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:
 - Install pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe
 - Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
 - 3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of sheet insulation of same thickness as pipe insulation.
 - Secure insulation to flanges and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:
 - 1. Install mitered sections of pipe insulation.
 - Secure insulation materials and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties: D.
 - Install preformed valve covers manufactured of same material as pipe insulation when available.

- When preformed valve covers are not available, install cut sections of pipe and sheet insulation to valve body. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
- Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.
- Secure insulation to valves and specialties and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

3.7 GLASS-FIBER AND MINERAL WOOL PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

- Α. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:
 - Secure each layer of preformed pipe insulation to pipe with wire or bands and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials.
 - Where vapor barriers are indicated, seal longitudinal seams, end joints, and protrusions with vapor-barrier mastic and joint sealant.
 - For insulation with factory-applied jackets on above ambient surfaces, secure laps with outward clinched staples at 6 inches o.c.
 - For insulation with factory-applied jackets on below ambient surfaces, do not staple longitudinal tabs but secure tabs with additional adhesive as recommended by insulation material manufacturer and seal with vaporbarrier mastic and flashing sealant.
- Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges: В.
 - Install PVC fitting covers when available.
 - When PVC fitting covers are not available, install preformed pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange:
 - Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
 - Fill voids between inner circumference of flange b. insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with fiberglass or mineral wool blanket insulation as specified for system.

- Install jacket material with manufacturer's recommended adhesive, overlap seams at least 1 inch, and seal joints with flashing sealant.
- C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:
 - 1. Install PVC fitting covers when available.
 - 2. When PVC fitting covers are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation, to a thickness equal to adjoining pipe insulation. Secure insulation materials with wire or bands.
- Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:
 - 1. Install PVC fitting covers when available.
 - When PVC fitting covers are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation to valve body.
 - Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
 - Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.

3.8 DUCT AND PLENUM INSULATION INSTALLATION

- Blanket Insulation Installation on Ducts and Plenums: Α. Secure with insulation pins.
 - Apply adhesives according to manufacturer's 1. recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of duct and plenum surfaces.
 - Apply adhesive to entire circumference of ducts and to all surfaces of fittings and transitions. Adhesive may be omitted from top surface of horizontal rectangular ducts.
 - Install either capacitor-discharge-weld pins and speed washers or cupped-head, capacitor-discharge-weld pins on sides and bottom of horizontal ducts and sides of vertical ducts as follows:
 - a. On duct sides with dimensions 18 inches and smaller, place pins along longitudinal centerline of duct. Space 3 inches maximum from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c.
 - On duct sides with dimensions larger than 18 inches, place pins 16 inches o.c. each way, and 3 inches maximum from insulation joints. Install

- additional pins to hold insulation tightly against surface at cross bracing.
- Pins may be omitted from top surface horizontal, rectangular ducts and plenums.
- not over compress insulation during d. Do installation.
- e. Impale insulation over pins and attach speed washers.
- f. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.
- For ducts and plenums with surface temperatures below ambient, install a continuous unbroken vapor barrier. Create a facing lap for longitudinal seams and end joints with insulation by removing 2 inches from 1 edge and 1 end of insulation segment. Secure laps to adjacent insulation section with 1/2-inch outwardclinching staples, 1 inch o.c. Install vapor barrier consisting of factory- or field-applied jacket, adhesive, vapor-barrier mastic, and sealant at joints, seams, and protrusions.
 - Repair punctures, tears, and penetrations with tape or mastic to maintain vapor-barrier seal.
 - b. Install vapor stops for ductwork and plenums operating below 50 deg F at 18-foot intervals. Vapor stops shall consist of vapor-barrier mastic applied in a Z-shaped pattern over insulation face, along butt end of insulation, and over the surface. Cover insulation face and surface to be insulated a width equal to 2 times the insulation thickness but not less than 3 inches.
- Overlap unfaced blankets a minimum of 2 inches on longitudinal seams and end joints. At end joints, secure with steel bands spaced a maximum of 18 inches
- 6. Install insulation on rectangular duct elbows and transitions with a full insulation section for each surface. Install insulation on round and flat-oval duct elbows with individually mitered gores cut to fit the elbow.
- Insulate duct stiffeners, hangers, and flanges that protrude beyond insulation surface with 6-inch-wide

strips of same material used to insulate duct. Secure on alternating sides of stiffener, hanger, and flange with pins spaced 6 inches o.c.

- Board Insulation Installation on Ducts and Plenums: Secure with adhesive and insulation pins.
 - adhesives according to manufacturer's 1. Apply recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of duct and plenum surfaces.
 - Apply adhesive to entire circumference of ducts and to all surfaces of fittings and transitions.
 - Install either capacitor-discharge-weld pins and speed washers or cupped-head, capacitor-discharge-weld pins on sides and bottom of horizontal ducts and sides of vertical ducts as follows:
 - On duct sides with dimensions 18 inches and a. smaller, place pins along longitudinal centerline of duct. Space 3 inches maximum from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c.
 - On duct sides with dimensions larger than 18 inches, space pins 16 inches o.c. each way, and 3 inches maximum from insulation joints. Install additional pins to hold insulation tightly against surface at cross bracing.
 - c. Pins may be omitted from top surface horizontal, rectangular ducts and plenums.
 - d. Do not over compress insulation during installation.
 - e. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.
 - For ducts and plenums with surface temperatures below ambient, install a continuous unbroken vapor barrier. Create a facing lap for longitudinal seams and end joints with insulation by removing 2 inches from 1 edge and 1 end of insulation segment. Secure laps to adjacent insulation section with 1/2-inch outwardclinching staples, 1 inch o.c. Install vapor barrier consisting of factory- or field-applied jacket, adhesive, vapor-barrier mastic, and sealant at joints, seams, and protrusions.

- Repair punctures, tears, and penetrations with tape or mastic to maintain vapor-barrier seal.
- b. Install vapor stops for ductwork and plenums operating below 50 deg F at 18-foot intervals. Vapor stops shall consist of vapor-barrier mastic applied in a Z-shaped pattern over insulation face, along butt end of insulation, and over the surface. Cover insulation face and surface to be insulated a width equal to 2 times the insulation thickness but not less than 3 inches.
- Install insulation on rectangular duct elbows and transitions with a full insulation section for each surface. Groove and score insulation to fit as closely as possible to outside and inside radius of elbows. Install insulation on round and flat-oval duct elbows with individually mitered gores cut to fit the elbow.
- Insulate duct stiffeners, hangers, and flanges that protrude beyond insulation surface with 6-inch- wide strips of same material used to insulate duct. Secure on alternating sides of stiffener, hanger, and flange with pins spaced 6 inches o.c.
- C. Flexible Elastomeric Thermal Insulation Installation for Ducts and Plenums: Install insulation over entire surface of ducts and plenums.
 - Apply 100 percent coverage of adhesive to surface with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
 - Seal longitudinal seams and end joints. 2.
 - Insulate duct stiffeners, hangers, and flanges that protrude beyond insulation surface with strips of same material used to insulate duct and following manufacturer's installation instructions.

3.9 DUCT LAGGING INSTALLATION

- Install between silencers and shaft or Mechanical Α. Equipment Room walls, and where indicated on Drawings.
- Ensure sufficient clearance between ductwork to be lagged В. and adjacent items.
- С. Install lagging as detailed on Drawings.
- Adhere board insulation with adhesive. Do not use pins. D.

- Ε. Install gypsum board layers. Stagger joints between layers. Seal joints with acoustical sealant.
- 3.10 EQUIPMENT, TANK, AND VESSEL INSULATION INSTALLATION
 - Secure insulation with adhesive and anchor pins and speed Α. washers.
 - Apply adhesives according to manufacturer's 1. recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of tank and vessel surfaces.
 - 2. Groove and score insulation materials to fit as closely as possible to equipment, including contours. Bevel insulation edges for cylindrical surfaces for tight joints. Stagger end joints.
 - Protect exposed corners with secured corner angles.
 - Install adhesively attached or self-sticking insulation hangers and speed washers on sides of tanks and vessels as follows:
 - a. Do not weld anchor pins to ASME-labeled pressure vessels.
 - b. Select insulation hangers and adhesive that are compatible with service temperature and with
 - On tanks and vessels, maximum anchor-pin spacing C. is 3 inches from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c. in both directions.
 - d. Do not over compress insulation during installation.
 - Cut and miter insulation segments to fit curved sides and domed heads of tanks and vessels.
 - f. Impale insulation over anchor pins and attach speed washers.
 - g. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.
 - 5. Secure each layer of insulation with stainless-steel or aluminum bands. Select band material compatible with insulation materials.
 - Where insulation hangers on equipment and vessels are not permitted or practical and where insulation support rings are not provided, install a girdle network for securing insulation. Stretch prestressed

aircraft cable around the diameter of vessel and make taut with clamps, turnbuckles, or breather springs. Place one circumferential girdle around equipment approximately 6 inches from each end. Install wire or cable between two circumferential girdles 12 inches o.c. Install a wire ring around each end and around outer periphery of center openings, and stretch prestressed aircraft cable radially from the wire ring to nearest circumferential girdle. Install additional circumferential girdles along the body of equipment or tank at a minimum spacing of 48 inches o.c. Use this network for securing insulation with tie wire or bands.

- 7. Stagger joints between insulation layers at least 3 inches.
- 8. Install insulation in removable segments on equipment access doors, manholes, handholes, and other elements that require frequent removal for service and inspection.
- Bevel and seal insulation ends around manholes, handholes, ASME stamps, and nameplates.
- 10. For equipment with surface temperatures below ambient, apply mastic to open ends, joints, seams, breaks, and punctures in insulation.
- Flexible Elastomeric Thermal Insulation Installation for Tanks and Vessels: Install insulation over entire surface of tanks and vessels.
 - 1. Apply 100 percent coverage of adhesive to surface with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
 - Seal longitudinal seams and end joints.
- Insulation Installation on Pumps:
 - Fabricate metal boxes lined with insulation. Fit boxes around pumps and coincide box joints with splits in pump casings. Fabricate joints with outward bolted flanges. Bolt flanges on 6-inch centers, starting at corners. Install 3/8-inch- diameter fasteners with wing nuts. Alternatively, secure the box sections together using a latching mechanism.
 - Fabricate boxes from galvanized steel, at least 0.040 inch thick.
 - For below ambient services, install a vapor barrier at seams, joints, and penetrations. Seal between flanges

with replaceable gasket material to form a vapor barrier.

3.11 FIELD-APPLIED JACKET INSTALLATION

- Install jacket over insulation material. For insulation Α. with factory-applied jacket, install the field-applied jacket over the factory-applied jacket.
- B. Where glass-cloth jackets are indicated, install directly over bare insulation or insulation with factory-applied jackets.
 - Draw jacket smooth and tight to surface with 2-inch overlap at seams and joints.
 - Embed glass cloth between two 0.062-inch- thick coats of lagging adhesive.
 - 3. Completely encapsulate insulation with coating, leaving no exposed insulation.
- C. Where FSK jackets are indicated, install as follows:
 - 1. Draw jacket material smooth and tight.
 - 2. Install lap or joint strips with same material as iacket.
 - 3. Secure jacket to insulation with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
 - Install jacket with 1-1/2-inch laps at longitudinal seams and 3-inch-wide joint strips at end joints.
 - Seal openings, punctures, and breaks in vapor-retarder jackets and exposed insulation with vapor-barrier mastic.
- D. Where PVC jackets are indicated, install with 1-inch overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints; for horizontal applications, install with longitudinal seams along top and bottom of tanks and vessels. Seal with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
 - 1. Apply two continuous beads of adhesive to seams and joints, one bead under lap and the finish bead along seam and joint edge.
- Where metal jackets are indicated, install with 2-inch overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints. Overlap longitudinal seams arranged to shed water. Seal end joints with weatherproof sealant recommended by insulation

manufacturer. Secure jacket with stainless-steel bands 12 inches o.c. and at end joints.

- F. Where self-adhesive jackets are indicated, install according to manufacturer's instructions and details on the drawings. Overlap seams arranged to shed water.
- Where PVDC jackets are indicated, install as follows:
 - 1. Apply three separate wraps of filament tape per insulation section to secure pipe insulation to pipe prior to installation of PVDC jacket.
 - Wrap factory-presized jackets around individual pipe insulation sections with one end overlapping the previously installed sheet. Install presized jacket with an approximate overlap at butt joint of 2 inches over the previous section. Adhere lap seal using adhesive or SSL, and then apply 1-1/4 circumferences of appropriate PVDC tape around overlapped butt joint.
 - Continuous jacket can be spiral wrapped around a length of pipe insulation. Apply adhesive or PVDC tape at overlapped spiral edge. When electing to use adhesives, refer to manufacturer's written instructions for application of adhesives along this spiral edge to maintain a permanent bond.
 - Jacket can be wrapped in cigarette fashion along length of roll for insulation systems with an outer circumference of 33-1/2 inches or less. The 33-1/2inch- circumference limit allows for 2-inch- overlap seal. Using the length of roll allows for longer sections of jacket to be installed at one time. Use adhesive on the lap seal. Visually inspect lap seal for "fish mouthing," and use PVDC tape along lap seal to secure joint.
 - 5. Repair holes or tears in PVDC jacket by placing PVDC tape over the hole or tear and wrapping a minimum of 1-1/4 circumferences to avoid damage to tape edges.

3.12 FIRE-RATED INSULATION SYSTEM INSTALLATION

Where fire-rated insulation system is indicated, install two layers in strict accordance with manufacturer's instructions, secure system to ducts and duct hangers and supports to maintain a continuous fire rating.

- B. Insulate duct access panels and doors in strict accordance with insulation manufacturer's to achieve same fire rating as duct.
- C. Maintain a copy of insulation manufacturer's installation instructions on site for Code Official.
- Where fire-rated plenum wrap system is indicated, secure D. to system piping to maintain a continuous UL-listed fire rating.
- Install firestopping at penetrations through fire-rated Ε. assemblies. Fire-stop systems are specified in Division 07 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."

3.13 FINISHES

- A. Duct, Equipment, and Pipe Insulation with ASJ, Glass-Cloth, or Other Paintable Jacket Material: Paint jacket with paint system specified in Division 09 painting Sections.
- B. Flexible Elastomeric Thermal Insulation: After adhesive has fully cured, apply two coats of insulation manufacturer's recommended protective coating.
- C. Color: Final color as selected by Architect. Vary first and second coats to allow visual inspection of the completed Work.
- D. Do not field paint aluminum or stainless-steel jackets.

END OF SECTION 15080

SECTIO LOOPS	ON 15121 - PIPE FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS, EXPANSION FITTINGS	3 AND
1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	L - GENERAL. RELATED DOCUMENTS. DEFINITIONS. PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS. SUBMITTALS. QUALITY ASSURANCE.	1
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	PRODUCTS. MANUFACTURERS. FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS. EXPANSION JOINTS. ALIGNMENT GUIDES. SLIDING/GUIDING DEVICES. MATERIALS FOR ANCHORS.	3 4 5
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	B - EXECUTION. FLEXIBLE CONNECTOR APPLICATIONS. EXPANSION-JOINT INSTALLATION. PIPE BEND AND LOOP INSTALLATION. SWING CONNECTIONS. ALIGNMENT-GUIDE INSTALLATION. ANCHOR INSTALLATION.	7 9 9
PART 1	L - GENERAL	
1.1	RELATED DOCUMENTS	
	Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, includence and Supplementary Conditions and Division Specification Sections, apply to this Section.	_
В.	Related Sections include the following:	
	 Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements." Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials Methods." Division 15 Section "Refrigerant Piping." 	

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. BR: Butyl rubber.

- B. CR: Chlorosulfonated polyethylene synthetic rubber (Neoprene).
- C. CSM: Chlorosulfonyl-polyethylene rubber (Hypalon).
- D. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.
- E. NBR: Buna-N/Nitrile rubber.
- F. NR: Natural rubber.
- G. PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene plastic.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Compatibility: Products shall be suitable for piping system fluids, materials, working pressures, and temperatures.
- B. Capability: Products shall absorb 150 percent of maximum axial movement between anchors.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of pipe flexible connector, expansion joint and alignment guide indicated.
- B. Delegated-Design Submittal:
 - 1. Design calculations and detailed fabrication and assembly of pipe anchors and alignment guides for multiple pipes, expansion joints and loops, and attachments of the same to the building structure.
 - 2. Locations of pipe anchors and alignment guides and expansion joints and loops.
- C. Shop Drawings: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer.
 - 1. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for thermal expansion of piping systems and for selecting and designing expansion joints, loops, and bends.
 - 2. Anchor Details: Detail fabrication of each anchor indicated. Show dimensions and methods of assembly and attachment to building structure.
 - 3. Alignment Guide Details: Detail field assembly and attachment to building structure.

- Schedule: Indicate type, manufacturer's number, size, material, pressure rating, end connections, and location for each expansion joint.
- D. Product Certificates: For each type of pipe expansion joint, signed by product manufacturer.
- E. Welding certificates.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For pipe expansion joints F. to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.5 **OUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - 1. Steel Shapes and Plates: AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
 - 2. Welding to Piping: ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX.
- Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in Public Law 111-380, "Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act," about lead content in materials that will be in contact with potable water for human consumption.
- C. Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components -Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9," and NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components - Lead Content for potable domestic water piping and components.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce Α. lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

A. Hose and Braid Flexible Connectors:

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Adsco Manufacturing, LLC.
- b. Flex-Weld, Inc.
- c. Hyspan Precision Products, Inc.
- d. Metraflex, Inc.
- e. Senior Flexonics, Inc.; Pathway Division.
- f. Twin City Hose, Inc.
- 2. Flexible Connectors for Copper Piping: Multiple-ply phosphor-bronze corrugated hose with bronze outer braid, copper ferrule, and copper pipe end connections.
- 3. Flexible Connectors for Steel Piping: Multiple-ply stainless-steel corrugated hose with stainless steel outer braid, and steel pipe end connections.
- 4. Minimum Pressure Rating: 150 psig, unless otherwise indicated.
- 5. Maximum Temperature Rating: 450 deg F for copper piping connectors, 800 deg F for steel piping connectors.

2.3 EXPANSION JOINTS

Flexible-Hose Expansion Joints: Manufactured assembly with two flexible-metal-hose legs joined by long-radius, 180degree return bend or center section of flexible hose; with inlet and outlet elbow fittings, corrugated-metal inner hoses, and braided outer sheaths.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Flex-Hose Co., Inc.
- b. Metraflex, Inc.; Metraloop.
- c. Twin City Hose, Inc.
- 2. Flexible-Hose Expansion Joints for Copper Piping: Copper-alloy fittings with solder- or brazed- joint end connections.
 - a. NPS 2 and Smaller: Bronze hoses and single-braid bronze sheaths with minimum 300 psig at 70 deg F and 230 psig at 400 deg F ratings.
 - b. NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Stainless-steel hoses and single-braid, stainless-steel sheaths with minimum 230 psig at 70 deg F and 180 psig at 400 deg F ratings.

- Flexible-Hose Expansion Joints for Steel Piping: Carbon-steel fittings with threaded end connections for NPS 2 and smaller and flanged or weld end connections to match piping system for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
 - NPS 2 and Smaller: Stainless-steel hoses and a. single-braid, stainless-steel sheaths with minimum 450 psig at 70 deg F and 325 psig at 600 deg F ratings; and 300 psig maximum saturated steam pressure rating.
 - b. NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 6: Stainless-steel hoses and single-braid, stainless-steel sheaths with minimum 165 psig at 70 deg F and 120 psig at 600 deg F ratings; and 130 psig maximum saturated steam pressure rating.
 - c. NPS 8 to NPS 12: Stainless-steel hoses and singlebraid, stainless-steel sheaths with minimum 160 psig at 70 deg F and 115 psig at 600 deg F ratings; and 90 psig maximum saturated steam pressure rating.

2.4 ALIGNMENT GUIDES

Description: Steel, factory fabricated, with bolted two-Α. section outer cylinder and base for alignment of piping and two-section guiding spider for bolting to pipe.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Adsco Manufacturing, LLC.
- b. Flex-Weld, Inc.
- c. Hyspan Precision Products, Inc.
- d. Metraflex, Inc.
- e. Senior Flexonics, Inc.; Pathway Division.

2.5 SLIDING/GUIDING DEVICES

For pipe size 4 inch and smaller on all hot piping, Α. provide guides equal to Flexonics semi-steel spider and quiding cylinder pipe alignment guides for all expansion joints and loops. Provide pipe alignment guides in quantities at all locations as required according to the manufacturer's design criteria and recommendations. Pipe alignment quides shall serve to quide the expansion joints, loops or bends.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. B-Line Systems, Inc.; a Division of Cooper Industries; Figure 3281 Series.
- b. Senior Flexonics.
- c. Sypris Technologies; Tube Turns Division;
- d. U.S. Flexible Metallic Tubing Co., Kelflex Type M.
- e. Metraflex, Inc.
- B. For pipe sizes 6 inches and above and all guides on cold piping, furnish pre-engineered pre-insulated guides with published vertical and lateral load ratings. Construction shall consist of an insulted shield containing structural calcium silicate (100 psi non-load bearing and 600 psi load bearing) encased in 360 degrees of overlapping sheet metal. A 36 steel clamps torqued onto insulated shield with recommended catalog torque valves. Slide service shall be stainless steel to polyethylene or Teflon with a maximum coefficient of friction of 0.15.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Pipe Shields, Inc. B3000, B4000, B7000 and B8000 series.
- b. Carpenter and Paterson, Inc.
- c. Rilco Mfg. HG 3000, HG 4000, HG 7000, and HG 8000 series.

2.6 MATERIALS FOR ANCHORS

- Steel Shapes and Plates: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- В. Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.10 or ASTM A 183, steel, hex head.
- C. Washers: ASTM F 844, steel, plain, flat washers.
- Mechanical Fasteners: Insert-wedge-type stud with expansion plug anchor for use in hardened portland cement concrete, and tension and shear capacities appropriate for application.
 - 1. Stud: Threaded, zinc-coated carbon steel.
 - 2. Expansion Plug: Zinc-coated steel.
 - 3. Washer and Nut: Zinc-coated steel.

- E. Chemical Fasteners: Insert-type-stud bonding system anchor for use with hardened portland cement concrete, and tension and shear capacities appropriate for application.
 - Bonding Material: ASTM C 881, Type IV, Grade 3, 2component epoxy resin suitable for surface temperature of hardened concrete where fastener is to be installed.
 - 2. Stud: ASTM A 307, zinc-coated carbon steel with continuous thread on stud, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Washer and Nut: Zinc-coated steel.
- F. Concrete: Portland cement mix, 3000 psi minimum. Refer to Division 03 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for formwork, reinforcement, and concrete.
- G. Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink, nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
 - 1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
 - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FLEXIBLE CONNECTOR APPLICATIONS

- A. Use hose and braid flexible pipe connectors at the inlet and outlet water connections of base mounted pumps, chillers, and cooling towers, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Flexible Connectors: Stainless steel hose and braid style with threaded end connections for pipe sized NPS 2 and smaller.
 - 2. Flexible Connectors: Stainless steel hose and braid style with steel flange end connections for pipe sized NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

3.2 EXPANSION-JOINT INSTALLATION

- Install manufactured, nonmetallic expansion joints Α. according to FSA's "Technical Handbook: Non-Metallic Expansion Joints and Flexible Pipe Connectors."
- B. Install expansion joints of sizes matching size of piping in which they are installed.

- C. Install alignment guides to allow expansion and to avoid end-loading and torsional stress.
- D. Install alignment guides at spacing recommended by expansion joint manufacturer.
- E. Control expansion joint movement by installing two rigid pipe guides on each side of the expansion joint. Spacing shall be as follows:

Nom. Pipe	Exp. Joint	1st to	Ма	ximum :	Distan	ce Bet		Interm	ediat	e
Size	to 1st	2nd	(Ft.) F	or Tab	ulated		sures,	PSIG	j
(In.) 1 1 1/4 1 1/2 2 2 1/2	0'-6"	Guide 1'-4" 1'-5" 1'-9" 2'-4" 2'11"	50 21 23 28 32 35	100 15 17 20 23 28	150 12 13 17 18 22	200	250	300	350	400
3 4 6 8 10	1'-0" 1'-4" 2'-0"	3'-6" 4'-8" 7'-0" 9'-4" 11'- 8"	21 35 57 66 91	19 29 44 52 69	17 25 37 45 58	16 22 32 40 51	15 20 29 36 46	14 19 27 33 42	13 18 25 31 39	13 17 23 29 36
12	4'-0"	14'- 0"	107	79	66	58	52	48	44	41
14	4'-8"	16'- 4"	115	85	71	62	56	51	47	
16	5'-4"	18'- 8"	127	94	78	68	61	56	52	
18	6'-0"	21'- 0"	139	102	85	74	67	61	56	
20	6'-8"	23'- 4"	151	110	91	80	71			
24	8'-0"	28'- 0"	172	125	103	89	80			
30	10'- 0"	35'- 0"	200	144	118	103	92			

3.3 PIPE BEND AND LOOP INSTALLATION

- A. Install pipe bends and loops cold-sprung in tension or compression as required to partly absorb tension or compression produced during anticipated change in temperature.
- Attach pipe bends and loops to anchors. В.
 - 1. Steel Anchors: Attach by welding. Comply with ASME B31.9 and ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."
 - Concrete Anchors: Attach by fasteners. Follow fastener manufacturer's written instructions.

SWING CONNECTIONS 3.4

- Connect risers and branch connections to mains with at least five pipe fittings, including tee in main.
- Connect risers and branch connections to terminal units В. with at least four pipe fittings, including tee in riser.
- C. Connect mains and branch connections to terminal units with at least four pipe fittings, including tee in main.

3.5 ALIGNMENT-GUIDE INSTALLATION

- Install guides on piping adjoining pipe expansion joints Α. and bends and loops.
- B. Attach guides to pipe and secure to building structure.

3.6 ANCHOR INSTALLATION

- A. Install anchors at locations to prevent stresses from exceeding those permitted by ASME B31.9 and to prevent transfer of loading and stresses to connected equipment.
- B. Fabricate and install steel anchors by welding steel shapes, plates, and bars to piping and to structure. Comply with ASME B31.9 and AWS D1.1.
- C. Construct concrete anchors of poured-in-place concrete of dimensions indicated and include embedded fasteners.

- D. Install pipe anchors according to expansion-joint manufacturer's written instructions if expansion joints or compensators are indicated.
- E. Use grout to form flat bearing surfaces for expansion fittings, guides, and anchors installed on or in concrete.

END OF SECTION 15121

SECTION 15122 - METERS AND GAGES

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 2 Section "Water Distribution" for domestic and fire-protection water service meters outside the building.
 - Division 13 Section "Fire-Suppression Piping" for listed or approved pressure gages.
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 5. Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping" for domestic and fire-protection water service meters inside the building.
 - 6. Division 15 Section "Steam and Condensate Piping" for steam and condensate meters.

7. Division 15 Section "Fuel Gas Piping" for gas utility meters.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. CR: Chlorosulfonated polyethylene synthetic rubber.
- B. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.
- C. FPR: Fiberglass reinforced plastic.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated; include performance curves.
- B. Shop Drawings: Schedule for thermometers and gages indicating manufacturer's number, scale range, and location for each.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in Public Law 111-380, "Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act," about lead content in materials that will be in contact with potable water for human consumption.
- B. Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9," and NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components Lead Content for potable domestic water piping and components.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 METAL-CASE, LIQUID-IN-GLASS THERMOMETERS

A. Manufacturers:

- AMETEK, Inc.; U.S. Gauge Div.
- 2. Miljoco Corporation.
- 3. REOTEMP Instrument Corporation.
- 4. Trerice, H. O. Co.
- 5. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
- 6. Weksler Instruments Operating Unit; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.
- B. Case: Die-cast aluminum or Chrome-plated brass, 9 inches long.
- C. Tube: Red, blue, or green reading, organic-liquid filled, with magnifying lens.
- D. Tube Background: Satin-faced, nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched scale markings.
- E. Window: Glass or plastic.
- F. Connector: Adjustable type, 180 degrees in vertical plane, 360 degrees in horizontal plane, with locking device.
- G. Stem: Copper-plated steel, aluminum, or brass for thermowell installation and of length to suit installation.
- H. Accuracy: Plus or minus 1 percent of range or plus or minus 1 scale division to maximum of 1.5 percent of range.

2.3 THERMOWELLS

- A. Manufacturers: Same as manufacturer of thermometer being used.
- Description: Pressure-tight, socket-type metal fitting made for insertion into piping and of type, diameter, and length required to hold thermometer. Brass for compatible services less than 353 degrees F (178 degrees C); ANSI 18-8 stainless steel for all others to suit service. Furnish extension neck to accommodate insulation where applicable.

2.4 PRESSURE GAGES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. AMETEK, Inc.; U.S. Gauge Div.
- 2. Cambridge.

- 3. Dwyer Instruments, Inc.
- 4. Marsh Bellofram.
- 5. Miljoco Corporation.
- 6. Trerice, H. O. Co.
- 7. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
- 8. Weksler Instruments Operating Unit; Dresser Industries; Instrument Div.
- B. Direct-Mounting, Dial-Type Pressure Gages: Indicating-dial type complying with ASME B40.100.
 - Case: Stainless steel, aluminum, or FRP, 4-1/2-inch 1. diameter.
 - 2. Pressure-Element Assembly: Bourdon tube, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Pressure Connection: Brass, NPS 1/4, bottom-outlet type unless back-outlet type is indicated.
 - 4. Movement: Mechanical, with link to pressure element and connection to pointer.
 - Satin-faced, nonreflective aluminum with 5. Dial: permanently etched scale markings.
 - 6. Pointer: Red or other dark-color metal.
 - 7. Window: Glass or plastic.
 - 8. Ring: Stainless steel or chrome plated metal.
 - 9. Accuracy: Grade A, plus or minus 1 percent of middle half scale.
 - 10. Vacuum-Pressure Range: 30-in. Hg of vacuum to 15 psig of pressure.
 - 11. Water: 0-100 PSIG (1 psi divisions to 50 psi; 5 psi divisions above 50 psi), liquid filled.
 - 12. Steam (15 psig and less): 30 inches Hg vacuum-30 PSIG (1 inch divisions below 0 psi; 1 psi divisions above 0 psi), silicone dampened.
 - 13. Steam (16 to 60 psig): 30 inches Hg vacuum-100 PSIG, silicone dampened.
 - 14. Range for Fluids under Pressure: 1-1/2 times expected working pressure. If not a standard scale, select next largest scale.
- C. Pressure-Gage Fittings:
 - 1. Valves: NPS 1/4 brass ball type.
 - 2. Syphons: NPS 1/4 coil of brass tubing with threaded ends.

Snubbers: ASME B40.5, NPS 1/4 brass bushing with corrosion-resistant, porous-metal disc of material suitable for system fluid and working pressure.

2.5 TEST PLUGS

Α. Manufacturers:

- 1. Peterson Equipment Co., Inc.
- 2. Miljoco Corporation.
- B. Description: Corrosion-resistant brass or stainless-steel body with core inserts and gasketed and threaded cap, with extended stem for units to be installed in insulated piping.
- C. Minimum Pressure and Temperature Rating: 500 psig at 200 deg Ffor cold services, and 500 psig at 275 deg Ffor hot services.
- Core Inserts: One or two self-sealing rubber valves. D.
 - 1. Insert material for air, water, oil, or gas service at 20 to 200 deg F shall be Neoprene.
 - Insert material for air or water service at minus 30 to plus 275 deg F shall be Nordel.
- Test Kit: Furnish test kit(s) containing one pressure gage and adaptor, thermometer(s), and carrying case. Pressure gage, adapter probes, and thermometer sensing elements shall be of diameter to fit test plugs and of length to project into piping.
 - 1. Pressure Gage: Small bourdon-tube insertion type with 2- to 3-inch- diameter dial and probe. Dial range shall be 0 to 200 psig.
 - High-Range Thermometer: Small bimetallic insertion type with 1- to 2-inch- diameter dial and tapered-end sensing element. Dial ranges shall be 0 to 220 deg F.
 - 3. Carrying case shall have formed instrument padding.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 THERMOMETER APPLICATIONS

Α. Install liquid-in-glass thermometers in the following locations:

- Inlet and outlet of each hydronic zone.
- Inlet and outlet of each hydronic boiler and chiller.
- 3. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic coil in air-handling units and built-up central systems.
- 4. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic heat exchanger.
- 5. Inlet and outlet of each hydronic heat-recovery unit.
- 6. Inlet and outlet of each thermal storage tank.
- 7. Outside-air, return-air, and mixed-air ducts.

Provide the following temperature ranges for thermometers: В.

- 1. Domestic Hot Water: 30 to 180 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions.
- 2. Domestic Cold Water: 0 to 100 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions.
- 3. Heating Hot Water: 30 to 240 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions.
- 4. Chilled Water: 0 to 100 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions.
- 5. Air Ducts: Minus 40 to plus 110 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions.

3.2 GAGE APPLICATIONS

- A. Install dry-case-type pressure gages on inlet and outlet of each pressure-reducing valve.
- Install liquid-filled-case-type pressure gages at chilled-В. and condenser-water inlets and outlets of chillers.
- Install liquid-filled-case-type pressure gages at suction and discharge of each pump.

3.3 INSTALLATIONS

- Install direct-mounting thermometers and adjust vertical Α. and tilted positions.
- Install thermowells with socket extending to center of pipe and in vertical position in piping tees where thermometers are indicated.
- C. Duct Thermometer Support Flanges: Install in wall of duct where duct thermometers are indicated. Attach to duct with screws.

- D. Install direct-mounting pressure gages in piping tees with pressure gage located on pipe at most readable position.
- E. Install ball valve and snubber fitting in piping for each pressure gage for fluids (except steam).
- F. Install ball valve and syphon fitting in piping for each pressure gage for steam.
- G. Install test plugs in tees in piping.

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Install meters and gages adjacent to machines and equipment to allow service and maintenance for meters, gages, machines, and equipment.
- B. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- C. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Calibrate meters according to manufacturer's written instructions, after installation.
- B. Adjust faces of meters and gages to proper angle for best visibility.

END OF SECTION 15122

SECTION 15140 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 02 Section "Water Distribution" for waterservice piping outside the building and for water service entrance piping.
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for materials and methods common to mechanical piping systems.
 - 4. Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."

- 5. Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages" for thermometers, pressure gages, and fittings.
- Division 15 Section "Plumbing Valves" for general duty plumbing valves.
- 7. Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for water distribution piping specialties.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes domestic water piping inside the building.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. PEX: Crosslinked polyethylene plastic.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Where not indicated on the Drawings, provide components and installation capable of producing domestic water piping systems with 125 psig, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Exception: PEX plastic piping insert fittings specified are limited to 100 psig.

1.5 SYSTEMS DESCRIPTION

- A. Potable and non-potable domestic water piping system materials are scheduled on the Drawing.
- B. Refer to Application Schedules on the Drawings for valve types to be used. Where specific valve types are not indicated, the following requirements apply:
 - 1. Hot-Water-Piping, Balancing Duty: Calibrated balancing valves.
 - 2. Drain Duty: Hose-end drain valves.
 - 3. Isolation Valves at Domestic Water Meters: Gate Valves, NPS 2 and Smaller: Class 150, bronze.
 - Isolation Valves at Domestic Water Meters: Gate Valves, NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Class 125, OS&Y, bronzemounted cast iron.
- C. Transition and special fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used unless otherwise indicated.

1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For pipe, tube, fittings, and couplings.
- B. Water Samples: Specified in Part 3 "Cleaning" Article.
- C. Coordination Drawings: For piping in equipment rooms and other congested areas, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from Installers of the items involved:
 - 1. Fire-suppression-water piping.
 - 2. Domestic water piping.
 - 3. HVAC hydronic piping.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements Public Law 111-380, "Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act," about lead content in materials that will be in contact with potable water for human consumption.
- C. Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components -Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9," and NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components - Lead Content potable domestic water piping and components.
- D. All grooved joint couplings, fittings, valves, and specialties shall be the products of a single manufacturer. Grooving tools shall be as recommended by the manufacturer of the grooved components.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Interruption of Existing Water Service: Do not interrupt water service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary water service according to requirements indicated:
 - Notify Construction Manager no fewer than two days in advance of proposed interruption of water service.

2. Do not proceed with interruption of water service without Construction Manager's written permission.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 PIPING MATERIALS

Α. Transition Couplings for Aboveground Pressure Piping: Coupling or other manufactured fitting the same size as, with pressure rating at least equal to and ends compatible with, piping to be joined.

2.3 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- Soft Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type K, water tube, annealed temper.
 - 1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copperalloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings indicated.
 - 2. Bronze Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, with solderjoint ends. Furnish Class 300 flanges if required to match piping.
 - 3. Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, cast-copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body, with ball-and-socket, metal-tometal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.
- B. Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type L, water tube, drawn temper.
 - 1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copperalloy or ASME B16.22, wrought- copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.

- Bronze Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, with solderjoint ends. Furnish Class 300 flanges if required to match piping.
- Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, cast-copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body, with ball-and-socket, metal-tometal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.

C. Grooved-Joint Systems:

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Anvil International, Inc.; Gruvlok Manufacturing; Model 7401.
- b. Tyco Fire & Building Products; Grinnell Mechanical Products; Model 672.
- c. Victaulic Company; Style 606 and Style 607.
- Grooved-End-Tube Couplings: Copper-tube dimensions and design similar to AWWA C606. Include ferrous housing sections, gasket suitable for hot water, and bolts and
- 3. Copper, Grooved-End Fittings: ASTM B 75 copper tube or ASTM B 584 bronze castings.

D. Copper or Bronze Pressure-Seal Fittings:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - a. Viega North America; ProPress System.
 - b. NIBCO Inc.; Press System.
 - c. Elkhart Products Corporation; an Aalberts Industries Company; Xpress.
 - d. Apollo Valves; by Conbraco Industries; ApolloXpress.
- 2. Housing: Copper.
- 3. O-Rings and Pipe Stops: EPDM.
- 4. Tools: Manufacturer's special tools.
- 5. Maximum 200-psig working-pressure rating at 250 deg F.
- E. Copper, Mechanically Formed Tee Option: For forming Tbranch on copper water tube. Mechanically formed tee fittings may be used up to half size of main.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance requirements, provide products by the following:
 - a. T-DRILL Industries Inc.

2.4 VALVES

- A. General-duty plumbing valves; and drain valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Plumbing Valves."
- Balancing valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATION

A. Excavating, trenching, and backfilling are specified in Division 02 Section "Earthwork."

3.2 PIPING SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. Basic piping installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- Install sleeve with water stop and mechanical sleeve seal В. at each service pipe penetration through foundation wall. Select number of interlocking rubber links required to make installation watertight. Sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- Install wall penetration system at each service pipe penetration through foundation wall. Make installation watertight. Wall penetration systems are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- D. Install shutoff valve, hose-end drain valve, strainer, pressure gage, and test tee with valve, inside the building at each domestic water service entrance. Pressure gages are specified in Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages," and strainers are specified in Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."

- Install shutoff valve close to water main on each branch and riser serving plumbing fixtures or equipment, on each water supply to equipment, and on each water supply to plumbing fixtures that do not have supply stops.
- F. Install drain valves for equipment at base of each water riser, at low points in horizontal piping, and where required to drain water piping.
 - 1. Install hose-end drain valves at low points in water mains, risers, and branches.
 - Install stop-and-waste drain valves where indicated.
- Install calibrated balancing valves in each hot-water circulation return branch and discharge side of each pump and circulator. Set calibrated balancing valves partly open to restrict but not stop flow. Calibrated balancing valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."
- H. Install domestic water piping level without pitch and plumb.

3.3 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- Basic piping joint construction requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- B. PEX Piping Joints: Join according to ASTM F 1807.

3.4 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- Pipe hanger and support devices are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports." Install the following:
 - 1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
 - 2. Individual, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs: According to the following:
 - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
 - b. Longer than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
 - c. Longer than 100 Feet: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls, if indicated.

- Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
- 4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.
- Install supports according to Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports."
- С. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- D. Rod diameter may be reduced 1 size for double-rod hangers, to a minimum of 3/8 inch.
- E. Install hangers for steel piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/4 and Smaller: 84 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 1-1/2: 108 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 2: 10 feet with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 4. NPS 2-1/2: 11 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 5. NPS 3 and NPS 3-1/2: 12 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 6. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 12 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
 - 7. NPS 6: 12 feet with 3/4-inch rod.
 - 8. NPS 8 to NPS 12: 12 feet with 7/8-inch rod.
- F. Install supports for vertical steel piping every 15 feet.
- Install hangers for drawn-temper copper tubing with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 3/4 and Smaller: 60-inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 1 and NPS 1-1/4: 72 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 96 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 4. NPS 2-1/2: 108 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 5. NPS 3 to NPS 5: 10 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 6. NPS 6: 10 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
 - 7. NPS 8: 10 feet with 3/4-inch rod.
- H. Install supports for vertical copper tubing every 10 feet.
- Soft copper tube: Continuous support using v-shaped plastic pipe channel, maximum hanger spacing 8 feet with 3/8-inch rod.

- J. Alternate support for copper tubing NPS 3/4 and smaller: Continuous support using v-shaped plastic pipe channel, maximum hanger spacing 8 feet with 3/8-inch rod.
- Install hangers for Schedule 10 stainless steel piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 2: 84 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 2-1/2: 84 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 3: 96 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 4. NPS 4: 10 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
 - 5. NPS 6: 11 feet with 3/4-inch rod.
 - 6. NPS 8: 12 feet with 7/8-inch rod.
 - 7. NPS 10 to NPS 12: 14 feet with 7/8-inch rod.
- L. Install supports for vertical Schedule 10 stainless steel piping every 15 feet.
- Μ. Support piping and tubing not listed above according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- Connect domestic water piping to existing domestic water В. distribution piping. Use dielectric fitting if connection dissimilar metals. Refer to Application Schedule on the Drawings and Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for dielectric fittings.
- C. Install piping adjacent to equipment and machines to allow service and maintenance.
- D. Connect domestic water piping to the following:
 - 1. Water Heaters: Cold-water supply and hot-water outlet piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than sizes of water heater connections.
 - 2. Plumbing Fixtures: Cold- and hot-water supply piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code. Refer to Division 15 Section "Plumbing Fixtures."
 - Equipment: Cold- and hot-water supply piping indicated, but not smaller than equipment connections.

Provide shutoff valve and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

3.6 FIELD OUALITY CONTROL

- Inspect domestic water piping as follows: Α.
 - Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it has been inspected and approved authorities having jurisdiction.
 - During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction:
 - a. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in and before setting fixtures.
 - b. Final Inspection: Arrange final inspection for authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
 - Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
 - Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- Test domestic water piping as follows: В.
 - Fill domestic water piping. Check components to determine that they are not air bound and that piping is full of water.
 - Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
 - Leave new, altered, extended, or replaced domestic water piping uncovered and unconcealed until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
 - Cap and subject piping to static water pressure of 150 psig. Isolate test source and allow to stand for four

- hours. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects that must be repaired.
- Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping or portion thereof until satisfactory results are obtained.
- 6. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

3.7 ADJUSTING

- A. Perform the following adjustments before operation:
 - Close drain valves, hydrants, and hose bibbs.
 - 2. Open shutoff valves to fully open position.
 - 3. Open throttling valves to proper setting.
 - Adjust balancing valves in hot-water-circulation return piping to provide adequate flow.
 - Manually adjust ball-type balancing valves in hotwater-circulation return piping to provide flow of hot water in each branch.
 - b. Adjust calibrated balancing valves to flows indicated.
 - 5. Remove plugs used during testing of piping and plugs used for temporary sealing of piping during installation.
 - Remove and clean strainer screens. Close drain valves and replace drain plugs.
 - Remove filter cartridges from housings and verify that cartridges are as specified for application where used and are clean and ready for use.
 - Check plumbing specialties and verify proper settings, adjustments, and operation.

3.8 CLEANING AND DISINFECTION

- A. Clean interior of domestic water piping system. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Clean and disinfect potable domestic water piping as follows:
 - Purge new piping and parts of existing domestic water piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired before using.

- Use purging and disinfecting procedures prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction or, if methods are not prescribed, procedures described in either AWWA C651 or AWWA C652 or as described below:
 - Flush piping system with clean, potable water until dirty water does not appear at outlets.
 - b. Fill and isolate system according to either of the following:
 - 1) Fill system or part thereof water/chlorine solution with at least 50 ppm of chlorine. Isolate with valves and allow to stand for 24 hours.
 - 2) Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 200 ppm of chlorine. Isolate and allow to stand for three hours.
 - c. Flush system with clean, potable water until no chlorine is in water coming from system after the standing time.
 - Submit water samples in sterile bottles d. authorities having jurisdiction. Repeat procedures if biological examination shows contamination.
- C. Prepare and submit reports of purging and disinfecting activities.

END OF SECTION 15140

SECTION 15145 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SPECIALTIES

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages" for thermometers, pressure gages, and flow meters in domestic water piping.
 - 4. Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping" for water meters.

5. Division 15 Section "Drinking Fountains and Water Coolers" for water filters for water coolers.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Minimum Working Pressure for Domestic Water Piping Specialties: 125 psig, unless otherwise indicated.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Field quality-control test reports.
- C. Flow Reports and Settings: For calibrated balancing valves.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: For domestic water piping specialties to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.4 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements Public Law 111-380, "Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act," about lead content in materials that will be in contact with potable water for human consumption.

C. NSF Compliance:

- 1. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Components and Related Materials," for plastic domestic water piping components.
- Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components - Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9."
- Comply with NSF 372, "Drinking Water System Components - Lead Content" for components with wetted surfaces in contact with potable water.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 VACUUM BREAKERS

- A. Pipe-Applied, Atmospheric-Type Vacuum Breakers:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - Apollo Valves; Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - b. FEBCO; a Division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
 - c. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator
 - d. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
 - 2. Standard: ASSE 1001.
 - Size: NPS 1/4 to NPS 3, as required to match connected piping.
 - 4. Body: Bronze.
 - 5. Inlet and Outlet Connections: Threaded.
 - 6. Finish: Chrome plated.

Hose-Connection Vacuum Breakers:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Apollo Valves; Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.
 - c. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator
 - d. Woodford Manufacturing Company.
- 2. Standard: ASSE 1011.
- Body: Bronze or brass, nonremovable, with manual drain.
- Outlet Connection: Garden-hose threaded complying with ASME B1.20.7.
- 5. Finish: Chrome or nickel plated.

2.2 BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

A. Intermediate Atmospheric-Vent Backflow Preventers:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Apollo Valves; Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - b. FEBCO; a Division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
 - c. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator
 - d. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
- 2. Standard: ASSE 1012.
- 3. Operation: Continuous-pressure applications.
- 4. Size: NPS 3/4.
- 5. Body: Bronze.
- 6. End Connections: Union, solder joint.
- 7. Finish: Rough bronze.
- Beverage-Dispensing-Equipment Backflow Preventers: В.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Apollo Valves; Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - b. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator
 - c. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
 - 2. Standard: ASSE 1022.
 - 3. Operation: Continuous-pressure applications.
 - Size: NPS 1/4 or NPS 3/8.
 - 5. Body: Stainless steel or Acetal plastic.
 - 6. End Connections: Threaded.

BALANCING VALVES 2.3

- A. Calibrated Balancing Valves NPS 1/2:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - b. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
 - c. Apollo Valves; by Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - d. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.

- e. Flo Fab Inc.
- f. Flow Design Inc.
- q. Griswold Controls.
- h. NIBCO INC.
- i. IMI Indoor Climate; Tour & Andersson.
- j. Taco, Inc.
- k. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator Co.
- Type: Ball or Y-pattern globe valve with two readout ports and memory setting indicator.
- 3. Body: Dezincification resistant brass, or bronze.
- 4. Minimum Flow Rate: 0.3 gpm.
- B. Calibrated Balancing Valves NPS 3/4 to NPS 2:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - b. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
 - c. Apollo Valves; by Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - d. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.
 - e. Flo Fab Inc.
 - f. Flow Design Inc.
 - g. Griswold Controls.
 - h. NIBCO INC.
 - i. IMI Indoor Climate; Tour & Andersson.
 - j. Taco, Inc.
 - k. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator
 - Type: Ball or Y-pattern globe valve with two readout ports and memory setting indicator.
 - 3. Body: Dezincification resistant brass, or bronze.
 - 4. Size: Same as connected piping, but not larger than NPS 2.
- C. Calibrated Balancing Valves NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Armstrong International, Inc.
 - b. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.

- c. Flo Fab Inc.
- d. Flow Design Inc.
- e. Griswold Controls.
- f. NIBCO INC.
- q. IMI Indoor Climate; Tour & Andersson.
- h. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator Co.
- Type: Adjustable with Y-pattern globe valve, two readout ports, and memory-setting indicator.
- Size: Same as connected piping, but not smaller than NPS 2-1/2.
- D. Accessories: Meter hoses, fittings, valves, differential pressure meter, and carrying case.

2.4 TEMPERATURE-ACTUATED WATER MIXING VALVES

- A. Water-Temperature Limiting Devices:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Apollo Valves; Conbraco Industries, Inc.; Model MVD (34D Series).
 - b. Bradley Corporation.
 - c. Lawler Manufacturing Company, Inc.
 - d. Leonard Valve Company; Series 170-LF and 270-LF.
 - e. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Powers Division; Hydroguard Series e480 and LM495.
 - f. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator
 - g. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
 - 2. Standard: ASSE 1070.
 - Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
 - 4. Type: Thermostatically controlled water mixing valve.
 - 5. Material: Bronze body with corrosion-resistant interior components.
 - Connections: 1/2-inch union or 3/8-inch compression; with integral check valves.
 - Accessories: Adjustable temperature-control knob.
 - Outlet Temperature Range: Adjustable from 85 deg F to 120 deg F. Set at 105 deg F.
 - 9. Minimum Flow Rate: 0.5 gpm.
 - 10. Valve Finish: Rough bronze.

Primary, Thermostatic, Water Mixing Valves:

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Apollo Valves; Conbraco Industries, Inc.
 - b. Armstrong International, Inc. (RADA).
 - c. Bradley Corporation.
 - d. Lawler Manufacturing Company, Inc.
 - e. Leonard Valve Company.
 - f. Symmons Industries, Inc.
 - g. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Powers Division.
 - h. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator Co.
 - i. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Div.
- 2. Standard: ASSE 1017.
- Type: Cabinet-type, thermostatically controlled water mixing valve.
- 4. Material: Bronze body with corrosion-resistant interior components.
- 5. Connections: Threaded inlets and outlet.
- 6. Accessories: Manual temperature control, check stops and strainers on hot- and cold-water supplies, and adjustable, temperature-control handle.
- 7. Valve Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- 8. Tempered-Water Setting: 130 deg F.
- 9. Valve Finish: Rough bronze.
- 10. Piping Finish: Copper.
- 11. Cabinet: Factory-fabricated, stainless steel, for surface mounting and with hinged, stainless-steel door.

2.5 STRAINERS FOR DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

Α. Y-Pattern Strainers:

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Apollo Valves; Conbraco Industries, Inc.
- b. Keckley.
- c. Metraflex.
- d. Mueller Steam Specialty.
- e. NIBCO, Inc.
- f. Spence.

- q. SSI Equipment, Inc.
- h. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
- i. Yarway.
- CWP: 200 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- SWP: 125 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- Body: Bronze for NPS 2 and smaller; cast iron with interior lining complying with AWWA C550 or FDAapproved, epoxy coating and for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- End Connections: Threaded or soldered for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- Screen: Stainless steel with round perforations, unless otherwise indicated.
- 7. Perforation Size:
 - a. StrainersNPS 2 and Smaller: 0.033 inch.
 - b. Strainers NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: 0.045 inch.
 - c. Strainers NPS 5 and Larger: 0.045 inch.
- 8. Drain: Factory-installed, hose-end drain valve.

OUTLET BOXES 2.6

Clothes Washer Outlet Boxes: Α.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Guy Gray Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- 2. Mounting: Recessed.
- 3. Material and Finish: Enameled- or epoxy-painted-steel or Stainless-steel box and faceplate.
- Faucet: Combination, valved fitting or separate hotand cold-water, valved fittings complying with ASME A112.18.1. Include garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7 on outlets.
- Supply Shutoff Fittings: NPS 1/2 gate, globe, or ball valves and NPS 1/2 copper, water tubing.
- Drain: NPS 1-1/2 standpipe and P-trap for direct waste connection to drainage piping.
- Inlet Hoses: Two 60-inch- long, rubber household clothes washer inlet hoses with female, garden-hosethread couplings. Include rubber washers.
- Drain Hose: One 48-inch- long, rubber household 8. clothes washer drain hose with hooked end.

2.7 HOSE BIBBS

A. Hose Bibbs:

- Standard: ASME A112.18.1 for sediment faucets. 1.
- 2. Body Material: Bronze.
- 3. Seat: Bronze, replaceable.
- 4. Supply Connections: NPS 1/2 or NPS 3/4 threaded or solder-joint inlet.
- 5. Outlet Connection: Garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7.
- 6. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
- 7. Vacuum Breaker: Integral nonremovable, drainable, hose-connection vacuum breaker complying with ASSE 1011.
- 8. Finish for Equipment Rooms: Chrome or nickel plated.
- 9. Finish for Service Areas: Chrome or nickel plated.
- 10. Finish for Finished Rooms: Chrome or nickel plated.
- 11. Operation for Equipment Rooms: Wheel handle or operating key.
- 12. Operation for Service Areas: Operating key.
- 13. Operation for Finished Rooms: Operating key.
- 14. Include operating key with each operating-key hose bibb.
- 15. Include integral wall flange with each chrome- or nickel-plated hose bibb.

2.8 WALL HYDRANTS

Nonfreeze Wall Hydrants: Α.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.
 - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - e. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator
 - f. Woodford Manufacturing Company.
 - q. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

- 2. Standard: ASME A112.21.3M for self-draining wall hydrants.
- 3. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
- 4. Operation: Loose key.
- 5. Casing and Operating Rod: Of length required to match wall thickness. Include wall clamp.
- 6. Inlet: NPS 3/4 or NPS 1.
- 7. Outlet: Concealed, with integral vacuum breaker and garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7.
- 8. Box: Deep, flush mounting with cover.
- 9. Box and Cover Finish: Polished nickel bronze or chrome plated.
- 10. Outlet: Exposed, with integral vacuum breaker and garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7.
- 11. Nozzle and Wall-Plate Finish: Rough bronze.
- 12. Operating Keys(s): One with each wall hydrant.

2.9 WATER HAMMER ARRESTERS

- A. Water Hammer Arresters (Copper Tube Type):
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. MIFAB, Inc.
 - b. PPP Inc.
 - c. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
 - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - f. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.; Watts Regulator Co.
 - 2. Standard: ASSE 1010 or PDI-WH 201.
 - 3. Type: Copper tube with piston.
 - 4. Size: ASSE 1010, Sizes AA and A through F or PDI-WH 201, Sizes A through F.

2.10 AIR VENTS

- A. Bolted-Construction Automatic Air Vents:
 - 1. Body: Bronze.
 - 2. Pressure Rating: 125-psig minimum pressure rating at 140 deg F.
 - 3. Float: Replaceable, corrosion-resistant metal.
 - 4. Mechanism and Seat: Stainless steel.

- 5. Size: NPS 3/8 minimum inlet.
- 6. Inlet and Vent Outlet End Connections: Threaded.
- B. Welded-Construction Automatic Air Vents:
 - 1. Body: Stainless steel.
 - 2. Pressure Rating: 150-psig minimum pressure rating.
 - 3. Float: Replaceable, corrosion-resistant metal.
 - 4. Mechanism and Seat: Stainless steel.
 - 5. Size: NPS 3/8 minimum inlet.
 - 6. Inlet and Vent Outlet End Connections: Threaded.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for piping joining materials, joint construction, and basic installation requirements.
- Install balancing valves in locations where they can В. easily be adjusted.
- Install temperature-actuated water mixing valves with strainers, and check stops or shutoff valves on inlets and with shutoff valve on outlet.
 - 1. Install thermometers and water regulators if specified.
 - 2. Install cabinet-type units recessed in or surface mounted on wall as specified.
- Install Y-pattern strainers for water on supply side of D. each pump.
- Install outlet boxes recessed in wall. Install 2-by-4-inch fire-retardant-treated-wood blocking wall reinforcement between studs. Fire-retardant-treated-wood blocking is specified in Division 06 Section "Rough Carpentry."
- Install hose stations with check stops or shutoff valves F. on inlets and with thermometer on outlet.
 - 1. Install shutoff valve on outlet if specified.
 - Install cabinet-type units recessed in or surface mounted on wall as specified. Install 2-by-4-inch fire-retardant-treated-wood blocking wall

reinforcement between studs. Fire-retardant-treated-wood blocking is specified in Division 06 Section "Rough Carpentry."

- G. Install water hammer arresters in water piping according to PDI-WH 201.
- H. Install air vents at high points of water piping.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping and specialties.
- B. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- C. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.3 LABELING AND IDENTIFYING

- A. Equipment Nameplates and Signs: Install engraved plasticlaminate equipment nameplate or sign on or near each of the following:
 - 1. Calibrated balancing valves.
 - 2. Primary, thermostatic, water mixing valves.
 - 3. Primary water tempering valves.
 - 4. Outlet boxes.
- B. Distinguish among multiple units, inform operator of operational requirements, indicate safety and emergency precautions, and warn of hazards and improper operations, in addition to identifying unit. Nameplates and signs are specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Remove and replace malfunctioning domestic water piping specialties and retest as specified above.

3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Set field-adjustable pressure set points of water pressure-reducing valves.

- B. Set field-adjustable flow set points of balancing valves as follows:
 - 1. Set calibrated balancing valves at calculated presettings.
 - 2. Measure flow at all stations and adjust where necessary.
 - 3. Record settings and mark balancing devices.
- C. Set field-adjustable temperature set points of temperature-actuated water mixing valves.

END OF SECTION 15145

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 02 Section "Sanitary Sewage" for piping outside building.
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements".
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods".
 - 4. Division 15 Section "Drainage Piping Specialties".

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
- B. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.
- C. LLDPE: Linear, low-density polyethylene plastic.
- NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber. D.
- E. PE: Polyethylene plastic.
- F. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.
- G. TPE: Thermoplastic elastomer.

1.3 SYSTEMS DESCRIPTIONS

Sanitary waste and vent piping system materials are Α. scheduled on the Drawing.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For pipe, tube, fittings, and couplings.
- B. Field quality-control inspection and test reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- B. Cast-iron soil pipe shall be marked with the collective trademark of Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI).
- C. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Systems Components and Related Materials," for plastic piping components. Include marking with "NSF-dwv" for plastic drain, waste, and vent piping; "NSF-drain" for plastic drain piping; "NSF-tubular" for plastic continuous waste piping; and "NSF-sewer" for plastic sewer piping.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

Interruption of Existing Sanitary Waste Service: Do not Α. interrupt service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary service according to requirements indicated:

- Notify Construction Manager no fewer than two days in advance of proposed interruption of sanitary waste service.
- Do not proceed with interruption of sanitary waste service without Construction Manager's written permission.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 HUBLESS CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.
- B. CISPI, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. ANACO-Husky; McWane Plumbing Group.
 - b. Ferguson Enterprises, Inc.; ProFlo (Private labeled IDEAL-TRIDON).
 - c. IDEAL-TRIDON.
 - d. Mission Rubber Company; a division of MCP Industries, Inc.
 - e. Tyler Pipe; McWane Plumbing Group.
 - 2. Standards: CISPI 310.
 - Description: NSF certified for compliance with CISPI 310. Stainless-steel corrugated shield with stainlesssteel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.
- C. Heavy-Duty, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
 - 1. Manufacturers:

- a. ANACO-Husky; McWane Plumbing Group; SD 4000.
- b. Ferguson Enterprises, Inc.; ProFlo (Private labeled IDEAL-TRIDON).
- c. IDEAL-TRIDON; Heavy-Duty "HD" No-Hub Couplings.
- d. Norma Group; Clamp-All Products; HI-TORQ 125.
- 2. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and ASTM C 1540, or ASTM C 1277 and FM 1680 Class I.
- 3. Description: Stainless-steel shield with stainlesssteel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.

2.3 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- Copper DWV Tube: ASTM B 306, drainage tube, drawn temper.
 - 1. Copper Drainage Fittings: ASME B16.23, cast copper or ASME B16.29, wrought copper, solder-joint fittings.
- Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Types M, water tube, drawn В. temper.
 - 1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copperalloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.
 - 2. Copper Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, cast copper with solder-joint end.
 - 3. Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, copper-alloy, hexagonalstock body with ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.
- C. Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Types L , water tube, drawn temper.
 - Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copperalloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.
 - 2. Copper Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, cast copper with solder-joint end.
 - Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, copper-alloy, hexagonalstock body with ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.

2.4 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Solid-Wall PVC Pipe: Schedule 40, ASTM D 2665, drain, waste, and vent.
 - 1. PVC Socket Fittings: ASTM D 2665, socket type, made to ASTM D 3311, drain, waste, and vent patterns and to fit Schedule 40 pipe.

2.5 SPECIALTY PIPE FITTINGS

A. Flexible, Nonpressure Pipe Couplings: Comply with ASTM C 1173, elastomeric, sleeve-type, reducing or transition pattern. Include shear ring, ends of same sizes as piping to be joined, and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Dallas Specialty & Mfg. Co.
- b. Fernco, Inc.
- c. Logan Clay Products Company (The).
- d. Mission Rubber Co.
- e. NDS, Inc.
- f. Plastic Oddities, Inc.

2. Sleeve Materials:

- a. For Cast-Iron Soil Pipes: ASTM C 564, rubber.
- b. For Plastic Pipes: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal or ASTM D 5926, PVC.
- c. For Dissimilar Pipes: ASTM D 5926, PVC or other material compatible with pipe materials being joined.
- B. Shielded Nonpressure Pipe Couplings: ASTM C 1460, elastomeric or rubber sleeve with full-length, corrosionresistant outer shield and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. Cascade Waterworks Mfg. Co.
- b. Mission Rubber Co.
- C. Rigid, Unshielded, Nonpressure Pipe Couplings: ASTM C 1461, sleeve-type reducing- or transition-type

mechanical coupling molded from ASTM C 1440, TPE material with corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.

1. Manufacturers:

- a. ANACO.
- Wall-Penetration Fittings: Compound, ductile-iron coupling fitting with sleeve and flexing sections for up to 20degree deflection, gaskets, and restrained-joint ends complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include AWWA C111, ductile-iron glands, rubber gaskets, and steel bolts.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. SIGMA Corp.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATION

Comply with requirements in Division 02 Section Α. "Earthwork" for excavating, trenching, and backfilling.

3.2 PIPING SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on coordination drawings.
- B. Sanitary sewer piping outside the building is specified in Division 02 Section "Sanitary Sewerage."
- C. Basic piping installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- Install cleanouts at grade and extend to where building D. sanitary drains connect to building sanitary sewers.
- Ε. Install cleanout fitting with closure plug inside the building in sanitary force-main piping.

- F. Install underground, ductile-iron, special pipe fittings according to AWWA C600.
- Install underground, copper, force-main tubing according G. to Copper Development Association's "Copper Tube Handbook."
- Install cast-iron sleeve with water stop and mechanical Η. sleeve seal at each service pipe penetration through foundation wall. Select number of interlocking rubber links required to make installation watertight. Sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- I. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."
- Make changes in direction for soil and waste drainage and vent piping using appropriate branches, bends, and longsweep bends. Sanitary tees and short-sweep 1/4 bends may be used on vertical stacks if change in direction of flow is from horizontal to vertical. Use long-turn, double Ybranch and 1/8-bend fittings if 2 fixtures are installed back to back or side by side with common drain pipe. Straight tees, elbows, and crosses may be used on vent lines. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- Lay buried building drainage piping beginning at low point of each system. Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert. Place hub ends of piping upstream. Install required gaskets according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Maintain swab in piping and pull past each joint as completed.
- Install soil and waste drainage and vent piping at the L. following minimum slopes, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Building Sanitary Drain: 1/8-inch per foot downward in direction of flow, unless otherwise noted.

- 2. Horizontal Sanitary Drainage Piping: 1/8-inch per foot downward in direction of flow, unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Vent Piping: 1/8-inch per foot down toward vertical fixture vent or toward vent stack.
- Sleeves are not required for cast-iron soil piping passing through concrete slabs-on-grade if slab is without membrane waterproofing.
- Install PVC soil and waste drainage and vent piping N. according to ASTM D 2665.
- Install underground PVC soil and waste drainage piping Ο. according to ASTM D 2321.
- Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until P. it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.

3.3 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Basic piping joint construction requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- B. Join hubless cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-coupling joints.
- C. PVC Nonpressure Piping Joints: Join piping according to ASTM D 2665.

3.4 SPECIALTY PIPE FITTING INSTALLATION

Α. Transition Couplings:

- Install transition couplings at joints of piping with small differences in OD's.
- In Drainage Piping: Shielded, nonpressure transition couplings.
- In Aboveground Force Main Piping: Fitting-type 3. transition couplings.
- 4. In Underground Force Main Piping:
 - a. NPS 1-1/2 and Smaller: Fitting-type transition couplings.
 - b. NPS 2 and Larger: Pressure transition couplings.

3.5 VALVE INSTALLATION

A. General valve installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Valves."

3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Pipe hangers and supports are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports." Install the following:
 - 1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
 - 2. Install individual, straight, horizontal piping runs according to the following:
 - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
 - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
 - c. Longer Than 100 Feet, if Indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.
 - 3. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
 - 4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.
- Install supports according to Division 15 Section "Hangers В. and Supports."
- C. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- Rod diameter may be reduced 1 size for double-rod hangers, D. with 3/8-inch minimum rods.
- E. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 3: 60 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 60 inches with 5/8-inch rod.
 - 4. NPS 6 and NPS 8: 60 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
 - 5. NPS 10 and NPS 12: 60 inches with 7/8-inch rod.
- F. Install supports for vertical cast-iron soil piping every 15 feet.

- G. Install hangers for steel piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/4: 84 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 1-1/2: 108 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 2: 10 feet with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 4. NPS 2-1/2: 11 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 5. NPS 3: 12 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 6. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 12 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
 - 7. NPS 6 and NPS 8: 12 feet with 3/4-inch rod.
 - 8. NPS 10 and NPS 12: 12 feet with 7/8-inch rod.
- H. Install supports for vertical steel piping every 15 feet.
- I. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/4: 72 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 96 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 2-1/2: 108 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 4. NPS 3 to NPS 5: 10 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 5. NPS 6: 10 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
 - 6. NPS 8: 10 feet with 3/4-inch rod.
- J. Install supports for vertical copper tubing every 10 feet.
- Support piping and tubing not listed above according to Κ. MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

3.7 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- В. Connect soil and waste piping to exterior sanitary sewerage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- C. Connect drainage and vent piping to the following:
 - Plumbing Fixtures: Connect drainage piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
 - Plumbing Fixtures and Equipment: Connect atmospheric vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by authorities having jurisdiction.

- Plumbing Specialties: Connect drainage and vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
- Equipment: Connect drainage piping as indicated. Provide shutoff valve, if indicated, and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for connections NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

3.8 TDENTIFICATION

Identify exposed sanitary waste and vent piping. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughingin and before setting fixtures.
 - 2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that В. piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
- C. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Test sanitary drainage and vent piping according to procedures of authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:
 - Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
 - Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, 2. extended, or replaced drainage and vent piping until

- it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
- Roughing-in Plumbing Test Procedure: Test drainage and vent piping, except outside leaders, on completion of roughing-in. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less than 10foot head of water. From 15 minutes before inspection starts to completion of inspection, water level must not drop. Inspect joints for leaks.
- Finished Plumbing Test Procedure: After plumbing fixtures have been set and traps filled with water, test connections and prove they are gastight and watertight. Plug vent-stack openings on roof and building drains where they leave building. Introduce air into piping system equal to pressure of 1-inch wg. Use U-tube or manometer inserted in trap of water closet to measure this pressure. Air pressure must remain constant without introducing additional air throughout period of inspection. Inspect plumbing fixture connections for gas and water leaks.
- 5. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
- 6. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

3.10 CLEANING

- A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.
- C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.

END OF SECTION 15150

SECTION 15155 - DRAINAGE PIPING SPECIALTIES

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Plumbing Fixtures" for hair interceptors.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
- B. FOG: Fats, oils, and greases.
- C. FRP: Fiberglass-reinforced plastic.
- HDPE: High-density polyethylene plastic. D.
- E. PE: Polyethylene plastic.
- F. PP: Polypropylene plastic.
- G. PUR: Polyurethane plastic.
- H. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, accessories.

B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Show fabrication and installation details for frostresistant vent terminals.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For drainage piping D. specialties to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Drainage piping specialties shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Components and Related Materials," for plastic sanitary and storm piping specialty components.

1.5 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.
- B. Coordinate size and location of roof penetrations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CAST-IRON CLEANOUTS

- A. Size: Cleanouts shall be same nominal size as the pipe they serve up to 4 inches. For pipes larger than 4 inches nominal size, minimum size of cleanout shall be 4 inches.
- Exposed Cast-Iron Cleanouts: В.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.; Series 58910.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.; C1460.
 - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.; 4510 Series.
 - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
 - Standard: ASME A112.36.2M for cast iron for cleanout test tee.
 - 3. Body Material: Hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil pipe Tbranch or hubless, cast-iron soil pipe test tee as required to match connected piping.
 - Closure: Countersunk or raised-head, brass or bronze plug with tapered threads.
- Cast-Iron Floor Cleanouts (On-Grade Interior Floor Areas):
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.; C1220-R.

- c. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
- d. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.; Model 4023S-F.
- e. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
- f. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
- g. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M.
- Type: Adjustable housing.
- 4. Body or Ferrule: Cast iron.
- 5. Clamping Device: Not required.
- 6. Outlet Connection: Spigot.
- 7. Closure: Brass, bronze, or plastic plug with tapered threads.
- 8. Adjustable Housing Material: Cast iron with threads, set-screws or other device.
- 9. Frame and Cover Material and Finish: Nickel-bronze, copper alloy with scoriated cover in service areas, and recessed cover to accept floor finish material in finished floor areas.
- 10. Frame and Cover Shape: Round.
- 11. Top Loading Classification: Medium Duty.
- 12. Riser: ASTM A 74, Service class, cast-iron drainage pipe fitting and riser to cleanout.
- D. Cast-Iron Floor Cleanouts (Not-On-Grade Interior Floor Areas):
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.; C-1100-C-R-34.
 - c. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
 - d. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.; Model 4333C.
 - e. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - f. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - g. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
 - 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M.
 - Type: Adjustable housing.
 - 4. Body or Ferrule: Cast iron.

- Clamping Device: Required.
- 6. Outlet Connection: Spigot.
- 7. Closure: Brass, bronze, or plastic plug with tapered threads.
- 8. Adjustable Housing Material: Cast iron with threads, set-screws or other device.
- 9. Frame and Cover Material and Finish: Nickel-bronze, copper alloy with scoriated cover in service areas, and recessed cover to accept floor finish material in finished floor areas.
- 10. Frame and Cover Shape: Round.
- 11. Top Loading Classification: Medium Duty.
- 12. Riser: ASTM A 74, Service class, cast-iron drainage pipe fitting and riser to cleanout.

Cast-Iron Wall Cleanouts (Finished Wall Areas): Ε.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.; Model 58790-20.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.; C1460-RD.
 - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- Standard: ASME A112.36.2M. Include wall access.
- Body: Hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil pipe T-branch or hubless, cast-iron soil pipe test tee as required to match connected piping.
- Closure: Countersunk or raised-head, drilled-andthreaded bronze or brass plug with tapered threads.
- Wall Access: Round, deep, chrome-plated bronze flat, chrome-plated brass or stainless-steel cover plate with screw.
- F. Exterior Surface Area (Outdoor) Cast-Iron Cleanouts:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.

- b. MIFAB, Inc.
- c. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
- d. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
- e. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
- f. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
- g. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M.
- Type: Cast-iron soil pipe with cast-iron ferrule.
- 4. Body or Ferrule: Cast iron.
- 5. Outlet Connection: Spigot.
- 6. Closure: Brass, bronze, or plastic plug with tapered threads.
- 7. Access Frame and Cover Material and Finish: Non-skid nickel-bronze, copper alloy.
- 8. Frame and Cover Shape: Round.
- 9. Top Loading Classification: Heavy Duty.
- 10. Riser: ASTM A 74, Service class, cast-iron drainage pipe fitting and riser to cleanout.

2.2 FLOOR DRAINS

A. Refer to Plumbing and Floor Sinks Fixture Schedule.

2.3 ATR-ADMITTANCE VALVES

- Fixture Air-Admittance Valves:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Ayrlett, LLC.
 - b. Durgo, Inc.
 - c. Oatey.
 - d. ProSet Systems Inc.
 - e. RectorSeal.
 - f. Studor, Inc.
 - Standard: ASSE 1051, Type A for single fixture or 2. Type B for branch piping.
 - 3. Housing: Plastic.
 - 4. Operation: Mechanical sealing diaphragm.
 - 5. Size: Same as connected fixture or branch vent piping.

- B. Stack Air-Admittance Valves:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Durgo, Inc.
 - b. Oatey.
 - c. Studor, Inc.
 - 2. Standard: ASSE 1050 for vent stacks.
 - 3. Housing: Plastic.
 - 4. Operation: Mechanical sealing diaphragm.
 - 5. Size: Same as connected stack vent or vent stack.

C. Wall Box:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Durgo, Inc.
 - b. Oatev.
 - c. RectorSeal.
 - d. Studor, Inc.
- Description: White plastic housing with white plastic grille, made for recessed installation. Include bottom pipe connection and space to contain one airadmittance valve.
- 3. Size: About 9 inches wide by 8 inches high by 4 inches deep.

2.4 ROOF FLASHING ASSEMBLIES

- Roof Flashing Assemblies: Α.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Acorn Engineering Company; Elmdor/Stoneman Div.
 - b. Thaler Metal Industries Ltd.
- B. Description: Manufactured assembly consisting of metal flashing collar and skirt extending at least 8 inches from pipe, with boot reinforcement and counterflashing fitting.

- Open-Top Vent Cap: Without cap.
- 2. Low-Silhouette Vent Cap: With vandal-proof vent cap.
- 3. Extended Vent Cap: With field-installed, vandal-proof vent cap.

2.5 TRAP SEAL PROTECTION DEVICES

- A. Barrier Type Trap Seal Protection Devices:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Quad Close Trap Seal a. Device Fig. 2692.
 - b. SureSeal Manufacturing; Inline Floor Drain Trap Sealer.
 - 2. Standard: ASSE 1072-2007.
 - Sealing Element: Neoprene rubber or chemically resistant elastomer.
 - Size: 2 inch , 3 inch , 3-1/2 inch , or 4 inch.
 - Gravity Drain Outlet Connection: Compression fit sealing gasket 80 durometer.

2.6 THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOP ASSEMBLIES

- Through-Penetration Firestop Assemblies: Α.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. ProSet Systems Inc.
 - Standard: UL 1479 assembly of sleeve and stack fitting with firestopping plug.
 - Size: Same as connected soil, waste, or vent stack.
 - Sleeve: Molded PVC plastic, of length to match slab thickness and with integral nailing flange on one end for installation in cast-in-place concrete slabs.
 - Stack Fitting: ASTM A 48/A 48M, gray-iron, hublesspattern, wye branch with neoprene O-ring at base and gray-iron plug in thermal-release harness. Include PVC protective cap for plug.
 - 6. Special Coating: Corrosion resistant on interior of fittings.

2.7 ROOF DRAINS

- A. Metal Roof Drains, RD-5:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Froet Industries LLC.; 100C Series.
 - 2. Standard: ASME A112.6.4 and IAPMO IGC 187-2003.
 - 3. Pattern: Bi-functional roof drain and overflow drain.
 - 4. Body Material: Cast iron.
 - 5. Outlets:
 - a. Bottom overflow outlet.
 - b. Side or angle primary outlet.
 - 6. Dome Material: Cast iron or ductile iron.
 - 7. Overflow Strainer: Debris strainer for overflow pipe
 - 8. Sump Receiver: Required.
 - 9. Extension Collars: Required.
 - 10. Underdeck Clamp: Required.
 - 11. Roof Drain Options:
 - a. Low Profile Roof Drain: 4-inch overflow height
 - b. Finishing Ring: Recessed ring to allow the drain body to be installed in flush configuration, or to be used to install drain with extensions used to adjust for thicker deck sections.
 - c. IRMA Guard: 6-inch high Type 304 stainless steel perforated gravel guard (attaches to drain ring to prevent ballast and debris from entering drain area when installed with an IRMA roofing system.

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS DRAINAGE PIPING SPECIALTIES

Hub Outlets: Α.

- Description: Shop or field fabricate from ASTM A 74, Service class, hub-and-spigot, cast-iron, soil-pipe fittings. Include P-trap, hub-and-spigot riser section; and where required, increaser fitting joined with ASTM C 564, rubber gaskets.
- 2. Size: Same as connected waste piping.
- B. Air-Gap Fittings:

- Standard: ASME A112.1.2, for fitting designed to ensure fixed, positive air gap between installed inlet and outlet piping.
- Body: Bronze or cast iron.
- 3. Inlet: Opening in top of body.
- 4. Outlet: Larger than inlet.
- 5. Size: Same as connected waste piping and with inlet large enough for associated indirect waste piping.

C. Sleeve Flashing Device:

- Description: Manufactured, cast-iron fitting, with clamping device, that forms sleeve for pipe floor penetrations of floor membrane. Include galvanizedsteel pipe extension in top of fitting that will extend 1 inch above finished floor and galvanizedsteel pipe extension in bottom of fitting that will extend through floor slab.
- Size: As required for close fit to riser or stack piping.

Stack Flashing Fittings: D.

- 1. Description: Counterflashing-type, cast-iron fitting, with bottom recess for terminating roof membrane, and with threaded or hub top for extending vent pipe.
- 2. Size: Same as connected stack vent or vent stack.

E. Vent Caps:

- Description: Cast-iron body with threaded or hub inlet and vandal-proof design. Include vented hood and setscrews to secure to vent pipe.
- 2. Size: Same as connected stack vent or vent stack.

Frost-Resistant Vent Terminals:

- 1. Description: Manufactured or shop-fabricated assembly constructed of copper, lead-coated copper, galvanized steel.
- Design: To provide 1-inch enclosed air space between outside of pipe and inside of flashing collar extension, with counterflashing.

G. Expansion Joints:

1. Standard: ASME A112.21.2M.

- Body: Cast iron with bronze sleeve, packing, and gland.
- 3. End Connections: Matching connected piping.
- 4. Size: Same as connected soil, waste, or vent piping.

Conductor Nozzles DNZ-1: Η.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.
 - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.; Model 1770-NB-BS.
 - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.; RD-940-83.
 - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Description: Bronze body with threaded inlet, bronze wall flange with mounting holes, and bird screen.
- Size: Same as connected conductor.

2.9 FLASHING MATERIALS

- Lead Sheet: ASTM B 749, Type L51121, copper bearing, with the following minimum weights and thicknesses, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. General Use: 4.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0625-inch thickness.
 - 2. Vent Pipe Flashing: 3.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0469-inch thickness.
 - 3. Burning: 6-lb/sq. ft., 0.0938-inch thickness.
- Copper Sheet: ASTM B 152/B 152M, of the following minimum В. weights and thicknesses, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. General Applications: 12 oz./sq. ft..
 - 2. Vent Pipe Flashing: 8 oz./sq. ft..
- C. Zinc-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, with 0.20 percent copper content and 0.04-inch minimum thickness, unless otherwise indicated. Include G90 galvanized, mill-phosphatized finish for painting if indicated.

- D. Elastic Membrane Sheet: ASTM D 4068, flexible, chlorinated polyethylene, 40-mil minimum thickness.
- E. Fasteners: Metal compatible with material and substrate being fastened.
- F. Metal Accessories: Sheet metal strips, clamps, anchoring devices, and similar accessory units required installation; matching or compatible with material being installed.
- G. Solder: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloy.
- H. Bituminous Coating: SSPC-Paint 12, solvent-type, bituminous mastic.

2.10 GREASE INTERCEPTORS

- A. Grease Interceptors:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - b. Lowe Engineering; a div. of Highland Tank & Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - c. MIFAB, Inc.
 - d. Schier Products Company.
 - e. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - f. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - g. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - h. Zurn Plumbing Products Group.
 - 2. Standard: ASME A112.14.3, for intercepting and retaining fats, oils, and greases from foodpreparation wastewater.
 - 3. Plumbing and Drainage Institute Seal: Required.
 - 4. Body Material: Polypropylene.
 - Interior Lining: Corrosion-resistant enamel for cast iron or steel bodies. Not required for polypropylene bodies.
 - Exterior Coating: Corrosion-resistant enamel for cast iron or steel bodies. Not required for polypropylene bodies.
 - 7. Body Dimensions: 27 x 21 x 15

- 8. Body Extension: Required.
- 9. Flow Rate: 20 GPM.
- 10. Grease Retention Capacity: 100 LBS.
- 11. Inlet and Outlet Size: 3 inches
- 12. End Connections: No hub.
- 13. Cleanout: Integral.
- 14. Mounting: Recessed, flush with floor.
- 15. Flow-Control Fitting: Required.
- 16. Operation: Manual cleaning.

2.11 SOLIDS INTERCEPTORS

A. Solids Interceptors:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
 - b. MIFAB, Inc.
 - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
 - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
 - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
 - g. Schier Products Company.
- 2. Type: Factory-fabricated interceptor made for removing and retaining sediment from wastewater.
- 3. Body Material: Plastic.
- 4. Interior Separation Device: Screens.
- 5. Interior Lining: Not required.
- 6. Exterior Coating: Not required.
- 7. Body Dimensions: 11 inches round.
- 8. Flow Rate: 15 GPM.
- 9. Inlet and Outlet Size: 1-1/2 inches.
- 10. End Connections: Plain.
- 11. Mounting: Above floor Inline.

2.12 MOTORS

- A. General requirements for motors are specified in Division 15 Section "Motors."
 - 1. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not

- require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
- Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Electrical devices and connections are specified in Division 16 Sections.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for piping joining materials, construction, and basic installation requirements.
- Install cleanouts in aboveground piping and building drain В. piping according to the following, unless otherwise indicated:
 - Size same as drainage piping up to NPS 4. Use NPS 4 for larger drainage piping unless larger cleanout is indicated.
 - Locate at each change in direction of piping greater than 45 degrees.
 - Locate at minimum intervals of 50 feet for piping NPS 4 and smaller and 100 feet for larger piping.
 - 4. Locate at base of each vertical soil and waste stack.
- С. For floor cleanouts for piping below floors, install cleanout deck plates with top flush with finished floor.
- D. For cleanouts located in concealed piping, install cleanout wall access covers, of types indicated, with frame and cover flush with finished wall.
- Install floor drains at low points of surface areas to be drained. Set grates of drains flush with finished floor, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Position floor drains for easy access and maintenance.
 - Set floor drains below elevation of surrounding finished floor to allow floor drainage. Set with grates depressed according to the following drainage area radii:
 - a. Radius, 30 Inches or Less: Equivalent to 1 percent slope, but not less than 1/4-inch total depression.

- b. Radius, 30 to 60 Inches: Equivalent to 1 percent slope.
- c. Radius, 60 Inches or Larger: Equivalent to 1 percent slope, but not greater than 1-inch total depression.
- Install floor-drain flashing collar or flange so no leakage occurs between drain and adjoining flooring. Maintain integrity of waterproof membranes penetrated.
- Install individual traps for floor drains connected to sanitary building drain, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Install fixture air-admittance valves on fixture drain piping.
- Install stack air-admittance valves at top of stack vent and vent stack piping.
- Install air-admittance-valve wall boxes recessed in wall. Η.
- Install roof flashing assemblies on sanitary stack vents I. and vent stacks that extend through roof.
- Install through-penetration firestop assemblies in plastic J. [stacks] at floor penetrations.
- Install roof drains at low points of roof areas according Κ. to roof membrane manufacturer's written installation instructions. Roofing materials are specified Division 07.
 - Install roof-drain flashing collar or flange so that there will be no leakage between drain and adjoining roofing. Maintain integrity of waterproof membranes where penetrated.
 - 2. Position roof drains for easy access and maintenance.
- Assemble open drain fittings and install with top of hub 1 inch above floor.
- Install air-gap fittings on draining-type backflow Μ. preventers and on indirect-waste piping discharge into sanitary drainage system.
- Install sleeve flashing device with each riser and stack passing through floors with waterproof membrane.

- Ο. Install vent caps on each vent pipe passing through roof.
- Install frost-resistant vent terminals on each vent pipe P. passing through roof. Maintain 1-inch clearance between vent pipe and roof substrate.
- Q. Install expansion joints on vertical stacks and conductors. Position expansion joints for easy access and maintenance.
- R. Install conductor nozzles at exposed bottom of conductors where they spill onto grade.
- Install frost-proof vent caps on each vent pipe passing S. through roof. Maintain 1-inch clearance between vent pipe and roof substrate.
- T. Assemble components of FOG disposal systems and install on floor. Install trap, vent, fresh-air inlet, and flowfitting according to authorities having control jurisdiction. Install shelf fastened to reinforcement in wall construction and adjacent to unit, unless otherwise indicated. Install culture bottle, culture metering pump, timer, and control on shelf. Install tubing between culture bottle, metering pump, and chamber.
- Install grease interceptors, including trapping, venting, and flow-control fitting, according to authorities having jurisdiction and with clear space for servicing.
 - Flush with Floor Installation: Set unit and extension, if required, with cover flush with finished floor.
 - Install cleanout immediately downstream from interceptors not having integral cleanout on outlet.
- Install solids interceptors with cleanout immediately downstream from interceptors that do not have integral cleanout on outlet. Install trap on interceptors that do not have integral trap and are connected to sanitary drainage and vent systems.
- Install traps on plumbing specialty drain outlets. Omit traps on indirect wastes unless trap is indicated.
- Install escutcheons at wall, floor, and ceiling penetrations in exposed finished locations and within cabinets and millwork. Use deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding pipe fittings.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to equipment to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Grease Interceptors: Connect inlet and outlet to unit, and connect flow-control fitting and vent to unit inlet piping.
- D. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section Ε. "Conductors and Cables."

3.3 FLASHING INSTALLATION

- Fabricate flashing from single piece unless large pans, sumps, or other drainage shapes are required. Join flashing according to the following if required:
 - 1. Lead Sheets: Burn joints of lead sheets 6.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0938-inch thickness or thicker. Solder joints of lead sheets 4.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0625-inch thickness or thinner.
 - 2. Copper Sheets: Solder joints of copper sheets.
- Install sheet flashing on pipes, sleeves, and specialties passing through or embedded in floors and roofs with waterproof membrane.
 - Pipe Flashing: Sleeve type, matching pipe size, with minimum length of 10 inches, and skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around pipe.
 - 2. Sleeve Flashing: Flat sheet, with skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around sleeve.
 - Embedded Specialty Flashing: Flat sheet, with skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around specialty.
- Set flashing on floors and roofs in solid coating of bituminous cement.

- Secure flashing into sleeve and specialty clamping ring or device.
- Install flashing for piping passing through roofs with Ε. counterflashing or commercially made flashing fittings, according to Division 07 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."
- F. Fabricate and install flashing and pans, sumps, and other drainage shapes.

3.4 LABELING AND IDENTIFYING

- Equipment Nameplates and Signs: Install engraved plasticlaminate equipment nameplate or sign on or near each of the following:
 - 1. Grease interceptors.
 - 2. Solids interceptors.
- Distinguish among multiple units, inform operator of В. operational requirements, indicate safety and emergency precautions, and warn of hazards and improper operations, in addition to identifying unit. Nameplates and signs are specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt or debris and to prevent damage from traffic or construction work.
- B. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of each day or when work stops.

END OF SECTION 15155

HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS 151626C

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

SECTION 15160 - STORM DRAINAGE PIPING

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 02 Section "Storm Drainage" for piping outside building.
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 4. Division 15 Section "Drainage Piping Specialties."
 - 5. Division 15 Section "Sump Pumps."

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
- B. LLDPE: Linear, low-density polyethylene plastic.

- C. PE: Polyethylene plastic.
- D. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.
- E. TPE: Thermoplastic elastomer.

SYSTEMS DESCRIPTIONS 1.3

A. Storm drainage piping system materials are scheduled on the Drawing.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For pipe, tube, fittings, and couplings.
- B. Field quality-control inspection and test reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- B. Cast-iron soil pipe shall be marked with the collective trademark of Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI).
- C. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Systems Components and Related Materials," for plastic piping components. Include marking with "NSF-dwv" for plastic drain, waste, and vent piping; "NSF-drain" for plastic drain piping and "NSF-sewer" for plastic sewer piping.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 HUBLESS CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.
- B. CISPI, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
 - 1. Manufacturers:

- a. ANACO-Husky; McWane Plumbing Group.
- b. Ferguson Enterprises, Inc.; ProFlo (Private labeled IDEAL-TRIDON).
- c. IDEAL-TRIDON.
- d. Mission Rubber Company; a division of MCP Industries, Inc.
- e. Tyler Pipe; McWane Plumbing Group.
- Standards: CISPI 310.
- Description: NSF certified for compliance with CISPI 310. Stainless-steel corrugated shield with stainlesssteel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.
- C. Heavy-Duty, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
 - Manufacturers:
 - a. ANACO-Husky; McWane Plumbing Group; SD 4000.
 - b. Ferguson Enterprises, Inc.; ProFlo (Private labeled IDEAL-TRIDON).
 - c. IDEAL-TRIDON; Heavy-Duty "HD" No-Hub Couplings.
 - d. Norma Group; Clamp-All Products; HI-TORQ 125.
 - 2. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and ASTM C 1540, or ASTM C 1277 and FM 1680 Class I.
 - Description: Stainless-steel shield with stainlesssteel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.

2.3 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- Copper DWV Tube: ASTM B 306, drainage tube, drawn temper.
 - 1. Copper Drainage Fittings: ASME B16.23, cast-copper or ASME B16.29, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings.
- Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type L, water tube, drawn В. temper.
 - 1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copperalloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.
 - 2. Copper Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, cast copper with solder-joint end.
 - 3. Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, copper-alloy, hexagonalstock body with ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.

2.4 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Solid-Wall PVC Pipe: Schedule 40, ASTM D 2665, drain, waste, and vent.
 - 1. PVC Socket Fittings: ASTM D 2665, made to ASTM D 3311, drain, waste, and vent patterns and to fit Schedule 40 pipe.

SPECIAL PIPE FITTINGS 2.5

- A. Flexible, Nonpressure Pipe Couplings: Comply with ASTM C 1173, elastomeric, sleeve-type, reducing transition pattern. Include shear ring, ends of same sizes as piping to be joined, and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Dallas Specialty & Mfg. Co.
 - b. Fernco, Inc.
 - c. Logan Clay Products Company (The).
 - d. Mission Rubber Co.
 - e. NDS, Inc.
 - f. Plastic Oddities, Inc.
 - 2. Sleeve Materials:
 - a. For Cast-Iron Soil Pipes: ASTM C 564, rubber.
 - b. For Plastic Pipes: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal or ASTM D 5926, PVC.
 - c. For Dissimilar Pipes: ASTM D 5926, PVC or other material compatible with pipe materials being joined.
- Shielded Nonpressure Pipe Couplings: ASTM C 1460, elastomeric or rubber sleeve with full-length, corrosionresistant outer shield and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Cascade Waterworks Mfg. Co.
 - b. Mission Rubber Co.
- C. Wall-Penetration Fittings: Compound, ductile-iron coupling fitting with sleeve and flexing sections for up to 20degree deflection, gaskets, and restrained-joint ends complying with AWWA C110 or AWWA C153. Include AWWA C111, ductile-iron glands, rubber gaskets, and steel bolts.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. SIGMA Corp.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXCAVATION

A. Refer to Division 02 Section "Earthwork" for excavating, trenching, and backfilling.

3.2 PIPING SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. Storm sewer and drainage piping outside the building are specified in Division 02 Section "Storm Drainage."
- Basic piping installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- C. Install cleanouts at grade and extend to where building storm drains connect to building storm sewers. Cleanouts are specified in Division 15 Section "Drainage Piping Specialties."
- D. Install cleanout fitting with closure plug inside the building in storm drainage force-main piping.
- Install underground, ductile-iron, special pipe fittings Ε. according to AWWA C600.
 - Install encasement on piping according to ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105.
- Install cast-iron sleeve with water stop and mechanical F. sleeve seal at each service pipe penetration through foundation wall. Select number of interlocking rubber links required to make installation watertight. Sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- G. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."
- Make changes in direction for storm piping using Η. appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- I. Lay buried building drain piping beginning at low point of each system. Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert. Place hub ends of piping upstream. Install required gaskets according to manufacturer's written instructions for use

- of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Maintain swab in piping and pull past each joint as completed.
- Install storm drainage piping at the following minimum slopes, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Building Storm Drain: 1/8-inch per foot downward in direction of flow, unless otherwise noted.
 - 2. Horizontal Storm-Drainage Piping: 1/8-inch per foot downward in direction of flow, unless otherwise noted.
- Sleeves are not required for cast-iron soil piping passing K. through concrete slabs-on-grade if slab is without membrane waterproofing.
- L. Install PVC storm drainage piping according to ASTM D 2665.
- M. Install underground PVC storm drainage piping according to ASTM D 2321.
- N. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.

3.3 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- Basic piping joint construction requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- B. Hubless Cast-Iron Soil Piping Coupled Joints: Join according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-coupling joints.
- C. PVC Nonpressure Piping Joints: Join piping according to ASTM D 2665.

HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- Pipe hangers and supports are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports." Install the following:
 - 1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
 - 2. Individual, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs: According to the following:
 - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
 - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.

- c. Longer Than 100 Feet, if Indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.
- Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
- 4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.
- Install supports according to Division 15 Section "Hangers В. and Supports."
- C. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- D. Rod diameter may be reduced 1 size for double-rod hangers, with 3/8-inch minimum rods.
- Ε. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 3: 60 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 60 inches with 5/8-inch rod.
 - 4. NPS 6: 60 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
 - 5. NPS 8 to NPS 12: 60 inches with 7/8-inch rod.
 - 6. Spacing for 10-foot lengths may be increased to 10 feet. Spacing for fittings is limited to 60 inches.
- F. Install supports for vertical cast-iron soil piping every 15 feet.
- Install hangers for steel piping with the following G. maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/4: 84 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 1-1/2: 108 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 2: 10 feet with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 4. NPS 2-1/2: 11 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 5. NPS 3: 12 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
 - 6. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 12 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
 - 7. NPS 6: 12 feet with 3/4-inch rod.
 - 8. NPS 8 to NPS 12: 12 feet with 7/8-inch rod.
- Install supports for vertical steel piping every 15 feet. Η.
- Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
 - 1. NPS 1-1/4: 72 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 2. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 96 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
 - 3. NPS 2-1/2: 108 inches with 1/2-inch rod.

- 4. NPS 3 to NPS 5: 10 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
- 5. NPS 6: 10 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
- 6. NPS 8: 10 feet with 3/4-inch rod.
- Install supports for vertical copper tubing every 10 feet. J.
- K. Support piping and tubing not listed above according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect interior storm drainage piping to exterior storm drainage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- C. Connect storm drainage piping to roof drains and storm drainage specialties.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- During installation, notify authorities having Α. jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-
 - 2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
- C. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- Test storm drainage piping according to procedures of D. authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:
 - Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or

- repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
- 2. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, or replaced storm drainage piping until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
- Test Procedure: Test storm drainage piping completion of roughing-in. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less than 10-foot head of water. From 15 minutes before inspection starts to completion of inspection, water level must not drop. Inspect joints for leaks.
- Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
- 5. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

3.7 CLEANING

- A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.
- C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.

END OF SECTION 15160

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- Related Sections include the following: В.
 - 1. Division 02 Section "Underground Hydronic Distribution Piping" for preinsulated piping systems.
 - 2. Division 07 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems" for materials and methods for sealing pipe penetrations through fire and smoke barriers.
 - 3. Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for materials and methods for sealing pipe penetrations through exterior walls.

- Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
- Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for general piping materials and installation requirements.
- Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports" for pipe supports, product descriptions, and installation requirements. Hanger and support spacing is specified in this Section.
- 7. Division 15 Section "Pipe Flexible Connectors, Expansion Fittings and Loops."
- 8. Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages" thermometers, flow meters, flow measuring devices, and pressure gages.
- Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification" for labeling and identifying hydronic piping.
- 10. Division 15 Section "General-Duty Valves for HVAC" for general-duty gate, globe, ball, butterfly, and check valves.
- 11. Division 15 Section "Hydronic Pumps" for pumps, motors, and accessories for hydronic piping.
- 12. Division 15 Section "Temperature Controls" for temperature-control valves and sensors.
- 13. Division 15 Section "Piping Systems Flushing Chemical Cleaning."
- 14. Division 15 Section "HVAC Water Treatment."

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- CPVC: Chlorinated polyvinyl chloride.
- B. HDPE: High density polyethylene.
- C. PP: Polypropylene.
- D. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride.
- E. PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
- RTRF: Reinforced thermosetting resin (fiberglass) F. fittings.
- G. RTRP: Reinforced thermosetting resin (fiberglass) pipe.

1.3 SYSTEMS DESCRIPTIONS

A. Hydronic piping system materials are scheduled on the Drawings.

- Refer to Application Schedule on the Drawings for valve types to be used. Where specific valve types are not indicated, the following requirements apply:
 - 1. Hot-Water-Piping, Balancing Duty: Calibrated balancing valves.
 - 2. Drain Duty: Hose-end drain valves.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following:
 - 1. Valves. Include flow and pressure drop curves based on manufacturer's testing for calibrated-orifice balancing valves and automatic flow-control valves.
 - 2. Air control devices.
 - 3. Chemical treatment.
 - 4. Hydronic specialties.
- B. Shop Drawings: Detail, at minimum 1/4scale, the piping layout, fabrication of pipe anchors, hangers, supports for multiple pipes, alignment guides, expansion joints and loops, and attachments of the same to the building structure. Detail location of anchors, alignment guides, and expansion joints and loops.
- C. Oualification Data: For Installer.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For air control devices, Ε. hydronic specialties, and special-duty valves to include in operation and maintenance manuals.
- F. Water Analysis: Submit a copy of the water analysis to illustrate water quality available at Project site.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- ASME Compliance: Comply with ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping" for materials, products, and installation. Safety valves and pressure vessels shall bear the appropriate ASME label. Fabricate and stamp air separators and expansion tanks to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1.
- B. Installer Qualifications:
 - Installers of Pressure-Sealed Joints: Installers shall be certified by pressure-seal joint manufacturer

- as having been trained and qualified to join piping with pressure-seal pipe couplings and fittings.
- C. All grooved joint couplings, fittings, valves, and specialties shall be the products of a single manufacturer. Grooving tools shall be as recommended by the manufacturer of the grooved components.

1.6 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Water-Treatment Chemicals: Furnish enough chemicals for initial system startup and for preventive maintenance for one year from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Differential Pressure Meter: For each type of balancing valve and automatic flow control valve, include flowmeter, probes, hoses, flow charts, and carrying case.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- A. Drawn-Temper Copper Tubing: ASTM B 88, Type L.
- Annealed-Temper Copper Tubing: ASTM B 88, Type K. В.
- C. DWV Copper Tubing: ASTM B 306, Type DWV.
- Wrought-Copper Socket Fittings: ASME B16.22.
- Wrought-Copper Unions: ASME B16.22. Ε.
- F. Grooved Mechanical-Joint Fittings and Couplings:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Anvil International, Inc.; Gruvlok Manufacturing; Advanced Copper Method.
 - b. Tyco Fire & Building Products; Grinnell Mechanical Products; Model 672.
 - c. Victaulic Company; Style 606 and Style 607.
 - 2. Grooved-End Copper Fittings: ASTM B 75, copper tube or ASTM B 584, bronze casting.
 - Grooved-End-Tube Couplings: Rigid pattern, unless otherwise indicated; gasketed fitting. Ductile-iron housing with keys matching pipe and fitting grooves, prelubricated EPDM gasket rated for minimum

230 deg F for use with housing, and steel bolts and nuts.

- G. Copper or Bronze Pressure-Seal Fittings:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - a. Apollo Valves; by Conbraco Industries; ApolloXpress.
 - b. Elkhart Products Corporation; an Aalberts Industries Company; Xpress.
 - c. NIBCO Inc.; Press System.
 - d. Viega North America; ProPress System.
 - 2. Housing: Copper.
 - 3. O-Rings and Pipe Stops: EPDM.
 - Tools: Manufacturer's special tools.
 - 5. Minimum 200-psig working-pressure rating at 250 deg F.
- Copper, Mechanically Formed Tee Option: For forming Tbranch on copper water tube. Mechanically formed tee fittings may be used up to half size of main.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - a. T-DRILL Industries Inc.

STEEL PIPE AND FITTINGS 2.2

- Α. Schedule 40 Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M or ASTM A 106, Type E or S, Grade A or B. Include ends matching joining method.
 - Steel Pipe Nipples: ASTM A 733, made ASTM A 53/A 53M or ASTM A 106, Schedule 40, seamless steel pipe. Include ends matching joining method.
 - 2. Malleable-Iron Unions: ASME B16.39, Class 150, hexagonal-stock body, with ball-and-socket, metal-tometal, bronze seating surface and female threaded ends.
 - 3. Gray-Iron, Threaded Fittings: ASME B16.4, Class 125, standard pattern.
 - 4. Cast-Iron Flanges: ASME B16.1, Class 125.
 - 5. Cast-Iron, Flanged Fittings: ASME B16.1, Class 125.
 - Fittings: ASTM A234 ANSI B16.9, steel butt weld to match pipe wall thickness, Class 300.
 - Flanges: Class 300 forged steel welding neck to match pipe wall thickness and valve flanges, ANSI B16.5. Orifice plate flanges shall be raised face welding neck type with ring joint gaskets and flange taps.

Coordinate orifice plate flanges with orifice plate flow elements.

- Schedule 80 Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M or ASTM A 106, В. Type E or S, Grade A or B. Include ends matching joining method.
 - 1. Steel Pipe Nipples: ASTM A 733, made ASTM A 53/A 53M or ASTM A 106, Schedule 80, seamless steel pipe. Include ends matching joining method.
 - Screwed Couplings: Extra heavy tapered threaded black carbon steel.
 - Screwed Unions: 300 pound SWP female screwed malleable iron with ground joint and brass to iron seat.
 - Screwed Fittings: 300 pound SWP banded malleable iron screwed, ASTM A 197 and ANSI B16.3.
- Grooved Mechanical-Joint Fittings and Couplings:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Anvil International, Inc.; Gruvlok Manufacturing; Model 7401 Rigid.
 - b. Tyco Fire & Building Products; Grinnell Mechanical Products; Model 772 Rigid Coupling.
 - c. Victaulic Company; Style 07 Rigid Coupling and 107 QuickVic Rigid Coupling.
 - 2. Joint Fittings: ASTM A 536, Grade 65-45-12 ductile iron; ASTM A 47/A 47M, Grade 32510 malleable iron; ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type F, E, or S, Grade B fabricated steel; or ASTM A 234, Grade WPB steel fittings with grooves or shoulders constructed to accept grooved-end couplings; with nuts, bolts, locking pin, locking toggle, or lugs to secure grooved pipe and fittings.
 - Gaskets: Synthetic rubber gasket of central cavity pressure-responsive design suitable for temperatures from minus 30 deg F to 250 deg F .
 - Couplings: Ductile- or malleable-iron housing with nuts, bolts, locking pin, locking toggle, or lugs to secure grooved pipe and fittings.
 - a. Rigid Type: To provide rigidity and system support and hanging in accordance with ANSI B31.1 and в31.9.

2.3 JOINING MATERIALS

A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

2.4 VALVES

A. General Service Valves: Comply with requirements specified in Division 15 Section "General-Duty Valves for HVAC."

SPECIALTY VALVES 2.5

A. Balance Valves:

- Balance Valves NPS 6 and Larger: Lug type butterfly valves with aluminum bronze disc, AISI 300 Series stainless steel stem, resilient replaceable seat for service at not less than 250 deg F and memory stops. Refer to Division 15 Section "General-Duty Valves for HVAC" for additional requirements.
 - a. Provide lubricated enclosed screw or worm gear operator with handwheel for sizes 6 inches and larger.
 - b. Pressure rating shall meet or exceed system minimum pressure rating.
- 2. Flow Measuring: Use Flow Measuring Devices as specified in Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages."
- Balance Valves for Sizes Less than NPS 6 Combination balance valve and flow measuring device as specified in this Section.
- Combination, Balancing Valves and Flow Measuring Devices NPS 2 and Smaller:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Flow Design Inc.
 - b. Griswold Controls.
 - c. Hydronic Components, Inc. (HCi).
 - d. Nexus Valve.
 - e. PRO Hydronic Specialties, LLC.
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance requirements, use products by one of the following:
 - a. Tour & Andersson; TA Hydronics Series available through Victaulic Company of America.
 - b. Tyco Fire & Building Products, Grinnell Mechanical Products (formerly marketed by Mepco).

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- Body: Brass or bronze, ball or plug type with calibrated orifice or venturi.
- 4. Ball: Plated brass, or stainless steel.
- 5. Plug: Resin.
- 6. Seat: PTFE.
- 7. End Connections: Threaded or socket.
- 8. Pressure Gage Connections: Integral seals for portable differential pressure meter.
- 9. Handle Style: Lever, with memory stop to retain set position.
- 10. WOG Rating: Minimum 400 psig.
- 11. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F.
- Combination, Balancing Valves and Flow Measuring Devices NPS 2-1/2 through NSP 4:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Flow Design Inc.
 - b. Griswold Controls.
 - c. Hydronic Components, Inc. (HCi).
 - d. Nexus Valve.
 - e. PRO Hydronic Specialties, LLC.
 - 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, use products by one of the following:
 - Tour & Andersson; TA Hydronics Series available through Victaulic Company of America.
 - b. Tyco Fire & Building Products, Grinnell Mechanical Products (formerly marketed by Mepco).
 - 3. Body: Cast-iron or steel body, ball, plug, butterfly, or globe pattern with calibrated orifice or venturi.
 - Stem Seals: EPDM O-rings.
 - 5. Disc: Glass and carbon-filled PTFE.
 - 6. Seat: PTFE.
 - 7. End Connections: Flanged or grooved.
 - 8. Pressure Gage Connections: Integral seals for portable differential pressure meter.
 - 9. Handle Style: Lever, with memory stop to retain set position.
 - 10. WOG Rating: Minimum 200 psig.
 - 11. Maximum Operating Temperature: 225 deg F.
- Combination, Balancing Valves and Flow Measuring Devices NPS 2-1/2 through NSP 4:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Flow Design Inc.
 - b. Griswold Controls.
 - c. Hydronic Components, Inc. (HCi).
 - d. Nexus Valve.
 - e. PRO Hydronic Specialties, LLC.
- 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, use products by one of the following:
 - a. Tour & Andersson; TA Hydronics Series available through Victaulic Company of America.
 - b. Tyco Fire & Building Products, Grinnell Mechanical Products (formerly marketed by Mepco).
- 3. Body: Cast-iron or steel body, ball, plug, butterfly, or globe pattern with calibrated orifice or venturi.
- 4. Stem Seals: EPDM O-rings.
- 5. Disc: Glass and carbon-filled PTFE.
- 6. Seat: PTFE.
- 7. End Connections: Flanged or grooved.
- 8. Pressure Gage Connections: Integral seals for portable differential pressure meter.
- 9. Handle Style: Lever, with memory stop to retain set position.
- 10. WOG Rating: Minimum 200 psig.
- 11. Maximum Operating Temperature: 225 deg F.
- E. Contractor Option for Combination, Balancing Valves and Flow Measuring Devices NPS 2 and Smaller: Preassembled coil hook up kits may be used.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Flow Design Inc.; Complete Coil Hook-Up.
 - b. Griswold Controls.
 - c. Hydronic Components, Inc. (HCi).
 - d. Nexus Valve; Coil Pak.
 - e. PRO Hydronic Specialties, LLC.
 - 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, use products by one of the following:
 - a. Tour & Andersson; TA Hydronics Series available through Victaulic Company of America.
 - b. Tyco Fire & Building Products, Grinnell Mechanical Products (formerly marketed by Mepco).

2.6 CONTROL VALVES

- A. Automatic Temperature-Control Valves, Actuators, and Sensors: Comply with requirements specified in Division 15 Section "Temperature Controls."
- B. Calibrated orifice balancing valves shall not be required on devices where pressure independent characterized control valves (PICCV's) are installed.

2.7 AIR CONTROL DEVICES

- A. Manual Air Vents: Use ball-valve-type hose-end drain valves, refer to Division 15 Section "Valves."
- B. Automatic Air Vents:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Amtrol, Inc.
 - b. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
 - c. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.
 - d. Spirotherm, Inc.
 - e. Taco, Inc.
 - 2. Body: Bronze or cast iron.
 - 3. Internal Parts: Nonferrous.
 - 4. Operator: Noncorrosive metal float.
 - 5. Inlet Connection: NPS 1/2.
 - 6. Discharge Connection: NPS 1/4.
 - 7. Maximum Operating Pressure: 150 psig.
 - 8. Maximum Operating Temperature: 240 deg F.
- C. Bladder-Type Expansion Tanks:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Amtrol, Inc.
 - b. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
 - c. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.
 - d. Taco, Inc.
 - Tank: Welded steel, rated for 125-psig working pressure and 240 deg F maximum operating temperature. Factory test with taps fabricated and supports installed and labeled according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1.

- Bladder: Securely sealed into tank to separate air charge from system water to maintain required expansion capacity.
- Air-Charge Fittings: Schrader valve, stainless steel with EPDM seats.

Combination Air and Dirt Separators:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Spirotherm, Inc.; VDN Series.
- Body: Fabricated steel; constructed for 150-psig maximum working pressure and 250 deg F maximum operating temperature. Separator shall have body extended below pipe connections for dirt separation and include removable lower head.
- 3. Air and Dirt Separation Mechanism: Internal copper core tube with continuous wound copper medium permanently attached followed by continuous wound copper wire permanently affixed .
- 4. Venting Chamber: With integral full port, float actuated brass venting mechanism. Include valved side tap to flush floating dirt or liquids and for quick bleeding of air during system fill.
- 5. Inlet and Outlet Connections: Threaded for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged connections for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- 6. Blowdown Connection: Threaded.
- 7. Size: Match system flow capacity.

2.8 HYDRONIC PIPING SPECIALTIES

- Diverting Fittings: 125-psig working pressure; 250 deg F maximum operating temperature; cast-iron body with threaded ends, or wrought copper with soldered ends. Indicate flow direction on fitting.
- Flexible connectors and expansion fittings are specified in Division 15 Section "Pipe Flexible Connectors, Expansion Fittings and Loops."

2.9 HYDRONIC PIPING STRAINERS

- Α. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Keckley.
 - 2. Metraflex.
 - 3. Mueller Steam Specialty.
 - 4. Nibco, Inc.

- 5. Spence.
- 6. Sure Flow Equipment Inc.
- 7. Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
- 8. Yarway.
- 9. Anvil International, Inc.; Gruvlok Manufacturing (for grooved piping).
- 10. Tyco Fire & Building Products, Grinnell Mechanical Products (for grooved piping)
- 11. Victaulic Company; (for grooved piping).

Y-Pattern Strainers, Bronze:

- CWP: 200 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- SWP: 125 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated. 2.
- 3. Body: Bronze for NPS 2 and smaller.
- 4. End Connections: Threaded or soldered.
- 5. Strainer Screen: 40-mesh startup strainer, and perforated stainless-steel basket with 50 percent free
- 6. Drain:
 - a. Pipe plug for sizes NPS 2 and smaller.
 - b. Factory-installed, hose-end drain valve for sizes NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

C. Y-Pattern Strainers, Cast and Ductile Iron:

- Body: ASTM A 126, Class B, cast iron with bolted cover and bottom drain connection; or ASTM A 536, Grade 65-45-12, ductile-iron with coupled cover and drain connection.
- End Connections: Threaded ends for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged ends for NPS 2-1/2 and larger; grooved ends may be used on grooved piping.
- Strainer Screen: 40-mesh startup strainer, and perforated stainless-steel basket with 50 percent free
- 4. CWP: 200 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- SWP: 125 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- - a. Pipe plug for sizes NPS 2 and smaller.
 - b. Factory-installed, hose-end drain valve for sizes NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

Basket Strainers, Cast Iron:

- Body: ASTM A 126, Class B, high-tensile cast iron with bolted cover and bottom drain connection.
- End Connections: Threaded ends for NPS 2 and smaller; flanged ends for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

- Strainer Screen: 40-mesh startup strainer, and perforated stainless-steel basket with 50 percent free
- CWP: 200 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated. 4.
- 5. SWP: 125 psig minimum, unless otherwise indicated.
- 6. Drain: Factory-installed, hose-end drain valve.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING SYSTEMS INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicate piping locations and arrangements if such were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.
- Install piping in concealed locations, unless otherwise В. indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow D. sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- Ε. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- Install piping at indicated slopes. F.
- G. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- Η. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- I. Install piping to allow application of insulation.
- Select system components with pressure rating equal to or J. greater than system operating pressure.
- Κ. Install groups of pipes parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation and servicing of valves.

- Install drains, consisting of a tee fitting, NPS 3/4 ball valve, and short NPS 3/4 threaded nipple with cap, at low points in piping system mains and elsewhere as required for system drainage.
- Install piping, other than drain piping, at a uniform grade of 0.2 percent upward in direction of flow.
- N. Reduce pipe sizes using eccentric reducer fitting installed with level side up.
- Install branch connections to mains using tee fittings in Ο. main pipe, with the branch connected to the bottom of the main pipe. For up-feed risers, connect the branch to the top of the main pipe.
- P. Install valves according to Division 15 Section "General-Duty Valves for HVAC."
- Install shutoff duty valves at each branch connection to Q. supply mains, at supply connection to each piece of equipment, unless only one piece of equipment is connected in the branch line. Install throttling duty valves at each branch connection to return mains, at return connections to each piece of equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.
- Install calibrated balancing valves in the return water line of each heating or cooling element and elsewhere as required to facilitate system balancing.
- S. Install check valves at each pump discharge and elsewhere as required to control flow direction.
- T. Install safety valves on hot-water generators and elsewhere as required by the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Install safety-valve discharge piping, without valves, to floor. Comply with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Division 1, for installation requirements.
- U. Install unions in piping, NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to valves, at final connections of equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.
- V. Install flanges or grooved mechanical couplings in piping, NPS 2-1/2 and larger, at final connections of equipment and elsewhere as indicated.

- Install strainers on inlet side of each control valve, pressure-reducing valve, solenoid valve, in-line pump, and where indicated. Install NPS 3/4 nipple and ball valve in blowdown connection of strainers NPS 2 and larger. Match size of strainer blowoff connection for strainers smaller than NPS 2.
- Install expansion loops, expansion joints, anchors, and Χ. pipe alignment guides as specified in Division 15 Section "Pipe Flexible Connectors, Expansion Fittings and Loops."
- Identify piping as specified in Division 15 Section Υ. "Mechanical Identification."

3.2 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- Hanger, support, and anchor devices are specified in Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports." Comply with the following requirements for maximum spacing of supports.
- Install the following pipe attachments:
 - 1. Adjustable steel clevis hangers for individual horizontal piping less than 20 feet long.
 - 2. Adjustable roller hangers and spring hangers for individual horizontal piping 20 feet or longer.
 - 3. Pipe Roller: MSS SP-58, Type 44 for multiple horizontal piping 20 feet or longer, supported on a trapeze.
 - Spring hangers to support vertical runs.
 - Provide copper-clad hangers and supports for hangers and supports in direct contact with copper pipe.
- Install hangers for steel piping with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:
 - 1. NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4 inch.
 - 2. NPS 1: Maximum span, 7 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4
 - 3. NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8
 - 4. NPS 2: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8
 - 5. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 11 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - NPS 3: Maximum span, 12 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.

- 7. NPS 4: Maximum span, 14 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch.
- 8. NPS 6: Maximum span, 17 feet; minimum rod size, 1/2 inch.
- 9. NPS 8: Maximum span, 19 feet; minimum rod size, 5/8
- 10. NPS 10: Maximum span, 20 feet; minimum rod size, 3/4
- 11. NPS 12: Maximum span, 23 feet; minimum rod size, 7/8
- 12. NPS 14: Maximum span, 25 feet; minimum rod size, 1
- 13. NPS 16: Maximum span, 27 feet; minimum rod size, 1
- 14. NPS 18: Maximum span, 28 feet; minimum rod size, 1-1/4
- 15. NPS 20: Maximum span, 30 feet; minimum rod size, 1-1/4 inches.
- Install hangers for drawn-temper copper piping with the following maximum spacing and minimum rod sizes:
 - NPS 3/4: Maximum span, 5 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4
 - 2. NPS 1: Maximum span, 6 feet; minimum rod size, 1/4
 - NPS 1-1/2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8
 - 4. NPS 2: Maximum span, 8 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 inch.
 - 5. NPS 2-1/2: Maximum span, 9 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8
 - NPS 3: Maximum span, 10 feet; minimum rod size, 3/8 6.
 - NPS 4 to NPS 5: Maximum span, 10 feet minimum rod size, 1/2-inch.
 - 8. NPS 6: Maximum span, 10 feet minimum rod size, 5/8-
 - 9. NPS 8: Maximum span, 10 feet minimum rod size, 3/4inch.
- Ε. Support vertical runs at roof, at each floor, and at 10foot intervals between floors.

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3.3 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods" for basic piping joint construction.

3.4 HYDRONIC SPECIALTIES INSTALLATION

- A. Install manual air vents at high points in piping, at heat-transfer coils, and elsewhere as required for system air venting.
- B. Install automatic air vents at high points of system piping in mechanical equipment rooms only. Manual vents at heat-transfer coils and elsewhere as required for air venting.

C. Glycol Systems:

- 1. Install automatic air vents on expansion tanks and install high capacity automatic air vents on air separators. Route vent piping to spill over glycol fill station.
- 2. Install manual air vents at high points in piping, at heat-transfer coils, and elsewhere as required for system air venting.
- Install piping from boiler air outlet, air separator, or air purger to expansion tank with a 2 percent upward slope toward tank.
- Install combination air/dirt separator in pump suction. Install blowdown piping with ball valve; extend full size to nearest floor drain.
- Install expansion tanks as indicated in piping diagrams. F. Install tank fitting in tank bottom and charge tank. Use manual vent for initial fill to establish proper water level in tank.
 - 1. Install tank fittings that are shipped loose.
 - Support tank from floor or structure above with sufficient strength to carry weight of tank, piping connections, fittings, plus tank full of water. Do not overload building components and structural members.
 - 3. Vent and purge air from hydronic system, and ensure tank is properly charged with air to suit system Project requirements.

3.5 TERMINAL EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

- Sizes for supply and return piping connections shall be Α. the same as or larger than equipment connections.
- Install control valves in accessible locations close to В. connected equipment.
- Install ports for pressure gages and thermometers at coil С. inlet and outlet connections according to Division 15 Section "Meters and Gages."

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Prepare hydronic piping according to ASME B31.9 and as follows:
 - Leave joints, including welds, uninsulated and exposed for examination during test.
 - Provide temporary restraints for expansion joints that cannot sustain reactions due to test pressure. impractical, isolate temporary restraints are expansion joints from testing.
 - Flush hydronic piping systems with clean water; then remove and clean or replace strainer screens.
 - Isolate equipment from piping. If a valve is used to isolate equipment, its closure shall be capable of sealing against test pressure without damage to valve. Install blinds in flanged joints to isolate equipment.
 - Install safety valve, set at a pressure no more than one-third higher than test pressure, to protect against damage by expanding liquid or other source of overpressure during test.
- Perform the following tests on hydronic piping:
 - Use ambient temperature water as a testing medium unless there is risk of damage due to freezing. Another liquid that is safe for workers and compatible with piping may be used.
 - While filling system, use vents installed at high points of system to release air. Use drains installed at low points for complete draining of test liquid.
 - Isolate expansion tanks and determine that hydronic system is full of water.
 - Subject piping system to hydrostatic test pressure that is not less than 1.5 times the system's working pressure. Test pressure shall not exceed maximum pressure for any vessel, pump, valve, or other

- component in system under test. Verify that stress due to pressure at bottom of vertical runs does not exceed 90 percent of specified minimum yield strength or 1.7 times "SE" value in Appendix A in ASME B31.9, "Building Services Piping."
- After hydrostatic test pressure has been applied for at least 2 hours, examine piping, joints, and connections for leakage. Eliminate leaks tightening, repairing, or replacing components, and repeat hydrostatic test until there are no leaks.
- 6. Prepare written report of testing.
- Perform the following before operating the system:
 - 1. Open manual valves fully.
 - Inspect pumps for proper rotation.
 - 3. Remove disposal fine-mesh strainers in pump suction diffusers.
 - 4. Set makeup pressure-reducing valves for required system pressure.
 - Inspect air vents at high points of system and determine if all are installed and operating freely (automatic type), or bleed air completely (manual type).
 - 6. Set temperature controls so all coils are calling for full flow.
 - Inspect and set operating temperatures of hydronic equipment, such as boilers, chillers, cooling towers, to specified values.
 - Verify lubrication of motors and bearings.

END OF SECTION 15181

SECTION 15185 - HYDRONIC PUMPS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Buna-N: Nitrile rubber.

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B. EPT: Ethylene propylene terpolymer.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include certified performance curves and rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, final impeller dimensions, and accessories for each type of product indicated. Indicate pump's operating point on curves.
- Shop Drawings: Show pump layout and connections. Include setting drawings with templates for installing foundation and anchor bolts and other anchorages.
 - 1. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For all pumps and accessories to include in Operation and Maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain hydronic pumps through one source from a single manufacturer.
- Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed В. and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 778 for motor-operated water pumps.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- Manufacturer's Preparation for Shipping: Clean flanges and exposed machined metal surfaces and treat with anticorrosion compound after assembly and testing. Protect flanges, pipe openings, and nozzles with wooden flange covers or with screwed-in plugs.
- B. Store pumps in dry location.
- C. Retain protective covers for flanges and protective coatings during storage.
- D. Protect bearings and couplings against damage from sand, grit, and other foreign matter.

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Ε. Comply with pump manufacturer's written rigging instructions.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL PUMP REQUIREMENTS

- A. Pump Units: Factory assembled and tested.
- Motors: Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section В. "Motors".

С. Selection:

- 1. Base non-overloading characteristics for pumps upon nameplate horsepower, at any point on performance
- 2. Shaft first critical speed shall not be less than 25 percent greater than operating speed.
- Maximum impeller diameter shall not be greater than 90 percent of "cut water" diameter for a given casing and no smaller than the smallest published diameter for casing. Do not base acceptable maximum diameter calculation on percentage of impeller diameter range for a given casing.
- Pump speed shall be limited to 1800 RPM except as scheduled.
- Select at the point of maximum efficiency for a given impeller-casing combination. Deviations shall within 3 percent of maximum efficiency on the increasing capacity side of the maximum efficiency point and 7 percent on the decreasing capacity side of the maximum efficiency point.
- Select pump at a point no greater than 85 percent of end of curve flow.
- Maximum pump suction velocity:
 - a. In-line: 12 fps.
 - b. End suction: 13 fps.
 - c. Double suction: 15 fps.

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2.2 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.
- 2.3 CLOSE-COUPLED, IN-LINE CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS (SMALL)
 - Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. Armstrong Pumps Inc.
 - 2. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.; Series PL.
 - 3. Grundfos Pumps Corporation.
 - 4. Taco, Inc.; Series 1400.
 - B. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, centrifugal, overhung-impeller, close-coupled, in-line pump as defined in HI 1.1-1.2 and HI 1.3; and designed for installation with pump and motor shafts mounted horizontally.
 - 1. Pump Construction: Bronze fitted.
 - a. Casing: Radially split, cast iron, with threaded companion-flange connections.
 - b. Impeller: Glass-reinforced corrosion-resistant material; keyed to shaft.
 - c. Shaft: High-strength alloy steel.
 - d. Seal: Mechanical, carbon/silicon carbide seal.
 - e. Bearings: Permanently oil-lubricated type.
 - Motor-Single speed, with oil-lubricated bearings, unless otherwise indicated; and directly mounted to pump casing. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."
 - C. Capacities and Characteristics: Refer to Schedule on Drawings.
- 2.4 CLOSE-COUPLED, IN-LINE CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS
 - Α. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Armstrong Pumps Inc.; Series 4360 and 4380.
 - 2. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.; Series 80.
 - 3. Grundfos Pumps Corporation.
 - 4. Taco, Inc.; Series 1900, KV.
 - B. Description: Factory-assembled and tested, centrifugal, overhung-impeller, close-coupled, in-line pump as defined

in HI 1.1-1.2 and HI 1.3; designed for installation with pump and motor shafts mounted horizontally or vertically. Rate pump for 175-psig minimum working pressure and a continuous water temperature of 225 deg F.

C. Pump Construction:

- 1. Casing: Radially split, cast iron, with threaded gage tappings at inlet and outlet, and companion-flange connections.
- 2. Impeller: ASTM B 584, cast bronze; statically and dynamically balanced, keyed to shaft, and secured with a locking cap screw. Trim impeller to match specified performance.
- 3. Pump Shaft: Steel with copper-alloy shaft sleeve, or stainless steel.
- 4. Mechanical Seal: Carbon rotating ring against a ceramic seat held by a stainless-steel spring, and Buna-N seal for all glycol systems and all water systems 225 deg F and below; EPT seals for water systems above 225 deg F. Include water slinger on shaft between motor and seal.
- Motor: Single speed, with permanently or grease lubricated ball bearings, unless otherwise indicated; and rigidly mounted to pump casing. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors"
- E. Capacities and Characteristics: Refer to Schedule on Drawings.
- 2.5 FLEXIBLY COUPLED, HORIZONTAL, IN-LINE CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS

Manufacturers: Α.

- 1. Armstrong Pumps Inc.; Series S, H, 1050, 1060.
- 2. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.; Series 60.
- 3. Grundfos Pumps Corporation.
- 4. Taco, Inc.; Series 1600.
- Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, centrifugal, overhung-impeller, separately coupled, in-line pump as defined in HI 1.1-1.2 and HI 1.3; designed for installation with pump and motor shafts mounted horizontally. Rate pump for 175-psig minimum working pressure and a continuous water temperature of 225 deg F.
- C. Pump Construction:

- Casing: Radially split, cast iron, with threaded gage tappings at inlet and outlet, and threaded companionflange or flanged connections.
- Impeller: ASTM B 584, cast bronze; statically and 2. dynamically balanced, and keyed to shaft. Trim impeller to match specified performance.
- 3. Pump Shaft: Hardened alloy steel, with copper-alloy shaft sleeve.
- Mechanical Seal: Carbon rotating ring against a ceramic seat held by a stainless-steel spring, and Buna-N seal for all glycol systems and all water systems 225 deg Fand below; EPT seals for water systems above 225 deg F. Include water slinger on shaft between motor and seal.
- Pump Bearings: Permanently lubricated ball bearings.
- Flexible Shaft Coupling: Molded rubber insert with D. interlocking spider or Interlocking frame with interconnecting springs capable of absorbing vibration.
- E. Motor: Single speed, with permanently lubricated ball bearings, unless otherwise indicated; and resiliently mounted to pump casing. Comply with requirements Division 15 Section "Motors".
- F. Capacities and Characteristics: Refer to Schedule on Drawings.
- 2.6 FLEXIBLY COUPLED, BASE-MOUNTED, END-SUCTION CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS
 - Α. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Armstrong Pumps Inc.; Series 4030.
 - 2. Aurora Pump; Division of Pentair Pump Group; Series 3340.
 - 3. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.; Series 1510.
 - 4. Grundfos Pumps Corporation/PACO.
 - 5. Taco, Inc.; Series FI.
 - B. Description: Factory-assembled and tested, centrifugal, overhung-impeller, separately coupled, end-suction pump as defined in HI 1.1-1.2 and HI 1.3; designed for base mounting, with pump and motor shafts horizontal. Rate pump for 175-psig minimum working pressure and a continuous water temperature of 225 deg F.
 - C. Pump Construction:

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- Casing: Radially split, cast iron, with threaded gage tappings at inlet and outlet, drain plug at bottom and air vent at top of volute, and flanged connections. Provide integral mount on volute to support the casing, and attached piping to allow removal and replacement of impeller without disconnecting piping or requiring the realignment of pump and motor shaft true back pullout. Provide receptacle bronze wear rings for all pumps with pump shaft L/D ratios greater than 6.0.
- 2. Impeller: ASTM B 584, cast bronze; statically and dynamically balanced, keyed to shaft, and secured with a locking cap screw. Trim impeller to match specified performance.
- Pump Shaft: Steel, with copper-alloy shaft sleeve or stainless steel.
- Mechanical Seal: Carbon rotating ring against a ceramic seat held by a stainless-steel spring, and Buna-N seal for all glycol systems and all water systems 225 deg F and below; EPT seals for water systems above 225 deg F. Include water slinger on shaft between motor and seal.
- Pump Bearings: Permanently or grease-lubricated ball bearings contained in cast-iron housing with grease fittings.
- D. Flexible Shaft Coupling: Molded rubber insert and interlocking spider capable of absorbing vibration. Couplings shall be center drop-out type to allow disassembly and removal without removing pump shaft or motor. Provide EPDM coupling sleeve for all motors 40 HP and below and all variable-speed applications.
- E. Coupling Guard: Dual rated; ANSI B15.1, Section 8; OSHA 1910.219 approved; steel; removable; attached to mounting frame.
- F. Mounting Frame: Welded-steel frame and cross members, factory fabricated from ASTM A 36/A 36M channels angles. Fabricate to mount pump casing, coupling guard, and motor.
- G. Motor: Single speed, with permanently lubricated or grease-lubricated ball bearings, unless otherwise indicated; secured to mounting frame, with adjustable

alignment. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors".

- H. Capacities and Characteristics: Refer to Schedule on Drawings.
- 2.7 AUTOMATIC CONDENSATE PUMP UNITS
 - Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. Little Giant Pump Co.; Subsidiary of Tecumseh Products
 - 2. Hydromatic Pump Company.
 - B. Description: Packaged units with corrosion-resistant pump, plastic tank with cover, and automatic controls. Include factory- or field-installed check valve and a 72-inchminimum, electrical power cord with plug.
- 2.8 AUTOMATIC CONDENSATE PUMP UNITS (PLENUM APPLICATIONS)
 - Α. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Hartell Pumps Div.; Milton Roy Co.; Model A2-X-1965.
 - Description: Packaged units with corrosion-resistant pump, dual-voltage thermally protected motor, cast aluminum tank with cover, and automatic controls. Include auxiliary safety switch and factory- or field-installed check valve.
- 2.9 PUMP SPECIALTY FITTINGS
 - Suction Diffuser: Angle pattern, minimum 175-psig pressure rating, cast-iron body and end cap for NPT or flanged connections or ductile iron body and end cap for grooved connections, pump-inlet fitting; with bronze startup and bronze or stainless-steel permanent strainers; bronze or stainless-steel straightening vanes; drain plug; and integral locating boss for field-fabricated support.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
 - b. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.
 - c. Grundfos Pumps Corporation/PACO.
 - d. Mueller Steam Specialty Company.
 - e. Taco; Fabricated Products Division.
 - f. Anvil International, Inc. (grooved only).
 - g. Victaulic Co. of America (grooved only).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine equipment foundations and anchor-bolt locations for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before pump installation.
- C. Examine foundations and inertia bases for suitable conditions where pumps are to be installed.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PUMP INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with HI 1.4.
- Install pumps with access for periodic maintenance В. including removal of motors, impellers, couplings, and accessories.
- C. Independently support pumps and piping so weight of piping is not supported by pumps and weight of pumps is not supported by piping.
- Support in-line centrifugal pumps greater than 1/2 HP D. independent of piping. Use continuous-thread hanger rods and hangers of sufficient size to support pump weight. Do not support pump from motor housing plate.
- E. Refer to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration Controls" for vibration isolation devices.
- F. Refer to Division 15 Section "Hangers and Supports" for hanger and support materials.
- G. Set base-mounted pumps on concrete bases. Disconnect flexible coupling before setting. Do not reconnect flexible couplings until alignment procedure is complete.
 - 1. Support pump baseplate on rectangular stainless steel blocks and shims, or on wedges with small taper, at points near foundation bolts to provide a gap of 3/4

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- to 1-1/2 inches between pump base and foundation for grouting.
- Adjust metal supports or wedges until pump and driver shafts are level. Check coupling faces and suction and discharge flanges of pump to verify that they are level and plumb.
- Install pumps on inertia bases where required. Refer 3. to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration Controls" for vibration isolation devices.
- Automatic (Cooling Coil) Condensate Pump Units: Install units for collecting condensate and extend to open drain.

3.3 ALIGNMENT

- A. Align pump and motor shafts and piping connections after setting on foundation, grout has been set and foundation bolts have been tightened, and piping connections have been made.
- B. Comply with pump and coupling manufacturers' written instructions.
- C. Adjust pump and motor shafts for angular and offset alignment by methods specified in HI 1.1-1.5, "Centrifugal Pumps for Nomenclature, Definitions, Application and Operation." Laser align to a tolerance of 0.0005 inches maximum.
- D. After alignment is correct, tighten foundation bolts evenly but not too firmly.
- Ε. Completely fill baseplate with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout while metal blocks and shims or wedges are in place. After grout has cured, fully tighten foundation bolts.

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- Piping installation requirements are specified in other 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general Division arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and В. maintenance.
- C. Install suction and discharge pipe sizes equal to or greater than diameter of pump nozzles.

- Install check valve and throttling valve on discharge side D. of pumps. Triple-duty valves are not allowed.
- Install Y-type strainer or suction diffuser and shutoff Ε. valve on suction side of pumps as indicated on drawings.
- F. Install flexible connectors on suction and discharge sides of base-mounted pumps between pump casing and valves.
- Install pressure gages on pump suction and discharge or at G. integral pressure-gage tappings, or install single gage with multiple-input selector valve.
- Install check valve and gate or ball valve on each Η. condensate pump unit discharge.
- Install electrical connections for power, controls, and I. devices.
- J. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- Κ. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.5 STARTUP SERVICE

- Α. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service for each pump supplied. Written report of the start-up shall be provided to the Owner and Engineer upon completion of services.
 - Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Check piping connections for tightness.
 - 3. Clean strainers on suction piping.
 - 4. Perform the following startup checks for each pump before starting:
 - a. Verify bearing lubrication.
 - b. Verify that pump is free to rotate by hand and that pump for handling hot liquid is free to rotate with pump hot and cold. If pump is bound or drags, do not operate until cause of trouble is determined and corrected.
 - c. Verify that pump is rotating in the correct direction.
 - Prime pump by opening suction valves and closing drains, and prepare pump for operation.

- 6. Start motor.
- 7. Open discharge valve slowly.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain hydronic pumps.

END OF SECTION 15185

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SECTION 15188 - PIPING SYSTEMS FLUSHING AND CHEMICAL CLEANING

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes chemical cleaning for the following piping systems:
 - 1. Heating hot water.
 - 2. Chilled water.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Cleaning: Recirculating water containing chemical cleaning and passivation compounds.
- B. Flushing: Using approved water on a once through basis.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS 1.4

- Furnish the services of a firm specializing in piping Α. system chemical cleaning and water treatment work.
 - For chemical cleaning: This firm shall select the required type and quantity, based on system volume, of cleaning compound, and method of application.
- B. Passivation for Galvanized Steel: Open loop only, for the first two weeks of operation.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

Product Data: Α.

- Proposed cleaning chemicals and quantities.
- 2. Proposed passivation chemicals and quantities.
- 3. Analyses and reports of all chemical items concerning safety and compliance with government regulations.
- Shop Drawings: Reduced scale plans indicating locations of velocity measurements.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.
- D. Other Informational Submittals:
 - 1. Proposed, step-by-step, chemical cleaning procedure.
 - 2. Circulation pump suction and discharge pressure at start and completion of chemical cleaning operations.
 - 3. Passivation Confirmation Report: Verify passivation of galvanized-steel surfaces, and confirm this observation in a letter to Architect.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Service Provider Qualifications: An experienced piping systems cleaning service provider capable of applying cleaning compounds as specified in this Section.
- Conduct safety meetings with Owner's Representative and В. personnel involved in the cleaning process.

C. Assume responsibility for damage, necessary subsequent cleaning, flushing, and inspection of Work under the Contract which results from improper flushing and cleaning operations including failure to flush all dead-ends.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Schedule flushing and chemical cleaning activities immediately after piping system pressure testing and immediately prior to piping system chemical treatment work to minimize internal oxidization or flash corrosion of piping systems.
- B. Coordinate chemical cleaning work with other work to avoid accidental chemical discharge, spillage, or spray out, and electrolytically originated system damage resulting from concurrent chemical cleaning and arc welding.
- C. Coordinate with work performed under other Sections to provide in-place temporary strainers, spool pieces, flushing hose connections, cross-over piping, and isolation and drain valves.
- D. Chillers shall not be cleaned with any chloride component.
- E. Boilers shall be flushed and cleaned to remove rust and oil deposits.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- System Cleaning Chemicals: Subject to compliance with Α. requirements, provide products by:
 - 1. Base Bid Manufacturer:
 - a. Chemtex Corporation.
 - 2. Alternate Manufacturers:
 - a. PVS-Nolwood Chemicals, Inc.; PVS CHILL CLP Cleaner.
 - b. Nalco, an Ecolab Company.
 - c. Mitco Custom Water Treatment.
 - d. H-O-H Chemicals, Inc.
 - e. GE Power & Water; Water & Process Technologies.
 - f. Enerco Corporation.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Cleaning chemicals shall be as recommended by manufacturer and compatible with piping system components and connected equipment.
- B. Cleaning and passivation chemical shall consist of an inorganic phosphate, yellow metal corrosion inhibitor (Tolytriazole), dispersant, and oil emulsifier.
- C. Provide additional temporary and permanent piping, equipment, and materials required for chemical cleaning work.
- D. Use potable water for flushing and cleaning operations, unless directed otherwise by the Architect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 ACCEPTABLE SERVICE PROVIDER

- Subject to compliance with requirements, provide chemical cleaning service by:
 - 1. Base Bid Provider:
 - a. Chemtex Corporation (Glenn Martin, 248-880-4547).
 - 2. Alternate Providers:
 - a. Eldon Water (Patrick Racine, Christa Blades, or Pierre Beausoleil, 888-712-4000).
 - b. Enerco Corporation (Doug White 517-627-8444 or 800-292-5908).
 - c. GE Power & Water; Water & Process Technologies.
 - d. Mitco Custom Water Treatment (Gordon Chapin, 800-516-2175).
 - e. Nalco, an Ecolab Company (Brian Irwin or Tony Mackovski, 248-344-7564).
 - f. H-O-H Chemicals, Inc./H.V. Burton Co.

3.2 PREPARATION

- Prior to flushing and cleaning activities, drain the Α. system of all water used for hydrostatic testing.
- Temporarily connect dead-end supply and return piping as necessary to result in recirculating system in which no lines are left static for purposes of flushing and cleaning. Refer to System Piping Diagrams on the Drawings

for suggested locations of temporary connections for flushing and cleaning purposes.

C. Select three locations for monitoring flow rates.

3.3 INITIAL FLUSHING

- A. Remove loose dirt, mill scale, metal chips, weld beads, rust and other deleterious substances without damage to system components.
- B. Bypass factory cleaned equipment, unless acceptable means of protection are provided and subsequent inspection of water boxes and other "hide-out" areas takes place.
- Isolate or protect clean system components including pumps and pressure vessels and remove components which may be damaged.
- D. Open valves, drains, vents and strainers at all system levels.
- Remove plugs, caps, spool pieces and components to facilitate early discharge from system.
- Sectionalize system if possible to obtain debris carrying velocity of 6 FPS.
- Connect dead-end supply and return headers as necessary or provide terminal drains in end caps.
- H. Install temporary strainers where necessary to protect down-stream equipment.
- Supply and remove flushing water and drainage by fire I. hoses, garden hoses, temporary and permanent piping and Contractor's booster pumps.
- J. Flush for not less than one hour.
- Inspect system including basins to determine if debris accumulation requires dewatering and cleaning prior to next phase work.

3.4 FLUSHING AND CHEMICAL CLEANING PROCEDURES

A. Remove without chemical or mechanical damage to system components adherent dirt (organic soil), oil and grease

(hydrocarbons), welding and soldering flux, mill varnish, pipe compounds, rust (iron oxide), and other deleterious substances not removed by initial flushing. Removal of tightly adherent mill scale is not required.

- B. Fill system with fresh water and add manufacturer's recommended volume of system cleaner to remove grease and petroleum products from piping. Circulate solution for 48 hours at a minimum velocity of 6 fps.
 - 1. Utilize defoamers to preclude damage to existing work and adjacent electrical equipment.
 - Utilize heat to maximize effectiveness of compounds or use live steam injection where practical and safe. Do not raise cleaning water temperature in excess of controlled limits.
- C. Monitor flow rates and clean strainers as required to maintain minimum specified velocity during the entire circulation and chemical cleaning period.
- D. Cleaning of new piping systems shall be completed prior to connection of systems to existing services.
- Install temporary strainer screens between pipe flange Ε. faces where necessary to protect primary system from branch connections during chemical cleaning procedures.
- Following chemical cleaning:
 - 1. Remove, clean, and reinstall strainer baskets.
 - 2. Blow down and clean low points, dirt legs, and traps.
- G. Drain systems:
 - Check with local authorities concerning discharge requirements and submit copies of letters or reports.
 - If acceptable, drain system to sanitary drainage 2. system.
 - Do not under any circumstances drain to storm drainage system or open drainage ditch.
 - If discharge requirements do not allow discharge to sanitary sewer, secure the services of a licensed disposal Contractor.
 - Disposal Contractors:
 - a. Dynecol.
 - b. SQS Environmental.
- H. Perform final flush to remove any remaining debris and chemical from the system:

- Flush dead ends and isolated pre-cleaned equipment.
- 2. Operate valves to dislodge debris in valve body.
- 3. Flush for not less than 1 hour.

3.5 PLACING INTO OPERATION

- A. Clean strainers.
- B. Dewater and clean new sumps, basins, storage vessels and pressure vessels.
- C. Disassemble, inspect, clean, repair, replace and reassemble any critical component or questionable item. Bellows style, and hose and braid flexible connectors left in place shall be removed and cleaned.
- D. Preliminarily adjust control valves.
- Install clean primary filter elements, if necessary, as Ε. determined by both pressure differential across filter and visual inspection of filter elements.
- F. Close-up and fill system as soon as possible to minimize corrosion of untreated surfaces.
- G. Vent air from system and adjust fill valve.
- Η. Immediately after completion of flushing and chemical cleaning, fill systems with potable water and make ready for chemical treatment as specified in Division 15 Section "HVAC Water Treatment."

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Α. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Withdraw, inspect, and test samples of water from each system after flushing and chemical cleaning is completed, to ensure system is free of contaminants.
 - 2. If loose debris or contaminants are still present, repeat final flushing procedures until test samples and strainers remain free of debris and contaminants.

END OF SECTION 15188

SECTION 15189 - HVAC WATER TREATMENT

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Piping Systems Flushing and Chemical Cleaning."

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. CPVC: Chlorinated Polyvinyl Chloride.
- B. EEPROM: Electrically erasable, programmable read-only memory.

- C. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene monomer.
- D. FMP: Fluoroelastomer.
- E. Low Voltage: As defined in NFPA 70 for circuits and equipment operating at less than 50 V or for remotecontrol, signaling power-limited circuits.
- F. MDA: Michigan Department of Agriculture.
- G. RO: Reverse osmosis.
- H. TDS: Total dissolved solids.
- I. PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
- J. UV: Ultraviolet.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Furnish the services of a firm specializing in hydronic piping system water treatment work.
 - 1. This firm shall furnish and administer glycol for systems using glycol/water mix.
- Water quality for HVAC systems shall minimize corrosion, scale buildup, and biological growth for optimum efficiency of HVAC equipment without creating a hazard to operating personnel or the environment.
- C. Base HVAC water treatment on quality of water available at Project site, HVAC system equipment material characteristics and functional performance characteristics, operating personnel capabilities, and requirements and quidelines of authorities having jurisdiction.
- Closed hydronic systems, including hot-water heating with non-aluminum boilers and chilled water, shall have the following water qualities:
 - 1. pH: Maintain a value within 9.0 to 10.5.
 - "P" Alkalinity: Maintain a value within 100 to 500
 - 3. Boron: Maintain a value within 100 to 200 ppm.
 - Chemical Oxygen Demand: Maintain a maximum value of 100 ppm.

- Soluble Copper: Maintain a maximum value of 0.20 Insert number ppm.
- TDS: Maintain a maximum value of 5000 mmhos.
- 7. Free Caustic Alkalinity: Maintain a maximum value of 20 ppm.
- 8. Microbiological Limits:
 - a. Total Aerobic Plate Count: Maintain a maximum value of 1000 organisms/ml.
 - Total Anaerobic Plate Count: Maintain a maximum value of 100 organisms/ml.
 - c. Ammonia: Maintain a maximum value of 20 ppm.
 - d. Nitrate Reducers: Maintain a maximum value of 100 organisms/ml.
 - e. Sulfate Reducers: Maintain a maximum value of 0 organisms/ml.
 - f. Iron Bacteria: Maintain a maximum value of 0 organisms/ml.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories for the following products:
 - 1. Bypass feeders.
 - 2. Water meters.
 - 3. Inhibitor injection timers.
 - 4. pH controllers.
 - 5. TDS controllers.
 - 6. Biocide feeder timers.
 - 7. Chemical solution tanks.
 - 8. Injection pumps.
 - 9. Ozone generators.
 - 10. UV-irradiation units.
 - 11. Chemical test equipment.
 - 12. Chemical material safety data sheets.
 - 13. Water softeners.
 - 14. RO units.
- B. Shop Drawings: Pretreatment and chemical treatment equipment showing tanks, maintenance space required, and piping connections to HVAC systems. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Wiring Diagrams: Power and control wiring.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.

- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: For sensors, injection pumps, and controllers to include in operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 1. Submit under provisions of Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements" and as supplemented in this Section.
 - 2. Submit following operation and maintenance data as minimum for purified water system.
 - a. Furnish complete instruction manuals for installation, operation, maintenance, and lubrication requirements for each component of mechanical and electrical equipment or system.
 - b. Each instruction manual shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1) Diagrams and illustrations.
 - 2) Detailed description of the function of each principal component of the system.
 - 3) Performance and nameplate data.
 - 4) Installation instructions.
 - 5) Procedures for starting.
 - 6) Proper adjustment.
 - 7) Test procedures and recording of operation data.
 - 8) Procedures for operating.
 - 9) Shutdown and restart instructions.
 - 10) Emergency operating instructions and trouble-shooting guide.
 - 11) Safety precautions.
 - 12) Maintenance and overhaul instructions which shall include detailed assembly drawings with part numbers, recommended spare parts list, instructions for ordering spare parts (including suppliers names), and complete preventive maintenance instructions required to ensure satisfactory performance and longevity of the equipment.
 - 13) Lubrication instructions, which shall list points to be greased or oiled, shall recommend type, grade, and temperature range of lubricants, and shall recommend frequency of lubrication.
 - 14) List of electrical relay settings and control and alarm contact settings.
 - 15) Electrical interconnection wiring diagram for equipment furnished, including all control.

- Manual shall be complete in all respects for all equipment, controls, accessories, and associated appurtenances.
- Each O&M Manual shall be transmitted to the d. Owner's representative and Architect prior to installation of the equipment and all equipment shall be serviced by the manufacturer accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations prior to operation. A service record shall be maintained on each item of equipment and shall be delivered to the Owner's representative and Architect prior to final acceptance of the project.

Other Informational Submittals: Ε.

- Water-Treatment Program: Written sequence of operation on an annual basis for the application equipment required to achieve water quality defined in the "Performance Requirements" Article above.
- An analytical review of make-up water characteristics for each treated system operating conditions, including such items as Langlier/Ryzner Indexes. Based on this review, provide a definitive description of treatment system developed to achieve specified objectives and include generic terms to describe product formulation content and function. Detailed proprietary formulation data is not required. However, manufacturer's standard published literature is not usually acceptable.
- 3. A step-by-step procedure to be followed by the Contractor during flushing, purging, disinfecting, draining, disposal, pretreatment and treatment operations. The intent of the step-by-step procedure is two-fold.
 - a. To assure that all essential permanent provisions to accomplish the above work are included during the course of construction.
 - b. To allow the Owner to accomplish the source procedures as subsequent maintenance operations.
- F. Provide OSHA equivalent materials form for hazardous substances.

1.5 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. HVAC Water-Treatment Service Provider Qualifications: An experienced HVAC water-treatment service provider capable of analyzing water qualities, installing water-treatment equipment, and applying water treatment as specified in this Section.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Conform to applicable codes for addition of non-potable chemicals to building mechanical systems, and for delivery to public sewage systems.

1.6 OWNER'S INSTRUCTIONS

- Provide a coordinated water treatment training program oriented to the needs common to operating personnel and maintenance personnel and to the needs of maintenance personnel only, sufficiently prior to acceptance of the work, upon mutually satisfactory arrangement with the Architect.
- B. Provide a total of not less than eight "field" hours encompassing mechanical, electrical, chemical, pollution and safety aspects, sufficient for personnel to operate and maintain systems and consistently achieve specified objectives, with subsequently scheduled guidance by the water treatment laboratory.
- C. Water treatment laboratory chemical engineer, complemented by instrument engineer, supplemented by Contractor's staff, shall comprise the training staff.
- Training materials shall include "survey," limits control D. program, shop drawings, operating and maintenance manuals, safe handling of chemicals, chemical testing, use of log sheets and demonstrations of installed and functioning systems.
- On completion of the installation of the entire purified water system, conduct a thorough check and test of all components in the system. During this period, instruct the Owner's personnel in the theory, operation,

maintenance of the system. When this work is finished, start up the system and operate it for as long as necessary to complete two consecutive days of operation at the specified performance levels. During this period, continue to instruct the Owner's personnel.

1.7 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- Α. Scope of Maintenance Service: Provide chemicals and service program to maintain water conditions required above to inhibit corrosion, scale formation, biological growth for cooling, chilled-water piping heating, hot-water piping and equipment. Services and chemicals shall be provided for a period of one year from date of Substantial Completion, and shall include the following:
 - Provide piping/plumbing recommendation to optimize chemical program results.
 - Initial water analysis and HVAC water-treatment 2. recommendations.
 - 3. Startup assistance for Contractor to flush the systems, clean with detergents, and initially fill systems with required chemical treatment prior to operation.
 - 4. Quarterly field service and consultation.
 - 5. Customer report charts and log sheets.
 - 6. Laboratory technical analysis.
 - Analyses and reports of all chemical items concerning safety and compliance with government regulations.
- Glycol manufacturer shall provide testing services every six months of samples submitted by the Owner. Fluid shall be tested at no charge for: glycol percent, pH, reserve alkalinity, dissolved metals, magnesium, calcium, chlorides, acidity, and inhibitor components. Testing service shall be for the life of the fluid.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- Manufacturers/Suppliers: Unless otherwise specified, and subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Base Bid Manufacturer:
 - a. Chemtex Corporation, (Glenn Martin, 248-880-4547).
 - 2. Alternate Manufacturers:

- a. Ashland Specialty Chemical Company; Drew Industrial Div.
- b. Eldon Water (Patrick Racine, Christa Blades, or Pierre Beausoleil, 888-712-4000).
- c. Enerco Corporation (Doug White 517-627-8444 or 800-292-5908).
- d. GE Power & Water; Water & Process Technologies.
- e. Mitco Custom Water Treatment (Gordon Chapin, 800-516-2175).
- f. Nalco, an Ecolab Company (734-751-2387).
- q. H-O-H Chemicals, Inc.(H.V. Burton Co., 734-261-4220)

2.2 CHEMICAL FEED PIPE AND FITTINGS

CPVC Piping:

- 1. CPVC Schedule 80 Pipe: ASTM F 441/ F 441M.
- CPVC Schedule 80 Fittings: ASTM F 439, socket type or ASTM F 437, threaded type.
- 3. Isolation Valves: Three-piece true union style ball valve constructed of CPVC with TFE seats, and FPM or EPDM o-ring seals.

Stainless-Steel Pipes And Fittings: В.

- 1. Stainless-Steel Tubing: Comply with ASTM A 269, Type 316.
- Stainless-Steel Fittings: Complying with ASTM A 815/A 815M, Type 316, Grade WP-S.
- 3. Two-Piece, Full-Port, Stainless-Steel Ball Valves: ASTM A 351, Type 316 stainless-steel body; ASTM A 276, Type 316 stainless-steel stem and vented ball, carbonfilled TFE seats, threaded body design with adjustable stem packing, threaded ends, and 250-psig SWP and 600psig CWP ratings.

2.3 CHEMICAL TREATMENT TEST EQUIPMENT

Α. Test Kit: Manufacturer-recommended equipment and chemicals in a wall-mounting cabinet for testing pH, TDS, inhibitor, chloride, alkalinity, and hardness; sulfite and testable polymer tests for high-pressure boilers, and oxidizing biocide test for open cooling systems.

B. Sample Cooler:

- 1. Tube: Sample.
 - a. Size: NPS 1/4 tubing.
 - b. Material: ASTM A 666, Type 316 stainless steel.

- c. Pressure Rating: Minimum 2000 psig.
- d. Temperature Rating: Minimum 850 deg F.
- Shell: Cooling water.
 - a. Material: ASTM A 666, Type 304 stainless steel.
 - b. Pressure Rating: Minimum 250 psig.
 - c. Temperature Rating: Minimum 450 deg F.
- Capacities and Characteristics: 3.
 - Tube: Sample.
 - 1) Flow Rate: 0.25 gpm.
 - 2) Entering Temperature: 400 deg F.
 - 3) Leaving Temperature: 88 deg F.
 - 4) Pressure Loss: 6.5 psig.
 - b. Shell: Cooling water.
 - 1) Flow Rate: 3 gpm.
 - 2) Entering Temperature: 70 deg F.
 - 3) Pressure Loss: 1.0 psiq.
- C. Corrosion Test-Coupon Assembly (Corrosion Racks): Constructed of corrosive-resistant material, complete with piping, valves, and mild steel and copper coupons. Locate copper coupon downstream from mild steel coupon in the test-coupon assembly.
 - 1. Two-station rack for closed-loop systems.
 - 2. Four-station rack for open systems.
 - 3. Include 1-inch diameter, chemical resistant acrylic flowmeter suitable for 1 to 20 gpm at exit of coupon rack.

2.4 CHEMICALS

- Chemicals shall be as recommended by water-treatment system manufacturer that are compatible with piping system components and connected equipment, and that can attain water quality specified in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.
- Water Softener Chemicals: В.
 - 1. Mineral: High-capacity, sulfonated-polystyrene ionexchange resin that is stable over entire pH range with good resistance to bead fracture from attrition or shock. Resin exchange capacity minimum 30,000 grains/cu. ft. of calcium carbonate of resin when regenerated with 15 lb of salt.
 - Salt for Brine Tanks: High-purity sodium chloride, free of dirt and foreign material. Rock and granulated forms are not acceptable.

- Inhibited Ethylene Glycol: Industrially inhibited ethylene glycol, easily analyzed for glycol concentration and inhibitor level, and easily re-inhibited using replacement inhibitor readily available from fluid manufacturer. Premix inhibited glycol solution and deionized water to specified concentration. Automotive anti-freeze is unacceptable. Premixed solution shall be supplied in 55 gallon drums complete with manual transfer pumps.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Dow Chemical; Dowtherm SR-1.
 - b. Eldon Water.
 - c. Houghton Chemical Corporation.
 - d. Interstate Chemical Company; Intercool OP100.
 - e. Nalco, an Ecolab Company.
 - f. PVS-Nolwood Chemicals, Inc.; Chill EGHD.
- Inhibited Propylene Glycol: Single nationally marketed brand of propylene glycol, inhibited for industrial applications, and readily available in bulk quantities from a firm offering free testing and advisory service to bulk users as to inhibitor replenishment needs. Premix inhibited glycol solution and deionized water to specified concentration. Automotive anti-freeze is unacceptable. Premixed solution shall be supplied in 55 gallon drums complete with manual transfer pumps.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Dow Chemical; Dowfrost HD.
 - b. Eldon Water.
 - c. Houghton Chemical Corporation.
 - d. Interstate Chemical Company; Intercool P300.
 - e. Nalco, an Ecolab Company.
 - f. PVS-Nolwood Chemicals, Inc.; Chill PGHD.
- For Aluminum Boilers: Use one of the following: В.
 - 1. Uninhibited Virgin Propylene Glycol: Single nationally marketed brand of propylene glycol readily available in bulk quantities from a firm offering free testing and advisory service to bulk users. Premix glycol solution and deionized water to specified concentration and add multi-metal corrosion inhibitor as recommended by boiler manufacturer. Automotive anti-freeze is unacceptable.

- a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1) Dow Chemical.
 - 2) Eldon Water.
 - 3) Interstate Chemical Company.
 - 4) Nalco, an Ecolab Company.
 - 5) PVS-Nolwood Chemicals, Inc.
- 2. Multi-Metal Corrosion Inhibitor and Dispersant: Neutral pH formulation designed to provide corrosion inhibition of ferrous, stainless, copper, and aluminum alloys in closed recirculating water systems, and also containing polymeric dispersants and sequestrants to aid in maintaining clean internal surfaces.
 - a. Dispersant Package: Quadpolymer/phosphonate blend.
 - b. Molybdenum Tracer: For ease of testing and control.
 - c. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1) Fernox USA.
 - 2) H-O-H Water Technology, Inc.
 - 3) Rhomar Water Management, Inc.; Pro-Tek AL.
 - 4) Sentinel Performance Solutions Ltd.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WATER ANALYSIS

A. Perform an analysis of supply water to determine quality of water available at Project site.

3.2 TNSTALLATION

- Install chemical application equipment on concrete bases, level and plumb. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances. Arrange units so controls and devices that require servicing are accessible. Anchor chemical tanks and floor-mounting accessories to substrate.
- В. Install water testing equipment on wall near water chemical application equipment.
- Install meters and equipment requiring service at a С. maximum 60 inches above finished floor.

- D. Install interconnecting control wiring for chemical treatment controls and sensors.
- E. Mount sensors and injectors in piping circuits.
- F. Bypass Feeders: Install in closed hydronic systems, including hot-water heating, and equipped with the following:
 - Install bypass feeder in a bypass circuit on main header having pressure differential greater than or equal to 20 psig, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
 - 2. Install test-coupon assembly in bypass circuit around circulating pumps, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
 - Install a gate or full-port ball isolation valves on inlet, outlet, and drain below feeder inlet.
 - 4. Install a swing check on inlet after the isolation valve.
- Install glycol feed system in accordance with G. manufacturers instructions.

GLYCOL INSTALLATION 3.3

- A. Clean and flush glycol system before adding premixed glycol solution.
- B. Fill systems indicated to have antifreeze or glycol solutions with the following premixed concentrations. Batch feeding of glycol is prohibited.
 - 1. Hot-Water Heating Piping: Minimum 30 percent propylene glycol.
 - 2. Chilled-Water Piping: Minimum 30 percent propylene glycol.
- C. Perform tests determining strength of glycol and water solution and submit written test results.

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to equipment to allow service and maintenance.

- C. Make piping connections between HVAC water-treatment equipment and dissimilar-metal piping with dielectric fittings. Dielectric fittings are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- D. Install make-up water meters where indicated on the drawings.
- E. Install shutoff valves on HVAC water-treatment equipment inlet and outlet. Metal general-duty valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Valves."
- F. Refer to Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for backflow preventers required in makeup water connections to potable-water systems.
- G. Confirm applicable electrical requirements in Division 16 Sections for connecting electrical equipment.
- H. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- I. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections. Report results in writing.
- Tests and Inspections: В.
 - 1. Inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, including piping and electrical connections.
 - Inspect piping and equipment to determine that systems and equipment have been cleaned, flushed, and filled with water, and are fully operational before introducing chemicals for water-treatment system.
 - Place HVAC water-treatment system into operation and calibrate controls during the preliminary phase of HVAC systems' startup procedures.
 - Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is tested and satisfactory test results are achieved.

- Test for leaks and defects. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
- Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, and replaced water piping until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that has been covered or concealed before it has been tested and approved.
- Cap and subject piping to static water pressure of 50 psig above operating pressure, without exceeding pressure rating of piping system materials. Isolate test source and allow test pressure to stand for four hours. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects.
- Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping until no leaks exist.
- Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as С. specified above.
- Sample boiler water at one-week intervals after boiler D. startup for a period of five weeks, and prepare test report advising Owner of changes necessary to adhere to Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article for each required characteristic. Sample boiler water at four -week intervals following the testing noted above to show that automatic chemical-feed systems are maintaining water quality within performance requirements specified in this Section.
- At four -week intervals following Substantial Completion, Ε. perform separate water analyses on hydronic systems to show that automatic chemical-feed systems are maintaining water quality within performance requirements specified in this Section. Submit written reports of water analysis advising Owner of changes necessary to adhere to Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article.
- Comply with ASTM D 3370 and with the following standards:
 - 1. Silica: ASTM D 859.
 - 2. Steam System: ASTM D 1066.
 - 3. Acidity and Alkalinity: ASTM D 1067.
 - 4. Iron: ASTM D 1068.
 - 5. Water Hardness: ASTM D 1126.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain HVAC water-treatment systems and equipment. Refer to Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."

END OF SECTION 15189

SECTION 15410 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

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	3.7 PROTECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 02 Section "Water Distribution" for exterior plumbing fixtures and hydrants.
 - 2. Division 10 Section "Toilet and Bath Accessories."

- 3. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
- 4. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- 5. Division 15 Section "Drinking Fountains and Water Coolers."
- 6. Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for backflow preventers; individual-fixture, water tempering valves; and specialty fixtures not included in this Section.
- 7. Division 15 Section "Drainage Piping Specialties" for floor drains, and specialty fixtures not included in this Section.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
- B. Accessible Fixture: Plumbing fixture that can be approached, entered, and used by people with disabilities.
- C. Cast Polymer: Cast-filled-polymer-plastic material. This material includes cultured-marble and solid-surface materials.
- D. Cultured Marble: Cast-filled-polymer-plastic material with surface coating.
- E. Fitting: Device that controls the flow of water into or out of the plumbing fixture. Fittings specified in this Section include supplies and stops, faucets and spouts, shower heads and tub spouts, drains and tailpieces, and traps and waste pipes. Piping and general-duty valves are included where indicated.
- F. FRP: Fiberglass-reinforced plastic.
- G. PMMA: Polymethyl methacrylate (acrylic) plastic.
- H. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.
- I. Solid Surface: Nonporous, homogeneous, cast-polymerplastic material with heat-, impact-, scratch-, and stainresistance qualities.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of plumbing fixture indicated. Include selected fixture and trim, fittings, accessories, appliances, appurtenances, equipment, and supports. Indicate materials and finishes, dimensions, construction details, and flow-control rates.
- B. Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Counter cutout templates for mounting of counter-mounted plumbing fixtures.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: For plumbing fixtures and trim to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

OUALITY ASSURANCE 1.4

- Source Limitations: Obtain plumbing fixtures, faucets, and other components of each category through one source from a single manufacturer.
 - 1. Exception: If fixtures, faucets, or other components are not available from a single manufacturer, obtain similar products from other manufacturers specified for that category.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in ICC A117.1, "Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities"; Public Law 90-480, "Architectural Barriers Act"; and Public Law 101-336, "Americans with Disabilities Act"; for plumbing fixtures for people with disabilities.
- Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in Public Law 102-486, "Energy Policy Act," about water flow and consumption rates for plumbing fixtures.
- E. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in Public Law 111-380, "Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act," about lead content in materials that will be in contact with potable water for human consumption.

- Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components -Health Effects; Sections 1 through 9," and NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components - Lead Content for potable domestic water piping and components.
- G. Select combinations of fixtures and trim, faucets, fittings, and other components that are compatible.
- Comply with applicable ANSI, ASME, ASSE, ASTM, ICC, NSF, and UL standards and other requirements specified for plumbing fixtures, trim, fittings, components, and features.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WATER CLOSETS

- A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.2 WATER CLOSET FLUSHOMETERS
 - A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.

2.3 URINALS

- A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.4 URINAL FLUSHOMETERS
 - A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.5 TOILET SEATS
 - A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.6 LAVATORIES
 - A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.7 LAVATORY FAUCETS
 - A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.8 COUNTER-MOUNTING SINKS
 - A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.

2.9 SERVICE SINKS

- A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.10 SINK FAUCETS
 - A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.11 WASH FOUNTAINS
 - A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.12 SHOWER FAUCETS
 - A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.13 FIXTURE SUPPLIES
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, Α. provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. BrassCraft; a Masco Company.
 - 2. McGuire Mfg. Co., Inc.
 - 3. Any of the approved plumbing fixture manufacturers.
 - B. Description: Chrome-plated brass, loose-key or screwdriver angle stops with brass stems; rigid, chromeplated copper risers; and chrome-plated wall flanges.
- 2.14 PROTECTIVE SHIELDING GUARDS
 - Protective Shielding Pipe Covers (PSG-1):
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Engineered Brass Co.
 - b. Insul-Tect Products Co.; a Subsidiary of MVG Molded Products.
 - c. McGuire Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - d. Plumberex Specialty Products Inc.
 - e. TCI Products; SG-200BV.
 - f. TRUEBRO, Inc.
 - q. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Z8946-3-NT.
 - Description: Manufactured plastic wraps for covering plumbing fixture hot- and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements.

2.15 FIXTURE SUPPORTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Josam Company.
 - 2. MIFAB Manufacturing Inc.
 - 3. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.
 - Tyler Pipe; Wade Div. 4.
 - 5. Watts Drainage Products Inc.; a div. of Watts Industries, Inc.
 - Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

Water-Closet Supports: В.

- Description: Combination carrier designed for wallmounting, water-closet-type fixture. Include:
 - a. Single or double, vertical or horizontal, hub-andspigot or hubless waste fitting as required for piping arrangement.
 - b. Faceplates; couplings with gaskets; feet; and fixture bolts and hardware matching fixture.
 - c. Cast iron nipple and coupling kit.
 - d. Additional extension coupling, faceplate, and feet for installation in wide pipe space.

C. Urinal Supports:

- Description: For wall-mounting, urinal-type fixture. Include steel uprights with feet.
- 2. Accessible-Fixture Support: Include rectangular steel uprights.

Lavatory Supports: D.

- Description: Lavatory carrier with concealed arms and tie rods for wall-mounting, lavatory-type fixture. Include steel uprights with feet.
- Accessible-Fixture Support: Include rectangular steel uprights.

Sink Supports: Ε.

- Description: For wall-mounting sink-type fixture. Include steel uprights with feet.
 - a. Type I, sink carrier with exposed arms and tie rods.
 - b. Type II, sink carrier with hanger plate, bear studs, and tie rod.

c. Type III, sink carrier with hanger plate and exposed arms.

2.16 DISPOSERS

A. Disposers, D-1:

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. In-Sink-Erator; a div. of Emerson Electric Co.
- 2. Description: Continuous-feed, household type foodwaste disposer. Include reset button; wall switch; corrosion-resistant chamber with jam-resistant, cutlery- or stainless-steel grinder or shredder; NPS 1-1/2 outlet; quick-mounting, stainless-steel sink flange; antisplash guard; and combination cover/stopper.
 - a. Motor: 115-V ac, 1725 rpm, 3/4 hp with overload protection.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in of water supply and sanitary drainage and vent piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before plumbing fixture installation.
- B. Examine cabinets, counters, floors, and walls for suitable conditions where fixtures will be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Assemble plumbing fixtures, trim, fittings, and other components according to manufacturers' written instructions.
- Install off-floor supports, affixed to building substrate, for wall-mounting fixtures.
 - 1. Use carrier supports with waste fitting and seal for back-outlet fixtures.
 - 2. Use carrier supports without waste fitting for fixtures with tubular waste piping.

- Use chair-type carrier supports with rectangular steel uprights for accessible fixtures.
- С. Install back-outlet, wall-mounting fixtures onto waste fitting seals and attach to supports.
- D. Install floor-mounting fixtures on closet flanges or other attachments to piping or building substrate.
- Install wall-mounting fixtures with tubular waste piping Ε. attached to supports.
- Install counter-mounting fixtures in and attached to F. casework.
- Install fixtures level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings. Install accessible fixtures at heights required by local codes.
- Install water-supply piping with stop on each supply to each fixture to be connected to water distribution piping. Attach supplies to supports or substrate within pipe spaces behind fixtures. Install stops in locations where they can be easily reached for operation.
 - Exception: Fixtures with flushometer valves, and faucets or valves with integral stops.
- Install ASSE 1070 water-temperature limiting devices on supplies for lavatories and sinks that will be used for handwashing, and where specified. Refer to Division 15 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."
- Install trap and tubular waste piping on drain outlet of J. each fixture to be directly connected to sanitary drainage system.
- Install tubular waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be indirectly connected to drainage system.
- L. Install protective shielding guards PSG-1 on exposed traps and supplies of lavatories, and sinks used for hand washing.
- Install tanks for accessible, tank-type water closets with Μ. lever handle mounted on wide side of compartment.
- N. Install toilet seats on water closets.

- Install faucet-spout fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.
- P. Install water-supply flow-control fittings with specified flow rates in fixture supplies at stop valves.
- Install faucet flow-control fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.
- Install shower flow-control fittings with specified maximum flow rates in shower arms.
- Install traps on fixture outlets.
 - 1. Exception: Omit trap on fixtures with integral traps.
 - 2. Exception: Omit trap on indirect wastes, unless otherwise indicated.
- Install disposer in outlet of each sink indicated to have т. disposer. Install switch where indicated or in wall adjacent to sink if location is not indicated.
- U. Install dishwasher air-gap fitting at each sink indicated to have air-gap fitting. Connect inlet hose to dishwasher and outlet hose to disposer.
- V. Install escutcheons at piping wall ceiling penetrations in exposed, finished locations and within cabinets and millwork. Use deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings. Escutcheons are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- W. Seal joints between fixtures and walls, floors, and countertops using sanitary-type, one-part, mildewresistant silicone sealant. Match sealant color to fixture color. Sealants are specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

- B. Connect fixtures with water supplies, stops, and risers, and with traps, soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures.
- Individual water line branches, waste lines, vents, and traps for connection to individual fixtures, fixture fittings and specialties shall be in accordance with the schedule on the Drawings.
- D. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL 3.4

- A. Verify that installed plumbing fixtures are categories and types specified for locations where installed.
- B. Check that plumbing fixtures are complete with trim, faucets, fittings, and other specified components.
- Inspect installed plumbing fixtures for damage. Replace damaged fixtures and components.
- installed fixtures after water systems D. pressurized for proper operation. Replace malfunctioning fixtures and components, then retest. Repeat procedure until units operate properly.

3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Operate and adjust faucets and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning fixtures, fittings, and controls.
- Operate and adjust disposers. Replace damaged and В. malfunctioning units.
- C. Adjust water pressure at faucets and flushometer valves to produce proper flow and stream.
- D. Replace washers and seals, or cartridges of leaking and dripping faucets and stops.
- Ε. Install fresh batteries in sensor-operated mechanisms.

3.6 CLEANING

- A. Clean fixtures, faucets, and other fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials. Do the following:
 - 1. Remove faucet spouts and strainers, remove sediment and debris, and reinstall strainers and spouts.
 - 2. Remove sediment and debris from drains.
- B. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished fixtures, faucets, and fittings, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.

3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Provide protective covering for installed fixtures and fittings.
- B. Do not allow use of plumbing fixtures for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by Owner. END OF SECTION 15410

SECTIO	N 15415 - DRINKING FOUNTAINS, WATER COOLERS, AND CUSPIDORS
1.1 1 1.2 1 1.3 8	- GENERAL
2.1	- PRODUCTS
3.11 3.22 3.33 3.40 3.51 3.62	- EXECUTION
PART 1	- GENERAL
1.1	RELATED DOCUMENTS
(Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
	Related Sections include the following: 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements." 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Accessible Drinking Fountain or Water Cooler: Fixture that can be approached and used by people with disabilities.
- B. Cast Polymer: Dense, cast-filled-polymer plastic.
- C. Drinking Fountain: Fixture with nozzle for delivering stream of water for drinking.

- D. Fitting: Device that controls flow of water into or out of fixture.
- E. Fixture: Drinking fountain or water cooler.
- F. Remote Water Cooler: Electrically powered equipment for generating cooled drinking water.
- G. TDS: Total dissolved solids.
- Water Cooler: Electrically powered fixture for generating and delivering cooled drinking water.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each fixture indicated. Include rated capacities, furnished specialties, and accessories.
- Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring. В.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fixtures to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in ICC A117.1, "Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities"; Public Law 90-480, "Architectural Barriers Act"; and Public Law 101-336, "Americans with Disabilities Act"; for fixtures for people with disabilities.
- C. NSF Standard: Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components--Health Effects," for fixture materials that will be in contact with potable water.
- AHRI Standard: Comply with AHRI's "Directory of Certified Drinking Water Coolers" for style classifications.
- AHRI Standard: Comply with AHRI 1010, "Self-Contained, Ε. Mechanically Refrigerated Drinking-Water Coolers," for water coolers and with AHRI's "Directory of Certified

Drinking Water Coolers" for type and style classifications.

F. ASHRAE Standard: Comply with ASHRAE 34, "Designation and Safety Classification of Refrigerants," for water coolers. Provide HFC 134a (tetrafluoroethane) refrigerant, unless otherwise indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 PRESSURE (ELECTRIC) WATER COOLERS
 - A. Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.2 DRINKING FOUNTAINS
 - Refer to Plumbing Fixture Schedule.
- 2.3 FIXTURE SUPPORTS
 - A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Josam Co.
 - 2. MIFAB Manufacturing, Inc.
 - 3. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.
 - 4. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
 - 5. Watts Drainage Products Inc.; a div. of Watts Industries, Inc.
 - Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage 6. Operation.
 - Description: ASME A112.6.1M, water cooler carriers. Include vertical, steel uprights with feet and tie rods and bearing plates with mounting studs matching fixture to be supported.
 - Hanger-type carrier with two vertical 1. Type I: uprights.
 - 2. Type II: Bilevel, hanger-type carrier with three vertical uprights.
 - 3. Supports for Accessible Fixtures: Include rectangular, vertical, steel uprights instead of steel pipe uprights.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in for water and waste piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before fixture installation. Verify that sizes and locations of piping and types of supports match those indicated.
- B. Examine walls and floors for suitable conditions where fixtures are to be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 APPLICATIONS

- A. Use carrier off-floor supports for wall-mounting fixtures, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Use mounting frames for recessed water coolers, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Set freestanding and pedestal drinking fountains on floor.
- D. Set remote water coolers on floor, unless otherwise indicated.
- Use chrome-plated brass or copper tube, fittings, and valves in locations exposed to view. Plain copper tube, fittings, and valves may be used in concealed locations.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- Install off-floor supports affixed to building substrate and attach wall-mounting fixtures, unless otherwise indicated.
- Install mounting frames affixed to building construction and attach recessed water coolers to mounting frames, unless otherwise indicated.
- Install fixtures level and plumb. For fixtures indicated for children, install at height required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Install water-supply piping with shutoff valve on supply to each fixture to be connected to water distribution

piping. Use ball, gate, or globe valve. Install valves in locations where they can be easily reached for operation. Valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Valves."

- Install trap and waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be connected to sanitary drainage system.
- Install pipe escutcheons at wall penetrations in exposed, F. finished locations. Use deep-pattern escutcheons where required to conceal protruding pipe fittings. Escutcheons are specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- G. Seal joints between fixtures and walls and floors using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant, silicone sealant. Match sealant color to fixture color. Sealants are specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Sections. Drawings indicate general Division 15 arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect fixtures with water supplies, stops, and risers, and with traps, soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures.
- C. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section D. "Conductors and Cables."

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Water Cooler Testing: After electrical circuitry has been Α. energized, test for compliance with requirements. Test and adjust controls and safeties.
 - 1. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
 - 2. Report test results in writing.

3.6 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust fixture flow regulators for proper flow and stream height.

- B. Adjust water cooler temperature settings.
- 3.7 CLEANING
 - A. After completing fixture installation, inspect unit. Remove paint splatters and other spots, dirt, and debris. Repair damaged finish to match original finish.
 - B. Clean fixtures, on completion of installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 15415

SECTION 15513 - CONDENSING BOILERS

PART 1 - GENERAL
1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS
1.2 SUBMITTALS
1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE
1.4 COORDINATION
1.4 COORDINATION
PART 2 - PRODUCTS
2.1 MODULAR CAST-ALUMINUM CONDENSING BOILERS
2.2 HOT-WATER BOILER TRIM
2.3 CONTROLS
2.4 ELECTRICAL POWER
2.5 ACCESSORIES
2.6 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL
PART 3 - EXECUTION
3.1 EXAMINATION
3.2 BOILER INSTALLATION
3.3 CONNECTIONS
3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
3.5 DEMONSTRATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "HVAC Water Treatment" for corrosion inhibitors required for modular castaluminum condensing boilers.
 - 4. Division 15 Section "Breeching, Chimneys, and Stacks."

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include performance data, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.

- Shop Drawings: For boilers, boiler trim, and accessories. В. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - Design calculations and vibration isolation base 1. details.
 - a. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for selecting vibration and for designing vibration isolation bases.
 - b. Vibration Isolation Base Details: fabrication including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include auxiliary motor slides and rails and equipment mounting frames.
 - 2. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- Source quality-control test reports.
- Field quality-control test reports. D.
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data: For boilers to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. ASME Compliance: Fabricate and label boilers to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- C. ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1 Compliance: Boilers shall have minimum efficiency according to "Gas and Oil Fired Boilers -Minimum Efficiency Requirements."
- DOE Compliance: Minimum efficiency shall comply with 10 CFR 430, Subpart B, Appendix N, "Uniform Test Method for Measuring the Energy Consumption of Furnaces and Boilers."
- E. UL Compliance: Test boilers for compliance with UL 795, "Commercial-Industrial Gas Heating Equipment." Boilers

shall be listed and labeled by a NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MODULAR CAST-ALUMINUM CONDENSING BOILERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. AERCO International; Modulex Series.
 - 2. Patterson-Kelley Co./a Harsco Co.; MACH Series.
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated, -assembled, and -tested, modular aluminum condensing boiler with heat exchanger sealed pressure tight, built on a steel base; including insulated jacket; flue-gas vent; combustion-air intake connections; water supply, return, and condensate drain connections; and controls. Water heating service only.
- C. Individual Heat Exchangers: Corrosion-resistant castaluminum alloy sections mounted in parallel. Water enters and exits through external headers. Water flow surrounds burner cavity.
- D. Burner: Cylindrical, natural gas, forced draft.
- Blower: Centrifugal fan to operate during each burner Ε. firing sequence and to prepurge and postpurge the combustion chamber.
 - 1. Motors: Comply with requirements specified in Division 15 Section "Motors."
 - a. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
- F. Gas Train: Combination venturi style gas valve with manual shutoff and pressure regulator.

G. Ignition: Spark ignition with 100 percent main-valve shutoff with electronic flame supervision.

H. Casing:

- 1. Jacket: Sheet metal, with snap-in or interlocking closures.
- 2. Control Compartment Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1A.
- 3. Finish: Baked-enamel or powder-coated protective finish.
- 4. Insulation: Minimum 2-inch- thick, mineral-fiber or polyurethane-foam insulation surrounding the heat exchanger.
- 5. Combustion-Air Connections: Inlet and vent duct collars.
- 6. Mounting base to secure boiler.
- I. Characteristics and Capacities: Refer to Schedule on Drawings.

2.2 HOT-WATER BOILER TRIM

- A. Include devices sized to comply with."
- B. Aquastat Controllers: Operating, firing rate, and high limit.
- C. Safety Relief Valve: ASME rated.
- D. Pressure and Temperature Gage: Minimum 3-1/2-inch-diameter, combination water-pressure and -temperature gage. Gages shall have operating-pressure and -temperature ranges so normal operating range is about 50 percent of full range.
- E. Boiler Air Vent: Automatic.
- F. Drain Valve: Minimum NPS 3/4 hose-end gate valve.
- G. Circulation Pump: Non-overloading, in-line pump with split-capacitor motor having thermal-overload protection and lubricated bearings; designed to operate at specified boiler pressures and temperatures.

2.3 CONTROLS

A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Temperature Controls."

- B. Boiler operating controls shall include the following devices and features:
 - 1. Control transformer.
 - 2. Set-Point Adjust: Set points shall be adjustable.
 - 3. Sequence of Operation: Electric, factory-fabricated and field-installed panel to control burner firing rate to maintain space temperature in response to thermostat with heat anticipator located in heated space.
 - a. Include automatic, alternating-firing sequence for multiple boilers to ensure maximum system efficiency throughout the load range and to provide equal runtime for boilers.
 - Provide contacts for connection to remote shutdown switch(es). Activation of remote shutdown switch shall cut power to the burner controls. Refer to Division 15 Section "Temperature Controls" for remote shutdown switches.
- C. Burner Operating Controls: To maintain safe operating conditions, burner safety controls limit burner operation.
 - 1. High Cutoff: Manual reset stops burner if operating conditions rise above maximum boiler design temperature.
 - 2. Low-Water Cutoff Switch: Electronic probe shall prevent burner operation on low water. Cutoff switch shall be manual-reset type.
 - 3. Blocked Inlet Safety Switch: Manual-reset pressure switch field mounted on boiler combustion-air inlet.
 - Audible Alarm: Factory mounted on control panel with silence switch; shall sound alarm for above conditions.
- Building Management System Interface: Factory install hardware and software to enable building management system to monitor, control, and display boiler status and alarms.
 - 1. Hardwired Points:
 - a. Monitoring: On/off status, common trouble alarm.
 - b. Control: On/off operation, hot water supply temperature set-point adjustment.

A communication interface with building management system shall enable building management system operator to remotely control and monitor the boiler from an operator workstation. Control features available, and monitoring points displayed, locally at boiler control panel shall be available through building management system.

2.4 ELECTRICAL POWER

- A. Controllers, Electrical Devices, and Wiring: Electrical devices and connections are specified in Division 16 Sections.
- Single-Point Field Power Connection: Factory-installed and -wired switches, motor controllers, transformers, and other electrical devices necessary shall provide a singlepoint field power connection to boiler.
 - House in NEMA 250, Type 1 enclosure.
 - Wiring shall be numbered and color-coded to match wiring diagram.
 - 3. Install factory wiring outside of an enclosure in a metal raceway.
 - 4. Field power interface shall be to lockable, nonfused disconnect switch.
 - Provide branch power circuit to each motor and to controls with a disconnect switch or circuit breaker.
 - 6. Provide each motor with overcurrent protection.

2.5 ACCESSORIES

- Flue Side Condensate Neutralizer:
 - Description: Designed to raise the PH level of flue side condensate to near neutral prior to condensate entering the sanitary drainage system.
 - Materials: Neutralizer constructed of PVC pipe and fittings mounted on channel strut base with galvanized or stainless steel clamps and hardware; and charged with calcium carbonate.
 - 3. Manufacturers:
 - a. BKI Industries, Inc.; Acid Neutralizer Kits.
 - b. J.J.M. Boiler Works; JM Neutralizing Tubes.
 - c. Any of the approved boiler manufacturers.

2.6 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Burner and Hydrostatic Test: Factory adjust burner to eliminate excess oxygen, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen emissions, and carbon monoxide in flue gas and to achieve combustion efficiency; perform hydrostatic test.
- Test and inspect factory-assembled boilers, before В. shipping, according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- C. Allow Owner access to source quality-control testing of boilers. Notify Architect 14 days in advance of testing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Before boiler installation, examine roughing-in for concrete equipment bases, anchor-bolt sizes and locations, and piping and electrical connections to verify actual locations, sizes, and other conditions affecting boiler performance, maintenance, and operations.
 - Final boiler locations indicated on Drawings are approximate. Determine exact locations before roughing-in for piping and electrical connections.
- Examine mechanical spaces for suitable conditions where В. boilers will be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

BOILER INSTALLATION 3.2

- Install boilers level on concrete base. Concrete base is Α. specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods," and concrete materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 03.
- Vibration Isolation: Elastomeric isolation pads with a В. minimum static deflection of 0.25 inch. Vibration isolation devices and installation requirements are specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration Controls."

- C. Install natural gas-fired boilers according to NFPA 54.
- D. Assemble and install boiler trim.
- Install electrical devices furnished with boiler but not E. specified to be factory mounted.
- F. Install control wiring to field-mounted electrical devices.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- Install piping adjacent to boiler to allow service and В. maintenance.
- C. Install piping from equipment drain connection to nearest floor drain. Piping shall be at least full size of connection. Provide an isolation valve if required.
- D. Connect piping to boilers, except safety relief valve connections, with flexible connectors of materials suitable for service. Flexible connectors and their installation are specified in Division 15 Section "Pipe Flexible Connectors, Expansion Fittings and Loops."
- E. Connect gas piping to boiler gas-train inlet with union. Piping shall be at least full size of gas train connection. Provide a reducer if required.
- F. Connect hot-water piping to supply- and return-boiler tappings with shutoff valve and union or flange at each connection.
- G. Install piping from safety relief valves to nearest floor drain.
- Install piping from safety valves to drip-pan elbow and to Η. nearest floor drain.
- I. Boiler Venting:
 - Install flue venting kit and combustion-air intake.

- 2. Connect full size to boiler connections. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Breechings, Chimneys, and Stacks."
- Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section J. "Grounding and Bonding."
- Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section Κ. "Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factoryauthorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.

B. Tests and Inspections:

- Perform installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- Leak Test: Hydrostatic test. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
- 3. Operational Test: Start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation. Adjust air-fuel ratio and combustion.
- Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - a. Check and adjust initial operating set points and high- and low-limit safety set points of fuel supply, water level and water temperature.
 - b. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges as indicated.
- C. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to Project during other than normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

3.5 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain boilers.

END OF SECTION 15513

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1. Special gas vents.

2. Guy wires and connectors.

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- B. Shop Drawings: For vents, breechings, chimneys, and stacks. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, methods of field assembly, components, hangers, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 2. Provide engineered sizing data.
- C. Welding certificates.
- D. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain listed system components through one source from a single manufacturer.
- B. Welding: Qualify processes and operators according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel," for hangers and supports and AWS D9.1, "Sheet Metal Welding Code," for shop and field welding of joints and seams in vents, breechings, and stacks.
- C. Certified Sizing Calculations: Manufacturer shall certify venting system sizing calculations.

1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.
- B. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories."

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of venting system that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failures include, but are not limited to, structural failures caused by expansion and contraction.

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B. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Combustion-Air Intake: Complete system, stainless steel, pipe, vent terminal with screen, inlet air coupling, and sealant.

2.2 LISTED SPECIAL GAS VENT

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Cleaver-Brooks, Inc.; CBHL.
- 2. Heat-Fab, Inc.; Model Saf-T Vent CI.
- Metal-Fab Inc.; Model Corr/Guard.
- 4. Schebler Chimney Systems; eVent.
- 5. Security Chimneys International; Secure Seal SSD.
- 6. Selkirk Inc.; Selkirk Metalbestos; Model DCV.
- 7. Van-Packer Co.; Model CS.
- B. Description: Double-wall metal vents tested according to UL 1738 and rated for 550 deg F continuously, with positive, negative, or neutral flue pressure, complying with NFPA 211 and suitable for condensing gas-fired appliances.
- C. Construction: Inner shell and outer jacket separated by at least 3/32-inch airspace.
- D. Inner Shell: ASTM A 959, Type 29-4C stainless steel.
- E. Outer Jacket: Aluminized steel indoors and Type 304 stainless steel outdoors.
- F. Accessories: Tees, elbows, increasers, draft-hood connectors, terminations, adjustable roof flashings, storm collars, support assemblies, thimbles, firestop spacers, and fasteners; fabricated from similar materials and designs as vent-pipe straight sections; all listed for same assembly.
 - 1. Termination: Round chimney top design to exclude 98 percent of rainwater. A "Pointed Hat" stack cap is not acceptable.

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2. Termination: Adjustable wall thimble and horizontal termination with bird screen.

2.3 GUYING AND BRACING MATERIALS

- A. Cable: Three galvanized, stranded wires of the following thickness:
 - 1. Minimum Size: 1/4 inch in diameter.
 - 2. For ID Sizes 4 to 15 Inches: 5/16 inch.
 - 3. For ID Sizes 18 to 24 Inches: 3/8 inch.
 - 4. For ID Sizes 27 to 30 Inches: 7/16 inch.
 - 5. For ID Sizes 33 to 36 Inches: 1/2 inch.
 - 6. For ID Sizes 39 to 48 Inches: 9/16 inch.
 - 7. For ID Sizes 51 to 60 Inches: 5/8 inch.
- B. Pipe: Three galvanized steel, NPS 1-1/4.
- C. Angle Iron: Three galvanized steel, 2 by 2 by 0.25 inch.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 APPLICATION

- A. Listed Special Gas Vent: Condensing gas appliances, and direct vented finned water-tube boilers and water heaters.
- 3.3 INSTALLATION OF LISTED VENTS, CHIMNEYS AND STACKS
 - A. Seal between sections of positive-pressure vents according to manufacturer's written installation instructions, using sealants recommended by manufacturer.
 - B. Support vents at intervals recommended by manufacturer to support weight of vents and all accessories, without exceeding appliance loading.

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C. Slope breechings down in direction of appliance, with condensate drain connection at lowest point piped to nearest drain.

3.4 CLEANING

- A. After completing system installation, including outlet fittings and devices, inspect exposed finish. Remove burrs, dirt, and construction debris and repair damaged finishes.
- B. Clean breechings internally, during and after installation, to remove dust and debris. Clean external surfaces to remove welding slag and mill film. Grind welds smooth and apply touchup finish to match factory or shop finish.
- C. Provide temporary closures at ends of breechings, chimneys, and stacks that are not completed or connected to equipment.

END OF SECTION 15550

SECTION 15710 - HYDRONIC AND STEAM HEAT EXCHANGERS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping."

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Pressure and Temperature Ratings: Not less than, and as required for system pressures and temperatures as specified in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping"

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.

- В. Shop Drawings: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 1. Base Details: Detail fabrication including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Equipment room, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, based on input from installers of the items involved:
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: For heat exchangers to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, performance, and dimensional requirements of heat exchangers and are based on the specific equipment indicated. Refer to Division 1 Section "Product Requirements."
- B. AHRI Compliance: Plate and frame heat exchangers shall carry the AHRI LLHE certification based on AHRI Standard 400.
- C. ASME Compliance: Fabricate and label heat exchangers to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, "Pressure Vessels," Division 1.
- D. Registration: Fabricate and label shell-and-tube heat exchangers to comply with the Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association's standards.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 GASKETED PLATE AND FRAME HEAT EXCHANGERS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Alfa Laval Thermal, Inc.
- 2. Armstrong Pumps, Inc.
- 3. Bell & Gossett; Xylem Inc.
- 4. GEA PHE Systems North America, Inc.
- 5. Mueller, Paul Company.
- 6. Tranter, Inc.
- Configuration: Freestanding assembly consisting of frame support, top and bottom carrying and guide bars, fixed and movable end plates, tie rods, individually removable plates, and one-piece gaskets. All materials components to be suitable for operation with chlorinated pool water.

C. Frame:

- 1. Capacity to accommodate 20 percent additional plates.
- 2. Painted carbon steel with provisions for anchoring to support.
- Top and Bottom Carrying and Guide Bars: Painted carbon steel, aluminum, or stainless steel.
- E. End-Plate Material: Painted carbon steel.
- F. Tie Rods and Nuts: Steel or stainless steel.
- G. Plate Material: Titanium; suitable for chlorinated pool water.
- H. Gasket Material: Viton for operating temperatures below 180 deg F; suitable for chlorinated pool water.
- I. Piping Connections:
 - 1. Threaded port for NPS 2 and smaller. For larger sizes, furnish end-plate port with threaded studs suitable for flanged connection.

- End plate with welded carbon-steel nozzles. Threaded pipe connection for NPS 2 and smaller; carbon-steel flanged pipe connection for larger sizes.
- Line wetted surfaces with same material as plates.
- J. Enclose plates in a solid aluminum removable shroud.
- K. Capacity and Characteristics: Refer to schedule on Drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and for structural rigidity, strength, anchors, and other conditions affecting performance of heat exchangers.
 - 1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 HEAT-EXCHANGER INSTALLATION

- Install plate and frame heat exchangers on concrete bases. Concrete base is specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods," and concrete materials and installation requirements are specified Division 03.
- B. Concrete Bases: Anchor heat exchanger to concrete base.
 - 1. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch centers around full perimeter of
 - For supported equipment, install epoxy-coated anchor bolts that extend through concrete base and anchor into structural concrete floor.
 - Place and secure anchorage devices. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
 - Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
 - 5. Cast-in-place concrete materials and placement requirements are specified in Division 03.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances for service and maintenance. Install piping connections to allow service and maintenance of heat exchangers.
- C. Install shutoff valves at heat-exchanger inlet and outlet connections.
- D. Install relief valves on heat-exchanger heated-fluid connection and install pipe relief valves, full size of valve connection, to floor drain.
- E. Install vacuum breaker at heat-exchanger steam inlet connection.
- F. Install hose end valve to drain shell.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

3.5 CLEANING

A. After completing system installation, including outlet fitting and devices, inspect exposed finish. Remove burrs, dirt, and construction debris and repair damaged finishes.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train. Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain heat exchangers.

END OF SECTION 15710

SECTION 15730 - UNITARY ROOFTOP AIR CONDITIONERS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for common mechanical drive requirements for fans and air handling equipment.

1.2 SUMMARY

This Section includes outdoor-mounted unitary air conditioning units smaller than 20 tons.

- Products supplied but not installed under this Section:
 - 1. Roof curbs and equipment rails.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. DDC: Direct-digital controls.
- B. BAS: Building Automation System.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include manufacturer's technical data for each model indicated, including rated capacities, dimensions, required clearances, characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.
- Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 1. Detail mounting, securing, and flashing of roof curb to roof structure. Indicate coordinating requirements with roof membrane system.
 - 2. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For rooftop air D. conditioners to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. AHRI Compliance:
 - 1. Comply with AHRI 210/240 and AHRI 340/360 for testing and rating energy efficiencies for RTUs.
 - Comply with AHRI 270 for testing and rating sound performance for RTUs.

ASHRAE Compliance: В.

- Comply with ASHRAE 15 for refrigeration system safety.
- Comply with ASHRAE 33 for methods of testing cooling and heating coils.

- C. NFPA Compliance: Comply with NFPA 90A and NFPA 90B.
- D. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 1995.
- Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed Ε. and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and locations of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. Framing, flashing, and attachment to roof structure are specified under Division 07.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

2.2 UNITARY ROOFTOP AIR CONDITIONERS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Lennox Industries Inc.
- Johnson Controls Incorporated/YORK; Engineered Systems Group.
- 3. Carrier Corp.
- 4. Trane Company; a Division of Ingersoll Rand.
- 5. Daikin.
- Description: Factory assembled and tested; designed for exterior installation; consisting of compressor, condenser coil, direct expansion cooling coil, supply-air fan, condenser coil fan, refrigeration controls, filters, dampers, and temperature controls or interface specified for unit controls.

- C. Maximum Temperature Distribution Across Supply Air Outlet:
 - 1. 10 deg F Heating.
 - 2. 5 deg F Cooling.
- D. Casing: Galvanized-steel single-wall construction with enamel paint finish, hinged access doors with neoprene gaskets for inspection and access to internal parts, minimum 1/2-inch- thick thermal insulation, knockouts for electrical and piping connections, exterior condensate drain connection, and lifting lugs.
- E. Condensate Drain Pans: Formed sections of galvanizedsteel sheet, a minimum of 2 inches deep.
 - 1. Double-Wall Construction: Fill space between walls with foam insulation and seal moisture tight.
 - 2. Drain Connections: Threaded nipple.
- Supply-Air Fan: Forward curved, centrifugal, belt driven with adjustable motor sheaves, grease-lubricated ball bearings, and motor.
- G. Condenser Coil Fan: Propeller type, directly driven by permanently lubricated motor.
- H. Direct Expansion Cooling Coils: Aluminum-plate fin and seamless copper tube in steel casing with equalizing-type vertical distributor.
- I. Compressor(s): Number as scheduled. Hermetic reciprocating or scroll compressors with integral vibration isolators, internal overcurrent and overtemperature protection, internal pressure relief, and crankcase heater(s).
- J. Refrigeration System:
 - 1. Compressor(s).
 - 2. Condenser coil and fan.
 - 3. Direct expansion cooling coil and supply-air fan.
 - 4. Expansion valves with replaceable thermostatic elements.
 - 5. Check valves.
 - 6. Refrigerant dryers.
 - 7. High-pressure switches.
 - 8. Low-pressure switches.

- Thermostats for coil freeze-up protection during lowambient temperature operation or loss of air.
- 10. Low ambient switch.
- 11. Brass service valves installed in discharge and liquid lines.
- 12. Refrigerant: R-407C or R-410A.
- 13. Compressor Motor Overload Protection: Manual reset.
- 14. Anti-recycling Timing Device: Prevents compressor restart for five minutes after shutdown.
- 15. Oil-Pressure Switch: Designed to shut down compressors on low oil pressure.
- K. Filters: 2-inch- thick, fiberglass, pleated, throwaway filters in filter rack.
- L. Heat Exchanger: Aluminized-steel or stainless-steel construction for natural-gas-fired burners. Units utilizing 50 percent or greater outside air must be stainless steel construction. Include the following controls:
 - Redundant single or dual gas valve with manual shutoff.
 - 2. Direct-spark pilot ignition.
 - 3. Electronic flame sensor.
 - 4. Induced-draft blower.
 - 5. Flame rollout switch.
- M. Economizer: Return- and outside-air dampers with neoprene seals, bird screen, and hood.
 - Damper Motor: Fully modulating spring return with adjustable minimum position.
 - 2. Control: Electronic-control system uses return-air and outside-air temperature to adjust mixing dampers.
 - Relief Damper (Horizontal Duct Connections Only): Gravity actuated with bird screen and hood sized for economizer mode.
- N. Power Connection: Provide for single connection of power to unit with unit-mounted and wired disconnect switch accessible from outside unit and control-circuit transformer with built-in circuit breaker.
- O. Unit Controls: Solid-state control board and components contain at least the following features:

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- Supply-air fan control relay.
- Default control to ensure proper operation after power interruption.
- 3. Field-adjustable control parameters.
- 4. Economizer control.
- 5. Gas valve delay between first- and second-stage firing.
- 6. Night setback mode (outside air damper lockout relay).
- 7. Low-refrigerant pressure control.
- 8. Control interface for BAS communication link.
- Thermostat: Wall-mounted, programmable, electronic; with Ρ. heating setback and cooling setup with seven-day programming; and the following:
 - 1. Touch sensitive keypad.
 - 2. Deg F space temperature readout.
 - 3. LED indicators.
 - 4. Hour/day programming.
 - 5. Manual override capability.
 - 6. Time and operational mode readout.
 - 7. Status indicator.
 - 8. Battery backup.
 - 9. Subbase with manual system switch (on-heat-auto-cool) and fan switch (auto-on).
 - 10. Dirty-filter indication.
 - 11. Refer to M3.1 Rooftop Unit RTU-1 & RTU-2 control diagram for additional thermostat requirements.

Q. Accessories:

- 1. Cold-Weather Kit: Electric heater maintains temperature in gas burner compartment.
- Service Outlets: 115-V, ground-fault, circuitinterrupter type. Provided by unit manufacturer, to be wired in field.
- 3. Dirty-filter switch.
- 4. Hail guards of steel, painted to match casing.
- 5. Hot gas reheat coil.
- R. Roof Curb: Steel with corrosion-protection coating, gasketing, and factory-installed wood nailer; complying with NRCA standards. Top of curb shall be level and height shall be as scheduled.

- 2.3 UNITARY ROOFTOP AIR CONDITIONERS (INVERTER COMPRESSOR UNITS)
 - Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. Daikin McQuay; Rebel.
 - 2. Aaon.
 - Description: Factory assembled and tested; designed for В. exterior installation; consisting of compressor, condenser coil, direct expansion cooling coil, variable volume supply-air fan, variable volume exhaust fan, condenser coil fan, refrigeration controls, filters, dampers, and temperature controls or interface specified for unit controls.
 - C. Maximum Temperature Distribution Across Supply Air Outlet:
 - 1. 10 deg F Heating.
 - 2. 5 deg F Cooling.
 - Casing: Galvanized-steel double-wall construction with enamel paint finish, hinged access doors with neoprene gaskets for inspection and access to internal parts, minimum 1/2-inch- thick thermal insulation, knockouts for electrical and piping connections, exterior condensate drain connection, and lifting lugs.
 - E. Condensate Drain Pans: Formed sections of stainless steel, a minimum of 2 inches deep.
 - 1. Double-Wall Construction: Fill space between walls with foam insulation and seal moisture tight.
 - 2. Drain Connections: Threaded nipple.
 - F. Supply and Exhaust-Air Fans: Variable speed airfoil (SWSI), aluminum, class II, direct drive, and motor.
 - G. Condenser Coil Fan: Propeller type, directly driven by permanently lubricated motor.
 - H. Direct Expansion Cooling Coils: Aluminum-plate fin and seamless copper tube in steel casing with equalizing-type vertical distributor.
 - I. Compressor(s): Number as scheduled. Inverter scroll, with integral vibration isolators, internal overcurrent and

overtemperature protection, internal pressure relief, and crankcase heater(s). Digital scroll compressors are not acceptable.

J. Refrigeration System:

- 1. Compressor(s).
- 2. Condenser coil and fan.
- 3. Direct expansion cooling coil and supply-air fan.
- 4. Expansion valves with replaceable thermostatic elements.
- 5. Check valves.
- 6. Refrigerant dryers.
- 7. High-pressure switches.
- 8. Low-pressure switches.
- 9. Thermostats for coil freeze-up protection during lowambient temperature operation or loss of air.
- 10. Low ambient switch.
- 11. Brass service valves installed in discharge and liquid lines.
- 12. Refrigerant: R-410A.
- 13. Compressor Motor Overload Protection: Manual reset.
- 14. Anti-recycling Timing Device: Prevents compressor restart for five minutes after shutdown.
- 15. Oil-Pressure Switch: Designed to shut down compressors on low oil pressure.
- Filters: 2-inch- thick, fiberglass, pleated, MERV-8 Κ. filters in filter rack.
- Exchanger: Aluminized-steel or stainless-steel construction for natural-gas-fired burners. Units utilizing 50 percent or greater outside air must be stainless steel construction. Include the following controls:
 - 1. Redundant dual gas valve with manual shutoff.
 - 2. Direct-spark pilot ignition.
 - 3. Electronic flame sensor.
 - 4. Induced-draft blower.
 - 5. Flame rollout switch.
- M. Economizer: Return- and outside-air dampers with neoprene seals, bird screen, and hood.
 - Damper Motor: Fully modulating spring return with adjustable minimum position.

- Control: Electronic-control system uses return-air and outside-air temperature to adjust mixing dampers.
- Relief Damper: Gravity actuated with bird screen and hood.
- Power Connection: Provide for single connection of power Ν. to unit with unit-mounted and wired disconnect switch from outside unit. and control-circuit accessible transformer with built-in circuit breaker.
- O. Control devices and operational sequences are specified in Division 15 Section "Temperature Controls" and indicated on "Sequence of Operation" on the Drawings.

P. Accessories:

- 1. Service Outlets: 115-V, ground-fault, circuitinterrupter type. Provided by unit.
- 2. Dirty-filter switch.
- 3. Hail guards of steel, painted to match casing.
- 4. Power Exhaust Fan with static pressure transmitter. Fan shall be controlled off building pressure.
- 5. Hot gas reheat coil.
- Isolation Curb: Refer to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Q. Vibration Controls."

2.4 MOTORS

A. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Hoist, transport, and rig air conditioning units or their shipping sections into position following procedures recommended by the manufacturer.
- Install units level and plumb, maintaining manufacturer's В. recommended clearances. Install according AHRI Guideline B.
- C. Deliver roof curbs and equipment supports to site for installation under Division 07. Install rooftop air conditioners on equipment curbs and supports specified and

as scheduled. Secure units to curb support with anchor bolts.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Duct installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate the general arrangement of ducts. The following are specific connection requirements:
 - Install ducts to termination in roof curb.
 - 2. Remove roof decking only as required for passage of ducts. Do not cut out decking under entire roof curb.
 - 3. Connect supply ducts to rooftop unit with flexible duct connectors specified in Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."
 - Terminate return-air duct through roof structure and insulate space between roof and bottom of unit with 2inch- thick, acoustic duct liner.
- B. Electrical System Connections: Comply with applicable requirements in Division 16 Sections for power wiring, switches, and motor controls.
- C. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to D. manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust fieldassembled components and equipment installation, including connections. Report results in writing.
- Perform the following field quality-control tests and В. inspections and prepare test reports:
 - 1. After installing rooftop air conditioners and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test units for compliance with requirements.
 - Inspect for and remove shipping bolts, blocks, and 2. tie-down straps.

- Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
- Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- C. Repair malfunctioning units and retest as specified above; or remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units and retest as specified.

STARTUP SERVICE 3.4

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.
- Complete installation and startup checks according to В. manufacturer's written instructions and do the following:
 - Inspect for visible damage to unit casing.
 - 2. Inspect for visible damage to compressor, air-cooled outside coil, and fans.
 - 3. Inspect internal insulation.
 - 4. Verify that labels are clearly visible.
 - 5. Verify that clearances have been provided for servicing.
 - 6. Verify that controls are connected and operable.
 - 7. Verify that filters are installed.
 - 8. Clean outside coil and inspect for construction debris.
 - 9. Adjust vibration isolators.
 - 10. Inspect operation of barometric dampers.
 - 11. Lubricate bearings on fan.
 - 12. Inspect fan-wheel rotation for movement in correct direction without vibration and binding.
 - 13. Adjust fan belts to proper alignment and tension.
 - 14. Start unit according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Start refrigeration system in summer only.
 - b. Complete startup sheets and attach copy with Contractor's startup report.
 - 15. Inspect and record performance of interlocks and protective devices; verify sequences.
 - 16. Operate unit for an initial period as recommended or required by manufacturer.
 - 17. Check control interface wiring.

- 18. Adjust and inspect high-temperature limits.
 - 19. Inspect outside-air dampers for proper stroke and interlock with return-air dampers.
 - 20. Start refrigeration system and measure and record the following:
 - a. Coil leaving-air, dry- and wet-bulb temperatures.
 - b. Coil entering-air, dry- and wet-bulb temperatures.
 - c. Outside-air, dry-bulb temperature.
 - d. Outside-air-coil, discharge-air, dry-bulb
 temperature.
 - 21. Inspect and verify operation of controls for correct sequencing of heating, mixing dampers, refrigeration, and normal and emergency shutdown.
 - 22. Measure and record the following minimum and maximum airflows.
 - a. Supply-air volume.
 - b. Return-air volume.
 - c. Relief-air volume.
 - d. Outside-air intake volume.
 - 23. Simulate maximum cooling demand and inspect the following:
 - a. Compressor refrigerant suction and hot-gas pressures.
 - b. Short circuiting of air through outside coil or from outside coil to outside-air intake.
 - 24. Record all final adjustment and control settings.
 - 25. After startup and performance testing, change filters, vacuum heat exchanger and cooling and outside coils, lubricate bearings, adjust belt tension, and inspect operation of power vents.

3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust initial temperature and humidity set points.
- B. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges as indicated.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain rooftop air conditioners. Refer to Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."

END OF SECTION 15730

SECTION 15761 - HEATING AND COOLING COILS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - Division 15 Sections for coils that are integral to air-handling units.

1.2 SUMMARY

This Section includes duct-mounted heating and cooling Α. coils, and heating and cooling coils that are an integral part of air-handling units.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each coil. Include rated capacity and pressure drop for each coil.
- Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring. В.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which coil location and ceiling-mounted access panels are shown and coordinated with each other.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.
- Ε. Operation and Maintenance Data: For air coils to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

ASHRAE Compliance: В.

- Comply with ASHRAE 15 for refrigeration system safety.
- Comply with ASHRAE 33 for methods of testing cooling and heating coils.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WATER COILS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - Aerofin Corporation.
 - 2. Carrier; a United Technologies Company.
 - 3. Daikin Applied; a member of Daikin Industries, Ltd.
 - 4. JCI/York International.
 - Luvata/Heatcraft Commercial/Industrial Products.
 - 6. Precision Coils; a business of Unison Comfort Technologies.
 - 7. Trane Inc.; a Division of Ingersoll Rand.

- B. Performance Ratings: Tested and rated according to AHRI 410 and ASHRAE 33.
- C. Minimum Working-Pressure/Temperature Ratings: 200 psig, 325 deg F.
- D. Source Quality Control: Factory tested to 300 psig.
- E. Tubes: ASTM B 743 copper, minimum 0.020 inch wall thickness, and minimum 0.50 inch diameter.
- F. Fins: Aluminum, minimum 0.010 inch thick.
- G. Headers: Cast iron with cleaning plugs, and drain and air vent tappings or seamless copper tube with brazed joints, prime coated.
- H. Frames, Hot Water Coils: Galvanized-steel channel frame, minimum 0.0625 inch thick for flanged mounting.
- I. Frames, Chilled Water Coils: ASTM A 666, Type 304 stainless steel, minimum 0.0625 inch thick for flanged mounting.

2.2 REFRIGERANT COILS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Aerofin Corporation.
 - 2. Carrier; a United Technologies Company.
 - 3. Daikin Applied; a member of Daikin Industries, Ltd.
 - 4. JCI/York International.
 - 5. Luvata/Heatcraft Commercial/Industrial Products.
 - 6. Precision Coils; a business of Unison Comfort Technologies.
 - 7. Trane Inc.; a Division of Ingersoll Rand.
- B. Performance Ratings: Tested and rated according to AHRI 410 and ASHRAE 33.
- C. Minimum Working-Pressure Rating: 300 psig.
- D. Source Quality Control: Factory tested to 450 psig.
- E. Tubes: ASTM B 743 copper, minimum 0.020 inch wall thickness, and minimum 0.50 inch diameter.

- F. Fins: Aluminum, minimum 0.010 inch thick.
- G. Suction and Distributor Piping: ASTM B 88, Type L copper tube with brazed joints.
- H. Frames: ASTM A 666, Type 304 stainless steel, minimum 0.0625 inch thick for slip-in mounting.

2.3 DRAIN PANS

- A. Description: For cooling coils, IAQ compliant formed to slope from all directions to the drain connection as required by ASHRAE 62.
- B. Construction: Minimum 22 gage, Type 304 stainless steel with welded joints, positively sloped a minimum of 1/8 inch per foot, with threaded drain connection at lowest point of pan. Intermediate pans piped to the primary drain pan are required for all stacked cooling coils.
- C. Provide intermediate coils with 3 inch deep pans for each tiered coil bank. Top pan shall extend 6 inches beyond face of coil and bottom pan shall extend not less than 12 inches beyond face of coil. Where more than two panes are used, pan extension shall be proportional.
- D. Supports: Same material as pans.
- E. Pipe pan drain to floor drain. A deep seal trap shall be installed on the drain pipe from the pans.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine ducts, plenums, and casings to receive air coils for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting coil performance.
- B. Examine roughing-in for piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before coil installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install coils level and plumb.
- В. Install coils in metal ducts and casings constructed according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards, Metal and Flexible."
- C. Laboratory Terminal Unit Hot Water Coils: Caulk and seal frame and all housing tube openings in the field with a non-hardening sealant. Sealant type shall be approved by the coil manufacturer.
- D. Install minimum 22 gage, Type 304 stainless-steel drain pan under each cooling coil.
 - Construct drain pans with connection for drain; insulated.
 - 2. Construct drain pans to extend beyond coil length and width and to connect to condensate trap and drainage.
 - 3. Extend drain pan upstream and downstream from coil
 - 4. Extend drain pan under coil headers and exposed supply piping.
- Ε. Install moisture eliminators for cooling coils. Extend drain pan under moisture eliminator.
- F. Straighten bent fins on air coils.
- Clean coils using materials and methods recommended in writing by manufacturers, and clean inside of casings and enclosures to remove dust and debris.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- Piping installation requirements are specified in other Α. Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- Install piping adjacent to coils to allow service and В. maintenance.

- C. Connect water piping with unions and shutoff valves to allow coils to be disconnected without draining piping. Control valves are specified in Division 15 Section "Temperature Controls," and other piping specialties are specified in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping."
- D. Connect refrigerant piping according to Division 15 Section "Refrigerant Piping."

END OF SECTION 15761

SECTION 15785 - AIR-TO-AIR ENERGY RECOVERY EQUIPMENT

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories" for roof curb installation.
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Temperature Controls" for control wiring and control devices connected to energy recovery units.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, furnished specialties, and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings:

- Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other Work. For installed products indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data.
- Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for selecting vibration isolators and for designing vibration isolation bases.
- Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include auxiliary motor slides and rails, and base weights.
- Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain air-to-air energy recovery units through one source from a single manufacturer.
- B. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of air-to-air energy recovery units and are based on the specific system indicated. Refer to Division 01 Section "Product Requirements."
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- D. ARI Compliance: Ratings for energy recovery devices shall comply with ARI 1060, "Rating Air-to-Air Heat Exchangers for Energy Recovery Ventilation Equipment."

E. ASHRAE Compliance:

- 1. Capacity ratings for air-to-air energy recovery equipment shall comply with ASHRAE 84, "Method of Testing Air-to-Air Heat Exchangers."
- NRCA Compliance: Roof curbs for roof-mounted equipment shall be constructed according to recommendations of NRCA.

UL Compliance: G.

1. Packaged heat recovery ventilators shall comply with requirements in UL 1812, "Ducted Heat Recovery

- Ventilators"; or UL 1815, "Nonducted Heat Recovery Ventilators."
- 2. Electric coils shall comply with requirements in UL 1995, "Heating and Cooling Equipment."

1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchorbolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.
- B. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories."

1.5 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Filters: Furnish one set of each type of filter specified.
 - 2. Fan Belts: Furnish one set of belts for each belt-driven fan in energy recovery units.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

2.2 FIXED-PLATE HEAT EXCHANGERS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Innovent Air Handling Equipment.
- 2. Munters Corporation; Des Champs Products Division.
- 3. Venmar CES Inc.
- B. Casing: Aluminum with duct collars.
 - 1. Insulation: 1-inch thick, foil-faced glass fiber.

- 2. Drain Pan: Same material as casing, with drain connections on exhaust and supply side.
- C. Plates: Construct with plates evenly spaced and sealed and arranged for counter airflow.
 - 1. Plate Material: Minimum 0.008-inch thick, 99.5 percent pure aluminum.
- D. Bypass: Construct bypass plenum within casing, with gasketed face-and-bypass dampers having operating rods extended outside casing.

E. Accessories:

- 1. Filter: 2 inch thick, disposable.
- 2. Flexible Duct: UL 181, Class 1 insulated.
- 3. Weather hoods (wall caps) with 1/4-inch bird screen and insulated flexible duct termination.

2.3 PACKAGED ENERGY RECOVERY UNITS

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Applied Air; Mestek, Inc.
- 2. Governaire Corporation.
- 3. Greenheck.
- 4. Innovent Air Handling Equipment.
- 5. Munters Corporation; Des Champs Products Division.
- 6. SEMCO Incorporated.
- 7. United Air Specialists, Inc.
- 8. Venmar CES Inc.
- B. General: Construct unit as specified. Single wall and 1-inch double wall casing are unacceptable. Fans and coils must be removable without dismantling the structural framing of the unit. Unit shall be suitable for indoor or outdoor installation as detailed on the plan drawings.
- C. Base: Construct base of minimum 10 gage welded structural steel with cross supports integral lifting lugs. Base shall be insulated and provided with a minimum 22 gage galvanized G90 steel subfloor. Coat base with 2 part epoxy primer and urethane modified enamel top coat.
- D. Flooring: Provide double wall floor construction. Walk on floor material shall be a minimum of 18 ga. galvanized G90

- steel. Flooring sheets shall be sealed with a closed-cell neoprene gasket material to minimize sound transmission to spaces located below the unit. Subfloor shall be welded to the base frame.
- E. Framing: Frame is constructed of formed galvanized members designed to support flush-mounted double-wall panels. Framing must have gasketing between support members and panels. Casing must be thermal break construction.
- Panels: Unit shall have non-load bearing heavy gauge 2-inch double-wall panels. 22 gage galvanized perforated lining will be provided in the fan sections for additional sound attenuation.
- G. Casing Ratings: Maximum casing panel deflection shall not exceed L/250 at 8 inches w.c. TSP (where L is the longest panel span on the unit). Casing shall meet a SMANCA duct class leakage rating of 5 at 8 inches w.c. TSP. The panel insertion loss, per octave band, shall not be less than the following:

Frequency: $\frac{100}{100}$ $\frac{125}{16}$ $\frac{250}{30}$ $\frac{500}{32}$ $\frac{1000}{33}$ $\frac{2000}{34}$ $\frac{4000}{63}$ $\frac{8000}{60}$

- Insulation: All interior walls, floor, and roof shall be Н. double wall and insulated. Walls and roof are insulated with 2 lb./cu. ft. polyurethane foam insulation having an average R-value of 6 per inch. Floors shall be insulated with 1.5 lb./cu. ft. fiberglass insulation to achieve minimum R16. No insulation shall be exposed to the air stream.
- I. Coatings: Exterior casing shall be coated with 2 part epoxy primer with urethane modified enamel top coat. Interior casing shall be galvanized G90 steel and coated with airdried phenolic where specified for corrosive environment.
- Access Doors: Provide double wall doors insulated with 2 lb./cu. ft. polyurethane foam. Doors shall be full height with stainless steel piano hinges, Allegis corrosion resistant compression latches (tool lockable in fan sections), and minimum 24-inch clear opening width at all walk-in sections. Supply and exhaust air streams shall not be covered by a single door. Provide doors for access to any area requiring routine maintenance. Access panels in lieu of access door are unacceptable.

K. Door Accessories:

- Access doors shall be provided with stainless steel door tie backs.
- Door shall be thermal break design.
- L. Weather hoods (for outdoor units): Provide weather hoods and bird screens over all exposed inlets and outlets. Ship hoods loose for installation in the field.
- Roof (for outdoor units): Provide roof with standing seam construction. Pitch roof with sufficient slope to ensure water drainage. Roof overhang to be provided around complete perimeter of the unit.
- N. Heat Recovery Device: Fixed-plate heat exchanger.
- Supply and Exhaust Blower: 12 blade aluminum airfoil plenum Ο. fan with minimum L_{10} 200,000 hour rated bearings. Plenum fans with less than 12 blades are not acceptable due to increased noise levels. Non-airfoil blades are not acceptable due to decreased efficiency of the fan. Hi-Pro Polyester urethane powder coating or equivalent air-dried Heresite coating for corrosive environments.
- P. Refer to Division 15 Section "Motors" for general requirements.
- Q. Drives: Adjustable for 10 hp motors and smaller, fixed for 15 hp motors and larger. Drives shall be minimum 2-groove with 2 belts and minimum 1.2 service factor. Refer to Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for additional requirements.
- Isolation: Refer to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration Controls."

S. Accessories:

- Lube Lines: Provide extended lube lines for fans/motors. Terminate lube lines inside nearest access door.
- Belt guards / fan outlet safety cages for plenum fans / inlet screens shall be provided.
- T. Dampers: Motorized dampers shall be low leakage type with aluminum construction, airfoil blades, vinyl edge seals, metal jamb seals, and synthetic bearings. Gravity dampers

shall have aluminum frame, aluminum blades, extruded vinyl edge seals, and synthetic bearings.

1. Provide the following dampers:

- Outside air heat exchanger face sequencing dampers, parallel blade type, two-position actuators. A minimum of 5 dampers are provided across the face of the HX to allow defrost operation without affecting performance.
- b. Exhaust gravity damper.

U. Filters:

- 1. Mixed Air Filter: Provide 2-inch thick, MERV 8 filter bank downstream of the heat exchanger. Mount galvanized steel side access slide rack and size for 500 fpm maximum face velocity.
- Aluminum Outside Air Filter: Provide 2-inch thick, washable aluminum filter bank in the location shown on unit drawing. Mount in galvanized steel front access rack and size for 650 fpm maximum face velocity.

V. Electrical:

- Wire units according to NEC and ETL list the entire unit. ETL listing of electrical panel only is unacceptable. All major electrical components shall be UL listed. Factory wire unit for single point power connection. Enclose all power wiring in liquid tight conduit.
- Provide non-fused disconnect, fan starters/protectors, contactors, control transformer, control circuit fusing, service switch, and terminal block. Units supplied with VFCs shall have individual branch fusing per drive. A motor protector shall be provided if equipment manufacturer's manual bypass is required.
- 3. Provide NEMA 3R electrical/control panel.
- 4. Factory test wiring and controls before shipment.
- A phase/voltage protection relay shall be provided for each unit. Upon sensing a loss of phase or voltage the unit shall be de-energized.
- A door safety kill switch shall be provided on all blower section access doors. The door safety kill switch shall de-energize the blower motor if the access door is opened. The kill switch shall prevent motor startup if the blower section access door is open.

- Lights: Provide vapor proof marine lights in all access sections. Wire lights to a single light switch. Mount light switch near the electrical panel and wire switch to a terminal strip in the electrical panel. Separate 120V power must be provided to the switch. A transformer will be provided to provide power to the lighting circuit.
- Convenience Receptacles: Provide a GFCI duplex receptacle mounted near the electrical panel and wire receptacle to a terminal strip in the electrical panel. Separate 120V power must be provided to the receptacle. A transformer will be provided to provide power to the circuit.
- Dirty filter indicators: Provide differential pressure switches across all filter racks. Wire pressure switches to terminal block in main electrical panel.

DDC System: W.

- Manufacturer must provide a stand-alone programmable digital control system to provide a standard sequence of operation for defrost control strategy, refrigeration system safeties, and head pressure control.
- All other controls shall be provided and installed in the field by the Temperature Controls contractor.

2.4 ROOF CURBS

- Roof Curb: Manufacturer's 12-inch prefabricated insulated roof Α. curb. Curb will be suitable for flat roof. Curb will be shipped disassembled.
- Isolation Curb: Where scheduled, refer to Division 15 Section В. "Mechanical Vibration Controls."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install fixed-plate heat exchangers so supply and exhaust airstreams flow in opposite directions.
 - Install duct access doors in both supply and exhaust ducts, both upstream and downstream, for access to heat exchanger. Access doors and panels are specified in Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."
- B. Install floor-mounted units on 4-inch- high concrete base.

- Support suspended units from structure; use threaded steel rods.
- Install units with clearances for service and maintenance. D.
- Install new filters at completion of equipment installation Ε. and before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- Pipe condensate drains from heat exchanger units and drain F. pans to nearest floor drain or roof drain; use ASTM B 88, Type L, drawn-temper copper water tubing with soldered joints, same size as condensate drain connection. Provide electrical heat trace for condensate drains for roof mounted equipment.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Duct and fan installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- C. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."
- Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, including piping and electrical connections. Report results in writing.
 - Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
 - Adjust seals and purge.
 - Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - 4. Set initial temperature and humidity set points.

- 5. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges as indicated.
- B. Air-to-air energy recovery equipment will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest as specified above.

3.4 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain units. Refer to Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."

END OF SECTION 15785

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories for each product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 1. Plans, elevations, sections, and details.
 - 2. Location and size of each field connection.

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- 3. Location and arrangement of piping valves and specialties.
- 4. Location and arrangement of integral controls.
- 5. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Floor plans, reflected ceiling plans, and other details, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, based on input from installers of the items involved:
 - 1. Suspended ceiling components.
 - 2. Structural members to which cabinet unit heaters will be attached.
 - 3. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
 - 4. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
 - 5. Items penetrating finished ceiling, including the following:
 - a. Lighting fixtures.
 - b. Air outlets and inlets.
 - c. Speakers.
 - d. Sprinklers.
 - e. Access panels.
 - 6. Perimeter moldings for exposed or partially exposed cabinets.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data: For cabinet unit heaters to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. ASHRAE Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE 62.1, Section 5 "Systems and Equipment" and Section 7 "Construction and Startup."

1.4 EXTRA MATERIALS

A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective

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covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Filters: Furnish spare filter for each filter installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERED UNITS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Daikin Applied; a member of Daikin Industries, Ltd.
 - 2. Hydro-Air Components Inc.; Rittling.
 - 3. Modine Manufacturing Co.
 - 4. Sterling Radiator; a Mestek Company.
 - 5. Trane; a business of Ingersoll Rand.
 - 6. Vulcan Radiator; a Mestek Company.
- B. Description: A factory-assembled and -tested unit complying with AHRI 440.
- C. Coil Section Insulation: ASTM C 1071; surfaces exposed to airstream shall have erosion-resistant coating to prevent erosion of glass fibers.
 - 1. Thickness: Minimum 1/2 inch.
 - 2. Thermal Conductivity (k-Value): 0.26 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. at 75 deg F mean temperature.
 - 3. Fire-Hazard Classification: Maximum flame-spread index of 25 and smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
 - 4. Adhesive: Comply with ASTM C 916 and with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B.
 - 5. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with the airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.
- D. Cabinet: Steel with baked-enamel finish with manufacturer's standard paint, in color selected by Architect.
 - 1. Horizontal Unit, Exposed Bottom Panels: Minimum 0.0528-inch- thick, sheet steel, removable panels secured with tamperproof cam fasteners and safety chain.
 - 2. Vertical Unit, Exposed Front Panels: Minimum 0.0528-inch-thick, sheet steel, removable panels with

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channel-formed edges secured with tamperproof cam fasteners.

- 3. Recessing Flanges for Units That Are Semirecessed or Fully Recessed: Steel, finished to match cabinet.
- 4. Control Access Door: Key operated.
- 5. Base for Surface, Vertical, Wall-Mounting Units: Minimum 0.0528-inch- thick steel, finished to match cabinet, 6 inches high with leveling bolts.
- E. Filters: Minimum arrestance according to ASHRAE 52.1 and a minimum efficiency reporting value (MERV) according to ASHRAE 52.2.
 - 1. Glass Fiber Treated with Adhesive: Throw-away type 80 percent arrestance and 5 MERV.
- F. Hot-Water Coil: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins spaced no closer than 0.1 inch and rated for a minimum working pressure of 200 psig and a maximum entering-water temperature of 220 deg F. Include manual air vent and drain.
- G. Fan and Motor Board: Removable.
 - Fan: Forward curved, double-width centrifugal; directly connected to motor. Thermoplastic or paintedsteel wheels, and aluminum, painted-steel, or galvanized-steel fan scrolls.
 - 2. Motor: Permanently lubricated, multispeed; resiliently mounted on motor board. Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."
 - 3. Wiring Terminations: Connect motor to chassis wiring with plug connection.
- H. Electrical Connection: Factory wire motors and controls for a single field connection.
- I. Capacities and Characteristics: Refer to Schedule on Drawings.

2.2 UNIT CONTROLS

A. Control devices are specified in Division 15 Section "Temperature Controls," and operational sequences are indicated on the Drawings.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas to receive cabinet unit heaters for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Examine roughing-in for piping and electrical connections to verify actual locations before cabinet unit heater installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install cabinet unit heaters to comply with NFPA 90A.
- B. Suspend cabinet unit heaters from structure with elastomeric hangers. Vibration isolators are specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration and Controls."
- C. Verify location of thermostats and other exposed control sensors with Drawings and room details before installation.
- D. Install new filters in each fan-coil unit within two weeks of Substantial Completion.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Connect supply and return ducts to cabinet unit heaters with flexible duct connectors specified in Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."
- D. Comply with safety requirements in UL 1995.

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- E. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- F. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust field-assembled components and equipment installation, including connections. Report results in writing.
- B. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
 - 1. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
 - 2. Test and adjust controls and safety devices. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- C. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.

3.5 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain cabinet unit heaters.

END OF SECTION 15790

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

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- Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - Division 15 Section "Nonmetal Ducts" for fabric ducts, fibrous-glass ducts, thermoset FRP thermoplastic ducts, PVC ducts, and concrete ducts.
 - Division 15 Section "HVAC Casings" for factory- and field-fabricated casings for mechanical equipment.
 - Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories" for dampers, sound-control devices, duct-mounting access doors and panels, turning vanes, and flexible ducts.

1.2 SUMMARY

This Section includes metal ducts for supply, return, Α. outside, relief air, and exhaust air-distribution systems in pressure classes from minus 6- to plus 6-inch wg.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- Duct Sizes: Inside clear dimensions. For lined ducts, Α. maintain sizes inside lining.
- Low Pressure: Up to 2 inch WG and velocities less than 1,500 fpm. Construct for 2 inch WG positive or negative static pressure.
- C. Medium Pressure: Greater than 2 inch WG to 6 inch WG and velocities greater than 1,500 fpm and less than 2,500 fpm. Construct for 6 inch WG positive or negative static pressure.
- D. High Pressure: Greater than 6 inch WG to 12 inch WG and velocities greater than 2,500 fpm. Construct for 12 inch WG positive or negative static pressure.
- FRP: Fiberglass-reinforced plastic. Ε.
- F. PVC: Polyvinyl Chloride.

1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Duct system design, as indicated, has been used to select size and type of air-moving and -distribution equipment and other air system components. Changes to layout or configuration of duct system must be specifically approved in writing by Architect. Accompany requests for layout modifications with calculations showing that proposed

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layout will provide original design results without increasing system total pressure.

1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Duct Design: Duct construction, including sheet metal thicknesses, seam and joint construction, reinforcements, and hangers and supports, shall comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" and performance requirements and design criteria indicated in "Duct Application Schedule" Article.

1.6 SUBMITTALS

- Shop Drawings: CAD-generated and drawn to 1/8 inch equals 1 foot scale. Show fabrication and installation details for metal ducts. Shop drawings shall be reviewed and approved by the Architect prior to any fabrication.
 - 1. Fabrication, assembly, and installation, including plans, elevations, sections, components, and attachments to other work.
 - 2. Duct layout indicating sizes and pressure classes.
 - 3. Elevations of top and bottom of ducts.
 - 4. Dimensions of main duct runs from building grid lines.
 - 5. Fittings.
 - 6. Reinforcement and spacing.
 - 7. Seam and joint construction.
 - 8. Penetrations through fire-rated and other partitions.
 - Equipment installation based on equipment being used on Project.
 - 10. Duct accessories, including access doors and panels.
 - 11. Hangers and supports, including methods for duct and building attachment, vibration isolation.

Delegated-Design Submittal:

- 1. Sheet metal thicknesses.
- 2. Joint and seam construction and sealing.
- 3. Reinforcement details and spacing.
- 4. Materials, fabrication, assembly, and spacing of hangers and supports.
- Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, based on input from installers of the items involved:
 - 1. Ceiling suspension assembly members.
 - 2. Other systems installed in same space as ducts.

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- Ceiling- and wall-mounting access doors and panels required to provide access to dampers and other operating devices.
- Ceiling-mounting items, including lighting fixtures, diffusers, grilles, speakers, sprinklers, access panels, and special moldings.
- D. Welding certificates.
- Field quality-control test reports.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel," for hangers and supports.
 - 2. AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code Aluminum," for aluminum supports.
 - AWS D9.1M/D9.1, "Sheet Metal Welding Code," for duct joint and seam welding.

NFPA Compliance: В.

- NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems."
- 2. NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."
- C. Comply with NFPA 96, "Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations, "Ch. 3, "Duct System," for range hood ducts, unless otherwise indicated.

1.8 COORDINATION

- Sheet metal trades shall cooperate fully with the Laboratory Airflow Controls Trades and shall attend all field installation training sessions.
- B. Sheet metal trades shall cooperate fully with the Test and Balance Contractor and provide all miscellaneous caps and any other materials required for structural integrity and leakage testing of the complete duct system in whole or in part. Refer to Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting and Balancing."
 - 1. Disassemble, reassemble, and seal segments of systems to accommodate leakage testing and for compliance with test requirements.

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C. Sheet metal trades shall participate in the above ceiling coordination program. Refer to Division 01 requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Α. Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods, unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.
- Galvanized Sheet Steel: Lock-forming quality; complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M and having G90 coating designation; ducts shall have mill-phosphatized finish for surfaces exposed to view.
- C. PVC-Coated Galvanized Steel: Acceptable by authorities having jurisdiction for use in fabricating ducts with UL 181, Class 1 listing. Lock-forming-quality, galvanized sheet steel complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M and having G60 coating designation. Factory-applied PVC coatings shall be 4 mils thick on exterior sheet metal surfaces of ducts and fittings exposed to corrosive conditions and minimum 1 mil thick on interior surfaces.
- D. PVC-Coated Galvanized Steel: Acceptable by authorities having jurisdiction for use in fabricating ducts with UL 181, Class 1 listing. Lock-forming-quality, galvanized sheet steel complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M and having G60 coating designation. Factory-applied PVC coatings shall be 4 mils thick on sheet metal surfaces of ducts and fittings exposed to corrosive conditions and 4 mils thick on opposite surfaces.

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- E. PVC-Coated Galvanized Steel: Acceptable by authorities having jurisdiction for use in fabricating ducts with UL 181, Class 1 listing. Lock-forming-quality, galvanized sheet steel complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M and having G60 coating designation. Factory-applied PVC coatings shall be 4 mils thick on interior sheet metal surfaces of ducts and fittings exposed to corrosive conditions and minimum 1 mil thick on exterior surfaces.
- F. Carbon-Steel Sheets: ASTM A 366/A 366M, cold-rolled sheets; commercial quality; with oiled, matte finish for exposed ducts.
- G. Aluminum Sheets: ASTM B 209, alloy 3003, temper H14; with mill finish for concealed ducts and standard, 1-side bright finish for exposed ducts.
- H. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: Galvanized-steel reinforcement where installed on galvanized sheet metal ducts.
- I. Tie Rods: For rectangular ducts having a side dimension of 48 inches or greater. Galvanized steel, 3/8-inch minimum diameter.
- 2.3 ZERO-CLEARANCE PREFABRICATED RANGE HOOD EXHAUST DUCT
 - Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. AMPCO; American Metal Products; Model IVSI-4ZC.
 - 2. Metal-Fab Inc.; Model IPIC-3G/4G.
 - 3. Schebler Chimney Systems; FyreGuard.
 - 4. Selkirk Inc.; Selkirk Metalbestos; ZeroClear Z3.
 - B. Description: Factory-fabricated, -listed, and -labeled, double-wall ducts tested according to UL 1978 and rated for 500 deg F continuously, or 2000 deg F for 30 minutes; with positive or negative duct pressure and complying with NFPA 211, and suitable for zero-clearance installations.
 - C. Construction: Inner shell and outer jacket separated by a 3-inch to 4-inch annular space filled with hightemperature, ceramic-fiber insulation.
 - 1. Inner Shell: ASTM A 666, Type 304 stainless steel.
 - 2. Outer Jacket: Aluminized steel indoors and Type 304 stainless steel outdoors. Seams shall be fully welded.

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- D. Gaskets and Flanges: Ensure that gaskets and sealing materials are rated at 1500 deg F minimum.
- E. Hood Connectors: Constructed from same material as grease duct with internal or external continuously welded or brazed joints.
- F. Accessories: Tees, elbows, increasers, terminations, adjustable roof flashings, storm collars, support assemblies, thimbles, firestop spacers, and fasteners; fabricated from similar materials and designs as vent-pipe straight sections; all listed for same assembly. Include unique components required to comply with NFPA 96 including cleanouts, transitions, adapters, and drain fittings.
 - 1. Termination: Suitable for connection to kitchen exhaust fan.
- Grease Duct Supports: Construct duct bracing and supports from non-combustible material.
 - 1. Design bracing and supports to carry static and seismic loads within stress limitations of the International Building Code.
 - 2. Ensure that bolts, screws, rivets and other mechanical fasteners do not penetrate duct walls.

2.4 DUCT LINER

- Fibrous-Glass Liner: Comply with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B and with NAIMA AH124.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. CertainTeed Corp.; Insulation Group.
 - b. Johns Manville International, Inc.
 - c. Knauf Fiber Glass GmbH.
 - Materials: ASTM C 1071, Type I, flexible; surfaces exposed to airstream shall be coated to prevent erosion of glass fibers.
 - a. Thickness: 1 inch.
 - b. Density: 1-1/2 pounds per cubic foot.
 - c. Thermal Conductivity (k-Value): 0.26 at 75 deg F mean temperature.
 - d. Fire-Hazard Classification: Maximum flame-spread index of 25 and smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
 - e. Maximum Operating Temperature: 250 deg F when tested according to ASTM C 411.

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- f. Liner Adhesive: Comply with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B and with ASTM C 916.
- q. Mechanical Fasteners: Galvanized steel suitable for adhesive attachment, mechanical attachment, or welding attachment to duct without damaging liner when applied as recommended by manufacturer and without causing leakage in duct.
 - 1) Tensile Strength: Indefinitely sustain a 50-1b- tensile, dead-load test perpendicular to duct wall.
 - Fastener Pin Length: As required for thickness of insulation and without projecting more than 1/8 inch into airstream.
 - Adhesive for Attaching Mechanical Fasteners: Comply with fire-hazard classification of duct liner system.
- 3. Noise reduction coefficient (NRC): Sound absorption coefficients shall not be less than those in the table below as tested by ASTM C423 using an ASTM E795 Type A mounting.

Sound absorption coefficients at octave band center frequencies, Hz

Thickne Inches (mm)	3	250	500	1000	2000	4000	NRC
,	.08						
(38 2 (51	,	.64	.96	1.03	1.00	.99	.90

2.5 SEALANTS AND GASKETS

- General Sealant and Gasket Requirements: Surface-burning characteristics for sealants and gaskets shall be a maximum flame-spread index of 25 and a maximum smokedeveloped index of 50 when tested according to UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
- B. Elastomeric Sealant Tape: 3 inches wide; modified butyl adhesive backed.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Hardcast; Foil-Grip 1402 and Foil-Grip 1402-181BFX.

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- C. Water-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Hardcast; Flex-Grip 550 and Versa-Grip 181.
 - b. Polymer Adhesives; No. 11.
 - c. United McGill.
 - 2. Application Method: Brush on.
 - 3. Solids Content: Minimum 65 percent.
 - 4. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 20.
 - 5. Water resistant.
 - 6. Mold and mildew resistant.
 - 7. VOC: Maximum 75 g/L (less water).
 - 8. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive and negative.
 - 9. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
 - 10. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum sheets.
- Solvent-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Hardcast; Sure-Grip 404.
 - b. United McGill.
 - 2. Application Method: Brush on.
 - 3. Base: Synthetic rubber resin.
 - 4. Solvent: Toluene and heptane.
 - 5. Solids Content: Minimum 60 percent.
 - 6. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 60.
 - 7. Water resistant.
 - 8. Mold and mildew resistant.
 - 9. VOC: Maximum 395 g/L.
 - 10. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive or negative.
 - 11. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
 - 12. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel, stainless steel, or aluminum sheets.
- Flanged Joint Sealant: Comply with ASTM C 920.
 - 1. General: Single-component, acid-curing, silicone, elastomeric.
 - 2. Type: S.
 - 3. Grade: NS.
 - 4. Class: 25.
 - 5. Use: O.

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- F. Gaskets: Chloroprene elastomer, 40 durometer, 1/8 inch thick, full face, one piece vulcanized or dovetailed at joints.
- Round Duct Joint O-Ring Seals:
 - Seal shall provide maximum leakage class of 3 cfm/100 sq. ft. at 1-inch wg and shall be rated for 10-inch wg static-pressure class, positive or negative.
 - EPDM O-ring to seal in concave bead in coupling or fitting spigot.
 - Double-lipped, EPDM O-ring seal, mechanically fastened to factory-fabricated couplings and fitting spigots.

2.6 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Building Attachments: Concrete inserts, or structuralsteel fasteners appropriate for construction materials to which hangers are being attached.
- Hanger Materials: Galvanized sheet steel or threaded steel В. rod.
 - 1. Hanger Rods for Noncorrosive Environments: Cadmiumplated steel rods and nuts.
 - 2. Hanger Rods for Corrosive Environments: Electrogalvanized, all-thread rods or galvanized rods with threads painted with zinc-chromate primer after installation.
 - Strap and Rod Sizes: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Table 4-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 4-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct."
 - 4. Galvanized-steel straps attached to aluminum ducts shall have contact surfaces painted with zinc-chromate primer.
- Duct Attachments: Sheet metal screws, blind rivets, or self-tapping metal screws; compatible with duct materials. Attachments for stainless steel and PVC-coated duct shall be stainless steel.
- Trapeze and Riser Supports: Steel shapes complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 - 1. Supports for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized-steel shapes and plates.
 - 2. Supports for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless-steel support materials.

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- Supports for Aluminum Ducts: Aluminum materials unless materials are electrolytically separated from ducts.
- Load Rated Cable Suspension System for Noncorrosive Environments: Tested to five times the Safe Working Loads and verified by the SMACNA Testing and Research Institute.
 - Cable: Aircraft quality 7 x 7 and 7 x 19 wire rope.
 - a. Cables for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized steel complying with ASTM A 603.
 - b. Cables for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless steel complying with ASTM A 492.
 - 2. Fastener: One-piece, die-cast zinc housing with Type 302 S26 stainless steel hardened and tempered springs, and oil impregnated, sintered, hardened and tempered steel locking wedges.
 - End Fixings: Loop, stud or toggle; or plain end suitable for wire rope beam clamp.
 - Manufacturers:
 - a. Ductmate Industries, Inc.; Clutcher and EZ-Lock.
 - b. Duro Dyne Corp.; Dyna-Tite System.
 - c. Gripple Inc.; Hang-Fast System.
- F. Stainless Steel Load Rated Cable Suspension System for Corrosive Environments: Tested to five times the Safe Working Loads and verified by the SMACNA Testing and Research Institute.
 - Cable: Aircraft quality stainless steel 7×7 and 7×7 19 wire rope.
 - a. Stainless steel complying with ASTM A 492.
 - Fastener: One-piece, stainless steel housing with Type 302 S26 stainless steel hardened and tempered springs, and ceramic locking wedges.
 - End Fixings:
 - a. Loop End: Type 316L/A4 stainless steel.
 - b. Stud or Toggle End: Type 304L/A2 stainless steel.
 - c. Plain end suitable for stainless steel wire rope beam clamp.
 - Manufacturers:
 - a. Ductmate Industries, Inc.; Clutcher and EZ-Lock.
 - b. Duro Dyne Corp.; Dyna-Tite System.
 - c. Gripple Inc.; Hang-Fast System.
- G. Welded Supports: Structural steel shapes with zinc rich paint. Equivalent, proprietary design, rolled steel

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structural support systems may be used in lieu of mill rolled structural steel.

2.7 ROOF MOUNTED DUCT SUPPORTS

- A. General: Shop or field-fabricated assemblies made of manufactured corrosion-resistant components to support roof-mounted duct.
- B. Support: Assembly of bases, and vertical and horizontal members, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
 - 1. Manufacturer:
 - a. B-Line Systems, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - b. Eco Support Products.
 - c. ERICO/Michigan Hanger Co.
 - d. MIRO Industries.
 - e. Portable Pipe Hangers.
 - Bases: Two or more plastic, stainless steel, or recycled rubber.
 - 3. Vertical Members: Two or more protective-coated-steel channels.
 - 4. Horizontal Member: Protective-coated-steel channel.

2.8 RECTANGULAR DUCT FABRICATION

- Fabricate ducts, elbows, transitions, offsets, branch connections, and other construction according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" and complying with requirements for metal thickness, reinforcing types and intervals, tie-rod applications, and joint types and intervals.
 - Lengths: Fabricate rectangular ducts in lengths appropriate to reinforcement and rigidity class required for pressure class.
 - 2. Deflection: Duct systems shall not exceed deflection limits according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible."
 - 3. Internal Tie Rod: Ducts having a side dimension of 48 inches or greater only.
- Transverse Joints: Prefabricated slide-on joints and В. components constructed using manufacturer's and SMACNA guidelines for material thickness, reinforcement size and spacing, and joint reinforcement.

1. Manufacturers:

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- a. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
- b. Nexus Inc.
- c. Ward Industries, Inc.
- C. Cross Breaking or Cross Beading: Cross break or cross bead duct sides 19 inches and larger and 0.0359 inch thick or less, with more than 10 sq. ft. of nonbraced panel area unless ducts are lined.

APPLICATION OF LINER IN RECTANGULAR DUCTS 2.9

- Adhere a single layer of indicated thickness of duct liner with at least 90 percent adhesive coverage at liner contact surface area. Attaining indicated thickness with multiple layers of duct liner is prohibited.
- B. Apply adhesive to transverse edges of liner facing upstream that do not receive metal nosing.
- C. Butt transverse joints without gaps and coat joint with adhesive.
- D. Fold and compress liner in corners of rectangular ducts or cut and fit to ensure butted-edge overlapping.
- E. Do not apply liner in rectangular ducts with longitudinal joints, except at corners of ducts, unless duct size and standard liner product dimensions make longitudinal joints necessary.
- F. Apply adhesive coating on longitudinal seams in ducts with air velocity of 2500 fpm or greater.
- G. Secure liner with mechanical fasteners 4 inches from corners and at intervals not exceeding 12 inches transversely; at 3 inches from transverse joints and at intervals not exceeding 18 inches longitudinally.
- H. Secure transversely oriented liner edges facing the airstream with metal nosings that have either channel or "Z" profiles or are integrally formed from duct wall. Fabricate edge facings at the following locations:
 - 1. Fan discharges.
 - Intervals of lined duct preceding unlined duct.
 - 3. Upstream edges of transverse joints in ducts where air velocities are greater than 2500 fpm or where indicated.

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- I. Secure insulation between perforated sheet metal inner duct of same thickness as specified for outer shell. Use mechanical fasteners that maintain inner duct at uniform distance from outer shell without compressing insulation.
 - 1. Sheet Metal Inner Duct Perforations: 3/32-inch diameter, with an overall open area of 23 percent.
- Terminate inner ducts with buildouts attached to fire-J. damper sleeves, dampers, turning vane assemblies, or other devices. Fabricated buildouts (metal hat sections) or other buildout means are optional; when used, secure buildouts to duct walls with bolts, screws, rivets, or welds.

2.10 ROUND AND FLAT-OVAL DUCT AND FITTING FABRICATION

- A. Diameter as applied to flat-oval ducts in this Article is the diameter of a round duct with a circumference equal to the perimeter of a given size of flat-oval duct.
- B. Round and Flat-Oval, Spiral Lock-Seam Ducts:
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Eastern Sheet Metal (ESM).
 - b. LaPine Metal Products.
 - c. Lindab Inc.
 - d. McGill AirFlow Corporation.
 - e. SEMCO Incorporated.
 - f. SET Duct Manufacturing, Inc.
 - q. Tangent Air, Inc.
 - h. Universal Spiral Air.
- C. Round, Spiral Lock-Seam Ducts: Fabricate supply ducts of galvanized steel according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" or SMACNA "Industrial Duct Construction Standards" as required based on pressure class.
 - 1. Round fittings shall be factory fabricated welded design. Use of field fabricated fittings (welded design) shall only be permitted when factory fabricated fittings are unavailable.
- Flat-Oval, Spiral Lock-Seam Ducts: Fabricate supply ducts D. according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" or SMACNA "Industrial Duct Construction Standards" as required based on pressure class.

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Flat-oval fittings shall be factory fabricated welded design. Use of field fabricated fittings (welded design) shall only be permitted when factory fabricated fittings are unavailable.

Duct Joints:

- 1. Ducts up to 20 Inches in Diameter: Interior, centerbeaded slip coupling, sealed before and after fastening, attached with sheet metal screws.
- 2. Ducts 21 to 72 Inches in Diameter: Three-piece, gasketed, flanged joint consisting of two internal flanges with sealant and one external closure band with gasket.
- Ducts Larger Than 72 Inches in Diameter: Companion angle flanged joints per SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible, " Figure 3-
- Bolts and fasteners for galvanized steel duct shall be carbon steel, zinc coated per ASTM A153. Bolts and fasteners for stainless steel and polyvinyl chloride coated steel duct shall be stainless steel.
- Ducts: Prefabricated connection Round consisting of double-lipped, EPDM rubber gasket. Manufacture ducts according to connection system manufacturer's tolerances.
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) AccuDuct Mfg. Inc.
 - 2) Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - 3) Eastern Sheet Metal (ESM).
 - 4) Lindab Inc.
 - 5) Universal Spiral Air.
- Flat-Oval Ducts: Prefabricated connection system consisting of two flanges and one synthetic rubber gasket.
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) AccuDuct Mfg. Inc.
 - 2) Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - 3) Eastern Sheet Metal (ESM).
 - 4) McGill AirFlow Corporation.
 - 5) SEMCO Incorporated.
 - 6) Universal Spiral Air.
- F. Low Pressure Ductwork (plus or minus 2 inches W.G. Static Pressure Class)

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- Construct T's, bends, and elbows with radius of not less than 1-1/2 times width of duct on centerline. Where not possible provide single thickness turning vanes.
- Increase duct sizes gradually, not exceeding 15 2. degrees divergence wherever possible. Divergence upstream of equipment shall not exceed 30 degrees; convergence downstream shall not exceed 45 degrees.
- G. Medium and High Pressure Ductwork (For Static Pressure Class Greater than plus or minus 2 inches W.G.)
 - Construct T's, bends, and elbows with radius of not less than 1-1/2 times width of duct on centerline. Where not possible provide single thickness turning vanes.
 - Transform duct sizes gradually, not exceeding 15 degrees divergence and 30 degrees convergence.
 - Fabricate continuously welded medium and high pressure round and oval duct fittings two gauges heavier than duct gauges indicated in SMACNA Standard. Joints shall be minimum 4 inch cemented slip joint, brazed or electric welded. Prime coat welded joints.
 - Provide standard 45 degree lateral wye takeoffs unless otherwise indicated where 90 degree conical tee connections may be used.
- H. 90-Degree Tees and Laterals and Conical Tees: Fabricate to comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible," with metal thicknesses specified for longitudinal-seam straight ducts.
- I. Diverging-Flow Fittings: Fabricate with reduced entrance to branch taps and with no excess material projecting from fitting onto branch tap entrance.
- Fabricate elbows using die-formed, gored, pleated, or mitered construction. Bend radius of die-formed, gored, and pleated elbows shall be 1-1/2 times duct diameter. Unless elbow construction type is indicated, fabricate elbows as follows:
 - 1. Mitered-Elbow Radius and Number of Pieces: Welded construction complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible," unless otherwise indicated.

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- Round Mitered Elbows: Welded construction with the following metal thickness for pressure classes from minus 2- to plus 2-inch wg:
 - a. Ducts 3 to 36 Inches in Diameter: 0.034 inch.
 - b. Ducts 37 to 50 Inches in Diameter: 0.040 inch.
 - c. Ducts 52 to 60 Inches in Diameter: 0.052 inch.
 - d. Ducts 62 to 84 Inches in Diameter: 0.064 inch.
- Round Mitered Elbows: Welded construction with the following metal thickness for pressure classes from 2to 10-inch wg:
 - Ducts 3 to 26 Inches in Diameter: 0.034 inch.
 - b. Ducts 27 to 50 Inches in Diameter: 0.040 inch.
 - c. Ducts 52 to 60 Inches in Diameter: 0.052 inch.
 - d. Ducts 62 to 84 Inches in Diameter: 0.064 inch.
- Flat-Oval Mitered Elbows: Welded construction with same metal thickness as longitudinal-seam flat-oval duct.
- 90-Degree, 2-Piece, Mitered Elbows: Use only for 5. supply systems or for material-handling Class A or B exhaust systems and only where space restrictions do not permit using radius elbows. Fabricate with singlethickness turning vanes.
- Round Elbows 8 Inches and Less in Diameter: Fabricate die-formed elbows for 45- and 90-degree elbows and pleated elbows for 30, 45, 60, and 90 degrees only. Fabricate nonstandard bend-angle configurations or nonstandard diameter elbows with gored construction.
- Round Elbows 9 through 14 Inches in Diameter: Fabricate gored or pleated elbows for 30, 45, 60, and 90 degrees unless space restrictions require mitered elbows. Fabricate nonstandard bend-angle configurations or nonstandard diameter elbows with gored construction.
- Round Elbows Larger Than 14 Inches in Diameter and All Flat-Oval Elbows: Fabricate gored elbows unless space restrictions require mitered elbows.
- Die-Formed Elbows for Sizes through 8 Inches Diameter and All Pressures 0.040 inch thick with 2piece welded construction.
- 10. Round Gored-Elbow Metal Thickness: Same as non-elbow fittings specified above.
- 11. Flat-Oval Elbow Metal Thickness: Same as longitudinalseam flat-oval duct specified above.
- 12. Pleated Elbows for Sizes through 14 Inches in Diameter and Pressures through 10-Inch wg: 0.022 inch.

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- K. PVC-Coated Elbows and Fittings: Fabricate elbows and fittings as follows:
 - Round Elbows 4 to 8 Inches in Diameter: Two piece, die stamped, with longitudinal seams spot welded, bonded, and painted with PVC aerosol spray.
 - Round Elbows 9 to 26 Inches in Diameter: Standing-seam construction.
 - 3. Round Elbows 28 to 60 Inches in Diameter: Standard gored construction, riveted and bonded.
 - 4. Other Fittings: Riveted and bonded joints.
 - 5. Couplings: Slip-joint construction with a minimum 2inch insertion length.

2.11 DOUBLE-WALL DUCT AND FITTING FABRICATION

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Eastern Sheet Metal (ESM).
- 2. LaPine Metal Products.
- 3. Lindab Inc.
- 4. McGill AirFlow Corporation.
- 5. SEMCO Incorporated.
- 6. SET Duct Manufacturing, Inc.
- 7. Tangent Air Inc.
- 8. Universal Spiral Air.
- Ducts: Fabricate double-wall (insulated) ducts with an В. outer shell and an inner duct. Dimensions indicated are for inner ducts.
 - 1. Outer Shell: Base metal thickness on outer-shell dimensions. Fabricate outer-shell lengths 2 inches longer than inner duct and insulation and in metal thickness specified for single-wall duct.
 - 2. Insulation: 1-inch- thick fibrous glass, unless otherwise indicated. Terminate insulation where double-wall duct connects to single-wall duct uninsulated components, and reduce outer shell diameter to inner duct diameter.
 - a. Thermal Conductivity (k-Value): 0.26 at 75 deg F mean temperature.
 - Solid Inner Ducts: Use the following sheet metal thicknesses and seam construction:
 - a. Ducts 3 to 8 Inches in Diameter: 0.019 inch with standard spiral-seam construction.
 - b. Ducts 9 to 42 Inches in Diameter: 0.019 inch with single-rib spiral-seam construction.

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- c. Ducts 44 to 60 Inches in Diameter: 0.022 inch with single-rib spiral-seam construction.
- d. Ducts 62 to 88 Inches in Diameter: 0.034 inch with standard spiral-seam construction.
- 4. Perforated Inner Ducts: Fabricate with 0.028-inchthick sheet metal having 3/32-inch- diameter perforations, with overall open area of 23 percent.
 - a. Provide 1 mil mylar liner between acoustical insulation and perforated inner liner.
- 5. Maintain concentricity of inner duct to outer shell by mechanical means. Prevent dislocation of insulation by mechanical means.
- Fittings: Fabricate double-wall (insulated) fittings with an outer shell and an inner duct.
 - 1. Solid Inner Ducts: Use the following sheet metal thicknesses:
 - a. Ducts 3 to 34 Inches in Diameter: 0.028 inch.
 - b. Ducts 35 to 58 Inches in Diameter: 0.034 inch.
 - c. Ducts 60 to 88 Inches in Diameter: 0.040 inch.
 - 2. Perforated Inner Ducts: Fabricate with 0.028-inchsheet metal having 3/32-inch- diameter thick perforations, with overall open area of 23 percent.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DUCTWORK APPLICATION SCHEDULE

A. Ductwork materials and performance requirements are scheduled on the Drawing.

3.2 DUCTWORK APPLICATION SCHEDULE

A. Ductwork materials and performance requirements are scheduled on the Drawing.

3.3 DUCT INSTALLATION

- Construct and install ducts according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible," unless otherwise indicated.
- Install round and flat-oval ducts in lengths not less than 12 feet unless interrupted by fittings.
- C. Install ducts with fewest possible joints.

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- D. Install fabricated fittings for changes in directions, size, and shape and for connections.
- Install couplings tight to duct wall surface with a Ε. minimum of projections into duct. Secure couplings with sheet metal screws. Install screws at intervals of 12 inches, with a minimum of 3 screws in each coupling.
- Install ducts, unless otherwise indicated, vertically and horizontally and parallel and perpendicular to building lines; avoid diagonal runs.
- Install ducts close to walls, overhead construction, columns, and other structural and permanent enclosure elements of building.
- Install ducts with a clearance of 1 inch, plus allowance for insulation thickness.
- I. Conceal ducts from view in finished spaces. Do not encase horizontal runs in solid partitions unless specifically indicated.
- J. Coordinate layout with suspended ceiling, fire- and smokecontrol dampers, lighting layouts, and similar finished work.
- Seal all joints and seams. Apply sealant to male end K. connectors before insertion, and afterward to cover entire joint and sheet metal screws.
- Electrical Equipment Spaces: Route ducts to avoid passing through transformer vaults and electrical equipment spaces and enclosures.
- Non-Fire-Rated Partition Penetrations: Where ducts pass Μ. through interior partitions and exterior walls and are exposed to view, conceal spaces between construction openings and ducts or duct insulation with sheet metal flanges of same metal thickness as ducts. Overlap openings on 4 sides by at least 1-1/2 inches.
- Fire-Rated Partition Penetrations: Where ducts pass through interior partitions and exterior walls, install appropriately rated fire dampers, and sleeves. Fire and smoke dampers are specified in Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."

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- O. Protect duct interiors from moisture, construction debris and dust, and other foreign materials.
- Comply with SMACNA's "IAQ Guidelines for Occupied P. Buildings Under Construction," Appendix G, Cleanliness for New Construction Guidelines." 1. Intermediate level.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF EXPOSED DUCTWORK

- A. Protect ducts exposed in finished spaces from being dented, scratched, or damaged.
- B. Trim duct sealants flush with metal. Create a smooth and uniform exposed bead. Do not use two-part tape sealing system.
- C. Grind welds to provide smooth surface free of burrs, sharp edges, and weld splatter. When welding stainless steel with a No. 3 or 4 finish, grind the welds flush, polish the exposed welds, and treat the welds to remove discoloration caused by welding.
- Maintain consistency, symmetry, and uniformity in the D. arrangement and fabrication of fittings, hangers supports, duct accessories, and air outlets.
- E. Repair or replace damaged sections and finished work that does not comply with these requirements.
- 3.5 RANGE HOOD EXHAUST DUCTS, SPECIAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS
 - A. Install ducts to allow for thermal expansion through 2000 deg F temperature range.
 - Install ducts without dips or traps that may collect В. residues unless traps have continuous or automatic residue removal.
 - Install access openings at each change in direction and at С. intervals defined by NFPA 96; locate on sides of duct a minimum of 1-1/2 inches from bottom; and fit with greasetight covers of same material as duct.
 - D. Install welded test ports or prefabricated test port section in the exhaust duct for the duct Pitot-tube

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traverse. Install each test port with a threaded cap that is liquid tight.

- Do not penetrate fire-rated assemblies except as permitted Ε. by applicable building codes.
- F. Field Quality Control:
 - Prior to use or concealment of any portion of grease duct system, perform leakage test in presence of Code Official.
 - Light test or approved equivalent test method shall be performed to determine that welded and brazed joints are liquid tight.
 - Lamp shall be not less than 100 watts and shall be open to emit light equally in all directions perpendicular to duct walls.

3.6 DUCT SEALING

- Seal duct seams and joints according to SMACNA's "HVAC Α. Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for duct pressure class indicated. Ducts must be properly cleaned and sealed in strict accordance with sealant manufacturer's instructions.
 - 1. Seal Class: Refer to Application Schedule on the Drawings.
 - Seal ducts before external insulation is applied.
 - After pressure testing, remake leaking joints until leakage is equal to or less than maximum allowable. Refer to Application Schedule on the Drawings for allowable leakage rates.

3.7 HANGING AND SUPPORTING

- Support horizontal ducts within 24 inches of each elbow Α. and within 48 inches of each branch intersection.
- Support vertical ducts at maximum intervals of 16 feet and В. at each floor.
- C. Install concrete inserts before placing concrete.
- Support ductwork from building structure, not from roof deck, floor slab, pipe, other ducts, or equipment.

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- Install upper attachments to structures with an allowable load not exceeding one-fourth of failure (proof-test) load.
- Install roof mounted duct supports in accordance with F. manufacturer's instructions. Provide additional membrane layer or walkpads under support bases as required.
- G. Use load rated cable suspension system for round duct in exposed locations.

3.8 CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections to equipment with flexible connectors according to Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."
- Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--В. Metal and Flexible" for branch, outlet and inlet, and terminal unit connections.

3.9 PAINTING

Paint interior of metal ducts that are visible through registers and grilles and that do not have duct liner. Apply one coat of flat, black, latex paint over a compatible galvanized-steel primer. Paint materials and application requirements are specified in Division 09 painting Sections.

3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Duct System Cleanliness Tests:
 - 1. Visually inspect duct system to ensure that no visible contaminants are present.
- Duct system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.11 START UP

A. Air Balance: Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing."

END OF SECTION 15815

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SECTION 15817 - HVAC CASINGS

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PART 3 - EXECUTION
3.1 EXAMINATION
3.2 INSTALLATION
3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
3.4 CLEANING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."

1.2 SUMMARY

- Section Includes: Α.
 - Factory or shop-fabricated, field-assembled, doublewall casings for HVAC equipment.

DEFINITIONS 1.3

Thermal Conductivity and Apparent Thermal Conductivity (k-Value): As defined in ASTM C 168. In this Section, these values are the result of the formula Btu x in./h x sq. ft.

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- x deg F at temperature differences specified. Values are expressed as Btu.
- 1. Example: Apparent Thermal Conductivity (k-Value): 0.26.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS 1.4

- Static-Pressure Classes: Α.
 - 1. Upstream from Fan(s): 2-inch wg.
 - 2. Downstream from Fan(s): 2-inch wg.
- Acoustical Performance: В.
 - 1. NRC: 1.09 according to ASTM C 423.
 - 2. STC: 40 according to ASTM E 90.
- C. Structural Performance:
 - Casings shall be fabricated to withstand 133 percent of the indicated static pressure without structural failure. Wall and roof deflection at the indicated static pressure shall not exceed 1/8 inch per foot of width.
 - Fabricate outdoor casings to withstand wind load of 15 lbf/sq. ft. and snow load of 30 lbf/sq. ft.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For factory-fabricated casings, sealant materials, and acoustic liner materials.
- Product Certificates: For factory-fabricated casings, signed by product manufacturer.
 - 1. Show sound-absorption coefficients in each octave band lower than those scheduled when tested according to ASTM C 423.
 - 2. Show airborne sound transmission losses lower than those scheduled when tested according to ASTM E 90.
- C. Welding certificates.

1.6 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel," for hangers and supports.
 - AWS D9.1M/D9.1, "Sheet Metal Welding Code," for casing joint and seam welding.

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1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.
- B. Coordinate sizes and locations of steel supports. Supports are specified in Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications."
- C. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - 1. Exterior Surface Galvanized Coating Designation: G90.
 - Interior Surface Galvanized Coating Designation:
 - a. Sections Not Exposed to Moisture: G90.
 - b. Sections Housing and Downstream from Cooling Coil and Humidifiers: G90.
- B. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 480/A 480M, Type 304, and having a No. 2D finish.
- and Plates: Galvanized-steel C. Reinforcement Shapes reinforcement where installed on galvanized sheet steel casings.
- D. Miscellaneous Materials and Products: Types and sizes required to comply with HVAC casing system requirements, including proper connection of ducts and equipment.

2.3 SEALANT MATERIALS

- A. General Sealant and Gasket Requirements: Surface-burning characteristics for sealants and gaskets shall be a maximum flame-spread index of 25 and a maximum smokedeveloped index of 50 when tested according to UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
- Water-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:
 - 1. Application Method: Brush on.
 - 2. Solids Content: Minimum 65 percent.
 - 3. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 20.
 - 4. Water resistant.
 - 5. Mold and mildew resistant.
 - 6. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive or negative.
 - 7. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
 - 8. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel or stainless steel.
- Solvent-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:
 - 1. Application Method: Brush on.
 - 2. Base: Synthetic rubber resin.
 - 3. Solvent: Toluene and heptane.
 - 4. Solids Content: Minimum 60 percent.
 - 5. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 60.
 - 6. Water resistant.
 - 7. Mold and mildew resistant.
 - 8. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive or negative.
 - 9. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
 - 10. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel or stainless steel.
- Flanged Joint Sealant: Comply with ASTM C 920.
 - 1. General: Single component, acid curing, silicone, elastomeric.
 - 2. Type: S.
 - 3. Grade: NS.
 - 4. Class: 25.
 - 5. Use: O.
- E. Flange Gaskets: Butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM polymer with polyisobutylene plasticizer.

2.4 GENERAL CASING FABRICATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Material Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Chapter 9, "Equipment and Casings," for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and casing construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.
 - 1. Fabricate casings with more than 3-inch wg negative static pressure according to SMACNA's "Rectangular Industrial Duct Construction Standards."
 - 2. Casings with more than 2-inch wg positive static pressure may be fabricated according to SMACNA's "Rectangular Industrial Duct Construction Standards."
- Factory- or Shop-Applied Antimicrobial Coating: В.
 - Apply to the interior sheet metal surfaces of casing in contact with the airstream. Apply untreated clear coating to the exterior surface.
 - 2. Antimicrobial compound shall be tested for efficacy by an NRTL and registered by the EPA for use in HVAC
 - 3. Coating containing the antimicrobial compound shall have a hardness of 2H minimum when tested according to ASTM D 3363.
 - 4. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Maximum flame-spread index of 25 and maximum smoke-developed index of 50 according to UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
 - 5. Applied Coating Color: Standard.
- C. Sealing Requirement: SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Seal Class A. Seal all seams, joints, connections, and abutments to building.
- D. Penetrations: Seal all penetrations airtight. Cover with escutcheons and gaskets, or fill with suitable compound so there is no exposed insulation. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods." Provide shaft seals where fan shafts penetrate casing.
- Access Doors: Fabricate access doors according to Ε. SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible, "Figure 9-15, "Casing Access Doors - 2-inch wg (500 Pa), and Figure 9-16, "Casing Access Doors - 3-10-

inch wg (750-2500 Pa)"; and according to pressure class of the plenum or casing section in which access doors are to be installed.

- 1. Size: 20 by 54 inches.
- 2. Vision Panel: Double-glazed, wire-reinforced safety glass with an airspace between panes and sealed with interior and exterior rubber seals.
- Hinges: Piano or butt hinges and latches, number and size according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."
- Latches: Minimum of two wedge-lever-type latches, operable from inside and outside.
- Neoprene gaskets around entire perimeters of door frames.
- 6. Doors shall open against air pressure.
- Condensate Drain Pans: Formed sections of Type 304, stainless-steel sheet complying with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1. Pans shall extend a minimum of 12 inches past coil.
 - 1. Double-wall construction shall have space between walls filled with foam insulation and sealed moisture
 - 2. Intermediate drain pan or drain trough shall collect condensate from top coil for units with stacked coils or stacked eliminators.
 - Insulation: Polystyrene or polyurethane.
 - Slopes shall be in a minimum of two planes to collect condensate from cooling coils (including coil piping connections and return bends), eliminators, and humidifiers when units are operating at maximum catalogued face velocity across cooling coil.
 - Each drain pan connection shall have a trap. Drain traps with depth and height differential between inlet and outlet equal or greater to the design static pressure plus 2-inch wg. Include slab height in trap calculation.

2.5 FACTORY-FABRICATED (ACOUSTICAL PLENUM) CASINGS

- Description: Double-wall, insulated, pressurized equipment casing.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Industrial Acoustics Company, Inc.
 - b. Ruskin Sound Control.
 - c. VAW Systems Ltd.

- d. Vibro-Acoustics.
- Panel Fabrication: Solid, galvanized sheet steel exterior В. shell and perforated, galvanized sheet steel interior shell; with 4-inch space between shells, as indicated.
 - Fabricate with a minimum number of joints.
 - Weld exterior and interior shells to perimeter; to interior, longitudinal, galvanized-steel channels; and to box-end internal closures. Paint welds.
 - 3. Exterior Shell Thickness: 0.040 inch minimum.
 - Interior Shell Thickness: 0.034 inch minimum, with 3/32-inch perforations at 3/16-inch staggered spacing for 23 percent open area.
 - Fabricate perimeter and interior, longitudinal channel members with galvanized-steel shapes.
 - Fill each panel assembly with noncombustible, acoustic quality, shot-free fiberglass insulation with long, resilient fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin.
 - a. Density shall be as required to insure conformance with laboratory test data.
 - b. Fiberglass shall be packed with a minimum of 10 percent compression during casing assembly.
 - c. Media shall be inert, mildew resistant, and vermin proof, and comply with NFPA 90A; and resilient such that it will not crumble or break, and conform to irregular surfaces.
 - d. Media shall not cause or accelerate corrosion of aluminum or steel.
 - e. Media shall be encapsulated in Mylar to prevent shedding, erosion and impregnation of the fiberglass.
 - f. Mineral wool shall not be permitted as a substitute for fiberglass.
 - Fabricate panels with tongue-and-groove, continuous self-locking joints effective inside and outside each panel.
- C. Trim Items: Fabricate from a minimum of 0.052-inch galvanized sheet steel, furnished in standard lengths for field cutting.
- Access Doors: Fabricate personnel access doors at least 24 by 60 inches and other access doors in sizes indicated.
 - 1. Fabricate doors of same thickness as panels, with a minimum 0.040-inch solid, interior and exterior, galvanized sheet steel shell.

- Install a minimum of two ball-bearing hinges and two wedge-lever-type latches, operable from inside and outside. Install doors to open against air pressure differential. Install neoprene gaskets around entire perimeters of door frames.
- Fabricate windows in doors consisting of doubleglazed, wire-reinforced safety glass with an air space between panes and sealed with interior and exterior rubber seals.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine steel supports for compliance with requirements for conditions affecting installation and performance of HVAC casings.
- B. Examine casing insulation materials and liners before installation. Reject casings that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- Install casings according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Α. Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible." Comply with recommended spacing of sheet metal screws and with requirements for casing sealing and trim positioning.
- Support casings on floor or foundation system. Secure and В. seal to base.
- C. Apply sealant to joints, connections, and mountings.
- Field-cut openings for pipe and conduit penetrations; D. insulate and seal according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible."
- E. Support components rigidly with ties, braces, brackets, and anchors of types that will maintain housing shape and prevent buckling.
- F. Align casings accurately at connections, with 1/8-inch misalignment tolerance and with smooth interior surfaces.

- G. Maintain duct seal class integrity throughout casings.
- 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
 - A. Perform the following field tests and inspections according to SMACNA's "HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual" and prepare test reports:
 - 1. Conduct tests at static pressures equal to maximum design pressure of system or section being tested. If pressure classes are not indicated, test entire system at maximum system design pressure. Do not pressurize systems above maximum design operating pressure. Give seven days' advance notice for testing.
 - Determine leakage from entire system or section of system by relating leakage to surface area of test section. Comply with requirements for classification of ducts connected to casings.
 - 3. Remake leaking joints and retest until leakage is equal to or less than maximum allowable.

3.4 CLEANING

- Comply with SMACNA's "IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction," Appendix G, "Duct Cleanliness for New Construction Guidelines."
 - 1. Intermediate level.

END OF SECTION 15817

SECTION 15820 - DUCT ACCESSORIES

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PART 1 - GENERAL	

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" for duct test holes.
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Temperature Controls" for motorized control dampers.

4. Division 16 Section "Fire Alarm" for duct-mounting fire and smoke detectors.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. NVLAP: National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program.
- Low Pressure: Up to 2 inch WG and velocities less than В. 1,500 fpm. Construct for 2 inch WG positive or negative static pressure.
- C. Medium Pressure: Greater than 2 inch WG to 6 inch WG and velocities greater than 1,500 fpm and less than 2,500 fpm. Construct for 6 inch WG positive or negative static pressure.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - For turning vanes, include data for pressure loss generated sound power levels.
 - 2. For duct silencers, include pressure drop and dynamic insertion loss data. Include breakout noise calculations for high transmission loss casings.
- Shop Drawings: For duct accessories. Include plans, elevations, sections, details and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Detail duct accessories fabrication and installation in ducts and other construction. Include dimensions, weights, loads, and required clearances; and method of field assembly into duct systems and other construction. Include the following:
 - a. Special fittings.
 - b. Manual volume damper installations.
 - c. Control damper installations.
 - d. Fire-damper, smoke-damper, combination fire- and smoke-damper, ceiling, and corridor installations, including sleeves; and duct-mounted access doors and remote damper operators.
 - e. Duct security bars.
 - f. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale and coordinating penetrations and ceiling-mounting

- items. Show ceiling-mounting access panels and access doors required for access to duct accessories.
- D. Source quality-control reports.
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data: For air duct accessories to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

OUALITY ASSURANCE 1.4

- A. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems," and NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."
- B. Comply with AMCA 500-D testing for damper rating.

1.5 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Fusible Links: Furnish quantity equal to 10 percent of amount installed for each temperature rating.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Lock-forming quality; complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M and having G90 coating designation; ducts shall have mill-phosphatized finish for surfaces exposed to view.

- C. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 480/A 480M, Types 304 and 316 as indicated.
- D. Aluminum Sheets: ASTM B 209, alloy 3003, temper H14; with mill finish for concealed ducts and standard, 1-side bright finish for exposed ducts.
- E. Extruded Aluminum: ASTM B 221, alloy 6063, temper T6.
- F. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: Galvanized-steel reinforcement where installed on galvanized sheet metal ducts; compatible materials for aluminum and stainlesssteel ducts.
- G. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.
- Tie Rods: Stainless steel, 1/4-inch diameter for lengths Η. 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches for use in ducts in humid or corrosive atmospheres.
- Bird Screens: No. 2 mesh, 0.063 inch diameter galvanized wire screen with open area of not less than 72 percent. Conceal sharp edges by adding metal edging consisting of rod, flat or angle iron, or 16 gage galvanized sheet steel turned over at least 3/4 inch on both sides.

BACKDRAFT DAMPERS 2.3

- Α. Manufacturers:
 - 1. American Warming and Ventilating.
 - 2. Greenheck.
 - 3. Ruskin Company.
- Description: Multiple-blade, parallel action counterbalanced, with blades of maximum 6-inch width, with sealed edges, assembled in rattle-free manner with 90degree stop, steel ball bearings, and axles; adjustment device to permit setting for varying differential static pressure.
- Performance: Based on tests in accordance with AMCA C. Standard 500:
 - 1. Pressure drop not to exceed 0.15 inch wg at face velocity of 2500 fpm.

- Leakage not to exceed 9.2 cfm per square foot at 1 inch wg differential and temperature of 70 deg F.
- Frame: 0.052-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.063inch- thick extruded aluminum, with welded corners and mounting flange.
- Blades: 0.025-inch- thick, roll-formed aluminum or 0.050inch- thick aluminum sheet.
- F. Blade Seals: Manufacturer's standard seal material.
- G. Blade Axles: Nonferrous or galvanized steel.
- Tie Bars and Brackets: Aluminum or galvanized steel.
- 2.4 LOW PRESSURE MANUAL VOLUME DAMPERS
 - Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. American Warming and Ventilating.
 - 2. Arrow United Industries.
 - 3. Greenheck.
 - 4. Krueger.
 - 5. Louvers and Dampers.
 - 6. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - 7. Ruskin Company.
 - 8. Vent Products Company, Inc.
 - 9. Young Regulator Company.
 - B. General Description: Factory fabricated, with required hardware and accessories. Stiffen damper blades for stability. Include locking device to hold single-blade dampers in a fixed position without vibration. Close duct penetrations for damper components to seal duct consistent with pressure class.
 - Except for dampers in round ductwork sized 12 inches and smaller, provide end bearings.
 - Rectangular Volume Dampers: Multiple-opposed-blade design, AMCA certified for maximum leakage of 2 percent of total fan volume at shutoff, and suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.
 - Round Volume Dampers 16-inch Diameter and Smaller: Singleblade design, AMCA certified for maximum leakage of 2 percent of total fan volume at shutoff, and suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.

Round Volume Dampers Larger than 16-inch Diameter: Multiple-opposed-blade design AMCA certified for maximum leakage of 2 percent of total fan volume at shutoff, and suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.

F. Damper Materials:

- Steel Frames: Hat-shaped, galvanized sheet steel channels, minimum of 0.064 inch thick, with mitered and welded corners; frames with flanges where indicated for attaching to walls and flangeless frames where indicated for installing in ducts.
- Steel Blades: 0.064-inch- thick, Roll-Formed galvanized sheet steel.
- 3. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel.
- 4. Bearings: Oil-impregnated bronze, molded synthetic, or stainless-steel sleeve type.
- 5. Tie Bars and Brackets: Galvanized steel.
- Jackshaft: 1-inch- diameter, galvanized-steel rotating within pipe-bearing assembly mounted on supports at each mullion and at each end of multiple-damper assemblies.
 - Length and Number of Mountings: Appropriate to connect linkage of each damper in multiple-damper assembly.
- Damper Hardware: Zinc-plated, die-cast core with dial and handle made of 3/32-inch- thick zinc-plated steel, and a 3/4-inch hexagon locking nut. Include center hole to suit damper operating-rod size. Include elevated platform for insulated duct mounting.

2.5 MOTORIZED CONTROL DAMPERS

- A. Refer to Division 15 Section "Temperature Controls."
- 2.6 FIRE DAMPERS (CURTAIN STYLE)
 - A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Air Balance, Inc.
 - 2. Greenheck.
 - 3. NCA Manufacturing, Inc.
 - 4. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - 5. Ruskin Company.
 - B. Dynamic fire dampers with curtain style blades, and labeled according to UL 555, maximum velocity 2000 fpm, maximum static pressure 4 inches w.g.

- C. Fire Rating:
 - 1. 1-1/2 hours for 2 hour rated walls.
 - 2. 3 hours for 4 hour rated walls.
- D. Frame: Type B or Type C Curtain type with blades outside airstream; fabricated with roll-formed, galvanized steel in gages required by manufacturer's UL listing; with mitered and interlocking corners.
- Mounting Sleeve: Factory- or field-installed, galvanized sheet steel.
 - Thickness: Equal to or thicker than the duct connected to it, and of length to suit application.
 - 2. Exceptions: Omit sleeve where damper frame width permits direct attachment of perimeter mounting angles on each side of wall or floor, and thickness of damper frame complies with sleeve requirements.
- F. Mounting Orientation: Vertical or horizontal as indicated.
- G. Blades: Roll-formed, interlocking, 0.034-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel. In place of interlocking blades, use full-length, 0.034-inch- thick, galvanized-steel blade connectors.
- H. Fusible Links: Replaceable, 165 deg F rated.

2.7 SMOKE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Air Balance, Inc.
 - 2. Greenheck.
 - 3. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - 4. NCA Manufacturing, Inc.
 - 5. Ruskin Company.
- B. General Description: Smoke dampers with airfoil blades, labeled according to UL 555S, with minimum Class II leakage rating.
- C. Frame and Blades: 16 gage, galvanized sheet steel.
- Mounting Sleeve: Factory-installed, galvanized sheet D. steel.
 - 1. Thickness: Equal to or thicker than the duct connected to it, and of length to suit application.

- E. Rated pressure and velocity to exceed design airflow conditions.
- F. Damper Actuators: Electric modulating or two-position action as required.
 - Permanent-Split-Capacitor or Shaded-Pole Motors: With oil-immersed and sealed gear trains.
 - Size for torque required for damper seal at load 2. conditions.
 - Overload Protection: Microprocessor or an electronic based motor controller providing burnout protection if stalled before full rotation is reached. The actuator shall be electronically cut off at full open to eliminate noise generation with the holding noise level to be inaudible.
 - Outdoor Motors and Motors in Outdoor-Air Intakes: Equip with O-ring gaskets designed to make motors weatherproof. Equip motors with internal heaters to permit normal operation at minus 40 deg F.
 - Power Requirements (Two-Position Spring Return): 24 or 120 V ac.
 - Power Requirements (Proportional): Maximum (running) 12 VA at 24-V ac or 8 W at 24-V dc. Maximum (holding) 5VA at 24-V ac or 3 W at 24-V dc holding.
 - Proportional Actuators (24V ac/dc): Control signal shall be 0-10vdc, 2-10vdc or 4-20mA as required to operate with associated controller. Include position feedback signal for 0-10vdc, 2-10vdc or 4-20mA as required to be monitored by associated controller.
 - Actuator timing shall meet 15 sec. 8.
 - Temperature Rating: Actuator shall have a UL555S listing by the damper manufacturer for 250 deg F.
- Damper blade position end switches: Factory installed damper position switch package for both full open and full closed indication (equivalent to Ruskin SP100 switch package).
- Test Switch: Damper mounted momentary "test" push-button mounted 2-position "open/closed" toggle switch rated for 24V or 120V as required to allow testing and/or maintenance of motorized dampers.
- 2.8 COMBINATION FIRE AND SMOKE DAMPERS
 - A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Air Balance, Inc.
- 2. Greenheck.
- 3. Nailor Industries Inc.
- 4. NCA Manufacturing, Inc.
- 5. Ruskin Company.
- B. General Description: Combination fire and smoke dampers shall be labeled according to UL 555 and UL 555S. Leakage shall not exceed 10 cfm per square foot at 1 inch WG differential pressure (Leakage Class II).
- C. Closing rating in ducts up to 4-inch wg static pressure class and minimum 4000-fpm velocity.
- D. Fire Rating:
 - 1. 1-1/2 hours for 2 hour rated walls.
 - 2. 3 hours for 4 hour rated walls.
- E. Frame and Blades: 0.064-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel.
- F. Mounting Sleeve: Factory-installed, galvanized sheet steel.
 - Thickness: Equal to or thicker than the duct connected to it, and of length to suit application.
- G. Rated pressure and velocity to exceed design airflow conditions.
- Damper Actuators: Electric modulating or two-position Η. action as required.
 - 1. Permanent-Split-Capacitor or Shaded-Pole Motors: With oil-immersed and sealed gear trains.
 - 2. Size for torque required for damper seal at load conditions.
 - Overload Protection: Microprocessor or an electronic based motor controller providing burnout protection if stalled before full rotation is reached. The actuator shall be electronically cut off at full open to eliminate noise generation with the holding noise level to be inaudible.
 - Outdoor Motors and Motors in Outdoor-Air Intakes: Equip with O-ring gaskets designed to make motors weatherproof. Equip motors with internal heaters to permit normal operation at minus 40 deg F.
 - 5. Power Requirements (Two-Position Spring Return): 24 or 120 V ac.

- Power Requirements (Proportional): Maximum (running) 12 VA at 24-V ac or 8 W at 24-V dc. Maximum (holding) 5VA at 24-V ac or 3 W at 24-V dc holding.
- Proportional Actuators (24V ac/dc): Control signal shall be 0-10vdc, 2-10vdc or 4-20mA as required to operate with associated controller. Include position feedback signal for 0-10vdc, 2-10vdc or 4-20mA as required to be monitored by associated controller.
- Actuator timing shall meet 15 sec.
- 9. Temperature Rating: Actuator shall have a UL555S listing by the damper manufacturer for 250 deg F.
- I. Manual Heat Responsive Fuse Link with Reset and Damper Blade Position End Switches: Factory installed manual heat responsive fuse link with reset switch / damper position switch package for both full open and full closed indication (equivalent to Ruskin TS150 switch package).
- Test Switch: Damper mounted momentary "test" push-button J. mounted 2-position "open/closed" toggle switch rated for 24V or 120V as required to allow testing and/or maintenance of motorized dampers.
- 2.9 DUCT SILENCERS (FIBERGLASS FILL)
 - A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Industrial Acoustics Co. Inc.
 - 2. Price Industries.
 - 3. Ruskin Company.
 - 4. VAW Systems Ltd.
 - 5. Vibro-Acoustics.
 - General Requirements: В.
 - 1. Factory fabricated.
 - 2. Fire-Performance Characteristics: Adhesives, sealants, packing materials, and accessory materials shall have flame-spread index not exceeding 25 and smokedeveloped index not exceeding 50 when tested according to ASTM E 84.
 - C. Rectangular Units: Unless otherwise scheduled on the Drawings, fabricate casings with a minimum of 20 gage, solid galvanized sheet metal for outer casing and 22 gage, ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90, perforated galvanized sheet metal for inner casing.
 - D. Round Units: Unless otherwise scheduled on the Drawings:

Outer Casings:

- a. ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90, galvanized sheet steel.
- b. Up to 8 Inches in Diameter: 24 gage.
- c. 9 through 22 Inches in Diameter: 22 gage.
- d. 24 through 36 Inches in Diameter: 20 gage.
- e. 38 through 50 Inches in Diameter: 18 gage.
- f. 52 through 60 Inches in Diameter: 16 gage.
- g. Casings fabricated of spiral lock-seam duct may be one gage thinner than that indicated.
- 2. Interior Casing, Partitions, and Baffles:
 - a. ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90, galvanized sheet steel.
 - b. At least 24 gage thick and designed for minimum aerodynamic losses.
- Sheet Metal Perforations: 1/8-inch diameter for inner Ε. casing and baffle sheet metal.
- F. Fill Material: Inert and vermin-proof fibrous glass material, packed under not less than 5 percent compression.
 - 1. Erosion Barrier: Mylar film with 1/4-inch standoff.
 - a. Return fan inlet and outlet silencer fill shall not be encapsulated in Mylar.
- Fabricate silencers to form rigid units that will not pulsate, vibrate, rattle, or otherwise react to system pressure variations.
 - Do not use nuts, bolts, or sheet metal screws for unit assemblies.
 - Lock form and seal or continuously weld joints.
 - Suspended Units: Factory-installed suspension hooks or lugs attached to frame in quantities and spaced to prevent deflection or distortion.
 - Reinforcement: Cross or trapeze angles for rigid suspension.
- Source Quality Control:
 - Acoustic Performance: Test according to ASTM E 477.
 - a. Tests performed in NVLAP accredited laboratory.
 - b. Include accreditation certificate with submittals.
 - c. Submittals from non-NVLAP accredited facilities will not be accepted.
 - Record acoustic ratings, including dynamic insertion loss and self-noise power levels with an airflow of at least 2000-fpm face velocity.

Leak Test: Test units for airtightness at 200 percent of associated fan static pressure or 6-inch wg static pressure, whichever is greater.

TURNING VANES 2.10

- Manufactured Turning Vanes: Α.
 - Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for vanes and vane runners. Vane runners shall automatically align vanes.
 - Double-vane or airfoil-shaped, curved blades of galvanized sheet steel set into vane runners suitable for duct mounting.
 - Generated sound power level shall not exceed 54 decibels in octave band 4 at 2000 fpm in a 24-inch by 24-inch duct.
 - Manufacturers:
 - a. Aero/Dyne Company; H-E-P Turning Vanes.
 - b. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - c. Duro Dyne Corp.
 - d. Ward Industries, Inc.; a division of Hart & Cooley, Inc.
- B. Manufactured Acoustic Turning Vanes:
 - Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for vanes and vane runners. Vane runners shall automatically align vanes.
 - Double-vane curved blades of galvanized sheet steel with perforated faces and fibrous-glass fill set into vane runners suitable for duct mounting.
 - 3. Manufacturers:
 - a. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - b. Ward Industries, Inc.; a division of Hart & Cooley, Inc.

2.11 DUCT-MOUNTING ACCESS DOORS

- A. General Description: Fabricate doors airtight and suitable for duct pressure class. Doors may be field fabricated in accordance with SMACNA Standards, or commercially produced.
- B. Door: Double wall, duct mounting, and rectangular; fabricated of galvanized sheet metal with insulation fill and thickness as indicated for duct pressure class. Include vision panel where indicated. Include 1-by-1-inch butt or piano hinge and cam latches.

- 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Air Balance, Inc.
 - b. Greenheck.
 - c. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - d. Ruskin Company.
- Frame: Galvanized sheet steel, with bend-over tabs and foam gaskets.
- Provide number of hinges and locks as follows:
 - Less Than 12 Inches Square: Secure with two sash locks.
 - b. Up to 18 Inches Square: Two hinges and two compression locks.
 - c. Up to 24 by 48 Inches: Three hinges and two compression latches with outside and inside handles.
 - d. Sizes 24 by 48 Inches and Larger: One additional hinge.
- C. Door: Double wall, duct mounting, and round; fabricated of galvanized sheet metal with insulation fill and 1-inch thickness. Include cam latches.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
 - b. Flexmaster U.S.A., Inc.
 - 2. Frame: Galvanized sheet steel, with spin-in notched frame.
- D. Seal around frame attachment to duct and door to frame with neoprene or foam rubber.
- E. Insulation: 1-inch-thick, fibrous-glass or polystyrenefoam board.

2.12 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

- Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. ADSCO Manufacturing LLC.
 - 2. Duro Dyne Corp.
 - 3. Senior Flexonics Pathway.
 - 4. Ventfabrics, Inc.
- General Description: Flame-retardant or noncombustible В. fabrics, coatings, and adhesives complying with UL 181, Class 1.
- C. Metal-Edged Connectors: Factory fabricated with a fabric strip 3-1/2 inches wide attached to two strips of 2-3/4-

inch- wide, 0.028-inch- thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.032-inch- thick aluminum sheets. Select metal compatible with ducts.

- Indoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with neoprene.
 - 1. Minimum Weight: 26 oz./sq. yd..
 - Tensile Strength: 480 lbf/inch in the warp and 360 lbf/inch in the filling.
 - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
- Outdoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric Ε. double coated with weatherproof, synthetic rubber resistant to UV rays and ozone.
 - 1. Minimum Weight: 24 oz./sq. yd..
 - 2. Tensile Strength: 530 lbf/inch in the warp and 440 lbf/inch in the filling.
 - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 50 to plus 250 deg F.

2.13 FLEXIBLE DUCTS, LOW AND MEDIUM PRESSURE

- Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. Flexmaster Type 8M, UL 181, Class 1.
 - 2. Automation Industries Thermaflex.
 - 3. Hart & Cooley.
- Flexible Ducts: Interlocking spiral of galvanized steel or aluminum construction or fabric supported by helically wound spring steel wire or flat steel bands; rated to 6 inches WG positive and 4 inches WG negative for low and medium pressure ducts.
- C. Insulated Flexible Ducts: Flexible duct wrapped with flexible glass fiber insulation, enclosed by a fire retardant polyethylene vapor barrier jacket; maximum 0.23 K value at 75 deg F.
- Acoustical performance tested in accordance with the Air Diffusion Council's Flexible Air Duct Test Code FD 72-R1, Section 3.0, Sound Properties shall be as follows:

The insertion loss (dB) of a 10 foot length of straight duct when tested in accordance with ASTM E477, at a velocity of 2500 feet per minute, shall be minimum:

Octave Band	2	3	4	5	6	7
Hz.	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000
6" diameter	8	32	3.8	35	39	25

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8" diameter 13 32 36 35 36 21 12" diameter 15 29 28 33 26 14

The radiated noise reduction (dB) of a 10 foot length of straight duct when tested in accordance with ASTM E477, at a velocity of 2500 feet per minute, shall be minimum:

Octave Band	2	3	4	5	6	7
Hz.	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000
6" diameter	6	8	7	8	9	13
8" diameter	9	6	6	7	8	10
12" diameter	9	7	6	6	8	11

The self generated sound power levels (LW) dB are 10-12 Watt of a 10 foot length of straight duct for an empty sheet metal duct when tested in accordance with ASTM E477, at a velocity of 1000 feet per minute, shall not exceed:

Octave Band	2	3	4	5	6	7
Hz.	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000
6" diameter	42	31	23	18	17	21
8" diameter	41	34	27	19	18	21
12" diameter	53	44	36	27	21	22

- E. Flexible Duct Fittings: Galvanized steel, twist-in design with damper. Size as indicated.
- F. Flexible Duct Clamps: Stainless-steel band with cadmiumplated hex screw to tighten band with a worm-gear action, in sizes 3 through 18 inches to suit duct size.

2.14 FLEXIBLE DUCT ELBOW SUPPORTS

- Α. Manufacturer:
 - 1. Automation Industries Thermaflex; FlexFlow Elbow.
 - 2. Smart Air & Energy Solutions; SMART Flow Elbow.
- B. Elbow supports shall be constructed of durable composite material and be fully adjustable to support flexible duct diameters 6 inches through 16 inches.
- C. Elbow supports shall be UL listed for use in return air plenum spaces.

2.15 DUCT ACCESSORY HARDWARE

A. Adhesives: High strength, quick setting, neoprene based, waterproof, and resistant to gasoline and grease.

2.16 FINISHES

A. Chemical Resistant Coating: P-403 manufactured by Heresite Chemical Company.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION AND INSTALLATION

- A. Install duct accessories according to applicable details in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible" for metal ducts and in NAIMA AH116, "Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards," for fibrous-glass ducts.
- B. Provide duct accessories of materials suited to duct materials; use galvanized-steel accessories in galvanizedsteel and fibrous-glass ducts, stainless-steel accessories stainless-steel ducts and PVC coated ducts; and aluminum accessories in aluminum ducts.
- C. Install control dampers at inlet of exhaust fans or exhaust ducts as close as possible to exhaust fan unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install volume dampers at points on supply, return, and exhaust systems where branches extend from larger ducts. Where dampers are installed in ducts having duct liner, install dampers with hat channels of same depth as liner, and terminate liner with nosing at hat channel.
 - 1. Install steel volume dampers in steel ducts.
 - 2. Install stainless steel volume dampers in stainless steel ducts.
 - 3. Install aluminum volume dampers in aluminum ducts.
- Set dampers to fully open position before testing, Ε. adjusting, and balancing.
- F. Install fire dampers, combination fire and smoke dampers, and smoke dampers according to UL listing.
- G. Install duct silencers rigidly to ducts.
- Install duct access doors on sides of ducts to allow for Η. inspecting, adjusting, and maintaining accessories and equipment at the following locations:
 - 1. On upstream side of duct coils.

- Upstream from duct filters.
- At outdoor-air intakes and mixed-air plenums.
- 4. At drain pans and seals.
- Downstream from manual volume dampers, control 5. dampers, backdraft dampers, and equipment.
- Adjacent to and close enough to fire or smoke dampers, to reset or reinstall fusible links. Access doors for access to fire or smoke dampers having fusible links shall be pressure relief access doors and shall be outward operation for access doors installed upstream from dampers and inward operation for access doors installed downstream from dampers.
- 7. Control devices requiring inspection.
- 8. Elsewhere as indicated.
- I. Install access doors with swing against duct static pressure.
- Install duct-mounting, rectangular access doors with long J. dimension at right angles to direction of airflow and of largest standard size which can be accommodated in duct. Maximum size: 21 by 14 inches.
- K. Install pressure relief doors vertically and level in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, between the fan and first operable damper.
- Label access doors according to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."
- Install flexible connectors immediately adjacent to Μ. equipment in ducts associated with fans and motorized equipment supported by vibration isolators.
- For fans developing static pressures of 5-inch wg and N. higher, cover flexible connectors with loaded vinyl sheet held in place with metal straps.
- Connect terminal units to supply ducts directly or with Ο. maximum 12-inch lengths of flexible duct. Do not use flexible ducts to change directions.
- P. Connect diffusers or light troffer boots to low pressure ducts with maximum 60-inch lengths of flexible duct clamped or strapped in place.
- Q. Connect flexible ducts to metal ducts with draw bands.

- R. Install flexible duct elbow supports at each diffuser, grille, or register, and elsewhere as indicated.
- Install turning vanes in rectangular duct elbows in excess S. of 45 degrees, and where indicated:
 - 1. Use manufactured double-vane turning vanes unless otherwise specified.
 - Seat outboard-most vane in heal of duct elbow.
 - 3. Provide vanes for all runner punchings, practice of eliminating every other vane is prohibited.
 - Use single-vane turning vanes in low pressure square elbows.

3.2 FIELD OUALITY CONTROL

- Α. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Operate dampers to verify full range of movement.
 - 2. Inspect locations of access doors and verify that purpose of access door can be performed.
 - Operate fire, smoke, and combination fire and smoke dampers to verify full range of movement and verify that proper heat-response device is installed.
 - Inspect turning vanes for proper and secure 4. installation.
 - Operate remote damper operators to verify full range of movement of operator and damper.

3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust duct accessories for proper settings.
- Adjust fire dampers, combination fire and smoke dampers, and smoke dampers for proper action.
- C. Final positioning of manual-volume dampers is specified in Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing."

END OF SECTION 15820

SECTION 15838 - POWER VENTILATORS

PART 1 - GENERAL
1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS
1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
1.3 SUBMITTALS
1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE
1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
1.6 COORDINATION
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PART 2 - PRODUCTS
2.1 IN-LINE CENTRIFUGAL FANS
2.2 CENTRIFUGAL ROOF VENTILATORS
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PART 3 - EXECUTION
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3.4 ADJUSTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- Related Sections include the following: В.
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Motors."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for common mechanical drive requirements for fans and air moving equipment.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Classify according to AMCA 99.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, furnished specialties, and accessories for each type of product indicated and include the following:
 - 1. Certified fan performance curves with system operating conditions indicated.
 - 2. Certified fan sound-power ratings.
 - 3. Motor ratings and electrical characteristics, plus motor and electrical accessories.
 - 4. Material thickness and finishes, including color charts.
 - 5. Dampers, including housings, linkages, and operators.
 - 6. Roof curbs.
 - 7. Fan speed controllers.
- Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 1. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
 - 2. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements selecting vibration isolators and for designing vibration isolation bases.
 - 3. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication, including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include auxiliary motor slides and rails, and base weights.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans and other details, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, based on input from installers of the items involved:
 - 1. Roof framing and support members relative to duct penetrations.
 - 2. Ceiling suspension assembly members.
 - 3. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
 - 4. Ceiling-mounted items including light fixtures, diffusers, grilles, speakers, sprinklers, access panels, and special moldings.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.
- Ε. Operation and Maintenance Data: For power ventilators to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.4 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- AMCA Compliance: Products shall comply with performance В. requirements and shall be licensed to use the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal.
- C. NEMA Compliance: Motors and electrical accessories shall comply with NEMA standards.
- D. UL Standard: Power ventilators shall comply with UL 705.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING 1.5

- Deliver fans as factory-assembled units, to the extent allowable by shipping limitations, with protective crating and covering.
- B. Disassemble and reassemble units, as required for moving to final location, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Lift and support units with manufacturer's designated lifting or supporting points.

1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of structural-steel support members.
- Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast В. anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.
- C. Coordinate delivery and placement of roof curbs, and equipment supports. Installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations is specified Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories."

1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

Furnish extra materials described below that Α. products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1. Belts: One set for each belt-drive unit.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 IN-LINE CENTRIFUGAL FANS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Acme Engineering & Mfg. Corp.
 - 2. Aerovent; a Twin City Fan Company.
 - 3. Greenheck; SQ/BSQ Series.
 - 4. Loren Cook Company.
 - 5. Moffitt Corporation, Inc.
 - 6. PennBarry; a unit of Tomkins PLC.
- B. Description: In-line, belt-driven centrifugal fans consisting of housing, wheel, outlet guide vanes, fan shaft, bearings, motor and disconnect switch, drive assembly, mounting brackets, and accessories.
- C. Casing: Rectangular or cylindrical, flanged.
- D. Throat and Mounting Assembly: One-piece spun aluminum or continuously welded assembly.
 - 1. Stiffeners: Continuously welded.
 - 2. Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers: Cadmium plated.
 - 3. Nuts: Self-locking type, vibration proof.
- E. Belt-Driven Units: Motor mounted on adjustable base, with adjustable sheaves, enclosure around belts within fan housing, and lubricating tubes from fan bearings extended to outside of fan housing.
- F. Fan Wheels: Aluminum, backward curved airfoil blades welded to aluminum hub.
- G. Accessories:
 - 1. Fan Guards: 1/2- by 1-inch mesh of galvanized steel in removable frame. Provide guard for inlet or outlet for units not connected to ductwork.
 - 2. Motor and Drive Cover (Belt Guard): Epoxy-coated steel.
- H. Capacities and Characteristics: Refer to schedule(s) on Drawings.

I. Vibration Isolators: Refer to Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration Controls."

2.2 CENTRIFUGAL ROOF VENTILATORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Acme Engineering & Mfg. Corp.; Models PRN and PV.
 - 2. Aerovent; a Twin City Fan Company.
 - 3. Greenheck; Models G and GB.
 - 4. Loren Cook Company; Models ACED and ACEB.
 - 5. Moffitt Corporation, Inc.
 - 6. PennBarry; a unit of Tomkins PLC; Domex.
- B. Description: Direct- or belt-driven centrifugal fans consisting of housing, wheel, fan shaft, bearings, motor and disconnect switch, drive assembly, curb base, and accessories.
- C. Housing: Removable, spun-aluminum, dome top and outlet baffle; square, one-piece, aluminum base with venturi inlet cone.
- D. Fan Wheels: Aluminum hub and wheel with backward-inclined blades.
- Belt-Driven Drive Assembly: Resiliently mounted to housing, with the following features:
 - 1. Fan Shaft: Turned, ground, and polished steel; keyed to wheel hub.
 - Shaft Bearings: Permanently lubricated, permanently sealed, self-aligning ball bearings.
 - 3. Sheaves: Cast-iron, adjustable-pitch motor sheave.
 - 4. Fan and motor isolated from exhaust airstream.
 - 5. Refer to Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for additional requirements.

F. Accessories:

- Disconnect Switch: Nonfusible type, with thermaloverload protection mounted inside fan housing, factory wired through an internal aluminum conduit.
- 2. Bird Screens: Removable, 1/2-inch mesh, aluminum or brass wire.
- G. Provide prefabricated roof curbs for each fan.

- Capacities and Characteristics: Refer to schedule(s) on Drawings.
- 2.3 UPBLAST CENTRIFUGAL ROOF VENTILATORS
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, Α. provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Acme Engineering & Mfg. Corp.
 - 2. Aerovent; a Twin City Fan Company.
 - 3. Greenheck; CUBE Series.
 - 4. Loren Cook Company.
 - 5. Moffitt Corporation, Inc.
 - 6. PennBarry; a unit of Tomkins PLC; Fumex.
 - B. Description: Direct- or belt-driven centrifugal fans consisting of housing, wheel, fan shaft, bearings, motor and disconnect switch, drive assembly, curb base, and accessories.
 - C. Housing: Spun-aluminum construction with square, onepiece, aluminum base with venturi inlet cone. Provide spun-aluminum discharge baffle to direct discharge air upward, with rain and snow drains.
 - D. Fan Wheels: Aluminum hub and wheel with backward-inclined blades.
 - Belt-Driven Drive Assembly: Resiliently mounted to Ε. housing, with the following features:
 - 1. Fan Shaft: Turned, ground, and polished steel; keyed to wheel hub.
 - Shaft Bearings: Permanently lubricated, permanently sealed, self-aligning ball bearings.
 - 3. Sheaves: Cast-iron, adjustable-pitch motor sheave.
 - Fan and motor isolated from exhaust airstream.
 - Refer to Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for additional requirements.

Accessories: F.

- 1. Disconnect Switch: Nonfusible type, with thermaloverload protection mounted inside fan housing, factory wired through an internal aluminum conduit.
- 2. Bird Screens: Removable, 1/2-inch mesh, aluminum or brass wire.
- G. Provide prefabricated roof curbs for each fan.

Capacities and Characteristics: Refer to schedule(s) on Drawings.

2.4 KITCHEN HOOD EXHAUST FANS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Acme Engineering & Mfg. Corp.; Models PDURG and PNURG.
 - 2. Aerovent; a Twin City Fan Company.
 - 3. Greenheck; CUBE Series.
 - 4. JencoFan; Div. of Breidert Air Products.
 - 5. Loren Cook Company.
 - 6. Moffitt Corporation, Inc.
 - 7. PennBarry; a unit of Tomkins PLC; Fumex with Fatrap.
- В. Description: UL 762 labeled belt-driven centrifugal fans consisting of housing, wheel, fan shaft, bearings, motor and disconnect switch, drive assembly, heat baffle, curb base, and accessories.
- C. Housing: Spun-aluminum construction with square, onepiece, aluminum base with venturi inlet cone. Provide spun-aluminum discharge baffle to direct discharge air upward, with rain and snow drains, grease collector, and drain connection.
 - 1. Hinged Subbase: Galvanized-steel hinged arrangement permitting service and maintenance.
- D. Fan Wheels: Aluminum hub and wheel with backward-inclined blades.
- Belt-Driven Drive Assembly: Resiliently mounted to housing, with the following features:
 - 1. Fan Shaft: Turned, ground, and polished steel; keyed to wheel hub.
 - 2. Shaft Bearings: Permanently lubricated, permanently sealed, self-aligning ball bearings.
 - 3. Sheaves: Cast-iron, adjustable-pitch motor sheave.
 - 4. Fan and motor isolated from exhaust airstream.
 - Refer to Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for additional requirements.

F. Accessories:

Disconnect Switch: Nonfusible type, with thermaloverload protection mounted inside fan housing, factory wired through an internal aluminum conduit.

- 2. Bird Screens: Removable, 1/2-inch mesh, aluminum or brass wire.
- Provide prefabricated roof curbs for each fan. Provide vented curb extension as required to locate fan discharge at a minimum of 40 inches above the roof.
- H. Capacities and Characteristics: Refer to schedule(s) on Drawings.

2.5 ROOF CURBS AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Construction: Galvanized steel; mitered and welded corners; 1-1/2-inch- thick, rigid, fiberglass insulation adhered to inside walls; and 1-1/2-inch chemically treated wood nailer. Size as required to suit roof opening and fan
 - 1. Manufacturers: Roof curbs shall be provided by the fan manufacturer, or one of the following:
 - a. Creative Metals.
 - b. Pate.
 - c. Roof Products & Systems.
 - d. ThyCurb.
 - e. Any of the approved roof mounted exhaust fan manufacturers.
 - Configuration: Self-flashing without a cant strip, with mounting flange, and suitable for flat roofs with tapered insulation.
 - Height: Curb shall extend a minimum 8 inches above top surface of roof insulation.
 - Sound Curb: Curb with sound-absorbing insulation matrix.
 - 5. Metal Liner: Galvanized steel.
 - Burglar Bars: Minimum 1/2-inch- thick steel bars welded in place to form 6-inch squares.
 - 7. Mounting Pedestal: Galvanized steel with removable access panel.
- Roof Curb Extensions and Adapters:
 - Manufacturers: Roof curbs shall be provided by the fan manufacturer, or one of the following:
 - a. Creative Metals.
 - b. Pate.
 - c. Roof Products & Systems.
 - d. ThyCurb.

- e. Any of the approved roof mounted exhaust fan manufacturers.
- Curb Extensions: Constructed of minimum 18 ga. galvanized steel.
 - a. 4-inch high construction with no damper shelf and no damper access.
 - b. 8-inch high construction with damper shelf; and removable panel, or access door.
 - c. 12-inch high construction with damper shelf; and removable panel, or access door (minimum required for motorized damper).
- Curb Adapters: Constructed of minimum 18 ga. galvanized steel and designed to adapt or reduce curb cap dimensions to match new fans to existing roof curbs.

2.6 MOTORS

Comply with requirements in Division 15 Section "Motors."

2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- Sound-Power Level Ratings: Comply with AMCA 301, "Methods for Calculating Fan Sound Ratings from Laboratory Test Data." Factory test fans according to AMCA 300, "Reverberant Room Method for Sound Testing of Fans." Label fans with the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal.
- Fan Performance Ratings: Establish flow rate, pressure, В. power, air density, speed of rotation, and efficiency by factory tests and ratings according to AMCA 210, "Laboratory Methods of Testing Fans for Rating."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install power ventilators level and plumb.
- Install floor-mounting units as specified in Division 15 В. Section "Mechanical Vibration Controls."
- Secure roof-mounting fans to roof curbs with cadmiumplated hardware. Refer to Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories" for installation of roof curbs.

- Ceiling Units: Suspend units from structure; use steel wire or metal straps.
- Support suspended units from structure using threaded Ε. steel rods and spring hangers having a static deflection of 1 inch. Vibration-control devices are specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Vibration Controls."
- F. Install units with clearances for service and maintenance.
- G. Label units according to requirements specified in Division 15 Section "Mechanical Identification."

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Duct installation and connection requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts and duct accessories. Make final duct connections with flexible connectors. Flexible connectors are specified in Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories."
- B. Install ducts adjacent to power ventilators to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section D. "Conductors and Cables."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
 - 1. Verify that shipping, blocking, and bracing are removed.
 - 2. Verify that unit is secure on mountings and supporting devices and that connections to ducts and electrical components are complete. Verify that proper thermaloverload protection is installed in motors, starters, and disconnect switches.
 - 3. Verify that cleaning and adjusting are complete.
 - Disconnect fan drive from motor, verify proper motor rotation direction, and verify fan wheel free rotation and smooth bearing operation. Reconnect fan drive

- system, align and adjust belts, and install belt quards.
- 5. Adjust belt tension.
- 6. Adjust damper linkages for proper damper operation.
- 7. Verify lubrication for bearings and other moving parts.
- 8. Verify that manual and automatic volume control and fire and smoke dampers in connected ductwork systems are in fully open position.
- Disable automatic temperature-control operators, 9. energize motor and adjust fan to indicated rpm, and measure and record motor voltage and amperage.
- 10. Shut unit down and reconnect automatic temperaturecontrol operators.
- 11. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and В. malfunctioning controls and equipment.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- Adjust damper linkages for proper damper operation. Α.
- B. Adjust belt tension.
- C. Refer to Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" for testing, adjusting, and balancing procedures.
- D. Replace fan and motor sheaves as required to achieve design airflow.
- E. Lubricate bearings.

END OF SECTION 15838

SECTION 15855 - DIFFUSERS, REGISTERS, AND GRILLES

PART 1 - GENERAL
PART 2 - PRODUCTS
PART 3 - EXECUTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 10 Section "Louvers and Vents" for fixed and adjustable louvers and wall vents, whether or not they are connected to ducts.
 - Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Duct Accessories" for fire and smoke dampers and volume-control dampers not integral to diffusers, registers, and grilles.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- Product Data: For each product indicated, include the following:
 - Data Sheet: Indicate materials of construction, finish, and mounting details; and performance data including throw and drop, static-pressure drop, and noise ratings.
 - 2. Diffuser, Register, and Grille Schedule: Indicate Drawing designation, room location, quantity, model number, size, and accessories furnished.
- B. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and

coordinated with each other, based on input from installers of the items involved:

- 1. Ceiling suspension assembly members.
- 2. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
- 3. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
- Ceiling-mounted items including lighting fixtures, diffusers, grilles, speakers, sprinklers, access panels, and special moldings.
- 5. Duct access panels.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 AIR DIFFUSION DEVICES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1. Krueger; Tomkins PLC.
 - 2. Nailor Industries of Texas Inc.
 - 3. Price Industries.
 - 4. Titus; Tomkins PLC.
- Terminal air diffusion devices have been chosen in terms В. of specific air distribution requirements, spacing, and sound characteristics.
- C. Provide plaster frames for units installed in plaster ceilings.
- D. Provide gaskets for supply terminal air devices mounted in finished surfaces.
- Ε. Finish:
 - 1. Air Diffusion Device Face and Visible Trim: Standard off white baked enamel finish unless noted otherwise.
 - 2. Air Diffusion Device Interior Surfaces, Including Blank-Offs: Black matte finish.
- F. Air pattern adjustments shall be made from the face of the device.
- G. Refer to drawings and schedules for quantities, types, and finishes.
- H. Coordinate frame types with Architectural Reflected Ceiling Plan.

2.2 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Verification of Performance: Rate diffusers, registers, and grilles according to ASHRAE 70, "Method of Testing for Rating the Performance of Air Outlets and Inlets."
- B. Acoustical Applications and Sound Evaluation: Based on ARI Standard 885-98, "Procedure for Estimating Occupied Space Sound Levels in the Application of Air Terminals and Air Outlets."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas where diffusers, registers, and grilles are to be installed for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of equipment.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles level and plumb.
- B. Ceiling-Mounted Outlets and Inlets: Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts, fittings, and accessories. Air outlet and inlet locations have been indicated to achieve design requirements for air volume, noise criteria, airflow pattern, throw, and pressure drop. Make final locations where indicated, as much as practicable. For units installed in lay-in ceiling panels, locate units in the center of panel. Where architectural features or other items conflict with installation, notify Architect for a determination of final location.
- C. Wall-Mounted Supply Registers: Install 6 inches below finished ceiling unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles with airtight connections to ducts and to allow service and maintenance of dampers, air extractors, and fire dampers.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. After installation, adjust diffusers, registers, and grilles to air patterns indicated, or as directed, before starting air balancing.

END OF SECTION 15855

SECTION 15860 - ENVIRONMENTAL EQUIPMENT

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for common mechanical drive requirements for fans and air moving equipment.
 - 4. Division 15 Section "Heating and Cooling Coils."
 - 5. Division 15 Section "Centrifugal Fans" for fan wall arrays.
 - 6. Division 15 Section "Packaged Condensing Units" for air cooled condensing units.

1.2 REFERENCES

A. Standards referenced in this Section:

- ABMA 9 Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Ball 1. Bearings.
- 2. ABMA 11 Load Ratings and Fatigue Life for Roller Bearings.
- 3. AMCA 99 Standards Handbook.
- AMCA 210 Laboratory Methods of Testing Fans for Rating Purposes.
- AMCA 300 Test Code for Sound Rating Air Moving Devices.
- 6. AMCA 301 Method of Publishing Sound Ratings for Air Moving Devices.
- 7. AMCA 500 Test Methods for Louvers, Dampers, and Shutters.
- 8. AHRI 410 Forced-Circulation Air-Cooling and Air-Heating Coils.
- 9. ANSI/AHRI 430 Central Station Air Handling Units.
- 10. ANSI/AHRI 440 Performance Rating of Room Fan-Coils.
- 11. NEMA MG1 Motors and Generators.
- 12. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.
- 13. SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible.
- 14. ANSI/UL 586 Test Performance of High Efficiency Particulate Air Filter Units.
- 15. ANSI/UL 900 Test Performance of Air Filter Units.
- 16. ASHRAE 52 Method of Testing Air Cleaning Devices Used in General Ventilation for Removing Particulate
- 17. MIL-STD-282 Filter Units, Protective Clothing, Gas-Mask Components and Related Products: Performance-Test Methods.
- 18. UL Standard 1995 Standard for Heating and Cooling Equipment.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include manufacturer's technical data for each model indicated, including rated capacities, dimensions, required clearances, characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.
- B. Filters: Filter performance data, filter assembly, and filter frames.

- C. Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 1. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for selecting vibration isolators and for designing vibration isolation bases.
 - 2. Detail mounting, securing, and flashing of roof curb to roof structure. Indicate coordinating requirements with roof membrane system.
 - 3. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.
- E. Start-up reports.
- F. Operation and Maintenance Data: For environmental equipment to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Air handling units shall be ETL listed to UL Standard 1995.

B. Filters:

- 1. Filter media shall be ANSI/UL 900 listed, Class 1 or Class 2, as approved by local authorities.
- 2. Provide all filters as product of one manufacturer.
- 3. Assemble filter components to form filter banks from products of one manufacturer.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept products on site in factory-fabricated protective containers, with factory-installed shipping skids and lifting lugs. Inspect for damage.
- B. Store in clean dry place and protect from weather and construction traffic. Handle carefully to avoid damage to components, enclosures, and finish.
- C. Protect coil fins from crushing and bending by leaving in shipping cases until installation, and by storing indoors.

- D. Protect coils from entry of dirt and debris with pipe caps or plugs.
- 1.6 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS
 - A. Do not operate equipment for any purpose, temporary or permanent, until ductwork is clean, filters are in place, bearings lubricated, and fan has been test run under observation.

1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Provide one set of fan belts for each fan.
- B. Provide one additional set of each filter type for each unit, to be installed at project closeout.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 PACKAGED INDIRECT-FIRED GAS MAKE-UP AIR UNITS
 - A. Factory-assembled, prewired, self-contained unit consisting of cabinet, supply fan, controls, filters, and indirect-fired gas furnace to be installed outside the building.
 - B. Cabinet: Double-wall galvanized-steel panels, formed to ensure rigidity and supported by galvanized-steel channels or structural channel supports with lifting lugs. Cabinet shall be fully weatherized for outside installation.
 - C. Access Panels: Lift-out or piano hinged with cam-lock fasteners for furnace and fan motor assemblies on both sides of unit.
 - D. Internal Insulation: Fibrous-glass duct lining, comply with ASTM C 1071, Type II, applied on complete unit.
 - 1. Thickness: 1 inch.
 - 2. Insulation Adhesive: Comply with ASTM C 916, Type I.
 - 3. Mechanical Fasteners: Galvanized steel suitable for adhesive attachment, mechanical attachment, or welding attachment to casing without damaging liner when applied as recommended by manufacturer and without causing air leakage.
 - E. Finish: Heat-resistant, baked enamel.

- F. Discharge: Vertical-pattern, galvanized-steel assembly with diffusers incorporating individually adjustable vanes.
- G. Fan Type: Centrifugal, rated according to AMCA 210; statically and dynamically balanced, galvanized steel; mounted on solid-steel shaft.
- H. Motor: Refer to Division 20 Section "Motors."
- I. Drive: V-belt drive with matching fan pulley and adjustable motor sheaves and belt assembly.
- J. Mounting: Fan wheel, motor, and drives shall be mounted in fan casing with spring isolators.
- Outdoor-Air Hood: Galvanized steel with rain baffles, bird Κ. screen, and finish to match cabinet; and sized to supply maximum 100 percent outdoor air.
- L. Disposable Panel Filters: 1-inch- thick, factoryfabricated, flat-panel-type, disposable air filters with holding frames.
 - 1. Media: Interlaced glass fibers.
 - 2. Frame: Galvanized steel.
- M. Outdoor-Air Damper: Galvanized-steel, opposed-blade dampers with vinyl blade seals and stainless-steel jamb seals, having a maximum leakage of 10 cfm/sq. ft. of damper area, at differential pressure of 2-inch wg.
- Damper Operator: Direct coupled, electronic with spring return or fully modulating as required by the control sequence.
- Indirect-Fired Gas Furnace: Factory assembled, piped, and Ο. wired; and complying with ANSI Z21.47, "Gas-Fired Central Furnaces, " and NFPA 54, "National Fuel Gas Code."
 - 1. CSA Approval: Certified by and bearing label of CSA International.
 - 2. Burners: Stainless steel.
 - a. Gas Control Valve: Modulating.
 - b. Fuel: Natural gas.
 - c. Minimum Thermal Efficiency: 80 percent.

- d. Ignition: Electronically controlled electric spark with flame sensor.
- 3. Venting: Gravity vented.
- 4. Power Vent: Integral, motorized centrifugal fan interlocked with gas valve.
- 5. Heat Exchanger: Stainless steel.
- 6. Heat-Exchanger Drain Pan: Stainless steel.
- 7. Safety Controls:
 - Gas Train: Control devices and control sequence shall comply with ANSI standards and GE GAP/IRI.
 - b. Purge-Period Timer: Automatically delays burner ignition and bypasses low-limit control.
 - Airflow Proving Switch: Differential pressure C. switch senses correct airflow before energizing
 - d. Automatic-Reset, High-Limit Control Device: Stops burner and closes main gas valve if high-limit temperature is exceeded.
 - e. Safety Lockout Switch: Locks out ignition sequence if burner fails to light after three tries. Controls are reset manually by turning the unit off and on.
 - f. Control Transformer: 24-V ac.

P. Controls:

- 1. Factory-wired, fuse-protected control transformer, connection for power supply and field-wired unit to remote control panel.
- Control Panel: Recessed, with trim ring, remote panel, with engraved plastic cover, and the following lights and switches:
 - a. On-off-auto fan switch.
 - b. Summer-winter-off switch. Automatic changeover.
 - c. Supply-fan operation indicating light.
 - d. Heating operation indicating light.
 - e. Thermostat.
 - f. Damper position potentiometer.
 - g. Dirty-filter indicating light operated by unitmounted differential pressure switch.
 - h. Safety-lockout indicating light.
- 3. Control Devices:

- a. Remote Thermostat: Adjustable room thermostat with temperature readout.
- b. Remote Setback Thermostat: Adjustable room thermostat without temperature readout.
- c. Static-Pressure Transmitter: Nondirectional sensor with suitable range for expected input, and temperature compensated.
- d. Fire-Protection Thermostats: Fixed or adjustable settings to operate at not less than 75 deg F above normal maximum operating temperature.
- Timers: Solid-state, programmable time control е. with 4 separate programs; 24-hour battery carryover; individual on-off-auto switches for each program; 365-day calendar with programmable holidays; choice of fail-safe operation for each program; and system fault alarm.
- Fan Control: Interlock fan to start with exhaust fan(s).
 - a. Smoke detectors, located in supply air, shall stop fans when the presence of smoke is detected.
- Outdoor-Air Damper Control, 100 Percent Outdoor-Air Units: Outdoor-air damper shall open when supply fan starts, and close when fan stops.
- Temperature Control: Operates gas valve to maintain supply-air temperature.
 - Operates gas valve to maintain discharge-air temperature with factory-mounted sensor in blower outlet.
 - Timer shall select remote setback thermostat to b. maintain space temperature at 50 deg F.
 - c. Furnace Control: Two or four steps of control using one or two furnace sections in series.
 - d. Furnace Control: 20 to 100 percent modulation of the firing rate. 10 to 100 percent with dual furnace units.
- DDC: Stand-alone control module for link between unit controls and DDC system. Control module shall be compatible with temperature-control system specified in Division 23 Section "Temperature Controls."

- a. Provide start and stop interface relay, and relay to notify DDC system alarm condition.
- b. Provide hardware interface or additional sensors as follows:
 - 1) Room temperature.
 - 2) Discharge-air temperature.
 - 3) Furnace operating.

O. Accessories:

- 1. Service Outlets: 115-V, ground-fault, circuitinterrupter type, factory wired such that outlet shall remain energized even if the unit main disconnect is open.
- R. Roof Curb: Manufacturer's standard, full-perimeter curb of sheet metal, with wood nailer, neoprene sealing strip, and welded Z-bar flashing. Top of curb shall be level and extend a minimum of 10 inches above top of roof insulation.

S. Manufacturers:

- 1. AAON, Inc.; Air Wise.
- 2. Greenheck; Model IGX.
- 3. Modine Manufacturing Company.
- 4. Rapid Engineering, Inc.
- 5. Reznor-Thomas & Betts Corporation; Mechanical Products Division; Model RDH.
- 6. Trane Company (The).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Furnish, install and apply equipment and materials in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions, and approved shop Drawings.
- Install central station air handling units in accordance with manufacturer's recommended procedures.
- C. Hoist, transport, and rig air handling units or their shipping sections into position following procedures recommended by the manufacturer.

Replace filters in each unit at time of project final D. acceptance. Refer to Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements" for additional information.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections.
- Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and В. maintenance.
 - 1. Hot-Water Heating Piping: Comply with applicable requirements in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping." Connect to supply and return coil tappings with shutoff or balancing valve and union or flange at each connection.
- C. Duct installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate the general arrangement of ducts.
- D. Electrical System Connections: Comply with applicable requirements in Division 16 Sections for power wiring, switches, and motor controls.
- E. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

3.3 LUBRICATION

A. Lubricate equipment and fill lubrication systems per manufacturer's published instructions.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform tests in accordance with manufacturer's published data.

3.5 START-UP SERVICE

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.
- B. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions and do the following:
 - Inspect for visible damage to unit casing.
 - 2. Inspect for visible damage to coils and fans.
 - 3. Inspect internal insulation.
 - 4. Verify that labels are clearly visible.
 - 5. Verify that clearances have been provided for servicing.
 - 6. Verify that controls are connected and operable.
 - 7. Verify that filters are installed.
 - 8. Remove packing from vibration isolators.
 - 9. Verify lubrication on fan and motor bearings.
 - 10. Inspect fan-wheel rotation for movement in correct direction without vibration and binding.
 - 11. Adjust fan belts to proper alignment and tension.
 - 12. Start unit according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - a. Complete startup sheets and attach copy with Contractor's startup report.
 - 13. Inspect and record performance of interlocks and protective devices; verify sequences.
 - 14. Operate unit for an initial period as recommended or required by manufacturer.
 - 15. Calibrate thermostats.
 - 16. Adjust and inspect high-temperature limits.
 - 17. Inspect outdoor-air dampers for proper stroke and interlock with return-air dampers.
 - 18. Cooling System: Measure and record the following when ambient is a minimum of 15 deg F above return-air temperature:
 - a. Coil leaving-air, dry- and wet-bulb temperatures.
 - b. Coil entering-air, dry- and wet-bulb temperatures.
 - c. Outdoor-air, dry-bulb temperature.
 - d. Outdoor-air-coil, discharge-air, dry-bulb temperature.

- 19. Inspect controls for correct sequencing of heating, mixing dampers, refrigeration, and normal emergency shutdown.
- 20. Measure and record the following minimum and maximum airflows. Plot fan volumes on fan curve.
 - a. Supply-air volume.
 - b. Return-air volume.
 - c. Relief-air volume.
 - d. Outdoor-air intake volume.
- 21. Verify operation of remote panel including pilot-light operation and failure modes. Inspect the following:
 - a. Low-temperature safety operation.
 - b. Filter high-pressure differential alarm.
 - c. Economizer to minimum outdoor-air changeover.
 - d. Relief-air fan operation.
 - e. Smoke and firestat alarms.
- 22. After startup and performance testing and prior to Substantial Completion, replace existing filters with new filters.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain equipment. Refer to Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements." Provide copies of operation and maintenance manuals as specified.

END OF SECTION 15860

SECTION 15900 - TEMPERATURE CONTROLS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- Related Sections include the following: В.
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."

1.2 SUMMARY

This Section includes control equipment for HVAC systems and components, including control components for terminal heating and cooling units not supplied with factory-wired controls.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. BACnet: Communications open protocol for building automation system networks and control (developed by ASHRAE and documented per ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135-2012.
- B. BAS: Building Automation System
- C. CAD: Computer Aided Design.
- D. DDC: Direct-digital controls.

1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- Temperature control building automation system consisting of direct digital control system controllers, sensors, transducers, relays, switches, data communication network, etc. and all associated control wiring and raceway systems.
- B. BAS/DDC system programming, database generation. display generation accessible through existing supervisory server application.
- C. Electric control valves, dampers, operators, control wiring, etc.

1.5 SEOUENCE OF OPERATION

A. Control sequences for HVAC systems, subsystems, and equipment are indicated on project drawings.

1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit under Division 15 provisions of respective project and as supplemented in this section.
- All control submittal requirements shall be submitted at one time with exception to control valves, automated dampers, and initial phases of work associated with fasttrack projects (when required). Early submittals of control valve and automated dampers shall be incorporated with the complete temperature controls submittal.
- C. Product Data: Include manufacturer's technical literature for each control device. Indicate dimensions, capacities, performance characteristics, electrical characteristics, finishes for materials, and installation and startup instructions for each type of product indicated.
 - 1. Each control device labeled with setting or adjustable range of control
- Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate D. dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.

Ε. Shop Drawings:

- Shop drawings shall be done on CAD. Minimum size 11" x 17".
- Schematic flow diagrams showing fans, pumps, coils, 2. dampers, valves, and control devices.
- Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring. Differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.
- Details of control enclosure including panel faces and interior, including controls, instruments, terminations blocks and component labeling.
- Written sequence of operation for each controlled system.
- Schedule of dampers including size, leakage, and flow characteristics (Refer to Design Data).

- Schedule of valves including leakage and flow 7. characteristics (Refer to Design Data).
- Complete bill of materials to identify and quantify all control components
- Overall system schematic showing communication trunk cabling from Building Network Supervisory Controller(s) to BAS field level controllers including component locations and wire termination details.
- 10. DDC controller layouts showing connected data points and LAN connections. DDC controller terminations including power supply and remote control component termination details shall be provided.
- 11. Point list for each DDC controller including point descriptions and addresses. This information may be incorporated with DDC controller layouts.
- 12. List of system graphics to be provided with proposed tree diagram of graphics organization. Items to include: Each system, floor plan.
- F. Design Data: Provide indicated component selection and sizing criteria for the following component categories:
 - Control valves:
 - a. Component tag.
 - b. Equipment served/function.
 - c. Media type.
 - d. Design flow rate (GPM).
 - e. Design pressure drop (ft. head) or (psi), where applicable.
 - f. Calculated valve Cv, where applicable.
 - q. Selected valve Cv, where applicable.
 - h. Resultant pressure drop (ft. head) or (psi) with selected valve.
 - i. Valve size.
 - j. Line size to valve connection (excluding reducers).
 - k. Type (ball, butterfly, globe, etc.).
 - 1. Configuration (2-way, 3-way mixing, 3-way diverting).
 - m. Normal position (normally open, normally closed, floating).
 - n. Actuator spring range (where applicable).
 - o. Actuator power requirement.
 - p. Valve shut-off rating (ft. head) of (psi)
 - q. Valve body pressure/temperature rating.
 - r. Valve manufacturer/model number.

s. Actuator manufacturer/model number.

2. Dampers:

- a. Component tag.
- b. Equipment served/function.
- c. Overall damper size (inch width x inch height).
- d. Quantity of damper sections with respective size(s):
- e. Material and gauge of thickness.
- f. Mounting orientation (horizontal or vertical).
- g. Blade configuration (parallel or opposed)
- h. Pressure drop (in. WG).
- i. Shut-off rating/differential pressure rating (in. w.q.).
- j. Leakage rating (CFM/sq. ft. at 4 in. w.g.).
- k. Normal position (normally open, normally closed, floating).
- 1. Actuator spring range (where applicable).
- m. Actuator power requirement.
- n. Actuator torque requirement.
- o. Actuator quantity.
- p. Damper manufacturer/model number.
- q. Actuator manufacturer/model number.
- G. Wall mounted temperature sensor, thermostat and/or other temperature control device cover color shall coordinated to match color of wall mounted electrical device components and cover plates - coordinate with electrical contractor. Provide samples of available temperature control device cover colors to Architect upon request or if available temperature control device colors do not match electrical device colors so a desired color selection may be determined. Provide sample of temperature sensor / thermostat guard upon request of Architect, Engineer or Owner.
- Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in Η. "Quality Assurance" Article.
- Submit field reports indicating operating conditions after detailed check out of systems at Date of Substantial Completion.
- J. Project Record Documents: Include the following:

- Revise Shop Drawings to reflect actual installation and operating sequences.
- Record actual locations of control components, including control units, thermostats, and sensors.
- 3. Submit the electronic files for all as-built shop drawings on diskette in pdf format.
- Software and Firmware Operational Documentation: Include Κ. the following:
 - 1. DDC controller keypad operating instructions and DDC controller override features, where applicable.
 - 2. Device address list.
 - 3. Program Software Backup: On a magnetic media or compact disc, complete with data files.
- L. Maintenance Manuals: Include the following:
 - 1. Product data with installation details, maintenance instructions and lists of spare parts for each type of control device.
 - 2. Keypad illustrations and step-by-step procedures indexed for each operator function, where applicable.
 - 3. Inspection period, cleaning methods, cleaning materials recommended, and calibration tolerances.
 - Calibration records and list of set points.

1.7 REFERENCES

- A. AMCA 500 Test Methods for Louvers, Dampers and Shutters.
- B. ANSI/ASME B16.22 Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure fittings.
- C. ANSI/ASTM B32 Solder Metal.
- D. ANSI/NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum).
- E. ANSI/NFPA 90A Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilation Systems.
- F. ASTM B280 Seamless Copper Tube for Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Field Service.
- G. ASTM B75 Seamless Copper Tube for General Engineering Purposes.

- H. ASTM D1693 Environmental Stress Cracking of Ethylene Plastics.
- I. NEMA DC 3 Low-Voltage Room Thermostats.
- J. UL 1820 Fire Test of Pneumatic Tubing for Flame and Smoke Characteristics Only.

1.8 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is an approved installer of the automatic control system manufacturer for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing automatic temperature-control similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- D. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilation Systems."

1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Factory-Mounted Components: Where control devices specified in this Section are indicated or optional to be factory mounted on equipment, arrange for shipping of control devices to unit manufacturer.

1.10 COORDINATION

- Coordinate work under Division 15 provisions and as Α. supplemented in this section.
- Coordinate location of space temperature sensors and other В. exposed control sensors with plans and room details before installation.
- C. Coordinate installation of system components with installation of mechanical systems and equipment to achieve compatibility.

- D. Ensure installation of components is complementary to installation of similar components in other systems.
- E. Coordinate control wiring requirements, including actual numbers, with mechanical equipment terminal block manufacturers or suppliers.
- F. Coordinate equipment with Division 13 Section "Fire Alarm" to achieve compatibility with equipment that interfaces with that system.
- G. Ensure control system installation is complete, checked, tested and functioning properly prior to system balancing and Owner/Engineer system checkout.
- Cooperate fully with the Test and Balance Contractor and provide labor to operate the temperature control system as required to meet the scope of work defined in Division 15 Section "Testing, Adjusting and Balancing."

1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Provide warranty per Division 15 Section "General Mechanical Requirements" and as supplemented in this section.
- В. Provide 24 hour per day emergency service during warranty period, with maximum response period of four (4) hours. Provide phone number(s) for quick assistance by a Service Engineer regarding hardware or software problems.
- Provide scheduled maintenance service during warranty period to inspect, calibrate, and adjust controls. Make a minimum of one eight hour service every three months. Notify Owner prior to each scheduled inspection trip. Submit written reports upon completion of service.
- D. Provide any software or firmware revisions which are released by the DDC system manufacturer during the warranty period, at no additional cost to the Owner.

1.12 POSTED OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Provide DDC controller related as-built documents in Α. protective binder or clear plastic display envelope for each control enclosure panel. These instructions shall include such items as as-built control diagrams and

sequence of operation, simplified narrative instructions and materials necessary to aid in the operation of the equipment at the local control panels.

1.13 SPECIAL TOOLS

A. Deliver two sets of any special tools required for operation, adjustment, resetting or maintenance, not including PC laptop.

1.14 PROTECTION OF PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

A. All proprietary manuals and software that are subject to a non-disclosure agreement shall be submitted by the proprietary equipment manufacturer to the Owner for signed approval during the warranty period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 DESCRIPTION OF THE BUILDING AUTOMATION SYSTEM (BAS)

- A. The building automation system (BAS) shall be fully integrated, distributed data processing system incorporating direct digital control (DDC) for the control and monitoring of heating, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment and other related systems. Microprocessor based BAS field level DDC controllers shall be directly connected to HVAC equipment sensors and actuators. A data communication network shall allow data exchange between the BAS field level DDC controllers and the Building Network Supervisory Controller. The Building Network Supervisory Controller shall be the primary operator BAS interface point for the building either through web-browser direct or through existing server application software.
- B. Approved Manufacturer System / Installer (Location):
 - 1. Johnson Controls Facility Explorer / Building Automated Systems & Services aka BASS (Sterling Height, MI).

BAS BUILDING NETWORK SUPERVISORY CONTROLLER 2.2

The Building Network Supervisory Controller shall provide the interface between the Owner's Ethernet and the field control devices, and provide global supervisory control

functions over the control devices connected to the NAC. It shall be capable of executing application control programs to provide:

- a. Calendar functions
- b. Scheduling.
- c. Trending.
- d. Alarm monitoring and routing.
- e. Time synchronization.
- f. Integration of BACnet controller data.
- g. Network Management functions for all BACnet based devices.
- The Network Area Controller shall provide the following В. hardware and driver features as a minimum:
 - a. One RS-232 port
 - b. One RS-485 port with BACnet MS/TP Driver.
 - c. Battery Backup
 - d. Flash memory for long term data backup (If battery backup or flash memory is not supplied, the controller must contain a hard disk with at least 1 gigabyte storage capacity).
 - e. Where the option for expanded memory is available, it must be supplied.
- C. Provide Johnson Controls N2 communications protocol driver as required for system or equipment integration requirements for project.
- D. Manufacturer:
 - a. Johnson Controls (FX-60 Minimum).
- 2.3 DIRECT DIGITAL CONTROL (DDC) FIELD LEVEL CONTROLLERS
 - A. Modular in design and consisting of stand-alone microprocessor board with ROM and fully custom programmable RAM, EPROM, and/or EEPROM memory, integral interface equipment and power surge protection. DDC controllers shall be connected directly to sensors, controlled devices and the communication network.
 - Powerfail Restart and Battery Backup: Minimum of 72 battery backup hours for complete system RAM memory and clock, with automatic battery charger or 48 hour low voltage alarm warning. Upon full system power recovery, all clocks shall be automatically synchronized, and all

- controlled equipment shall be automatically re-started based on correct clock time and sequence of operation.
- C. Provide fully functional communication interface ports for communication between processor, other processors, portable programmer's terminal, portable operator's unit or the remote Operator Workstation when applicable for project.
- D. Panel enclosure for controller, associated power supply and other ancillary control components shall be finished steel or rigid plastic with hinged door and keyed lock. Electronics shall be removable for protection during mounting of panel.

2.4 DDC CONTROLLER SOFTWARE

- A. Operating system shall work in real time, provide prioritized task scheduling, control time programs, monitor DDC controller communications, scan inputs and outputs, and contain built-in diagnostics.
- Input/output point processing shall include the following: В.
 - Continuous update of input and output values and/or conditions. All connected points are to be updated at least once per second.
 - Assignment of proper engineering units and status condition identifiers to all points.
 - In addition to physical or "hardware" points required, "software" points shall be provided where required for command access and meaningful displays, where required by the "execution" portion of this section or where required on the DDC input/output points lists. "Software" points shall appear identical to physical points in output displays and shall be assignable to text descriptors, logical groups, reports, etc. in the same manner as physical points. "Software" points shall be assigned alarm limits in the same manner as physical points.
- C. Command control software shall manage the receipt of commands from control panels, portable programmer's terminal, portable operator's unit or the remote Operator Workstation when applicable for project.

- Command delay, programmable from 0 to 2 minutes, shall be provided to prevent simultaneous energizing of large loads. Command delays shall be honored throughout the BAS DDC network, not just within the DDC controller. Delays shall be assignable on an individual per point basis.
- Each command shall be assigned a command and residual priority to manage contentions created by multiple programs having access to the same command point. Only commands with a higher command priority than the existing residual priority shall be permitted to execute. Whenever a command is allowed to execute, its assigned residual priority shall replace the existing residual priority.
- A "fixed mode" option shall be supported to allow inputs to, and outputs from DDC control programs to be set to a fixed state or value. When in the "fixed mode," inputs and outputs shall be so noted in all reports.
- A "last user" record is to be maintained to positively identify which program or manual command is in control of a given point. The last user information shall be displayed and printed along with other point data of logical groups.
- Provide self-test procedure. Notify remote Operator Workstation (when applicable for project) for maintenance, performance, software, cable break, or data transmission problems. Identify variables as reliable or unreliable. Variables identified as unreliable shall use default in calculation.

Alarm Processing Ε.

- 1. High/Low Alarm: Analog input alarm comparison with the ability to assign two individual sets of high and low limits (warning and actual alarm) to an input. Each alarm shall be assigned a unique differential to prevent a point from oscillating into and out of alarm. Alarm comparisons are to be made each scan cycle.
- Floating Alarm: Where analog controlled values are automatically varied by software (such as hot water temperature reset), a single set of alarm limits shall be provided for those varying values. These alarm limits shall then "float" a user definable

differential above and below the varying setpoint value.

- Abnormal Alarm: When a digital input is not in agreement with the commanded state of its associated output point, or when a digital input is not in its normal state, an abnormal alarm shall be generated. Abnormal "on" shall cause an alarm, as well as abnormal "off." Alarm time delay for digital inputs to prevent nuisance alarms shall be provided. Each digital input alarm time delay shall be adjustable from zero to two minutes in one-second increments.
- Alarm lockout shall be provided to positively lock out alarms when equipment is turned off or when a true alarm is dependent on the condition of an associated point. Lockout points and lockout initiators shall be operator programmable. On initial startup of air handler and other mechanical equipment, a "timed lockout" period shall be assigned to analog points to allow them to reach a stable condition before activating alarm comparison logic. Timed lockout period shall be programmable on a per point basis from 0 to 90 minutes in one-minute increments.
- The capability of automatically initiating commands upon the occurrence of an alarm.

Totalization F.

- Run time shall be accumulated based on the status of digital input points. It shall be possible to totalize either on time or off time up to 10,000 hours with one-minute resolution. Run time counts shall resident in memory and have DDC controller resident run time limits assignable through portable programmer's terminal, portable operator's unit or the remote Operator Workstation when applicable for project.
- A transition counter shall be provided to accumulate the number of times a device has been cycled on or off. Counter shall be capable of accumulating 600,000 switching cycles. Limits shall be assignable to counts to provide maintenance alarm printouts.
- Analog totalization capability shall be provided to allow the totalization of electricity, air, water and steam flow, etc. These flows shall be totalized with respect to time and converted to the appropriate energy unit. It shall be possible to automatically set

time intervals for totalization, adjustable from one second to 365 days. The totalization program shall keep track of the maximum and minimum instantaneous analog value measured during the period, including the date and time at which each occurred.

DDC Controller Programming / Configuration

- All DDC controllers shall be fully programmable or configurable per required controller application type. DDC controllers which require remote or factory programming or configuration are not acceptable. DDC controllers with custom programs which may not be modified by the user are not acceptable. "Custom" programming shall mean allowing the alteration of actual control logic, and shall not be limited to allowing only the alteration of setpoints, gains, parameters, time constants, etc.
- DDC controllers shall be provided to meet the control strategies as called for in the sequences of operation on the drawings. If a configurable application specific DDC controller cannot meet this requirement, a DDC fully programmable controller shall be provided.
- All DDC controller setpoints, gains, parameters, time constants, etc., associated with DDC controller programs shall be available to the operator for display and modification via portable programmer's terminal, portable operator's unit or the remote Operator Workstation when applicable for project.
- Each DDC controller shall have resident in its memory and available to the programs a full library of DDC algorithms, intrinsic control operators, and arithmetic, logic and relational operators for implementation of control sequences. Functions to be provided shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - a. Mathematical: Absolute value, calculate, square root, power, sign, average, totalize.
 - b. Logic: OR, AND, compare, negate.
 - c. Fixed Formula: High and low select, span, rate, ramp, enthalpy, wet bulb, dew point, relative humidity, humidity ratio, and filter.
 - d. Data Manipulation: Store, file and set.
 - e. Control Routines: Real-time based functions, proportional control, proportional-integral

control, proportional-integral-derivative control, adaptive control (self-tuning), direct-acting, reverse acting, feedforward, fixed setpoint, calculated setpoint, adjustable setpoint, lead lag, hysteresis correction, event initiation/ software interlock.

- Building Automation System program applications Η. (as required for controllers)
 - day scheduling: Allow the creation Time of maintenance of operating schedules for selected points based on time of day and holiday scheduling. At least two independent start and stop times per day for each system shall be allowed. Each point shall be allowed to have a unique time program, or points shall be able to be grouped and assigned to a common time program. Both digital and analog output points shall be able to be assigned to a time program. This software shall work in conjunction with the time of day scheduler software at the remote Operator Workstation (when applicable for project). This program shall also work in conjunction with the optimum start and optimum stop application software.
 - Optimum Start: Start equipment based on outdoor temperature, space temperature, and system response to minimize energy usage and to assure that comfort conditions are reached exactly at scheduled occupancy time (occupancy schedules are defined under "Time Of Day Scheduling"). This program shall operate in both the heating and cooling cycles. An adaptive algorithm shall be employed which automatically adjusts the start time according to previous performance and shall automatically assign longer lead times for weekend and holiday shutdowns.
 - Enthalpy Optimization: Using standard psychrometric calculations, automatically determine which source, outdoor air or return air, presents the least total heat load, and automatically adjust mixed air damper position. When outside enthalpy exceeds return air enthalpy, the outside air damper shall go to its minimum position. Typically, the outside air damper must be in its minimum position before the cooling coil valve is allowed to open.
 - Duty Cycle: Periodically cycle electrical equipment to reduce energy consumption and/or energy demand. Each

- load shall be assigned a cycle interval and an off period. A load leveling algorithm shall be utilized to assure that cycle periods do not coincide.
- Demand Limiting: Distributed power demand program 5. shall be based on a sliding window instantaneous demand algorithm. The DDC controller(s) connected to the demand meter shall calculate the demand, forecast the demand trend, compare it to established demand and initiate load shedding action reestablishment of loads as required. Shedding shall be on a sequential basis with least important loads shed first and restored last. Restoration cycle shall add the most important loads first. DDC controllers on the network shall each have a four-tier shed table for assignment of sheddable loads. When a request is issued to the network to shed a specific number of kilowatts, each DDC controller shall shed Tier 1 loads, Tier 2 loads, etc. until the shed requirement is met. The program shall have the capability to sum the readings from multiple meters connected to multiple DDC controllers on the network, and to shed various loads from multiple DDC controllers on the network.
- Warm-Up: Position the outside air dampers in 6. adjustable (minimum) position, and trigger a digital output(s) normally used to signal air terminal units to move to their maximum flow settings. When the desired space temperature is reached, as determined by feedback from space temperature sensor(s), the digital output shall return the air terminal units to their normal operation. When occupancy time is reached, the outside air dampers shall be controlled by the normal occupied mode control sequence. During the warm-up cycle, the outside air damper shall be set at the position which minimizes outside air intake while preventing over/under pressurizing of ductwork. This program shall work in conjunction with the time scheduling program and/or the optimum start program as required.
- Night Cycle: Cycle HVAC equipment on and off as required to maintain an operator selectable unoccupied space temperature. During the equipment "on" time, the outside air damper shall be maintained in adjustable position which minimizes outside air intake while preventing over/under pressurization

- ductwork. The equipment shall be cycled such that energy reduction during unoccupied periods is uniform.
- Night Purge: Night Purge program shall apply to cooling cycle only. Night Purge shall introduce 100% outdoor air any time the outdoor air is above 50 degrees F, the space temperature is above 75 degrees F, the outdoor air temperature is below space temperature and the outdoor air dew point is less than 60 deg F. Purging shall stop when outdoor air is below 50 deg F, or space temperature is below 75 deg F, or outdoor temperature is less than 5 deg F cooler than space temperature, or outdoor air dew point is greater than 60 deg F.
- Reset Optimization: Adjust equipment discharge setpoints based on one of the following criteria:
 - By sensing the worst case requirements (e.g., the zone requiring the most heating or cooling and providing only the minimum energy required to meet the load.
 - b. Adjusting the setpoint in direct proportion to another sensed variable (e.g., reset supply water temperature based on outside temperature).

2.5 DDC UNITARY EQUIPMENT CONTROLLERS

- Microprocessor based controllers capable of stand-alone operation for unitary equipment. Controllers shall networked together and connected to the building's BAS/DDC network.
- Each controller shall have electronic outputs compatible В. with the electronically operated control valves where applicable.
- TC contractor shall provide 24 VAC power requirements including transformers.
- If coordinated with mechanical contractor. Controllers and D. damper operators shall be furnished to the air terminal unit manufacturer for factory mounting by the air terminal unit manufacturer; otherwise, controls shall be field installed.
- E. Room temperature sensors for the DDC air terminal unit controllers:

- Sensing Element: Thermistor or resistance temperature detector (RTD) type. Accuracy shall be+/- 0.5 degrees F over the range of 55 degrees F to 95 degrees F, including calibration error, repeatability, hysteresis, and yearly drift.
- 2. Cover: Locking type.
- 3. Provide with exposed +/- warm/cool setpoint adjustment.
- 4. Provide with exposed override switch to allow an occupant to reset the space to occupied control during the unoccupied cycle for a predetermined time period.
- 5. Provide with portable operator unit plug-in port.

2.6 DDC UNIT VENTILATOR CONTROLLERS

- Microprocessor based controllers capable of stand-alone operation for independent unit ventilators. Controllers shall be networked together and connected to the building's BAS/DDC network.
- В. Each controller shall have electronic outputs electronically operate damper and control valve operators. Provide electronic type damper and control valve operators compatible with the controller provided.
- C. TC contractor shall provide 24 VAC power requirements including transformers.
- If coordinated with mechanical contractor. Controllers, D. damper and valve operators shall be furnished to unit ventilator manufacturer for factory mounting by the unit ventilator manufacturer; otherwise, controls shall be field installed.
- E. Room temperature sensors for the DDC unit ventilator controllers:
 - Sensing Element: Thermistor or resistance temperature detector (RTD) type. Accuracy shall be+/- 0.5 degrees F over the range of 55 degrees F to 95 degrees F, including calibration error, repeatability, hysteresis, and yearly drift.
 - 2. Cover: Locking type.
 - Provide with exposed +/- warm/cool setpoint adjustment.

- Provide with exposed override switch to allow an occupant to reset the space to occupied control during the unoccupied cycle for a predetermined time period.
- Provide with portable operator unit plug-in port. 5.

DDC INPUT/OUTPUT SENSORS 2.7

Carbon Dioxide Sensors: Α.

- Carbon dioxide sensing cell shall consist of a nondispersive infrared carbon dioxide gas cell that uses a pulsed source and has no free air optical path. Output shall be linearized 4-20 mA with the 24 VDC input. In addition, the unit shall be capable of providing SPDT switching of an external low voltage circuit at an adjustable setpoint. The unit shall be specifically designed for the wall or duct application specified. Return air aspiration boxes shall be designed by and approved by the manufacturer. Unit shall have single point setpoint and span adjustment. The unit shall have no moving parts.
- Power for the sensor shall be extended from a transformer or adaptor installed adjacent to the DDC controller enclosure panel, and shall be run parallel to the 4-20 mA signal cable.
- 3. Minimum sensing range shall be 0-2,000ppm.
- Overall Accuracy shall be 3% of full scale including calibration error, repeatability, hysteresis yearly drift.
- 5. Minimum calibration interval shall be 5 years.
- Contractor shall provide all necessary equipment and test gas for calibration and shall calibrate all CO2 sensors in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. Manufacturer:
 - a. Honeywell.
 - b. Schneider Electric Controls.
 - c. Johnson Controls.
 - d. Siemens.
 - e. TelAire.
 - f. Vaisala.
 - q. Veris.
- B. Current Switches:

- Split-core or donut type transformer for monitoring AC current, with digital output signal. Current switches used on motor side of variable frequency drives shall have low frequency detection capability.
- Current switches with digital output shall have 2. adjustable trip settings. Provide field adjustment of current switches to trip at approximately 90% of normal motor operating amperage.
- Manufacturers: 3.
 - a. Johnson Controls.
 - b. NK Technologies.
 - c. Senva.
 - d. Setra.
 - e. Veris Industries.

C. Humidity Sensors:

- Elements: Thin film capacitive type or bulk polymer resistance type with linear output, accurate within ± 2% RH including calibration error, repeatability and hysteresis throughout the range of 0-99% RH at 77 deg F. Factory calibrate for maximum accuracy at mid-range of normal operating humidity. All humidity sensors shall be resistant to chlorine and other cleaning agents.
- Room Sensors: With locking cover matching space temperature sensors used.
- 3. Duct Sensors: With duct probe and mounting plate.
- 4. Manufacturers:
 - a. Specified BAS product where available.
 - b. Rotronic.
 - c. GE Industrial, Sensing (formerly General Eastern).
 - d. Vaisala.

D. Outside Air Temperature/Humidity Combination Transmitters:

- Dual transmitters housed in a single hinged enclosure with integral probes configured for exterior wall mount application with PVC sun shield. Unit shall provide separate 4-20 mA signals for temperature and humidity measurement.
- Temperature sensor shall be 1000 OHM thin film platinum resistance temperature detector with matching 4-20 mA transmitter having independent zero and span

- adjustments. Accuracy shall be \pm 0.5 degrees F with a range of -25 degrees F to 125 degrees F.
- Humidity sensor shall be washable thin film type with matching 4-20 mA transmitter having independent zero and span adjustments and linear output over a span of 0-100% RH. Accuracy shall be ± 2.5% RH including calibration error, repeatability and hysteresis throughout the range of 0-95% RH at 77 deg F.
- Manufacturer:
 - a. GE Industrial, Sensing (formerly General Eastern)
 - b. Veris.

Temperature Sensors: Ε.

- Resistance temperature detectors (RTD) with platinum, nickel or balco element. Accuracy shall be +/- 0.5 deg F over the entire range. Range shall be as indicated below, or as appropriate to the application.
- Single point duct mounted sensors shall have 18" rigid probe and calibrated span of 20 - 120°F.
- Averaging duct mounted sensors shall have 25' long averaging element and calibrated span of 20 - 120°F.
- Liquid immersion sensors shall have welded stainless steel thermowells for ferrous pipe and thermowells for copper pipe. Length of sensor and thermowell shall be selected based on the diameter of the pipe to provide accurate, reliable and homogeneous sensing of the liquid temperature. Thermowell pressure rating shall meet or exceed the system minimum pressure rating. Sensors for chilled water application shall have calibrated span of 20 - 120°F. Sensors for hot water applications shall have calibrated span of 40 - 240°F
- Room sensors shall have locking cover and a minimum span of 40 - 90°F.
- Outside air sensors shall have watertight inlet fitting and shall be shielded from direct rays of sun and wind.
- 7. Manufacturers:
 - Specified BAS product where available. a.
 - b. TCS.
 - c. Minco.
 - d. ACI.
 - e. MAMAC.

2.8 DDC DATA COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK

- A. Data communication network shall be provided to allow data exchange between the BAS field level DDC controllers and the Building Network Supervisory Controller.
- The BAS/DDC system-wide communication network shall consist of a primary peer-to-peer network, and at the Contractor's option, secondary sub-networks linked to the primary network. The primary network shall support peerto-peer communications between primary network BAS field level DDC controllers. The Building Network Supervisory Controller shall be connected to the primary network. Secondary sub-networks when used shall interface with the primary network though the primary network BAS field level DDC controllers. At least one DDC controller connected to the primary peer-to-peer network shall be provided in each mechanical room, or as indicated on the drawings.
- C. Data communications media shall be twisted pair wires.
- D. The communications network shall allow shared point and control information between BAS field level DDC controllers. All required repeaters, hubs, active links, gateways, etc. and associated power supplies shall be provided as required to provide shared point and control information between BAS field level DDC controllers.
- Failure of any individual BAS field level DDC controller Ε. shall not cause the loss of communications between peer BAS field level DDC controllers.
- F. All data transmitted must be positively acknowledged as received or negatively acknowledged as not received. Negative acknowledgments shall cause a retransmission of the data. Network connected devices must send a "functioning" message each network cycle. Lack of a "functioning" message after successive retries shall constitute a device failure and shall be recognized as such by the network.
- G. Error recovery and communication initialization routines shall be resident in each network connected device.

2.9 CONTROL AND INSTRUMENTATION TUBING

A. Copper Tubing: ASTM B280 or ASTM B75, seamless, hard drawn or annealed.

- 1. Fittings: ANSI/ASME B16.22, wrought copper.
- Joints: ANSI/ASTM B32, 95-5 tin antimony.
- B. Copper Tubing: ASTM B280 or ASTM B75, seamless, hard drawn or annealed.
 - 1. Fittings: UL approved rod or forged brass rated to 200 psig at 100 degrees F.
 - Joints: Ball Sleeve compression type.
- C. Polyethylene Tubing: Black, UL 1820 flame and smoke retardant where exposed in an air plenum, virgin polyethylene, conforming to modified ASTM D1693 test. All non-metallic tubing shall be minimum 1/4" O.D.; microsleeve is not acceptable.
 - Fittings: UL approved rod or forged brass rated to 200 psig at 100 degrees F.
 - 2. Joints: Compression or barbed type.

2.10 CONTROL VALVES AND VALVE OPERATORS

- A. Pressure Dependent Characterized Ball Valves (2-way & 3way) for AHUs and BCUs:
 - 1. Up to 2 inches: Bronze body with screwed ends, stainless steel or chrome plated brass ball, characterizing disc, stainless steel or brass stem, and resilient reinforced Teflon seats.
 - 2. Manufacturers:
 - a. Belimo.
 - b. Johnson Controls.
- B. Poptop Zone Valves (2-way & 3-way) for Unitary Equipment:
 - 1. Manufacturers/Model:
 - a. Schneider Electric Controls (formerly Erie Controls) / VM Series poptop zone valves with AP23A000 model actuator with appropriate control signal to interface controller for the indicated application on control details.
- C. Electric Operators:

- Operators shall be electronic type to accept signals from direct digital controller for proportional control.
- Valves shall spring return to normal position as 2. indicated.
- Select with sufficient shut-off power for system pressure and highest operating torque, and torque requirements of valves which may stick because of infrequent use.
- Select to provide smooth proportioning control under operating conditions normal to the system.

D. Hydronic Systems:

- Valve minimum pressure rating shall meet or exceed the system minimum pressure rating as noted for each system in Division 15 Section "Valves," and in Division 15 Section "Hydronic Piping."
- Valve minimum temperature ratings shall be 212 deg F. 2.
- Two-way and three-way valves shall have equal percentage characteristics. Size two-way valve operators to close valves against pump shut off head.
- Pressure independent control valves shall be used for 2-way applications unless otherwise shown.
- Pressure Drop for pressure dependent characterized ball and globe valves: Primary HVAC equipment control valves shall be selected for a pressure drop close as possible to 5 psiq, +/- 10%. Terminal equipment control valves shall be selected for a pressure drop close as possible to 5 psig with allowable minimum of 2 psig where flow rates are minimal and valve Cv choices are limited. TC Contractor shall use valves from listed manufacturers that meet the pressure drop requirements.

2.11 DAMPERS - AUTOMATED

- A. Performance: Test in accordance with AMCA 500.
- Frames: Galvanized steel, minimum 16 gauge, minimum 2 В. inches in width, welded or riveted with corner reinforcement for 12 gage structural equivalence.
- C. Blades: Galvanized steel, minimum 14 gauge, maximum blade size 8 inches wide, 60 inches long, attached to minimum 1/2 inch shafts. Dampers which are required to have a

static pressure rating over 4 inch W.G. shall have minimum 3/4 inch solid shafts.

- D. Blade Seals: Synthetic elastomeric or Neoprene, mechanically attached, field replaceable.
- E. Jackshafts (where required): Minimum 1/2 inch galvanized steel.
- F. Jamb Seals: Stainless steel.
- G. Bearings: Oil impregnated sintered bronze or lubricant free, solid stainless steel. Provide thrust washers at bearings for all dampers which are to be mounted with blades in the vertical position.
- Linkages: Accessible for maintenance. Linkages may be located in airstream. Linkages located in damper frame shall be external to the duct, accessible for maintenance. Linkages located in the airstream shall be zinc-plated.
- I. Leakage: Less than 8 CFM per square foot based on 4 inches W.G. pressure differential.
- J. Static Pressure Rating: As scheduled on the drawings, or if not scheduled, minimum 4" W.G.
- Maximum Velocity: As scheduled on the drawings, or design for maximum velocity to be encountered in location where installed.
- L. Temperature Limits: -40 to 200 deg F.
- Manufacturers: Μ.
 - 1. American Warming & Ventilating.
 - 2. Arrow United Industries.
 - 3. Greenheck.
 - 4. Honeywell.
 - 5. Johnson Controls.
 - 6. Louvers & Dampers, Inc.
 - 7. Ruskin.
 - 8. Tamco.
 - 9. Vent Products.

2.12 DAMPER OPERATORS - ELECTRIC

- A. Electric damper motor shall be 24 or 120 volt two-position or modulating as required with spring return type and sized to operate the damper with sufficient reserve power for smooth operation from full close to full open and tight shut-off. Damper motor shall have "O ring" gaskets for weatherproof operation.
- Number: Sufficient to achieve unrestricted movement В. throughout damper range. Provide sufficient number of operators such that one operator does not operate more than the maximum square footage of damper area as recommended in standard catalog of manufacturer.

C. Manufacturers:

- 1. Belimo.
- 2. Johnson Controls.
- 3. .

2.13 ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTROLS WORK

- A. Electrical accessories such as relays, switches, contactors and control transformers shall meet the requirements of the Division 16 Specifications of respective project.
- B. Electrical wiring and conduit shall meet the requirements of the Division 16 Specifications.
- C. All control wiring in mechanical rooms and any other exposed areas shall be run in conduit. Low voltage temperature control wiring in concealed accessible locations (i.e. above lay-in ceilings), as well as low voltage temperature control wiring within partitions, may be run using plenum rated cable, neatly tie-wrapped and fastened to the building structure (not to ceiling or ceiling support wires).
- D. Conduits carrying control wiring shall be sized for a maximum fill of 40% of capacity.
- Where raceway is required, two separate raceway systems Ε. shall be provided; one for A.C. wiring and the other for D.C. wiring.

- F. Data transmission cabling and equipment grounding procedures shall meet the latest FCC guidelines for electromagnetic field generation.
- G. All control wiring sizes and types shall meet or exceed the equipment manufacturer's recommendations.

2.14 LOCAL AND AUXILIARY CONTROL COMPONENT ENCLOSURE PANELS

- A. Unitized cabinet type for each system under automatic control with relays and controls mounted in cabinet and temperature indicators, pressure gauges, pilot lights, pushbuttons and switches flush on cabinet panel face, or as detailed on drawings. Provide panel with locking door.
- ANSI/NEMA 250, general purpose utility enclosures with В. enameled finished face panel, or as indicated on the drawings.
- C. Panels shall be sized for a maximum fill of 50% capacity, and shall not be smaller than 24" X 24".

2.15 REFERENCE PROBE - INDOOR STATIC PRESSURE

Indoor pressure reference probe shall be a shielded static Α. pressure sensor suitable for flush mounting in the ceiling, complete with multiple sensing ports, pressure impulse suppression chamber, airflow shielding, control tubing take-off fitting, and brush finish on exposed surface. Probe shall be capable of sensing the static pressure in the proximity of the sensor to within 1% of the actual pressure value while being subjected to a maximum airflow of 1000 fpm from a radial source.

B. Manufacturers:

- 1. Air Monitor Corporation.
- 2. Tek-Air.

2.16 THERMOSTATS - ELECTRONIC & ELECTRIC

Α. Electric Low Limit Duct Thermostat (freezestat): Snap acting which trips if temperature sensed across any 12 inches of bulb length is equal to or below setpoint, fixed 5 deg F differential, range 30 deg F to 60 deg F, requiring minimum 20 feet length of bulb. Manual-reset unless indicated on drawings to be auto-reset type.

Provide one thermostat for every 20 sq. ft. of coil surface. Switch shall be UL listed and rated for 10 amps at 120 VAC. Provide additional switch or contacts for connection to monitoring system.

- B. Strap-on Aquastat: UL listed, with a suitable removable spring clip attaching aquastat to pipe and a snap-acting SPDT switch.
- C. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Johnson Controls.

2.17 EMERGENCY POWER-OFF (EPO) PUSH-BUTTON

- A. ADA compliant, push-button switch with clear cover to prevent inadvertent closure. Push-to-activate push-button, and providing two SPDT contacts rated 10 Amps at 120 VAC.
- B. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Safety Technology International model SS-2212PO
 - 2. Alarm Controls Corporation model ADC-100.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 INSTALLATION CONTROL SYSTEMS
 - A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
 - B. Check and verify location of temperature sensors and other exposed control sensors with plans and room details before installation. Locate room temperature sensors 48 inches above floor unless noted otherwise.
 - C. The location of all control-related items to be mounted on the exterior of the building must be approved by the Architect prior to installation. Indicate proposed locations on the shop drawings.
 - D. Caulk both sides of damper frames to duct walls to prevent leakage between damper frame and duct.
 - E. Mount control panels adjacent to associated equipment on vibration free walls or free standing angle iron supports. Sensors used for closed loop control must be connected to the same DDC controller as the associated output signal.

- F. Provide conduit and electrical wiring where required.
- G. All wiring in altered and unaltered areas shall be run concealed. "Wiremold" in finished areas shall be allowed when wiring cannot be run concealed in walls or partitions. Minimize "wiremold" routing.
- Splicing of DDC sensor cabling at junction boxes shall not be acceptable.
- I. All equipment which has moving parts and is remotely started by the control system shall be provided with warning labels no less than 2 inches in height, and in bright warning color, stating that the equipment is remotely started by automatic controls. Such labels shall be posted clearly in the area of any moving parts, such as belts, fans, pumps, etc.
- J. Coil and conceal excess capillary on remote element instruments.
- Locate all control components and accessories such that they are easily accessible for adjustment, service and replacement.
- L. Locate, size, and support sensing elements in airstreams so that they properly sense the representative condition. Controlling, transmitting and indicating elements shall be located to sense the average condition. Safety elements shall be located to sense the extreme condition.
- Locate and size sensing elements in liquid lines so that Μ. they are in moving liquid and not in stagnant or turbulent locations. Wells shall not obstruct the flow of the liquid being measured. Pipes one inch and smaller shall be increased at least one pipe size at the point of insertion.
- Locate, support and install all control components and accessories so that they will not be subject to vibration, excessive temperatures, dirt, moisture or other harmful conditions beyond their rated limitations.
- Where insulation is penetrated due to the installation of sensing elements or tubing, reseal the openings air and vapor tight. Provide brackets for devices to be located on

insulated surfaces so as to clear the finished surface of the insulation and to avoid puncturing the vapor seal.

- P. Provide all necessary relays, switches, linkages, control devices, accessories and connections as required for a complete and operational control system as specified herein and shown.
- Q. All electric valve and damper operators shall be capable of moving from full closed to full open, or vice versa, within 120 seconds.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION AND MARKING

- All sensors, relays, switches, etc. shall be marked with the same identification number as used on the as-built shop drawings. Use Brother P-touch label maker or similar with black text on clear or white super adhesive tape. If label applied in wet environment, spray label with clear enamel for waterproofing.
- Wire shall be color coded according to functional use. Identify color coding format on record drawings.
- Identify each wire as to ID number at each controller termination, field device termination or on the field device.
- All control panels and auxiliary enclosures shall be supplied with engraved phenolic nameplate permanently attached identifying it as control panel number, system served, area served, fed from lighting panel number, circuit number, etc.

3.3 GRAPHIC DISPLAY GENERATION

- Provide the following graphic displays as a minimum at the existing operator interface, arranged in logical penetration paths:
 - 1. Overall campus layout which shows all of the buildings on the Owner's campus.
 - Individual building layout or isometric for each building connected to the system.
 - 3. Floor plans for each floor within each building, with display of present values of space conditions sensed by connected space sensors, display of the name of the

air handler associated with each space sensor, display of the room number in which the sensor is located and color coding to indicate whether the sensed space condition is within the acceptable range, is too high, or is too low. TC Contractor shall confirm Owner desired room names prior to graphics generation which may differ from the room names indicated construction documents.

- Schematic diagram for each HVAC system. Each system schematic display shall include at least the following:
 - Schematic arrangement of ductwork, fans, dampers, a. coils, valves, piping, pumps, equipment etc.
 - b. System name.
 - c. Area served.
 - d. Present value or status of all inputs, along with present setpoint.
 - e. Present percent open for each damper, valve, etc. based on commanded position.
 - f. Reset schedule parameters for all points, where applicable.
 - g. Present occupancy mode.
 - h. Present economizer mode, where applicable.
 - i. Present outside air temperature.
 - j. Associated space conditions and setpoints, where applicable.
 - k. Status of application programs (e.g., warm-up, night cycle, duty cycle, etc.).
 - 1. Color coding to indicate normal and abnormal values, alarms, etc.
- Manual override capability for each on/off open/closed controlled digital output (for fans, pumps, 2-position dampers and valves, etc.) and each modulating analog output (for dampers, valves, VFD speed modulation type points, etc.) shall be provided. Graphic display of output point auto or manual override status shall be provided.
- Sequence of operation in written (text) format for each HVAC system.
- Overall BAS system schematic. 7.
- System management graphic for each network device and/or DDC controller.

3.4 OWNER INSTRUCTION AND TRAINING

- A. Provide a minimum of twenty four (24) hours per Building of on-site instruction and training to the Owner on the operation of the control systems for the initial installation.
- Instruction and training shall be performed by a competent В. Contractor representative familiar with the systems operation, maintenance and calibration.
- C. Training shall take place after check, test, start-up of temperature controls system at a time mutually agreed upon by the Owner and Contractor.
- Provide 3 sets of computer training & tutorial CD's describing workstation operation and functions.
- Provide 3 sets of literature pertaining to the operation and maintenance of the DDC system components provided.

3.5 CALIBRATION AND START-UP

- A. After installation and connection of control components, test, adjust and re-adjust as required all control components in terms of function, design, systems balance and performance. Make systems ready for environmental equipment acceptance tests.
- After environmental equipment has been accepted and after the systems have operated in normal service for two weeks, check the adjustment on control components and recalibrate where required. Components not in calibration shall be recalibrated to function as required, or shall replaced. Control devices, linkages, and other control components shall be calibrated and adjusted for stable and accurate operation in accordance with the design intent and to obtain optimum performance from the equipment controlled. Cause every device to automatically operate as intended to ensure its proper functionality.

ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURE 3.6

Upon successful completion of start-up and recalibration as indicated in this section, the Architect shall be requested in writing to inspect the satisfactory operation of the control systems.

- B. Demonstrate operation of all control systems, including each individual component, to the Owner and Architect.
- C. After correcting all items appearing on the punch list, make a second written request to the Owner and Architect for inspection and approval.
- D. After all items on the punch list are corrected and formal approval of the control systems is provided by the Architect, the Contractor shall indicate to the Owner in writing the commencement of the warranty period.

END OF SECTION 15900

SECTION 15950 - TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- Related Sections include the following: В.
 - 1. Division 15 Section "Mechanical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 15 Section "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
 - 3. Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC."

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes testing, adjusting, and balancing to produce design objectives for the following:
 - 1. Air Systems:
 - a. Constant-volume air systems.
 - b. Variable-air-volume systems.
 - 2. Hydronic Piping Systems:
 - a. Constant-flow systems.
 - b. Variable-flow systems.
 - c. Primary-secondary systems.
 - 3. HVAC equipment quantitative-performance settings.
 - 4. Kitchen hood airflow balancing.
 - 5. Exhaust hood airflow balancing.
 - 6. Space pressurization testing and adjusting.
 - 7. Existing systems TAB.
 - 8. Verifying that automatic control devices are functioning properly.
 - 9. Reporting results of activities and procedures specified in this Section.
- Include rebalancing of air systems, or system portions affected by recommended sheave changes.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- Adjust: To regulate fluid flow rate and air patterns at the terminal equipment, such as to reduce fan speed or adjust a damper.
- B. AHJ: Authority having jurisdiction.

- C. Balance: To proportion flows within the distribution system, including submains, branches, and terminals, according to indicated quantities.
- Barrier or Boundary: Construction, either vertical or horizontal, such as walls, floors, and ceilings that are designed and constructed to restrict the movement of airflow, smoke, odors, and other pollutants.
- E. Draft: A current of air, when referring to localized effect caused by one or more factors of high air velocity, low ambient temperature, or direction of airflow, whereby more heat is withdrawn from a person's skin than is normally dissipated.
- F. NC: Noise criteria.
- Procedure: An approach to and execution of a sequence of work operations to yield repeatable results.
- H. RC: Room criteria.
- I. Report Forms: Test data sheets for recording test data in logical order.
- J. Smoke-Control System: An engineered system that uses fans to produce airflow and pressure differences across barriers to limit smoke movement.
- K. Smoke-Control Zone: A space within a building that is enclosed by smoke barriers and is a part of a zoned smokecontrol system.
- L. Stair Pressurization System: A type of smoke-control system that is intended to positively pressurize stair towers with outdoor air by using fans to keep smoke from contaminating the stair towers during an alarm condition.
- Static Head: The pressure due to the weight of the fluid Μ. above the point of measurement. In a closed system, static head is equal on both sides of the pump.
- N. Suction Head: The height of fluid surface above the centerline of the pump on the suction side.

- System Effect: A phenomenon that can create undesired or unpredicted conditions that cause reduced capacities in all or part of a system.
- P. System Effect Factors: Allowances used to calculate a reduction of the performance ratings of a fan when installed under conditions different from those presented when the fan was performance tested.
- Q. TAB: Testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- R. Terminal: A point where the controlled medium, such as fluid or energy, enters or leaves the distribution system.
- S. Test: A procedure to determine quantitative performance of systems or equipment.
- T. Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing (TAB) Firm: The entity responsible for performing and reporting TAB procedures.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: Within 30 days from Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit 2 copies of evidence that TAB firm and this Project's TAB team members meet the qualifications specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.
- B. Contract Documents Examination Report: Within 30 days from Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit 2 copies of the Contract Documents review report as specified in Part 3.
- C. Strategies and Procedures Plan: Within 30 days from Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit 2 copies of TAB strategies and step-by-step procedures as specified in Part 3 "Preparation" Article. Include a complete set of report forms intended for use on this Project.
- D. Certified TAB Reports: Submit two copies of reports prepared, as specified in this Section, on approved forms certified by TAB firm.
- E. Sample Report Forms: Submit two sets of sample TAB report forms.
- F. Warranties specified in this Section.

1.5 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. TAB Firm Qualifications: Engage a TAB firm certified by either AABC or NEBB.
- Smoke Control System Testing: Additional Qualifications: В. The TAB firm shall be a qualified special inspector for the smoke control systems. The TAB firm for the smoke control system shall have expertise in fire protection engineering, mechanical engineering, and certification as air balancers.
- C. Approved Balancing Agencies.
 - The TAB firm selected shall be from the following list:
 - a. Absolut Balance Company, Inc.; South Lyon, MI.
 - b. Airflow Testing Inc.; Lincoln Park, MI.
 - c. Barmatic Inspecting Co., Inc.; Lincoln Park, MI.
 - d. Ener-Tech Testing; Holly, MI.
 - e. Enviro-Aire/Total Balance Co.; St. Clair Shores, MI.
 - f. International Test & Balance Inc.; Southfield, MI.
- D. TAB Conference: Meet with Owner's and Architect's representatives on approval of TAB strategies and procedures plan to develop a mutual understanding of the details. Ensure the participation of TAB team members, equipment manufacturers' authorized service representatives, HVAC controls installers, and other support personnel. Provide seven days' advance notice of scheduled meeting time and location.
 - Agenda Items: Include at least the following:
 - a. Submittal distribution requirements.
 - b. The Contract Documents examination report.
 - c. TAB plan.
 - d. Work schedule and Project-site access requirements.
 - e. Coordination and cooperation of trades and subcontractors.
 - f. Coordination of documentation and communication flow.
- E. Certification of TAB Reports: Certify TAB field data reports. This certification includes the following:
 - Review field data reports to validate accuracy of data and to prepare certified TAB reports.

- Certify that TAB team complied with approved TAB plan and the procedures specified and referenced in this Specification.
- TAB Report Forms: Use standard forms from AABC's "National Standards for Testing and Balancing Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning Systems" or NEBB's "Procedural Standards for Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Environmental Systems." TAB firm's forms approved by Architect.
- Instrumentation Type, Quantity, and Accuracy: As described G. in AABC's "National Standards for Testing and Balancing Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning Systems or NEBB's "Procedural Standards for Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Environmental Systems, "Section II, "Required Instrumentation for NEBB Certification."
- Instrumentation Calibration: Calibrate instruments at Η. least every six months or more frequently if required by instrument manufacturer.
 - 1. Keep an updated record of instrument calibration that indicates date of calibration and the name of party performing instrument calibration.

PROJECT CONDITIONS 1.6

Full Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy the site and existing building during entire TAB period. Cooperate with Owner during TAB operations to minimize conflicts with Owner's operations.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate the efforts of factory-authorized service representatives for systems and equipment, HVAC controls installers, and other mechanics to operate HVAC systems and equipment to support and assist TAB activities.
- B. Notice: Provide seven days advance notice for each test. Include scheduled test dates and times.
- C. Perform TAB after leakage and pressure tests on air and water distribution systems have been satisfactorily completed.

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. National Project Performance Guarantee: If AABC standards are used, provide a guarantee on AABC's "National Standards for Testing and Balancing Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning Systems" forms stating that AABC will assist in completing requirements of the Contract Documents if TAB firm fails to comply with the Contract Documents. Guarantee includes the following provisions:
 - 1. The certified TAB firm has tested and balanced systems according to the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Systems are balanced to optimum performance capabilities within design and installation limits.
- Special Guarantee: If NEBB standards are used, provide a quarantee on NEBB forms stating that NEBB will assist in completing requirements of the Contract Documents if TAB firm fails to comply with the Contract Documents. Guarantee shall include the following provisions:
 - 1. The certified TAB firm has tested and balanced systems according to the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Systems are balanced to optimum performance capabilities within design and installation limits.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- Examine system and equipment installations to verify that they are complete and that testing, cleaning, adjusting, and commissioning specified in individual Sections have been performed.
- B. Examine system and equipment test reports.
- C. Examine HVAC system and equipment installations to verify that indicated balancing devices, such as test ports, gage cocks, thermometer wells, flow-control devices, balancing valves and fittings, and manual volume dampers, are properly installed, and that their locations are accessible and appropriate for effective balancing and for efficient system and equipment operation.
- D. Examine HVAC equipment to ensure that clean filters have been installed, bearings are greased, belts are aligned

- and tight, and equipment with functioning controls is ready for operation.
- E. Examine terminal units, such as variable-air-volume boxes, to verify that they are accessible and their controls are connected and functioning.
- F. Examine plenum ceilings used for supply air to verify that they are airtight. Verify that pipe penetrations and other holes are sealed.
- G. Examine strainers for clean screens and proper perforations.
- H. Examine three-way valves for proper installation for their intended function of diverting or mixing fluid flows.
- I. Examine heat-transfer coils for correct piping connections and for clean and straight fins.
- J. Examine system pumps to ensure absence of entrained air in the suction piping.
- K. Examine equipment for installation and for properly operating safety interlocks and controls.
- L. Examine automatic temperature system components to verify the following:
 - 1. Dampers, valves, and other controlled devices are operated by the intended controller.
 - 2. Dampers and valves are in the position indicated by the controller.
 - 3. Integrity of valves and dampers for free and full operation and for tightness of fully closed and fully open positions. This includes dampers in multizone units, mixing boxes, and variable-air-volume terminals.
 - 4. Automatic modulating and shutoff valves, including two-way valves and three-way mixing and diverting valves, are properly connected.
 - 5. Thermostats and humidistats are located to avoid adverse effects of sunlight, drafts, and cold walls.
 - 6. Sensors are located to sense only the intended conditions.
 - 7. Sequence of operation for control modes is according to the Contract Documents.
 - 8. Controller set points are set at indicated values.

- Interlocked systems are operating.
- 10. Changeover from heating to cooling mode occurs according to indicated values.
- Report deficiencies discovered before Μ. and during performance of TAB procedures. Observe and record system reactions to changes in conditions. Record default set points if different from indicated values.

3.2 PREPARATION

- Prepare a TAB plan that includes strategies and step-bystep procedures.
- B. Perform the following field tests and inspections to new and renovated portions of duct systems according to SMACNA's "HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual" and prepare test reports:
 - Conduct tests at static pressures equal to maximum design pressure of system or section being tested. If pressure classes are not indicated, test entire system at maximum system design pressure. Do not pressurize systems above maximum design operating pressure. Give seven days' advance notice for testing.
 - Maximum Allowable Leakage: Leakage rates are scheduled on the Drawings.
- Complete system readiness checks and prepare system readiness reports. Verify the following:
 - 1. Permanent electrical power wiring is complete.
 - 2. Hydronic systems are filled, clean, and free of air.
 - 3. Automatic temperature-control systems are operational.
 - 4. Equipment and duct access doors are securely closed.
 - 5. Balance, smoke, and fire dampers are open.
 - 6. Isolating and balancing valves are open and control valves are operational.
 - Ceilings are installed in critical areas where airpattern adjustments are required and access to balancing devices is provided.
 - Windows and doors can be closed so indicated conditions for system operations can be met.

3.3 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR TESTING AND BALANCING

Perform testing and balancing procedures on each system according to the procedures contained in AABC's "National Standards for Testing and Balancing Heating, Ventilating,

- and Air Conditioning Systems" or NEBB's "Procedural Standards for Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Environmental Systems" and this Section.
- Mark equipment and balancing device settings with paint or other suitable, permanent identification material, including damper-control positions, valve position indicators, fan-speed-control levers, and similar controls and devices, to show final settings.
- Take and report testing and balancing measurements in inch-pound (IP) units.

3.4 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR BALANCING AIR SYSTEMS

- A. Prepare test reports for both fans and outlets. Obtain manufacturer's outlet factors and recommended testing procedures. Crosscheck the summation of required outlet volumes with required fan volumes.
- Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" duct layouts, or use reduced scale contract documents with notations.
- C. For variable-air-volume systems, develop a plan to simulate diversity.
- D. Determine the best locations in main and branch ducts for accurate duct airflow measurements.
- E. Cut insulation, and drill ducts for installation of test probes to the minimum extent necessary to allow adequate performance of procedures. After testing and balancing, close probe holes with neat patches, neoprene plugs, threaded plugs, or threaded twist-on metal caps, and patch insulation with new materials identical to those removed. Restore vapor barrier and finish according to insulation Specifications for this Project.
- Check air flow within intake plenums and mixing boxes of F. air handling units for uneven flow and temperature stratification and prepare a report with profile elevations (temperature and velocity) on each coil or filter face for Architect.
- G. Locate start-stop and disconnect switches, electrical interlocks, and motor starters.

- H. Verify that motor starters are equipped with properly sized thermal protection.
- I. Check dampers for proper position to achieve desired airflow path.
- J. Check for airflow blockages.
- Check condensate drains for proper connections and Κ. functioning.
- L. Check for proper sealing of air-handling unit components.
- Μ. Check for proper sealing of air duct system.

3.5 PROCEDURES FOR CONSTANT-VOLUME AIR SYSTEMS

- Adjust fans to deliver total indicated airflows within the Α. maximum allowable fan speed listed by fan manufacturer.
 - 1. Measure fan static pressures to determine actual static pressure as follows:
 - Measure outlet static pressure as far downstream from the fan as practicable and upstream from restrictions in ducts such as elbows and transitions.
 - b. Measure static pressure directly at the fan outlet.
 - c. Measure inlet static pressure of single-inlet fans in the inlet duct as near the fan as possible, upstream from flexible connection and downstream from duct restrictions.
 - d. Measure inlet static pressure of double-inlet fans through the wall of the plenum that houses the fan.
 - Measure static pressure across each component that makes up an air-handling unit, rooftop unit, and other air-handling and -treating equipment.
 - Simulate dirty filter operation and record the point at which maintenance personnel must change filters.
 - Measure static pressures entering and leaving other devices such as sound traps, heat recovery equipment, and air washers, under final balanced conditions.
 - Select required sheave sizes and advise installing contractor to change drive sheaves accordingly. Refer to Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for additional requirements.

- When existing air handling systems require rebalancing, select required sheave sizes and advise Mechanical Contractor to change drive sheaves accordingly. Refer to Division 15 Section "Common Work Results for HVAC" for additional requirements.
- Do not recommend fan-speed adjustments that result in motor overload. Consult equipment manufacturers about fan-speed safety factors. Modulate dampers and measure fan-motor amperage to ensure that no overload will occur. Measure amperage in full cooling, full heating, economizer, and any other operating modes to determine the maximum required brake horsepower.
- Adjust volume dampers for main duct, submain ducts, and major branch ducts to indicated airflows within specified tolerances.
 - 1. Measure airflow at a point downstream from the balancing damper and adjust volume dampers until the proper airflow is achieved.
 - a. Where sufficient space in submain and branch ducts is unavailable for Pitot-tube traverse measurements, measure airflow at terminal outlets and inlets and calculate the total airflow for that zone.
 - Remeasure each submain and branch duct after all have been adjusted. Continue to adjust submain and branch ducts to indicated airflows within specified tolerances.
- C. Measure terminal outlets and inlets without making adjustments.
 - 1. Measure terminal outlets using a direct-reading hood or outlet manufacturer's written instructions and calculating factors.
- Adjust terminal outlets and inlets for each space to indicated airflows within specified tolerances of indicated values. Make adjustments using volume dampers rather than extractors and the dampers at air terminals.
 - Adjust each outlet in same room or space to within specified tolerances of indicated quantities without generating noise levels above the limitations prescribed by the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Adjust patterns of adjustable outlets for proper distribution without drafts.

3.6 PROCEDURES FOR VARIABLE-AIR-VOLUME SYSTEMS

- Compensating for Diversity: When the total airflow of all Α. terminal units is more than the indicated airflow of the fan, place a selected number of terminal units at a maximum set-point airflow condition until the total airflow of the terminal units equals the indicated airflow of the fan. Select the reduced airflow terminal units so they are distributed evenly among the branch ducts.
- Pressure-Independent, Variable-Air-Volume Systems: After the fan systems have been adjusted, adjust the variableair-volume systems as follows:
 - 1. Set outside-air dampers at minimum, and return- and exhaust-air dampers at a position that simulates fullcooling load.
 - Select the terminal unit that is most critical to the supply-fan airflow and static pressure. Measure static pressure. Adjust system static pressure so the entering static pressure for the critical terminal unit is not less than the sum of terminal-unit manufacturer's recommended minimum inlet pressure plus the static pressure needed to overcome terminal-unit discharge system losses.
 - 3. Measure total system airflow. Adjust to within indicated airflow.
 - Set terminal units at maximum airflow and adjust controller or regulator to deliver the designed maximum airflow. Use terminal-unit manufacturer's written instructions to make this adjustment. When total airflow is correct, balance the air outlets downstream from terminal units as described for constant-volume air systems.
 - Set terminal units at minimum airflow and adjust controller or regulator to deliver the designed minimum airflow.
 - a. If air outlets are out of balance at minimum airflow, report the condition but leave outlets balanced for maximum airflow.
 - Remeasure the return airflow to the fan while operating at maximum return airflow and minimum outside airflow. Adjust the fan and balance the return-air ducts and inlets as described for constantvolume air systems.
 - Measure static pressure at the most critical terminal unit and adjust the static-pressure controller at the

main supply-air sensing station to ensure that adequate static pressure is maintained at the most critical unit.

8. Record the final fan performance data.

3.7 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

- Prepare test reports with pertinent design data and number Α. in sequence starting at pump to end of system. Check the sum of branch-circuit flows against approved pump flow
- Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" piping layouts, or use reduced scale contract documents with notations.
- C. Prepare hydronic systems for testing and balancing according to the following, in addition to the general preparation procedures specified above:
 - 1. Open all manual valves for maximum flow.
 - Check expansion tank liquid level. 2.
 - Check makeup-water-station pressure gage for adequate pressure for highest vent.
 - Check flow-control valves for specified sequence of operation and set at indicated flow.
 - Set system controls so automatic valves are wide open to heat exchangers.
 - Set differential-pressure control valves at the specified differential pressure. Do not set at fully closed position when pump is positive-displacement type unless several terminal valves are kept open.
 - 7. Check pump-motor load. If motor is overloaded, throttle main flow-balancing device so motor nameplate rating is not exceeded.

PROCEDURES FOR HYDRONIC SYSTEMS 3.8

- Measure water flow at pumps. Use the following procedures, except for positive-displacement pumps:
 - 1. Verify impeller size by operating the pump with the discharge valve closed. Read pressure differential across the pump. Convert pressure to head and correct for differences in gage heights. Note the point on manufacturer's pump curve at zero flow and verify that the pump has the intended impeller size.
 - Check system resistance. With all valves open, read pressure differential across the pump and mark pump

- manufacturer's head-capacity curve. Adjust pump discharge valve until indicated water flow achieved.
- Verify pump-motor brake horsepower. Calculate the intended brake horsepower for the system based on pump manufacturer's performance data. Compare calculated brake horsepower with nameplate data on the pump motor. Report conditions where actual amperage exceeds motor nameplate amperage.
- Report flow rates that are not within plus or minus 5 percent of design.
- Set calibrated balancing valves, if installed, at В. calculated presettings.
- C. Measure flow at all stations and adjust, where necessary, to obtain first balance.
 - System components that have Cv rating or an accurately cataloged flow-pressure-drop relationship may be used as a flow-indicating device.
- Measure flow at main balancing station and set main balancing device to achieve flow that is 5 percent greater than indicated flow.
- Adjust balancing stations to within specified tolerances of indicated flow rate as follows:
 - Determine the balancing station with the highest percentage over indicated flow.
 - Adjust each station in turn, beginning with the station with the highest percentage over indicated flow and proceeding to the station with the lowest percentage over indicated flow.
 - 3. Record settings and mark balancing devices.
- with pressure independent Equipment installed characterized control valves (PICCV) or auto-flow devices shall not require hydronic system balancing unless multiple coils are served from a single PICCV or auto-flow device (Example: AHU coil banks with multiple coils). Measure flow through each PICCV and auto-flow device and compare measured value to scheduled value to verify proper valve/device was installed and valve is functional. Verify flow for 100 percent of PICCV and auto-flow devices. Report discrepancies.

- G. Measure pump flow rate and make final measurements of pump amperage, voltage, rpm, pump heads, and systems' pressures and temperatures including outdoor-air temperature.
- Measure the differential-pressure control valve settings existing at the conclusions of balancing, and record in report.

3.9 PROCEDURES FOR VARIABLE-FLOW HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

- A. Balance variable-flow hydronic systems by following the "Proportional Balancing Procedure" in accordance with NEBB.
- B. Balance systems with automatic two- and three-way control valves by setting systems at maximum flow through heatexchange terminals and proceed as specified above for hydronic systems.

3.10 PROCEDURES FOR PRIMARY-SECONDARY-FLOW HYDRONIC SYSTEMS

A. Balance the primary system crossover flow first, then balance the secondary system.

3.11 PROCEDURES FOR MOTORS

- Motors, 1/2 HP and Larger: Test at final balanced conditions and record the following data:
 - 1. Manufacturer, model, and serial numbers.
 - 2. Motor horsepower rating.
 - 3. Motor rpm.
 - 4. Efficiency rating.
 - 5. Power factor.
 - 6. Nameplate and measured voltage, each phase.
 - 7. Nameplate and measured amperage, each phase.
 - 8. Starter size.
 - 9. Starter thermal-protection-element rating.
 - 10. Fuse number and size.
- Motors Driven by Variable-Frequency Controllers: Test for В. proper operation at speeds varying from minimum to maximum. Test the manual bypass for the controller to prove proper operation. Record observations, including controller manufacturer, model and serial numbers, and nameplate data.

3.12 PROCEDURES FOR CONDENSING UNITS

- A. Verify proper rotation of fans.
- B. Measure entering- and leaving-air temperatures.
- C. Record compressor data.

3.13 PROCEDURES FOR HEAT-TRANSFER COILS

- Α. Water Coils: Measure the following data for each coil:
 - 1. Entering- and leaving-water temperature.
 - 2. Water flow rate.
 - 3. Water pressure drop.
 - 4. Dry-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 5. Wet-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air for cooling coils.
 - 6. Airflow.
 - 7. Air pressure drop.
- Refrigerant Coils: Measure the following data for each В.
 - 1. Dry-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 2. Wet-bulb temperature of entering and leaving air.
 - 3. Airflow.
 - 4. Air pressure drop.
 - 5. Refrigerant suction pressure and temperature.

3.14 PROCEDURES FOR TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS

- During TAB, report the need for adjustment in temperature Α. regulation within the automatic temperature-control system.
- Measure indoor wet- and dry-bulb temperatures every other hour for a period of two successive eight-hour days, in each separately controlled zone, to prove correctness of final temperature settings. Measure when the building or zone is occupied.
- C. Measure outside-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures.

3.15 PROCEDURES FOR COMMERCIAL KITCHEN HOODS

Measure, adjust, and record the airflow of each kitchen Α. hood. For kitchen hoods designed with integral makeup air, measure and adjust the exhaust and makeup airflow. Measure

airflow by duct Pitot-tube traverse. If a duct Pitot-tube traverse is not possible, provide an explanation in the report of the reason(s) why and also the reason why the method used was chosen.

- After balancing is complete, do the following:
 - 1. Measure and record the static pressure at the hood exhaust-duct connection.
 - 2. Measure and record the hood face velocity. Make measurements at multiple points across the face of the hood. Perform measurements at a maximum of 12 inches between points and between any point and the perimeter. Calculate the average of the measurements recorded. Verify that the hood average face velocity complies with the Contract Documents and governing codes.
 - Check the hood for capture and containment of smoke using a smoke emitting device. Observe the smoke pattern. Make adjustments to room airflow patterns to achieve optimum results.
- C. Visually inspect the hood exhaust duct throughout its entire length in compliance with authorities having jurisdiction. Begin at the hood connection and end at the point it discharges outdoors. Report findings.
 - Check duct slopes as required.
 - 2. Verify that duct access is installed as required.
 - 3. Verify that point of termination is as required.
 - 4. Verify that duct air velocity is within the range required.
 - 5. Verify that duct is within a fire-rated enclosure.
- D. Report deficiencies.
- 3.16 PROCEDURES FOR SPACE PRESSURIZATION MEASUREMENTS AND ADJUSTMENTS
 - A. Before testing for space pressurization, observe the space to verify the integrity of the space boundaries. Verify that windows and doors are closed and applicable safing, gaskets, and sealants are installed. Report deficiencies and postpone testing until after the reported deficiencies are corrected.
 - B. Measure, adjust, and record the pressurization of each room, each zone, and each building by adjusting the

supply, return, and exhaust airflows to achieve the indicated conditions.

- C. Measure space pressure differential where pressure is used as the design criteria, and measure airflow differential where differential airflow is used as the design criteria for space pressurization.
 - For pressure measurements, measure and record the pressure difference between the intended spaces at the door with all doors in the space closed. Record the high-pressure side, low-pressure side, and pressure difference between each adjacent space.
 - 2. For applications with cascading levels of space pressurization, begin in the most critical space and work to the least critical space.
 - 3. Test room pressurization first, then zones, and finish with building pressurization.
- To achieve indicated pressurization, set the supply D. airflow to the indicated conditions and adjust the exhaust and return airflow to achieve the indicated pressure or airflow difference.
- E. For spaces with pressurization being monitored and controlled automatically, observe and adjust the controls to achieve the desired set point.
 - 1. Compare the values of the measurements taken to the measured values of the control system instruments and report findings.
 - 2. Check the repeatability of the controls by successive tests designed to temporarily alter the ability to achieve space pressurization. Test overpressurization and underpressurization, and observe and report on the system's ability to revert to the set point.
 - 3. For spaces served by variable-air-volume supply and exhaust systems, measure space pressurization at indicated airflow and minimum airflow conditions.
- In spaces that employ multiple modes of operation, such as F. normal mode and emergency mode or occupied mode and unoccupied mode, measure, adjust, and record data for each operating mode.
- G. Record indicated conditions and corresponding initial and final measurements. Report deficiencies.

- 3.17 PROCEDURES FOR TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING EXISTING SYSTEMS
 - Perform a preconstruction inspection of existing equipment that is to remain and be reused.
 - Measure and record the operating speed, airflow, and static pressure of each fan.
 - Measure motor voltage and amperage. Compare the values to motor nameplate information.
 - 3. Check the condition of filters.
 - 4. Check the condition of coils.
 - Check the operation of the drain pan and condensate drain trap.
 - Check bearings and other lubricated parts for proper lubrication.
 - 7. Report on the operating condition of the equipment and the results of the measurements taken. Report deficiencies.
 - Before performing testing and balancing of existing systems, inspect existing equipment that is to remain and be reused to verify that existing equipment has been cleaned and refurbished.
 - 1. New filters are installed.
 - 2. Coils are clean and fins combed.
 - 3. Drain pans are clean.
 - 4. Fans are clean.
 - 5. Bearings and other parts are properly lubricated.
 - 6. Deficiencies noted in the preconstruction report are corrected.
 - Perform testing and balancing of existing systems to the extent that existing systems are affected by the renovation work.
 - Compare the indicated airflow of the renovated work to the measured fan airflows and determine the new fan, speed, filter, and coil face velocity.
 - 2. If calculations increase or decrease the airflow and water flow rates by more than 5 percent, make equipment adjustments to achieve the calculated airflow and water flow rates. If 5 percent or less, equipment adjustments are not required.
 - 3. Air balance each air outlet.

3.18 TOLERANCES

- A. Set HVAC system airflow and water flow rates within the following tolerances:
 - 1. Air handling equipment and outlets: Plus or minus 5 percent.
 - a. Where terminal units serve 6 or more outlets within a common room, individual outlets may vary up to plus or minus 10 percent of design flow rates if overall room supply is within plus or minus 5 percent.
 - 2. Heating-Water Flow Rate: 0 to minus 10 percent.
 - 3. Cooling-Water Flow Rate: 0 to plus 5 percent.

3.19 REPORTING

- Initial Construction-Phase Report: Based on examination of the Contract Documents as specified in "Examination" Article, prepare a report on the adequacy of design for systems' balancing devices. Recommend changes and additions to systems' balancing devices to facilitate proper performance measuring and balancing. Recommend changes and additions to HVAC systems and general construction to allow access for performance measuring and balancing devices.
- Status Reports: As Work progresses, prepare reports to В. describe completed procedures, procedures in progress, and scheduled procedures. Include a list of deficiencies and problems found in systems being tested and balanced. Prepare a separate report for each system and each building floor for systems serving multiple floors.

3.20 FINAL REPORT

- A. General: Typewritten, or computer printout in letterquality font, on standard bond paper, in three-ring binder, tabulated and divided into sections by tested and balanced systems.
- Include a certification sheet in front of binder signed and sealed by the certified testing and balancing engineer.
 - 1. Include a list of instruments used for procedures, along with proof of calibration.

- C. Final Report Contents: In addition to certified field report data, include the following:
 - 1. Pump curves.
 - 2. Fan curves.
 - 3. Manufacturers' test data.
 - 4. Field test reports prepared by system and equipment installers.
 - 5. Other information relative to equipment performance, but do not include Shop Drawings and Product Data.
- General Report Data: In addition to form titles and entries, include the following data in the final report, as applicable:
 - 1. Title page.
 - 2. Name and address of TAB firm.
 - 3. Project name.
 - 4. Project location.
 - 5. Architect's name and address.
 - 6. Engineer's name and address.
 - 7. Contractor's name and address.
 - 8. Report date.
 - 9. Signature of TAB firm who certifies the report.
 - 10. Table of Contents with the total number of pages defined for each section of the report. Number each page in the report.
 - 11. Summary of contents including the following:
 - a. Indicated versus final performance.
 - b. Notable characteristics of systems.
 - c. Description of system operation sequence if it varies from the Contract Documents.
 - 12. Nomenclature sheets for each item of equipment.
 - 13. Notes to explain why certain final data in the body of reports varies from indicated values.
 - 14. Test conditions for fans and pump performance forms including the following:
 - a. Settings for outside-, return-, and exhaust-air dampers.
 - b. Conditions of filters.
 - c. Cooling coil, wet- and dry-bulb conditions.
 - d. Face and bypass damper settings at coils.
 - settings and e. Fan drive settings including percentage of maximum pitch diameter.
 - f. Inlet vane settings for variable-air-volume systems.
 - g. Settings for supply-air, static-pressure controller.

- h. Other system operating conditions that affect performance.
- System Diagrams: Include schematic layouts of air and Ε. hydronic distribution systems. Present each system with single-line diagram and include the following:
 - 1. Quantities of outside, supply, return, and exhaust airflows.
 - 2. Water flow rates.
 - 3. Terminal units.
 - 4. Balancing stations.
- F. Air-Handling Unit Test Reports: For air-handling units with coils, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data: Include the following:
 - a. Unit identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Make and type.
 - d. Model number and unit size.
 - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
 - f. Unit arrangement and class.
 - g. Discharge arrangement.
 - h. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - i. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - j. Number of belts, make, and size.
 - k. Number of filters, type, and size.
 - Motor Data:
 - a. Make and frame type and size.
 - b. Horsepower and rpm.
 - c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
 - d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
 - e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - f. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - g. Power factor efficiency.
 - Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
 - c. Fan rpm.
 - d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Filter static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - f. Preheat coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - g. Cooling coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.

- h. Heating coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
- i. Outside airflow in cfm.
- j. Return airflow in cfm.
- k. Outside-air damper position.
- 1. Return-air damper position.
- m. Vortex damper position.
- G. Apparatus-Coil Test Reports:
 - 1. Coil Data:
 - a. System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Coil type.
 - d. Number of rows.
 - e. Fin spacing in fins per inch o.c.
 - f. Make and model number.
 - g. Face area in sq. ft.
 - h. Tube size in NPS.
 - i. Tube and fin materials.
 - j. Circuiting arrangement.
 - Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values): 2.
 - a. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Average face velocity in fpm.
 - c. Air pressure drop in inches wq.
 - d. Outside-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in dea F.
 - e. Return-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - f. Entering-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - g. Leaving-air, wet- and dry-bulb temperatures in deg F.
 - h. Water flow rate in gpm.
 - i. Water pressure differential in feet of head or psiq.
 - j. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
 - k. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
- Gas- and Oil-Fired Heat Apparatus Test Reports: Η. addition to manufacturer's factory startup equipment reports, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Make and type.
 - d. Model number and unit size.

- e. Manufacturer's serial number.
- f. Fuel type in input data.
- g. Output capacity in Btuh.
- h. Ignition type.
- i. Burner-control types.
- j. Motor horsepower and rpm.
- k. Motor volts, phase, and hertz.
- 1. Motor full-load amperage and service factor.
- m. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
- n. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.
- 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Entering-air temperature in deg F.
 - c. Leaving-air temperature in deg F.
 - d. Air temperature differential in deg F.
 - e. Entering-air static pressure in inches wg.
 - f. Leaving-air static pressure in inches wg.
 - q. Air static-pressure differential in inches wq.
 - h. Low-fire fuel input in Btuh.
 - i. High-fire fuel input in Btuh.
 - j. Manifold pressure in psiq.
 - k. High-temperature-limit setting in deg F.
 - 1. Operating set point in Btuh.
 - m. Motor voltage at each connection.
 - n. Motor amperage for each phase.
 - o. Heating value of fuel in Btuh.
- Fan Test Reports: For supply, return, and exhaust fans, include the following:
 - Fan Data:
 - a. System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Make and type.
 - d. Model number and size.
 - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
 - f. Arrangement and class.
 - g. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - h. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - 2. Motor Data:
 - a. Make and frame type and size.
 - b. Horsepower and rpm.
 - c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
 - d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
 - e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.

- f. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.
- q. Number of belts, make, and size.
- Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values): 3.
 - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
 - c. Fan rpm.
 - d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Suction static pressure in inches wg.
- Round, Flat-Oval, and Rectangular Duct Traverse Reports: Include a diagram with a grid representing the duct crosssection and record the following:
 - Report Data:
 - a. System and air-handling unit number.
 - b. Location and zone.
 - c. Traverse air temperature in deg F.
 - d. Duct static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Duct size in inches.
 - f. Duct area in sq. ft..
 - q. Indicated airflow rate in cfm.
 - h. Indicated velocity in fpm.
 - i. Actual airflow rate in cfm.
 - j. Actual average velocity in fpm.
 - k. Barometric pressure in psiq.
- K. Air-Terminal-Device Reports:
 - Unit Data:
 - a. System and air-handling unit identification.
 - b. Location and zone.
 - c. Test apparatus used.
 - d. Area served.
 - e. Air-terminal-device make.
 - f. Air-terminal-device number from system diagram.
 - q. Air-terminal-device type and model number.
 - h. Air-terminal-device size.
 - i. Air-terminal-device effective area in sq. ft..
 - Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values): 2.
 - a. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Air velocity in fpm.
 - c. Preliminary airflow rate as needed in cfm.
 - d. Preliminary velocity as needed in fpm.
 - e. Final airflow rate in cfm.
 - f. Final velocity in fpm.
 - g. Space temperature in deg F.

- System-Coil Reports: For reheat coils and water coils of terminal units, include the following:
 - Unit Data:
 - a. System and air-handling unit identification.
 - b. Location and zone.
 - c. Room or riser served.
 - d. Coil make and size.
 - e. Flowmeter type.
 - Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
 - c. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
 - d. Water pressure drop in feet of head or psig.
 - e. Entering-air temperature in deg F.
 - f. Leaving-air temperature in deg F.
- Compressor and Condenser Reports: For refrigerant side of Μ. unitary systems, stand-alone refrigerant compressors, aircooled condensing units, or water-cooled condensing units, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. Unit identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Unit make and model number.
 - d. Compressor make.
 - e. Compressor model and serial numbers.
 - Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Inlet-duct static pressure in inches wg.
 - b. Outlet-duct static pressure in inches wg.
 - c. Entering-air, dry-bulb temperature in deg F.
 - d. Leaving-air, dry-bulb temperature in deg F.
 - e. Condenser entering-water temperature in deg F.
 - f. Condenser leaving-water temperature in deg F.
 - g. Condenser-water temperature differential in deg F.
 - h. Condenser entering-water pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - i. Condenser leaving-water pressure in feet of head or psiq.
 - j. Condenser-water pressure differential in feet of head or psiq.
 - k. Control settings.
 - 1. Voltage at each connection.
 - m. Amperage for each phase.
 - n. Kilowatt input.
 - o. Crankcase heater kilowatt.
 - p. Number of fans.

- q. Condenser fan rpm.
- r. Condenser fan airflow rate in cfm.
- s. Condenser fan motor make, frame size, rpm, and horsepower.
- t. Condenser fan motor voltage at each connection.
- u. Condenser fan motor amperage for each phase.
- Cooling Tower or Condenser Test Reports: For cooling Ν. towers or condensers, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. Unit identification.
 - b. Make and type.
 - c. Model and serial numbers.
 - d. Nominal cooling capacity in tons.
 - e. Water-treatment chemical feeder and chemical.
 - f. Number and type of fans.
 - g. Fan motor make, frame size, rpm, and horsepower.
 - h. Fan motor voltage at each connection.
 - i. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - j. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - k. Number of belts, make, and size.
 - 1. Pump make and model number.
 - m. Pump manufacturer's serial number.
 - n. Pump motor make and frame size.
 - o. Pump motor horsepower and rpm.
 - 2. Pump Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Voltage at each connection.
 - b. Amperage for each phase.
 - c. Water flow rate in gpm.
 - Water Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
 - b. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
 - c. Water temperature differential in deg F.
 - d. Entering-water pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - e. Leaving-water pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - f. Water pressure differential in feet of head or psiq.
 - g. Water flow rate in gpm.
 - h. Bleed water flow rate in gpm.
 - Air Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Duct airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Inlet-duct static pressure in inches wg.
 - c. Outlet-duct static pressure in inches wg.
 - d. Average entering-air, wet-bulb temperature deg F.

- e. Average leaving-air, wet-bulb temperature in deg F.
- f. Ambient wet-bulb temperature in deg F.
- Heat-Exchanger/Converter Test Reports: For steam and hotwater heat exchangers, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. Unit identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Service.
 - d. Make and type.
 - e. Model and serial numbers.
 - f. Ratings.
 - Steam Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Inlet pressure in psig.
 - b. Condensate flow rate in lb/h.
 - Primary Water Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
 - b. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
 - c. Entering-water pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - d. Water pressure differential in feet of head or psiq.
 - e. Water flow rate in gpm.
 - Secondary Water Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Entering-water temperature in deg F.
 - b. Leaving-water temperature in deg F.
 - c. Entering-water pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - d. Water pressure differential in feet of head or psig.
 - e. Water flow rate in gpm.
- Pump Test Reports: Calculate impeller size by plotting the shutoff head on pump curves and include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. Unit identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Service.
 - d. Make and size.
 - e. Model and serial numbers.
 - f. Water flow rate in gpm.
 - g. Water pressure differential in feet of head or
 - h. Required net positive suction head in feet of head or psig.
 - i. Pump rpm.

- j. Impeller diameter in inches.
- k. Motor make and frame size.
- 1. Motor horsepower and rpm.
- m. Voltage at each connection.
- n. Amperage for each phase.
- o. Full-load amperage and service factor.
- p. Seal type.
- Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Static head in feet of head or psiq.
 - b. Pump shutoff pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - c. Actual impeller size in inches.
 - d. Full-open flow rate in gpm.
 - e. Full-open pressure in feet of head or psiq.
 - f. Final discharge pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - q. Final suction pressure in feet of head or psiq.
 - h. Final total pressure in feet of head or psig.
 - i. Final water flow rate in gpm.
 - j. Voltage at each connection.
 - k. Amperage for each phase.

Q. Air-to-Air Heat-Recovery Unit Reports:

- 1. Unit Data:
 - a. Unit identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Service.
 - d. Make and type.
 - e. Model and serial numbers.
- Motor Data:
 - a. Make and frame type and size.
 - b. Horsepower and rpm.
 - c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
 - d. Full load amperage and service factor.
 - e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - f. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.
- If fans are an integral part of the unit, include the following for each fan:
 - a. Make and type.
 - b. Arrangement and size.
 - c. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - d. Sheave dimensions, center-to-center, and amount of adjustments in inches.
- Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Total exhaust airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Purge exhaust airflow rate in cfm.
 - c. Outside airflow rate in cfm.

- d. Total exhaust fan static pressure in inches wg.
- e. Total outside-air fan static pressure in inches
- f. Pressure drop on each side of recovery wheel in inches wg.
- g. Exhaust air temperature entering in deg F.
- h. Exhaust air temperature leaving in deg F.
- i. Outside-air temperature entering in deg F.
- j. Outside-air temperature leaving in deg F.
- k. Calculate sensible and total heat capacity of each airstream in MBh.

3.21 INSPECTIONS

Initial Inspection: Α.

- After testing and balancing are complete, operate each system and randomly check measurements to verify that the system is operating according to the final test and balance readings documented in the Final Report.
- Randomly check the following for each system:
 - a. Measure airflow of at least 10 percent of air outlets.
 - b. Measure water flow of at least 5 percent of terminals.
 - c. Measure room temperature at thermostat/temperature sensor. Compare the reading to the set point.
 - d. Measure sound levels at two locations.
 - e. Measure space pressure of at least 10 percent of locations.
 - f. Verify that balancing devices are marked with final balance position.
 - q. Note deviations to the Contract Documents in the Final Report.

Final Inspection: В.

- After initial inspection is complete and evidence by random checks verifies that testing and balancing are complete and accurately documented in the final report, request that a final inspection be made by Architect.
- TAB firm test and balance engineer shall conduct the inspection in the presence of Architect.
- Arxchitect shall randomly select measurements 3. documented in the final report to be rechecked. The rechecking shall be limited to either 10 percent of

- the total measurements recorded, or the extent of measurements that can be accomplished in a normal 8hour business day.
- If the rechecks yield measurements that differ from 4. the measurements documented in the final report by more than the tolerances allowed, the measurements shall be noted as "FAILED."
- If the number of "FAILED" measurements is greater than 10 percent of the total measurements checked during the final inspection, the testing and balancing shall be considered incomplete and shall be rejected.
- TAB firm shall recheck all measurements and make adjustments. Revise the final report and balancing device settings to include all changes and resubmit the final report.
- 7. Request a second final inspection. If the second final inspection also fails, Owner shall contract the services of another TAB firm to complete the testing and balancing in accordance with the Contract Documents and deduct the cost of the services from the final payment.

3.22 ADDITIONAL TESTS

- Within 90 days of completing TAB, perform additional testing and balancing to verify that balanced conditions are being maintained throughout and to correct unusual conditions.
- B. Seasonal Periods: If initial TAB procedures were not performed during near-peak summer and winter conditions, perform additional testing, inspecting, and adjusting during near-peak summer and winter conditions.

END OF SECTION 15950

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes electrical general administrative and procedural requirements. The following requirements are included in this Section to supplement the requirements specified in Division 1 Specification Sections.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. All materials shall be new. The electrical and physical properties of all materials, and the design, performance characteristics, and methods of construction of all items of equipment, shall be in accordance with the latest issue of the various, applicable Standard Specifications of the following recognized authorities:
 - 1. A.N.S.I. American National Standards Institute
 - 2. A.S.T.M. American Society for Testing Materials
 - 3. I.C.E.A. Insulated Cable Engineers Association
 - 4. I.E.E.E. Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
 - 5. N.E.C. National Electrical Code
 - 6. N.E.C.A National Electrical Contractors Association
 - 7. N.E.M.A.National Electrical Manufacturer's Association
 - 8. U.L. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
 - 9. N.E.C.A. 1-2000, "Practices for Good Workmanship in Electrical Contracting (ANSI)."

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Scope of Work: Furnish all labor, material, equipment, technical supervision, and incidental services required to complete, test and leave ready for operation the electrical systems as specified in the Division 16 Sections and as indicated on Drawings.
- Ordinances and Codes: Perform all Work in accordance with В. applicable Federal, State and local ordinances and regulations, the Rules and Regulations of NFPA, NECA, and UL, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Notify the Architect/Engineer before submitting a proposal should any changes in Drawings or Specifications be required to conform to the above codes, rules or regulations. After entering into Contract, make all changes required to conform to above ordinances, rules and regulations without additional expense to the Owner.

- Source Limitations: All equipment of the same or similar systems shall be by the same manufacturer.
- Tests and Inspections: Perform all tests required by state, D. city, county and/or other agencies having jurisdiction. Provide all materials, equipment, etc., and labor required for tests.
- E. Performance Requirements: Perform all work in a first class and workmanlike manner, in accordance with the latest accepted standards and practices for the trades involved.
- Sequence and Schedule: Work so as to avoid interference with the work of other trades. Be responsible for removing and relocating any work which in the opinion of the Owner's Representatives causes interference.

1.5 CODES, PERMITS AND FEES

- Unless otherwise indicated, all required permits, licenses, inspections, approvals and fees for electrical work shall be secured and paid for by the Contractor. All work shall conform to all applicable codes, rules and regulations.
- Rules of local utility companies shall be complied with. Coordinate with the utility company supplying service to the installation and determine all devices including, but not limited to, all current and potential transformers, meter boxes, C.T. cabinets and meters which will be required and include the cost of all such items and all utilities costs in proposal.
- C. All work shall be executed in accordance with the rules and regulations set forth in local and state codes. Prepare any detailed Drawings or diagrams which may be required by the authorities. Where the Drawings Specifications indicate materials or construction in excess of code requirements, the Drawings and/or Specifications shall govern.

1.6 DRAWINGS

The Drawings show the location and general arrangement of equipment, electrical systems and related items. They shall be followed as closely as elements of the construction will permit.

- В. Examine the Drawings of other trades and verify the conditions governing the work on the job site. Arrange work accordingly, providing such fittings, conduit, junction boxes and accessories as may be required to meet such conditions.
- C. Deviations from the Drawings, with the exception of minor changes in routing and other such incidental changes that do not affect the functioning or serviceability of the systems, shall not be made without the written approval of the Architect/Engineer.
- D. The architectural and structural Drawings take precedence in all matters pertaining to the building structure, mechanical Drawings in all matters pertaining to mechanical trades and electrical Drawings in all matters pertaining to electrical trades. Where there are conflicts or differences between the Drawings for the various trades, report such conflicts or differences to the Architect/Engineer for resolution.
- E. Drawings are not intended to be scaled for rough-in or to serve as shop drawings. Take all field measurements required to complete the Work.

1.7 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS

- All items of equipment shall be furnished complete with all accessories normally supplied with the catalog items listed and all other accessories necessary for a complete and satisfactory operating system. All equipment and materials shall be new and shall be standard products of manufacturers regularly engaged in the production of electrical equipment and shall be of the manufacturer's latest design.
- If an approved manufacturer is other than the manufacturer В. used as the basis for design, the equipment or product provided shall be equal in size, quality, durability, appearance, capacity, and efficiency through all ranges of operation, shall conform with arrangements and space limitations of the equipment shown on the plans and/or specified, shall be compatible with the other components of the system and shall comply with the requirements for Items Requiring Prior Approval specified in this section of the Specifications. All costs to make these items of equipment comply with these requirements including, but not limited to, electrical work, and building alterations shall be

included in the original Bid. Similar equipment shall be by one manufacturer.

1.8 INSPECTION OF SITE

Visit the site, examine and verify the conditions under which the Work must be conducted before submitting Proposal. The submitting of a Proposal implies that the Contractor has visited the site and understands the conditions under which the Work must be conducted. No additional charges will be allowed because of failure to make this examination or to include all materials and labor to complete the Work.

1.9 ITEMS REQUIRING PRIOR APPROVAL

- Bids shall be based upon manufactured equipment specified. All items that the Contractor proposes to use in the Work that are not specifically named in the Contract Documents must be submitted for review prior to bids. Such items must be submitted in compliance with Division 1 specifications. Requests for prior approval must be accompanied by complete catalog information, including but not limited to, model, size, accessories, complete electrical information and performance data in the form given in the equipment schedule on the drawings at stated design conditions. Where items are referred to by symbolic designations on the drawings, all requests for prior approval shall bear the same designations.
 - 1. Equipment to be considered for prior approval shall be equal in quality, durability, appearance, capacity and efficiency through all ranges of operation, shall fulfill the requirements of equipment arrangement and space limitations of the equipment shown on the plans and/or specified and shall be compatible with the other components of the system.
 - 2. All costs incurred to make equipment comply with other requirements, including providing maintenance, clearance, electrical, replacement of other components, and building alterations shall be included in the original bid.
- B. Voluntary alternates may be submitted for consideration, with listed addition or deduction to the bid.

1.10 SHOP DRAWINGS/SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit project-specific submittals for review in compliance with Division 1.
- All shop Drawings shall be submitted in groupings of similar В. and/or related items (lighting fixtures, switchgear, etc.). Incomplete submittal groupings will be returned unchecked.
- C. Provide detailed layout shop Drawings (on transparent media) of all lighting and power distribution systems, routing of conduits, combining of circuits, circuiting, details and related information necessary of installation and maintenance. After review by the Architect/Engineer, a copy of Drawings will be stamped and returned to the Contractor.
- D. If deviations (not substitutions) from Contract Documents are deemed necessary by the Contractor, details of such deviations, including changes in related portions of the project and the reasons therefore, shall be submitted with the submittal for approval.
- Submit for approval shop drawings for all electrical systems or equipment but not limited to the items listed below. Where items are referred to by symbolic designation on the Drawings and Specifications, all submittals shall bear the same designation (light fixtures). Refer to other sections electrical Specifications for additional the requirements.
 - 1. Panelboards
 - 2. Switchboards
 - 3. Dry-Type Transformers
 - 4. Enclosed Controllers
 - 5. Disconnect Switches
 - 6. Contactors
 - 7. Time Controllers
 - 8. Wiring Devices
 - 9. Lighting Fixtures
 - 10. Occupancy Sensors (material and lay-out drawings)
 - 11. Fire Alarm Systems
 - 12. Sound Systems
 - 13. Clocks

1.11 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

A. Submit project specified coordination drawings for review in compliance with Division 1 Specification Sections.

1.12 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONAL MANUALS

- project specific Operation and Maintenance A. Submit Instructional Manuals for review in compliance with Division 1 Specification Sections.
- B. Provide complete operation and maintenance instructional manuals covering all electrical equipment herein specified, together with parts lists. Maintenance and operating instructional manuals shall be job specific to this project. Generic manuals are not acceptable. Four (4) copies of all literature shall be furnished for Owner and shall be bound in ring binder form. Maintenance and operating instructional manuals shall be provided when construction is approximately 75% complete.
- C. The operating and maintenance instructions shall include a brief, general description for all mechanical systems including, but not limited to:
 - Routine maintenance procedures.
 - Lubrication chart listing all types of lubricants to be 2. used for each piece of equipment and the recommended frequency of lubrication.
 - 3. Trouble-shooting procedures.
 - 4. Contractor's telephone numbers for warranty repair service.
 - 5. Submittals.
 - 6. Recommended spare parts lists.
 - 7. Names and telephone numbers of major material suppliers and subcontractors.
 - 8. System schematic drawings on 8-1/2" x 11" sheets.

1.13 RECORD DRAWINGS

- Submit record drawings in compliance with Division 1.
- Contractor shall submit to the Architect/Engineer, record В. drawings on electronic media or mylar which have been neatly marked to represent as-built conditions for all new electrical work.
- The Contractor shall keep accurate note of all deviations from the construction documents and discrepancies in the underground concealed conditions and other items construction on field drawings as they occur. The marked up field documents shall be available for review by the Architect, Engineer and Owner at their request.

1.14 INSTRUCTION OF OWNER PERSONNEL

- A. Before final inspection, instruct Owner's designated personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of electrical equipment and systems at agreed upon times. A minimum of 8 hours of formal instruction to Owner's personnel shall be provided for each building. Additional hours are specified in individual specification sections.
- B. Use operation and maintenance manuals as basis for instruction. Review contents of manual with personnel in detail to explain all aspects of operation and maintenance.
- C. In addition to individual equipment training provide overview of each electrical system. Utilize the as-built documents for this overview.
- D. Prepare and insert additional data in operation and maintenance manual when need for such data becomes apparent during instruction, or as requested by Owner.

1.15 WARRANTY

- Warranty: Comply with the requirements in Division 1 Α. Specification Sections. Contractor shall warranty that the electrical installation is free from defects and agrees to replace or repair, to the Owner's satisfaction, any part of this electrical installation which becomes defective within a period of one year (unless specified otherwise in other Division 26 sections) from the date of substantial completion following final acceptance, provided that such failure is due to defects in the equipment, material, workmanship or failure to follow the contract documents.
- File with the Owner any and all warranties from the В. equipment manufacturers including the operating conditions and performance capacities they are based on.

1.16 USE OF EQUIPMENT

The use of any equipment, or any part thereof for purposes Α. other than testing even with the Owner's consent, shall not be construed to be an acceptance of the work on the part of the Owner, nor be construed to obligate the Owner in any way to accept improper work or defective materials.

B. Do not use Owner's lamps for temporary lighting except as allowed and directed by the Owner. Equip lighting fixtures with new lamps when the project is turned over to the Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Not applicable.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT

A. Install all equipment in strict accordance with all directions and recommendations furnished by the manufacturer. Where such directions are in conflict with the Drawings and Specifications, report such conflicts to the Architect/Engineer for resolution.

Device Location:

1. Allow for relocation prior to installation of wiring devices and other control devices, for example, receptacles, switches, fire alarm devices, and access control devices, within a 10-foot radius of indicated location without additional cost.

3.2 DEMOLITION WORK

- All demolition of existing electrical equipment and materials will be done by this Contractor unless otherwise indicated. Include all items such as, but not limited to, electrical equipment, devices, lighting fixtures, conduit, and wiring called out on the Drawings and as necessary whether such items are actually indicated on the Drawings or not in order to accomplish the installation of the specified new work.
- In general, demolition work is indicated on the Drawings. However, the Contractor shall visit the job site to determine the full extent and character of this work.
- C. Unless specifically noted to the contrary, removed materials shall not be reused in the work. Salvaged materials that are to be reused shall be stored safe against damage and turned over to the appropriate trade for reuse. Salvaged materials of value that are not to be reused shall remain the property of the Owner unless such ownership is waived. Items on which

the Owner waives ownership shall become the property of the Contractor, who shall remove and legally dispose of same, away from the premises.

- Where equipment or fixtures are removed, outlets shall be properly blanked off, and conduits capped. After alterations are done, the entire installation shall present a "finished" look, as approved by the Architect/Engineer. The original function of the present electrical work to be modified shall not be changed unless required by the specific revisions to the system as specified or as indicated.
- E. Reroute signal wires, lighting and power wiring as required to maintain service. Where walls and ceilings are to be removed as shown on the Drawings, the conduit is to be cut off by the Electrical Trades so that the abandoned conduit in these walls and ceilings may be removed with the walls and ceilings by the Architectural Trades. All dead-end conduit runs shall be plugged at the remaining line outlet boxes or at the panels.
- Where new walls and/or floors are installed which interfere with existing outlets, devices, etc., the Electrical Trades shall adjust, extend and reconnect such items as required to maintain continuity of same.
- All electrical work in altered and unaltered areas shall be run concealed wherever possible. Use of surface raceway or exposed conduits will be permitted only where approved by the Architect/Engineer.
- H. Existing lighting shall be reused where indicated on plans. Reused fixtures shall be detergent cleaned, relamped and reconditioned suitable for satisfactory operation and appearance.

3.3 TEMPORARY SERVICES

Provide and remove upon completion of the project, in Α. accordance with the general conditions and as described in Division 1, a complete temporary electrical and telephone service during construction.

3.4 CHASES AND RECESSES

A. Provided by the architectural trades, but the Contractor shall be responsible for their accurate location and size.

3.5 CUTTING, PATCHING AND DAMAGE TO OTHER WORK

- A. Refer to General Conditions for requirements.
- B. All cutting, patching and repair work shall be performed by the Contractor through approved, qualified subcontractors. Contractor shall include full cost of same in bid.

3.6 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILLING

- A. Provide all excavation, trenching, tunneling, dewatering and backfilling required for the electrical work. Coordinate the work with other excavating and backfilling in the same area.
- B. Where conduit is installed less than 2'6" below the surface of pavement, provide concrete encasement, 4" minimum coverage, all around or as shown on the electrical Drawings.
- C. Backfill all excavations with well-tamped granular material. Backfill all excavations under wall footings with lean mix concrete up to underside of footings and extend concrete within excavation a minimum of four (4) feet each side of footing. Granular backfill shall be placed in layers not more than 8 inches in thickness, 95 percent compaction throughout with approved compaction equipment. Tamp, roll as required. Excavated material shall not be used.
- Backfill outside building with granular material to a height 12 inches over top of pipe compacted to 95 percent compaction as specified above. Backfill remainder excavation with unfrozen, excavated material in such a way to prevent settling.

3.7 EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

Make connections to equipment, motors, lighting fixtures, and other items included in the work in accordance with the approved shop Drawings and rough-in measurements furnished by the manufacturers of the particular equipment furnished. All additional connections not shown on the Drawings, but called out by the equipment manufacturer's shop Drawings shall be provided.

3.8 CLEANING

A. All debris shall be removed daily as required to maintain the work area in a neat, orderly condition.

- B. Final cleanup shall include, but not be limited to, washing of fixture lenses or louvers, switchboards, substations, motor control centers, panels, etc. Fixture reflectors and lenses or louvers shall be left with no water marks or cleaning streaks.
- 3.9 PROTECTION AND HANDLING OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS
 - Α. Equipment and materials shall be protected from theft, injury or damage.
 - B. Protect conduit openings with temporary plugs or caps.
 - C. Provide adequate storage for all equipment and materials delivered to the job site. Location of the space will be by the Owner's representative or designated Architect/Engineer. Equipment set in place in unprotected areas must be provided with temporary protection.

3.10 EXTRA WORK

A. For any extra electrical work which may be proposed, this Contractor shall furnish to the General Contractor, an itemized breakdown of the estimated cost of the materials and labor required to complete this work. The Contractor shall proceed only after receiving a written order from the General Contractor establishing the agreed price and describing the work to be done.

Prior to any extra work which may be proposed, the Electrical Contractor shall submit unit prices (same prices for increase/decrease of work) for the following items: 1/2", 3/4", 1", 1-1/2" conduit; #12, #10, #8, #6, #2 wire; receptacle, I.G. receptacle, data box, fire alarm horn/strobe, fire alarm strobe, P.A. speaker, clock, or other devices which may be required for any proposed extra work.

3.11 DRAWINGS AND MEASUREMENTS

These Specifications and accompanying Drawings are intended Α. to describe and provide for finished work. They are intended to be cooperative, and what is called for by either shall be as binding as if call for by both. The Contractor understands that the work herein described shall be complete in every detail.

B. The Drawings are not intended to be scaled for rough-in measurements nor to serve as Shop Drawings. Field measurements necessary for ordering materials and fitting the installation to the building construction and arrangement are the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall check latest Architectural Drawings and locate light switches from same where door swings are different from Electrical Drawings.

END OF SECTION 16010

SECTION 16055 - OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICE COORDINATION AND ARC FLASH STUDY

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2 SCOPE

- A. The contractor shall furnish short-circuit and protective device coordination studies as prepared by the electrical equipment manufacturer.
- The contractor shall furnish an Arc Flash Hazard Analysis Study per the requirements set forth in NFPA 70E -Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace. The arc flash hazard analysis shall be performed according to the IEEE 1584

- equations that are presented in NFPA70E-2004, Annex D prepared by the electrical equipment manufacturer.
- C. The scope of the studies shall include all new distribution equipment supplied by the equipment manufacturer under this contract as well as all directly affected existing distribution equipment at the customer facility.

1.3 REFERENCES

- Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (IEEE):
 - IEEE 141 Recommended Practice for Electric Power 1. Distribution and Coordination of Industrial and Commercial Power Systems
 - IEEE 242 Recommended Practice for Protection and Coordination of Industrial and Commercial Power Systems
 - IEEE 399 Recommended Practice for Industrial and Commercial Power System Analysis
 - IEEE 241 Recommended Practice for Electric Power Systems in Commercial Buildings
 - IEEE 1015 Recommended Practice for Applying Low-Voltage Circuit Breakers Used in Industrial and Commercial Power Systems.
 - 6. IEEE 1584 -Guide for Performing Arc-Flash Hazard Calculations
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI): В.
 - ANSI C57.12.00 Standard General Requirements for Liquid-Immersed Distribution, Power, and Regulating Transformers
 - ANSI C37.13 Standard for Low Voltage AC Power Circuit Breakers Used in Enclosures
 - ANSI C37.010 Standard Application Guide for AC High Voltage Circuit Breakers Rated on a Symmetrical Current Basis
 - ANSI C 37.41 Standard Design Tests for High Voltage Fuses, Distribution Enclosed Single-Pole Air Switches, Fuse Disconnecting Switches and Accessories.
- С. The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
 - 1. NFPA 70 -National Electrical Code, latest edition
 - NFPA 70E Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace

1.4 SUBMITTALS FOR REVIEW/APPROVAL

The short-circuit and protective device coordination studies Α. shall be submitted to the design engineer prior to receiving final approval of the distribution equipment shop drawings and/or prior to release of equipment drawings manufacturing. If formal completion of the studies may cause delay in equipment manufacturing, approval from the engineer may be obtained for preliminary submittal of sufficient study data to ensure that the selection of device characteristics will be satisfactory.

1.5 SUBMITTALS FOR CONSTRUCTION

- The results of the short-circuit, protective device Α. coordination and arc flash hazard analysis studies shall be summarized in a final report. Five (5) bound copies of the complete final report shall be submitted. Additional copies of the short-circuit input and output data, where required, shall be provided on CD in PDF format.
- The report shall include the following sections:
 - 1. Executive Summary.
 - 2. Descriptions, purpose, basis and scope of the study.
 - Tabulations of circuit breaker, fuse and other protective device ratings versus calculated short circuit duties.
 - Protective device time versus current coordination curves, tabulations of relay and circuit breaker trip unit settings, fuse selection.
 - Fault current calculations including a definition of terms and guide for interpretation of the computer printout.
 - Details of the incident energy and flash protection boundary calculations.
 - 7. Recommendations for system improvements, where needed.
 - 8. One-line diagram.
- Arc flash labels shall be provided in hard copy and a copy of the computer analysis software viewer program is required to provide arc flash labels in electronic format.

1.6 QUALIFICATIONS

The short-circuit, protective device coordination and arc flash hazard analysis studies shall be conducted under the

supervision and approval of a Registered Professional Electrical Engineer skilled in performing and interpreting the power system studies.

- The Registered Professional Electrical Engineer shall be a В. full-time employee of the equipment manufacturer.
- The Registered Professional Electrical Engineer shall have a minimum of five (5) years of experience in performing power system studies.
- D. The equipment manufacturer shall demonstrate experience with Arc Flash Hazard Analysis by submitting names of at least ten actual arc flash hazard analysis it has performed in the past vear.

1.7 COMPUTER SOFTWARE PROGRAMS

- Computer Software Programs: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. EDSA Micro Corporation.
 - 2. SKM Systems Analysis, Inc.
 - 3. ESA Inc.
 - 4. CGI CYME.
 - 5. Operation Technology, Inc.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 STUDIES

- A. Contractor to furnish short-circuit and protective device coordination studies as prepared by equipment manufacturer.
- The contractor shall furnish an Arc Flash Hazard Analysis Study per NFPA 70E -Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace, reference Article 130.3 and Annex D prepared by the equipment manufacturer.

2.2 DATA COLLECTION

A. Contractor shall furnish all data as required by the power system studies. The Engineer performing the short-circuit, protective device coordination and arc flash hazard analysis studies shall furnish the Contractor with a listing of required data immediately after award of the contract. The Contractor shall expedite collection of the data to assure completion of the studies as required for final approval of the distribution equipment shop drawings and/or prior to the release of the equipment for manufacturing.

- Source combination may include present and future motors and В. generators.
- C. Load data utilized may include existing and proposed loads obtained from Contract Documents provided by Owner.
- If applicable, include fault contribution of existing motors in the study. The Contractor shall obtain required existing equipment data to satisfy the study requirements.

2.3 SHORT-CIRCUIT AND PROTECTIVE DEVICE EVALUATION STUDY

- A. Use actual conductor impedances if known. If unknown, use typical conductor impedances based on IEEE Standard 141-1993.
- Transformer design impedances shall be used when test impedances are not available.
- Provide the following:
 - 1. Calculation methods and assumptions
 - Selected base per unit quantities
 - 3. One-line diagram of the system being evaluated
 - 4. Source impedance data, including electric utility system and motor fault contribution characteristics
 - Tabulations of calculated quantities
 - 6. Results, conclusions, and recommendations.
- Calculate short-circuit momentary and interrupting duties for a three-phase bolted fault at each:
 - 1. Electric utility's supply termination point
 - 2. Incoming switchgear
 - 3. Unit substation primary and secondary terminals
 - 4. Low voltage switchgear
 - 5. Motor control centers
 - 6. Standby generators and automatic transfer switches
 - 7. Branch circuit panelboards
 - 8. Other significant locations throughout the system.

- For grounded systems, provide a bolted line-to-ground fault current study for areas as defined for the three-phase bolted fault short-circuit study.
- F. Protective Device Evaluation:
 - Evaluate equipment and protective devices and compare to short circuit ratings
 - Adequacy of switchgear, motor control centers, and panelboard bus bars to withstand short-circuit stresses
 - 3. Notify design engineer in writing, of existing, circuit protective devices improperly rated for the calculated available fault current.

2.4 PROTECTIVE DEVICE COORDINATION STUDY

- Proposed protective device coordination time-current curves (TCC) shall be displayed on log-log scale graphs.
- Include on each TCC graph, a complete title and one-line В. diagram with legend identifying the specific portion of the system covered.
- Terminate device characteristic curves at a point reflecting maximum symmetrical or asymmetrical fault current to which the device is exposed.
- Identify the device associated with each curve D. manufacturer type, function, and, if applicable, tap, time delay, and instantaneous settings recommended.
- Plot the following characteristics on the TCC graphs, where applicable:
 - 1. Electric utility's overcurrent protective device
 - 2. Medium voltage equipment overcurrent relays
 - 3. Medium and low voltage fuses including manufacturer's minimum melt, total clearing, tolerance, and damage bands
 - Low voltage equipment circuit breaker trip devices, including manufacturer's tolerance bands
 - Transformer full-load current, magnetizing inrush current, and ANSI through-fault protection curves
 - 6. Conductor damage curves
 - 7. Ground fault protective devices, as applicable
 - 8. Pertinent motor starting characteristics and motor damage points, where applicable

- 9. Pertinent generator short-circuit decrement curve and generator damage point
- 10. The largest feeder circuit breaker in each motor control center and applicable panelboard.
- Provide adequate time margins between device characteristics such that selective operation is provided, while providing proper protection.

2.5 ARC FLASH HAZARD ANALYSIS

- The arc flash hazard analysis shall be performed according to Α. the IEEE 1584 equations that are presented in NFPA70E-2004, Annex D.
- The flash protection boundary and the incident energy shall В. be calculated at all significant locations in the electrical distribution system (switchboards, switchgear, motor-control centers, panelboards, busway and splitters) where work could be performed on energized parts.
- C. The Arc-Flash Hazard Analysis shall include all significant locations in 240 volt and 208 volt systems fed from transformers equal to or greater than 125 kVA where work could be performed on energized parts.
- Safe working distances shall be based upon the calculated arc D. flash boundary considering an incident energy of 1.2 cal/cm2.
- E. When appropriate, the short circuit calculations and the clearing times of the phase overcurrent devices will be retrieved from the short-circuit and coordination study model. Ground overcurrent relays should not be taken into consideration when determining the clearing time when performing incident energy calculations
- The short-circuit calculations and the corresponding incident energy calculations for multiple system scenarios must be compared and the greatest incident energy must be uniquely reported for each equipment location. Calculations must be performed to represent the maximum and minimum contributions of fault current magnitude for all normal and emergency operating conditions. The minimum calculation will assume that the utility contribution is at a minimum and will assume a minimum motor contribution (all motors off). Conversely, the maximum calculation will assume a maximum contribution

from the utility and will assume the maximum amount of motors to be operating. Calculations shall take into consideration the parallel operation of synchronous generators with the electric utility, where applicable.

- G. incident energy calculations must consider accumulation of energy over time when performing arc flash calculations on buses with multiple sources. Iterative calculations must take into account the changing current contributions, as the sources are interrupted or decremented with time. Fault contribution from motors and generators should be decremented as follows:
 - 1. Fault contribution from induction motors should not be considered beyond 3-5 cycles.
 - Fault contribution from synchronous motors and generators should be decayed to match the actual decrement of each as closely as possible (e.g. contributions from permanent magnet generators will typically decay from 10 per unit to 3 per unit after 10 cycles).
- H. For each equipment location with a separately enclosed main device (where there is adequate separation between the line side terminals of the main protective device and the work location), calculations for incident energy and flash protection boundary shall include both the line and load side of the main breaker.
- When performing incident energy calculations on the line side of a main breaker (as required per above), the line side and load side contributions must be included in the fault calculation.
- Mis-coordination should be checked amongst all devices within the branch containing the immediate protective upstream of the calculation location and the calculation should utilize the fastest device to compute the incident energy for the corresponding location.
- Arc Flash calculations shall be based on actual overcurrent protective device clearing time. Maximum clearing time will be capped at 2 seconds based on IEEE 1584-2002 section B.1.2. Where it is not physically possible to move outside of the flash protection boundary in less than 2 seconds during an arc flash event, a maximum clearing time based on the specific location shall be utilized.

2.6 REPORT SECTIONS

- Input data shall include, but not be limited to the Α. following:
 - 1. Feeder input data including feeder type (cable or bus), size, length, number per phase, conduit type (magnetic or non-magnetic) and conductor material (copper aluminum).
 - Transformer input data, including winding connections, 2. secondary neutral-ground connection, primary and secondary voltage ratings, kVA rating, impedance, % taps and phase shift.
 - 3. Generation contribution data, (synchronous generators and Utility), including short-circuit reactance (X"d), rated MVA, rated voltage, three-phase and single line-ground contribution (for Utility sources) and X/R ratio.
 - Motor contribution data (induction motors and synchronous motors), including short-circuit reactance, horsepower or kVA, rated voltage, and X/R ratio.
- Short-Circuit Output Data shall include, but not be limited В. to the following reports:
 - Low Voltage Fault Report shall include a section for three-phase and unbalanced fault calculations and shall show the following information for each applicable location:
 - a. Voltage
 - b. Calculated fault current magnitude and angle
 - c. Fault point X/R ratio
 - d. Equivalent impedance
 - Momentary Duty Report shall include a section for threephase and unbalanced fault calculations and shall show the following information for each applicable location:
 - a. Voltage
 - b. Calculated symmetrical fault current magnitude and angle
 - c. Fault point X/R ratio
 - Calculated asymmetrical fault currents d.
 - 1) Based on fault point X/R ratio
 - 2) Based on calculated symmetrical value multiplied by 1.6
 - 3) Based on calculated symmetrical value multiplied
 - Equivalent impedance
 - Interrupting Duty Report shall include a section for 3. three-phase and unbalanced fault calculations and shall

show the following information for each applicable location:

- a. Voltage
- b. Calculated symmetrical fault current magnitude and angle
- c. Fault point X/R ratio
- d. No AC Decrement (NACD) Ratio
- e. Equivalent impedance
- f. Multiplying factors for 2, 3, 5 and 8 cycle circuit breakers rated on a symmetrical basis
- q. Multiplying factors for 2, 3, 5 and 8 cycle circuit breakers rated on a total basis
- C. Recommended Protective Device Settings:
 - Phase and Ground Relays:
 - a. Current transformer ratio
 - b. Current setting
 - c. Time setting
 - d. Instantaneous setting
 - e. Recommendations on improved relaying systems, if applicable.
 - 2. Circuit Breakers:
 - a. Adjustable pickups and time delays (long time, short time, ground)
 - b. Adjustable time-current characteristic
 - c. Adjustable instantaneous pickup
 - d. Recommendations on improved trip systems, if applicable.
- Incident energy and flash protection boundary calculations
 - 1. Arcing fault magnitude
 - 2. Protective device clearing time
 - 3. Duration of arc
 - 4. Arc flash boundary
 - 5. Working distance
 - 6. Incident energy
 - 7. Hazard Risk Category
 - 8. Recommendations for arc flash energy reduction

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FIELD ADJUSTMENT

- The contractor shall adjust relay and protective device settings according to the recommended settings table provided by the coordination study.
- В. Make minor modifications to equipment as required to accomplish conformance with short circuit and protective device coordination studies.
- C. Notify design engineer in writing of any required major equipment modifications.

3.2 ARC FLASH WARNING LABELS

- The contractor shall provide a 3.5 in. x 5 in. thermal transfer type label of high adhesion polyester for each work location analyzed.
- All labels will be based on recommended overcurrent device settings and will be provided after the results of the analysis have been presented to the owner and after any system changes, upgrades or modifications have been incorporated in the system.
- The label shall include the following information, at a minimum:
 - 1. Location designation
 - 2. Nominal voltage
 - 3. Flash protection boundary
 - 4. Hazard risk category
 - 5. Incident energy
 - 6. Working distance
 - 7. Engineering report number, revision number and issue date.
- D. Labels shall be machine printed, with no field markings.
- Arc flash labels shall be provided in the following manner and all labels shall be based on recommended overcurrent device settings.
 - 1. For each 480 and applicable 208 volt panelboard, one arc flash label shall be provided.

- 2. For each motor control center, one arc flash label shall be provided.
- 3. For each low voltage switchboard, one arc flash label shall be provided.
- 4. For each switchgear, one flash label shall be provided.
- 5. For medium voltage switches one arc flash label shall be provided
- F. Labels shall be field installed by the contractor.

END OF SECTION 16055

SECTION 16060 - GROUNDING AND BONDING

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes grounding of electrical systems and equipment. Grounding requirements specified in this Section may be supplemented by special requirements of systems described in other Sections.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Electrical General Requirements".
 - 2. Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables".

1.3 REFERENCES

A. ASTM B 3: Specification for Soft or Annealed Copper Wire.

- B. ASTM B 8: Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Copper Conductors, Hard, Medium-Hard or Soft.
- C. ASTM B 33: Specification for Tinned Soft or Annealed Copper Wire for Electrical Purposes.
- D. ASTM B 187: Specification for Copper, Bus Bar, Rod, and Shapes and General Purpose Rod, Bar, and Shapes.
- IEEE 81: Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Ε. Impedance, and Earth Surface Potentials of a Ground System.
- Grounding of Industrial and Commercial Power IEEE 142: F. Systems.
- IEEE 1100 1992: Recommended Practice for Powering and Grounding Sensitive Electronic Equipment.
- Η. IEEE C2: National Electrical Safety Code.
- I. NETA MTS 2001: Maintenance Testing Specifications.
- J. NFPA 70: National Electrical Code.
- NFPA 70B: Recommended Practice for Electrical Equipment K. Maintenance.
- NFPA 780: Lightning Protection Code. L.
- TIA/EIA 607: Commercial Building Grounding and Bonding Μ. Requirements Standard.
- N. UL 96: Lightning Protection Components.
- UL 467: Grounding and Bonding Equipment. Ο.
- P. UL 486 A: Wire Connectors and Soldering Lugs for Use with Copper Conductors.
- Q. UL 486B: Wire Connectors for Use with Aluminum Conductors.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- Product Data: For the following: В.
 - 1. Ground rods.

- C. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.
- D. Field Test Reports: Submit written test reports to include the following:
 - Test procedures used.
 - Test results that comply with requirements.
 - Results of failed tests and corrective action taken to achieve test results that comply with requirements.
 - 4. Indicate overall system resistance to ground.
 - 5. Indicate overall Telecommunications system resistance to around.

1.5 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

- Α. Submit under provisions of Division 26 "Electrical General Requirements".
- B. Accurately record actual locations of grounding electrodes and connections to building steel.

QUALITY ASSURANCE 1.6

- Testing Agency Qualifications: Refer to specification section Α. "Electrical Testing."
- Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and В. labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
 - 1. Comply with UL 467.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70; for overhead-line construction and medium-voltage underground construction, comply with IEEE C2.
- D. Comply with NFPA 780 and UL 96 when interconnecting with lightning protection system.
- E. Comply with ANSI/TIA/EIA-607 "Standard for Commercial Building Grounding and Bonding Requirements for Telecommunications".
- F. Comply with ANSI/IEEE 1100 -1992 "Powering and Grounding Sensitive Electronic Equipment".

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Grounding Conductors and Cables:
 - a. Refer to Division 26 Section "Conductors and Cables".
 - 2. Grounding Rods:
 - a. American Electric-Blackburn.
 - b. Apache Grounding/Erico Inc.
 - c. Chance/Hubbell.
 - 3. Mechanical Connectors:
 - a. American Electric-Blackburn.
 - b. Burndy.
 - c. Chance/Hubbell.
 - 4. Exothermic Connections:
 - a. Cadweld.

2.2 GROUNDING CONDUCTORS

- A. For insulated conductors, comply with Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."
- B. Material: Aluminum, copper-clad aluminum, and copper.
- C. Equipment Grounding Conductors: Insulated with green-colored insulation.
- Isolated Ground Conductors: Insulated with green-colored insulation with yellow stripe. On feeders with isolated ground, use colored tape, alternating bands of green and yellow tape to provide a minimum of three bands of green and two bands of yellow.
- E. Grounding Electrode Conductors: Stranded cable.
- F. Underground Conductors: Bare, tinned, stranded, copper unless otherwise indicated.
- Bare Copper Conductors: Comply with the following:
 - 1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B 3.
 - 2. Assembly of Stranded Conductors: ASTM B 8.
 - Tinned Conductors: ASTM B 33.
- H. Copper Bonding Conductors: As follows:

- Bonding Conductor: Stranded copper conductor; size per the NEC.
- Bonding Jumper: Bare copper tape, braided bare copper 2. conductors, terminated with copper ferrules; size per the NEC.
- Tinned Bonding Jumper: Tinned-copper tape, braided copper conductors, terminated with copper ferrules; size per the NEC.
- Aluminum Bonding Conductors: As follows:
 - Bonding Conductor: Stranded aluminum conductor; size per the NEC.
 - 2. Bonding Jumper: Aluminum tape, braided bare aluminum conductors, terminated with aluminum ferrules; size per
- J. Ground Conductor and Conductor Protector for Wood Poles: As follows:
 - No. 4 AWG minimum, soft-drawn copper conductor.
 - Conductor Protector: Half-round PVC or wood molding. If wood, use pressure-treated fir, or cypress or cedar.
- K. Grounding Bus: Bare, annealed copper bars of rectangular cross section, with insulators.
- L. Telecommunications Main Grounding Busbar (TMGB)
 - 1. 48" (min) x 4" x 4" tin plated, copper busbar with three rows of $\frac{1}{4}$ x 20 tapped holes 3" on center.
- Μ. Telecommunications Grounding Busbar (TGB)
 - 12" (min) x 2" x $\frac{1}{4}$ " tin plated, copper busbar with two rows of $\frac{1}{4}$ x 20 tapped holes 3" on center.
- Telecommunications Bonding Backbone (TBB) Ν.
 - 1. Minimum No. 2 AWG insulated stranded copper.
- O. Telecommunications Bonding Conductors
 - 1. Minimum No. 6 AWG insulated stranded copper.
- 2.3 CONNECTOR PRODUCTS
 - Comply with IEEE 837 and UL 467; listed for use for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and connected items.
 - B. Bolted Connectors: Bolted-pressure-type connectors, or compression type.

- C. Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welded type, in kit form, and selected for the specific application per manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Compression-Type Connectors: Pure, wrought copper, per ASTM B187.

2.4 GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. Ground Rods: Copper-clad steel.
 - 1. Size: 5/8 (16 mm) in diameter.
 - 2. Length: 120 inches (3000 mm).
- Test Wells: Ground rod driven through drilled hole in bottom В. of handhole. Provide handholes as specified in Division 2 Section "Underground Ducts and Utility Structures."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

- A. Comply with NFPA 70, Article 250, for types, sizes, and quantities of equipment grounding conductors, unless specific types, larger sizes, or more conductors than required by NFPA 70 are indicated.
- Use only copper conductors for both insulated and bare grounding conductors in direct contact with earth, concrete, masonry, crushed stone, and similar materials.
- C. Underground Grounding Conductors: No. 2/0 AWG minimum. Bury at least 24 inches (600 mm) below grade or bury 12 inches (300 mm) above duct bank when installed as part of the duct bank.
- D. In raceways, use insulated equipment grounding conductors.
- Install equipment grounding conductors in all feeders and Ε. circuits. Terminate each end on suitable lugs, bus or bushing.
- F. Busway Supply Circuits: Install insulated equipment grounding conductor from the grounding bus in the switchgear, switchboard, or distribution panel to equipment grounding bar terminal on busway.

- G. Computer Outlet Circuits: Install insulated equipment grounding conductor in branch-circuit runs from computer-area power panels or power-distribution units.
- Isolated Grounding Receptacle Circuits: Install an insulated equipment grounding conductor connected to the receptacle grounding terminal. Isolate grounding conductor from raceway and from panelboard grounding terminals. Terminate at the isolated equipment ground bus of the source panelboard unless otherwise indicated.
- I. Isolated Equipment Enclosure Circuits: For designated equipment supplied by a branch circuit or feeder, isolate equipment enclosure from supply raceway with a nonmetallic raceway fitting listed for the purpose. Install fitting where raceway enters enclosure, and install a separate equipment grounding conductor. Isolate equipment grounding conductor from raceway and from panelboard grounding terminals. Terminate at the isolated ground bus in the circuit's overcurrent device enclosure unless otherwise indicated.
- Nonmetallic Raceways: Install an equipment grounding conductor in nonmetallic raceways unless they are designated for telephone or data cables.
- K. Air-Duct Equipment Circuits: Install an equipment grounding conductor to duct-mounted electrical devices operating at 120 V and more, including air cleaners and heaters. Bond conductor to each unit and to air duct.
- Water Heater, Heat-Tracing, and Antifrost Heating Cables: Install a separate equipment grounding conductor to each electric water heater, heat-tracing, and antifrost heating cable. Bond conductor to heater units, piping, connected equipment, and components.
- M. Metal Poles Supporting Outdoor Lighting Fixtures: Provide a grounding electrode in addition to installing a separate equipment grounding conductor with supply branch-circuit conductors.
- N. Verify specific equipment grounding requirements with the manufacturer's recommendations.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. General: Make connections so galvanic action or electrolysis possibility is minimized. Select connectors, connection hardware, conductors, and connection methods so metals in direct contact will be galvanically compatible.
 - 1. Use electroplated or hot-tin-coated materials to ensure high conductivity and to make contact points closer to order of galvanic series.
 - 2. Make connections with clean, bare metal at points of contact.
 - 3. Make aluminum-to-steel connections with stainless-steel separators and mechanical clamps.
 - Make aluminum-to-galvanized steel connections with tinplated copper jumpers and mechanical clamps.
 - 5. Coat and seal connections having dissimilar metals with inert material to prevent future penetration of moisture to contact surfaces.
- Exothermic-Welded Connections: Use for connections В. structural steel and for underground connections, except those test wells. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Welds that are puffed up or that show convex surfaces indicating improper cleaning are not acceptable.
- C. Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations.
- Use solderless pressure connectors with insulating covers for D. copper conductor splices and taps, 8 AWG and larger.
- Use insulated spring wire connectors with plastic caps for Ε. copper conductor splices and taps, 10 AWG and smaller.
- F. Noncontact Metal Raceway Terminations: If metallic raceways terminate at metal housings without mechanical and electrical connection to housing, terminate each conduit with a grounding bushing. Connect grounding bushings with a bare grounding conductor to grounding bus or terminal in housing. Bond electrically noncontinuous conduits at entrances and exits with grounding bushings and bare grounding conductors, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Connections at Test Wells: Use compression-type connectors on conductors and make bolted- and clamped-type connections between conductors and ground rods.

- Tighten screws and bolts for grounding and bonding connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A.
- I. Compression-Type Connections: Use hydraulic compression tools to provide correct circumferential pressure for compression connectors. Use tools and dies recommended by connector manufacturer. Provide embossing die code or other standard method to make a visible indication that a connector has been adequately compressed on grounding conductor.
- J. Moisture Protection: If insulated grounding conductors are connected to ground rods or grounding buses, insulate entire area of connection and seal against moisture penetration of insulation and cable.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- Equipotential Ground: Interconnect grounding electrodes to form one, electrically continuous, equipotential grounding electrode system Grounding electrodes to be interconnected include:
 - 1. Ground rods.
 - 2. Counterpoise ground.
 - 3. Ufer ground.
 - 4. Lightning protection system.
 - 5. Metal water service pipe.
 - 6. Plate electrode.
- Ground Rods: Install at least three rods spaced at least one-В. rod length from each other and located at least the same distance from other grounding electrodes.
 - 1. Verify that final backfill and compaction has been complete before driving ground rods.
 - 2. Drive ground rods until tops are 2 inches (50 mm) below finished floor or final grade, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Interconnect ground rods with grounding electrode conductors. Use exothermic welds, except at test wells and as otherwise indicated. Make connections without exposing steel or damaging copper coating.

C. Counterpoise Ground:

Ground the steel framework of the building with a driven ground rod at the base of every corner column and at intermediate exterior columns at distances not more than 60 feet (18 m) apart.

- Provide a grounding conductor (counterpoise), electrically connected to each ground rod and to each steel column, extending around the perimeter of the building. Use conductors not less than No. 2/0 AWG for counterpoise and for tap to building steel. Bury counterpoise not less than 18 inches (450 mm) below grade and 24 inches (600 mm) from building foundation.
- D. Ufer Ground (Concrete-Encased Grounding Electrode): Fabricate according to NFPA 70, Paragraph 250-81(c):
 - 1. Provide a minimum of 20 feet (6 m) of bare copper conductor not smaller than No. 4 AWG. If concrete foundation is less than 20 feet (6 m) long, coil excess conductor within the base of the foundation.
 - 2. Bond grounding conductor to reinforcing steel in at least four locations and to anchor bolts.
 - Extend grounding conductor below grade and connect to building grounding grid or to a grounding electrode external to concrete.
- E. Common Ground Bonding with Lightning Protection System: Bond electrical power system ground directly to lightning protection system grounding conductor at closest point to electrical service grounding electrode. Use bonding conductor sized same as system grounding electrode conductor. Install in conduit where routed above grade.
- Grounding Conductors: Route along shortest and straightest paths possible, unless otherwise indicated. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage. Install in conduit where routed above grade.
- Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install so vibration by equipment mounted on vibration isolation hangers and supports is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment. Use exothermicwelded connectors for outdoor locations, unless a disconnecttype connection is required; then, use a bolted clamp. Bond straps directly to the basic structure taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts. Install straps only in locations accessible for maintenance.
- H. Metal Water Service Pipe: Provide insulated copper grounding conductors, in conduit, from building's main service equipment, or grounding bus, to main metal water service entrances to building. Connect grounding conductors to main

metal water service pipes by grounding clamp connectors. Where a dielectric main water fitting is installed, connect grounding conductor to street side of fitting. Bond metal grounding conductor conduit or sleeve to conductor at each end.

- I. Water Meter Piping: Use braided-type bonding jumpers to electrically bypass water meters. Connect to pipe with grounding clamp connectors.
- J. Bond each aboveground portion of gas piping system upstream from equipment shutoff valve.
- Bond interior metal piping systems and metal air ducts to equipment grounding conductors of associated pumps, fans, blowers, electric heaters, and air cleaners. Use braided-type bonding straps.
- Separately Derived AC Power Systems: Ground separately-derived ac power system neutrals including distribution transformers to grounding electrodes per NFPA 70.
- M. Packaged Engine Generator: Solidly ground the packaged engine generator neutral to the normal power source neutral. Do not ground the generator neutral to a separate grounding electrode.
- Install one test well for each service at the ground rod Ν. electrically closest to the service entrance. Set top of well flush with finished grade or floor.
- O. Grounding Bus:
 - Install grounding bus in the locations listed below and elsewhere as indicated:
 - a. Electrical equipment rooms.
 - b. Telephone equipment rooms.
 - c. Rooms housing service equipment.
 - Use insulated spacer; space 1 inch (25.4 mm) from wall and support from wall 6 inches (150 mm) above finished floor, unless otherwise indicated.
- Equipment Grounding: Provide a permanent and continuous P. bonding of conductor enclosures, equipment frames, power distribution equipment ground busses, cable trays, metallic raceways, and other non-current carrying metallic parts of the electrical system.

- Access Floor Pedestal Ground: Ground access floor pedestals Ο. where indicated.
 - Provide access floor pedestal ground plate where indicated.
 - a. Provide $\frac{1}{2}$ inch (12 mm) thick x 4 inches (102 mm) wide x 12 inches (305 mm) long, soft copper bar, bolted construction with minimum six 3/8 inch (10 mm) diameter drilled holes 1 ½ inches (38 mm) on center.
 - b. Provide cadmium plated bolts, nuts and screws.
 - c. Mount plate on 34 inch (19 mm) plywood with 2 inch (50 mm) wood spacers.
 - 2. Provide No. 2 AWG insulated ground conductor from pedestal to pedestal ground plate or building steel.
 - Provide No. 2 AWG insulated ground conductor from pedestal ground plate to building steel.
 - Tie wrap ground conductor as close to concrete floor as possible at every other pedestal.
 - Clean all pedestals prior to welding. 5.
- Access Floor Ground Grid: Install ground grid under access floors where indicated.
 - Construct grid of No. 2 AWG bare copper wire installed on 24 inch centers both ways.
 - Bond each access floor pedestal to grid.
- Bond together each metallic raceway, pipe, duct and other metal object entering space under access floors. Bond to underfloor ground grid. Bond to pedestal ground plate or Bond to building steel. Use No. 2 AWG bare copper conductor.
- Provide grounding and bonding in patient care areas to meet Т. requirements of NFPA 99 and ANSI/NFPA 70.
- Bond together metal siding not attached to grounded structure; U. bond to ground.
- Pool Structures: Provide a common bonding grid with a solid V. copper conductor not smaller than No. 8 AWG. Bond together the following:
 - 1. All metallic parts of the pool or fountain structure, including reinforcing steel of the pool or fountain shell, coping stones, and deck.
 - All forming shells and mounting brackets of no-niche luminaries.
 - All metal fittings within or attached to the pool or fountain structure that are greater than 4 inches (100 mm)

- in any dimension and penetrate the pool or fountain structure more than one inch (25 mm).
- Metal parts of electrical equipment associated with the pool or fountain water circulating system, including pump motors and metal parts of equipment associated with pool covers, including electric motors.
- Metal sheathed cables and raceways, metal piping, and all fixed metal parts including fences, awnings, door and window frames, except those separated from the pool or fountain by a permanent barrier shall be bonded that are within the following distances of the pool:
 - a. Within 5 feet (1.5 m) horizontally of the inside walls of the pool.
 - b. Within 12 feet (3.7 m) measured vertically above the maximum water level of the pool, or any observation stands, towers, or platforms, or any diving structure.
- W. Provide a flexible braid bonding jumper at each set of columns at expansion joints.

3.4 UNDERGROUND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM GROUNDING

- Manholes and Handholes: Install a driven ground rod close to Α. wall, inside manhole, and set rod depth so 4 inches (100 mm) will extend above finished floor. If necessary, install ground rod before manhole is placed and provide a No. 1/0 AWG conductor from ground rod into manhole through a waterproof sleeve in manhole wall. Protect ground rods passing through concrete floor with a double wrapping of pressure-sensitive tape or heat-shrunk insulating sleeve from 2 inches (50 mm) above to 6 inches (150 mm) below concrete. Seal floor opening with waterproof, nonshrink grout.
- Connections to Manhole Components: Connect all exposed-metal В. parts, such as inserts, cable racks, pulling irons, ladders, and cable shields within each manhole or handhole, to ground rod or grounding conductor. Make connections with No. 4 AWG minimum conductor. Train conductors level or plumb around corners and fasten to manhole walls. Connect to cable armor and cable shields as recommended by manufacturer of splicing and termination kits.
- C. Pad-Mounted Transformers and Switches: Install two ground rods and counterpoise circling pad. Ground pad-mounted equipment and noncurrent-carrying metal items associated with transformers/substations by connecting them to underground

cable and grounding electrodes. Use not less than a No. 2 AWG conductor for counterpoise and for taps to equipment ground pad. Bury counterpoise not less than 18 inches (450 mm) below grade and 6 inches (150 mm) from the foundation.

3.5 TELECOMMUNICATIONS GROUNDING

- Telecommunications Grounding System: The telecommunications Α. grounding system shall consist of:
 - Telecommunications Main Grounding Busbar (TMGB) located in telecommunications room telecommunications service entrance. Bond to the main building electrical grounding electrode system via a No. 3/0 AWG copper ground conductor.
 - 2. A Telecommunications Grounding Busbar (TGB) in each telecommunications room, cabinets, etc.
 - A Telecommunications Bonding Backbone (TBB) tying together the TMGB and each TGB.
 - Bonding of all equipment racks, raceways, non-current carrying metallic equipment and surge protection devices within the telecommunications room to the TGB's or TMGB using approved bonding conductors. Each piece of equipment shall be bonded individually directly to the ground bus.
- All bonding connections shall be installed at an accessible В. location for inspection and maintenance.
- All telecommunications bonding connections shall be of an approved mechanical type connection. Do not use exothermic welds unless specifically indicated on the Drawings.
- D. The physical routing shall, in general, follow the same path as the backbone cable system.
- Bond each TGB directly to the building steel with a No. 6 AWG Ε. conductor.
- Do not use TGB's as a power system ground connection unless F. specifically noted on the Drawings.
- All bonding connectors and conductors shall be UL listed for G. the purpose intended.
- Η. Mount TMGB and TGB bus to backboard or wall using 2" standoff insulators.

- I. Individually bond each piece of non-current carrying metallic equipment in the Telecommunications Room to the TGB.
- Install continuous cable from the TMGB to the furthest TGB. J. Bond all TGB's to TBB with bare No. 6 AWG copper ground conductor and T-tap grounding hardware.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Testing: Perform the following field quality control tests in accordance with Division 26 section "Electrical Testing"
 - Inspect grounding and bonding system conductors and connections for tightness and proper installation and for compliance with the Drawings and Specifications.
 - After installing grounding system but before permanent electrical circuitry has been energized, test compliance with requirements.
 - Test completed grounding system at each location where a maximum ground-resistance level is specified, at service disconnect enclosure grounding terminal.
 - Measure ground resistance not less than two full days b. after the last trace of precipitation, and without the soil being moistened by any means other than natural drainage or seepage and without chemical treatment or other artificial means of reducing natural ground resistance.
 - c. Perform tests, by the fall-of-potential method according to IEEE 81. Instrumentation utilized shall be as defined in Section 12 of IEEE 81 and shall be specifically designed for ground impedance testing. Provide sufficient spacing so that curves flatten in the 62% area of the distance between the item under test and the current electrode.
 - Perform ground-impedance measurements utilizing either the intersecting curves method of the slope method. (Ref. Nos. 40 and 41 in IEEE Std. 81).
 - Equipment Grounds: Utilize two-point method of IEEE е. 81. Measure between equipment ground being testing and known low-impedance grounding electrode or system.
 - Provide drawings locating each ground rod and ground rod assembly and other grounding electrodes, identify each by letter in alphabetical order, and key to the record of tests and observations. Include the number of rods driven and their depth at each location and include observations of weather and other phenomena that may affect test results. Describe measures taken to improve test results.

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- a. Equipment Rated 500 kVA and Less: 10 ohms.
- b. Equipment Rated 500 to 1000 kVA: 5 ohms.
- c. Equipment Rated More Than 1000 kVA: 3 ohms.
- d. Substations and Pad-Mounted Switching Equipment: 5 ohms.
- e. Manhole Grounds: 10 ohms.
- f. The telecommunications grounding system shall have a maximum resistance of 1 ohm as measured from the TMGB ground to earth ground.
- 4. Excessive Ground Resistance: If resistance to ground exceeds specified values, notify Architect promptly and include recommendations to reduce ground resistance.

END OF SECTION 16060

SECTION 16073 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes the following: Α.
 - 1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
 - 2. Construction requirements for concrete bases.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.
- B. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.
- C. RMC: Rigid metal conduit.

1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design supports for multiple raceways, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- Design supports for multiple raceways capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems and its contents.
- C. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.
- D. Rated Strength: Adequate in tension, shear, and pullout force to resist maximum loads calculated or imposed for this Project, with a minimum structural safety factor of five times the applied force.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Steel slotted support systems.
 - 2. Nonmetallic slotted support systems.
- Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details and В. include calculations for the following:
 - 1. Trapeze hangers. Include Product Data for components.
 - 2. Steel slotted channel systems. Include Product Data for components.
 - 3. Nonmetallic slotted channel systems. Include Product Data for components.
 - 4. Equipment supports.
- C. Welding certificates.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchorbolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, formwork requirements are specified in Division 3.
- B. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 7 Section "Roof Accessories."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS 2.1

- Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4, factoryfabricated components for field assembly.
 - Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Allied Tube & Conduit.
 - b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - c. ERICO International Corporation.
 - d. GS Metals Corp.
 - e. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
 - f. Unistrut; Tyco International, Ltd.
 - g. Wesanco, Inc.
 - 3. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
 - Nonmetallic Coatings: Manufacturer's standard PVC, polyurethane, or polyester coating applied according to MFMA-4.
 - 5. Painted Coatings: Manufacturer's standard painted coating applied according to MFMA-4.
 - Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.
- Nonmetallic Slotted Support Systems: Structural-grade, В. factory-formed, glass-fiber-resin channels and angles with 9/16-inch- (14-mm-) diameter holes at a maximum of 8 inches (200 mm) o.c., in at least 1 surface.
 - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Allied Tube & Conduit.
 - b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - c. Fabco Plastics Wholesale Limited.
 - d. Seasafe, Inc.
- Fittings and Accessories: Products of channel and angle manufacturer and designed for use with those items.
- Fitting and Accessory Materials: Same as channels and angles.
- Rated Strength: Selected to suit applicable load criteria.
- C. Raceway and Cable Supports: As described in NECA 1 and NECA 101.
- D. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- Ε. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factoryfabricated assembly consisting of threaded body insulating wedging plug or plugs for non-armored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be malleable iron.
- F. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- G. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:
 - Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
 - a. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - b. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

- 1) Hilti Inc.
- 2) ITW Ramset/Red Head; a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
- 3) MKT Fastening, LLC.
- 4) Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.; Masterset Fastening Systems Unit.
- 2. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinccoated steel or stainless steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials in which used.
 - a. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - b. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1) Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
 - 2) Empire Tool and Manufacturing Co., Inc.
 - 3) Hilti Inc.
 - 4) ITW Ramset/Red Head; a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
 - 5) MKT Fastening, LLC.
- Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units similar to MSS Type 18; complying with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
- Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58, type suitable for attached structural element.
- Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
- Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
- Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.

2.2 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

- Description: Welded or bolted, structural-steel shapes, shop Α. or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.
- Materials: Comply with requirements in Division 5 Section В. "Metal Fabrications" for steel shapes and plates.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems except if requirements in this Section are stricter.
- B. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMT, IMC, and RMC as required by NFPA 70. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch (6 mm) in diameter.
- C. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted or other support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
 - 1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with singlebolt conduit clamps using spring friction action for retention in support channel.
- Spring-steel clamps designed for supporting single conduits without bolts may be used for 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) and smaller raceways serving branch circuits and communication systems above suspended ceilings and for fastening raceways to trapeze supports.
- Support all electrical items independently of supports Ε. provided by the other trades.
- F. Support conduits and boxes using steel conduit straps or 1/4inch minimum diameter threaded rod hangers. Suspended ceiling hangers or hanger wire shall not be used (except to support flexible metallic conduit and manufactured wiring systems).
- Support cable trays with support brackets or 3/8" diameter minimum threaded rod hangers at intervals not exceeding 8'-0" for straight runs. Additional supports shall be provided at tray fittings.
- Hangers shall be of sufficient strength that their deflection Η. at mid span does not exceed 1/240 of the hanger span length after the cables are installed.

3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this Article.
- Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select В. sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb (90 kg).
- C. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
 - 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
 - To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts. 2.
 - To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
 - To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.
 - Instead of expansion anchors, powder-actuated driven threaded studs provided with lock washers and nuts may be used in existing standard-weight concrete 4 inches (100 mm) thick or greater. Do not use for anchorage to lightweight-aggregate concrete or for slabs less than 4 inches (100 mm) thick.
 - To Steel: Beam clamps (MSS Type 19, 21, 23, 25, or 27) complying with MSS SP-69.
 - To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.
 - Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate by means that meet seismicrestraint strength and anchorage requirements.
- D. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid reinforcing bars.
- Do not fasten supports to pipes, ducts, mechanical equipment, and conduit.
- F. Obtain permission from Architect/Engineer before using powder-actuated anchors.

- G. Obtain permission from Architect/Engineer before drilling or cutting structural members.
- Fabricate supports from structural steel or steel channel. Η. Rigidly weld members or use hexagon head bolts to present neat appearance with adequate strength and rigidity. Use spring lock washers under all nuts.
- Install surface-mounted cabinets and panelboards with minimum of four anchors.
- In wet and damp locations use steel channel supports to stand J. cabinets and panelboards one inch (25 mm) off wall.
- Use sheet metal channel to bridge studs above and below K. cabinets and panelboards recessed in hollow partitions.
- The Contractor shall replace all supports and channels that L. sag, twist, and/or show signs of not providing proper structural support, to the equipment, it is intended for, as determined by the Owner and Architect/Engineer. All costs associated with replacing supports and steel channels shall be incurred by the Contractor.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with installation requirements in Division 5 Section "Metal Fabrications" for site-fabricated metal supports.
- Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately В. in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

3.4 CONCRETE BASES

- A. Provide concrete bases for all floor mounted electrical equipment.
- Provide concrete bases for all exterior, grade level В. electrical equipment, and where indicated.
- C. Base/Pad Construction:
 - Construct per manufacturer's recommendations particular equipment, including suggested piers and dowel rods.

- Construct concrete bases for primary and secondary power distribution equipment per requirements of the electrical utility, where submitted for its review.
- Anchor equipment to base per both supports and equipment manufacturer's instructions.
- Coordinate conduit openings and sleeve locations in base with Ε. requirements of equipment to be supported.
 - 1. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch (450-mm) centers around full perimeter of the base.
 - 2. Install epoxy-coated anchor bolts for supported equipment that extend through concrete base, and anchor into structural concrete floor.

3.5 PAINTING

- Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Α. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up fieldpainted surfaces.
 - Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils (0.05 mm).
- Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 16073

SECTION 16120 - CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes building wires and cables and associated connectors, splices, and terminations for wiring systems rated 600 V and less.
- Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Control/Signal Transmission Media" for transmission media used for control and signal circuits.
 - 2. Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification" for conductor and cable color-coding.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Qualification Data: For testing agency.

C. Field Quality-Control Test Reports: From a qualified testing and inspecting agency engaged by Contractor.

1.4 **OUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Testing agency as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7 or a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or the National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

2.2 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Manufacturers, Copper:
 - 1. Triangle.
 - 2. Royal.
 - 3. Rome.
 - 4. General Cable Corporation.
 - 5. Southwire Company.
 - 6. Draka USA.
- B. Refer to Part 3 "Conductor and Insulation Applications" Article for insulation type, cable construction, and ratings.
- C. Conductor Material: Copper.

- D. Refer to Part 3 "Conductor and Insulation Applications" Article for insulation type, cable construction, and ratings.
- E. Conductor Insulation Types: Type THHN-THWN and XHHW complying with NEMA WC 70.
- F. Multiconductor Cable: Metal-clad cable, Type MC with ground wire.
- G. Power Cable for Variable Frequency Controlled Motors: 600V and 2000V, three conductor, XLPE cable with three symmetrical positioned ground conductors and a continuous impervious corrugated aluminum armor and overall PVC jacket. Cable shield transfer impedance shall be less than 10 ohms per meter up to 30 MHZ when tested in accordance with NEMA WC 61.
 - 1. Approved manufacturers for VFC power cables:
 - a. Southwire Armor-x
 - b. Draka USA

2.3 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - 2. AMP Incorporated/Tyco International.
 - 3. Hubbell/Anderson.
 - 4. O-Z/Gedney; EGS Electrical Group LLC.
 - 5. 3M Company; Electrical Products Division.
 - 6. T & B.
 - 7. Burndy.
 - 8. ILSCO.
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 CONDUCTOR AND INSULATION APPLICATIONS
 - A. Service Entrance: Type XHHW, single conductors in raceway.
 - B. Exposed Feeders: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
 - C. Exposed Feeders #4/0 and larger: Type XHHW, single conductor in raceway.

- D. Feeders Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, and Partitions: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
- Feeders Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and in Ε. Crawlspaces: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
- F. Exposed Branch Circuits, including in Crawlspaces: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
- G. Branch Circuits Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, and Partitions: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway and metal-clad cable, Type MC, for branch circuit drops to devices and within partition walls. MC cable shall not be run in ceiling space in lengths greater than 6'-0''.
- H. Branch Circuits Concealed in Concrete and below Slabs-on-Grade: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
- I. Underground Feeders and Branch Circuits: XHHW single conductors in conduit.
- J. Cord Drops and Portable Appliance Connections: Type SO, hard service cord.
- Fire Alarm Circuits: Type THHN-THWN, in raceway or Power-Κ. limited, fire-protective, signaling circuit cable.
- L. Class 1 Control Circuits: Type THHN-THWN, in raceway.
- M. Class 2 Control Circuits: Type THHN-THWN, in raceway.
- N. Critical Fire Control Circuits: Type RHH, single conductor in raceway. UL classified with two hour fire rating when installed in EMT conduit per the NEC and UL electrical circuit protective system (FHIT) #25 of the UL fire resistance directory. Support every 5' on center.
- O. Variable Speed Drives to Motors: Use VFD power cable manufactured by Southwire or Draka. Support every 5' on center.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.

- B. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- C. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.
- Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.
- Support cables according to Division 26 Section "Basic Ε. Electrical Materials and Methods."
- Seal around cables penetrating fire-rated elements according to Division 7 Section "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems."
- Each feeder shall be of the same conductor and insulation G. material (phase, neutral, and parallel).
- Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Η. Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification."
- I. All wiring shall be installed in conduit or approved raceway. All raceways shall be provided with a ground conductor unless noted otherwise on the Contract Documents.
- J. Use conductor not smaller than 12 AWG for power and lighting circuits. Unless indicated otherwise, all circuits shall be 2#12, 1#12G, 34"C. Do not share neutrals.
- K. Use conductor not smaller than 14 AWG for control circuits, provided by Electrical Contractor.
- Support communication cables above accessible ceiling, using L. spring metal clips or plastic cable ties to support cables from structure. Do not rest cable on ceiling panels.
- M. Use suitable cable fittings and connectors.
- Neatly train and lace wiring inside boxes, equipment, and panelboards.
- O. Clean conductor surfaces before installing lugs and connectors.

- Make splices, taps, and terminations to carry full ampacity of conductors with no perceptible temperature rise.
- Q. Use solderless pressure connectors with insulating covers for copper conductor splices and taps, 8 AWG and larger.
- R. Use insulated spring wire connectors with plastic caps for copper conductor splices and taps, 10 AWG and smaller.
- S. Branch circuits may be combined up to 6 circuits in a homerun conduit. Electrical Contractor shall be responsible derating of conductors as required by N.E.C. Do not share neutrals.
- T. Use piercing connector with insulating covers for conductor splices and taps, 8 AWG and larger.
- U. Where the armor of type AC cable terminates, a fitting shall be provided to protect the wiring from abrasion. An approved bushing shall be provided between the conductors and the armor.
- V. Type MC cable shall be supported and secured at intervals not exceeding 4'-0".
- W. Fittings used for MC cable shall be identified for such use.
- AC/MC cable shall not be used for home runs to receptacle or distribution panels.
- Y. Between support, hangers and termination no more than 3" deflection from the bottom of the cable to a horizontal line between the support/hanger or termination.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to Α. manufacturer's published torque-tightening manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- Make splices and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.
- C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches (150 mm) of slack.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Testing: Perform the following field quality control tests in Α. accordance with Division 26 section "Electrical Testing"
 - Description: Test all feeders rated 100 A and above.
 - Visual and Mechanical Inspection
 - a. Inspect cables for physical damage and proper connection in accordance with the one line diagram.
 - b. Test cable mechanical connections with an infrared survey.
 - c. Check cable color-coding against project Specifications and N.E.C. requirements.
 - 3. Electrical Tests
 - a. Perform insulation resistance test on each conductor with respect to ground and adjacent conductors. Applied potential to be 1000 volts dc for 1 minute.
 - b. Perform continuity test to insure proper cable connection.
 - 4. Test Values
 - a. Minimum insulation resistance values shall be not less than fifty mega-ohms.
- Test Reports: Prepare a written report to record the following:
 - 1. Test procedures used.
 - Test results that comply with requirements.
 - 3. Test results that do not comply with requirements and corrective action taken to achieve compliance with requirements.

END OF SECTION 16120

SECTION 16130 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes raceways, fittings, boxes, enclosures, and cabinets for electrical wiring.
- Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section, "Basic Electrical Materials and Methods" for exterior ductbanks, manholes, and underground utility construction.
 - 2. Division 7 Section, "Through-Penetration Firestop Systems"

3. Division 16 Section "Wiring Devices" for devices installed in boxes and for floor-box service fittings, and for access floor boxes and service poles.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.
- B. ENT: Electrical nonmetallic tubing.
- C. FMC: Flexible metal conduit.
- D. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.
- E. LFMC: Liquidtight flexible metal conduit.
- F. LFNC: Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit.
- G. RNC: Rigid nonmetallic conduit.
- H. PVC: Polyvinyl Chloride.
- I. HDPE: High Density Polyethylene.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For surface raceways, wireways and fittings, floor boxes, hinged-cover enclosures, and cabinets.
- B. Manufacturer Seismic Qualification Certification: Submit certification that enclosures, cabinets, accessories, and components will withstand seismic forces defined in Division 26 Section "Electrical Supports and Seismic Restraints." Include the following:
 - Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - a. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
 - b. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic event."

- Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
- Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.

1.5 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, marked for intended use.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. All work in natatorium/pool area shall be in accordance with N.E.C. article 680, "Swimming Pools, Fountains, and Similar Installations."

1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of raceways, boxes, enclosures, cabinets, and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, firesuppression system, and partition assemblies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below Α. introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

2.2 METAL CONDUIT AND TUBING

- Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - 2. Alflex Inc.
 - 3. Allied Tube Triangle Century.
 - 4. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.
 - 5. International Metal Hose.
 - 6. Electri-Flex Co

- Grinnell Co./Tyco International; Allied Tube and Conduit
- 8. LTV Steel Tubular Products Company Manhattan/CDT/Cole-
- 9. Maverick.
- 10. O-Z Gedney; unit of General Signal.
- 11. Wheatland.
- B. Rigid Steel Conduit: ANSI C80.1.
- C. IMC: ANSI C80.6.
- D. EMT and Fittings: ANSI C80.3.
 - 1. Fittings: Steel set-screw type.
- LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket. Ε.
- F. Fittings: NEMA FB 1; compatible with conduit and tubing materials.

2.3 FIRE ALARM EMT

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Allied Tube Triangle Century.
- B. EMT conduit with bright red topcoat; Fire Alarm EMT.
- C. EMT and Fittings: ANSI C80.3.

2.4 NONMETALLIC CONDUIT AND TUBING

- Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. American International.
 - 2. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.
 - 3. Arnco Corp.
 - 4. Cantex Inc.
 - 5. Certainteed Corp.; Pipe and Plastics Group.
 - 6. Condux International.
 - 7. ElecSys, Inc.
 - 8. Electri-Flex Co.
 - Integral. 9.
 - 10. Kor-Kap.
 - 11. Lamson and Sessions: Carlon Electrical Products.
 - 12. Manhattan/CDT/Cole-Flex.
 - 13. RACO; Division of Hubbell, Inc.
 - 14. Scepter.
 - 15. Spiralduct, Inc./AFC Cable Systems, Inc.

- 16. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
- B. ENT: NEMA TC 13.
- C. RNC: NEMA TC 2, Schedule 40 and Schedule 80 PVC.
- ENT and RNC Fittings: NEMA TC 3; match to conduit or tubing D. type and material.
- E. LFNC: UL 1660.
- F. HDPE: UL 651, ASTM D 3350, ASTM D 1248 Schedule 40.
- 2.5 METAL WIREWAYS
 - A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Hoffman.
 - 2. Square D.
 - B. Material and Construction: Sheet metal sized and shaped as indicated, NEMA 1.
 - C. Fittings and Accessories: Include couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.
 - Select features, unless otherwise indicated, as required to complete wiring system and to comply with NFPA 70.
 - E. Wireway Covers: Hinged type.
 - Finish: Manufacturer's standard enamel finish. F.
- 2.6 NONMETALLIC WIREWAYS
 - Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. Hoffman.
 - 2. Lamson & Sessions; Carlon Electrical Products.
 - Description: Fiberglass polyester, extruded and fabricated to size and shape indicated, with no holes or knockouts. Cover is gasketed with oil-resistant gasket material and fastened with captive screws treated for corrosion resistance. Connections are flanged, with stainless-steel screws and oilresistant gaskets.

- Description: PVC plastic, extruded and fabricated to size and shape indicated, with snap-on cover and mechanically coupled connections with plastic fasteners.
- Fittings and Accessories: Include couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.
- Select features, unless otherwise indicated, as required to complete wiring system and to comply with NFPA 70.

2.7 SURFACE RACEWAYS

- A. Surface raceway (Wiremold ivory color) shall be used in finished areas. Do not use EMT conduit in finished areas unless directed by the Architect.
- Surface Metal Raceways: Galvanized steel with snap-on covers. Finish with manufacturer's standard prime coating and ivory finish.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Airey-Thompson Sentinel Lighting: Wiremold Company (The).
 - b. Walker Systems, Inc.; Wiremold Company (The).
 - c. Wiremold Company (The); Electrical Sales Division.
- C. Types, sizes, and channels as indicated and required for each application, with fittings that match and mate with raceways.
- 2.8 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS
 - Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA OS 1. Shall be used within walls or ceiling.
 - В. Cast-Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA FB 1, Type FD, with gasketed cover. Shall be used in all exposed, non-recessed, locations.
 - C. Nonmetallic Outlet and Device Boxes: NEMA OS 2. Shall be used in corrosive areas.
 - D. Floor Boxes: Cast metal, fully adjustable, rectangular.
 - E. Floor Boxes: Nonmetallic, nonadjustable, round.
 - F. Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.

- Cast-Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA FB 1, cast aluminum with gasketed cover. Shall be used in areas exposed to water.
- Hinged-Cover Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, with continuous Η. hinge cover and flush latch.
 - 1. Metal Enclosures: Steel, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.
- I. Cabinets: NEMA 250, Type 1, galvanized steel box with removable interior panel and removable front, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel. Hinged door in front cover with flush latch and concealed hinge. Key latch to match panelboards. Include metal barriers to separate wiring of different systems and voltage and include accessory feet where required for freestanding equipment.

2.9 FACTORY FINISHES

- A. Finish: For raceway, enclosure, or cabinet components, provide manufacturer's standard prime-coat finish ready for field painting.
- B. Finish: For raceway, enclosure, or cabinet components, provide manufacturer's standard paint applied to factoryassembled surface raceways, enclosures, and cabinets before shipping.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION

- Outdoors Applications:
 - 1. Exposed: Rigid steel or IMC.
 - 2. Concealed: Rigid steel or IMC.
 - 3. Underground, Single Run: RNC.
 - 4. Underground, Grouped: RNC.
 - 5. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.
 - 6. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 3R.

Indoor Applications: В.

- 1. Exposed, Not Subject to Physical Damage in non-finished areas: EMT.
- 2. Exposed, Not Subject to Severe Physical Damage in nonfinished areas: EMT.

- Exposed and Subject to Severe Physical Damage: Rigid steel conduit up to 10'-0" above finished floor. Includes raceways in the following locations:
 - a. Loading dock.
 - b. Corridors used for traffic of mechanized carts, forklifts, and pallet-handling units.
 - c. Mechanical rooms.
- Concealed in Ceilings and Interior Walls and Partitions:
- Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): FMC, except use LFMC in damp or wet locations.
- Damp or Wet Locations: IMC.
- 7. Raceways Embedded in Concrete Above Grade: EMT or Rigid Steel.
- 8. Raceways for Optical Fiber or Communications Cable in Spaces Used for Environmental Air: EMT.
- 9. Raceways for Optical Fiber or Communications Cable Risers in Vertical Shafts: EMT.
- 10. Raceways for Concealed General Purpose Distribution of Optical Fiber or Communications Cable: EMT.
- 11. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, except use NEMA 250, Type 4, stainless steel in damp or locations.
- C. Minimum Raceway Size: 3/4-inch trade size.
- Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.
 - Intermediate Steel Conduit: Use threaded rigid steel conduit fittings, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Rigid Steel Conduits: Use only fittings approved for use with that material.
 - 3. EMT Conduits: Use steel set-screw fittings.
- Do not install aluminum conduits embedded in or in contact Ε. with concrete.

3.2 TNSTALLATION

- Install conduit in accordance with NECA "National Electrical Installation Standards".
- Keep raceways at least 6 inches (150 mm) away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hot-water pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.

- C. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.
- D. Support raceways as specified in Division 26 Section "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- E. Install temporary closures to prevent foreign matter from entering raceways.
- F. Protect stub-ups from damage where conduits rise through floor slabs. Arrange so curved portions of bends are not visible above the finished slab.
- G. Make bends and offsets so ID is not reduced. Keep legs of bends in the same plane and keep straight legs of offsets parallel, unless otherwise indicated.
- H. Conceal conduit and EMT within finished walls, ceilings, and floors, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Install concealed raceways with a minimum of bends in the shortest practical distance, considering type of building construction and obstructions, unless otherwise indicated.

I. Raceways Embedded in Slabs:

- 1. Raceways embedded in slabs shall be limited to above grade concrete decks. Embedded conduit shall be limited to servicing floor boxes and equipment located in open spaces away from accessible walls.
- 2. Install in middle 1/3 of slab thickness where practical and leave at least 2 inches (50 mm) of concrete cover.
- 3. Secure raceways to reinforcing rods to prevent sagging or shifting during concrete placement.
- 4. Space raceways laterally to prevent voids in concrete.
- 5. Run conduit larger than 1-inch trade size (DN 27) parallel or at right angles to main reinforcement. Where at right angles to reinforcement, place conduit close to slab support.
- 6. Conduits shall run flat. Do not allow conduits to cross.
- J. Raceways installed under slab on grade: Use Schedule 40 nonmetallic conduit with rigid steel conduit sweeps, route conduits a minimum of 6" below bottom of slab.
- K. Install exposed raceways parallel or at right angles to nearby surfaces or structural members and follow surface contours as much as possible.

- 1. Run parallel or banked raceways together on common supports.
- Make parallel bends in parallel or banked runs. Use factory elbows only where elbows can be installed parallel; otherwise, provide field bends for parallel raceways.
- Join raceways with fittings designed and approved for that purpose and make joints tight.
 - 1. Use insulating bushings to protect conductors.
- Μ. Tighten set screws of threadless fittings with suitable tools.
- Terminations: Ν.
 - Where raceways are terminated with locknuts and bushings, align raceways to enter squarely and install locknuts with dished part against box. Use two locknuts, one inside and one outside box.
 - Where raceways are terminated with threaded hubs, screw raceways or fittings tightly into hub so end bears against wire protection shoulder. Where chase nipples are used, align raceways so coupling is square to box; tighten chase nipple so no threads are exposed.
- Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb (90-kg) tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches (300 mm) of slack at each end of pull wire.
- P. Provide pull string and 25% spare capacity in every branch circuit conduit.
- Telephone and Signal System Raceways, 2-Inch Trade Size (DN Q. 53) and Smaller: In addition to above requirements, install raceways in maximum lengths of 150 feet (45 m) and with a maximum of two 90-degree bends or equivalent. Separate lengths with pull or junction boxes where necessary to comply with these requirements.
 - 1. Electrical condulet (LB's) are not permitted.
 - Conduits shall have no more than two 90 degree bends between pull points or pull boxes.
 - 3. Conduits shall contain no continuous sections longer than 100 ft. without a pull point/box.
 - The bend radius of conduit must be at least 6 times the internal diameter for a conduit 2 inches or less and a

radius of 10 times the diameter for a conduit greater than two inches.

- 5. All conduit ends shall have an insulated bushing.
- Install raceway sealing fittings at suitable, approved, and accessible locations and fill them with UL-listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install each fitting in a flush steel box with a blank cover plate having a finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces. Install raceway sealing fittings at the following points:
 - 1. Where conduits pass from warm to cold locations, such as boundaries of refrigerated spaces.
 - 2. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.
- Stub-up Connections: Extend conduits through concrete floor for connection to freestanding equipment. Install with an adjustable top or coupling threaded inside for plugs set flush with finished floor. Extend conductors to equipment with rigid steel conduit; FMC may be used 6 inches (150 mm) above the floor. Install screwdriver-operated, threaded plugs flush with floor for future equipment connections.
- Flexible Connections: Use maximum of 72 inches (1830 mm) of Τ. flexible conduit for recessed and semirecessed lighting fixtures; for equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement; and for all motors. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations. Install separate ground conductor across flexible connections.
- Surface Raceways: Install a separate, green, ground conductor in raceways from junction box supplying raceways to receptacle or fixture ground terminals.
- Set floor boxes level and flush with finished floor surface. V.
- Set floor boxes level. Trim after installation to fit flush W. with finished floor surface.
- Install hinged-cover enclosures and cabinets plumb. Support Χ. at each corner.
- Y. Do not route feeders across roof.
- Provide a pull box (a handhole for outdoor applications) for each conduit run that exceeds 250 feet. Provide two pull boxes (handholes for outdoor applications) for runs that exceed 500 feet.

- AA. Conduit run in natatorium/pool area shall be EMT with compression fittings, and painted by the painting contractor (corrosion treatment paint per Architect's requirements).
- BB. Provide bonding of the pool structure/equipment per N.E.C. article 680-22. Coordinate with the pool contractor.
- CC. Route conduits in finished areas with exposed ceilings at underside of structural deck or as high as possible.
- DD. Conduits that route through, to, or from a hazardous classified space (Class I or II) shall have proper seal offs when exiting or entering the hazardous classified space.
- EE. Outlet boxes within hazardous locations shall be of the proper class and division as noted in the N.E.C.
- FF. Offset outlet boxes on opposite sides of common walls to prevent sound transmission between adjoining rooms.
- GG. Firestop raceways passing through rated walls and floors in accordance with Division 07 specifications. See architectural drawings for locations of rated assemblies.

3.3 PROTECTION

- Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure coatings, finishes, and cabinets are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
 - 1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
 - Repair damage to PVC or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

3.4 CLEANING

A. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished raceways and boxes, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.

END OF SECTION 16130

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Single and duplex receptacles, ground-fault circuit interrupters, integral surge suppression units, and isolated-ground receptacles.
 - 2. Single- and double-pole snap switches and dimmer switches.
 - 3. Device wall plates.
 - 4. Pin and sleeve connectors and receptacles.

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5. Floor service fittings, poke-through assemblies, access floor boxes, and service poles.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.
- B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- C. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride.
- D. RFI: Radio-frequency interference.
- TVSS: Transient voltage surge suppressor. Ε.
- F. UTP: Unshielded twisted pair.

1.4 REFERENCES

- A. DSCC W-C-596G: Federal Specification Connector, Electrical, Power, General Specification.
- DSCC W-C-896F: Federal Specification Switches, Toggle В. (Toggle and Lock), Flush Mounted (General Specification).
- IEC 309-1, Part 1: General Requirements: Plugs, Socket-Outlets and Couplers for Industrial Purposes
- NEMA FB 11: Plugs, Receptacles, and Connectors of the Pin D. and Sleeve Type for Hazardous Locations.
- NEMA WD 1: General Requirements for Wiring Devices. Ε.
- F. NEMA WD 6: Wiring Device Dimensional Requirements.
- G. UL 20: General-Use Snap Switches.
- UL 486A: Wire Connectors and Soldering Lugs for Use with Η. Copper Conductors.
- I. UL 486B: Wire Connectors for Use with Aluminum Conductors.
- J. UL 498: Electrical Attachment Plugs and Receptacles.
- K. UL 943: Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters.

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1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's catalog information showing dimensions, colors, and configurations for each type of product indicated.
- B. Qualification Data: For testing agency.

1.6 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Testing agency as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7 or a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.
- Source Limitations: Obtain each type of wiring device В. through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Receptacles for Owner-Furnished Equipment: Match plug configurations.
 - 1. Cord and Plug Sets: Match equipment requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

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2.2 RECEPTACLES

- A. All receptacles shall be tamper resistant (adjust model numbers listed below as required).
- B. Straight-Blade and Locking Receptacles: Heavy-Duty grade.
- C. Straight-Blade-Type Receptacles: Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6, DSCC W-C-596G, and UL 498. Configuration 5-20R duplex receptacle.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems HBL 5362.
- D. Self-Test GFCI's: Duplex GFCI Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A. Comply with NEMA WD1, NEMA WD6 configuration 5-20R, UL 498, Federal Specification W-C-596 and UL 943, Class A, and include indicator light that is lighted when device is tripped. Must have self-test feature and SafeLock protection™: conducts an automatic test every second, ensuring its always ready to protect. If the device fails the self-test, the indicator light flashes to signal that the GFCI should be replaced. With SafeLock Protection $^{\text{TM}}$, if critical components are damaged and ground fault protection is lost, power to receptacle must be discontinued.
 - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work, include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 2. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Pass & Seymour/Legrand; Wiring Devices Division: 2096.
 - b. Hubbell equal.
- Industrial Heavy-Duty Pin and Sleeve Devices: Comply with IEC 309-1.
- F. Hazardous (Classified) Location Receptacles: Comply with NEMA FB 11.
- 2.3 WALL SWITCHES
 - Manufacturers: Α.
 - 1. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems 1220 Series.
 - B. Device body: Plastic toggle handle.

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- Single- and Double-Pole Switches: Comply with DSCC W-C-896F and UL 20.
- D. Provide single-pole, two-pole, three-way and four-way switches as indicated.
- E. Provide pilot light where indicated.
- Provide key type where indicated. Furnish a minimum of six F. keys to Owner.
 - 1. Switch shall be Hubbell 1220 series (or equal as specified above) with locking coverplate.
 - Coverplate shall be Hubbell HBL96062, straight keyed cylinder type lock, with stainless steel finish.
- Combination Switch and Receptacle: Both devices in a single gang unit with plaster ears and removable tab connector that permit separate or common feed connection.
 - 1. Switch: 20 A, 120/277-V ac.
 - 2. Receptacle: NEMA WD 6, Configuration 5-20R.

2.4 DIGITAL TIME SWITCHES

General: Α.

- 1. Watt Stopper TS-400 or equal. Operation on 100 to 300 volts.
- 2. Digital time switch turns lights off automatically after pre-set time. Pushbutton operation with time setting from 5 minutes to 12 hours.
- 3. Back-lit LCD shows timer countdown.

2.5 DIMMER SWITCHES

A. General:

- Dimmer Switches: Modular, full-wave, solid-state units with integral, quiet on/off switches and audible frequency and EMI/RFI filters.
- Dimmer switches shall provide full-range, variable control of light intensity utilizing a continuous Square Law dimming curve.
- 3. Provide protected memory during temporary power failures that restores lights to same level of intensity set prior to power interruption.
- 4. Provide dimmer switches UL listed for the type of load being served (incandescent, fluorescent, magnetic low voltage transformer, electronic low

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- transformer). Universal load-type dimmer switches shall not be acceptable.
- 5. Provide dimmers that provide no adverse effects on other components of the electrical system being served (low voltage transformers, ballasts, lamps, etc.).

Incandescent Lamp Dimmers: В.

- Manufacturers:
 - a. Lutron Model N-2000-W.
 - b. Leviton Model 82000-W.
 - c. Hubbell equal.
- Modular, 120 V, 60 Hz with continuously adjustable control; single pole with soft tap or other quiet switch; and 5-inch wire connecting leads.
- Dimmer switches serving magnetic low voltage transformers shall be designed to control and provide a symmetrical ac waveform to the input of the magnetic low voltage transformer and not cause the transformer to operate above its rated operating current temperature.
- 4. Dimmer switches serving solid-state low-voltage transformers shall not affect the sound rating of the transformer and not cause lamp flicker at any point in the dimming range.
- 5. Control: Continuously adjustable slider with slide-tooff; with single-pole or three-way switching to suit connections.
- 6. Power Rating: 2000 W.

C. Fluorescent Lamp Dimmer Switches:

- Manufacturers:
 - a. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems
 - b. Lutron.
 - c. Leviton.
- Modular; single-pole, compatible with electronic dimming ballast provided with fluorescent light fixtures and rated for the specified load and voltage; trim potentiometer to adjust low-end dimming; dimmer-ballast combination capable of consistent dimming with low end not greater than 20 percent of full brightness.
- Control: Continuously adjustable slider with pre-set; single-pole or three-way switching to suit connections.
- 4. Power rating: 1200 W.

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2.6 WALL PLATES

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Provide wall plates and corresponding wiring devices from same manufacturer.
- Single and combination types to match corresponding wiring В. devices.
 - 1. Plate-Securing Screws: Metal with head color to match plate finish.
 - 2. Material for Finished Spaces: 0.035-inch-thick, satinfinished stainless steel.
 - 3. Material for Unfinished Spaces: Galvanized steel.
 - 4. Material for Wet Locations: Gasketed Cast aluminum with spring-loaded lift cover, and listed and labeled for use in "wet locations."
 - a. Manufacturers:
 - 1) Red Dot Model CKSGV (cast aluminum), Thomas & Betts.

2.7 FLOOR SERVICE FITTINGS

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Wiremold.
- Type: Modular, fully adjustable recessed-type, with services В. indicated suitable for wiring method used.
- C. Compartments: Provide barrier separating power from telecommunications cabling. Provide recessed-type floor service fittings with independent compartments and feed through wiring capability.
- D. Service Plate: Provide service plate type as indicated. Provide protective ring for flush service plates.
- E. Power Receptacle(s): NEMA WD 6, Configuration 5-20R Heavyduty grade duplex receptacle, black finish, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Telecommunications Outlet: Blank cover with bushed cable opening.

2.8 FINISHES

A. Color:

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- Wiring Devices Connected to Normal Power System: White at each school, unless otherwise indicated or required by NFPA 70.
- Wiring Devices Connected to Emergency Power System: Red.
- 3. Wall Switches: White, unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Dimmer Switches: White, unless otherwise indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- Prior to installation of devices, verify wall openings are В. neatly cut and will be completely covered by wall plates, clean debris from outlet boxes and provide extension rings to bring outlet boxes flush with finished surface.
- Install devices and assemblies level, plumb, and square with building lines.
- Install wall dimmers to achieve full rating specified and D. indicated after derating for ganging according manufacturer's written instructions.

E. Arrangement of Devices:

- 1. Coordinate locations of outlet boxes provided under Division 26 Section "Raceways and Boxes" to obtain mounting heights indicated on Drawings.
- 2. Unless otherwise indicated, mount flush, with long dimension vertical, and with grounding terminal of receptacles on top.
- 3. Where multiple switches, dimmers, and/or occupancy sensors are adjacent to each other, provide a single cover plate. Custom fabricate, if required, for all combinations. Provide separate boxes or barriers as required for the application.
- 4. Install horizontally mounted receptacles with grounding pole on the left.
- Install GFCI receptacles so that the "Push To Test" and "Reset" designations can be read correctly. If printed in both directions, install with ground pole on top.
- Install switches with OFF position down.

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- F. Install cover plates on switch, receptacle, and blank outlets in finished areas.
- G. Use oversized plates for outlets installed in masonry walls.
- Install galvanized steel plates on outlet boxes and junction Η. boxes in unfinished areas, above accessible ceilings, and on surface mounted outlets.
- I. Remove wall plates and protect devices and assemblies during painting.
- J. Coordinate installation of access floor boxes with access floor system provided by Architectural trades.
- Install properly oriented access floor boxes into cutouts in access floor tiles and secure to tiles per Manufacturer's instructions.
- L. Adjust locations of floor service outlets and service poles to suit arrangement of partitions and furnishings.
- Adjust devices and wall plates to be flush and level. Three corners of wall plates must be in contact with wall surfaces. Devices shall be solidly mounted against the box.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- Comply with Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification."
 - Receptacles: Identify panelboard and circuit number from which served. Use adhesive label as specified Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification" with black-filled lettering on back side of wall plate, and durable wire markers or tags inside outlet boxes.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding." Connect wiring device grounding terminal to outlet box with bonding jumper. Use of quick ground strap or screw is not acceptable.
- B. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables." Connect wiring devices by wrapping conductor around screw terminal or by using back wiring and tightening the screw securely.

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- Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
 - A. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
 - 1. Inspect each wiring device for defects.
 - Operate each wall switch with circuit energized and verify proper operation.
 - 3. After installing wiring devices and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test each receptacle for proper polarity, ground continuity, and compliance with requirements.
 - Test each GFCI receptacle for proper operation with both local and remote fault simulations according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - B. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest as specified above.

END OF SECTION 16140

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SECTION 16145 - LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes the following lighting control Α. devices:
 - 1. Occupancy sensors.
 - 2. Lighting contactors.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Electrical General Requirements".

2. Division 16 Section "Wiring Devices" for wall-box dimmers and manual light switches.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. IEEE C62.41: Guide for Surge Voltages in Low-Voltage AC Power Circuits.
- IEEE C136.10: Standard for Roadway Lighting Equipment В. Locking-Type Photocontrol Devices and Mating Receptacle Physical and Electrical Interchangeability and Testing.
- C. NEMA ICS 2: Industrial Control and Systems Controllers, Contactors, and Overload Relays, Rated Not More Than 2000 Volts AC or 750 Volts DC Part 8: Disconnect Devices for Use in Industrial Control Equipment.
- D. NFPA 70: National Electrical Code.
- E. UL 486A: Wire Connectors and Soldering Lugs for Use with Copper Conductors.
- F. UL 486B: Wire Connectors for Use with Aluminum Conductors.
- G. UL 773: Plug-in, Locking Photocontrols for Use with Area Lighting.
- Nonindustrial Photoelectric Switches for Н. UL 773A: Lighting Control.
- I. UL 917: Clock Operated Switches.
- J. UL 1449: Transient Voltage Surge Suppressors.
- K. UL 1598: Luminaires.
- L. NECA 130-2010: Installing and Maintaining Wiring Devices.

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. LED: Light-emitting diode.
- B. PIR: Passive infrared.
- C. ULTRASONIC: Active emission of at least 35 kHz sound waves, using Doppler reflectance to detect motion.

- D. MICROPHONIC: Passive reception to listen for continued occupancy, with circuitry to filter out white noise.
- E. MULTI-Tech: Using PIR and ultrasonic or microphonic technologies in one sensor.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- Product Data: For each type of product indicated including Α. physical data and electrical performance.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show installation details for occupancy and light-level sensors.
 - Lighting plan showing location, orientation, and coverage area of each sensor.
 - 2. Interconnection diagrams showing field-installed wiring.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For each type of product D. include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. Include the following:
 - 1. Description of operation and servicing procedures.
 - 2. List of major components.
 - 3. Recommended spare parts.
 - 4. Programming instructions and system operation procedures.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of ceiling-mounted devices with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver products to the site under provisions of Division 16 Section "Electrical General Requirements".
- B. Store and protect products under provisions of Division 16 Section "Electrical General Requirements".

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce Α. lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

2.2 GENERAL LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICE REQUIREMENTS

Line-Voltage Surge Protection: An integral part of the devices for 120- and 277-V solid-state equipment. For devices without integral line-voltage surge protection, field-mounting surge protection shall comply with IEEE C62.41 and with UL 1449.

2.3 OCCUPANCY SENSORS

General Α.

- 1. Coordinate occupancy sensor locations, coverages and required quantities with manufacturer's recommendations. Coverage areas indicated on the Drawings are for minor motion (6 to 8 inches of hand movement). Provide additional occupancy sensors and control units as required to achieve complete minor motion coverage of the space indicated.
- Adjust occupancy sensors and test that complete minor motion coverage is obtained in accordance with Part 3. Provide written confirmation of testing to owner, architect and engineer.
- 3. Provide occupancy sensors with a bypass switch to override the "ON" function in the event of sensor failure.
- 4. Provide occupancy sensors with an LED indicator indicating when motion is being detected during testing and normal operation of the sensor.

- 5. Provide occupancy sensors and occupancy sensor control units from single manufacturer.
- Wall Switch Passive Infrared Occupancy Sensor В.
- C. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - Wattstopper PW-100.
 - 2. Hubbell Building Automation SOM 101.
 - 3. Greengate OSW-P-0451-W.
 - 4. Sensorswitch WSD.
 - 5. Schneider Electric equal.
 - Description: Wall mounted, 180° coverage, passive infrared sensing occupancy sensor.
 - Electrical Characteristics: Capable of switching up to 800W fluorescent or incandescent lighting loads at 120V and 1200 watts fluorescent loads at
 - b. Functions: Automatic ON/Automatic OFF, or Manual ON/Automatic OFF operation, field selectable. Integral manual override pushbutton switch.
 - c. Adjustments: User adjustable sensitivity and time delay. Time delay shall be adjustable from 30 seconds to 30 minutes.
 - d. Device Body: White, plastic with momentary on/off override pushbutton designed to mount in a standard switch box with "decora" style switch plate.
 - Dual Level Switching: Provide occupancy sensor capable of controlling two switch legs independently where dual level switching is indicated.
 - a. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - b. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1) Wattstopper PW-200.
 - 2) Hubbell Building Automation SOM-102.
 - 3) Greengate OSW-P-0451-DMV.

- 4) Sensorswitch WSD-2P.
- 5) Schneider Electric equal.
- E. 360° Ceiling Mounted Dual Technology Occupancy Sensor
 - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Wattstopper DT 300
 - b. Hubbell Building Automation "OMNI-DT" Series.
 - c. Greengate OMC-DT-2000-R.
 - d. Sensorswitch CM-PDT-R.
 - e. Schneider Electric equal
 - Description: Ceiling mounted, 360° coverage, multitech sensing occupancy sensor.
 - Housing: White, thermoplastic, tamper resistant ceiling mount.
 - b. Functions: Automatic ON must sense motion from both ultrasonic and infrared sensing elements. Either technology shall maintain ON, with adjustable time delays.
 - c. Adjustments: User adjustable sensitivity adjustment shall be provided for each sensing technology. Time delay shall be adjustable from 15 seconds to 30 minutes.
 - Sensor shall operate on 24V DC power through d. control unit which supplies DC power to the sensor and provides relay contacts to control the lighting load and auxiliary contacts.
 - e. Manual override function.
- F. 110° Wall Mounted Dual Technology Occupancy Sensor
 - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Wattstopper DT-200
 - b. Hubbell Building Automation "LO-DT" Series.
 - c. Sensorswitch WV-PDT-R/WV-BR.
 - d. Schneider Electric equal

- Description: Wall mounted, 110° coverage, multi-tech occupancy sensor.
 - Housing: White, thermoplastic, tamper resistant with swivel bracket for wall or ceiling mounting.
 - b. Functions: Automatic ON must sense motion from both sensing elements. Either technology shall maintain ON, with adjustable time delays.
 - c. Adjustments: User adjustable sensitivity adjustment shall be provided for each sensing technology. Time delay shall be adjustable from 15 seconds to 15 minutes.
 - d. Sensor Orientation: Orient sensor in room such that sensor will not detect motion through open door which could cause false activation.
 - Sensor shall operate on 24V DC power through control unit which supplies DC power to the sensor and provides relay contacts to control the lighting load and auxiliary contacts.
 - f. Manual override function.
- 360° Ceiling Mounted Ultrasonic Occupancy Sensors
 - 1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Wattstopper "WT" Series.
 - b. Hubbell Building Automation "OMNI-US" Series.
 - c. Greengate OPC-U-2000.
 - d. Sensorswitch CM MPT-10.
 - e. Schneider Electric equal
 - Description: Ceiling mounted, 360° coverage, ultrasonic or microphonics sensing occupancy sensor.
 - a. Housing: White, thermoplastic, tamper resistant.
 - b. Adjustments: User adjustable sensitivity and time delay. Time delay shall be adjustable from 15 seconds to 15 minutes.
 - c. Sensor shall operate on 24V DC power through control unit which supplies DC power to the sensor and provides relay contacts to control the lighting load and auxiliary contacts.
 - Manual override function.
- H. 360° Ceiling Mounted Passive Infrared Occupancy Sensor.

- Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 2. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Wattstopper CI-200.
 - b. Hubbell Building Automation OMNI-IR.
 - c. Greengate OMC-P-04500-R.
 - d. Sensorswitch CM-9.
 - e. Schneider Electric equal
- Description: Ceiling mounted, 360° coverage, infrared sensing occupancy sensor.
 - Housing: White, thermoplastic, tamper resistant ceiling mount.
 - b. Adjustments: User adjustable sensitivity adjustment shall be provided for each sensing technology. Time delay shall be adjustable from 30 seconds to 30 minutes.
 - c. Sensor shall operate on 24V DC power through control unit which supplies DC power to the sensor and provides relay contacts to control the lighting load and auxiliary contacts.
 - d. Manual override function.

I. Occupancy Sensor Control Units:

- Description: Transformer and relay combined in single unit to provide 24DC power to sensors and provide 20A contact(s) for control of lighting loads at 120 or 277V. Control unit input power shall be from unswitched leg of lighting circuit it is controlling.
 - a. Control units shall be provided as required to power ceiling mounted occupancy sensors, control lighting loads and provide a minimum of one auxiliary contact.
 - Occupancy sensor control units shall mount b. external to 4" sq junction box in the ceiling space. Wiring between control unit and occupancy sensor shall be plenum rated.
 - c. Locate control unit in accessible location in gypboard ceilings, adjacent to return air grilles, or provide access panel.
 - Additional auxiliary relay modules shall be d. provided as required to provide control of all

- lighting circuits and additional auxiliary contacts as required.
- e. It is acceptable to provide controls and auxiliary contacts as required integral to the ceiling sensor, provided all required contacts are provided.
- f. Maximum of 3 sensors per power pack. Verify exact quantities required with manufacturer.

2.4 LIGHTING CONTACTORS

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Cutler-Hammer; Eaton Corporation.
 - 2. Square D Co.
 - 3. Siemens.

B. Contactor

- 1. Electrically-operated electrically-held unless otherwise indicated 600 volt, 30 ampere three pole with number of poles indicated.
- Provide contacts to be 100 percent, continuously rated for all types of ballast and tungsten lighting and resistance loads without the need for in-rush current derating.
- 3. Provide NEMA type 1 enclosure unless otherwise indicated.
- Provide NEMA type 1 hinged cover cabinet enclosure sized as required for contactors as indicated on drawings. Mount switches and indicating lights required on front of enclosure. Install terminal strips for connection of all external control wiring connections.
- Provide solderless pressure wire terminals.
- Provide corrosion-resistant primer treatment with light gray baked acrylic enamel finish.
- Provide the following control and indicating devices:
 - a. Auxiliary contacts: One field convertible.
 - b. Auxiliary relay to convert maintained-contact type control circuit to momentary-contact type control circuit necessary for contactor control.
 - c. Green pilot light to indicate "power on" condition. Mount on front cover with legend plate.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 LIGHTING CONTACTOR INSTALLATION

- A. Install lighting contactors as indicated on plan. Install at accessible locations. Switch controls where provided shall be no higher than 54" or lower than 48".
- B. Demonstrate proper operation of all lighting control functions to the Owner and Engineer.

3.2 OUTDOOR PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL INSTALLATION

- Mount photocell on roof or parapet to ½" GRS conduit, supported to building structure below. Coordinate roof penetration with roofing contractor.
- Install photoelectric control oriented in the northeast direction and not within any potential shadows.
- Adjust photocell sensitivity and delay to meet owner's requirements. Multiple adjustments may be required, as needed.

3.3 TIME CONTROLLER INSTALLATION

- A. Install time controller, near contactor control equipment or as indicated on plan. Install at accessible location.
- Program time controller as directed by the owner. Train В. owner in time clock programming.

3.4 OCCUPANCY SENSOR INSTALLATION

- Install wall mounted occupancy sensors as noted on plan. Arrange occupancy sensors with adjacent switch devices so that device plates line-up and are equally spaced.
- Install ceiling mounted sensors at approximate locations as indicated on plan. Sensor manufacturer shall provide quantity of sensors as required to provide complete coverage for rooms.
- C. Locate sensors such that motion through open doors will not falsely activate sensors.
- D. Do not locate ultrasonic sensors within six feet of supply air diffusers.

- E. Locate infrared sensors to avoid obstructions.
- F. Provide the services of a manufacturer's representative for commissioning of occupancy sensor installation. This shall include consultation on layout and location prior to installing sensors, testing of each sensor for compliance with Contract Documents and field adjustment and fine tuning after installation is complete. Provide written confirmation of testing to the Owner, Architect and Engineer.
- Field adjustments shall take place in the presence of the owner and the engineer. This shall include owner training on adjustment techniques for the occupancy sensors. The owner shall dictate the setting of the time delay in all sensors.

3.5 WIRING INSTALLATION

- Wiring Method: Comply with Division 16 Section "Conductors Α. and Cables".
- Wiring within Enclosures: Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points. Separate power-limited and nonpower-limited conductors according to conductor manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Size conductors according to lighting control device manufacturer's written instructions, unless otherwise indicated.
- Splices, Taps, and Terminations: Make connections only on D. numbered terminal strips in junction, pull, and outlet boxes; terminal cabinets; and equipment enclosures.
- Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to Ε. manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

3.6 IDENTIFICATION

- Identify components and power and control wiring according to Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."
- B. Label time switches and contactors with a unique designation.

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
 - 1. After installing time switches and sensors, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, adjust and test for compliance with requirements.
 - 2. Operational Test: Verify actuation of each sensor and adjust time delays.
- Remove and replace lighting control devices where test results indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.
- C. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

3.8 ADJUSTING

A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting sensors to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to site outside normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

END OF SECTION 16145

SECTION 16195 - ELECTRICAL IDENTIFICATION

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Identification for raceway and metal-clad cable.
 - 2. Identification for conductors and communication and control cable.
 - 3. Underground-line warning tape.
 - 4. Warning labels and signs.
 - 5. Instruction signs.
 - 6. Equipment identification labels.
 - 7. Miscellaneous identification products.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each electrical identification product indicated.
- Identification Schedule: An index of nomenclature of В. electrical equipment and system components used in identification signs and labels.
- C. Samples: For each type of label and sign to illustrate size, colors, lettering style, mounting provisions, and graphic features of identification products.

1.4 OUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 and ANSI C2.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.145.

1.5 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate identification names, abbreviations, colors, and other features with requirements in the Contract Documents, Shop Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and the Operation and Maintenance Manual, and with those required by codes, standards, and 29 CFR 1910.145. Use consistent designations throughout Project.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- C. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with location of access panels and doors.
- D. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 RACEWAY AND METAL-CLAD CABLE IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 for minimum size of letters for legend and for minimum length of color field for each raceway and cable size.

- B. Color for Printed Legend:
 - 1. Power Circuits: Black letters on an orange field.
 - 2. Legend: Indicate system or service and voltage, if applicable.
- C. Self-Adhesive Vinyl Labels: Preprinted, flexible label laminated with a clear, weather- and chemical-resistant coating and matching wraparound adhesive tape for securing ends of legend label.
- Snap-Around Labels: Slit, pretensioned, flexible, preprinted, color-coded acrylic sleeves, with diameter sized to suit diameter of raceway or cable it identifies and to stay in place by gripping action.
- E. Snap-Around, Color-Coding Bands: Slit, pretensioned, flexible, solid-colored acrylic sleeves, 2 inches long, with diameter sized to suit diameter of raceway or cable it identifies and to stay in place by gripping action.
- F. Self-Adhesive Vinyl Tape: Colored, heavy duty, waterproof, fade resistant; 2 inches wide; compounded for outdoor use.
- 2.2 CONDUCTOR, COMMUNICATION AND CONTROL CABLE IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS
 - A. Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Colored, self-adhesive vinyl tape not less than 3 mils thick by 1 to 2 inches wide.
 - Marker Tapes: Vinyl or vinyl-cloth, self-adhesive wraparound type, with circuit identification legend machine printed by thermal transfer or equivalent process.
 - C. Aluminum Wraparound Marker Labels: Cut from 0.014-inch- thick aluminum sheet, with stamped, embossed, or scribed legend, and fitted with tabs and matching slots for permanently securing around wire or cable jacket or around groups of conductors.
 - D. Metal Tags: Brass or aluminum, 2 by 2 by 0.05 inch, with stamped legend, punched for use with self-locking nylon tie fastener.
 - E. Write-On Tags: Polyester tag, 0.010 inch thick, with corrosion-resistant grommet and polyester or nylon tie for attachment to conductor or cable.

1. Marker for Tags: Permanent, waterproof, black ink marker recommended by tag manufacturer.

2.3 UNDERGROUND-LINE WARNING TAPE

- Description: Permanent, bright-colored, continuous-printed, polyethylene tape.
 - 1. Not less than 6 inches wide by 4 mils thick.
 - 2. Compounded for permanent direct-burial service.
 - 3. Embedded continuous metallic strip or core.
 - 4. Printed legend shall indicate type of underground line.

2.4 WARNING LABELS AND SIGNS

- A. Comply with NFPA 70 and 29 CFR 1910.145.
- Self-Adhesive Warning Labels: Factory printed, multicolor, В. pressure-sensitive adhesive labels, configured for display on front cover, door, or other access to equipment, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Baked-Enamel Warning Signs: Preprinted aluminum signs, punched or drilled for fasteners, with colors, legend, and size required for application. 1/4-inch grommets in corners for mounting. Nominal size, 7 by 10 inches.
- D. Metal-Backed, Butyrate Warning Signs: Weather-resistant, nonfading, preprinted, cellulose-acetate butyrate signs with 0.0396-inch galvanized-steel backing; and with colors, legend, and size required for application. 1/4-inch grommets in corners for mounting. Nominal size, 10 by 14 inches.
- Warning label and sign shall include, but are not limited to, the following legends:
 - 1. Multiple Power Source Warning: "DANGER ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD - EQUIPMENT HAS MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES."
 - 2. Workspace Clearance Warning: "WARNING OSHA REGULATION -AREA IN FRONT OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT MUST BE KEPT CLEAR FOR 36 INCHES."

INSTRUCTION SIGNS 2.5

- Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine plastic, minimum 1/16 inch thick for signs up to 20 sq. in. and 1/8 inch thick for larger sizes.
 - 1. Engraved legend with black letters on white face.
 - 2. Punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners.

3. Framed with mitered acrylic molding and arranged for attachment at applicable equipment.

2.6 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION LABELS

- Engraved, Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Label: Punched or drilled for screw mounting. Black letters on a white background. Minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch.
- B. Outdoor Equipment Stenciled Legend: In nonfading, waterproof, black ink or paint. Minimum letter height shall be 1 inch.

2.7 MISCELLANEOUS IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Cable Ties: Fungus-inert, self-extinguishing, 1-piece, selflocking, Type 6/6 nylon cable ties.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch.
 - 2. Tensile Strength: 50 lb, minimum.
 - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F.
 - 4. Color: Black, except where used for color-coding.
- B. Paint: Paint materials and application requirements are specified in Division 9 painting Sections.
- C. Fasteners for Labels and Signs: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

2.8 WIRING DEVICE IDENTIFICATION

A. Description: Self adhesive label with black upper case letters on clear polyester label, font size 7.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- Raceways and Duct Banks More Than 600 V Concealed within Α. Buildings: 4-inch- wide black stripes on 10-inch centers over orange background that extends full length of raceway or duct and is 12 inches wide. Stencil legend "DANGER CONCEALED HIGH VOLTAGE WIRING" with 3-inch- high black letters on 20-inch centers. Stop stripes at legends. Apply to the following finished surfaces:
 - 1. Floor surface directly above conduits running beneath and within 12 inches of a floor that is in contact with earth or is framed above unexcavated space.

- 2. Wall surfaces directly external to raceways concealed within wall.
- 3. Accessible surfaces of concrete envelope around raceways in vertical shafts, exposed in the building, or concealed above suspended ceilings.
- Accessible Raceways and Metal-Clad Cables More Than 600 V: Identify with "DANGER-HIGH VOLTAGE" in black letters at least 2 inches high, with self-adhesive vinyl labels. Repeat legend at 10-foot maximum intervals.
- C. Accessible Raceways and Metal-Clad Cables, 600 V or Less, for Service, Feeder, and Branch Circuits More Than 400 A: Identify with orange self-adhesive vinyl label.
- D. Accessible Raceways and Cables of Auxiliary Systems: Identify the following systems with color-coded, self-adhesive vinyl tape applied in bands:
 - 1. Fire Alarm System: Red.
 - 2. Fire-Suppression Supervisory and Control System: Red and vellow.
 - 3. Combined Fire Alarm and Security System: Red and blue.
 - 4. Security System: Blue and yellow.
 - 5. Mechanical and Electrical Supervisory System: Green and blue.
 - 6. Telecommunication System: Green and yellow.
 - 7. Control Wiring: Green and red.
- E. Power-Circuit Conductor Identification: For primary conductors No. 1/0 AWG and larger in vaults, pull and junction boxes, manholes, and handholes use metal tags. Identify source and circuit number of each set of conductors. For single conductor cables, identify phase in addition to the above.
- Branch-Circuit Conductor Identification: Where there are conductors for more than three branch circuits in same junction or pull box, use color-coding conductor tape. Identify each ungrounded conductor according to source and circuit number as indicated on Drawings. Identify control circuits by control wire number as indicated on shop drawings.
- G. Branch-Circuit Conductor Identification: Mark junction box covers in indelible ink with the panel and breaker numbers of other circuits contained within.

- H. Conductor Identification: Locate at each conductor at panelboard gutters, pull boxes, outlet and junction boxes, and each load connection or termination point.
- I. Auxiliary Electrical Systems Conductor Identification: Identify field-installed alarm, control, signal, sound, intercommunications, voice, and data connections.
 - Identify conductors, cables, and terminals in enclosures and at junctions, terminals, and pull points. Identify by system and circuit designation.
 - Use system of marker tape designations that is uniform and consistent with system used by manufacturer for factory-installed connections.
 - Coordinate identification with Project Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and Operation Maintenance Manual.
- J. Locations of Underground Lines: Identify with undergroundline warning tape for power, lighting, communication, and control wiring and optical fiber cable. Install undergroundline warning tape for both direct-buried cables and cables in raceway.
- K. Warning Labels for Indoor Cabinets, Boxes, and Enclosures for Power and Lighting: Comply with 29 CFR 1910.145 and apply baked-enamel warning signs. Identify system voltage with black letters on an orange background. Apply to exterior of door, cover, or other access.
 - 1. Equipment with Multiple Power or Control Sources: Apply to door or cover of equipment including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Power transfer switches.
 - b. Controls with external control power connections.
 - Equipment Requiring Workspace Clearance According to NFPA 70: Unless otherwise indicated, apply to door or cover of equipment but not on flush panelboards and similar equipment in finished spaces.
- Provide a 3" by 5" yellow "Warning Arc Flash Hazard" label on the outside of panels in 'occupant areas' - Brady Type 99454 or equivalent from another manufacturer. Center the label horizontally and vertically on outside of door.
- Provide a 4" by 6"'red "Danger Arc Flash and Shock Hazard" label on the outside of panels in areas open only to 'qualified personnel', and on the inside panel door of panels

in 'occupant areas' - Brady Type 99459. Center label on gutter areas of distribution panels, centered above or below the directory of panels, and otherwise centered in other applications. In all cases, label will be no lower than 48" or above 84" AFF

Instruction Signs: N.

- Operating Instructions: Install instruction signs to facilitate proper operation and maintenance of electrical systems and items to which they connect. instruction signs with approved legend where instructions are needed for system or equipment operation.
- 2. Emergency Operating Instructions: Install instruction signs with white legend on a red background with minimum 3/8-inch- high letters for emergency instructions equipment used for power transfer or load shedding.
- O. Equipment Identification Labels: On each unit of equipment, install unique designation label that is consistent with wiring diagrams, schedules, and Operation and Maintenance Manual. Apply labels to disconnect switches and protection equipment, central or master units, control panels, control stations, terminal cabinets, and racks of each system. Systems include power, lighting, control, communication, signal, monitoring, and alarm systems unless equipment is provided with its own identification.
 - 1. Labeling Instructions:
 - a. Indoor Equipment: Mechanically secured, Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label. Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2inch- (13-mm-) high letters on 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) high label; where 2 lines of text are required, use labels 2 inches (50 mm) high. Labels shall be 2 1/2" high x 4 1/2" wide. Provide 3 lines of text. Line one shall have 1/2'" letters spaced 1/2" down from top of label. Lines 2 and 3 shall have 1/4" letters. Each line shall be spaced 1/4" apart.
 - b. Outdoor Equipment: Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label.
 - Elevated Components: Increase sizes of labels and C. letters to those appropriate for viewing from the floor.
 - Equipment to Be Labeled:
 - a. Panelboards, electrical cabinets, and enclosures.
 - b. Access doors and panels for concealed electrical items.

- c. Electrical switchgear and switchboards.
- d. Transformers.
- e. Emergency system boxes and enclosures.
- f. Motor-control centers.
- q. Disconnect switches.
- h. Enclosed circuit breakers.
- i. Motor starters.
- j. Push-button stations.
- k. Power transfer equipment.
- 1. Contactors.
- m. Remote-controlled switches, dimmer modules, and control devices.
- n. Intercommunication and call system master and staff stations.
- o. Fire-alarm control panel and annunciators.
- p. Breakers at distribution panels.
- P. Wiring Device Identification Labels: On each faceplate install circuit designation label that is consistent with panelboard directories, and as-built plan drawings. Apply labels to receptacle faceplates centered below bottom outlet. Apply labels to toggle switch faceplates on backside.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- Verify identity of each item before installing identification products.
- B. Location:
 - Install identification materials and devices at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment.
 - Conduit Markers: Provide identification for each power conduit two inches or larger.
- Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.
- Attach nonadhesive signs and plastic labels with screws and auxiliary hardware appropriate to the location and substrate.
- System Identification Color Banding for Raceways and Cables: Each color band shall completely encircle cable or conduit. Place adjacent bands of two-color markings in contact, side by side. Locate bands at changes in direction, penetrations of walls and floors, at 50-foot maximum

intervals in straight runs, and at 25-foot maximum intervals in congested areas.

- F. Color-Coding for Phase and Voltage Level Identification, 600 V and Less: Use the colors listed below for ungrounded service, feeder, and branch-circuit conductors.
 - 1. Color shall be factory applied or, for sizes larger than No. 10 AWG if authorities having jurisdiction permit, field applied.
 - 2. Colors for 208/120-V Circuits:
 - a. Phase A: Black.
 - b. Phase B: Red.
 - c. Phase C: Blue.
 - d. Neutral: White.
 - e. Ground: Green.
 - 3. Colors for 480/277-V Circuits:
 - a. Phase A: Brown.
 - b. Phase B: Orange.
 - c. Phase C: Yellow.
 - d. Neutral: Gray.
 - e. Ground: Green.
 - Field-Applied, Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Apply in half-lapped turns for a minimum distance of 6 inches from terminal points and in boxes where splices or taps are made. Apply last two turns of tape with no tension to prevent possible unwinding. Locate bands to avoid obscuring factory cable markings.
- G. Aluminum Wraparound Marker Labels and Metal Tags: Secure tight to surface of conductor or cable at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
- Underground-Line Warning Tape: During backfilling of trenches install continuous underground-line warning tape directly above line at 6 to 8 inches below finished grade. Use multiple tapes where width of multiple lines installed in a common trench exceeds 16 inches overall.
- Label information arrangement for 3 lines of text.
 - 1. Line one shall describe the panel or equipment. Line one example: "DP-XX," RP-XX," "T-XX," "EF-XX," etc.
 - Line two shall describe the first disconnecting means feeding this panel or equipment. Line two example: "Fed from DP-XX," "Fed from RP-XX," etc.

- 3. Line three indicates that location of the disconnecting means as identified in line two. Line three example: "First Floor Elect. Rm #XXX."
- Line four shall include "Via T-XX" when panel or equipment is fed from a transformer.

J. Examples:

RP-1A	EF-1	LP-1A
FED FROM	FED FROM	FED from
PP-2	PP-1	MDP
ELECTRICAL	MECHANICAL	ELECTRICAL
ROOM A100	ROOM F101	ROOM A100
VIA T-1A		

- Painted Identification: Prepare surface and apply paint according to Division 9 painting Sections.
- L. Degrease and clean surface to receive nameplates.
- Install nameplate and labels parallel to equipment lines. Μ.
- Secure nameplate to equipment front using screws. Ν.
- Ο. Secure nameplate to inside surface of door on panelboard that is recessed in finished locations.
- Identify conduit using field painting where required. P.
- Paint red colored band on each fire alarm conduit and Q. junction box.
- R. Paint bands 10 feet on center, and 4 inches minimum in width.
- S. Labels shall be neatly centered. Place labels in like positions on similar equipment.

END OF SECTION 16195

SECTION 16289 - SURGE PROTECTIVE DEVICES

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. Related Sections include the following: 1. Division 16 Section "Electrical General Requirements."

1.2 SUMMARY

These specifications describe the requirements for a high energy surge protective devices system (abbreviated as SPD in this specification and on all drawings). The specified system shall provide effective high energy surge current diversion and be suitable for application in ANSI/IEEE C62.41 Category A, B, and C environments, as tested by ANSI/IEEE C62.45. The system shall be connected in parallel with the protected system; no series connected elements shall be used, which could constitute a single point failure.

1.3 RELATED SPECIFICATION

- A. Main Distribution Switchboard Section 16441.
- B. Panelboards Section 16442.

1.4 REFERENCES

- A. The Transient Voltage Surge Suppression System shall be designed and manufactured to the following standards.
- B. American National Standards Institute and Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (ANSI/EEE, C62.1, C62.41 and C62.45).
- C. Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 94 (FIPS PUB 94).
- D. National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA LS-1).
- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 70, 75, and Ε. 78).
- F. Underwriters Laboratories (UL 1449, Third Edition, UL 1283).
- G. National Electric Code (NEC 285).

1.5 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- Environmental Requirements:
 - Storage temperature range shall be -55 to +85 degrees C (-67 to +185 degrees F).
 - Operating temperature range shall be -40 to +50 degrees C (-40 to +122 degrees F).
 - Operation shall be reliable in an environment with 0% to 95% non-condensing relative humidity.
 - The audible noise level of the specified system shall be less that 45 dBa at 5 feet (1.5 m).
- Transient voltage surge suppression system with integral В. ${\tt EMI/RFI}$ filtering (abbreviated as SPD in this specification and on all drawings). The specified system shall provide effective high energy surge current diversion and be suitable for application in ANSI/IEE C62.41 Category A, B, and C environments, as tested by ANSI/IEEE C62.45. The system shall be connected in

parallel with the protected system; no series connected elements shall be used, which could constitute a single point failure.

- C. Provide documentation of specified system's UL 1449, Third Edition, listing and suppression ratings which shall be included as required product data submittal information.
- The SPD system may be mounted integral to the Main Distribution Panelboards or integral to the Electronic Grade Panelboards as indicated on the drawings and specified as follows:
- 1.6 MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANELBOARDS AND BRANCH CIRCUIT PANELBOARDS
 - Electrical Characteristics Α.
 - 1. Nominal Line Voltage:
 - a. 120/208 voltage, three phase, 4 wire plus ground, as indicated on drawings (MDP and SPD Branch Circuit Panelboards).
 - Maximum Continuous Line Current:
 - a. As noted on drawings.
 - Maximum Continuous Operating Voltage:
 - a. >115% of nominal.
 - Operating Frequency:
 - a. 47-63 Hz.
 - Protection Modes: 5.
 - a. Line to line.
 - b. Line to neutral.
 - c. Line to ground.
 - d. Neutral to ground.
 - Connection Means:
 - a. Direct bus connection, parallel connection.
 - Main Distribution Panelboard Maximum Surge Current:
 - a. Maximum surge current shall be based on a single pulse, IEEE C62.41 standard 8 x 20 microsecond wave Device shall not suffer more than 10% deviation in clamping voltage at specified surge current.
 - 1) Per Phase Total: 240 kA.
 - 2) Per Mode: 120 kA.
 - Branch Circuit Panelboards Maximum Surge Current:
 - a. Maximum surge current shall be based on a single pulse, IEEE C62.41 standard 8 x 20 microsecond wave Device shall not suffer more than 10% deviation in clamping voltage at specified surge current.

- 1) Per Phase Total: 80 kA.
- 2) Per Mode: 40 kA.
- UL 1449 voltage suppression rating:
 - a. L-N, L-G, N-G: 700 volts for 208/120V systems.
 - b. L-L: 1500 volts for 208/120V systems.
 - c. L-N, L-G, N-G: 1200 volts for 480/277V systems.
 - d. L-L: 2000 volts for 480/277V systems.
- 10. AC tracking filter with EMI/RFI filtering.
- 11. EMI-RFI Noise Rejection Based on MIL-STD-E220A Methodology:
 - a. 100 KHZ : 50dB
- 12. Surge Life Cycle:
 - a. Capable of surviving 1000 sequential category C3 combination wave surges as defined by ANSI/IEEE C62.41 and ANSI/IEE C62.45, without failing the specified UL 1449 suppression ratings.
- 13. Internal Connections:
 - a. All internal wiring within the SPD device subject to surge currents shall be made of low impedance copper bus bar. Modular, parallel SPD design shall consist of 40mm metal oxide varistors individually fused at 200KAIC for each suppression mode.

1.7 DOCUMENTATION

- The manufacturer shall furnish an installation manual with Α. installation, start up, and operating instructions for the specified system.
- Electrical and mechanical drawings shall be provided by the manufacturer which show unit dimensions, weights, component and connection locations, mounting provisions, connection details, and wiring diagram.
- C. Documentation of specified system's UL 1449 listing and clamping voltage ratings shall be included as required product data submittal information.
- D. A list of recommended spare parts shall be supplied at the customer's request.

1.8 WARRANTY

The manufacturer shall provide a full five-year warranty from date of shipment against any part failure when installed in compliance with manufacturer's written instructions, UL listing requirements, and any applicable national or local electrical codes.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Square D (Base Bid).
- B. Siemens.
- C. Cutler Hammer.

2.2 ACCESSORIES

- A. Unit Status indicators
 - 1. Red and green LED indicators shall be provided on the front cover to redundantly indicate unit module status. The absence of the green light and the presence of the red light shall reliably indicate that one or more surge current diversion modules has failed and that service is needed to restore full operation.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Service entrance suppressors shall be installed in the switchboard.
- B. Locate suppressor on load side of main disconnect device, as close as possible to the phase conductors and ground/neutral bar.
- C. A breaker shall be provided in the main distribution panelboard to directly connect the SPD unit. This breaker shall be directly integrated to the suppressor and switchboard bus using bolted bus bar connections.
- D. The suppressor and integral disconnect shall be installed to the switchboard using a direct bus bar connection. SPD to disconnect conductors shall be as short and straight as possible, less than 5 feet.
- E. All monitoring diagnostics features (indicator lights) shall be mounted on the front of the switchboard, adjacent to SPD.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field inspection and testing will be performed the manufacturer.
- B. Measure steady state load currents at each panelboard feeder; rearrange circuits in the panelboard to balance the phase loads to within 20 percent of each other. Maintain proper phasing for multi-wire branch circuits.
- C. Visual and Mechanical Inspection: Inspect for physical damage, proper alignment, anchorage, and grounding. Check proper installation and tightness of connections for circuit breakers, fusible switches, and fuses.

END OF SECTION 16289

SECTION 16410 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Fuses".

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes the following individually mounted, enclosed switches and circuit breakers:
 - 1. Fusible switches.
 - 2. Nonfusible switches.

- 3. Molded-case circuit breakers.
- 4. Molded-case switches.
- 5. Enclosures.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. GD: General duty.
- B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- C. HD: Heavy duty.
- D. RMS: Root mean square.
- E. SPDT: Single pole, double throw.

1.4 REFERENCES

- A. NECA 1: Practices for Good Workmanship in Electrical Contracting.
- B. NETA ATS: Acceptance Testing Specifications for Electrical Power Distribution Equipment and Systems.
- C. NEMA 250: Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum).
- D. NEMA AB 1: Molded Case Circuit Breakers and Molded Case Switches.
- E. NEMA FU 1: Low Voltage Cartridge Fuses.
- NEMA KS 1: Enclosed and Miscellaneous Distribution Equipment F. Switches (600 Volts Maximum).
- G. NEMA PB1.1: General Instructions for Proper Installation, Operation, and Maintenance of Panelboards Rated 600 Volts or Less.
- Η. NEMA PB2.1: General Instructions for Proper Installation, Operation, and Maintenance of Deadfront Switchboards Rated 600 Volts or Less.
- I. NFPA 70: National Electrical Code.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed switch, circuit breaker, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensioned elevations, sections, weights, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.
 - Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 2. Current and voltage ratings.
 - 3. Short-circuit current rating.
 - 4. UL listing for series rating of installed devices.
 - 5. Features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
- B. Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring.
- Manufacturer Seismic Oualification Certification: certification that enclosed switches and circuit breakers, accessories, and components will withstand seismic forces defined in Division 26 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems." Include the following:
 - 1. Basis of Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - a. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
 - The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in b. place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic event."
 - 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
 - Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- D. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- Field quality-control test reports including the following: Ε.
 - 1. Test procedures used.
 - 2. Test results that comply with requirements.

- 3. Results of failed tests and corrective action taken to achieve test results that comply with requirements.
- F. Manufacturer's field service report.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For enclosed switches and G. circuit breakers to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Closeout Procedures," include the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting enclosed switches and circuit breakers.
 - 2. Time-current curves, including selectable ranges for each type of circuit breaker.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or is a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7, and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.
- Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for enclosed switches and circuit breakers, including clearances between enclosures, and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Ambient Temperature: Not less than minus 22 deg F and not exceeding 104 deg F.

2. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.

1.8 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of switches, circuit breakers, and components with other construction, including conduit, piping, equipment, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

1.9 EXTRA MATERIALS

- Furnish extra materials described below that match products Α. installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - Spares: For the following:
 - a. Potential Transformer Fuses: 2 of each size and type.
 - b. Control-Power Fuses: 2 of each size and type
 - c. Fuses for Fusible Switches: Equal to 10 percent of amount installed for each size and type, but no fewer than 3 of each size and type.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, Α. the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 FUSIBLE AND NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

- Α. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Square D (base bid bid price shall include Square D equipment)
 - 2. Siemens.
 - 3. Culter-Hammer.
- Fusible Switch: NEMA KS 1, quick make, quick-break load interrupter enclosed knife switch Type HD, with clips or bolt pads to accommodate specified fuses, externally operable lockable handle with capability to accept two padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.
- NEMA KS 1, quick make, quick-break load C. Nonfusible Switch: interrupter enclosed knife switch Type HD, externally operable

lockable handle with capability to accept two padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.

D. Double Throw Safety Switch (Manual Transfer Switch): U. L. listed and suitable for use in accordance with Article 702 of the National Electrical Code. Designed for manual transfer of loads from one supply to another. Three pole with solid neutral. Externally operable handle padlockable in either position. Provide pad lock and two sets of keys.

Accessories:

- 1. Provide early break auxiliary contacts in motor disconnect switches for motors that are fed from variable frequency controllers.
- Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
- Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded, and bonded; and labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.
- Auxiliary Contact Kit: Auxiliary set of contacts arranged to open before switch blades open.
- 5. Switch shall be Service Entrance rated.

2.3 TOGGLE DISCONNECT SWITCH

A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Double Pole:
 - a. Hubbell 1372.
 - b. Leviton 6808G-DAC.
 - c. Pass & Seymour 7812.
 - d. Bryant 30102.
- Three Pole: 2.
 - a. Hubbell 1379.
 - b. Leviton 7810GD.
 - c. Pass & Seymour 7813.
 - d. Bryant 30103.
- B. Description: Heavy duty, 30A, 600 volt, double or three pole as required, single throw, motor rated switch without overload protection. Provide NEMA 1 enclosure and padlock attachment.

2.4 MOLDED-CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

Manufacturers: Α.

1. Square D/Group Schneider (base bid - bid price shall include Square D equipment).

- В. Molded-Case Circuit-Breaker Features and Accessories: Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - Lugs: Mechanical style suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor material.
 - 2. Application Listing: Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HACR for heating, air-conditioning, and refrigerating equipment.
 - Enclosure: Provide handle capable of being locked in the open position with padlock.

2.5 ENCLOSURES

- NEMA AB 1 and NEMA KS 1 to meet environmental conditions of Α. installed location.
 - Indoor Dry Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 2. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
 - 3. Kitchen Areas: NEMA 250, Type 4X, stainless steel.
 - 4. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine elements and surfaces to receive enclosed switches and circuit breakers for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
- Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions В. have been corrected.

3.2 CONCRETE BASES

- Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Verify structural requirements with structural engineer.
- В. Concrete base is specified in Division 16 Section "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems," and concrete materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 3.

3.3 INSTALLATION

Comply with applicable portions of NECA 1, NEMA PB 1.1, and NEMA PB 2.1 for installation of enclosed switches and circuit breakers.

- B. Mount individual wall-mounting switches and circuit breakers with tops at uniform height, unless otherwise indicated. Anchor floor-mounting switches to concrete base.
- C. Comply with mounting and anchoring requirements specified in Division 16 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems."
- D. Install switches with off position down.
- Install NEMA KS 1 enclosed switch where indicated for motor Ε. loads ½ HP and larger and equipment loads greater than 30A.
- Install toggle disconnect switch, surface mounted, where F. indicated for motor loads less than ½ HP and equipment loads 30A. and less.
- G. Install fuses in fusible disconnect switches.
- Install flexible liquid tight conduit from toggle disconnect Η. switch to portable equipment. Leave a 6'-0" (1830 mm) whip.
- I. Install flexible liquid tight conduit from toggle disconnect switch to stationary equipment.
- Install control wiring from early break contacts in motor J. disconnect switch to variable frequency controllers to shut down controller when switch is open.
- Install equipment on exterior foundation walls at least one inch (25 mm) from wall to permit vertical flow of air behind breaker and switch enclosures.
- L. Support enclosures independent of connecting conduit or raceway system.
- Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting eyes, Μ. channels, and brackets and temporary blocking of moving parts from enclosures and components.

3.4 IDENTIFICATION

Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, Α. and components; provide warning signs as specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

- B. Enclosure Nameplates: Label each enclosure with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate as specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."
- Provide adhesive label as specified in Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification" on inside door of each switch indicating UL fuse class and size for replacement.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust fieldassembled components and equipment installation, including connections, and to assist in field testing. Report results in writing.
- Prepare for acceptance testing as follows:
 - 1. Inspect mechanical and electrical connections.
 - 2. Verify switch and relay type and labeling verification.
 - 3. Verify rating of installed fuses.
 - 4. Inspect proper installation of type, size, quantity, and arrangement of mounting or anchorage devices complying with manufacturer's certification.
- C. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare D. test reports:
 - Test mounting and anchorage devices according to requirements in Division 16 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems."
 - Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection stated in NETA ATS, Section 7.5 for switches. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection stated in NETA ATS, Section 7.6 for molded-case circuit breakers . Test all NEMA AB1, molded case circuit breakers with thermal magnetic trip or auxiliary, solidstate trip units 100A and larger. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - a. Visual and Mechanical Inspection
 - 1) Circuit breaker shall be checked for proper mounting and compare nameplate data to Drawings and Specifications.

- Operate circuit breaker to ensure smooth operation.
- Inspect case for cracks or other defects.
- Check internals on unsealed units.

Electrical Tests b.

- 1) Perform a contact resistance test.
- Perform an insulation resistance test at 1000 2) volts dc from pole-to-pole and from pole-to-ground with breaker closed and across open contacts of each phase.
- 3) Perform lona time delay time-current characteristic tests by passing three hundred percent (300%) rated current through each pole separately. Record trip time. Make external adjustments as required to meet time current curves.
- 4) Determine short time pickup and delay by primary current injection.
- Determine ground fault pickup and time delay by 5) primary current injection.
- Determine instantaneous pickup current by primary 6) injection using run-up or pulse method.
- Perform adjustments for final 7) settings accordance with coordination study.
- For circuit breakers 800A and larger, verify all functions of trip unit by means of secondary injection in lieu of primary injection.

Test Values C.

- Compare contact resistance or millivolt drop values to adjacent poles and similar breakers. Investigate deviations of more than fifty percent (50%). Investigate any value exceeding manufacturer's recommendations.
- Insulation resistance shall not be less than 100 2) megohms.
- Trip characteristic of breakers shall fall within manufacturer's published time-current characteristic tolerance band, including adjustment factors.
- trip times shall fall within N.E.T.A. 4) Acceptance Testing Specifications, Table 10.7 Circuit breakers exceeding specified trip time at three hundred percent (300%) of pickup shall be tagged defective.
- Instantaneous pickup values shall be within values 5) shown on N.E.T.A. Acceptance Testing

Specifications, Table 10.8 or manufacturer's recommendations.

Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.

3.6 ADJUSTING

Α. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip and time delay settings to values as instructed by the Engineer.

3.7 CLEANING

- A. On completion of installation, vacuum dirt and debris from interiors; do not use compressed air to assist in cleaning.
- Inspect exposed surfaces and repair damaged finishes. В.

END OF SECTION 16410

SECTION 16420 - ENCLOSED CONTROLLERS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes ac, enclosed controllers rated 600 V and less, of the following types:
 - 1. Across-the-line, manual and magnetic controllers.

- 2. Reduced-voltage controllers.
- 3. Multispeed controllers.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Electrical Power Monitoring and Control" for interfacing communication and requirements.
 - Division 15 Section "Variable Frequency Controllers" for general-purpose, ac, adjustable-frequency, pulse-widthmodulated controllers for use on constant torque loads in ranges up to 200 hp.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed controller. Include dimensions and manufacturer's technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.
- Shop Drawings: For each enclosed controller. В.
 - 1. Include dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details, including required clearances and service space around equipment. Show tabulations of installed devices, equipment features, and ratings. Include the following:
 - a. Each installed unit's type and details.
 - b. Nameplate legends.
 - c. Short-circuit current rating of integrated unit.
 - d. UL listing for series rating of overcurrent protective devices in combination controllers.
 - e. Features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices in combination controllers.
 - 2. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Floor plans, drawn to scale, showing dimensioned layout, required working clearances, and required area above and around enclosed controllers where pipe and ducts are prohibited. Show enclosed controller layout and relationships between electrical components and adjacent structural and mechanical elements. Show support locations, type of support, and weight on each support. Indicate field measurements.
- D. Manufacturer Seismic Qualification Certification: Submit certification that enclosed controllers, accessories, and components will withstand seismic forces defined in Division

- 26 Section "Electrical Supports and Seismic Restraints." Include the following:
- Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
 - The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic event."
- Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
- Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- Ε. Qualification Data: For manufacturer and testing agency.
- F. Field quality-control test reports.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For enclosed controllers to G. include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Closeout Procedures, " include the following:
 - 1. Routine maintenance requirements for enclosed controllers and all installed components.
 - Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting overcurrent protective devices.
- Load-Current and Overload-Relay Heater List: Compile after Η. motors have been installed and arrange to demonstrate that selection of heaters suits actual motor nameplate full-load currents.
- I. Load-Current and List of Settings of Adjustable Overload Relays: Compile after motors have been installed and arrange to demonstrate that dip switch settings for motor running overload protection suit actual motor to be protected.

1.4 REFERENCES

A. ANSI/NEMA ICS 6 - Enclosures for Industrial Controls and Systems.

- ANSI/UL 198C High-Intensity Capacity Fuses; Current-Limiting Types.
- C. FS W-C-375 Circuit Breakers, Molded Case; Branch Circuit and Service.
- D. FS W-F-870 Fuseholders (For Plug and Enclosed Cartridge Fuses).
- E. FS W-S-865 Switch, Box, (Enclosed), Surface-Mounted.
- F. NECA 402-2000 - Recommended Practice for Installing and Maintaining Motor Control Centers.
- G. NEMA AB 1 - Molded Case Circuit Breakers.
- NEMA ICS 2 Industrial Control Devices, Controllers, and Η. Assemblies.
- I. NEMA KS 1 Enclosed Switches.
- J. ANSI/NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer. Maintain, within 100 miles of Project site, a service center capable of providing training, parts, and emergency maintenance and repairs.
- Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the В. experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or is a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7, and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Association to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain enclosed controllers of a single type through one source from a single manufacturer.
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing

agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

- E. Comply with NFPA 70.
- F. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for enclosed controllers, minimum clearances between enclosed controllers, and for adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions and clearances.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Prior to beginning work on any system, verify all existing conditions that affect the work and coordinate with all other trade Contractors. Determine that the work can be installed as indicated or immediately report to the Architect/Engineer errors, inconsistencies or ambiguities.
- B. Deliver products to site under provisions of Section 26 0100. Store and protect products under provisions of Section 26 0100.
- C. Store in a clean, dry space. Maintain factory wrapping or provide an additional heavy canvas or heavy plastic cover to protect units from dirt, water, construction debris, and traffic.
- D. Handle in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions. Lift large equipment only with lugs provided for the purpose. Handle carefully to avoid damage to motor control center components, enclosure, and finish.
- E. If stored in areas subject to weather, cover enclosed controllers to protect them from weather, dirt, dust, corrosive substances, and physical damage. Remove loose packing and flammable materials from inside controllers; install electric heating of sufficient wattage to prevent condensation.

1.7 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

A. Accurately record actual locations of each contactor and indicate circuits controlled. Submit under provisions of 16010.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Interruption of Existing Electrical Service: Do not interrupt electrical service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electrical service according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Construction Manager no fewer than three days in advance of proposed interruption of electrical service.
 - 2. Indicate method of providing temporary utilities.
 - 3. Do not proceed with interruption of electrical service without Construction Manager's written permission.

1.9 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of enclosed controllers with other construction including conduit, piping, equipment, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.
- B. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchorbolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- C. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations. These items are specified in Division 7 Section "Roof Accessories."
- Coordinate features of enclosed controllers and accessory D. devices with pilot devices and control circuits to which they connect.
- E. Coordinate features, accessories, and functions of each enclosed controller with ratings and characteristics of supply circuit, motor, required control sequence, and duty cycle of motor and load.

1.10 EXTRA MATERIALS

- Furnish extra materials described below that match products Α. installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - Spare Fuses: Furnish one spare for every five installed, but no fewer than one set of three of each type and rating.
 - Indicating Lights: Two of each type installed.

3. Keys: Furnish 2 of each to Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Square D (base bid bid price shall include Square D equipment).
 - 2. Siemens.
 - Cutler-Hammer.

ACROSS-THE-LINE ENCLOSED CONTROLLERS 2.2

- Manual Controller: NEMA ICS 2, general purpose, Class A, with "quick-make, quick-break" toggle or pushbutton action, and marked to show whether unit is "OFF," "ON," or "TRIPPED." Provide manual controller for 120 volt or 208 volt operation, as indicated on the drawings.
 - 1. Overload Relay: Ambient-compensated type with inversetime-current characteristics and NEMA ICS 2, Class 10 tripping characteristics. Relays shall have heaters and sensors in each phase, matched to nameplate, full-load current of specific motor to which they connect and shall have appropriate adjustment for duty cycle.
- B. Magnetic Controller: NEMA ICS 2, Class A, full voltage, nonreversing, across the line, unless otherwise indicated. Provide magnetic controller for 120 volt or 208 volt operation, as indicated on the drawings.
 - 1. Control Circuit: 120 V; obtained from integral control power transformer with sufficient capacity to operate connected pilot, indicating and control devices, plus 100 percent spare capacity.
 - 2. Adjustable Overload Relay: Dip switch selectable for motor running overload protection with NEMA ICS 2, Class 20 tripping characteristic, and selected to protect motor against voltage and current unbalance and single phasing. Provide relay with Class II ground-fault protection, with start and run delays to prevent nuisance trip on starting.
- C. Combination Magnetic Controller: Factory-assembled combination controller and disconnect switch.
 - 1. Fusible Disconnecting Means: NEMA KS 1, heavy-duty, fusible switch with rejection-type fuse clips rated for

fuses. Select and size fuses to provide Type 2 protection according to IEC 947-4-1, as certified by an NRTL.

2.3 ENCLOSURES

- A. Description: Flush- or surface-mounting cabinets as indicated. NEMA 250, Type 1, unless otherwise indicated to comply with environmental conditions at installed location.
 - Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
 - 2. Kitchen Areas: NEMA 250, Type 4X, stainless steel.
 - 3. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
 - 4. Hazardous Areas Indicated on Drawings: NEMA 250, Type 7C.

2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Devices shall be factory installed in controller enclosure, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Push-Button Stations, Pilot Lights: NEMA ICS 2, heavy-duty
- C. Indicating Lights: Run (Red), off or ready (Green).
- Auxiliary Contacts: Provide two normally open (N.O.) and two D. normally closed (N.C.) contacts.
- Selector Switch: NEMA ISC 2, mounted in front cover to read "hand/off/auto," provide auxiliary contact for auto position monitoring.
- F. Control Relays: Auxiliary and adjustable time-delay relays.
- Phase-Failure and Undervoltage Relays: Solid-state sensing G. circuit with isolated output contacts for hard-wired connection. Provide adjustable undervoltage setting.

2.5 FACTORY FINISHES

A. Finish: Manufacturer's standard gray paint applied to factoryassembled and -tested enclosed controllers before shipping.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas and surfaces to receive enclosed controllers for compliance with requirements, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance.

1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 APPLICATIONS

- A. Select features of each enclosed controller to coordinate with ratings and characteristics of supply circuit and motor; required control sequence; duty cycle of motor, controller, and load; and configuration of pilot device and control circuit affecting controller functions.
- B. Select horsepower rating of controllers to suit motor controlled.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. See Division 26 Section "Basic Electrical Materials and Methods" for general installation requirements.
- B. For control equipment at walls, bolt units to wall or mount on lightweight structural-steel channels bolted to wall. For controllers not at walls, provide freestanding racks.
- C. Install freestanding equipment on concrete bases.
- D. Comply with mounting and anchoring requirements specified in Division 16 Section "Electrical Supports and Seismic Restraints."
- E. Enclosed Controller Fuses: Install fuses in each fusible switch. Comply with requirements in Division 16 Section "Fuses."
- F. Install motor control equipment and contactors in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- G. Select and install heater elements in motor starters to match installed motor characteristics.
- H. Motor Data: Provide neatly typed label inside each motor starter enclosure door identifying motor served, nameplate horsepower, full load amperes, code letter, service factor, and voltage/phase rating.

3.4 CONCRETE BASES

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Verify structural requirements with structural engineer.
- Concrete base is specified in Division 16 Section "Basic В. Electrical Materials and Methods," and concrete materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 3.

3.5 TDENTIFICATION

Identify enclosed controller, components, and control wiring according to Division 16 Section "Electrical Identification."

3.6 CONTROL WIRING INSTALLATION

- Install wiring between enclosed controllers according to Α. Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."
- B. Bundle, train, and support wiring in enclosures.
- Connect hand-off-automatic switch and other automatic-control С. devices where applicable.
 - 1. Connect selector switches to bypass only manual- and automatic-control devices that have no safety functions when switch is in hand position.
 - 2. Connect selector switches with enclosed controller circuit in both hand and automatic positions for safety-type control devices such as low- and high-pressure cutouts, high-temperature cutouts, and motor overload protectors.

3.7 CONNECTIONS

- A. Conduit installation requirements are specified in other Division 16 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of conduit, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Prepare for acceptance tests as follows: Α.
 - 1. Test insulation resistance for each enclosed controller element, bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
 - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.

- В. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform the following:
 - Inspect controllers, wiring, components, connections, and equipment installation. Test and adjust controllers, components, and equipment.
 - Assist in field testing of equipment including pretesting and adjusting of solid-state controllers.
 - 3. Report results in writing.
- C. Testing: Perform the following field quality control tests in accordance with Division 16 section "Electrical Testing"
 - Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection, except optional tests, stated in NETA ATS, "Motor Control - Motor Starters." Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.

3.9 ADJUSTING

A. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges.

3.10 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain enclosed controllers. Refer to Division 1 Section "Closeout Procedures."

END OF SECTION 16420

SECTION 16441 - SWITCHBOARDS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes service and distribution switchboards rated 600 V and less.

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1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.
- B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- C. RFI: Radio-frequency interference.
- D. RMS: Root mean square.
- E. SPDT: Single pole, double throw.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of switchboard, overcurrent protective device, transient voltage suppression device, ground-fault protector, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensions, utility or manufacturer's anchorage and base recommendations, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.
- Shop Drawings: For each switchboard and related equipment. В.
 - 1. Dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details, including required clearances and service space around equipment. Show tabulations of installed devices, equipment features, and ratings. Include the following:
 - Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - b. Bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
 - c. Short-circuit current rating of switchboards and overcurrent protective devices.
 - d. Descriptive documentation of optional barriers specified for electrical insulation and isolation if specified.
 - e. Utility company's metering provisions with indication of approval by utility company called out.
 - f. Features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
 - 2. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Manufacturer Seismic Qualification Certification: Submit certification that switchboards, overcurrent protective devices, accessories, and components will withstand

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seismic forces defined in Division 26 Section "Electrical Supports and Seismic Restraints." Include the following:

- Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
 - b. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic event."
- Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
- Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- quality-control test reports including the D. Field following:
 - 1. Test procedures used.
 - Test results that comply with requirements.
 - Results of failed tests and corrective action taken to achieve test results that comply with requirements.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For switchboards and components to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section Operation and Maintenance Data include the following:
 - 1. Routine maintenance requirements for switchboards and all installed components.
 - Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting overcurrent protective devices.
 - Time-current curves, including selectable ranges for each type of overcurrent protective device.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a member company of the InterNational

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Electrical Testing Association and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

- Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.
- Source Limitations: Obtain switchboards through one source В. from a single manufacturer.
- C. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for switchboards including clearances between switchboards and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- E. Comply with NEMA PB 2, "Deadfront Distribution Switchboards."
- F. Comply with NFPA 70.
- 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
 - A. Deliver in sections or lengths that can be moved past obstructions in delivery path.
 - B. Store indoors in clean dry space with uniform temperature to prevent condensation. Protect from exposure to dirt, fumes, water, corrosive substances, and physical damage.
 - C. Handle switchboards according to NEMA PB 2.1 and NECA 400.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- Installation Pathway: Remove and replace access fencing, doors, lift-out panels, and structures to provide pathway for moving switchboards into place.
- Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Ambient Temperature: Not exceeding 104 deg F.
 - 2. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.

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- C. Interruption of Existing Electric Service: Do not interrupt electric service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electric service according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Construction Manager no fewer than seven days in advance of proposed interruption of electric service.
 - 2. Indicate method of providing temporary electric service.
 - Do not proceed with interruption of electric service without Construction Manager's written permission.

1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of switchboards and components with other construction including conduit, piping, equipment, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.
- Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork shall meet load requirements. Requirements for concrete bases for electrical equipment are specified in Division 26 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."

1.9 EXTRA MATERIALS

- Furnish extra materials described below that match Α. products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Potential Transformer Fuses: 2 of each size and type.
 - 2. Control-Power Fuses: 2 of each size and type.
 - 3. Fuses for Fused Switches: Equal to 10 percent of amount installed for each size and type, but no fewer than 3 of each size and type.
 - 4. Indicating Lights: 3 of each size and type.

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PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce Α. lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 MANUFACTURED UNITS

- A. Switchboards, Overcurrent Protective Devices, Controllers, Contactors, and Accessories:
 - Square D (base bid bid price shall include Square D equipment).
 - 2. Siemens.
 - 3. Cutler-Hammer.
- B. Front-Connected, Front-Accessible Switchboard: Fixed, individually mounted main device, panel-mounted branches, and sections rear aligned.
- C. Nominal System Voltage: As noted on Drawings.
- D. Main-Bus Continuous: As noted on Drawings.
- E. Bus Short Circuit Rating: 65KA or as indicated on the drawings.
- F. Ground Bus: Extend length of switchboard.
- G. Fabricate and test switchboards according to IEEE 344 to withstand seismic forces as required.
- H. Enclosure: Steel, NEMA 250, Type 1, not over 96 in height.
- I. Enclosure Finish for Indoor Units: Factory-applied finish in manufacturer's standard gray finish over a rustinhibiting primer on treated metal surface.
- J. Enclosure Finish for Outdoor Units: Factory-applied finish in manufacturer's standard color, undersurfaces treated with corrosion-resistant undercoating.

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- Insulation and isolation for main and vertical buses of Κ. feeder sections.
- L. Bus Transition and Incoming Pull Sections: Matched and aligned with basic switchboard.
- M. Hinged Front Panels: Allow access to circuit breaker, metering, accessory, and blank compartments.
- N. No cabling between sections.
- Buses and Connections: Three phase, four wire, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Phase- and Neutral-Bus Material: Tin-plated, highstrength, electrical-grade aluminum alloy with coppertin-plated, aluminum circuit-breaker line connections.
 - a. If bus is aluminum, use copper- or tin-plated aluminum for circuit-breaker line connections.
 - Ground Bus: 1/4-by-2-inch- minimum-size, hard-drawn copper of 98 percent conductivity, equipped with pressure connectors for feeder and branch-circuit ground conductors. For busway feeders, extend insulated equipment grounding cable to busway ground connection and support cable at intervals in vertical
 - Contact Surfaces of Buses: Silver plated.
 - 4. Main Phase Buses, Neutral Buses, and Equipment Ground Buses: Uniform capacity for entire length switchboard's main and distribution sections. Provide for future extensions from both ends.
 - Isolation Barrier Access Provisions: Permit checking of bus-bolt tightness.
 - Neutral Buses: 100 percent of the ampacity of phase buses, unless otherwise indicated, equipped with pressure connectors for outgoing circuit neutral cables. Bus extensions for busway feeder neutral bus are braced.
- P. Future Devices: Equip compartments with mounting brackets, supports, bus connections, and appurtenances at full rating of circuit-breaker compartment.
- Q. Provide infrared scan windows, to allow thermal scanning at each cable termination location. This shall permit thermal scanning to be done without taking off covers.

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2.3 OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A. Molded-Case Circuit Breaker: NEMA AB 3, with interrupting capacity to meet available fault currents.
 - Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Inverse timeelement for low-level overloads, and current instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 400 A and larger with restricted access cover.
 - All settings to be adjusted by manufacturer at the factory and verified by the electrical testing agency, based upon information determined by Overcurrent Protective Device Study per section 16055.
- Molded-Case Circuit-Breaker Features and Accessories: Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor material.
 - Application Listing: Appropriate for application; 2. Type HACR for heating, air-conditioning, and refrigerating equipment.
 - Ground-Fault Protection: Integrally mounted relay and trip unit with adjustable pickup and time-delay settings, push-to-test feature, and ground-fault indicator.
 - 4. Undervoltage Trip: Set to operate at 35 to 75 percent of rated voltage with field-adjustable 0.1- to 0.6second time delay.
 - All settings to be adjusted by manufacturer at the factory and verified by the electrical testing agency, based upon information determined by Overcurrent Protective Device Study per section 16055.
- C. Service Rated Breakers: Labeled for use as service equipment.
- Open-Fuse Trip Device: Arranged to trip switch open if a phase fuse opens.
- Fused Switch: NEMA KS 1, Type HD; clips to accommodate specified fuses; lockable handle.
- F. Fuses are specified in Division 16 Section "Fuses."

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2.4 INSTRUMENTATION

- A. Instrument Transformers: NEMA EI 21.1, IEEE C57.13, and the following:
 - 1. Potential Transformers: Secondary voltage rating of 120 V and NEMA accuracy class of 0.3 with burdens of W, X, and Y.
 - Current Transformers: Ratios shall be as indicated with accuracy class and burden suitable for connected relays, meters, and instruments.
 - Control-Power Transformers: Dry type, mounted separate compartments for units larger than 3 kV.
- Multifunction Digital-Metering Monitor: Microprocessorbased unit suitable for three- or four-wire systems and with the following features:
 - Switch-selectable digital display of the following values with maximum accuracy tolerances as indicated:
 - Phase Currents, Each Phase: Plus or minus 1 a. percent.
 - b. Phase-to-Phase Voltages, Three Phase: Plus or minus 1 percent.
 - c. Phase-to-Neutral Voltages, Three Phase: Plus or minus 1 percent.
 - d. Megawatts: Plus or minus 2 percent.
 - e. Megavars: Plus or minus 2 percent.
 - f. Power Factor: Plus or minus 2 percent.
 - q. Frequency: Plus or minus 0.5 percent.
 - h. Megawatt Demand: Plus or minus 2 percent; demand interval programmable from 5 to 60 minutes.
 - i. Accumulated Energy, Megawatt Hours: Plus or minus 2 percent. Accumulated values unaffected by power outages up to 72 hours.
 - Mounting: Display and control unit flush or semiflush mounted in instrument compartment door, approximately 60 inches above finished floor.

2.5 CONTROL POWER

- A. Control Circuits: 120 V, supplied through secondary disconnecting devices from control-power transformer.
- B. Control-Power Fuses: Primary and secondary fuses for current-limiting and overload protection of transformer and fuses for protection of control circuits.

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C. Control Wiring: Factory installed, with bundling, lacing, and protection included. Provide flexible conductors for No. 8 AWG and smaller, for conductors across hinges, and for conductors for interconnections between shipping units.

2.6 ACCESSORY COMPONENTS AND FEATURES

- A. Furnish accessory set including tools and miscellaneous items required for overcurrent protective device test, inspection, maintenance, and operation.
- B. Furnish portable test set to test functions of solid-state trip devices without removal from switchboard. Include relay and meter test plugs suitable for testing switchboard meters and switchboard class relays.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PROTECTION

A. Temporary Heating: Apply temporary heat to maintain temperature according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.2 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine elements and surfaces to receive switchboards for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- Install switchboards and accessories according to Α. NEMA PB 2.1 and NECA 40.
- Install switchboards and anchor to concrete bases В. according to utility or manufacturer's recommendations, seismic codes at Project, and requirements in Division 26 Section "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- C. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting eves, channels, and brackets and temporary blocking of moving parts from switchboard units and components.

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- Operating Instructions: Frame and mount the printed basic operating instructions for switchboards, including control and key interlocking sequences and emergency procedures. Fabricate frame of finished wood or metal and cover instructions with clear acrylic plastic. Mount on front of switchboards.
- Install overcurrent protective devices, transient voltage Ε. suppression devices, and instrumentation.
 - 1. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges.

3.4 ADJUSTING

Adjust circuit breaker trip and time delay settings to values as determined by the manufacturer, per section 260573.

3.5 IDENTIFICATION

- Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting Α. wiring, and components; provide warning signs as specified in Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification."
- Switchboard Nameplates: Label each switchboard compartment with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate mounted with corrosion-resistant screws. Each breaker or switch shall identify the load being served.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Prepare for acceptance tests as follows:
 - Test insulation resistance for each switchboard bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
 - Test continuity of each circuit.
- Testing: Perform the following field quality control tests in accordance with Division 26 section "Electrical Testing."
 - Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection stated in NETA ATS, Sections 7.1, 7.5, 7.6, 7.9, 7.10, 7.11, and 7.14 as appropriate. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - a. Do not perform any tests that require the circuit breaker to be removed from switchboard including

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- primary injection testing for breakers 800A and larger.
- b. For circuit breakers 800A and larger, verify all functions of trip unit by means of secondary injection in lieu of primary injection.
- Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- Perform the following infrared scan tests and inspections and prepare reports:
 - a. Initial Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each switchboard. Remove front panels so joints and connections are accessible to portable scanner.
 - b. Instruments, Equipment, and Reports:
 - 1) Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
 - 2) Prepare a certified report that identifies switchboards included and that describes scanning results. Include notation deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

3.7 CLEANING

On completion of installation, inspect interior and exterior of switchboards. Remove paint splatters and other spots. Vacuum dirt and debris; do not use compressed air to assist in cleaning. Repair exposed surfaces to match original finish.

3.8 DEMONSTRATION

Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain switchboards, overcurrent protective devices, instrumentation, and accessories.

END OF SECTION 16441

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SECTION 16442 - PANELBOARDS

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- Α. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Distribution panelboards.
 - 2. Lighting and appliance branch-circuit panelboards.
 - 3. Surge Protective Device panelboards.

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1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.
- B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- C. RFI: Radio-frequency interference.
- D. RMS: Root mean square.
- Ε. SPDT: Single pole, double throw.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of panelboard, overcurrent protective device, transient voltage suppression device, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensions and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.
- Shop Drawings: For each panelboard and related equipment.
 - Dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details. Show tabulations of installed devices, equipment features, and ratings. Include the following:
 - a. Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - b. Bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
 - c. Short-circuit current rating of panelboards and overcurrent protective devices.
 - d. Features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
 - Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Manufacturer Seismic Qualification Certification: certification that panelboards, overcurrent protective devices, accessories, and components will withstand seismic forces defined in Division 26 Section "Electrical Supports and Seismic Restraints." Include the following:
 - Basis of Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - a. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified."
 - b. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device

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when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic

- 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
- Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on 3. which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- Field quality-control test reports including the following:
 - Test procedures used.
 - 2. Test results that comply with requirements.
 - Results of failed tests and corrective action taken to achieve test results that comply with requirements.
- E. Panelboard Schedules: For installation in panelboards. Submit final versions after load balancing.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For panelboards and components to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 "Operation and Maintenance Data" include the following:
 - Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting overcurrent protective devices.
 - Time-current curves, including selectable ranges for each type of overcurrent protective device.

1.5 **OUALITY ASSURANCE**

- Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the Α. experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.
- Source Limitations: Obtain panelboards, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of panelboards and are based on the

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specific system indicated. Refer to Division 1 Section "Product Requirements."

- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- E. Comply with NEMA PB 1.
- F. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Ambient Temperature: Not exceeding 104 deg F.
 - 2. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.
- Service Conditions: NEMA PB 1, usual service conditions, as В. follows:
 - 1. Ambient temperatures within limits specified.
 - 2. Altitude not exceeding 6600 feet.
- C. Interruption of Existing Electric Service: Do not interrupt electric service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electric service according to requirements indicated:
 - Notify Construction Manager no fewer than seven days in advance of proposed interruption of electrical service.
 - Do not proceed with interruption of electrical service without Construction Manager's written permission.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of panelboards and components with other construction that penetrates walls or is supported by them, including electrical and other types of equipment, raceways, piping, and encumbrances to workspace clearance requirements.
- Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-В. bolt inserts into bases.

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1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Keys: Six spares for each type of panelboard cabinet lock.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - Panelboards, Overcurrent Protective Devices, Controllers, Contactors, and Accessories:
 - Square D (base bid bid price shall include Square D equipment).
 - b. Siemens.
 - c. Cutler-Hammer.
 - Surge Protective Device Panelboards:
 - a. Square D (base bid bid price shall include Square D equipment).
 - b. Siemens.
 - c. Cutler-Hammer.

2.2 MANUFACTURED UNITS

- Fabricate and test panelboards according to IEEE 344 to Α. withstand seismic forces defined in Division 26 Section "Electrical Supports and Seismic Restraints."
- Enclosures: Mounting as noted on panel schedules. NEMA PB 1, В. Type 1.
 - 1. Rated for environmental conditions at installed location.
 - a. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
 - b. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.
 - c. Hazardous Areas Indicated on Drawings: NEMA 250, Type 7C.
 - Cabinet Front: Flush or surface cabinet as noted on the Drawings, with front concealed trim clamps, piano type hinged dead front cover, hinged door, and flush lock all keved alike.
 - Finish: Manufacturer's standard enamel finish over corrosion-resistant treatment or primer coat.
 - Directory Card: With transparent protective cover, mounted in metal frame, inside panelboard door.

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- C. Cabinet Front: Flush or surface cabinet as noted on the Drawings.
 - Eaton LTDD (Piano hinge trim)
 - Square D Continuous piano hinge trim.
 - Siemens Figure 4 hinge to box w/piano hinge.
- D. Phase and Ground Buses:
 - 1. Material: Hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
 - Equipment Ground Bus: Adequate for feeder and branchcircuit equipment ground conductors; bonded to box.
 - Isolated Equipment Ground Bus: Adequate for branch-circuit equipment ground conductors; insulated from box as called out on panel schedules.
- E. Conductor Connectors: Suitable for use with conductor material.
 - 1. Main and Neutral Lugs: Mechanical type.
 - 2. Ground Lugs and Bus Configured Terminators: Compression
 - 3. Feed-Through Lugs: Mechanical type suitable for use with conductor material. Locate at opposite end of bus from incoming lugs or main device.
 - Double Lugs: Mechanical type mounted at location of main incoming lugs.
- Service Equipment Label: UL labeled for use as service equipment for panelboards with main service disconnect switches.
- G. Future Devices: Mounting brackets, bus connections, and necessary appurtenances required for future installation of devices.
- 2.3 PANELBOARD SHORT-CIRCUIT RATING
 - A. Fully rated to interrupt symmetrical short-circuit current available at terminals.
- 2.4 DISTRIBUTION PANELBOARDS
 - Main bus bars, neutral and ground, shall be copper and sized in accordance with U.L. Standards to limit temperature rise on any current carrying part to the maximums as indicated in UI,67.
 - B. Doors: Secured with vault-type latch with tumbler lock; keyed alike. Omit for fused-switch panelboards.

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- C. Main Overcurrent Protective Devices: Circuit breaker.
- D. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices:
 - 1. For Circuit-Breaker Frame Sizes 125 A and Smaller: Bolt-on circuit breakers.
 - For Circuit-Breaker Frame Sizes Larger Than 125 A: Bolt-on circuit breakers; plug-in circuit breakers where individual positive-locking device requires mechanical release for removal.
 - 3. Fused switches.
- Short Circuit Rating: 50,000 AIC min. for panelboard, unless Ε. indicated otherwise on the drawings.
- F. Enclosure Size: Enclosure shall be sized to provide adequate conduit knockout space and gutter wire-bending space for all future conduits and cables. Enclosures that are too small to accommodate future conduits and cables shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

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- Main bus bars, neutral and ground, shall be copper and sized in accordance with U.L. Standards to limit temperature rise on any current carrying part to the maximums as indicated in UL67.
- Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: Bolt-on circuit В. breakers, replaceable without disturbing adjacent units.
- C. Short circuit rating: 25,000 AIC min. for panelboard. 22,000 AIC min for 240 Vac or 25,000 AIC min. at 480 Vac for circuit breakers.
- Circuit breakers used for switching fluorescent lighting or for protecting air conditioning compressors shall be so listed.
- E. Circuit breakers used for feeding electrical heat tracing shall include ground fault equipment protection rated to trip at 30 ma.

2.6 SURGE PROTECTIVE DEVICE PANELBOARDS

- Surge Protection Device Description: Sine-wave tracking type with the following features and accessories:
 - 1. MOV technology for each suppression mode.

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- Fuses, rated at 200-kA interrupting capacity. Provide fusing for each suppression path.
- Fabrication using bolted compression lugs for internal wiring. No plug-in component modules, quick disconnect terminals or printed circuit boards shall be used in current-carrying paths.
- Direct bus bar mounting arrangement with copper bus bars for bolted connections to phase buses, neutral bus, and around bus.
- LED indicator lights for power and protection status for each phase mounted in panelboard front cover:
 - a. Green indicates fully operational circuit.
 - Red indicates loss of protection.
- EMI-RFI Noise Rejection: based on MIL-STD-E220A, 50-ohm standard Insertion Loss Test:
 - a. 34dB at 100 kHz.
 - b. 51dB at 1 MHz.
 - c. 54dB at 10 MHz.
 - d. 48dB at 100 MHz.
- 7. Redundant suppression circuits.
- 8. Redundant replaceable modules.
- Peak Single-Impulse Surge Current Rating: 80 kA per phase; 40 kA per mode based on a single pulse, IEEE C62.41 standard 8 x 20 microsecond waveform. Device shall not suffer more than 10% deviation in clamping voltage at specified surge current..
- Minimum Repetitive Surge Current Capability: 5,000 impulse per mode in accordance with ANSI/IEEE C62.41 and ANSI/IEEE C62.45-1992 utilizing a Category C3 bi-wave at one minute intervals without suffering either performance degradation or more than 10% deviation of specified UL 1449 Suppression Voltage Ratings at specified surge current.
- D. Connection Means: Bus mounted, parallel connection.
- Protection modes and UL 1449 Third Edition Listed and E. Recognized Component SVR for grounded wye circuits with voltages of 208Y/120, 3-phase, 4-wire circuits shall not exceed the following:
 - 1. Line to Neutral: 700 V for 208Y/120.
 - 2. Line to Ground: 700 V for 208Y/120.
 - 3. Neutral to Ground: 700 V for 208Y/120.
 - 4. Line to Line: 1500 V for 208Y/120.

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- F. Protection modes and UL 1449 Second Edition Listed and Recognized Component SVR for 240/120-V, single-phase, 3-wire circuits shall not exceed the following:
 - 1. Line to Neutral: 700 V.
 - 2. Line to Ground: 700 V.
 - 3. Neutral to Ground: 700 V.
 - 4. Line to Line: 1500 V
- Protection modes and UL 1449 SVR for 240/120-V, 3-phase, 4wire circuits with high leg shall be as follows:
 - 1. Line to Neutral: 700 V, 1500 V from high leg.
 - 2. Line to Ground: 700 V.
 - 3. Neutral to Ground: 700 V.
 - 4. Line to Line: 1500 V, 1500 V from high leg
- Protection modes and UL 1449 Second Edition Listed and Recognized Component SVR for voltages of 240, or 480, 3-phase, 3-wire, delta circuits shall not exceed the following:
 - 1. Line to Line: 2000 V for 240 V.
 - 2. Line to Ground: 2000 V for 240 V.

2.7 OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- Molded-Case Circuit Breaker: UL 489, with interrupting Α. capacity to meet available fault currents.
 - Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers: Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads, and instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger with restricted access cover.
 - Adjustable Instantaneous-Trip Circuit Breakers: Magnetic trip element with front-mounted, field-adjustable trip setting with restricted access cover.
 - Electronic trip-unit circuit breakers shall have RMS sensing; field-replaceable rating plug; and with the following field-adjustable settings with restricted access cover:
 - a. Instantaneous trip.
 - b. Long- and short-time pickup levels.
 - c. Long- and short-time time adjustments.
 - d. Ground-fault pickup level, time delay, and I²t response.
 - 4. Current-Limiting Circuit Breakers: Frame sizes 400 A and smaller; let-through ratings less than NEMA FU 1, RK-5.
 - GFCI Circuit Breakers: Single- and two-pole configurations with 5-mA trip sensitivity.

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- All settings to be determined and adjusted by the electrical testing agency. Coordinate settings with manufacturer's circuit breaker curves.
- Molded-Case Circuit-Breaker Features and Accessories: Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor materials.
 - Application Listing: Appropriate for application; Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HACR for heating, air-conditioning, and refrigerating equipment.
 - Ground-Fault Protection: Integrally mounted relay and trip unit with adjustable pickup and time-delay settings, pushto-test feature, and ground-fault indicator.
 - Communication Capability: Circuit-breaker-mounted communication module with functions and features compatible with power monitoring and control system specified in Division 26 Section "Electrical Power Monitoring and Control."
 - Shunt Trip: 120-V trip coil energized from separate circuit, set to trip at 55 percent of rated voltage.
 - Do not use tandem circuit breakers.
 - 7. Provide circuit breakers U.L. listed as type GFEPCI for all self regulating heating (snow melting and heat trace) cables branch circuits.
 - Provide lock on devices for circuit breakers when called out on panel schedules with "LOD" designation.
 - Provide ground fault interrupt 5ma circuit breaker when called out on panel schedules with "GFI" designation.
 - 10. Provide shunt trip breakers when called out on panel schedules with "STB" designation.
 - 11. Provide smart controllable circuit breakers when called out on panel schedules with "SMT" designation.
- C. Fused Switch: NEMA KS 1, Type HD; clips to accommodate specified fuses; lockable handle.
- D. Fuses are specified in Division 16 Section "Fuses."
- 2.8 ACCESSORY COMPONENTS AND FEATURES
 - Furnish accessory set including tools and miscellaneous items required for overcurrent protective device test, inspection, maintenance, and operation.

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PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install panelboards and accessories according to NEMA PB 1.1.
- Comply with mounting and anchoring requirements specified in Division 26 Section "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- C. Mount top of trim 74 inches above finished floor, unless otherwise indicated.
- Mount plumb and rigid without distortion of box. Mount D. recessed panelboards with fronts uniformly flush with wall finish.
- Ε. Install overcurrent protective devices and controllers.
 - 1. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges.
- Install filler plates in unused spaces. F.
- Stub four 1-inch empty conduits from recessed panelboard into G. accessible ceiling space or space designated to be ceiling space in the future. Stub four 1-inch empty conduits into raised floor space or below slab not on grade.
- Arrange conductors in gutters into groups and bundle and wrap with wire ties after completing load balancing.
- I. Color code circuit breakers and disconnect switches of fire alarm systems and emergency circuits with red paint. Provide lock-on clips on the circuit breaker handles.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, Α. and components; provide warning signs as specified in Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification."
- Create a directory to indicate installed circuit loads after В. balancing panelboard loads or created by retrofitting. Obtain approval before installing. Use a computer or typewriter to create directory; handwritten directories are not acceptable. Coordinate final directory room names and numbers with (owner) (facility engineer).

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C. Panelboard Nameplates: Label each panelboard with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate mounted with corrosionresistant screws.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Ground equipment according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- B. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Prepare for acceptance tests as follows:
 - Test insulation resistance for each panelboard bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
 - Test continuity of each circuit.
- Testing: Perform the following field quality control tests in accordance with Division 26 section "Electrical Testing"
 - Perform each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection stated in NETA ATS, Section 7.5 for switches and Section 7.6 for molded-case circuit breakers. Certify compliance with test parameters. Perform electrical tests on all breakers and switches 200A and above or that constitute a component of an emergency distribution Main circuit breakers in branch circuit system. panelboards 225A and below are not required to be tested.
 - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- C. Load Balancing: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, measure load balancing and make circuit changes.
 - Measure as directed during period of normal system loading.
 - Perform load-balancing circuit changes outside normal 2. occupancy/working schedule of the facility and at time directed. Avoid disrupting critical 24-hour services such as fax machines and on-line data processing, computing, transmitting, and receiving equipment.
 - After circuit changes, recheck loads during normal load period. Record all load readings before and after changes and submit test records.

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- Tolerance: Difference exceeding 20 percent between phase loads, within a panelboard, is not acceptable. Rebalance and recheck as necessary to meet this minimum requirement.
- Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scanning of each panelboard. Remove panel fronts so joints and connections are accessible to portable scanner.
 - Instrument: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
 - Record of Infrared Scanning: Prepare a certified report that identifies panelboards checked and describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

3.5 CLEANING

A. On completion of installation, inspect interior and exterior of panelboards. Remove paint splatters and other spots. Vacuum dirt and debris; do not use compressed air to assist in cleaning. Repair exposed surfaces to match original finish.

END OF SECTION 16442

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SECTION 16461 - DRY-TYPE TRANSFORMERS (600 V AND LESS)

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes the following types of dry-type transformers rated 600 V and less, with capacities up to 750 kVA:
 - 1. Distribution transformers.
 - 2. Buck-boost transformers.
 - 3. Isolation transformers.
 - 4. Control and signal transformers.
- B. Related Section includes the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Electrical General Requirements."

- 2. Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- 3. Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."
- 4. Division 16 Section "Raceways and Boxes."

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. ANSI/IEEE C57.12.9: Test Code for Dry-Type Distribution and Power Transformers
- B. NEMA 250: Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum)
- C. NEMA ST 1: Specialty Transformers
- NEMA ST 20: Dry Type Transformers for General Applications D.
- NEMA TP 1: Guide for Determining Energy Efficiency for Ε. Distribution Transformers
- F. NEMA TP 2: Standard Test Method for Measuring the Energy Consumption of Distribution Transformers
- G. NETA ATS: Acceptable Testing Specifications for Electrical Power Distribution Equipment and Systems
- H. NFPA 70: National Electrical Code
- I. UL 486A: Wire Connectors and Soldering Lugs for Use with Copper Conductors
- J. UL 486B: Wire Connectors for Use with Aluminum Conductors
- K. UL 506: Specialty Transformers
- L. UL 1561: Dry-Type General Purpose and Power Transformers

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- Product Data Include rated nameplate data, capacities, weights, dimensions, utility or manufacturer's anchorage and base recommendations, minimum clearances, installed devices and features, and performance for each type and size of transformer indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Wiring and connection diagrams.
- C. Manufacturer Seismic Qualification Certification: Submit certification that transformer assembly and components

will withstand seismic forces defined in Division 26 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Electrical Work." Include the following:

- Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
 - a. The term "withstand" means "the unit will remain in place without separation of any parts from the device when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the unit will be fully operational after the seismic event."
- 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
- Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- D. Qualification Data: Testing agency.
- E. Source quality-control test reports. Include loss data, efficiency at 25, 50, 75 and 100 percent rated load, and sound level.
- F. Output Settings Reports: Record of tap adjustments specified in Part 3.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is a member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association or is a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) as defined in OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7, and that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Person currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association to supervise onsite testing specified in Part 3.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with IEEE C 57.12.91.

- D. Comply with NFPA 70.
- E. Energy-Efficient Transformers Rated 15 kVA and Larger: Certified as meeting NEMA TP 1, Class 1 efficiency levels when tested according to NEMA TP 2.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- Temporary Heating: Apply temporary heat according to Α. manufacturer's written instructions within the enclosure of each ventilated-type unit, throughout periods during which equipment is not energized and when transformer is not in a space that is continuously under normal control of temperature and humidity.
- Store, protect, and handle products to site under В. provisions of Division 26 section "Electrical General Requirements."
- C. Deliver transformers individually wrapped for protection and mounted on shipping skids.
- D. Accept transformers on site. Inspect for damage.
- Store in a clean, dry space. Maintain factory wrapping or E. provide an additional heavy canvas or heavy plastic cover to protect units from dirt, water, construction debris, and traffic.
- F. Handle in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions. Lift only with lugs provided for the purpose. Handle carefully to avoid damage to transformer internal components, enclosure, and finish.

1.7 COORDINATION

- Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast Α. anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork shall meet load requirements. Requirements for concrete bases for electrical equipment are specified in Division 26 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- B. Coordinate installation of wall-mounting and structurehanging supports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Square D (base bid bid price shall include Square D equipment).
 - 2. Siemens.
 - 3. Cutler-Hammer.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Cores: Grain-oriented, non-aging silicon steel.
- B. Coils: Continuous windings without splices, except for taps.
 - 1. Internal Coil Connections: Brazed or pressure type.
 - 2. Coil Material: Copper.
- C. Vibration Isolation: Isolate core and coil from enclosure using vibration-absorbing mounts.
- D. Grounding: Ground core and coil assembly to enclosure by means of a visible flexible copper grounding strap.

2.3 DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMERS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and tested, air cooled, dry-type transformer rated for 60 Hz operation. Comply with NEMA ST 20, and list and label as complying with UL 1561.
- B. Provide transformers with base KVA as indicated without the use of internal cooling fans.
- Provide transformers that are internally braced to withstand seismic forces specified in Division 26 Section "Seismic Controls for Electrical Work."
- D. Cores: One leg per phase.
- Indoor Enclosure: Ventilated, NEMA 250, Type 2. Provide Ε. lifting eyes or brackets.
- F. Indoor Transformer Enclosure Finish: Comply with NEMA 250 for "Indoor Corrosion Protection."

- 1. Finish Color: Gray.
- G. Outdoor Enclosure: Ventilated, raintight, NEMA 250, Type 3R. Provide lifting eyes or brackets.
- Outdoor Transformer Enclosure Finish: Comply with NEMA 250 Η. for "Outdoor Corrosion Protection." 1. Finish Color: Gray.
- Insulation Class (15 kVA and larger): 220 deg C, ULcomponent-recognized insulation system with a maximum of 80 deg C rise above 40 deg C ambient temperature TP-1 compliant.
- J. Insulation Class (less than 15 kVA): 185 deg C, ULcomponent-recognized insulation system with a maximum of 80 deg C rise above 40 deg C ambient temperature.
- K. Basic Impulse Level: 10 kV.
- L. Taps for Transformers Smaller than 3 kVA: None.
- Taps for Transformers 7.5 to 24 kVA: One 5 percent tap above and one 5 percent tap below normal full capacity.
- Taps for Transformers 25 kVA and Larger: Two 2.5 percent Ν. taps above and two 2.5 percent taps below normal full capacity.
- O. Case Temperature: Do not exceed 35 degrees C rise above ambient at warmest point.
- P. Mounting: Suitable for mounting as indicated.
- Q. Wall Brackets: Manufacturer's standard brackets.
- Nameplate: Include transformer connection data and overload capacity based on rated allowable temperature rise.
- S. Sound Rating: Transformers shall have a sound rating 3dB below NEMA Standard (42dB for 10-50 kVA, 47 dB for 51-150 kVA, 52 db for 151-300 kVA, and 57 dB for 301-500 kVA rated transformers.

2.4 ISOLATION TRANSFORMERS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and -tested, air cooled, dry-type, shielded isolation transformer rated for 60 Hz operation. Comply with NEMA ST 20, and list and label as complying with UL 1561.
- B. General: Comply with the requirements specified for Distribution Transformers.
- C. Electrostatic Shielding: Each winding shall have an independent, single, full-width copper electrostatic shield arranged to minimize interwinding capacitance.
 - 1. Arrange coil leads and terminal strips to minimize capacitive coupling between input and output terminals.
 - 2. Include special terminal for grounding the shield.
 - 3. Shield Effectiveness:
 - a. Capacitance between Primary and Secondary Windings: Not to exceed 33 picofarads over a frequency range of 20 Hz to 1 MHz.
 - b. Common-Mode Noise Attenuation: Minus 120 dBA minimum at 0.5 to 1.5 kHz; minus 65 dBA minimum at 1.5 to 100 kHz.
 - c. Normal-Mode Noise Attenuation: Minus 52 dBA minimum at 1.5 to 10 kHz.

2.5 CONTROL AND SIGNAL TRANSFORMERS

- A. Description: Factory-assembled and tested, self-cooled, two-winding dry type, rated for continuous duty, and 60 Hz operation, complying with NEMA ST 1, and listed and labeled as complying with UL 506.
- B. Ratings: Continuous duty. If rating is not indicated, provide at least 50 percent spare capacity above connected peak load.

2.6 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- Α. Test and inspect transformers according to IEEE C57.12.91.
- Provide the following factory tests on each unit provided in accordance with NEMA ST 20:
 - 1. Voltage ratio.
 - 2. Polarity and phase relation.
 - 3. No load losses.

- Impedance (501 kVA and larger).
- 5. Applied and induced potential.
- C. Provide the factory tests on the actual transformers provided or on similar units identical to those provided in accordance with NEMA ST 20:
 - 1. Impedance (less than 501 kVA).
 - 2. Temperature rise.
 - 3. Audible sound level.
 - 4. Full load losses.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine conditions for compliance with enclosure- and ambient-temperature requirements for each transformer.
- B. Verify that field measurements are as needed to maintain working clearances required by NFPA 70 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Examine walls and floors for suitable mounting conditions where transformers will be installed.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 TNSTALLATION

- A. Install Products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- Install wall-mounting transformers level and plumb with wall brackets fabricated by transformer manufacturer.
 - 1. Brace wall-mounting transformers as specified in Division 26 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems."
- C. Install floor mounted transformers on and anchor to bases according to manufacturer's concrete recommendations, seismic codes at Project, and requirements in Division 26 section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems."
 - 1. Mount transformers on vibration isolating pads suitable for isolating the transformer noise from the building structure.

- D. Identification: Engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate mounted with corrosion resistant screws. Provide nameplate according to Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification" indicating the following:
 - 1. Transformer designation (e.g. "T-1").
 - 2. Primary power characteristics (e.g. "480V, 3PH, 3W").
 - 3. Secondary power characteristics (e.g. "208Y/120V, 3PH, 4W").
 - 4. Power rating (e.g. "75 kVA").
 - 5. Power source (e.g. "Fed from DP-1).

CONNECTIONS 3.3

- A. Ground equipment according to Division 26 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- Connect wiring according to Division 26 Section В. "Conductors and Cables."
- С. Provide conduit according to Division 26 Section "Raceways and Boxes" for connections to transformer case. Make conduit connections to side panel of enclosure.
- Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to D. manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- E. Check for damage and tighten connections prior to energizing transformer.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, including connections and to assist in field testing. Report results in writing.
 - 1. Verify that electrical wiring installation complies with manufacturer's written installation requirements.
- Testing: Perform the following field quality control tests В. in accordance with Division 26 section "Electrical Testing" for transformers 75KVA and above:
 - 1. Visual and Mechanical Inspection

- Inspect for physical damage, cracked insulators, tightness of connections, defective wiring and general mechanical and electrical conditions.
- Verify proper core grounding. b.
- c. Verify proper equipment grounding.
- Compare equipment nameplate with single line diagram and report discrepancies.

2. Electrical Tests

- Perform insulation resistance winding-to-winding and windings-to-ground, utilizing a meg-ohmmeter with test voltage output in accordance with N.E.T.A. Acceptance Testing Specifications, Table 10.5. Test duration shall be for 10 minutes with resistance values tabulated at 30 seconds, 1 minute, and 10 minutes. Calculate Polarization index.
- Perform a turns ratio test between windings at every tap position. The final tap setting is to be set at the secondary system rated voltage at full load or as directed by the Architect/Engineer.
- Verify proper secondary voltage phase-to-phase and phase-to-neutral after energization and prior to
- d. Test mounting and anchorage devices according to requirements in Division 26 Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems."

3. Test Values

- a. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with N.E.T.A. Acceptance Testing Specifications, Table 10.5. Results to be temperature corrected in accordance with Table 10.14.
- The polarization index should be above 1.2 unless an extremely high value is obtained initially, such that when doubled will not yield a meaningful value.
- c. Turns ratio test results shall not deviate more than one half percent (0.5%) from either the adjacent coils or the calculated ratio.

3.5 ADJUSTING

Record transformer secondary voltage at each unit for at least 48 hours of typical occupancy period. Adjust transformer taps to provide optimum voltage conditions at secondary terminals. Optimum is defined as not exceeding nameplate voltage plus 10 percent and not being lower than

nameplate voltage minus 5 percent. Submit recording and tap settings as test results.

- B. Adjust buck-boost transformers to provide nameplate voltage of equipment being served, plus or minus 5 percent, at secondary terminals.
- C. Output Settings Report: Prepare a written report recording output voltages and tap settings.

END OF SECTION 16461

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes the following: Α.
 - 1. Cartridge fuses rated 600 V and less for use in switches, switchboards, and controllers.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- Product Data: Include the following for each fuse type indicated:
 - Dimensions and manufacturer's technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, and ratings.
 - 2. Let-through current curves for fuses with currentlimiting characteristics.
 - 3. Time-current curves, coordination charts and tables, and related data.

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- 4. Fuse size for elevator feeders and elevator disconnect switches.
- Ambient Temperature Adjustment Information: If ratings of В. fuses have been adjusted to accommodate ambient temperatures, provide list of fuses with adjusted ratings.
 - For each fuse having adjusted ratings, include location of fuse, original fuse rating, local ambient temperature, and adjusted fuse rating.
 - 2. Provide manufacturer's technical data on which ambient temperature adjustment calculations are based.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For fuses to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
 - In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section " Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - a. Let-through current curves for fuses with currentlimiting characteristics.
 - b. Time-current curves, coordination charts and tables, and related data.
 - c. Ambient temperature adjustment information.

1.4 **OUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain fuses from a single manufacturer.
- Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and В. labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with:
 - 1. NEMA FU 1 Low Voltage Cartridge Fuses.
 - 2. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.
 - 3. UL 198C High-Interrupting-Capacity Fuses, Current-Limiting Types.
 - 4. UL 198E Class R Fuses.
 - 5. UL 512 Fuseholders.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

Where ambient temperature to which fuses are directly exposed is less than 40 deg F or more than 100 deg F, apply manufacturer's ambient temperature adjustment factors to fuse ratings.

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1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate fuse ratings with utilization equipment nameplate limitations of maximum fuse size.

1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - Fuses: Quantity equal to 10% percent of each fuse type and size, but no fewer than 3 of each type and size.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Cooper Bussman, Inc.
 - 2. Eagle Electric Mfg. Co., Inc.; Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - 3. Ferraz Shawmut, Inc.
 - 4. Tracor, Inc.; Littelfuse, Inc. Subsidiary.

2.2 CARTRIDGE FUSES

- Characteristics: NEMA FU 1, nonrenewable cartridge fuse; class and current rating indicated; voltage rating consistent with circuit voltage.
 - 1. Service Entrance: Class L, time delay.
 - 2. Feeders: Class J, time delay.
 - 3. Motor Branch Circuits: Class RK5, time delay.
 - 4. Other Branch Circuits: Class J, time delay.

2.3 FLUORESCENT AND H.I.D. LIGHTING BALLAST FUSES

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Cooper Bussman, Inc. GLR fuses with HLR holder.
 - 2. Tracor, Inc.; Littelfuse, Inc. Subsidiary LGR fuses with LHR-000 holder.
 - 3. Ferraz Shawmut, Inc. SLR fuses.
- B. Provide each fluorescent and HID lighting ballast with individual protection on the line side.

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- C. Provide fuse and holder mounted within or as part of the fixture.
- D. Provide fuse size and type recommended by the fixture manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine utilization equipment nameplates and installation instructions. Install fuses of sizes and with characteristics appropriate for each piece of equipment.
- B. Evaluate ambient temperatures to determine if fuse rating adjustment factors must be applied to fuse ratings.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Fuses shall be shipped separately. Any fuses shipped installed in equipment, shall be replaced by the Electrical Contractor with new fuses as specified above prior to energization at no additional expense to Owner. All fuses shall be stored in moisture free packaging at job site and shall be installed immediately prior to energization of the circuit in which it is applied.
- B. Install fuses in fusible devices. Arrange fuses so rating information is readable without removing fuses.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

A. Install labels indicating fuse replacement information on inside door of each fused switch.

END OF SECTION 16491

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SECTION 16511 - INTERIOR LIGHTING

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Interior lighting fixtures with lamps and ballasts.

- 2. Lighting fixtures mounted on exterior building surfaces.
- 3. Emergency lighting units.
- 4. Exit signs.
- 5. Accessories, including lighting fixture retrofitting.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Wiring Devices" for manual wall-box dimmers for incandescent lamps.
 - 2. Division 16 Section "Lighting Control Devices" for automatic control of lighting, including time switches, photoelectric relays, occupancy sensors, and multipole lighting relays and contactors.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. BF: Ballast factor. Ratio of light output of a given lamp(s) operated by the subject ballast to the light output of the same lamp(s) when operated on an ANSI reference circuit.
- B. CRI: Color rendering index.
- C. CU: Coefficient of utilization.
- D. LER: Luminaire efficiency rating, which is calculated according to NEMA LE 5. This value can be estimated from photometric data using the following formula:
 - 1. LER is equal to the product of total rated lamp lumens times BF times luminaire efficiency, divided by input watts.
- E. RCR: Room cavity ratio.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit under provisions of Section 16010.
- B. Product Data: For each type of lighting fixture scheduled, arranged in order of fixture designation. Submit as one package, bound together. Include data on features, accessories, finishes, and the following:
 - 1. Physical description of fixture, including dimensions and verification of indicated parameters.
 - 2. Emergency lighting unit battery and charger.
 - 3. Fluorescent and high-intensity-discharge ballasts.
 - 4. Air and Thermal Performance Data: For air-handling fixtures. Furnish data required in "Submittals" Article in Division 15 Section "Diffusers, Registers, and Grilles."

- Sound Performance Data: For air-handling fixtures. Indicate sound power level and sound transmission class in test reports certified according to standards specified in Division 15 Section "Diffusers, Registers and Grilles."
- 6. Lamps.
- 7. Photometric performance data.
- С. Shop Drawings: Show details of nonstandard or custom fixtures. Indicate dimensions, weights, methods of field assembly, components, features, and accessories.
- D. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
- E. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plan(s) and other details, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, based on input from installers of the items involved:
 - 1. Suspended ceiling components.
 - 2. Structural members to which lighting-fixture suspension systems will be attached.
 - 3. Other items in finished ceiling, including the following:
 - a. Air outlets and inlets.
 - b. Speakers.
 - c. Sprinklers.
 - d. Access panels.
 - 4. Perimeter moldings.
- Samples for Verification: For interior lighting fixtures designated for sample submission in the Interior Lighting Fixture Schedule.
 - 1. Lamps: Specified units installed.
 - 2. Ballast: 120-V models of specified ballast types.
 - 3. Accessories: Cords and plugs.
- G. Product Certificates: For each type of ballast for dimmercontrolled fixtures, signed by product manufacturer.
- H. Source quality-control test reports.
- I. Field quality-control test reports.
- Operation and Maintenance Data: For lighting equipment and J. fixtures to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - 1. Catalog data for each fixture. Include the diffuser, ballast, and lamps installed in that fixture.

K. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.5 **OUALITY ASSURANCE**

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

B. Comply with:

- 1. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.
- 2. NECA/IESNA 500-1998 Recommended Practice for Installing Indoor Commercial Lighting Systems.
- NECA/IESNA 502-1999 Recommended Practice for Installing Industrial Lighting Systems.
- 4. Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), May 1994.
- 5. Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA).
- 6. Code of Federal Regulations (47 CFR 37342).
- 7. Michigan Department of State Police, Fire Marshall Division Policy Number 11-06 "Plastic Materials as Interior Finishes" pertaining to the use of plastic lenses in lighting fixtures for health care facilities.
- 8. Michigan Department of Community Industry Services requirements that all lamps shall be protected from breakage. Exposed lamps are not acceptable.
- FMG Compliance: Fixtures for hazardous locations shall be listed and labeled for indicated class and division of hazard by FMG.
- D. NFPA 101 Compliance: Comply with visibility and luminance requirements for exit signs.

1.6 COORDINATION

Coordinate layout and installation of lighting fixtures and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

1.7 WARRANTY

Α. Special Warranty for Emergency Lighting Unit Batteries: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer of batterypowered emergency lighting unit agrees to repair or replace

components of rechargeable batteries that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

- Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion at each project. Full warranty shall apply for first year, and prorated warranty for the remaining nine years.
- В. Special Warranty for Fluorescent Ballasts: Manufacturer's standard form in which ballast manufacturer agrees to repair or replace ballasts that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - Warranty Period for Electronic Ballasts: Five years from date of Substantial Completion at each project.
- Manufacturer's Special Warranty for T8 Fluorescent Lamps: Manufacturer's standard form, made out to Owner and signed by lamp manufacturer agreeing to replace lamps that fail in materials or workmanship, f.o.b. the nearest shipping point to Project site, within specified warranty period indicated below.
 - 1. Warranty Period: One year from date of Substantial Completion at each project.

EXTRA MATERIALS 1.8

- Furnish extra materials described below that match products Α. installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - Lamps: 100 of each type and rating installed (LED tube lamps only, model as specified on drawings).
 - 2. Plastic Diffusers and Lenses: 6 of each type and rating installed.
 - 3. Fluorescent Emergency Battery Units: 3 of each type and rating installed.
 - 4. Ballasts: 6 of each type and rating installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS 2.1

- In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.

- 2.2 FIXTURES AND COMPONENTS, GENERAL
 - A. Recessed Fixtures: Comply with NEMA LE 4 for ceiling compatibility for recessed fixtures.
 - Incandescent Fixtures: Comply with UL 1598. Where LER is В. specified, test according to NEMA LE 5A.
 - C. Fluorescent Fixtures: Comply with UL 1598. Where LER is specified, test according to NEMA LE 5 and NEMA LE 5A as applicable.
 - D. HID Fixtures: Comply with UL 1572. Where LER is specified, test according to NEMA LE 5B.
 - Metal Parts: Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges. Ε.
 - Sheet Metal Components: Steel, unless otherwise indicated. F. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.
 - Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access: Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions, and designed to permit relamping without use of tools. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position.
 - H. Reflecting surfaces shall have minimum reflectance as follows, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. White Surfaces: 85 percent.
 - 2. Specular Surfaces: 83 percent.
 - 3. Diffusing Specular Surfaces: 75 percent.
 - 4. Laminated Silver Metallized Film: 90 percent.
 - Plastic Diffusers, Covers, and Globes:
 - Acrylic Lighting Diffusers: 100 percent virgin acrylic plastic. High resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
 - a. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125 inch minimum unless different thickness is scheduled.
 - b. UV stabilized.
 - 2. Glass: Annealed crystal glass, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Electromagnetic-Interference Filters: A component of fixture J. assembly. Suppress conducted electromagnetic-interference as required by MIL-STD-461D. Fabricate lighting fixtures with one filter on each ballast indicated to require a filter.

- Air-Handling Fluorescent Fixtures: For use with plenum ceiling for air return and heat extraction and for attaching an airdiffuser-boot assembly specified in Division 15 Section "Diffusers, Registers, and Grilles."
 - 1. Air Supply Units: Slots in one or both side trims join with air-diffuser-boot assemblies.
 - Heat Removal Units: Air path leads through lamp cavity.
 - Combination Heat Removal and Air Supply Unit: Heat is removed through lamp cavity at both ends of the fixture door with air supply same as for air supply units.
 - Dampers: Operable from outside fixture for control of return-air volume.
 - Static Fixtures: Air supply slots are blanked off, and fixture appearance matches active units.
- L. General: Install ballasts, lamps, and specified accessories at factory. Replace and install any damaged lamps on project site.

2.3 LIGHTING FIXTURES

A. As indicated on the drawings.

FLUORESCENT LAMP BALLASTS 2.4

- Description: Include the following features, unless otherwise indicated:
 - Designed for type and quantity of lamps indicated at full light output except for emergency lamps powered by infixture battery-packs.
 - Externally fused with slow-blow type rated between 2.65 and 3.0 times the line current.
- Program rapid start electronic ballasts for linear lamps shall include the following features, unless otherwise indicated:
 - Products: 1.
 - a. Advance.
 - b. Universal Lighting.
 - Comply with NEMA C82.11.
 - Ballast Type: Programmed rapid start, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Programmed Start: Ballasts with two-step lamp starting to extend life of frequently started lamps.
 - Sound Rating: A.
 - Total harmonic distortion rating of less than 10 percent according to NEMA C82.11. Input current third harmonic content shall not exceed 10%.

- Lamp end-of-life detection and shutdown circuit.
- Transient Voltage Protection: IEEE C62.41, Category A.
- Operating Frequency: 25 kHz or higher, and operate without visible flicker.
- 10. Lamp Current Crest Factor: Less than 1.7.
- 11. Parallel Lamp Circuits: Multiple lamp ballasts connected to maintain full light output on surviving lamps if one or more lamps fail.
- 12. Power factor shall be 90% minimum.
- 13. Ballast factor shall be .875 to 1.00.
- Electromagnetic ballasts for linear lamps shall have the following features, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Products:
 - a. Advance.
 - b. Universal Lighting Technologies
 - Comply with NEMA C82.1.
 - Type: Energy-saving, high power factor, Class P, automatic-reset thermal protection.
 - Ballast Manufacturer Certification: Indicated by label.
 - 5. Provide lamp end-of-life detection and shutdown circuit for T5 diameter lamps.
 - 6. Provide ballast suitable for lamps specified.
 - Ballast shall not exceed sound level above Class A.
- Ballasts for dimmer-controlled fixtures shall comply with D. general and fixture-related requirements above for electronic ballasts and the following features:
 - 1. Products:
 - a. Advance: Mark 10.
 - b. Lutron.
 - 2. Dimming Range: 100 to 5 percent of rated lamp lumens.
 - Ballast Input Watts: Can be reduced to 20 percent of normal.
 - Compatibility: Certified by manufacturer for use with specific dimming system indicated.
 - 5. Provide ballast suitable for specified lamp type.
- Ballasts for Low-Temperature Environments:
 - Temperatures 0 deg F and Higher: Electronic or electromagnetic type rated for 0 deg F minus 17 deg C starting temperature.
 - 2. Temperatures Minus 20 deg F (Minus 29 deg C) and Higher: Electromagnetic type designed for use with high-output lamps.

F. Ballasts for Low Electromagnetic-Interference Environments: Comply with 47 CFR, Chapter 1, Part 18, Subpart C, for limitations on electromagnetic and radio-frequency interference for consumer equipment.

2.5 EXIT SIGNS

- A. General: Comply with UL 924; for sign colors and lettering size, comply with authorities having jurisdiction.
- Internally Lighted Signs: В.
 - Lamps for AC Operation: Incandescent, 2 for each fixture, 50,000 hours of rated lamp life.
 - Lamps for AC Operation: Fluorescent, 2 for each fixture, 20,000 hours of rated lamp life.
 - Lamps for AC Operation: Light-emitting diodes, 70,000 hours minimum of rated lamp life.
 - 4. Additional Lamps for DC Operation: Two minimum, bayonetbase type, for connection to external dc source.
- C. Self-Powered Exit Signs (Battery Type): Integral automatic charger in a self-contained power pack.
 - 1. Battery: Sealed, maintenance-free, nickel-cadmium type with special warranty.
 - 2. Charger: Fully automatic, solid-state type with sealed transfer relay.
 - 3. Operation: Relay automatically energizes lamp from battery when circuit voltage drops to 80 percent of nominal voltage or below. When normal voltage is restored, relay disconnects lamps from battery, and battery is automatically recharged and floated on charger.
- D. Provide edge lit signs with a mirror plaque background.

2.6 EMERGENCY LIGHTING UNITS

- General: Self-contained units complying with UL 924.
 - 1. Battery: Sealed, maintenance-free, lead-acid type with minimum 10-year nominal life and special warranty.
 - 2. Charger: Fully automatic, solid-state type with sealed transfer relay.
 - 3. Operation: Relay automatically turns lamp on when power supply circuit voltage drops to 80 percent of nominal voltage or below. Lamp automatically disconnects from battery when voltage approaches deep-discharge level. When normal voltage is restored, relay disconnects lamps from

- battery, and battery is automatically recharged and floated on charger.
- Wire Guard: Where indicated, heavy-chrome-plated wire quard protects lamp heads or fixtures.
- 5. Integral Time-Delay Relay: Holds unit on for fixed interval when power is restored after an outage; time delay permits high-intensity-discharge lamps to restrike and develop adequate output.

2.7 FLUORESCENT EMERGENCY BATTERY UNITS

- Internal Type: Self-contained, modular, battery-inverter unit factory mounted within fixture body. Comply with UL 924.
 - 1. Emergency Connection: Operate one fluorescent continuously. Connect unswitched circuit to batteryinverter unit and switched circuit to fixture ballast.
 - 2. Night Light Connection: Emergency Light Fixtures shall NOT be connected as Night Lights.
 - Test Switch and Light-Emitting-Diode Indicator Light: Visible and accessible without opening fixture or entering ceiling space. Install remote test switch and plate in adjacent ceiling tile.
 - Battery: Sealed, maintenance-free, nickel-cadmium type with minimum seven-year nominal life.
 - 5. Charger: Fully automatic, solid-state, constant-current type.
 - 6. Lamp Ratings:

	Minimum Lumen Output
Lamp Type	(two lamps)
F28T8	1400
F54T5HO	1400

- 7. Universal transformer to operate at 120 volt or 277 volt.
- Products, linear fluorescent:
 - a. Lithonia PS1400 (with quick disconnect).
 - b. Equal by Bodine, Dual Lite or Iota (with quick disconnect that matches the Lithonia PS1400). Do not bid if quick disconnect is not identical to the Lithonia PS1400.

2.8 EMERGENCY LOAD TRANSFER DEVICE

- Α. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Nine-24, Inc.: BLTC Series.
 - 2. Bodine GTD Series.
 - 3. Dual Lite.

- 4. LVS.
- 5. Side-Lite.
- B. Description: Localized load transfer switch to sense normal presence of normal power for switched circuits and switch luminaire over to emergency source upon loss of normal source. Device shall be installed integral to luminaire or mounted remotely as application required.
- C. U.L. 924 Listed.
- Integral test switch and indicating lamps to indicate status. D.

FLUORESCENT LAMPS 2.9

- A. Low-Mercury Lamps: Comply with Federal toxic characteristic leaching procedure test, and yield less than 0.2 mg of mercury per liter, when tested according to NEMA LL 1.
- B. T5HO rapid start low-mercury lamps, rated 54 W maximum, nominal length of 45.2 inches 1148 mm, 4600 initial lumens (minimum), CRI greater than 80, color temperature 4100 K, and average rated life of 30,000 hours, unless otherwise indicated.
- T8 rapid-start low-mercury lamps, rated 28 W maximum, 2650 initial lumens (minimum), CRI of 80 (minimum), color temperature of 4100 K, and average rated life of 80,000 hours at 3 hours operation per start, unless otherwise indicated.
- T8 rapid-start low-mercury lamps, rated 17 W maximum, nominal length of 24 inches610 mm, 1300 initial lumens (minimum), CRI of 80 (minimum), color temperature of 4100 K, and average rated life of 60,000 hours at 3 hours operation per start, unless otherwise indicated
- Fluorescent Lamp Manufacturers:
 - 1. Osram Sylvania.
 - 2. General Electric.
 - 3. Philips.

2.10 FIXTURE SUPPORT COMPONENTS

A. Comply with Division 26 Section "Electrical Supports" for channel- and angle-iron supports and nonmetallic channel and angle supports.

- Single-Stem Hangers: 1/2-inch steel tubing with swivel ball fittings and ceiling canopy. Finish same as fixture.
- Twin-Stem Hangers: Two, 1/2-inch steel tubes with single С. canopy designed to mount a single fixture. Finish same as fixture.
- Wires: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 3, soft temper, zinc-coated, 12 gage.
- Wires For Humid Spaces: ASTM A 580/A 580M, Composition 302 or Ε. 304, annealed stainless steel, 12 gage.
- Rod Hangers: 3/16-inch- minimum diameter, cadmium-plated, F. threaded steel rod.
- Hook Hangers: Integrated assembly matched to fixture and line G. voltage and equipped with threaded attachment, cord, and locking-type plug.
- Η. Aircraft Cable Support: Use cable, anchorages, and intermediate supports recommended by fixture manufacturer.

2.11 FINISHES

- Fixtures: Manufacturers' standard, unless otherwise indicated. Α.
 - 1. Paint Finish: Applied over corrosion-resistant treatment or primer, free of defects.
 - 2. Metallic Finish: Corrosion resistant.

2.12 FLUORESCENT FIXTURE RETROFIT MATERIALS

- Comply with UL 1598 listing requirements.
 - 1. Reflector Kit: UL 1598, Type I. Suitable for two- to fourlamp, surface-mounted or recessed lighting fixtures by improving reflectivity of fixture surfaces. No electrical parts are to be changed.
 - Ballast and Lamp Change Kit: UL 1598, Type II. Suitable for changing existing ballast, lamps, and sockets as scheduled.

2.13 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

Provide services of a qualified, independent testing and inspecting agency to factory test fixtures with ballasts and lamps; certify results for electrical ratings and photometric data.

Factory test fixtures with ballasts and lamps; certify results for electrical ratings and photometric data.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturers instructions.
- B. Locate recessed ceiling luminaires as indicated on reflected ceiling plan.
- C. Fixtures: Set level, plumb, and square with ceilings and walls. Install lamps in each fixture.
- Support for Fixtures in or on Grid-Type Suspended Ceilings: D. Use grid for support.
 - Install a minimum of four ceiling support system rods or wires for each fixture. Locate not more than 6 inches from fixture corners.
 - 2. Support Clips: Fasten to fixtures and to ceiling grid members at or near each fixture corner with clips that are UL listed for the application.
 - 3. Fixtures of Sizes Less Than Ceiling Grid: Install as indicated on reflected ceiling plans or center in acoustical panel, and support fixtures independently with at least two 3/4-inch metal channels spanning and secured to ceiling tees.
- Support luminaires independent of ceiling framing. Support recessed grid luminaries from two opposite corners directly to structure. Wire or rod shall have breaking strength of the weight of fixture at a safety factor of 3.
- Exposed Grid Ceilings: Support surface mounted luminaires on grid ceiling directly from building structure.
- G. Install recessed luminaires to permit removal from below.
- Η. Install recessed luminaires using accessories and firestopping materials to meet regulatory requirements for fire rating.
- Suspended Fixture Support: As follows: I.
 - Install suspended luminaires and exit signs using pendants supported from swivel hangers except where noted to use chain hangers. Provide pendant length required to suspend luminaire at indicated height.

- 2. Pendants and Rods: Where longer than 48 inches, brace to limit swinging.
- 3. Stem-Mounted, Single-Unit Fixtures: Suspend with twin-stem hangers.
- 4. Continuous Rows: Use tubing or stem for wiring at one point and tubing or rod for suspension for each unit length of fixture chassis, including one at each end.
- 5. Continuous Rows: Suspend from cable.
- J. Air-Handling Fixtures: Install with dampers closed and ready for adjustment.
- K. Adjust aimable fixtures to provide required light intensities.
- L. Install surface mounted luminaires and exit signs plumb and adjust to align with building lines and with each other. Secure to prohibit movement.
- M. Where fluorescent fixtures are shown with dual switches, connect all inner lamps to one switch and all outer lamps to the other switch. Dim the inner lamps where a dimmer switch is shown.
- N. Connect night light fixtures and emergency lighting fixtures to the hot (unswitched) side of lighting circuits.
- O. Provide green grounding conductors back to the panel ground for lighting circuits. Raceways shall not be used as grounding conductors.
- P. Fixtures shall have their exterior labels removed and shall be thoroughly cleaned. Non-functioning lamps shall be replaced.
- Q. Mount fluorescent emergency lighting battery packs in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Locate the remote test/monitor modules identically so that they are visible and they form a straight line when viewed from the end of the corridor or room. Where a suspended ceiling exists, center the modules in adjacent ceiling tiles.
- R. Mount sealed beam emergency lighting units where shown and aim their lamps to light the egress path as uniformly as possible.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If

- manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- B. Make wiring connections to branch circuit using building wire with insulation suitable for temperature conditions within luminaire.
- C. Bond products and metal accessories to branch circuit equipment grounding conductor.
- D. Connect luminaires to branch circuit outlet boxes provided under Section 16130 using 1/2" flexible conduit.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect each installed fixture for damage. Replace damaged fixtures and components.
- B. Examine each luminaire to determine suitability for lamps specified.
- C. Verify normal operation of each fixture after installation.
- D. Test for Emergency Lighting: Interrupt power supply to demonstrate proper operation. Verify normal transfer to battery power source and retransfer to normal.
- E. Prepare a written report of tests, inspections, observations, and verifications indicating and interpreting results. If adjustments are made to lighting system, retest to demonstrate compliance with standards.
- F. Corroded Fixtures: During warranty period, replace fixtures that show any signs of corrosion.
- G. Check for variance in lamp color temperature throughout project.
- H. Spot check for lamp output level from start up through 10 minute duration and make rotation.
- I. All fluorescent and H.I.D. lamps shall be allowed to run a minimum of 100 hours, continuously, prior to punchlist or any dimming.
- J. A visual inspection shall be performed to verify cleanliness and alignment of the fixtures, misalignment and light leaks

shall be corrected, and rattles due to ventilation system vibration shall be eliminated.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Aim and adjust luminaires as directed by the Architect/Engineer.
- B. Adjust exit sign directional arrows as indicated on Drawings.
- C. Relamp luminaires that have failed lamps at Substantial Completion.
- D. Adjust all "low end trim" settings of dimming switches prior to punchlist.
- Adjust and calibrate all dimming system controls until the Ε. system works as designed. Contact the Architect/Engineer when dimming is complete and demonstrate operation to owner's representative and Architect/Engineer.

3.5 CLEANING

- A. Clean electrical parts to remove conductive and deleterious materials.
- B. Remove dirt and debris from enclosures and lenses.
- C. Clean photometric control surfaces as recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Clean finishes and touch up damage.

END OF SECTION 16511

SECTION 16521 - EXTERIOR LIGHTING

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Exterior luminaires with lamps and ballasts.
 - 2. Luminaire-mounted photoelectric relays.
 - 3. Poles and accessories.
 - 4. Luminaire lowering devices.

- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 26 Section "Interior Lighting" for exterior luminaires normally mounted on exterior surfaces of buildings.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. CRI: Color-rendering index.
- B. HID: High-intensity discharge.
- C. Luminaire: Complete lighting fixture, including ballast housing if provided.
- D. Pole: Luminaire support structure, including tower used for large area illumination.
- Ε. Standard: Same definition as "Pole" above.

1.4 STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS CRITERIA FOR POLE SELECTION

- Dead Load: Weight of luminaire and its horizontal and vertical supports, lowering devices, and supporting structure, applied as stated in AASHTO LTS-4.
- B. Live Load: Single load of 500 lbf, distributed as stated in AASHTO LTS-4.
- C. Ice Load: Load of 3 lbf/sq. ft., applied as stated in AASHTO LTS-4.
- Wind Load: Pressure of wind on pole and luminaire, calculated and applied as stated in AASHTO LTS-4.
 - 1. Wind speed for calculating wind load for poles exceeding 50 feet in height is 70 mph
 - 2. Wind speed for calculating wind load for poles 50 feet or less in height is 70 mph.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each luminaire, pole, and support component, arranged in order of lighting unit designation. Include data on features, accessories, finishes, and the following:
 - 1. Physical description of luminaire, including materials, dimensions, effective projected area, and verification of indicated parameters.

- Details of attaching luminaires and accessories.
- Details of installation and construction.
- 4. Luminaire materials.
- Photometric data based on laboratory tests of each luminaire type, complete with indicated lamps, ballasts, and accessories.
 - a. For indicated luminaires, photometric data shall be certified by a qualified independent testing agency. Photometric data for remaining luminaires shall be certified by manufacturer.
 - Photometric data shall be certified b. manufacturer's laboratory with a current accreditation under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- 6. Photoelectric relays.
- 7. Ballasts, including energy-efficiency data.
- Lamps, including life, output, and energy-efficiency data.
- 9. Materials, dimensions, and finishes of poles.
- 10. Means of attaching luminaires to supports, and indication that attachment is suitable for components involved.
- 11. Anchor bolts for poles.
- 12. Manufactured pole foundations.

Shop Drawings: В.

- 1. Anchor-bolt templates keyed to specific poles and certified by manufacturer.
- 2. Design calculations, certified by a qualified professional engineer, indicating strength of screw foundations and soil conditions on which they are based.
- 3. Wiring Diagrams: Power and control wiring.
- Samples for Verification: For products designated for sample submission in Exterior Lighting Device Schedule. Each sample shall include lamps and ballasts.
- Pole and Support Component Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of poles, certifying that products are designed for indicated load requirements in AASHTO LTS-4 and that load imposed by luminaire has been included in design.
- E. Qualification Data: For agencies providing photometric

data for lighting fixtures.

- F. Field quality-control test reports.
- G. Operation and Maintenance Data: For luminaires and poles luminaire lowering devices to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
- H. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Provided by manufacturers' laboratories that are accredited under the National Volunteer Laboratory Accreditation Program for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- Photometric Data Testing Laboratory B. Luminaire Qualifications: Provided by an independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is an NRTL as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7.
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- D. Comply with IEEE C2, "National Electrical Safety Code."
- E. Comply with NFPA 70.
- 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
 - A. Package aluminum poles for shipping according to ASTM B 660.
 - B. Store poles on decay-resistant-treated skids at least 12 inches above grade and vegetation. Support poles to prevent distortion and arrange to provide free air circulation.
 - C. Handle wood poles so they will not be damaged. Do not use pointed tools that can indent pole surface more than 1/4 inch deep. Do not apply tools to section of pole to be installed below ground line.

- Retain factory-applied pole wrappings on fiberglass and laminated wood poles until right before pole installation. Handle poles with web fabric straps.
- Retain factory-applied pole wrappings on metal poles until right before pole installation. For poles with nonmetallic finishes, handle with web fabric straps.

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace products that fail in materials or workmanship; that corrode; or that fade, stain, perforate, erode, or chalk due to effects of weather or solar radiation within specified warranty period. Warranty shall include parts and labor.
 - Warranty Period for Luminaires: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - Warranty Period for Metal Corrosion: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - Warranty Period for Color Retention: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - Warranty Period for Lamps: Replace lamps and fuses that fail within 5 years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - Warranty Period for Poles: Repair or replace lighting poles and standards that fail in finish, materials, and workmanship within manufacturer's standard warranty period, but not less than five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce Α. lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.
 - Basis of Design Product: The design of each item of exterior luminaire and its support is based on the product named. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide either the named product or a comparable product by one of the other manufacturers specified.

2.2 LUMINAIRES, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Luminaires shall comply with UL 1598 and be listed and labeled for installation in wet locations by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Comply with IESNA RP-8 for parameters of lateral light distribution patterns indicated for luminaires.
- C. Metal Parts: Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges.
- D. Sheet Metal Components: Corrosion-resistant aluminum, unless otherwise indicated. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.
- Housings: Rigidly formed, weather- and light-tight enclosures that will not warp, sag, or deform in use. Provide filter/breather for enclosed luminaires.
- F. Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access: Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions, and designed to permit relamping without use of tools. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position. Doors shall be removable for cleaning or replacing lenses. Designed to disconnect ballast when door opens.
- G. Exposed Hardware Material: Stainless steel.
- H. Plastic Parts: High resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
- I. Light Shields: Metal baffles, factory installed and field adjustable, arranged to block light distribution to indicated portion of normally illuminated area or field.
- J. Reflecting surfaces shall have minimum reflectance as follows, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. White Surfaces: 85 percent.
 - 2. Specular Surfaces: 83 percent.
 - 3. Diffusing Specular Surfaces: 75 percent.
- K. Lenses and Refractors Gaskets: Use heat- and agingresistant resilient gaskets to seal and cushion lenses and refractors in luminaire doors.

- L. Luminaire Finish: Manufacturer's standard paint applied to factory-assembled and -tested luminaire before shipping. Where indicated, match finish process and color of pole or support materials.
- Factory-Applied Finish for Steel Luminaires: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - 1. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 1, "Solvent Cleaning," to remove dirt, oil, grease, and other contaminants that could impair paint bond. Grind welds and polish surfaces to a smooth, even finish. Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, complying with SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning," or SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling."
 - Exterior Surfaces: Manufacturer's standard finish consisting of one or more coats of primer and two finish coats of high-gloss, high-build polyurethane enamel.
 - a. Color: As selected from manufacturer's standard catalog of colors.
 - b. Color: Match Architect's sample of custom color.
 - c. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- Ν. Factory-Applied Finish for Aluminum Luminaires: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
 - Natural Satin Finish: Provide fine, directional, medium satin polish (AA-M32); buff complying with AA-M20; and seal aluminum surfaces with clear, hard-coat wax.
 - Class I, Clear Anodic Finish: AA-M32C22A41 (Mechanical Finish: medium satin; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, clear coating 0.018 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
 - Class I, Color Anodic Finish: AA-M32C22A42/A44 (Mechanical Finish: medium satin; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, integrally colored or electrolytically

deposited color coating 0.018 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.

a. Color: as specified on fixture schedule.

2.3 FLUORESCENT BALLASTS AND LAMPS

- A. Low-Temperature Ballast Capability: Rated by its manufacturer for reliable starting and operation of indicated lamp(s) at temperatures minus 20 deg F and higher.
- Ballast Characteristics: В.
 - 1. Power Factor: 90 percent, minimum.
 - 2. Sound Rating: A.
 - 3. Total Harmonic Distortion Rating: Less than 10 percent.
 - 4. Electromagnetic Ballasts: Comply with ANSI C82.1, energy-saving, high power factor, Class P, automaticreset thermal protection.
 - Case Temperature for Compact Lamp Ballasts: 65 deg C, maximum.
 - Transient-Voltage Protection: Comply with IEEE C62.41 Category A or better.
- C. Low-Temperature Lamp Capability: Rated for reliable starting and operation with ballast provided at temperatures minus 20 deg and higher.
- D. Fluorescent Lamps: Low-mercury type. Comply with the EPA's toxicity characteristic leaching procedure test; shall yield less than 0.2 mg of mercury per liter when tested according to NEMA LL 1.
- POLES AND SUPPORT COMPONENTS, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS 2.4
 - Structural Characteristics: Comply with AASHTO LTS-4.
 - Wind-Load Strength of Poles: Adequate at indicated heights above grade without failure, permanent deflection, or whipping in steady winds of speed indicated in Part 1 "Structural Analysis Criteria for Pole Selection" Article, with a gust factor of 1.3.
 - Strength Analysis: For each pole, multiply the actual equivalent projected area of luminaires and brackets by a factor of 1.1 to obtain the equivalent projected area to be used in pole selection strength analysis.
 - B. Luminaire Attachment Provisions: Comply with luminaire

manufacturers' mounting requirements. Use stainless-steel fasteners and mounting bolts, unless otherwise indicated.

- C. Mountings, Fasteners, and Appurtenances: Corrosionresistant items compatible with support components.
 - 1. Materials: Shall not cause galvanic action at contact points.
 - 2. Anchor Bolts, Leveling Nuts, Bolt Caps, and Washers: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication, unless stainless-steel items are indicated.
 - 3. Anchor-Bolt Template: Plywood or steel.
- D. Concrete Pole Foundations: Cast in place, with anchor bolts to match pole-base flange. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork are specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- E. Power-Installed Screw Foundations: Factory fabricated by pole manufacturer, with structural steel complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M and hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 123/A 123M; and with top-plate and mounting bolts to match pole base flange and strength required to support pole, luminaire, and accessories.

2.5 ALUMINUM POLES

- A. Poles: Seamless, extruded structural tube complying with ASTM B 429, Alloy 6063-T6 with access handhole in pole wall.
- Poles: ASTM B 209, 5052-H34 marine sheet alloy with access В. handhole in pole wall.
 - 1. Shape: Square, straight.
 - 2. Mounting Provisions: Butt flange for bolted mounting on foundation or breakaway support.
- C. Pole-Top Tenons: Fabricated to support luminaire or luminaires and brackets indicated, and securely fastened to pole top.
- D. Grounding and Bonding Lugs: Welded 1/2-inch threaded lug, complying with requirements in Division 26 Section "Grounding and Bonding," listed for attaching grounding and bonding conductors of type and size listed in that Section, and accessible through handhole.

- Brackets for Luminaires: Detachable, with pole and adapter fittings of cast aluminum. Adapter fitting welded to pole and bracket, then bolted together with stainless-steel bolts.
 - Tapered oval cross section, with straight tubular end 1. section to accommodate luminaire.
 - 2. Finish: Same as pole.
- F. Prime-Coat Finish: Manufacturer's standard prime-coat finish ready for field painting.
- G. Aluminum Finish: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
 - Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
 - 2. Natural Satin Finish: Provide fine, directional, medium satin polish (AA-M32); buff complying with AA-M20; and seal aluminum surfaces with clear, hard-coat wax.
 - Class I, Clear Anodic Finish: AA-M32C22A41 (Mechanical Finish: medium satin; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, clear coating 0.018 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
 - Class I, Color Anodic Finish: AA-M32C22A42/A44 (Mechanical Finish: medium satin; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, integrally colored or electrolytically deposited color coating 0.018 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
 - a. Color: Dark bronze.

2.6 POLE ACCESSORIES

- A. Base Covers: Manufacturers' standard metal units, arranged to cover pole's mounting bolts and nuts. Finish same as pole.
- B. Vibration Dampener: For all steel lighting poles taller than 15', provide factory or field installed vibration dampening device to eliminate second mode or higher resonance that can occur with low velocity steady state winds. Vibration dampeners shall be installed inside of the poles. Dampening method shall be steel chain encased in a plastic tube approximately 2/3 the length of the pole.

Coordinate all requirements with pole manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 LUMINAIRE INSTALLATION

- A. Install exterior lighting system per N.E.C.A./I.E.S.N.A. 501-2006.
- В. Install lamps in each luminaire.
- C. Fasten luminaire to indicated structural supports.
 - 1. Use fastening methods and materials selected to resist seismic forces defined for the application approved by manufacturer.
- Adjust luminaires that require field adjustment or aiming. Include adjustment of photoelectric device to prevent false operation of relay by artificial light sources.

POLE INSTALLATION 3.2

- A. Align pole foundations and poles for optimum directional alignment of luminaires and their mounting provisions on the pole.
- B. Clearances: Maintain the following minimum horizontal distances of poles from surface and underground features, unless otherwise indicated on Drawings:
 - Fire Hydrants and Storm Drainage Piping: 60 inches.
 - 2. Water, Gas, Electric, Communication, and Sewer Lines: 10 feet.
 - 3. Trees: 15 feet.
- C. Concrete Pole Foundations: Set anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt templates furnished by pole manufacturer. Concrete materials, installation, and finishing requirements are specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- Foundation-Mounted Poles: Mount pole with leveling nuts, and tighten top nuts to torque level recommended by pole manufacturer.
 - 1. Use anchor bolts and nuts selected to resist seismic forces defined for the application and approved by manufacturer.
 - 2. Grout void between pole base and foundation. Use

- nonshrink or expanding concrete grout firmly packed to fill space.
- Install base covers, unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Use a short piece of 1/2-inch- diameter pipe to make a hole through grout. Arrange to drain drain condensation from interior of pole.
- Embedded Poles with Tamped Earth Backfill: Set poles to Ε. depth below finished grade indicated on Drawings, but not less than one-sixth of pole height.
 - Dig holes large enough to permit use of tampers in the full depth of hole.
 - 2. Backfill in 6-inch layers and thoroughly tamp each layer so compaction of backfill is equal to or greater than that of undisturbed earth.
- Embedded Poles with Concrete Backfill: Set poles augered holes to depth below finished grade indicated on Drawings, but not less than one-sixth of pole height.
 - 1. Make holes 6 inches in diameter larger than pole diameter.
 - 2. Fill augered hole around pole with air-entrained concrete having a minimum compressive strength of 3000 psi at 28 days, and finish in a dome above finished grade.
 - Use a short piece of 1/2-inch- diameter pipe to make a drain hole through concrete dome. Arrange to drain condensation from interior of pole.
 - Cure concrete a minimum of 72 hours before performing work on pole.
- Poles and Pole Foundations Set in Concrete Paved Areas: Install poles with minimum of 6-inch- wide, unpaved gap between the pole or pole foundation and the edge of adjacent concrete slab. Fill unpaved ring with pea gravel to a level 1 inch below top of concrete slab.
- Raise and set poles using web fabric slings (not chain or cable).
- BOLLARD LUMINAIRE INSTALLATION 3.3
 - A. Align units for optimum directional alignment of light distribution.
 - В. Install on concrete base with top 4 inches above finished grade or surface at bollard location. Cast conduit into

base, and shape base to match shape of bollard base. Finish by troweling and rubbing smooth. Concrete materials, installation, and finishing are specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."

INSTALLATION OF INDIVIDUAL GROUND-MOUNTING LUMINAIRES 3.4

Install on concrete base with top 4 inches above finished Α. grade or surface at luminaire location. Cast conduit into base, and finish by troweling and rubbing smooth. Concrete materials, installation, and finishing are specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete."

3.5 CORROSION PREVENTION

- A. Aluminum: Do not use in contact with earth or concrete. When in direct contact with a dissimilar metal, protect aluminum by insulating fittings or treatment.
- Steel Conduits: Comply with Division 16 Section "Raceways В. and Boxes." In concrete foundations, wrap conduit with 0.010-inch- thick, pipe-wrapping plastic tape applied with a 50 percent overlap.

3.6 GROUNDING

- A. Ground metal poles and support structures according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
 - 1. Install grounding electrode for each pole, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Install grounding conductor pigtail in the base for connecting luminaire to grounding system.
- B. Ground nonmetallic poles and support structures according to Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
 - Install grounding electrode for each pole.
 - 2. Install grounding conductor and conductor protector.
 - 3. Ground metallic components of pole accessories and foundations.

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Inspect each installed fixture for damage. Replace damaged fixtures and components.
- Illumination Observations: Verify normal operation of lighting units after installing luminaires and energizing

circuits with normal power source.

1. Verify operation of photoelectric controls.

C. Illumination Tests:

- 1. Measure light intensities at night. Use photometers with calibration referenced to NIST standards. Comply with the following IESNA testing guide(s):
 - a. IESNA LM-5, "Photometric Measurements of Area and Sports Lighting."
 - b. IESNA LM-50, "Photometric Measurements of Roadway Lighting Installations."
 - c. IESNA LM-52, "Photometric Measurements of Roadway Sign Installations."
 - d. IESNA LM-64, "Photometric Measurements of Parking Areas."
 - e. IESNA LM-72, "Directional Positioning of Photometric Data."
- D. Prepare a written report of tests, inspections, observations, and verifications indicating and interpreting results. If adjustments are made to lighting system, retest to demonstrate compliance with standards.

3.8 DEMONSTRATION

Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain luminaire lowering devices. Refer to Division 1 Section "Demonstration and Training.

END OF SECTION 16521

SECTION 16721 - FIRE ALARM

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 specification sections, apply to work of this section.

- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Electrical General Requirements."

SECTION INCLUDES 1.2

- A. Fire alarm and smoke detection systems. This section intends to describe a Protected Premises Fire Alarm System. The control panel shall be intelligent device addressable, analog detecting, low voltage and modular with multiplex communication techniques, in full compliance with all applicable codes and guidelines. The features and system capacities contained in this specification shall be furnished as part of this project.
- The system as described shall be installed, tested, and В. delivered to the Owner in first class condition. The system shall include all the required hardware and software to accomplish the requirements of this specification and the contract documents, whether or not specifically itemized herein.
- C. All equipment furnished shall be new and include the latest state of the art products from a single manufacturer, engaged in the manufacturing and sale of fire detection devices for over ten years. The equipment manufacturer shall have an installed base of existing systems as a reference.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm Code.
- B. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code.
- C. U.L. 1971 Standard for Safety Signaling Devices for the Hearing Impaired.

1.4 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. System: UL (FPED) and FM listed.
- B. Conform to requirements of NFPA 101.
- C. A.D.A. Federal guidelines.
- D. Conform to State of Michigan Fire Code.

E. Conform to International Building Code.

1.5 SUMMARY

- The Fire Alarm System shall consist of all necessary hardware Α. equipment and software programming to perform the following functions:
 - Fire Alarm and Detection Operations.
 - 2. Remote Monitoring of Sprinkler Systems.
 - Remote Manual and Automatic Control of all Door Hold-open Devices, and other auxiliary functions indicated on the drawings.

1.6 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- Α. General: Complete, zoned, noncoded, addressable, microprocessor-based fire detection and alarm system with manual and automatic alarm initiation, addressable analog initiating devices, and automatic alert.
- The fire alarm system shall allow for loading and editing В. special instructions and operating sequences as required. The system shall be capable of on-site programming to accommodate system expansion and facilitate changes in operation. All software operations shall be stored in a non-volatile programmable memory within the fire alarm control panel (FACP).
- C. Resident software shall allow for full configuration of initiating circuits so that additional hardware shall not be necessary to accommodate future changes.
- D. Resident software shall allow for configuration of notification appliance and control circuits so that additional hardware shall not be necessary to accommodate changes.
- Ε. The system shall have the capability of recalling alarms and trouble conditions in chronological order for the purpose of recreating an event history.
- Signal Transmission: Notification appliance circuits shall be NFPA Style Y, Class B. Signaling line circuits shall be NFPA Style 4, Class B.

G. Data Communication Transmission Between Control Units: Style 7, Class A.

1.7 SYSTEM FUNCTIONS

- Signal Initiation: The manual or automatic operation of an alarm-Initiating or supervisory-operating device shall cause the FACP to transmit an appropriate signal including:
 - 1. General alarm.
 - 2. System trouble.
 - 3. Valve tamper supervisory.
 - 4. Door release.
 - 5. Fan shutdown.
 - 6. Release electrically held door locks.
 - 7. A general alarm shall be initiated by:
 - 8. Water-flow alarm switch operation.
 - Smoke detection. Alarm verification is required for all smoke detector zones.
 - 10. Manual station operation.
 - 11. Heat detector operation.
- General Alarm: A system general alarm shall:
 - Indicate the general alarm condition at the FACP.
 - Identify the device that is the source of the alarm at the FACP.
 - Display the alarm on an 80 character LCD display. The system alarm LED shall flash on the control panel until the alarm has been acknowledged. Once acknowledged, this same LED shall latch on. A subsequent alarm received from another zone shall flash the system alarm LED on the control unit. The display shall show the new alarm information.
 - Sound a pulsing alarm tone within the FACP until the event has been acknowledged.
 - Operate audible and visible alarm notification signals throughout the building.
 - Sound a continuous fire alarm signal until silenced by the alarm silence switch at the FACP.
 - Flash all visible alarm notification appliances continuously until the System Reset Switch is operated. Any subsequent zone alarm shall reactivate the alarm notification appliances.
 - Close fire and smoke doors normally held open by magnetic door holders.

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- 9. Stop supply and return fans serving zone where alarm is initiated.
- 10. Close smoke dampers on system serving zone where alarm is initiated.
- 11. Transmit the alarm to the proprietary supervising station.
- A supervisory alarm shall be initiated by:
 - 1. Sprinkler valve tamper switch operation.
- Loss of primary power at the FACP shall sound a trouble signal at the FACP and shall indicate at the FACP when the system is operating on an alternate power supply.
- E. Circuit Supervision: Circuit faults shall be indicated by means of both a zone and a trouble signal at the FACP.
- F. Annunciation: Manual and automatic operation of alarm and supervisory initiating devices shall be annunciated on the FACP, indicating the location and type of device.
- G. FACP Alphanumeric Display: Shall display plain-language description of alarms, trouble signals, supervisory signals, monitoring actions, system and component status, and system commands.
- Independent System Monitoring: Supervise each independent smoke detector, fire suppression system and duct detector, for both normal operation and trouble.
- I. Alarm Silencing: If the "Alarm Silence" button is pressed, all audio alarm signals shall cease operation.
- J. System Reset: The "System Reset" button shall be used to return the system to its normal state after an alarm condition has been remedied.
- K. Activation of an auxiliary bypass switch shall override the selected automatic functions.
- Auxiliary manual controls shall be supervised so that an "off normal" position of any switch shall cause an "off normal" system trouble. The "off normal" status shall be clearly identified in plain-language on the FACP.
- Recording of Events: Record all alarm, supervisory, and Μ. trouble events in non-volatile memory.

- Smoke Sensor Sensitivity Adjustment:
 - 1. Authorized operation of controls at the FACP shall cause the selection of specific addressable smoke sensors for adjustment, display of their current status and sensitivity settings, and control of changes in those settings.
 - Remote Controllability: Individually monitor sensors at 2. the FACP for calibration, sensitivity, and alarm condition, and individually adjust for sensitivity from the FACP. The alarm decision for each sensor shall be determined by the control unit. The control unit shall determine the condition of each sensor by comparing the sensor value to the stored values.
- The actuation of the "enable one person test" program at the Ο. FACP shall activate the "One Person Testing" mode of the system which shall cause the following to occur:
 - The city circuit connection shall be bypassed.
 - Control relay functions shall be bypassed.
 - The FACP shall show a trouble condition.
 - The alarm activation of any initiation device shall cause the audible notification appliances to code a number of pulses to match the zone number.
 - The FACP shall automatically reset after signaling is 5. complete.
 - Any momentary opening of an initiating or notification appliance circuit wiring shall cause the audible signals to sound for 4 seconds indicating the trouble condition.
 - The system shall have the capacity of 8 programmable, passcode protected, one person testing groups, such that only a portion of the system need be disabled during testing.

P. Power Requirements

- The FACP shall receive 120 VAC power via a dedicated 20A branch circuit breaker provided with a red lock-on
- The system shall be provided with sufficient battery 2. capacity to operate the entire system upon loss of normal 120 VAC power in a normal supervisory mode for a period of 24 hours with 15 minutes of alarm operation at the end of this period. The system shall automatically transfer to battery standby upon power failure. All battery charging and recharging operations shall be automatic.
- All circuits requiring system operating power shall be 24 VDC and shall be individually fused at the control panel.

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- The incoming power to the system shall be supervised so that any power failure must be audibly and visibly indicated at the control panel. A green "power on" LED shall be displayed continuously while incoming power is present.
- The system batteries shall be supervised so that a low battery condition or disconnection of the battery shall be audibly and visibly indicated at the FACP and the command center.
- The system shall support 100% of addressable devices in alarm or operated at the same time, under both primary (AC) and secondary (battery) power conditions.

1.8 SUBMITTALS

- Bidders will be required to submit shop drawings and product data during the construction phase of each project. Provide the following submittals for review:
 - 1. Complete description data indicating UL listing for all network components. Include dimensioned plans elevations showing minimum clearances and installed features and devices.
 - Complete sequence of operation of all functions of the network that is project specific.
 - A list of every address of every device connected to a panel that is provided for purposes of alarm initiating, status monitoring, supervised notification appliance circuits, and auxiliary control.
 - of the manufacturer's representatives listina responsible for installation coordination and service.
 - Location of all controls, alarm actuating devices and notification appliance devices as shown on drawings.
 - Wiring diagrams from manufacturer differentiating between factory-and field- installed wiring. Include diagrams for equipment and for system with all terminals and interconnections identified. Indicate components for both field and factory wiring. Provide complete diagrams for all components and interfaces including equipment supplied by others.
 - Operation and maintenance data for inclusion in Operating and Maintenance Manual specified in Division 1. Include data for each type product, including all features and operating sequences, both automatic and manual. Include recommendations for spare parts to be stocked at the

- site. Provide the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of service organizations that carry stock of repair parts for the system to be furnished.
- The manufacturer shall provide calculations for battery size as applicable. Battery size shall be a minimum 125% of the calculated requirement.
- Provide calculations for control modules indicating circuit loading with 20% spare capacity.
- Submission to Authority Having Jurisdiction: In addition to В. routine submission of the above material, make an identical submission to the authority having jurisdiction. Include copies of annotated Contract Drawings as required to depict component locations to facilitate review. Upon receipt of comments from the Authority, submit them for review. Make resubmissions if required to make clarifications or revisions to obtain approval.

1.9 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. Submit as built drawings locating devices and conductor runs.
- B. Record of field tests of system.
- C. Submit manufacturer's certificate that system meets or exceeds specified requirements.

1.10 OPERATION, MAINTENANCE DATA, AND CALCULATIONS

- A. Provide to the Owner's representative operating instructions, maintenance, and repair procedures.
- After installation, include manufacturer representative's letter stating that system is operational.

1.11 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

Delivery, storage and handling of products will take place under the contract terms of each project in the construction phase of each project.

1.12 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Provide spare parts to the Owner's representative as noted below:
 - 1. Two keys of each type.
 - 2. Two smoke detectors.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. National Time & Signal (Expand the existing 902 FACP's as indicated/required).

2.2 FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL (FACP).

- A. General: Comply with UL 864, "Control Units for Fire-Protective Signaling Systems."
- Cabinet: Lockable steel enclosure. Arrange unit so all В. operations required for testing or for normal care and maintenance of the system are performed from the front of the enclosure. If more than a single unit is required to form a complete control unit, provide exactly matching modular unit enclosures. Accommodate all components and allow ample gutter space for interconnection of units as well as field wiring. Identify each enclosure by an engraved, red-laminated, phenolic resin nameplate. Lettering on the enclosure nameplate shall not be less than 1-inch high.
- Systems: Alarm and supervisory systems are separate and independent in the FACP. The alarm-initiating zone boards in the FACP consist of plug-in modules. Construction requiring removal of field wiring for module replacement is not acceptable.
- D. Control Modules: Types and capacities required to perform all functions of the fire alarm systems plus 20% for future expansion. Local visible, and audible signals notify of alarm, supervisory, and trouble conditions
- E. Zones: Provide for all alarm and supervisory zones indicated.

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- F. Resetting: Provide the necessary controls to prevent the resetting of any alarm, supervisory, or trouble signal while the alarm or trouble condition still exists.
- Alphanumeric Display and System Controls: Arrange to provide the basic interface between human operator at FACP and addressable system components, including annunciation, supervision, and control. A display with a minimum of 80 characters displays alarm, supervisory, and component status messages and indicates control commands to be entered into the system for control of smoke detector sensitivity and other parameters. Arrange keypad for use in entering and executing control commands.
- System power supplies including necessary transformers, Η. regulators, filters and surge protection required for system operation.
- System processor, with internal operating system to process incoming alarm signals and issue output commands required as a result of the alarm signals and issue output. Total system response time shall not exceed 2.5 seconds on a system configured to the 3000 point capacity. All system processors shall be supervised by individual watchdog circuitry furnishing automatic restart after loss of activity. Systems with single watchdog circuits for all processors will not be accepted unless furnished with a standby CPU.
- J. A limited energy output circuit for operation of direct current (DC) audible or visual devices, leased line or city tie, shall be provided by a controllable signal module.
- Where control of operations requiring switching functions is indicated, there shall be provided a software controlled relay module.
 - 1. Motherboards shall be furnished as the system bus furnishing systems communications to the various plug in modules necessary for system operations.
- Remote Station Signal Transmitter: Electrically supervised, L. capable of monitoring alarm and trouble signals from the fire alarm system over a communication means to remote central station receiver (Security Corporation or other selected vender). The electrical contractor/National Time & Signal shall coordinate all requirements with Jeff Brandt Security Corporation: 248-374-5792 or other selected vender. Note: Both National Time & Signal and Security Corporation

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(or other selected vender) shall be sub-contracted by the electrical contractor. Include all costs in bid. Note: Electrical Contractor shall use Security Corp pricing for bidding purposes.

2.3 REMOTE FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR PANEL

- Provide remote annunciation and control using an 80 Α. character, back-lit, alphanumeric, LCD readout. Alarm indication shall be identical to that at the main FACP including tone alert. Provide a minimum of four programmable control switches, alarm silence and system reset.
- B. Provide brushed aluminum trim plate.

2.4 EMERGENCY POWER SUPPLY

- A. General: Components include battery, charger, and an automatic transfer switch.
- B. Battery: Sealed lead-acid or nickel cadmium type. Provide sufficient capacity to operate the complete alarm system in normal or supervisory (non-alarm) mode for a period of 24 hours. Following this period of operation on battery power, the battery shall have sufficient capacity to operate all components of the system, including all alarm indicating devices in alarm of supervisory mode for a period of 15 minutes.
- C. Magnetic door holders are not served by emergency battery power. Magnetic door holders are released after 15 seconds when normal power fails.

2.5 SMOKE DETECTORS, INTELLIGENT ADDRESSABLE

- Furnish and install where indicated on the drawings Α. intelligent analog smoke detectors with features characteristics as follows:
 - Photoelectric detectors shall be listed for use as open area protective coverage, in duct installation and shall be insensitive to air velocity changes.
 - a. The control panel shall provide a sensitivity readout for all detectors without removal from the pluggable base. Detectors not listed for sensitivity testing

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- logging from the control panel are not acceptable.
- b. Detectors shall be operational with relay bases (as applicable), audible bases, and remote indicating LED's, programmable by the control panel controlled by the detector electronics.
- Provide smoke detectors above fire alarm control panel, В. remote annunciator panels, and remote notification appliance power supply panels.
- C. Provide smoke detectors with auxiliary set of contacts where required.

THERMAL DETECTOR, INTELLIGENT ADDRESSABLE 2.6

The intelligent thermal detectors shall be of the rate Α. compensated fixed temperature type and shall be listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. The intelligent thermal detectors shall be individually annunciated on the control panel. The intelligent thermal detectors shall contain an integral alarm lamp.

2.7 DUCT SMOKE DETECTORS

- The air duct detector shall be listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. The air duct detector shall operate on a cross-sectional air sampling principle to overcome stratification and the skin effect. The air duct detector shall consist of a standard (intelligent/analog) photoelectric detector mounted in an air duct sampling assembly and sampling tube that protrudes across the duct of the ventilating system. The air duct detector shall retain features of the intelligent/analog photoelectric detector, and be installed in the ventilating duct as indicated in the manufacturer's instructions. Provide with addressable control module. Relay based duct detectors not acceptable.
- The duct mounted detector shall have an auxiliary set of В. contacts in order for the temperature controls contractor to tie in the starter of the fans. Contacts shall be rated 1A, 120V.

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2.8 DUCT SMOKE DETECTOR REMOTE ALARM INDICATORS

- A. Provide remote alarm indicator station for duct smoke detectors located above ceilings or in other locations above 10 feet and/or not readily accessible.
- B. Provide LED alarm indicator designed for mounting in a single gang coverplate.

2.9 MANUAL STATIONS, INTELLIGENT

- Provide single action intelligent manual stations where shown on the drawings, to be flush or surface mounted as required.
 - The manual stations shall be addressable and identifiable by the fire alarm control panel.
 - a. Address assignments shall be set mechanically or electronically and reside within the station in non volatile memory.

2.10 ADDRESSABLE INTERFACE MODULE

- A. Provide for integration of compatible two wire and shorting style contact devices into the analog signaling circuit. Intelligent analog signaling circuit interface module shall have the following capabilities:
 - 1. Communication interaction with the analog signaling circuit having the capability of reporting alarm or trouble conditions from the devices monitored.
 - 2. Compatibility with ionization, photoelectric, and linear beam style smoke detectors, heat detectors, and all listed contact type devices.
 - The module shall be addressable and identifiable by the control panel.
 - a. Address assignments shall be set mechanically or electronically and reside within the module in non volatile memory.
 - Water Flow Switches: The water flow switches shall be provided by the mechanical contractor and wired by the electrical contractor. The switches shall be connected to the fire alarm system through the use of addressable interface modules.
 - Tamper Switches: The tamper switches shall be provided by the mechanical contractor and wired by the electrical contractor. The switches shall be connected to the fire

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- alarm system through the use of addressable interface modules.
- Provide addressable interface modules to uniquely identify each flow and tamper switch.

2.11 ADDRESSABLE CONTROL MODULE

- Provide for integration of auxiliary control functions into Α. the analog signaling circuit. Intelligent analog signaling circuit control module shall have the following capabilities:
 - 1. Communication interaction with the analog signaling circuit having the capability of initiating a control function to an auxiliary device based on a specified
 - 2. Provide NO/NC contact pairs rated at 2 amps 120 VAC or 24 VDC.

2.12 AUDIO VISUAL DEVICES

- A. Alarm Strobes (Visual): Visual alarm signals shall be furnished with minimum light intensity of 15cd average (horizontal and vertical distribution listed in accordance with UL 1971) and meet A.D.A. 75cd minimum intensity at horizontal and vertical axis and shall comply with the following:
 - Xenon strobe with minimum repetition rate of 1 HZ, not exceeding 2 HZ and a maximum duty cycle of 40% with a pulse duration of .2 seconds.
 - 2. Unfiltered or clear white light not exceeding 1000 candela.
 - 3. Visual signals shall be mounted at 96 inches above finish floor level, or six inches below ceiling level whichever is lower in accordance with NFPA 72, 1996. Provide wall mounted or ceiling mounted devices, as indicated on plans.
 - 4. Visual signals shall flash in synchronization in all corridors and in rooms where more than one strobe is installed.
- Alarm Horns: The alarm horns shall be of the polarized 24 VDC type. The mechanisms shall contain an aerospace grade aluminum diaphragm, tempered and polished armature, and tungsten contact point, all housed in a red die-cast frame and grill assembly. Horns shall have an integral strobe light

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that will flash during an alarm. Horns shall have a minimum sound level of 93 dB at 10 feet.

- C. Combination notification appliances (horn/strobe) consist of factory-combined, audible and visual notification units in a single mounting assembly. Provide wall mounted or ceiling mounted devices, as indicated on plans.
- Audible devices shall be furnished to provide minimum of 15 db above ambient sound levels. Maximum sound levels shall not exceed 120 db, provisions shall be made to adjust the audible levels accordingly.

2.13 AUXILIARY DEVICES

A. Door Release: Magnetic door holder with integral diodes to reduce buzzing, 24 VDC coil voltage.

2.14 WIRE AND CABLE

- A. Wire and cable for fire alarm systems shall be UL listed and labeled as complying with NFPA 70, Article 760.
- Signaling Line Circuits: Twisted, shielded pair, size as В. recommended by system manufacturer.
 - 1. Circuit Integrity Cable: Twisted shielded pair, NFPA 70 Article 760, Classification CI, for power-limited fire alarm signal service. UL listed as Type FPL, and complying with requirements in UL 1424 and in UL 2196 for a 2-hour rating.
- C. Non-Power-Limited Circuits: Solid-copper conductors with 600-V rated, 75 deg C, color-coded insulation.
 - 1. Low-Voltage Circuits: No. 16 AWG, minimum.
 - 2. Line-Voltage Circuits: No. 12 AWG, minimum

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 WARRANTY

A. All equipment and systems shall be warranted by the contractor for a period of two years following acceptance. The warranty shall include parts, labor, prompt field service, pick-up and delivery.

- В. Provide two years testing and maintenance, which shall consist of:
 - Regularly and systematically examining all detectors, manual stations, panels, relays, pressure switches and accessories pertaining to the system.
 - Regularly and systematically examine, adjust and clear all the electrical and mechanical components of water flow switches.
 - Tests and written reports which certify that initiating devices have been tested and which indicate the result of the inspection test as required by the authority having jurisdiction.

3.2 TESTS AND REPORTS

- The contractor shall perform all electrical and mechanical tests required by the equipment manufacturer's certification form. In addition, they shall measure and adjust each of the ionization detectors to the maximum stable sensitivity setting. This must be performed with the detector at its operational operational location and under normal environmental conditions in the area. Bench settings are not acceptable. All test and report costs shall be in the unit price established for each device. A checkout report shall be prepared by the installation technicians and submitted in triplicate, one copy of which will be registered with the equipment manufacturer. The report shall include, but not be limited to:
 - 1. A complete list of equipment installed and wired.
 - 2. Indication that all equipment is properly installed and functions and conforms with these specifications.
 - Test of individual zones as applicable.
 - Serial numbers, locations by zone and model number for each installed detector.
 - 5. Voltage (sensitivity) settings for each ionization and photoelectric detector as measured in place with the HVAC system operating.
 - Response time on thermostats and flame detectors (if used).
 - Technician's name, certificate number and date.
- After completion of all the tests and adjustments listed above, the contractor shall submit the following information to the Architect:

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- "As-built" conduit layout diagrams including wire color code and/or tag number.
- Complete "as-built" wiring diagrams.
- 3. Detailed catalog data on all installed system components.
- 4. Copy of the test report.
- C. Final tests and inspection shall be held in the presence of engineer. The contractor shall supply personnel and required auxiliary equipment for this test without additional cost.
- The completed smoke detection system shall be tested to insure that it is operating properly. Acceptance of the system shall also require a demonstration of the stability of the system. This shall be adequately demonstrated if the system operates for a ninety (90) day test period.
- Before final acceptance of work, the contractor shall deliver five copies of a composite "Operating and Shop Maintenance Manual." Each manual shall contain, but not be limited to: a statement of quarantee including date of termination and name and phone number of the person to be called in the event of equipment failure.
- Individual factory issued manuals shall contain all technical information on each piece of equipment installed. In the event such manuals are not obtainable form the factory, it shall be the responsibility of the contractor to compile and them. Advertising brochures or operational instructions shall not be used in lieu of the required technical manuals.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- Control and other panels shall be mounted with sufficient clearance for observation and testing.
- All fire alarm junction boxes must be clearly marked for easy identification as indicated in 16195. All wiring shall be in conduit unless noted otherwise on the contract documents or in the specifications. Flexible connectors shall be used for all devices mounted in suspended lay-in ceiling panels. All conduit, mounting boxes, junction boxes and panels shall be securely hung and fastened with appropriate fittings to insure positive grounding throughout the entire system.
- C. Fire alarm pull stations and horns installed in finished areas shall be mounted semi-flush and may be surface mounted

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in non-finished areas. Smoke detectors and thermal detectors shall be mounted on a recess mounted junction box in finished areas and to surface mounted junction boxes in non-finished areas.

- No wiring other than that directly associated with fire alarm detection, alarm or auxiliary fire protection functions shall be permitted in fire alarm conduits. Wiring splices are to be avoided to the extent possible, and if needed they must be made only in junction boxes and shall be crimp connected. Transposing or changing color coding of wires shall not be permitted. Wire nut-type connections are not acceptable. All conductors in conduit containing more than one wire shall be labeled on each end with "E-Z markers" or equivalent. Conductors in cabinets shall be carefully formed harnessed so that each drops off directly opposite to its terminal. Cabinet terminals shall be numbered and coded. All controls, function switches, etc., shall be clearly labeled on all equipment panels. All wiring shall be checked and tested to insure that there are no grounds, opens or shorts.
- Install manual station flush mounted with operating handle 48 inches maximum above floor. Install audible and visual signal devices no more than 96 inches above highest floor level within the space or 6 inches below the ceiling, whichever is lower.
- Mount outlet box for electric door holder to withstand 80 F. pounds pulling force.
- Make conduit and wiring connections to door release devices, sprinkler flow switches, sprinkler valve tamper switches, panels, duct smoke detectors, and other auxiliary supervised devices.
- Automatic Detector Installation: NFPA 72. Η.
- All gymnasiums and locker rooms fire alarm devices shall be provided with protective wire guards.
- Fire alarm system cable shall be plenum rated, with red outer coloring. All cable drops to devices shall be in conduit (concealed in walls). Cabling installed in open ceiling spaces shall be type FPLP, low smoke, fire resistant, with red coloring. Cabling shall be per manufacturer's recommendation, and shall be able to power the strobes and horn/strobes together, or independently.

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- K. Install fire alarm cable in ceiling spaces to avoid damage. Use bridle rings and other similar means of support (lay-in ceiling areas).
- L. Cabling to the Fire Alarm Control Panel and drops to devices shall be in recessed conduit.
- Fire alarm cabling in exposed ceiling spaces and above Μ. drywall ceiling areas shall be in conduit. Conduit used for fire alarm system shall have couplings and junction boxes painted red.

END OF SECTION 16721

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SECTION 16726 - PUBLIC ADDRESS AND MUSIC EQUIPMENT

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. General Scope

- 1. Replace the existing public address system, including new speakers and cable. Provide all new cable as required for a complete operating system.
- 2. Provide complete and fully functional systems with devices and components as required and as indicated.

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System as shown and as specified represents design intent and is not reflective of installed quantities and miscellaneous components, except as minimums.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Wall and ceiling mounted speaker assemblies.
 - 2. Outdoor speakers.
 - 3. Public address/intercom system.
 - 4. Controls, amplifiers, and terminal equipment.
 - 5. Power supplies.
 - 6. Wiring.

B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Equipment Details: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location of each field connection.
- 2. Station-Arrangement Details: Scaled drawings for built-in equipment.
- Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring. Include the following:
 - Identify terminals to facilitate installation, operation, and maintenance.
 - b. Single-line diagram showing interconnection of components.
 - c. Cabling diagram showing cable routing.
- Qualification Data: For Installer.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data: For school intercom and program equipment to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 1 Sections, include the following:
 - 1. Record of final matching transformer-tap settings and signal ground-resistance measurement certified by Installer.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.

- 1. Maintenance Proximity: Not more than four hours' normal travel time from Installer's place of business to Project site.
- Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use. All PA components shall be UL approved or listed under this specification. Systems that do not carry UL approval or listing will not be acceptable under this specification.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.
- D. Comply with UL 50.
- E. The contractor shall be an established communications contractor that has had and currently maintains a locally run and operated business for at least five (5) years. The contractor shall utilize a duly authorized distributor of the equipment supplied for this project location with full manufacturer's five (5) year warranty.
- The contractor shall show satisfactory evidence, upon request, that the supplies maintains a fully equipped service organization capable of furnishing adequate inspection and service to the system.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of system components, such as ceiling mounted speaker microphones and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products from the manufacturers specified.
- 2.2 SUPPLIER AND SYSTEM INTEGRATOR:
 - A. Provide products through the following:

- IComm (contact Joe Samborski at 248-960-3700): shall provide the new Rauland P.A. equipment. Note: Rauland equipment is the District standard.
- B. Provide a new Public Address System as required. Provide new components as indicated on drawings. Provide all new components for a complete, fully functional system.

2.3 PUBLIC ADDRESS SYSTEM CONSOLE/EQUIPMENT

- The Administrative Communications System shall be a Rauland Α. Model Telecenter ICS. The system shall consist of a central equipment cabinet, analog card, telephone interface card (coordinate requirements with the Technology Contractor), one or more switching cards as required by number of remote stations in the system (plus 25% spare capacity), power supply, one or more power amplifiers as required, two Administration Control Consoles (ACC), remote station loudspeaker assemblies, mounting rack/cabinet and all associated material, hardware, and wiring as required for a complete system.
 - This section includes a fully operational IP platform (Rauland Telecenter Campus) for district and school internal communications system incorporating school safety notifications and general communications including but not limited to the following:
 - The platform shall provide complete internal 2. communications employing state of the art IP Technology including the minimum functions listed.
 - Two-way Loud Speaking Internal Intercommunications. 3.
 - Bell Event announcement, provide multiple bell schedules working in various building zones with different corresponding bell tones. This shall permit the Owner to use different bell schedules for various groups of students within combinations of rooms in the buildings.
 - Emergency announcement that will override any preprogrammed zones assuring that all Emergency/Lockdown etc., are heard at each and every speaker location.
 - Capability of playing prerecorded emergency announcements that can simply be activated by a simple Soft Key or via a dedicated call-switch.
 - 7. Atomic Time Synchronization with Class Change Tones utilizing multiple, programmable schedules for each zone.
 - 8. District wide, Emergency, All and zone live voice paging

- District wide, emergency, all and zone paging for prerecorded audio - tones, music and voice.
- 10. Web-based, permission driven user interface.
- 11. The system shall support a minimum of 1000 level priorities which shall be user definable, allowing each end point to place a minimum of 5 different priority calls at the same time.
- 12. Any authorized administrator shall be able to call from outside the school into any classroom, zone or entire school directly via the School District supplied SIP enabled Telephone Network. This shall allow remote monitoring, call-in annunciation and two-way conversation from outside the facility as well as paging into the system. (Compliance with NEMA Standard SB-40 for emergency communications in K-12 Schools)
- 13. Authorized system users shall be able to create a minimum of twenty (20) automated sequences for each school with instructions, emails and relay activations and replay them. Automated message strings shall be, manually played from a single-button access on the console, on a SIP connected telephone, a button or from the web interface.
- 14. Authorized system users shall be able to create a minimum of 5 automated emergency sequences (including All Clear) which include tones, voice messages, relay activations and replay them. Emergency Sequences shall be initiated from a Console, a SIP phone, a panic button or from the web interface.
- 15. Paging and two-way loudspeaking features shall be accessible from any system console or SIP connected telephone.
- 16. The platform shall synchronize its system time to the network time server or a web-based time server.
- 17. Each single school installation shall be locally survivable for intercom, paging, bells, and emergencies such as lockdown, even when the district connection is unavailable.
- 18. This specification establishes a minimum level of quality, features, and performance for individual components as well as the integrated system
- 19. The system shall provide, as a minimum, the following features and functions:
 - a. Allow administrative intercom system functions to be accessed through DTMF telephone instruments.

- Microprocessor-based equipment of modular design, using plug-in connections between all modules. Field cabling shall be terminated in a labeled punch block arrangement to simplify servicing.
- Allow DTMF-type telephones to call individual C. classroom speakers, zone page, all call page, emergency page, and activate other alarm and time tones.
- Three simultaneous communication paths: d.
 - 1) Direct dialing, two-way communications between locations equipped with an ACC or DTMF telephone and any room station equipped with a speaker or telephone handset.
 - 2) A second intercom channel between ACCs when multiple ACCs are used in the system.
 - Simultaneous program distribution directed from 3) any ACC without interrupting intercom channels.
- 20. One Central Control Unit (CCU) containing all the electronics required to handle all the functions of up to 64 remote stations in a wall cabinet model and 240 remote stations in a floor rack model.
- 21. The capability to originate emergency calls that take precedence over all routine calls. Emergency calls may be programmed from any call-in switch, or a normal call may be converted to emergency by holding the call-in switch in the CALL position for 1.5 seconds.
- 22. A single queue mode capability that places all incoming calls into a single common queue and allows directing all incoming calls to the ACC and DTMF telephones during limited staff operation.
- 23. System check with self-diagnosis and a watchdog timer.
- 24. System support for up to four ACCs, each having identical functions and control features, and each of which can be programmed for specific secretarial or administrative operations.
- 25. Automatic gain control on intercom speech to maintain constant speech level.
- 26. Built-in battery backup for internal system clock to maintain correct time while system is unpowered. All other programmed data is stored in nonvolatile EEPROM memory and is retained indefinitely.
- 27. Automatic preannounce tone over any loudspeaker selected for two-way communications. A privacy tone will sound whenever a loudspeaker is being monitored, capabilities to stop the tone from the ACC as desired.

- 28. Distribution of paging announcements from any ACC or DTMF telephone to speaker and ACC locations on an all call, zone, and multiple zone basis, to any of the eight paging zones.
- 29. User-programmability of room stations and loudspeakers to any of eight available paging zones, class change zones, or no zones at all.
- 30. Unique system tones for emergency and civil emergency pages with distribution of emergency announcements from an ACC or DTMF telephone to all locations equipped with ACCs or loudspeakers. Emergency announcements will automatically override all other programs.
- 31. Custodial call tone to all speakers.
- 32. Audio program distribution (microphone, tape, tuner, or auxiliary) capability to selected remote stations. specified zones, or all remote stations equipped with audio loudspeakers.
- 33. Provisions for intercom communications in facilities having unshielded, twisted-pair cable from each speaker location.
- 34. Provision for optional line supervision of an open circuit condition.
- 35. Shall synchronize internal system clock to an external master clock.
- 36. Provision for handset use at remote stations.
- 37. Provisions to override remote sound systems during all call or emergency paging.
- 38. Provision for distribution of door open alarm to all or selected zones by closure of single switch contact.
- 39. Provide transfer of current call to another ACC.
- 40. Call holding capability.
- 41. Forwarding of calls assigned to a particular ACC to another ACC for call coverage.
- 42. Last number redial.
- 43. Speed dial access to specific remote stations.
- 44. Defeat of call-in tones at any ACC.
- 45. Ability to clear all calls registered on the ACC queue.
- 46. Scroll display of waiting calls and select calls to be answered in any order.
- 47. Ability to display ACC's number using ACC keypad.
- 48. Call waiting indication: Steady display for normal calls, flashing display for emergency calls in order of
- 49. Call-in reminder in which unanswered calls repeat until answered.

- 50. Provide LCD of current call/calls waiting. Current time is displayed when the ACC is in an idle state. The alphanumeric readout of incoming calls will be sorted by room number and queue position. The number of calls waiting will also be displayed in order of priority.
- 51. Sequential review of all incoming calls/calls waiting at each ACC with 100 percent call retention.
- 52. One VOX handset (for private communications), built-in microphone, speaker and PUSH TO TALK button on each ACC for intercom communications.
- 53. Ability for external input points to be annunciated at the ACC.
- 54. Selective monitoring of audio program sources by the ACC before or during distribution.
- 55. Initiation of manual time tones by any ACC or DTMF telephone.
- 56. Access code restriction of ACC system programming to protect the system configuration.
- 57. Ability for any ACC to direct a program to any one, group of, or all remote stations.
- 58. Built-in diagnostic software for each ACC.
- 59. Easy, menu-driven programming.
- 60. ACC-keypad programmable system functions, including:
 - a. Architectural alphanumeric room numbers.
 - b. Five call-in priority levels.
 - c. 12-hour or 24-hour clock display when ACC is in idle state.
 - d. 256 events, eight time schedules, eight zones and eight user-programmable tones.
- 61. Factory-programmable function keys for specific system operations.
- 62. Ability for each remote station to be programmed to annunciate at any one or all ACC's.
- 63. Automatic distribution of user-programmable time signals activated by a built-in master time clock (P.A. master clock shall be tied to/controlled by the National Time & Signal MC100 master clock). Two hundred fifty-six programmable events are available which can be programmed to eight zones and eight schedules from an ACC.
- 64. Programming room stations, zones, or multiple zones to receive the program source on a selected room basis from the ACC, with the ability to view rooms receiving program material on the ACC display.

- 65. Allow external DTMF telephones to automatically select and access room stations for communications (for future provisions).
- 66. Input ports for monitoring external signals to activate TC2100 functions such as off-hour door alert, emergency tones and night transfer.
- 67. Output ports for activation of external equipment in response to ICS functions such as clock synchronization, all call override, and telephone or CO port off-hook to the ICS.
- 68. An RS-232 port for interface to a PC for remote diagnostics, remote programming, system information, saving and reloading of system programming, and hard copy output of all system.
- 69. An RS-485 port for long distance serial communication.
- 70. A built-in analog tone generator providing seven tones including chime.
- 71. Provide an ICS unit with ACC's as indicated on the drawings. Provide all interface components to interface to the telephone system, and the AM/FM tuner/cassette, and CD player.
- 72. The public address system console unit shall be able to support dialing or non-dialing future telephone handsets.
- 73. Public Address System Console shall signal class change tones via the speaker system. Time schedules shall be programmed per the Owner's direction. Time correction shall be via internal master clock, which shall be the building master clock.

B. Miscellaneous:

- Rauland AM/FM tuner/CD player shall be mount in the rack containing the ICS head end.
- Provide all interface components to interface the P.A. system to the Information delivery system. ALL systems shall be synchronized together to form one complete system. This contractor shall be responsible to provide all equipment necessary to complete the above function.
- Provide 1 desk microphone and relay for audio all call. Provide all hardware needed.
 - a. Microphone:
 - 1) Description: Desk type low impedance microphone with push-to-talk switch.

C. Execution:

Install all equipment per manufacturer's specifications. Prior to any programming, the contractor shall meet with the Owner for final approval of all system operations. Provide eight (8) hours of in service to the Owner on both operation of the system and programming. contractor shall provide the program software as required for the system.

2.4 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF INTERCOM SYSTEM

- A. The system shall be capable of multiple open voice intercom paths used for intercom, paging, program distribution, or emergency paging. The system shall be initially equipped with one intercom speech path.
- B. Provide a separate circuit for each classroom and administrative office so each room can be individually addressed with bi-directional communications.
- C. All field wiring shall be individually supervised for opens or shorts to each call station and security device.
- D. Arming and disarming functions shall be performed by dial-up via the Administrative Telephone(s).
- The audio channel(s) shall be priority driven allowing for the highest priority signal type access to a voice channel. The system shall be user programmable to allocate, upon demand, the audio channel(s) to facilitate simultaneous intercom conversations, pages, program distributions, or combination thereof.
 - 1. Facilities for up to 6 call-in priority levels.
 - 2. Every point shall support a programmable priority level.
 - Distribution of paging announcements can be made from any administrative control console, telephone, or dedicated microphone set-up.
 - Emergency announcements shall have the highest priority over any other system function.
 - System shall support general announcements made from a conventional microphone to facilitate reading a script and the participation of multiple announcers.
 - Keying the microphone shall automatically mute all other audio programs at a lower priority in the system and transmit the microphone audio to All Rooms or specific speaker zones, as programmed into the system software.
 - Corridor speakers and outside horns shall be combined into groups of owner's preference.
 - Facilities to provide automatic emergency instructions to be broadcast to the entire school when an alarm is

- tripped. The emergency instructions are preprogrammed and require no user intervention.
- Facilities to page one or more area-wide pocket pagers when a call is placed for a specific call priority or call priorities. The pocket pager will display the calling room number and a numeric call priority.

2.5 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- A. Coordinate features to form an integrated system. Coordinate components with existing systems where required. Match system voltages. Match components and interconnections for optimum performance of specified functions.
- B. Expansion Capability: Increase number of stations in the future by 25 percent above those indicated without adding any internal or external components or main trunk cable conductors.
- C. Equipment: Modular type using solid-state components, fully rated for continuous duty, unless otherwise indicated. Select equipment for normal operation on input power usually supplied at 110 to 130 V, 60 Hz.
- D. Waterproof Equipment: Listed and labeled for duty outdoors or in damp locations.

2.6 MASTER CONTROL STATION

- A. Micro-processor based desktop console with LCD display.
- B. The console shall be equipped with 12-digit keypad and telephone handset to allow private conversations.
- C. Provide built-in microphone and speaker shall provide for push-to-talk intercom conversations.
- D. Incoming calls shall be enunciated on a 16-character LCD backlit digital display sorted by priority and order received.
- E. The console shall also provide the ability for the operator to place on hold, or clear any incoming calls registered in the system from the console keypad.
- F. The console shall retain the last room number dialed until another room number is dialed or previous call is cancelled.

2.7 PAGING AMPLIFIERS

- A. Minimum Output Power: Provide sufficient power to all corridor/classroom speakers to be tapped at 1 watt each; all outdoor speakers to be tapped at 5 watts each. Provide a minimum of 30% "headroom" amplifier power to full load status.
- B. Total Harmonic Distortion: Less than 1 percent at rated output power with load equivalent to total quantity of stations connected in all call mode.
- C. They shall be designed to operate on a line voltage of 115 AC. One amplifier shall be provided for each audio channel.
- D. Minimum Signal to Noise Ratio: 60 dB, at rated output.
- E. Frequency Response: Within plus or minus 2dB from 50 to 12,000 Hz.
- F. Amplifier Protection: Prevent damage from shorted or open circuit.

2.8 P.A. CALL STATION

Rauland model as required, Call Switch, single gang flush mounted with stainless steel faceplate. Single normal call button. Provide wiring as required by the manufacturer.

CEILING AND WALL MOUNTED SPEAKERS 2.9

- Classroom Speakers PA speakers shall have the following coverall characteristics:
 - 1. Diameter: 8".
 - 2. Frequency Response: 60-16000 Hz.
 - 3. Power: 15 Watts.
 - 4. Magnet Weight: 10 ounces.
 - 5. Single voice coil.
 - The unit shall come with a transformer having taps of 1/2, 1, 2 and 4 watts. All speakers shall be tapped at 1 watt. Provide Quam Solution 1 assembly, with enclosure and support rail.
- B. Flush mounted Wall speakers: Provide an 8" speaker as above with Quam System 1 with backbox and matching grille.
- Maintenance areas and outside horns (flush): Provide a Quam System 6VP flush mounted horn with multitap line matching transformer. Provide same for outside horns (weatherproof).

- with a Soundolier VP-161APF baffle (painted brown) and required back box.
- Wall Mounted Volume Control: Provide a control that offers D. step attenuation via an autotransformer. The control shall work with either 25 volt or 70 volt lines and be rated at a minimum of 10 watts.
- Surface Mounted Horn Speaker (in ceiling space) Horn loudspeakers shall be a System 6VP surface mount horn with multitap line matching transformer. Provide with each unit a with baffle and required back box in Gymnasiums.
- F. Corridor Speakers: Provide same as classroom speakers.
- Surface mounted (wall or exposed ceiling speakers): Provide G. same as classroom speaker, with required mounting grill for System 1 square surface mounted enclosure.

2.10 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conductors: Jacketed, twisted pair and twisted multipair, untinned solid copper. Sizes as recommended by system manufacturer, but not smaller than No. 22 AWG.
- B. Insulation: Thermoplastic, not less than 1/32 inch thick.
- C. Shielding: For speaker-microphone leads and elsewhere where recommended by manufacturer; No. 34 AWG tinned, soft-copper strands formed into a braid or equivalent foil.
 - 1. Minimum Shielding Coverage on Conductors: 60 percent.
- D. Plenum Cable: Listed and labeled for plenum use.
- E. Coordinate use of existing wiring with new equipment. Verify interoperability.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Wiring Method: Install wiring in raceways except within consoles, cabinets, desks, and counters and except in accessible ceiling spaces and in gypsum-board partitions where cable wiring method may be used. Use plenum cable in environmental air spaces, including plenum ceilings. Conceal cables and raceways except in unfinished spaces.

- B. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces or exposed structural members, and follow surface contours. Secure and support cables by J- hooks or similar fittings designed and installed to avoid damage to cables. Secure cables at intervals not exceeding 30 inches and not more than 6 inches from cabinets, boxes, or fittings.
- C. Wiring within Enclosures: Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess. Use lacing bars in cabinets.
- D. Control-Circuit Wiring: Install number and size of conductors as recommended by system manufacturer for control functions indicated.
- E. Separation of Wires: Separate speaker-microphone, line-level, speaker-level, and power wiring runs. Install in separate raceways or, where exposed or in same enclosure, separate conductors at least 12 inches for speaker microphones and adjacent parallel power and telephone wiring. Separate other school intercom and program equipment conductors as recommended by equipment manufacturer.
- F. Splices, Taps, and Terminations: Arrange on numbered terminal strips in junction, pull, and outlet boxes; terminal cabinets; and equipment enclosures.
- G. Match input and output impedances and signal levels at signal interfaces. Provide matching networks where required.
- Identification of Conductors and Cables: Color-code conductors and apply wire and cable marking tape to designate wires and cables so they identify media in coordination with system wiring diagrams.
- I. Weatherproof Equipment: For units that are mounted outdoors, in damp locations, or where exposed to weather, install consistent with requirements of weatherproof rating.
- J. Connect wiring according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."
- K. Provide installation of all equipment specified, including all miscellaneous parts and labor for a complete, fully functioning system.

3.2 GROUNDING

- A. Ground cable shields and equipment to eliminate shock hazard and to minimize ground loops, common-mode returns, noise pickup, cross talk, and other impairments.
- B. Signal Ground Terminal: Locate at main equipment cabinet. Isolate from power system and equipment grounding.

3.3 SYSTEM PROGRAMMING

A. Programming: Fully train Owner on available programming options. Record Owner's decisions and set up initial system program. Prepare a written record of decisions, implementation methodology, and final results.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust fieldassembled components and equipment installation, including connections, and to assist in field testing. Report results in writing.
- B. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
 - 1. Schedule tests with at least seven days' advance notice of test performance.
 - 2. After installing school intercom and program equipment and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
 - Operational Test: Test originating station-to-station, all-call, and page messages at each intercom station. Verify proper routing and volume levels and that system is free of noise and distortion. Test each available message path from each station on system.
 - Frequency Response Test: Determine frequency response of two transmission paths, including all-call and paging, by transmitting and recording audio tones. Minimum acceptable performance is within 3 dB from 150 to 2500 Hz.
 - Signal-to-Noise Ratio Test: Measure signal-to-noise ratio of complete system at normal gain settings as follows:
 - a. Disconnect speaker microphone and replace it in the circuit with a signal generator using a 1000-Hz signal. Measure signal-to-noise ratio at paging speakers.

- Repeat test for three speaker microphones, one master station microphone, and for each separately controlled zone of paging loudspeakers.
- Minimum acceptable ratio is 45 dB.
- Distortion Test: Measure distortion at normal gain settings and rated power. Feed signals at frequencies of 150, 200, 400, 1000, and 2500 Hz into each intercom, paging, and all-call amplifier. For each frequency, measure distortion in the paging and all-call amplifier outputs. Maximum acceptable distortion at any frequency is 5 percent total harmonics.
- Acoustic Coverage Test: Feed pink noise into system using octaves centered at 500 and 4000 Hz. Use sound-level meter with octave-band filters to measure level at five locations in each paging zone. Maximum permissible variation in level is plus or minus 3 dB; in levels between adjacent zones, plus or minus 5 dB.
- Power Output Test: Measure electrical power output of each paging amplifier at normal gain settings of 150, 1000, and 2500 Hz. Maximum variation in power output at these frequencies is plus or minus 3 dB.
- Signal Ground Test: Measure and report ground resistance at system signal ground. Comply with testing requirements in Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
- C. Retesting: Correct deficiencies and retest. Prepare a written record of tests.
- D. Inspection: Verify that units and controls are properly labeled and interconnecting wires and terminals are identified. Prepare a list of final tap settings of paging and independent room speaker-line matching transformers.
- E. Prepare written test reports.
 - Include a record of final speaker-line matching transformer-tap settings, and signal ground-resistance measurement certified by Installer.

3.5 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service and initial system programming.
- B. Verify that electrical wiring installation complies with manufacturer's submittal and installation requirements.
- C. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.6 ADJUSTING

- A. On-Site Assistance: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to provide on-site assistance in adjusting sound levels, resetting transformer taps, and adjusting controls to meet occupancy conditions.
- B. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to two visits to site outside normal occupancy hours for this purpose, without additional cost.

3.7 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain school intercom and program equipment. Refer to Division 1 Section "Demonstration and Training."
 - Train Owner's maintenance personnel on programming equipment for starting up and shutting down, pre-recorded messages, bell scheduling, troubleshooting, servicing, and maintaining equipment.

3.8 WARRANTY

A. Provide one year warranty on equipment other than Rauland. Include coverage of travel, parts and service.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 16730 - CLOCK AND PROGRAM SYSTEM

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Electrical General Requirements."

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- Submit under provisions of Section 16010.
- Shop Drawings: Indicate wiring diagrams and interconnection В. diagrams.
- C. Product Data: Provide for each item of equipment; show specified ratings and physical dimensions.

1.3 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Submit under provisions of Section 16010.
- Operation Data: Include the following: В.
 - Instructions for starting and operating clock system.
 - 2. Instructions for operating system under unusual conditions following power failure or other condition requiring resetting of clocks.
 - 3. Operating limits which may result in hazardous or unsafe conditions, or in equipment damage.
 - 4. Routine preventive maintenance schedule.
- Maintenance Data: Include the following:
 - 1. List special tools, maintenance materials, and replacement parts.
 - 2. Repair instructions for procedures to check, repair, and test equipment during typical malfunctions.
 - 3. Recommended cleaning methods, frequency, and materials.

1.4 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Do not install products until building is enclosed.
- Maintain conditions to manufacturer's instructions during and В. after installation of clock system.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. National Time & Signal/Rauland.

2.2 CLOCK AND PROGRAM SYSTEM

- A. Description: Provide time standard signal for indicating clocks, time period audible signals.
- B. Configuration: Synchronous wired.
- C. System Indicating Clock Capacity: quantity as shown on the drawings with 20% spare capacity.
- D. System Control Relay Capacity: as required.

E. Program Circuit Capacity: 4.

2.3 MASTER CLOCK UNIT

- A. Manufacturer and Model:
 - 1. Master clock is integral to the public address system console in the head end room. P.A. console/master clock shall be replaced.
- B. Description: Programmable Master clock for maintaining standard time and transmitting time, correcting, and program control signals. Provide master clock integral to public address system console to control existing clocks. Field verify existing conditions.

2.4 INDICATING CLOCKS

- A. Manufacturer and Model:
 - 1. National Time & Signal model 030-12EX for single face 12" recessed clocks. Other models: 030-15EX (15" clocks in corridors) and 030-18EX (18" clocks in large spaces).
- B. Description: Round analog indicating clock, synchronous motor type.
- C. Finish and Color: Black color hands on white color face, steel housing with white color enamel finish trim.
- D. Voltage: 120V or 24V, 60 Hz (FIELD VERIFY EXISTING VOLTAGE and match for new clocks).
- Size: Single faced clocks: 12 inch (unless otherwise Ε. indicated on drawings).
- F. Backboxes: Provide per manufacturer's requirements.
- G. Provide wireguards for gymnasium applications.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

- B. Provide wireguards for clocks in gymnasiums.
- 3.2 MANUFACTURER'S FIELD SERVICES
 - A. Prepare and start systems.
- 3.3 DEMOSTRATION
 - A. Provide system demonstration covering all aspects of operation, maintenance and warranty service procedures.
- 3.4 WARRANTY
 - A. Provide two year warranty. Include coverage of travel, parts and service.

END OF SECTION 16730

SECTION 16999 - ELECTRICAL TESTING

PART 1 - GENERAL
1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS
1.2 SECTION INCLUDES
1.3 REFERENCES
1.4 QUALIFICATIONS
1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
1.6 TEST INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION
1.7 TEST REPORTS
PART 2 - PRODUCTS
PART 3 - EXECUTION
3.1 THERMOGRAPHIC SURVEY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and General Provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- Related Sections include the following: В.
 - 1. Division 16 Section "Electrical General Requirements."
 - 2. Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."
 - 3. Division 16 Section "Grounding and Bonding."
 - 4. Division 16 Section "Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers."
 - 5. Division 16 Section "Enclosed Controllers."
 - 6. Division 16 Section "Dry-Type Transformers"
 - 7. Division 16 Section "Panelboards."
 - 8. Division 16 Section "Switchboards."

1.2 SECTION INCLUDES

- The Electrical Contractor shall engage the services of a Α. recognized corporately independent N.E.T.A. certified testing firm for the purpose of performing inspections and tests as herein specified
- The testing firm shall provide all material, equipment, labor, and technical supervision to perform such tests and inspections.

- C. It is the intent of these tests to assure that all tested electrical equipment is operational and within industry and manufacturer's tolerances and is installed in accordance with design Specifications.
- The test and inspections shall determine suitability for D. energization.
- Equipment to be tested and inspected shall be the new Ε. equipment shown on the one line diagram and schedules as required by part three of each individual Specification Section. In addition, all equipment that is part of an emergency distribution system shall be tested.

1.3 REFERENCES

- All inspections and tests shall be in accordance with the latest version of the following codes and standards except as provided otherwise herein.
 - National Electrical Manufacturer's Association NEMA
 - 2. American Society for Testing and Materials ASTM
 - 3. Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers IEEE
 - 4. InterNational Electrical Testing Association NETA Acceptance Testing Specifications - ATS-1996
 - InterNational Electrical Testing Association -Maintenance Testing Specifications-MTS-1997
 - American National Standards Institute ANSI C2: National Electrical Safety Code
 - 7. State and Local Codes and Ordinances
 - 8. Insulated Cable Engineers Association ICEA
 - 9. Association of Edison Illuminating Companies AEIC
 - 10. Occupational Safety and Health Administration
 - 11. National Fire Protection Association NFPA
 - a. ANSI/NFPA 70: National Electrical Code
 - b. ANSI/NFPA 70B: Electrical Equipment Maintenance
 - c. NFPA 70E: Electrical Safety Requirements for Employee Workplaces
 - d. ANSI/NFPA 101: Life Safety Code

1.4 OUALIFICATIONS

The testing firm shall be a corporately independent testing Α. organization, which can function as an unbiased testing authority, professionally independent of the manufacturers, suppliers, and installers of equipment or systems evaluated by the testing firm.

- B. The testing firm shall be regularly engaged in the testing of electrical equipment devices, installations, and systems.
- C. The lead, on site, technical person and at least 50% of the on site crew shall be currently certified by the InterNational Electrical Testing Association (NETA).
- D. The testing firm shall only utilize technicians who are regularly employed by the firm on a full-time basis for testing services.
- E. The Contractor shall submit proof of the above qualifications with bid proposal.
- F. The terms used herewithin such as Test Agency, Test Contractor, Testing Laboratory, or Contractor Test Company, shall be construed to mean the testing organization.
- G. Acceptable Testing Firms:
 - 1. Northern Electrical Testing; Phone (248) 689-8980.
 - 2. Utilities Instrumentation Services; Phone (734) 482-1450.
 - 3. Emerson/High Voltage Maintenance Corporation; Phone (734) 524-0409.
 - 4. Power Plus Engineering; Phone (248) 344-0200.
 - 5. Magna; Phone (248) 486-7370.

1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Electrical Contractor shall supply a suitable and stable source of electrical power to each test site. The testing firm shall specify the power requirements.
- B. The Electrical Contractor shall notify the testing firm when equipment becomes available for acceptance tests. Work shall be coordinated to expedite project scheduling.
- C. The testing firm shall notify the Owner's Representative prior to commencement of any testing.
- D. Any system, material or workmanship, which is found defective on the basis of acceptance tests, shall be reported to the Engineer. The Electrical Contractor shall correct all defects.
- E. The testing organization shall maintain a written record of all tests and shall assemble and certify a final test report.
- F. Safety and Precautions

- Safety practices shall include, but are not limited to, the following requirements:
 - a. Occupational Safety and Health Act.
 - b. Accident Prevention Manual for Industrial Operations, National Safety Council.
 - and local safety operating c. Applicable state procedures.
 - d. NETA Safety/Accident Prevention Program.
 - e. Owner's safety practices.
 - f. National Fire Protection Association NFPA 70E.
 - g. American National Standards for Personnel Protection.
- All tests shall be performed with apparatus de-energized except where otherwise specifically required.
- The testing organization shall have a designated safety representative on the project to supervise operations with respect to safety.

1.6 TEST INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

- Test Instrument Calibration Α.
 - 1. The testing firm shall have a calibration program, which assures that all applicable test instruments are maintained within rated accuracy.
 - The accuracy shall be directly traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
 - Instruments shall be calibrated in accordance with the following frequency schedule:
 - a. Field instruments: Analog 6 months maximum Digital -12 months maximum
 - b. Laboratory instruments: 12 months
 - Leased specialty equipment: 12 months (Where accuracy is quaranteed by Lessor)
 - Dated calibration labels shall be visible on all test equipment.
 - Records must be kept up-to-date which show date and results of instruments calibrated or tested.
 - An up-to-date instrument calibration instruction and procedures shall be maintained for each test instrument.
 - Calibrating standard shall be of higher accuracy than that of the instrument tested.
- Field Test Instrument Standards
 - All equipment used for testing and calibration procedures shall exhibit the following characteristics:
 - a. Maintained in good visual and mechanical condition.
 - b. Maintained in safe, operating condition.

- Suitability of Test Equipment
 - 1. All test equipment shall be in good mechanical and electrical condition.
 - Selection of metering equipment should be based on 2. knowledge of the waveform of the variable being measured. Digital multi-meters may be average of RMS sensing and may include or exclude the dc component. When the variable contains harmonics of dc offset and, in general, any deviation from a pure sine wave, average sensing, average measuring RMS scaled meters may be misleading. Use of RMS measuring meters is recommended.
 - Field test metering used to check power system meter calibration must have any accuracy higher than that of the instrument being checked.
 - Accuracy of metering in test equipment shall appropriate for the test being performed.
 - Waveshape and frequency of test equipment output waveforms shall be appropriate for the test and tested equipment.

TEST REPORTS 1.7

- A test report shall be generated for each piece of major Α. equipment or groups of equipment and shall include the following:
 - 1. A list of visual and mechanical inspections required by Division 16 Specification Sections in a checklist or similar format.
 - Test reports, including test values where applicable, for all required electrical tests. Clearly indicate where test values fall outside of the limits of recommended values.
 - Summary and interpretation of test results detailing problems located and recommended corrective measures.
 - 4. Record of infrared scan and photos showing potential problem locations.
 - 5. Signed and dated by the testing firm field superintendent stating that all required tests have been completed.
- Test reports shall be furnished to the Architect/Engineer В. within 14 days of the completion each test on an ongoing basis. Original copies of the reports shall be furnished directly to the Architect/Engineer by the testing company prior to formal submittal via the Contractors.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Not Applicable

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 THERMOGRAPHIC SURVEY

- A. Visual and Mechanical Inspection
 - 1. Remove all necessary covers prior to scanning.
 - 2. Inspect for physical, electrical, and mechanical condition.

Equipment to be Scanned В.

- All components of the distribution system down to and including branch circuit panelboards and motor control centers. Return 3 months after equipment has been energized and loaded to do a final scan of all equipment.
- Provide report indicating the following:
 - 1. Problem area (location of "hot spot").
 - Temperature rise between "hot spot" and normal or reference area.
 - 3. Cause of heat rise.
 - 4. Phase unbalance, if present.
 - 5. Areas scanned.

Test Parameters D.

- Scanning distribution system with ability to detect 1°C between subject area and reference at 30°C.
- Equipment shall detect emitted radiation and convert detected radiation to visual signal.
- Infrared surveys should be performed during periods of maximum possible loading but not less than twenty percent (20%) of rated load of the electrical equipment being inspected.

Ε. Test Results

- Interpretation of temperature gradients requires experienced technician. Some general guidelines are:
 - Temperature gradients of 3°C to 7°C indicate possible deficiency and warrant investigation.
 - Temperature gradients of 7°C to 15°C indicate b. deficiency; repair as time permits.
 - Temperature gradients of 16°C and above indicate major C. deficiency; repair immediately.

END OF SECTION 16999

SECTION 26 0526 - GROUNDING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to work of this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Grounding Connections:
 - a. To Structural Steel Used for Main Building Framing: Exothermic welded type.
 - b. To Non-Permanently Fixed Equipment: Lugs bolted to the equipment.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Regulatory Requirements: Ground non-current carrying parts of electrical equipment per the minimum requirements of the National Electrical Code, except where additional requirements are indicated or specified.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit the following according to the Conditions of the Contract and Division 01 Specification Sections.
- B. Submit letter of intent on each item. Coordinate the items, as they relate to the work, prior to submittal. Items shall include:
 - 1. Grounding connections and fittings

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GROUNDING CONNECTIONS

- A. Copper Compression Grounding
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Anderson
 - b. Burndy
 - c. Ilsco
 - d. Panduit
 - e. Penn Union
 - f. Thomas & Betts
- B. Grounding Fittings for Bonding a Ground Conductor to Its Own Conduit.
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Appleton Type GIB
 - b. Burndy Type NE
 - c. Penn Union Type BD
 - d. O-Z Type GB
 - e. Thomas & Betts Type TIG or 3800 Series

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install conductors of size required by the NEC, except that where larger sizes are otherwise indicated, provide these larger sizes. Ground structural steel building framing in the web of the column.
- B. Thoroughly clean all bonding surfaces of non-conducting materials. Where bolted connections are used, treat surfaces with a corrosion-inhibiting compound.
- C. The metallic enclosures and exposed noncurrent-carrying metal parts of all electrical equipment shall be grounded by connection with an equipment grounding conductor. This includes boxes, panels, racks, etc.

END OF SECTION 26 0526

SECTION 26 0529 - SUPPORTING DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including the Division 01 Specification Section, apply to work of this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This section includes straps, clamps, steel channel, and fastening hardware for supporting electrical work.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. NECA National Electrical Contractors Association.
- B. ANSI/NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.

1.4 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Equipment supports.
- B. Anchors and fasteners.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide materials, sizes, and types of anchors, fasteners and supports to carry the loads of equipment. Consider weight of wire when selecting products.
- B. All structural supports and channels shall be manufactured from ASTM A570 grade 33 steel. The minimum gauge of steel shall #16.
- C. The contractor shall replace all supports and channels that sag, twist, and or show signs of not providing proper structural support, to the equipment, it is intended for, as determined by the Owner and Technology Designer/Engineer. All costs associated with replacing supports and steel channels shall be incurred by the contractor.

D. Anchors and Fasteners:

- 1. Concrete Structural Elements: Use expansion anchors, powder actuated anchors and preset inserts
- 2. Steel Structural Elements: Use beam clamps and steel ramset fasteners.
- 3. Concrete Surfaces: Use expansion anchors.
- 4. Hollow Masonry, Plaster, and Gypsum Board Partitions: Use hollow wall fasteners.
- 5. Solid Masonry Walls: Use expansion anchors.
- 6. Sheet Metal: Use sheet metal screws.
- 7. Wood Elements: Use wood screws.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide anchors, fasteners, and supports in accordance with NECA "Standard of Installation."
- C. Do not fasten supports to pipes, ducts, mechanical equipment, and conduit.
- D. Fabricate supports from structural steel or steel channel. Rigidly weld members or use hexagon head bolts to present neat appearance with adequate strength and rigidity. Use spring lock washers under all nuts.

END OF SECTION 26 0529

SECTION 26 0533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including the Division 01 Specification Section, apply to work of this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Raceway systems as required, and all equipment and material, including conduit, fittings and boxes, as indicated, specified or required.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Letter of Intent: Submit letter of intent for each item. Coordinate the items, as they relate to the work, prior to submittal. Items shall include:
 - 1. Conduit and fittings
 - 2. Boxes
- B. Product Data: Submit complete data on each item. Coordinate the items, as they relate to the work, prior to submittal. Shop drawings shall include:
 - 1. Two-piece surface metal raceway.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONDUIT

- A. Electrical Metallic Tubing: Zinc-coated steel per ANSI C80.3-1977 "Specification for Electrical Metallic Tubing, Zinc-Coated".
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Allied
 - b. ETP
 - c. Republic
 - d. Triangle
- B. Flexible Steel Conduit: Per UL-1, "Flexible Steel Conduit".
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Allied
 - b. ETP
 - c. Triangle

2.2 CONDUIT FITTINGS

- A. Couplings and Connectors for EMT: Zinc-plated steel, compression or set screw type. Use compression type on existing conduits for existing circuits not containing a ground conductor within the conduit. Set screw may only be used where a ground conductor is contained within the conduit.
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Appleton
 - b. ETP
 - c. Midwest
 - d. Steel City
 - e. Thomas & Betts
- B. Conduit Unions on Continuous Run:
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Erickson
- C. Fittings for Flexible Steel Conduit: Malleable iron or steel, zinc or cadmium plated, securing the conduit by clamping action around the periphery of the conduit. Do not furnish fittings that anchor the conduit by means of set screws.
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Appleton
 - b. ETP
 - c. Steel City

2.3 OUTLET BOXES

- A. Sheet Steel Boxes: Galvanized or sherardized stock not less than No. 14 gauge, with knockout openings, single or multiple gang, with extensions, adapters, plaster rings, tile covers, fixture studs and cover plates. Furnish accessories with same gage and finish as specified for boxes, except where special finishes are specified for covers and device plates. Provide sizes per NEC requirements for wiring space, except where minimum sizes are specified under Part 3.
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Appleton
 - b. RACO
 - c. Steel City
- B. Cast or Malleable Iron Boxes: Galvanized or cadmium plated, single or multiple gang, with taper threaded hubs, adapters and cover plates. Furnish cast metal, galvanized or cadmium plated accessories, except where special device plates are specified. Furnish gaskets when located in areas requiring gaskets as specified in Part 3. Provide sizes per NEC requirements for wiring space, except where minimum sizes are specified under Part 3.
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Appleton
 - b. Crouse-Hinds
 - c. Pyle-National
 - d. Russelstoll

2.4 PULL AND JUNCTION BOXES

- A. Boxes Less than 5 Inches by 5 Inches: Conform to requirements specified for Outlet Boxes.
- B. Sheet Metal Boxes: Code gage, full seam welded with bent-in flanges seam welded at corner joints, screw fastened cover of same gage as box. Fasten cover with brass machine screws. Galvanize box and cover after fabrication. Provide sizes conforming to NEC requirements for wiring space, except where boxes of larger size are indicated. Furnish gaskets when located in areas requiring gaskets as specified in Part 3.
- C. Cast or Malleable Iron Boxes: Code gage, with threaded hubs or conduit bosses for field drilling and tapping, screw fastened cover of same gage as box. Fasten cover with brass machine screws. Galvanize box and cover after fabrication. Provide sizes conforming to NEC requirements for wiring space, except where boxes of larger size are indicated. Furnish gaskets when located in areas requiring gaskets as specified in Part 3.
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Hoffman
 - b. O-Z

2.5 TWO PIECE SURFACE METAL RACEWAY

- A. Multi-Outlet Systems: Consisting of receptacle openings and communications outlets installed in an all steel wireway system suitable for use indicated.
- B. Assembly shall have divider for separation of power wiring and communication wiring where indicated. Locate and space receptacles and furnish length of wireway system as indicated.
- C. Provide necessary fittings such as couplings, clips, ends, and covers. Furnish factory painted ivory finish raceway system components. All coverplates, inserts, brackets and any visible components shall be ivory. Contractor shall provide all required field touch-up painting as required.
- D. At locations where receptacles and communication devices are indicated, the surface metal raceway manufacturer shall provide two (2) gang device plates with cut out holes of sufficient size to accept 120 volt receptacles and communication devices. The device plates shall be so designed as to permit installation of receptacles and communication outlets with cover plate and the cover plate providing a tight fit against the raceway.
- E. At locations where only one single gang device is shown, either power or communications, the device plates shall have one single gang cutout the same size as required to accommodate a receptacle.
- F. Provide receptacles and communication outlet blank inserts as indicated and specified.
- G. Multi-Outlet Systems of Feeder Raceway: Assembly shall have divider for separation of power wiring and communication wiring. Furnish lengths of wireway system as indicated or required.
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Wiremold 4000 Series

2.6 ONE PIECE SURFACE METAL RACEWAY

- A. Multi-Outlet Systems: Consisting of receptacle openings and communications outlets installed in an all steel wireway system suitable for use indicated.
- B. Assembly shall have divider for separation of power wiring and communication wiring where indicated. Locate and space receptacles and furnish length of wireway system as indicated.

- C. At locations where receptacles and communication devices are indicated, the surface metal raceway manufacturer shall provide a 2-gang combination device box to accept communication devices. The device plates shall be so designed as to permit installation of communication outlets with cover plate. The cover plate shall provide tight fit against the outlet box.
- D. At locations where only one single gang device is shown, the device plates shall have a 1-gang combination device box.
 - Manufacturer:
 - a. Wiremold V700 Series

2.7 MISCELLANEOUS

- A. Sealant: Single component, non-sage urethane:
 - 1. Manufacturer: Provide products of one of the following:
 - a. Sika Corp. "Sikaflex 1a"
 - b. Pecora Corp. "Dynatrol 1"
 - c. Sonneborn "Sonolastic NP-1"
 - d. Tremco "Dymonic"

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONDUIT SYSTEMS

- A. Unless otherwise specified or indicated, the use of electric metallic tubing is permitted.
- B. Install flexible conduit in lieu of rigid conduit or EMT for final connection to equipment subject to vibration or movement.
- C. Install conduit systems as indicated, as required by the NEC, and as specified. Install conduit sizes as indicated. Where conduit sizes are not indicated, install sizes per NEC requirements, except do not use conduit sizes smaller than 3/4 inch unless otherwise specified.
- D. Install conduit concealed in office and similar finished areas, and exposed in all other areas unless otherwise indicated or specified. Do not run conduit in or under concrete floors in contact with earth in utility areas unless specifically indicated.
- E. Install exposed conduit runs parallel or perpendicular to walls, structural members, or intersections of vertical planes and ceilings. Keep conduit at least six inches away from parallel runs of high temperature surfaces, such as steam or hot water pipes and do not run conduit directly under cold water lines.
- F. Group conduit for common support, where indicated and elsewhere as directed by the Technology Designer/Engineer.
- G. Do not install crushed or deformed conduits and avoid trapped runs in damp or wet locations. Take care to prevent the entrance of water and the lodging of concrete, plaster, dirt or trash in conduit, boxes, fittings and equipment during the course of construction. Free conduit of obstructions or replace the conduits.
- H. Make changes in direction of runs with symmetrical bends, fittings or pull boxes. Do not use bends around outside corners; use fittings for same. Install elbows, bends and offsets having a minimum radius of curvature of 24 inches for 2 inch and 2-1/2 inch conduit, and 36 inches for 3 inch and larger conduit. Except where conduit runs are shown in exact detail, install pull points at not greater than 200 foot intervals in straight runs. Where bends are included between pull points, reduce this maximum permissible 200 foot separation between pull points by 50 feet for each 90 degree bend and 25 feet for

- each 45 degree bend. Figure deductions for all other angle bends on a similar basis. When bends are made in the field, make bends with an approved hickey or conduit bending machine. Make bends in 1-1/4 inch and larger conduits with standard conduit ells where possible.
- I. Provide conduit nipples with two independent sets of threads. Do not use running threads on any part of the conduit system. Where conditions require joining two fixed conduits into a continuous run, use a conduit union, in place of running threads and coupling.
- J. Install expansion fittings in exposed conduit runs of greater than 100 feet in length, crossing building expansion joints, and elsewhere as indicated.
- K. Install double locknuts and bushings on all rigid conduit terminations into threadless openings. Increase length of conduit threads at terminations sufficiently to permit the bushing to be fully seated against the end of the conduit.
- L. Use one hole malleable iron galvanized pipe straps for support of single conduits, or clevis type hangers. Support groups of conduit on trapeze hangers. Use threaded rod or pipe for hanger support. Do not use perforated strap or wire for conduit or hanger support. Use beam clamps or malleable iron or wrought steel with hook rods to grip the beam flange for conduit or hanger support; do not use C-clamp type fittings. Support exposed conduit at least every 8 feet if smaller than 2 inch, and every 10 feet if 2 inch and larger unless otherwise noted.
- M. All wiring shall be installed in raceways. The use of AC cable, MC cable or BX cable shall <u>not</u> be permitted.
- N. All conduit systems and circuits shall be provided with an equipment grounding conductor.

3.2 OUTLET, SWITCH, JUNCTION AND PULL BOXES

- A. Outlet Boxes for Use with Electrical Metallic Tubing: Sheet steel for flush or concealed work; cast or malleable iron for exposed locations.
- B. Masonry Boxes: For 2-gang boxes, use a 3-25/32" wide by either a 2-1/2" deep (4" block) or 3-1/2" deep (6" + 8" block) box.
- C. Drywall Boxes: For 2-gang boxes, use a 4-11/16" square box that is 2-1/8" deep with 1-1/4" knockouts. Provide a 4-11/16" square reducing plate. The reducing plate size will be determined by the width of drywall being installed.
- D. Gaskets: Provide cover gaskets for boxes in damp or wet locations and in utility areas.
- E. Pull and Junction Boxes for Use with Each Type of Conduit: As specified for outlet boxes for each conduit type under above paragraphs.
- F. Install boxes in the wiring or raceway systems as required for pulling of wires, making connections, and mounting of devices and fixtures.
- G. Install extension rings, adapters, raised covers and plaster rings on flush mounted boxes as required. Equip flush mounted boxes in masonry block or tile walls with tile covers.
- H. Locate outlets in offices and other finished areas with due regard for the finish and interior architectural treatment so that outlets are centered with respect to panels, joints or moldings, and so that plaster rings, frames and tile covers are properly located with respect to the finished surface.
- I. Support boxes independent of conduit and secure rigidly in place.

J. Above suspended ceilings, support boxes independent of the ceiling; fasten boxes to the ceiling support system by bar hanger or other approved support.

3.3 TWO PIECE SURFACE METAL RACEWAYS

- A. Install surface metal raceways at locations indicated on the Drawings. Where conduit cannot be concealed in wall cavities or in ceiling space (above drop ceilings) surface metal raceway shall be permitted. Exposed conduit in finished areas shall not be permitted.
- B. Where base or cover is cut, the cut ends shall be sanded, prime painted and finish painted to match the remainder of the wireway. All cuts shall be made using approved Wiremold Base Cutter (640B) and Wiremold Cover Cutter (640C), only. Raceway cuts shall not be permitted by any other means. Contractor shall purchase Wiremold cutters as part of this project in sufficient quantities to maintain the project schedule.
- C. Unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings, the following sizes of two piece surface metal raceways shall be used, 4-3/4 inch wide minimum by 1-3/4 inch deep minimum with center divider.
- D. Where available and as indicated on the Drawings, power and data outlet devices shall be gang mounted to permit installation of one two gang device plate to service one duplex power outlet and data outlets.
- E. Device plates installed on raceway which are not flush and square their entire perimeter due to deformation of the fittings on the surface mounted raceway will not be permitted.
- F. Communication and power circuits shall be run in separate compartments identified by sharply contrasting colors of the interior finish and the same relative position of compartments shall be maintained throughout the premises.
- G. Surface metal raceways and their elbows, couplings and similar fittings shall be so installed that the sections are electrically and mechanically coupled together without subjecting the wires to abrasion.

3.4 ONE PIECE SURFACE METAL RACEWAYS

- A. Install surface metal raceways at locations indicated on the Drawings. Where conduit cannot be concealed in wall cavities or in ceiling space (above drop ceilings) surface metal raceway shall be permitted. Exposed conduit in finished areas shall not be permitted.
- B. Where ends are cut, the cut ends shall be sanded, prime painted and finish painted to match the remainder of the wireway. All cuts should be made using approved Wiremold cutter (607) only. Raceway cuts shall not be permitted by any other means. Contractor shall purchase Wiremold cutters as part of this project in sufficient quantities to maintain the project schedule.
- C. Unless otherwise indicated on the drawings, the following size of the one piece surface metal raceway shall be used, 3/4 inch wide by 21/32 inch deep.
- D. Device plates installed on raceway which are not flush and square their entire perimeter due to deformation of the fittings on the surface mounted raceway will not be permitted.
- E. Surface metal raceways and their elbows, couplings and similar fittings shall be so installed that the sections are electrically and mechanically coupled together without subjecting the wires to abrasion.

END OF SECTION 26 0533

Project No. 151626C

SECTION 27 0015 - TECHNOLOGY GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. General provisions of the Bidding Documents and the Contract, including the Division 01 Specification Section, apply to work of this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes general administrative and procedural requirements for technology installations. The following administrative and procedural requirements are included in this Section to expand the requirements specified in the Division 01 section.
 - 1. References
 - 2. Work restrictions
 - 3. Job conditions
 - 4. Quality assurance
 - 5. Delivery, storage and handling
 - 6. Warranty
- B. This Section includes basic requirements for materials and installations for technology work, including but not limited to:
 - 1. General installation requirements
 - 2. Technology demolition work
 - 3. Cutting, patching and painting
 - 4. Coordination with other trades
 - 5. Related work specified in other sections

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Specification Format and Content Explanation:
 - 1. Specification Format: These Specifications are organized into Divisions and Sections based on the Construction Specifications Institute's MASTER FORMAT numbering system.
 - 2. Words, which have well known technical or construction industry meanings are used in the Contract Documents in accordance with such, recognized meanings.
 - 3. Abbreviated Language: In the interest of brevity, the Contract Documents frequently omit modifying words such as "all" and "any" and articles such as "the" and "an" but the fact that a modifier or an article is absent from a statement and appears in another is not intended to affect the interpretation of either statement.
 - 4. Trades: Use of titles such as "carpentry" is not intended to imply that certain construction activities must be performed by accredited or unionized individuals of a corresponding generic name, such as "carpenter." It also does not imply that requirements specified apply exclusively to tradespersons of the corresponding generic name.

B. Definitions:

- 1. Indicated: Refers to graphic representations, notes or schedules on the Drawings, or other Paragraphs or Schedules in Specifications, and similar requirements in Contract Documents. Where terms such as "shown", "noted", "scheduled", and "specified" are used, it is to help locate the reference: no limitation on location is intended except as specifically noted.
- 2. Directed: Terms such as "directed", "requested", "authorized", "selected", "approved", "required", and "permitted" mean "directed by the Technology Designer/Engineer", "requested by the Technology Designer/Engineer", and similar phrases. However, no implied meaning shall be

- interpreted to extend the Technology Designer/Engineer's responsibility into the Contractor's area of construction supervision.
- 3. Approve: The term "approved", where used in conjunction with the Technology Designer/Engineer's action on the contractor's applications and requests, is limited to the duties and responsibilities of the Technology Designer/Engineer as stated in the Contract. Such approval shall not release the Contractor from responsibility to fulfill Contract requirements unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents.
- 4. Regulation: The term "Regulations" includes laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, as well as rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work, whether lawfully imposed by authorities having jurisdiction or not.
- 5. Furnish: The term "furnish" is used to mean "supply and deliver to the Project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations."
- 6. Install: The term "install" is used to describe operations at project site including the actual "unloading, unpacking, assembly, erection, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, finishing, curing, protecting, cleaning, and similar operations."
- 7. Provide: The term "provide" means "to furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use."
- 8. Installer: An "Installer" is the Contractor engaged by the Contractor, either as an employee, subcontractor, or sub-subcontractor for performance of a particular construction activity, including installation, erection, application, and similar operations. Installers are required to be experienced in the operations they are engaged to perform.
- 9. Project Site: Is the space available to the Contractor for performance of construction activities, either exclusively or in conjunction with others performing other construction activities as part of the Project. The extent of the Project Site is shown on the Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land upon which the Project is to be built.
- 10. Testing Laboratories: A "testing laboratory" is an independent entity engaged to perform specific inspections or tests, either at the Project Site or elsewhere, and to report on and, if required, to interpret results of those inspections or tests.

1.4 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Design Requirements: Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, technical supervision, and incidental services required to complete, test and leave ready for operation the technology systems as specified and as indicated on Drawings.
 - 1. The Drawings indicate the general design and extent of the technology system. Comply with the Drawings as closely as actual construction of the building and the work of other Trades permit.
- B. Performance Requirements: Perform all work in a first class and workmanlike manner, in accordance with the latest accepted standards and practices for the Trades involved.
 - 1. All equipment of the same or similar systems shall be by the same manufacturer.
 - 2. All equipment shall be new, of modern design, and current standard production of the manufacturer.
- C. Permits and Fees: Obtain all permits, licenses, inspections and tests required. Upon completion of the Work, obtain and send certificates of inspections and approvals to the Technology Designer/Engineer.
 - 1. Pay all fees and expenses for permits, licenses, tests and inspections.
- D. Use of Premises: Limit the use of the premises to work in areas indicated. Do not disturb portions of the site beyond areas in which the Work is indicated. Allow for Owner occupancy and use by the public.
 - 1. The Contractor and each Subcontractor will be expected to have visited the site and appraise the existing situation and circumstances of operation. All site visits shall be coordinated with the Owner and shall occur so as not to disrupt the education environment.

- Consult with the Owner as to the availability of space for storage of materials and places of access
 to the work, etc. Materials and equipment must be placed to avoid interferences with the Owner's
 operations and shall be moved when so required.
- 3. Comply with the Owner's requirements with regard to entrance, movement within and exit of all trucks, equipment, and personnel.
- 4. The Owner reserves the right to perform construction work similar in nature to the work included under this Contract, in the same area concurrently with the Contractor, with his own forces, or with other Contractors, without conflict of any nature.
- E. Full Owner Occupancy: The Owner will occupy the site and existing buildings during entire construction period. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner operations.
- F. Owner's Right to Place Equipment: The Owner reserves the right to occupy and to place and install equipment in completed areas of the building, prior to Substantial Completion, provided that such occupancy does not interfere with completion of the Work. Such placing of equipment and partial occupancy shall not constitute acceptance of the total Work.
- G. Damage to Other Work: The Contractor shall repair, replace, or touch-up all finished surfaces in the existing building which may be damaged as a result of his work or operations.
- H. Hazardous Materials: Hazardous materials may be present in construction to be selectively demolished. A report on the presence of hazardous materials is on file for review and use. Examine report to become aware of locations where hazardous materials are present.
 - Hazardous material remediation where required, shall be coordinated with the Owner for removal by others.
 - 2. Do not disturb hazardous materials or items suspected of containing hazardous materials.
 - 3. Make Owner aware of any remediation requirements within two (2) weeks of Contract award.
- I. Use only adult or staff designated toilet facilities. Use of student toilet facilities is prohibited.
- J. Enforce strict discipline and good order among the Contractor's employees and subcontractor's.
 - 1. Foul, abusive or lewd language or demeanor will not be tolerated.
 - 2. Conversations with students by the Contractor's employees or subcontractors are prohibited.
 - 3. Contractor's employees and subcontractor's shall dress in a neat workmanlike manner.
- K. Smoking is prohibited anywhere on school property.
- L. Possession, sale or consumption of alcoholic beverages on Owner's property is strictly prohibited.
- M. The Owner's facilities are considered a "weapon free school zone" as defined in Section 237a of the Michigan penal code, Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931, being section 750.237a of the Michigan Compiled Laws and are subject to the following:
 - 1. If you own a firearm and obtain a concealed weapons permit, you are required by Michigan law to know that there are "Pistol Free" zones in Michigan. It is illegal to carry a pistol on school property, into public or private day care centers, sports arenas, churches, hospitals, casinos, a dormitory, or classroom of a college or university, an entertainment facility that seats 2,500 people or more, and a dining room, lounge, or bar area of a premises licensed under the Liquor Control Commission (MCL 28.425.01).
- N. The manufacturing, distribution, dispensing, possession or use of unlawful drugs on Owner's property is strictly prohibited and may result in criminal prosecution.

- O. Parking: Park in designated spaces only.
 - 1. Do not park vehicles on sidewalks or lawn areas surrounding the building unless written approval is received from the Owner.
 - Loading and unloading shall be done only at the loading dock. Coordinate use of loading dock with Owner.
 - a. No vehicles shall be left unattended for more than 30 minutes and no vehicle will be permitted to be left in the loading dock overnight.
- P. Contractor Employee Identification: All persons working on-site are required to have and wear an identification badge at all times. Badges will be provided by the Owner at no charge and must be returned to the Owner. Additional badges to replace lost badges will be charged at the Owner's standard rate/charge.
- Q. Waste Material Removal and Cleaning: Remove and properly dispose of, on a daily basis, all waste materials and debris resulting from the Work. The Owner's dumpsters shall not be used. The Project and adjacent grounds shall be kept free of accumulations of rubbish.
 - Construction debris shall not be stored overnight, nor shall it be left in common corridors. Keep debris confined to work areas only until such time as it is being removed.
 - 2. No burning of waste materials will be permitted on the premises.
 - 3. Provide general "broom cleaning" of the site at the completion of the project.
- R. Use of Owner's Cafeteria: Contractor will not be allowed the use of Owner's cafeteria.

1.5 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Keep the job adequately staffed at all times. Unless illness, loss of personnel or other circumstances beyond the control of the contractor, maintain the same individual in charge throughout.
- B. Cooperate with all appropriate parties in order to achieve well-coordinated progress with the overall construction completion schedule and satisfactory final results.
- C. Watch for conflicts with work of other contractors on the job and execute, without claim for extra payment, moderate moves or changes as are necessary to accommodate other equipment or to preserve symmetry and aesthetically pleasing appearance.
- D. Immediately report to the Engineer/Technology Designer any design or installation irregularities, so that appropriate action may be taken.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements:
 - 1. The system shall be registered under the most current applicable rulings of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). All components and installations shall bear an Underwriters' Laboratories (UL) listing.
 - 2. Ordinances and Codes: Perform all work in accordance with applicable Federal, State and local ordinances and regulations and in accordance with the Rules, Regulations and Accepted Practices of the following Agencies:
 - a. ANSI American National Standards Institute
 - b. ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials
 - c. BICSI Building Industry Consulting Service International
 - d. CSA Canadian Standards Association
 - e. EIA Electronics Industries Association
 - f. ETL Intertek Testing Services (ETL Testing Laboratories)

g.	FCC	Federal Communications Commission
h.	ICEA	Insulated Cable Engineers Association
i.	IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
j.	ISO	International Organization for Standardization
k.	NEC	National Electrical Code
l.	NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturer's Association
m.	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association.
n.	TIA	Telecommunications Industry Association
Ο.	UL	Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
p.	VESA	Video Electronics Standards Association

- 3. Notify the Engineer/Technology Designer before submitting this proposal should any changes in Drawings or Specifications be required to conform to the above codes, rules or regulations. After entering into Contract, make all changes required to conform to above ordinances, rules and regulations without additional expense to the Owner.
- 4. The code or standard establishing the more stringent requirement shall be followed where areas of conflict occur between codes and standards or between codes and standards and specifications.
- 5. Barrier-Free Regulations: All materials and installations shall comply with the requirements of the State of Michigan Handicapped Barrier-Free Regulations and with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).
- 6. Comply with federal, state and local labor regulations and applicable union regulations.
- B. Equipment Manufacturer Qualifications: The equipment shall be built and tested by a manufacturer who has regularly engaged in the production of said equipment for a minimum of five (5) years to assure one source of supply and responsibility.
- C. Equipment Supplier Qualifications: The supplier of the equipment shall maintain permanent service facilities within a 50 mile radius of the area of the installation. The supplier of the equipment shall be able to design, program and support the equipment and have experience on the design and installation of projects of this size or larger and certify they have no less than five (5) years of continuous experience in this area. The facilities shall include a permanent source of factory-trained service technicians on 24-hour call experienced in servicing this type of equipment and shall provide warranty and routine maintenance service to afford the Owner maximum coverage. They shall also provide a central source of support to warranty immediate answers to Owner's problems resulting from misunderstanding of the operation of the equipment.
- D. Equipment Installer Qualifications: The installation of the equipment shall be performed by fully qualified personnel, having had experience on the installation of this type and able to certify that they have had no less than five (5) years of continuous experience in this area and have made installation similar to this and of this size or larger.
- E. Project Management Qualifications: The Contractor Project Manager shall be PMP certified or shall have a minimum of five (5) years of project management experience. Contractor shall provide a resume for all staff assigned to these positions.
- F. Sequencing and Scheduling: Sequence and schedule work so as to avoid interference with the work of other Trades and the educational environment where students are present. Be responsible for removing and relocating any work, which in the opinion of the Owner's Representatives causes interference.
- G. Parts listed shall be complete, accurate part/model numbers and equipment furnished shall conform to manufacturer's specifications.
- H. All materials shall be new and shall conform to applicable provisions of Underwriters Laboratories and the American Standards Association.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store equipment, at the vendor's location, as recommended in manufacturer's written instructions and in manufacturer's sealed protective packages until time of installation.
- B. If spare parts are specified, store spare parts at the vendor's location, as recommended in manufacturer's written instructions and in manufacturer's sealed protective packages. Deliver spare parts as part of the project close-out procedure.
- C. Protect technology equipment from damage and theft.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. General:

- 1. Warranty: All products shall be warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship upon installation.
- The warranty shall begin on the date of acceptance. The date of acceptance shall be defined as the date the Certificate of Substantial Completion is signed by the Technology Designer/Engineer and the Owner.
- 3. All services shall be provided on-site at Farmington Public Schools.

B. Classroom AV Systems:

- 1. All systems and components shall be guaranteed free of defects in materials and workmanship from the date of acceptance as follows:
 - a. Projector screens 5 years.
 - b. Cabling, convertors, extenders and all other equipment standard manufacturer's warranty.
- 2. The date of acceptance shall be defined as the date the Certificate of Substantial Completion shall be signed by the Technology Designer and the Owner.
- 3. All other components shall be repaired or replaced by the AV System Contractor. Initial diagnosis shall be made within twenty-four (24) hours following report of defects by the Owner. Repair or replacement of defective components shall be made within forty-eight (48) hours of diagnosis.
- 4. The AV System Contractor shall be available on call and shall respond on site within twenty-four (24) hours notice, and without cost to the Owner, during the first twelve (12) months of full scale operation, following acceptance of the system, to assist the Owner and/or his representatives in any problems that may arise during the initial period of operation.
- 5. As part of the project closeout documentation, provide proof of warranty showing the Owner as the warranty holder. Documentation shall list warranty terms and Owner contact information including shipping address and phone contact information.

1.9 PRODUCTS - GENERAL

- A. All miscellaneous equipment required for a complete, professional installation shall be included in the Base Bid. No allowances for any additional equipment, cabling, or miscellaneous will be considered unless specifically excluded from the base bid.
- B. No exposed cabling shall be permitted in the wiring of any functions of the provided system. All cable shall be housed in appropriate raceways suitable and designed for such purposes.
- C. All work materials shall be removed at the end of the workday and the work area left in the same condition as found.
- D. While classes are in session, work shall be performed after normal school hours or during periods in which the building is not occupied by students (i.e. holiday breaks, half days, etc.). Adherence to a schedule of working hours, which is agreeable with the Owner, will be required.

1.10 TECHNOLOGY DEMOLITION WORK

- A. General: Perform technology demolition work in a systematic manner. Use such methods as outlined below to complete Work indicated on the Drawings.
- B. Obtain approval from the Owner prior to interrupting existing services. All service interruptions shall be at a time suitable to the Owner. Where the Owner approves service interruptions at times resulting in premium time work to the Contractor, the Contractor shall include the premium time in his Base Bid.
- C. The associated conduit, raceway, wire, junction boxes, supports, etc., of demolished equipment shall be removed from the utilization equipment back to the source panel or backboard. All associated wiring shall be removed back to the "sources" as noted below:
 - Data/AV Systems: Remove wiring from utilization equipment to device complete. Provide blank keystones and/or faceplates where required.
 - 2. Conduit in walls to remain: Abandon in place. Install blank coverplates.
 - 3. Conduit accessible above ceilings and/or other location: Remove conduit.
- D. Conduit in floor slabs shall be cut 1/2 inch below the floor and patched.
- E. Where applicable, existing in-place conduit and raceway may be reused for new work providing that the installation is in accordance with requirements for new work.
- F. Where equipment is removed, outlets shall be properly blanked-off, conduits capped, mounts and brackets removed and surfaces patched and painted. After alterations are completed, the entire installation shall present a "finished" look, as approved by the Technology Designer/Engineer. The original function of the present technology systems shall not be changed unless required by the specific revisions to the system as specified or as indicated.
 - 1. Where equipment is removed or a wall is otherwise left in an unfinished or damaged state, contractor shall patch and paint the wall to match the existing wall color. Contractor shall paint the wall from vertical break to vertical break (i.e. from edge of door to edge of first window).
- G. Materials salvaged from this work shall not be reused except where reuse is specifically indicated.
- H. Existing technology equipment removed, not reused and not specifically indicated to be turned over to the Owner, shall be legally and properly disposed of off Owner's property.
- Existing technology equipment specifically indicated to be turned over to the Owner shall be disconnected, removed and turned over to the Owner in an undamaged condition to an onsite storage area as directed by the Owner.

1.11 CUTTING, PATCHING AND PAINTING

- A. Direct miscellaneous cutting and patching of the existing building construction for the installation of the Technology Work.
- B. The cutting of holes through the existing building construction shall only be done by the use of abrasive saws and rotary coring machines. The use of hammer and drill points will not be permitted. The openings shall not be cut larger than necessary for the installation of the technology work. Openings shall then be grouted in. Where existing piping, etc. is removed; the unused openings shall be grouted in.
- C. The drilling or punching of structural members, such as holes through beams or columns, shall not be done without the specific permission of the Technology Designer/Engineer.
- D. Cutting of holes through floors and walls shall be done only at such locations as may be directed by the Technology Designer/Engineer.

- E. Where equipment is removed or a wall is otherwise left in an unfinished or damaged state, Contractor shall patch and paint the wall to match the existing wall color. Contractor shall paint the wall from vertical break to vertical break (i.e. from edge of door to edge of first window).
- F. Cooperate with the other Contractors so that all cutting and repairing in any given area will be done simultaneously.

1.12 COORDINATION WITH OTHER TRADES

- A. Install Work so as to avoid interferences with the Work of other trades. Be responsible for removing and relocating any work, which, in the opinion of the Owner's Representative, causes interferences.
- B. Should construction conditions prevent the installation of technology equipment at locations shown on the drawings, minor deviations may be permitted and shall be as directed by the Technology Designer/Engineer, and shall be made without additional cost to Owner.
- C. The Technology Trades will be responsible for all damage to other Work caused by their Work or through the neglect of their workers.

1.13 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED IN OTHER SECTIONS

- A. Under separate contracts, the Owner is adding data network switches, upgrading their wireless data network, phone system routers and adding to their existing structured cabling system. This Contractor shall coordinate their construction schedule with the other Technology Contractors.
- B. Under separate sections, the Owner is replacing markerboards within existing classrooms. This Contractor shall coordinate their construction schedule with the Construction Manager. Adherence to the schedule and substantial completion dates as defined elsewhere in these specifications, is critical to the success of this project.
- C. Under separate sections, the Owner is installing 120V power within raceways defined on the "ET" series drawings. This Contractor shall coordinate their construction schedule with the Construction Manager. Adherence to the schedule and substantial completion dates as defined elsewhere in these specifications, is critical to the success of this project.

END OF SECTION 27 0015

SECTION 27 4100 - AV SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. General provisions of the Bidding Documents and the Contract, including the Division 01 Specification Section, apply to work of this Section
- B. Section 27 0015 "Technology General Requirements."

1.2 SUMMARY OF WORK

- A. This Specification, in conjunction with the Drawings, establishes the requirements necessary to achieve the intended performance and function of the AV Systems.
- B. The buildings that new AV equipment is to be installed at are as follows:
 - 1. Farmington High School
- C. Verify dimensions and conditions at the job site prior to installation and perform installation in accordance with these Specifications, manufacturer's recommendations and the latest edition or revision of all applicable codes and standards.
- D. Provide any additional items, not specifically mentioned herein, necessary to meet system requirements as specified, without claim for additional payment. Such items may include hardware and other devices for proper installation, interface, isolation or gain. Any ground loops causing hums or noise will be corrected by Contractor at no additional charge to the Owner.
- E. All low-voltage wiring shall be plenum-rated.
- F. Remove ceiling tiles as required to accommodate new work under this Contract. Notify Owner of any damaged tiles prior to removal. Tiles damaged during construction shall be replaced by the Contractor.

1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide new motorized projection screens where indicated on the Drawings.
- B. All work shall be completed as specified. The successful Bidder shall work closely with and coordinate their construction schedules with the District's building schedules.
- C. This contract consists of providing demolition services, patching and making ready for paint, purchase and installation services of motorized projector screens and TV removal and disposal. This Contractor will secure the services of a licensed certified Electrical Contractor for all electrical modifications required.
- D. The spaces being renovated at each building consist of various ceiling heights and conditions. The successful bidder shall work closely with the Electrical Contractor to locate blocking, raceways, and electrical and low voltage boxes according to the manufacturer's requirements. Low voltage projector control switches shall be wall mounted at the teacher desk location.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PROJECTOR SCREEN

- A. Projection screen, electrically operated 120 volt (60 Hz) not more than 2.4 amp. Shall have specially designed motor mounted inside the roller to be three wire with ground quick reversal type, oiled for life, with automatic thermal overload cut-out, integral gears, capacitor and an electric brake to prevent coasting. To have pre-set but adjustable limit switches to automatically stop picture surface in the "up" and "down" positions. The roller to be constructed of aluminum. Screen fabric to be flame retardant and mildew resistant fiberglass with black masking borders standard. Bottom of fabric shall be formed into a pocket holding a metal rod. Case to be a two-piece design made of extruded aluminum with a white, lightly textured powder coat finish. End caps to be plastic with integrated junction box.
- B. Low Voltage RS-232 controller to be provided with each screen. Provide wall mounted low voltage switching where indicated on the drawings.
- C. Refer to drawings for specific screen sizes and locations.
- D. Tensioning Cable System to prevent warping and ensure even lateral tension.
- E. Provide mounting brackets to support the weight of the projector screen that will have to hang 1'-0" off the wall. Refer to Drawings for location and heights.
- F. Manufacturer:
 - 1. Da Lite Tensioned Cosmopolitan Electrol or equivalent by Draper, Stuwart or Screen Innovations.

2.2 TOUCH PANEL WIRE GUARD

A. Touch panel wire guard made to protect touch panel from any objects thrown or hit by in any athletic purpose. The FSR WB-MS3G will be wall mounted over each AV plates or touch panel in every ownnasium area.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP

- A. Material and workmanship shall be performed as specified.
- B. If, in the opinion of the Installing Contractor, an installation practice is desired or required, which is contrary to these specifications or drawings, a written request for modification shall be made to the Construction Manager, Architect/Engineer and Owner. Modifications shall not be implemented without the written approval from the Technology Consultant.
- C. All materials and labor shall be furnished whether mentioned or not to form a complete system operational as per the intentions and description set forth within these specifications. Include delivery, unloading, placement, fastening to walls, floors, ceiling, counters, or other structures where required and all other work and materials necessary to form a complete operational system.
- D. The Contractor shall not fasten supports to pipes, ducts, mechanical equipment or conduit.
- E. The Contractor shall obtain permission from the Owner or the Technology Designer before drilling or cutting structural members.
- F. Communication bonding and grounding shall be in accordance with the NEC and NFPA. Horizontal cables shall be grounded in compliance with ANSI/NFPA 70 and local requirements and practices.

- G. The Contractor shall provide any necessary screws, anchors, clamps, tie wraps, distribution rings, miscellaneous grounding and support hardware, etc. necessary to facilitate the installation of the system.
- H. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to furnish any special installation equipment or tools necessary to properly complete the system.
- I. The Contractor shall work carefully with all ceilings and return ceilings to original conditions. Any damages or expenses are the responsibility of the Contractor.
- J. Supply all cabinetry, materials, parts, equipment and labor necessary for the complete installation of the systems, in full accordance with the recommendations of the equipment manufacturers and with the requirements of the Specifications and Drawings.
- K. Supply a FSR WB-MS3G surface wall box cover over all AV plates or touch panels in gymnasium areas.

END OF SECTION 27 4100

1 GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY OF WORK

- A. This Section includes equipment for stage lighting systems, including fixtures, lamps, relays dimmers, controls, and distribution components.
- B. All components of the system shall be of the manufacturer's most recent generation of product at the time of shipping and installation.
- C. The term "Installing Contractor" shall refer to the Electrical Contractor or direct subcontractor of the Electrical Contractor performing the work of this section.
- D. The approved product is to be manufactured or supplied (if not manufacturer standard product) by Electronic Theatre Controls of Middleton, WI. All other product, if not listed in section 2.1.A.4 below, is to be listed as a voluntary alternate.

1.3 SCOPE

- A. Lighting System Scope
 - 1. The lighting control system is based on a hybrid control system with primary support for LED theatrical lighting fixtures, while still supplying power for potential moving light fixtures and some circuits for conventional dimmed fixtures.
 - 2. All theatrical and architectural lighting shall be incorporated in the system for seamless control.
 - 3. The lighting control console is designed for control of LED fixtures and moving light fixtures, while still supporting conventional lighting fixture integration. The complete console system will include dual displays and wireless iPad control for simplicity of hanging and focusing of fixtures with a limited number of staff.
 - 4. The control system functions just like a standard LAN network on Category 5 wiring. There are distributed points throughout the space for both input and output of data.
 - 5. Lighting power distribution is scattered primarily at ceiling level for consistent coverage over the stage. It is comprised of distributed plug boxes and plug strips for flexibility.
 - 6. The human interface is very simple and extremely functional for this style of a venue. The software is flexible enough to meet the needs of both the day to day operation of the space as well as future expansion.
 - 7. The primary controls for the space would be standard low voltage entry stations for flexibility and consolidation of control. A portable LCD touchpanel located in the tech booth will provide additional controls and lock out.
 - 8. The lighting fixture package is based primarily on LED color mixing fixtures. There will be approximately 80 new fixtures to cover the space appropriately for general theatrical lighting and effect. Some of fixtures may be bid as alternates.
 - 9. An alternate will be bid for additional light fixtures.
 - 10. See drawings for locations of all equipment to be installed.

B. Theatrical Lighting Vendor Scope

- 1. The system shall be supplied to the Owner through a Theatrical Lighting Vendor (TLV).
- 2. The TLV is to provide and install lighting control consoles and console interface stations as indicated.
- 3. The TLV is to provide and install control panels, control receptacles, etc., as indicated.
- 4. Provide, bench focus, install, and make initial adjustments to all theatrical fixtures and accessories. Install all safety cables on fixtures, open all shutters and perform all other fixture installation tasks as outlined in part 3 of this specification.
- 5. All 1-1/2" O.D. Schedule 40 black iron pipe for the stage plug strips to be supplied and installed by the TLV.
- 6. The installation shall be supervised by the TLV through completion of the project.
- 7. The TLV and EC shall both be responsible to provide a complete and functional system to the Owner at completion of the project.
- 8. All components necessary for a complete and working system shall be included, whether or not they are specifically addressed in this specification.
- 9. The TLV is to provide a repertory plot and O&M data to the Owner at time of completion.
- 10. A file should be supplied in electronic DWG format and hardcopy format with room layouts, fixture locations and focusing, etc., gathered and bound for Owner ease of use.
- 11. Supply two (2) sets of the bound materials to the Owner at time of completion.

C. Manufacturer Scope

- All architectural controls programming shall be coordinated with the project electrical engineer and shall be programmed to meet the mandatory lighting control provisions of the Michigan Uniform Energy Code, currently adopted as ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-1999.
- All low-voltage terminations including, but not limited to, architectural control stations, plugin receptacle interface stations, inter-rack control wiring, and control network cabling shall be performed by an Authorized Factory Technician of the dimming system manufacturer. The dimming system manufacturer's price to the Installing Contractor must be inclusive of this service.
- 3. The dimming system manufacturer, via the TLV, shall provide all system and control hardware to the project.
- 4. All plugboxes and output boxes at the ceiling shall be verified for mounting type prior to ordering. Plugboxes surface-mounted on catwalk railings and shall be black.
- 5. There are to be a minimum of three (3) site visits (other than the system energization and low voltage termination visits) as required by the construction management team. These site visits shall be made by the factory or local representative of the manufacturer as approved by the Architect/Engineer.
- 6. The local representative of the manufacturer, making the site visits, shall have at least three (3) continuous years of experience in designing and/or installing theatrical lighting systems.
- 7. There shall be four (4) separate training sessions, other than the above visits, to educate up to 6 persons in the working of the system and other supplied lighting hardware. Each training session shall be at least two (2) hours in duration.

- 8. The owner shall have the option of videotaping the training sessions if they so choose.
- 9. Videotaping shall not be the responsibility of the Electrical Contractor or the Manufacturer's Representative.

D. Electrical Contractor Scope

- All wiring is to be installed by the Electrical Contractor (EC) and shall meet local code requirements.
- 2. The EC is to provide and install new 120/208V or 277/480V power feeder to the new theatrical system dimming panels, relay panels, and other hardware as needed.
- 3. All installation, labor, and electrical products (including, but not limited to, wire, conduit, hardware, and other items as may be required) shall be supplied by the Electrical Contractor (EC).
- 4. All additional electrical switch gear for the dimming system including, but not limited to, circuit breakers, fused disconnects, main breakers, electrical panel boards, etc. shall be the responsibility of the Electrical Contractor. Neither the dimming control manufacturer nor any of their representatives shall be responsible for these components of the system.
- 5. Line voltage wiring is to have 1 hot wire and 1 neutral wire per circuit for every dimmed circuit in the house and stage lighting. DO NOT COMMON NEUTRALS on dimmed circuits. Provide additional ground wires as required.
- 6. All wiring is to be tested for shorts and other damage prior to system energization.
- 7. Temporary lighting is the responsibility of the Electrical Contractor. The dimming rack is not to be energized prior to factory start-up unless the manufacturer approves other arrangements.
- 8. EC is solely responsible for providing, pulling, and labeling low voltage cabling, providing junction boxes and conduit as required, and leaving cabling unterminated per the system manufacturer's requirements.
- 9. All low-voltage cabling associated with the Theatrical Lighting System shall be run in conduit unless specifically authorized by the Engineer for special circumstances. Actual length of dimming system cabling, allowable wiring topologies, and system layout shall be verified during the project approval process.
- 10. Electrical Contractor shall be responsible for scheduling the low-voltage terminations with the Authorized Factory Technician of the dimming system manufacturer.
- 11. Electrical Contractor shall provide an interface between the theatrical lighting control system and the fire alarm system as required by code.
- 12. The interface shall provide compliance with means-of-egress illumination provisions of the Michigan Building Code, to activate a preset to restore means of egress illumination in the auditorium in the event of an alarm condition.
- E. The TLV and EC shall both be responsible to provide a complete and functional system to the Owner at completion of the project.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings
 - 1. Ten (10) sets of B-size shop drawings shall be furnished for approval within 30 days of award of contract. Prior to fabrication of equipment, one set shall be returned appropriately

- marked as the approval document. Submittal drawings shall be customized for the individual job. Generic factory-standard drawings are not acceptable and will be rejected.
- Complete Bill of Materials, inclusive of all products specified and unspecified, and all manufacturer services provided.
- Product Data: For fixtures, lamps, distribution components, and control systems, including dimensions and data on features and components. Include data on ratings and features of devices.
- Detail dimmer racks showing arrangements, characteristics, and circuit assignments of various modules. Include elevation views of front panels indicating devices and controls. Include illustrations and dimensioned outline drawings.
- 5. Wiring Diagrams: Detail wiring for power distribution and control systems and differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.
 - a. Point-to-point control risers shall be detailed for individual sub-networks (i.e. each DMX universe, handheld remote focus unit, Ethernet-based network, dimmer status network, architectural control network, etc.).
 - Point-to-point control risers shall also include a composite/overall diagram encompassing all control network wiring.
- 6. Of the ten required sets mentioned above, the Electrical Contractor shall be furnished with four (4) sets of these B-size drawings for his/her use. The Electrical Contractor shall keep the most current set of drawings on the jobsite and record "as-built" information on the same.
- B. The owner shall be supplied with three (3) sets of "as-built" drawings at the completion of the installation. These drawings shall be part of an operations and maintenance manual covering all major items installed. As-Builts shall be provided in electronic format to the Owner in addition to the hard copies noted above.
- C. Maintenance Data: For fixtures, distribution components, software, operating manuals, instructional videotapes, and controls to include in maintenance manuals specified in Division 1.
- D. Record Data: Show connections and circuit and channel assignments.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. To ensure a uniform installation and single responsibility, the lighting control system shall be the product of one manufacturer. This manufacturer shall have manufactured electronic lighting controls for a minimum of 10 years.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.

1.6 STANDARDS

- A. All equipment and installation practices, where applicable standards have been established, shall be built and installed to the standards of the following institutions:
 - 1. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL)
 - 2. NFPA 70, National Electric Code (NEC)
 - 3. United States Institute for Theater Technology (USITT)

- 4. Entertainment Services and Technology Association (ESTA)
- 5. Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)
- 6. American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
- 7. Illumination Engineering Society, North America (IESNA)
- 8. Building Industry Consulting Service International (BICSI)
- 9. Electronic Industries Alliance (EIA)
- 10. Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA)
- B. Approved equipment shall be so labeled with applicable and relevant standards upon delivery to the job site.

1.7 APPROVED VENDORS

- A. John S. Hyatt and Associates, Grand Rapids, MI (616) 451-9245; Attn: John Hyatt
- B. Tobins Lake Sales, Whitmore Lake, MI (734) 449-9810, Attn: Bill Ebeling
- C. Advanced Lighting and Sound, Troy City, MI (248) 817-2092), Attn: Bob Sullivan
- D. Vincent Lighting Systems, Westland, MI (734) 660-8959; Attn: Drew Franklin

1.8 INTENT

A. The intent of this specification is to define parameters for furnishing and installing a complete working Theatrical Lighting System to the owner. The system is designed to meet specific operational requirements. Performance deviations will not be accepted.

1.9 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. The dimming equipment specified is the result of efforts on the part of the owner to select equipment for reliability, ease of maintenance and suitability for the owners' purposes. Approved manufacturers are outlined in Part 2 of this document.
- B. The base bid shall be based on the specified equipment. If submitting a voluntary alternate bid:
 - The equipment must be so noted on a separate bid form as an addition or deduction to the base bid.
 - 2. The price for Substitute equipment must be identified as a Voluntary Alternate bid and the amount stated as an addition or deduction to the base bid.
 - 3. The voluntary alternate bid for Substitute equipment shall include a document identifying all deviations from this specification.
 - 4. The approved equivalent equipment must meet or exceed the specified equipment in every aspect of performance, form, and function. Approved equivalents must meet all specification requirements and design intent, with no value engineering of system.
 - 5. Any revision or addition to the wiring required by Substitute equipment shall be the responsibility of the substituting contractor. This contractor shall also be responsible for any additional architectural or engineering fees occasioned by the necessity of evaluating alternate proposals.
 - 6. All Approved Equivalent equipment shall be fully digital in operation.
 - 7. No exception shall be made to the requirement for optical isolation.

- 8. No deviation shall be permitted from the requirement for UL listing.
- 9. To ensure quality product on the project, all Voluntary Alternate manufacturers must provide a working mock-up demonstration of their networking interface.
- 10. The demonstration must include
 - a. Functional integrated architectural and theatrical controls
 - b. A demonstration of the proposed user interface
 - A hardware component for each area to be supplied (i.e. control stations, nodes, etc.).
- 11. This demonstration is to be provided a minimum of (10) ten days prior to bid, and is to be done on site for the engineer, owner, and lighting consultant.
- 12. Any manufacturer not able to supply a functioning mockup of the proposed product shall not be approved.
- 13. All product is to meet all other specifications provided in this document and on the drawings.

1.10 FABRICATION

A. Fabrication shall begin only after submittal drawings have been processed by the Engineer and a written notice to proceed have been delivered to the manufacturer at the manufacturer's place of business.

1.11 ENERGIZATION

A. A qualified engineering representative employed full time by the manufacturer or local authorized service center shall visit the job site after installation is complete and prior to the energization of the system to inspect, test and adjust the system. He/she shall also at that time instruct the owners' representatives in the operation and maintenance of the system. These services shall not exceed four days in length and shall be provided within 21 days of written notice by the contractor.

1.12 WARRANTY

- A. The manufacturer warrants to the original owner or retail customer that for a period of three years from date of energization of the permanently installed system, its products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service.
- B. Parts and service shall be available for all system components for a minimum of ten years after the date of energization of the permanently installed system or the delivery of any portable product.

1.13 MANUFACTURER SERVICES

A. Service shall be provided directly by the manufacturer or qualified local authorized service center. Service calls shall be made within 24 hours.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 BILL OF MATERIALS

A. General

- Coordinate Bill of Materials with Drawings. Locations of distribution equipment with circuit numbers at each location are shown on the Drawings, as well as rack and control locations.
- Report any conflicts between this Bill of Materials and the Drawings to the Project Engineer.
 If the conflict is not resolved in writing, the contractor shall provide the more stringent
 requirement.
- All line-voltage connectors in distribution equipment, interface stations, or on fixtures shall be rated 20A unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Approved manufacturers:
 - Electronic Theatre Controls, Inc.
 - b. Selecon Lighting, a Philips Group Company
 - c. Pathway Connectivity, an Acuity Brands Company
 - d. TMB Proplex and Dataplex cabling (or approved equal)
 - e. Middle Atlantic audio / video cabinets (or approved equal)
 - f. SurgeX Power
 - q. SSRC
 - h. Hubbell networking equipment (or approved equal)
- B. Dimming and Architectural Control Racks: Approved equal No Equal
 - 1. Relay panel w/ breakers installed and main lugs for power input
 - a. (3) ERP-24R1-30B1-22kA SCCR 120V Echo relay panel
 - b. (3) ERP-RTO ride thru option
 - c. (3) ERP-SMD surface mount door
 - d. (3) ERP-Net Ethernet interface
 - e. (3) ERP-TPH tamperproof hardware kit
 - f. (1) ERP-LVD Echo 0-10V Dimming Control Option
 - (3) ETC DEBC DMX Emergency Bypass Controller -- for use with emergency lighting DMX light fixtures.
 - 3. (1) ETC EBDK Emergency Bypass Detection Kit -- 3 Phase power loss relay with contact closure output to activate Emergency DMX Signal.
 - 4. Distributed dimming hardware: Approved equal No Equal
 - a. (2) ETC ES750 electronic silent dimmer, 750w
 - b. (4) 10' DMX jumper cable
- C. Emergency Lighting Transfer Switch for house lights, worklights, and lobby lights.
 - 1. ETC part # ELTS2-1-M-1P-6
- D. Architectural Control Stations (provide surface mount or pipe mount back boxes where required, flush mount boxes (standard 3.5 inch deep back box) provided per box schedule sheet TL101. Approved equal – No Equal

- 1. (8) UH10002 pushbutton Station, 2 button, single gang, entry station. Color to be Ivory, flush mount, standard legend.
- 2. (7) UH10002 pushbutton Station, 2 button, single gang, entry station. Color to be Black, flush mount, standard legend.
- 3. (1) P-LCD-P portable LCD touch screen, color to be black, 15ft attached cable.
- 4. (1) CD-25-Unison portable extension cable
- E. Control Console Approved equal No Equal
 - 1. (1) ETC Ion 6000 Console (loaded with 2000 DMX channels). Provide control console with appropriate dust cover, Littlite fixtures, cables, and all necessary accessories.
 - a. (2) 19 inch LCD Monitor
 - 2. (1) 16 GB iPad Air 2 with \$50 iTunes gift card for remote control software.
 - 3. (1) Commercial Grade wireless router for iPad connection to console. Configure as needed for operation with console and iPad.
 - 4. (1) 2 x 20 Fader Wing 40 faders
- F. Control Receptacles Stations
 - 1. (4) Four gang, flush-mount control plug-in interface station (BPS1, BPS2, BPS3, SPS) containing the following connectors:
 - a. (2) DMX Jack
 - b. (1) Ethercon network jack
 - c. (1) ETC UH1RS portable interface jack
 - 2. (27) DMX output jack
- G. Lighting Network Control Rack (LNCR)
 - (1) Sectional wall-mount equipment rack, 24-space, minimum 20" useable mounting depth, Middle Atlantic DWR-24-22 or approved equivalent, with lockable perforated front door and blank panels in unused spaces
 - 2. (1) Rack-mount series-mode power conditioner, SurgeX SX1120RT or approved equivalent
 - 3. (1) ERn2-Rm-120 rack mount control rack
 - 4. (1) P-ACP Paradigm architectural control processor
 - 5. (1) P-SPM Paradigm station power module
 - 6. (1) 48-port 10/100 Mbps Ethernet managed switch with IEEE 802.3af PoE on all ports, Cisco Small Business Pro ESW-520-48P or approved equivalent
 - 7. (1) 48-port 1-space Category 5e patch panel, T586B wiring standard, Hubbell SpeedGain P5E48UE or approved equivalent
 - 8. (1) 2-space horizontal cable management panel, front and rear rings, Hubbell NextFrame HC219CE1N or approved equivalent
 - 9. (8) N34G-4T 4 port net 3 gateway node with terminal strip connectors

- 10. (4) N3GA-RM net 3 rack mount hardware
- 11. (1) Lot of vented blank plates for airflow in LNCR.
- 12. (1) Lot of 24" RJ-45 ethernet cables

H. Plugstrips

- (2) 9933-9(AO)/1(D/1)-2-L Outlet Strip 33 feet 9 Edison Outlets on 2 20A circuits, 1 DMX Outlet, Left Termination
- 2. (2) 9933-9(AO)/1(D/1)-2-R Outlet Strip 33 feet 9 Edison Outlets on 2 20A circuits, 1 DMX Outlet, Right Termination
- (1) 9933-9(AO)/1(D/1)-3-L Outlet Strip 33 feet 9 Edison Outlets on 3 20A circuits, 1 DMX Outlet, Left Termination
- 4. (1) 9933-9(AO)/1(D/1)-3-R Outlet Strip 33 feet 9 Edison Outlets on 3 20A circuits, 1 DMX Outlet, Right Termination
- 5. (1) 9930-9(AO)/1(D/1)-2-L Outlet Strip 30 feet 9 Edison Outlets on 2 20A circuits, 1 DMX Outlet, Left Termination
- (1) 9930-9(AO)/1(D/1)-2-R Outlet Strip 30 feet 9 Edison Outlets on 2 20A circuits, 1 DMX Outlet, Right Termination
- (4) 9915-9(AO)/1(D/1)-2-L Outlet Strip 15 feet 9 Edison Outlets on 2 20A circuits, 1 DMX Outlet, Left Termination
- (1) 9910-4(AO)/1(D/1)-2-L Outlet Strip 10 feet 4 Edison Outlets on 2 20A circuits, 1 DMX Outlet, Left Termination
- I. Flush Mount Outlet Box Flush outlet boxes installed in walls.
 - 1. (12) 9101A Outlet box, Recessed, 1 Edison
 - 2. (4) 9102A Outlet box, Recessed, 1 Edison
- J. Follow Spot 575 watt HMI lamp spot light with rolling tripod base, yoke, and dimmer for theatre applications.
 - 1. (2) Lycian Midget HP 1209
- K. Moving Fixtures: Provide with appropriate power cable, safety cable, clamps(s), and any other necessary accessory items.
 - 1. (4) Martin MAC 101
- L. Lighting Fixtures: Provide with appropriate power cable, safety cable, clamps(s), and any other necessary accessory items.
 - 1. (40) CSPAR ColorSource PAR, Black
 - 2. (24) S4LEDS2LS-0A SourceFour LED Series2 Lustr
 - 3. (8) S4LEDS2THDS-0A SourceFour LED Tungsten
 - 4. (8) 426LT 26° Lens tube with lens installed

- 5. (14) 436LT 36° Lens tube with lens installed
- 6. (6) 436LT 50° Lens tube with lens installed
- 7. (4) 410LT 10° Lens tube with lens installed
- 8. (6) 419LT 19° Lens tube with lens installed
- 9. (8) Fresnel Lens Tube
- 10. (8) S4LEDS2L-0A SourceFour LED Series2 Lustr Engine Body Only
- 11. (8) S4LEDCYC Source Four LED CYC Lens

M. Accessories

- 1. (6) City Theatrical Safer Sidearm model #210 (provide with 24" of black pipe). Install sidearm fixtures on tormentor plug strips and weighted bases.
- 2. (2) Altman Lighting B-50 weighted base (provide with 10' of black pipe).
- 3. (8) ETC 400WB Weighted Base
- 4. (12) DPJ-5 PowerCon to PowerCon jumper cable
- 5. (12) DPJ-10 PowerCon to PowerCon jumper cable
- 6. (40) SELOM-7.5 D40 Medium Oval Diffuser in Frame
- 7. (10) SELOW-7.5 D40 WIDE Oval Diffuser in Frame
- 8. (10) 10' edison extension cable
- 9. (8) 25' edison extension cable
- 10. (80) CD10-DMX ten foot DMX control cable
- 11. (5) CD25-DMX twenty five foot DMX control cable
- 12. (1) CD12-NET twelve foot network patch cable twisted pair RJ45

N. Running Lights

- 1. (qty as shown on drawings) ETC BlueDome # BS-D-B-O w/ BSEL- Eyelid
- 2. (1) ETC Low Voltage power supply for 6 zones # BS-PS-6-W-D
- 3. (2) ETC BluesSystem Dimming Module # BSDM1
- O. Provide a \$1,500.00 allowance to the owner, at time of system commissioning, for additional owner selected theatrical accessories.

P. Alternates

- 1. Add Alternate #TL-1:
 - Provide (1) additional ETC Source 4 LED Tungsten profile fixture with 436EDLT installed.

- b. Provide one additional 10' DMX and Powercon cable per fixture.
- 2. Add Alternate #TL-2:
 - a. Provide (1) additional ETC Source 4 LED Lustre+ profile fixture with 436EDLT installed.
 - b. Provide one additional 10' DMX and Powercon cable per fixture.
- 3. Add Alternate #TL-3:
 - a. Provide (1) additional ETC ColorSource PAR fixture.
 - b. Provide one additional 10' DMX and Powercon cable per fixture.

3 INSTALLATION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and Electrical Division "Basic Electrical Materials and Methods."
- B. Set all permanently mounted items level, plumb, and square with ceilings and walls.
- C. Indicated mounting heights are to bottom of unit for suspended items and to center of unit for wall-mounted items.
- D. The installation of all fixed theatrical lighting in its entirety, including but not limited to houselights, work lights, and architectural lighting, black pipe, fittings, hardware, and accessory items shall be the responsibility of the Electrical Contractor.
- E. All portable theatrical lighting fixtures and related accessories shall be installed and made ready for use by the owner before the date of system energization. This process shall be overseen by qualified, knowledgeable individual(s) having at least (3) years professional experience in hanging, focusing, and maintaining theatrical lighting fixtures, or equivalent. These requirements are part of the Theatrical Lighting Vendors contractual responsibility and shall be included in the contractor's bid.
- F. Programming for the system shall be completed by the TLV or Factory turn-on technician. In general, each entry station shall be programmed to control the space in which it is installed.
- G. The process for completing the specified task includes, but is not limited to:
 - 1. Unpacking the fixtures in a clean environment.
 - 2. Any required assembly of yokes, pipe clamps, safety cables, lenses, cord sets, connectors, and other fixed accessories. Pipe clamp fixture mounting stud shall be extended to its proper operation position in the clamp.
 - 3. For non-LED fixtures, lamping the fixture in a proper manner.
 - 4. For non-LED fixtures, bench focusing the fixture and checking for proper operation.
 - 5. Transporting fixtures to catwalks, booms, pipe battens, and other lighting positions specifically intended for the hanging of theatrical lighting fixtures.
 - 6. Hanging the fixture from the lighting position and locking the pipe clamp in place. Fixtures shall be placed at the lighting positions accordingly using logical and reasonable criteria based on the type of fixture and beam spread.
 - 7. Circuiting each fixture to an available dimming system receptacle.

- 8. Opening all shutters, irises, dousers, etc. and pointing the fixture in the general direction of the area that the lighting position was intended to illuminate.
- 9. Tightening all knobs, bolts, etc. so that the fixture is secure and aiming cannot change without again loosening the knobs, bolts, etc.
- 10. The placement of all other user-changeable fixture accessories including but not limited to spare lenses, spare lamps, boom arms, spare clamps, patterns, pattern holders, gels, color frames, removable irises, donuts, top hats, two-fers, extension cables, etc. in a storage location acceptable to the Owner.
- H. The Owner shall be responsible for all changes made to theatrical lighting fixtures after this work has been completed by the Theatrical Lighting Vendor. The TLV shall not be responsible for any of the following:
 - 1. Owner-specific fixture locations, such as for a performance or event.
 - 2. Owner-specific fixture aiming, focusing, or shutter cuts, such as for a performance or event.
 - 3. Any modification of user-changeable accessories as referenced herein, such as for a performance or event.

3.2 FACTORY SERVICES

A. All low-voltage terminations, system startup and commissioning, and testing shall be performed by an Authorized Factory Technician of the dimming system manufacturer. Refer to sections 1.3.C, 1.11, 1.12, and 1.13 above.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify components and power and control wiring according to Division 26 Section "Electrical Identification."
- B. Label each lighting outlet, network interface, relay module, and dimmer module with unique designation. Make designations on elevated components readable from floor.

3.4 WIRING

- A. Control Cable
 - 1. Install all DMX control cabling per system manufacturer's shop drawings and all applicable standards.
 - 2. All DMX control wiring shall use Belden 1583A for DMX512A wiring. All wiring shall be daisy chain.
 - 3. All architectural control wiring shall use manufacturer specified low voltage wiring for interconnect between stations. All wiring shall be manufacturer's recommendation topology between devices.
 - 4. All portable DMX512-A cable shall be TMB Proplex PC224P or Gepco DLC224.
- B. Install wiring as specified in Division 26 Section "Wire and Cables" for hard-wired connections. Install wiring in raceway except cable and plug connections.
- C. All low-voltage cabling associated with the Theatrical Lighting System shall be run in conduit unless specifically authorized by the Engineer for special circumstances.
- D. Install power wiring with a separate neutral for each output circuit from the dimmer racks and for each house and stage lighting circuit.

- E. Provide a sample of all proposed low voltage wiring per the manufacturer's drawings and recommended practices.
- F. Wiring in Enclosures: Bundle and support.
- G. Ground equipment: Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- H. Distribution equipment: Tighten and check all screw compression terminals after installation, whether or not terminals were factory tightened.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Reports: Prepare a repertory plot schedule of lighting outlets by number; indicate circuits, dimmers, connected fixtures, and control channel assignments. Prepare a schedule of control settings and circuit assignments for house control channels. The Installing contractor is to report defective materials and workmanship and unsatisfactory test results to the construction management team in order to expedite a resolution for repair or replacement. Include records of repairs and adjustments made.
- B. Schedule visual and mechanical inspections and electrical tests with at least fourteen days advance notice.
- C. Visual and Mechanical Inspections and Tests, as follows:
- D. Inspect each fixture, outlet, module, control, and item of equipment for defects, finish failure, corrosion and physical damage, nationally recognized testing laboratory labeling, and nameplate.
- E. Exercise and perform operational tests on mechanical parts and operable devices according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Check tightness of electrical connections with torque wrench calibrated within previous six months.
- G. Verify proper protective device settings, fuse types, and ratings.
- H. Record results of inspections and tests.
- I. Electrical Tests: Perform tests according to manufacturer's written instructions. Exercise caution when testing devices containing solid-state components. Include the following:
- J. Continuity tests of circuits.
- K. Operational Tests: Connect each outlet to a fixture and a dimmer output circuit so each dimmer module, dimmer control and output circuit, outlet, and fixture in a typical operating mode will be sequentially tested. Set and operate controls to demonstrate fixtures, outlets, dimmers, and controls in a sequence that cues and reproduces actual operating functions for a typical system of the size and scope installed. Include operation and control of houselights and control of stage lights from each control location and station, including optional plug-in control console outlet locations. Record fixture and outlet assignments, control settings, operations, cues, and observations of performance.
- L. Correct deficiencies disclosed by inspections and tests, and retest deficient items. Verify that specified requirements are met.

3.6 CLEANING AND ADJUSTING

FARMINGTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

2015 RENOVATIONS HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS

151626C

FEBRUARY 1, 2016

- A. Owner Adjustments: Conduct three on-site visits to help make program changes and system and equipment adjustments within one year of Substantial Completion.
- B. At completion of architectural software configuration that is satisfactory to the Owner and the Engineer/Consultant, a copy of final software configuration shall be recorded to a data USB drive (provided by theatrical lighting vendor) and turned over to the owner. This USB drive shall be placed near or in the architectural control rack or other location suitable to the Owner.
- C. Repair scratches and mars of finish to match original finish. Clean fixtures, devices, and equipment internally and externally using methods and materials recommended by manufacturers.

END OF SECTION

HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS

151626C FEBRUARY 1, 2016

1.GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Some information contained in this specification is also found on the associated drawings. Work shown on either is deemed to be in both.
- B. The drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- C. If a discrepancy in quantity exists between this specification and the associated drawings, the Contractor shall furnish the greater quantity or value unless otherwise directed by the owner.
- D. Some information contained in this specification and the associated drawings is also noted on the project electrical specification and drawings. Any conflicts between the electrical sections and the Audio and Video Systems shall be immediately reported to the Architect and Consultant.

1.2 SUMMARY OF WORK

A. Auditorium Sound System: The expressed desire for the systems in this space is to facilitate high quality voice and music playback and be flexible for many different event types and styles. Loudspeakers will be located in a left/right configuration over the front of the stage. A mono subwoofer cluster will be located over the front center of the stage. An extensive wireless microphone system will be split into two separate systems. One half of the wireless channels will be permanently installed in the facility while the other half will be installed in a portable rack to be utilized in other spaces if needed. The portable wireless microphone rack will have a custom umbilical cable that will be facilitate simple connection when connecting to the main sound system. Hard wired microphone inputs will be available at various locations around the auditorium via portable Dante enabled stage boxes. These stage boxes will be connected to an audio network that incorporates a new mixing console, audio DSP, and amplifiers. A location on stage (SMP) will allow for the activation of a "Hot Mix" or "Simple" mode for using the AV system. This mode (and other system operation modes are explained in further detail below (Section 1.2.E)

Ceiling mounted speakers will be installed in the Instrumental Classroom, Large Instructional Classroom, Make-up room, Dressing room, Corridor J152, and Existing Corridor N101.

- B. Auditorium Assisted Listening System (ALS): A new RF assisted listening system is to be installed in the facility. A remote antenna is to be installed to facilitate proper coverage system use in the audience seating area. A stereo shotgun microphone will be suspended beneath the catwalk to supplement the house audio mix to feed the ALS.
- C. Auditorium Intercom System: A new 2-channel wired intercom infrastructure will provide for wired beltpack connections around the stage, in two classrooms, scene shop, and catwalk spotlight platform including a wall station in the ticket booth. A new wireless intercom system will provide wireless intercom coverage in the lobby and backstage areas. An active wireless antenna system will be installed to facilitate proper coverage.
- D. Auditorium Video System: The video system in this space is designed to be highly flexible. Locking etherCON connectors distributed around the stage will allow for portable video input and output boxes to be patched into the video system. A PTZ Camera installed on the front face of the New Video Platform as well as a video input transmitter with the choice between VGA, HDMI, and DisplayPort located in the Control Booth provide additional video input options. A video matrix system will handle routing video inputs to the various output locations. A DLP

video projector will be mounted on a projector lift that is accessible off the back of the main catwalk. The projector will be serviceable when the lift is in the up or retracted position. When the lift is lowered into show position, the projector will shine onto a motorized screen suspended from the ceiling over the stage. Two mobile carts outfitted with flat panel monitors will be available as video outputs that can be patched to connections around the stage as well as in the Instrumental and Large Instructional Classrooms. Two flat panel monitors will be wall mounted in Existing Corridor N101 and two monitors will be installed in the Cafeteria. All four of these monitors will receive their video signal via a network streaming video feed from the video matrix. Since no speakers are installed in the Cafeteria, the speakers on the displays in that room will serve as audio reinforcement when those displays are used to feature events being held in the auditorium.

E. Auditorium Control System: The control system in this facility will handle the control of video input and output routing, projector ON/OFF, projector lift UP/DOWN, screen UP/DOWN, installed flat panel display power ON/OFF source control, PTZ camera control, lighting preset recall, and sound system mode of operation.

There are three touch panels installed in the system. All three touch panels should match when it comes to controls, pages, and layout. However, the three panels should be able to be operated independently of each other. Once a system mode configuration has been selected, that option should no longer be available on the other two touch panels but all panels would be confined to the selected mode. System mode cannot be changed until the system is shut down. When the system is in use, all touch panels should be able to access all pages in the selected mode independently of other touch panels. The control system should provide true live feedback from all devices and settings across all touch panels.

Touch panel notes and programming functionality notes:

- 1. Splash page. There should be a welcoming splash page were the user should be asked to select between one of two modes of the system to operate in. These could be called "Simple" and "Advanced" or "Basic Hot Mix" and "Full System" or some other alliteration distinguishing the two functional modes.
 - a. Simple Mode: The purpose of this mode is to allow for a situation when non-technical user or teacher needs to use the system in a situation where all they need is a couple mics and maybe show a video but there's no one in the sound booth to run everything for them.
 - (1) Audio requirements for this mode: They should be presented with level controls for the wired Hot Mix input and two channels of wireless microphones along with a video volume level control.
 - (2) Video requirements for this mode: They should be able to select from any available video source. When a video source is selected the projector should automatically power on and the projector lift and screen should lower. All displays and audio feeds to the areas outside the auditorium should be off. No camera controls available in this mode.
 - (3) Lighting requirements for this mode: They should have access to four to six lighting presets.
 - (4) A system power off (with confirmation) should round out the Simple interface taking the user back out to the splash screen. The power off should sequence mute

all audio outputs, shut off the projector and raise the projector lift and screen, and turn off all flat panel monitors.

- b. Advanced Mode: This mode should provide the user with full access and flexibility of the A/V systems.
 - (1) Selecting the Advanced Mode should unmute the audio outputs on the system but not activate anything on the video side. Video output locations should be activated independently on an as-needed basis.
 - (2) The user should never have the option to switch inputs on the projector. The system should always force the projector to the connected HDMI input when the projector powers on.
 - (3) For safety of personnel and items located on stage, the screen and projector (and lift) should not automatically lower when video routes are made.
 - (4) Audio level controls for Hot Mix audio is not needed in this mode.
 - (5) Existing Corridor N101 audio will always follow the main auditorium audio but a Chime button should be created to send a notification tone to that zone.
 - (6) The main video source selection labels should match the labeling to the installed inputs.
 - (7) A video routing page should be created to allow for any available input to be routed to any or all of the available outputs.

1.3 DEFINITIONS AND TERMS

- A. The following definitions shall be used.
- B. The following terms shall be used to refer to the division of labor and define various entities associated with the project.
 - 1. Owner Organization or person who has undertaken to construct the space.
 - 2. Construction Manager General Contractor as hired by the owner.
 - Installing Contractor The successful bidder of this section as awarded by the construction manager.
 - 4. Electrical Contractor The successful bidder for the electrical portions of the contract, typically, but not limited to, division 26.
 - 5. Subcontractor Company or organization contracted by the Installing Contractor to perform or supply any portion of this specification.
 - 6. Consultant Individual or company hired by the architect or owner to design the systems, write the specification, and detail schematic drawings.
 - 7. Architect Company or individual hired by the owner to provide the design of the space.

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1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal sheets are required to be submitted for all specified equipment. All submittals and shop drawings shall be submitted and approved by the Consultant prior to the beginning of installation. These submittals shall be provided not more than 6 weeks following award of contract.
 - 1. Installing Contractor shall furnish either an electronic PDF document or (3) sets of printed submittal sheets for any equipment request that is not the specified product. Any printed submittal sets are to be bound on the left side and printed on 8.5x11 inch paper.
 - 2. A complete Bill of Materials will be submitted by the Installing Contractor showing all the equipment to be installed. Materials will be listed in the same order that the products are listed in Section 2 of this specification. Each sub system will be shown with all of the products to be installed as part of that sub system in the order listed in the specification. The Bill of Materials will indicate the quantity being supplied, the manufacturer, the model of the equipment, and a brief description of the equipment.
 - 3. All product data sheet submittals shall be organized in the same order that products are listed in Section 2 of this specification. Each sub system of the design shall have the product data sheet for each piece of equipment contained in that sub system organized in the order listed in the specification. Under no circumstance shall the product data sheets be organized in alphabetical order. Any product data sheet submittals not conforming to this will be automatically rejected.
 - 4. Installing Contractor shall furnish either an electronic PDF or (3) printed sets of shop drawings detailing a complete installation plan. Shop drawings are expected to expand upon the construction documents and shall show all components and wires, complete with individual wire numbers, proposed rack layouts, riser diagrams and schematics for individual subsystems, calculations, and details of proposed rigging. Schematics shall show a separate designation for each device and labeling shall correspond to that of the rack layouts. Installing Contractor shall convey that that the system is ready to install as shown in the shop drawings, and that details not explicitly defined by this specification or on the drawings have been addressed by the Contractor. Printed shop drawings are to be bound on the left side and printed on E-size (30x42) paper.
 - 5. Scanned or copied versions of the construction documents will not be accepted and shall be automatically rejected. All drawings are to be done in a clear and professional manner.
 - Failure to furnish all information as noted above shall result in the rejection of submittals.
 Questions regarding submittal information should be directed to the Consultant prior to drawing submissions.
 - 7. The Consultant's ACAD 2014 drawings shall be available for floor plans, conduit & wire pull layouts, and some detail drawings. Earlier versions of drawings can be supplied for an additional charge of \$20 per drawing. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to implement any drawings furnished by the Consultant. Any time expended by the Consultant at the request of the Installing Contractor to interface drawings to other third party software shall be billed to the Installing Contractor at the Consultant's standard hourly rate. Additional charges may be assessed by the Architect or Construction Manager for furnishing electronic copies of drawings.
- B. See section 3 for additional post-installation submittal requirements.

1.5 DIVISION OF LABOR

- A. Electrical Contractor shall furnish and install all conduit and boxes associated with the AV Systems as specified, as shown on the drawings, and as required by the Installing Contractor.
- B. Electrical Contractor shall supply a pull string in all conduits for the AV Contractor.
- C. All AV wiring shall be supplied and installed by the AV contractor.
- D. All electrical connections carrying line voltage (above 100 volts) shall be connected and terminated by the Electrical Contractor. All line voltage wire and cable for the audio and video systems shall be provided by the Electrical Contractor.
- E. All electrical connections carrying low voltage (below 100 volts) shall be connected and terminated by the Installing Contractor. All low voltage wire and cable for the audio and video systems shall be provided by the Installing Contractor.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All electrical installation shall be in compliance with the N.E.C., and shall be inspected by the Michigan Department of Labor/State Electrical Inspection Authority. All installation shall be subject to inspection by the Local Authority Having Jurisdiction. All installation shall be in accordance with the AHJ. Any installation methods found to not be in compliance with the AHJ shall be rectified by the AV contractor without claim for additional payment.
- B. Bidders for this section are expected to be an authorized dealer for all major pieces of equipment or purchasing them through an authorized dealer. Documentation of dealer status may be requested from bidders. Failure to provide adequate documentation may be grounds for disqualification from the bidding process.
- C. The master/lead technician working on site shall have a minimum certification of NICET Level 2, CTS, or C-EST. Contractors unable to provide proper certification should confirm qualifications with the Consultant prior to bidding. Failure to provide proper qualifications shall be grounds for disqualification from the bidding process.

1.7 STANDARDS

A. All equipment and installation practices, where applicable standards have been established, shall be built and installed to the standards of the following institutions:

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- Include delivery, storage, and handling of all products and materials to be delivered and installed.
- B. Installing contractor shall be responsible for providing on-site storage if necessary. Installing Contractor may negotiate a storage facility with the Construction Manager, but shall still be responsible for his own materials.

1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Installing Contractor bears the responsibility to verify all site conditions and coordinate with the Electrical Contractor to ensure a complete and functional system is supplied to the Owner.

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- B. Verify dimensions of major components to check for entry through doors, ceiling height clearance, and column interference prior to the installation of the equipment.
- C. Installing Contractor shall stay aware of all project time schedules and shall coordinate with all other trades for all aspects of the work.
- D. During the installation, and up to the date of final acceptance, the Contractor shall be under obligation to protect his/her work against damage and loss. Such damage shall be replaced or repaired at no cost to the Owner.
- E. Installing Contractor shall include provisions in the bid to make at least three (3) visits to the site prior to beginning of site work to verify site conditions, coordinate with other trades, meet with representatives of the Owner, or deal with other issues that may arise in the course of building construction.
- F. In addition to the three (3) site visits the Installing Contractor shall attend progress meetings and foreman meetings as required by the Construction Manager.

1.10 WARRANTY

- A. The Installing Contractor shall provide timely maintenance of any malfunctions of the installed systems, at no additional cost to the owner, for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of acceptance by the owner unless damage or failure of the system is caused by misuse, abuse, neglect, or accident.
- B. The Installing Contractor shall guarantee availability of local service by factory-trained personnel from an authorized distributor of the equipment manufacturer. The distributor shall have available a stock of the manufacturer's standard parts.

2.PRODUCTS

2.1 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS—GENERAL

- A. All equipment and components shall be new and the manufacturer's current model.
- B. All components and the system as a whole shall meet or exceed the minimum standards issued by the EIA.
- C. All work and materials in conjunction with this installation shall meet or exceed the provisions of the National Electrical Code and other applicable codes.
- D. The materials, appliances, equipment and devices shall be tested and listed by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. or other similar testing agency. The system shall be listed by U.L. or other testing agency, and each major component shall bear the manufacturer's name, catalog number, and U.L. or other testing agency label.
- E. The Installing Contractor shall be responsible for providing a complete and fully functional system, including all necessary components, whether included in this specification or not.
- F. Pricing for Alternates shall be provided on the same document as the base bid, under a separate line item for each Alternate. All costs associated with each Alternate shall be included in the price for each.

2.2 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Listing of approved manufacturers for each component follows component description below.
- B. The base bid shall be based on the specified equipment or approved equivalent equipment. Alternate equipment must be so noted on a separate bid form with an ADD or DEDUCT to the base bid.
- C. All approved equivalent equipment must meet or exceed the specified equipment in every aspect of performance, form, and function.

2.3 REQUESTS FOR ALTERNATE EQUIPMENT

A. Requests for equipment to be considered as alternates shall be considered only when the following have been submitted to the Consultant:

2.4 COMPONENTS

- A. The following approved manufacturers, quantities, and model numbers shall form the basis of the system. These are minimum requirements. Installing Contractor shall verify all quantities prior to ordering and installation. Quantities are provided for reference only. Installing Contractor is still responsible to provide a complete and working system without claim for additional payment. All equivalents and alternates must be approved by the Consultant prior to system installation.
- B. The Installing Contractor shall furnish all equipment and work as noted or implied on the drawings or specifications. In case of a conflict between the drawings and specification, furnish the equipment and work with the greatest cost impact.
- C. Auditorium Sound System
 - 1. Stage Manager's Panel, SMP (qty 1): Forty-four space stand-alone floor rack with minimum 32" usable depth. Provide with vented front door, solid rear door, rack cooling/ventilation system, and all necessary hardware. Front equipment mounting rails must be off-set to allow for the front door to be completely closed and locked with connected patch cables in place. Supply all of the following:
 - a. Middle Atlantic WRK-44SA-32 (rack)
 - b. Middle Atlantic MW-4QFT-FC (top fans)
 - c. Middle Atlantic VFD-44 (front door)
 - d. Middle Atlantic WL-60 (rear work light)
 - 2. Amplifier Rack, AER-1 (qty 1): Eighteen space wall mounted rack with minimum 30" usable depth. Provide with vented front door with large perforations. Front equipment mounting rails must be off-set to allow for the front door to be completely closed and locked. Supply all of the following:
 - a. Middle Atlantic DWR-18-32
 - b. Middle Atlantic LVFD-18

- 3. Under Counter Rack, AER-2, AER-5 (qty 2): Fourteen space floor rack to fit under the rear counter in Control Booth N110 and Director Booth N201. No front door. Black.
 - a. Middle Atlantic BRK-14
- 4. Counter Top Rack, AER-3 (qty 1): Six space counter top rack. No front cover. Black.
 - a. Middle Atlantic RK6
- 5. Portable Wireless Microphone Rack, AER-4, (qty 1): Portable 8 space audio rack with latchable front and rear covers.
 - a. Gator GR-8L
 - b. SKB 1SKB-R8U
- 6. Portable I/O Rack, AER-6, AER-7, AER-8, AER-9 (qty 4): Four space tilt and roll audio rack with front and back latchable covers. Provide with permanently attached, strain relieved twenty-five foot cable assembly consisting of a power cable and ruggedized Ethernet cabling terminated with Neutrik Ethercon connector. Zip tied cable assembly is not acceptable.
 - a. Gator GRR-4L
 - b. SKB 1SKB-R4W
- 7. Portable I/O Rack, AER-9 (qty 1): Two space audio rack with front and back latchable covers. Provide with permanently attached, strain relieved fifteen-foot cable assembly consisting of a power cable and ruggedized Ethernet cabling terminated with Neutrik Ethercon connector. Zip tied cable assembly is not acceptable.
 - a. Gator GR-2L
 - b. SKB 1SKB-R2U
- 8. Portable Power (qty 5): 1RU rack mountable power strip, 20A, with front and rear outlets.
 - a. Tripp Lite RS-1215-20
 - b. Middle Atlantic PD-2020R-NS
- Cable Lacing Bar (qty as needed): Rack lacing bar for wire management and strain relief.
 - a. Lowell CMR2 OR CMR 4
 - b. Middle Atlantic LBP-1.5 or LBP-1R4
- 10. Rack Blank Panels (qty as necessary): Rack mountable 16 gauge flanged, black, panel. Size as needed
 - a. Middle Atlantic
 - b. Lowell

- 11. Shelf (qty 1): One rack space shelf for holding equipment.
 - a. Middle Atlantic U1
 - b. Lowell US-110
- 12. Drawer (qty as shown on drawings): Rack mountable non-locking drawer for storage of loose equipment. Size according to rack elevation details.
 - a. Middle Atlantic
 - b. Lowell
- 13. Power (qty 1): Rack mountable 20A power strip with front convenience outlet and rear mounted distribution of outlets.
 - a. Middle Atlantic PD920R-NS
 - b. Lowell ACR-2009
- 14. Lights (qty 2): 1RU panel with dual gooseneck lights.
 - a. Middle Atlantic LT-GN-PNL
 - b. Lowell GNLT-R
- 15. UPS (qty 1): 1RU 1000VA backup power supply.
 - a. Middle Atlantic UPS-S1000R
- 16. Power/Lights (qty 4): 1RU panel with no front power switch, retractable lighting, and rear power distribution.
 - a. Middle Atlantic PDLT-815RVA
- 17. Fiber Patch Panel, RP-5 (qty 1): 3RU modular fiber patch panel.
 - a. Neutrik NZPF3RU
- 18. Fiber Patch Panel Module Insert (qty as needed): Dual connector fiber patch panel insert. Populate with Neutrik opticalCON DUO chassis connectors.
 - a. Neutrik NZPFD-2 with NO2-4FDW-1 connectors
- 19. Fiber Patch Cable (qty 6): Single mode rugged fiber optic patch cable with Neutrik optical-CON DUO connectors. Twenty-four inches in length.
 - a. Neutrik opticalCON DUO LITE
- 20. Ethercon Patch Cables (qty 10): Patch cables consisting of shielded high bandwidth ruggedized cabling suitable for high bandwidth video matching the capabilities of the audio, video, and data system. Cables shall be 36" in length and terminated with shielded Ethercon connectors.
- 21. Loudspeaker Rigging: Contractor to provide all necessary rigging hardware, accessories, materials, lifts, and other items as necessary for proper rigging and support. Contractor to

- verify all loads and limitations of existing structure. Contractor to provide a complete rigging plan detailing all rigging components and connection to building steel.
- 22. Loudspeakers Type-1, SPK-1,SPK-2 (qty 16): Compact passive three-way line array loudspeaker.
 - a. QSC WL3082
- 23. Loudspeakers, Type-2, SUB (qty 2): Dual 18" flying subwoofer.
 - a. QSC WL218-sw
- 24. Rigging Frame (qty 2): Compact array frame for specified line array speakers.
 - a. QSC AF3082-S
- 25. Rigging Frame (qty 1): Array frame for specified subwoofers.
 - a. QSC AF218-sw
- 26. Loudspeakers, STAGE MONITOR (qty 6): Full range self-powered stage monitor with 10" woofer and 90 degree conical coverage.
 - a. QSC K10
- 27. Loudspeakers, Type-4, SPK-3, SPK-4 (qty 2): Full range passive speaker with 10" woofer and 85 degree conical coverage. Speaker to be mounted on lighting batten over stage for overhead fill monitoring. Provide necessary mounting hardware and cable relief.
 - a. QSC E10
- 28. Loudspeakers, Type-3 (qty as detailed on drawings): Full range 70V speaker, 5.25" woofer, low profile back can, with tile bridge. White.
 - a. QSC AD-CI52ST-WH
- 29. Digital Signal Processor, DSP-1 (qty 1): Digital signal processor and speaker controller with Mic, Line, Dante, and Network connections. Contractor to verify DSP configuration prior to ordering. Provide each of the following for proper I/O configuration.
 - a. (qty 1) QSC Core 250i, audio dsp
 - b. (qty 1) QSC CIML4, mic/line input card
 - c. (qty 2) QSC COL4, line output card
 - d. (qty 1) QSC CDN64, Dante
- 30. Amplifier, A-01, A-02, A-03, A-04, A-05 Type-1 (qty 5): Two space, 4 channel, 4500 watts RMS @ 8 ohms, rack mountable amplifier.
 - a. QSC CXD4.5Q-NA
- 31. Amplifier, A-06 Type-2 (qty 1) Rack mountable four channel 250 watt 70V 1RU amplifier.
 - a. TOA DA-250FH

- 32. Amplifier, A-07 Type-3 (qty 1): Rack mountable 800W at 8 ohms 2RU amplifier with internal intrinsic correction DSP.
 - a. QSC GXD8
- 33. Managed Audio Network Switch, SW-1, SW-2, SW-3, (qty 3): 24 port, managed, rack mountable, gigabit switch with rear mounted data ports, 8 ports of POE, 4 SFP ports, and Zone Wizard setup.
 - Pakedge SX-24P8-US with GBIC-SMF single mode fiber SFP modules (qty as required in drawings)
- 34. Digital Mixing Console, MIX-1 (qty 1): 72 mono, 8 stereo, 24 aux, 8 matrix digital mixing console with 32 motorized faders and remote I/O capability over Dante.
 - a. Yamaha CL5 w/ dual work lamps
- 35. Remote I/O (qty 3): Sixteen input, eight output, remote IO stage box for digital console.
 - a. Yamaha Rio1608-D
- 36. Remote I/O (qty 1): Eight input remote IO stage box for digital console.
 - a. Yamaha Ri8-D
- 37. Remote I/O (qty 2): Eight output remote IO stage box for digital console.
 - a. Yamaha Ro8-D
- 38. Wireless Microphone Receiver, WIRELESS MIC (qty 8): Quad channel wireless microphone receiver.
 - Shure ULXD4Q
- 39. Bodypack wireless transmitter (qty 24): Provide beltpack transmitter and all necessary accessories.
 - a. Shure ULXD1
- Handheld wireless transmitter (qty 8): Provide handheld transmitter and all necessary accessories.
 - a. Shure ULXD2/SM58
- 41. Lapel Microphone (qty 6): Lapel microphone for connection to wireless bodypack transmitter. Terminate with appropriate connector to match wireless manufacturer's body pack.
 - a. Shure MX150B/C-TQG
- 42. Antenna Distribution, ANTENNA DISTRO (qty 2): Rack mountable antenna distribution unit for specified wireless microphones to work with existing directional antennas.
 - a. Shure UA845-SWB

- 43. Remote Antenna, ANT-1, ANT-2 (qty 2): Active directional antenna to work with specified wireless microphone system. Provide with necessary mounting hardware to mount onto wall surface.
 - a. Shure UA874
- 44. Single Ear Headset Microphone (qty 12): Headset microphone for connection to wireless bodypack transmitter. Terminate with appropriate connector to match wireless manufacturer's body pack. Light beige, omni-directional, speaking and vocal sensitivity, 1mm cable.
 - a. Countryman E6OW6L1SL
- 45. Theatrical Lapel Microphone (qty 12): Light beige, theater sensitivity, lapel element terminated to work with specified wireless system.
 - a. Countryman B3W5FF05LSL
- 46. Fixed Hanging Microphone (qty 1): Long range stereo shotgun microphone for recording and assisted listening feed. Configure for stereo output.
 - a. Audio-Technica BP4027
- 47. Microphone Hanging Slug (qty 1): Microphone hanging slug to adapt the microphone clip to be suspended from microphone cabling.
 - a. Ace Backstage #43 Microphone Hanger Slug
- 48. CD Player (qty 1): 1RU rack mountable CD player with CUE, auto-stop, pitch control, rs232, and USB for mobile device connection.
 - a. Denon Pro DN-501C
- 49. Cable Hanger (qty 3): Wallmount cable hanger for storage of patch cables and other short cabling.
 - a. Middle Atlantic CLAW14
- 50. Equipment Allowance: Include a \$750 allowance for additional owner-selected items to be designated near project completion.
 - a. Allowance -- \$750

LOOSE MICROPHONES, DIRECT BOXES, CABLING

- 51. Provide each of the following items with the quantity specified.
 - a. (qty 4) Audix MB8450, 84" carbon fiber cardioid boom mic
 - b. (qty 4) Audix STANDMB, low profile stand for boom mic
 - c. (qty 6) Sennheiser I30H-L, mini-shotgun suspended mic system, black
 - d. (qty 4) Shure SM81, condenser microphone
 - e. (qty 1) Shure Beta 52, bass instrument microphone

- f. (qty 6) Shure SM57, dynamic microphone
- g. (qty 2) Sennheiser E609, dynamic electric guitar microphones
- h. (qty 2) Radial ProD2, passive stereo direct box
- i. (qty 1) Radial J48 MK2, active direct box
- j. (qty 2) Radial ProDI, passive direct box
- k. (qty 6) ProCo Sound EC9-25, Siamese cable with Edison to IEC and M/F XLR
- I. (qty 6) ProCo Sound EC9-50, Siamese cable with Edison to IEC and M/F XLR
- m. (qty 5) ProCo Sound MN-15, 15' XLR cable
- n. (qty 15) ProCo Sound MN-25, 25' XLR cable
- o. (qty 15) ProCo Sound MN-50, 50' XLR cable
- p. (qty 4) ProCo Sound EGL-10, 10' instrument cable with one side 90 degree connector
- q. (qty 2) ProCo Sound EG-15, 15' instrument cable
- r. (qty 1) Sony MDR7506, closed ear headphones
- s. (gty 8) K&M KM26075 black, straight one-hand microphone stand with stackable base
- t. (gty 4) K&M 201A/2 black, straight stand with folding tripod base
- u. (qty 4) K&M KM211/1, black telescoping boom arm
- v. (qty 4) K&M 259/5, short black telescoping boom stand

WIRE, PLATES, SPLITTERS, BOXES

- 52. AV plates (see drawings for details and qty): All panels and plates are to be constructed of engraved black laminate with 1/8" steel backing or engraved black anodized aluminum unless otherwise noted. All lettering is to be white and should be easily readable.
- 53. Panel Mount Ethernet Connectors: All panel mount Ethernet connectors are to be shielded high speed locking connectors capable of properly completing a Crestron DM Ultra video signal chain.
 - a. Neutrik Ethercon
- 54. Panel Mount Fiber Connectors: All panel mount fiber optic connectors are to be LC duplex style locking connectors.
 - a. Neutrik opticalCON NO2-4FDW-A
- 55. Single Mode Fiber: All installed fiber optic cables are to be single mode. This is specified over multi-mode to comply with the needs for a future mobile video camera system. For the sake of consistency, all fiber runs and equipment were specified to work with single mode cable. Note that all Neutrik opticalCON connections require two fiber strands. The use of

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multi-strand fiber optic cabling of varying number of strands based on destination is encouraged.

- a. Belden
- b. West Penn
- c. Approved equal
- 56. Mic/Line Wire -- M, L, P2 (qty as needed): 22AWG 2-conductor with shield. Use plenum versions were necessary.
 - a. Belden 9451
 - b. West Penn 454
- 57. Speaker Wire subwoofer speakers S10 (qty as needed): Ten AWG, 2 conductors, twisted pair with overall jacket. Use plenum versions were necessary.
 - a. West Penn C210
- 58. Speaker Wire main speakers S12 (qty as needed): Twelve AWG, 2 conductor, twisted pair with overall jacket. Use plenum versions were necessary.
 - a. West Penn 227
 - b. Belden New Generation 5000UE
 - c. Gepco 1200
- 59. Speaker Wire distributed speakers S16 (qty as needed): Sixteen AWG, 2 conductor, twisted pair with overall jacket. Use plenum versions were necessary.
 - West Penn 225
 - b. Belden New Generation 5200UE
 - c. Gepco1600
- 60. Intercom Wire 18AWG 2 pair 2-conductor with shield I (qty as needed):
 - a. West Penn 440
 - b. Belden New Generation 5341PT
- 61. Cat5e wire C5e (qty as needed): UTP Cat5e, 8 conductor, 24AWG, overall PVC jacket. Use plenum versions were necessary.
 - a. Liberty Wire & Cable 24-4P-L5-EN-Color
 - b. Mohawk Cable 4245
 - c. Belden 1583
 - d. West Penn 4245

- 62. Digital Media Wire DM (qty as needed): Shielded twisted pair cable, 475 MHz minimum certified bandwidth, PVC jacket. Use for all installed panel patch system cabling and connected patch locations.
 - a. Crestron DM-ULTRA-NP
 - b. Extron XTP DTP 24
- D. Assistive Listening Audio System
 - 1. RF Listening System (qty 1): Assistive listening package with rack mountable RF transmitter, antenna kit, lanyards, ear speakers, and charging tray.
 - a. Listen LS-71-072
 - 2. RF Antenna Cable (qty as needed): RG58 coaxial 50 ohm cable for extending RF transmitter for proper audience coverage.
 - a. Listen LA-391
 - b. West Penn 813
- E. Auditorium Intercom
 - 1. Intercom Main Station (qty 1): Two channel intercom main station with system power supply. Provide with gooseneck microphone.
 - a. Clear-Com MS-702
 - Intercom Wall Speaker Station (qty 1): Two channel wall mounted intercom speaker station.
 - a. Clear-Com KB-702
 - 3. Intercom beltpack (qty 8): One channel beltpack.
 - a. Clear-Com RS-701
 - Intercom dual muff headset (qty 6): Verify appropriate connector to work with specified wired beltpack.
 - a. Clear-Com CC-400
 - 5. Intercom single muff headset (qty 6): Provide with appropriate connector.
 - a. Clear-Com CC-300
 - 6. Wireless Intercom Base Station (qty 1): Rack mountable digital wireless intercom base station with the handling capacity of up to 20 connected full-duplex beltpacks, 4-wire and partyline connectivity, 1.9GHz, and stage announce.
 - a. Clear-com FSII-BASE

- Antenna Splitter (qty 1): Active antenna splitter with five antenna feeds from one antenna port on wireless base station.
 - a. Clear-com PD2203
- 8. Active Antenna (qty 3): Active 1.9GHz antenna for specified wireless intercom base station.
 - a. Clear-com FSII-TCVR-19-US
- 9. Wireless Intercom Beltpack (qty 8): Digital 1.9GHz wireless beltpack with 4-pin headset connection to work with the specified wireless intercom base station.
 - a. Clear-com FSII-BP19-X4-US
- 10. Intercom Headset (qty 8): Single ear lightweight headset with 4-pin female XLR connection to work with wireless beltpacks and existing Telex wired intercom packs.
 - a. Clear-com CC-26K-X4

F. Auditorium Video System

- Motorized Front Projection Screen SCR (qty 1): Motorized large format seamless front projection screen, 16:10 format, 147.5" x 236" viewable area, with 1.0 gain surface. Contractor to remove existing projection screen and mount new screen in the same location. Provide rigging for mounting. 110V motor with low voltage control. Provide with extra drop so that bottom of screen viewing area is a maximum of 4' 8" above the stage floor when screen is lowered.
 - a. Draper Rolleramic 115389 with Matt White XT1000E screen
- Video Projector PROJ (qty 1): Single chip DLP, 1920x1200 native resolution projector with high contrast and 12,000 ANSI lumens. Provide with lens, all necessary input cards, cabling, mount and 1 spare bulbs for each projector. Installing Contractor shall confirm lens focal length prior to ordering lens.
 - Christie D12WU-H with 1.2-1.5:1 zoom lens #140-109101-01
- 3. Projector Lift (qty 1): Projector lift for video projector. Install lift so that projector is at a serviceable level at the catwalk when retracted. Verify lowering distance necessary to provide for a projection image onto the screen without keystone. 110V motor with contact closure control. Provide with factory installed power, HDMI, and RS232 cabling for use with installed projector. Provide necessary rigging. Verify mounting platform size with specified projector.
 - a. Draper SLxx with U closure
- 4. Crestron Control System Programming: All control system programming is to be done by the Installing Contractor. Installing Contractor must have a minimum Crestron Level-2 programmer on staff or obtain the services of a Crestron System Programmer (CSP). Touch panel layouts are to be submitted to the Consultant and Owner's Representative prior to

writing of programming code. Bids shall allow for at least two revisions of Touchpanel layouts. Contractor shall be responsible for all programming and implementation of the Control System.

- a. Custom Programming by Installing Contractor or CSP
- 5. Control System Master Processor Control Processor (qty 1): 3 series Control System processor with 3 COM, 8 IR, 8 Relay, 8 Versiport I/O and Ethernet ports.
 - Crestron CP3N
- Digital Media Router AV Matrix (qty 1): 8x8 Digital Media Router. Review drawings for all input and output cards.
 - a. Crestron DM-MD8x8
- 7. DM power supply PoDM (qty 1): 8 port PoDM supply.
 - a. Crestron DM-PSU-8
- 8. VGA Input Card (qty 1): VGA input with analog audio
 - a. Crestron DMC-VGA
- 9. HDMI Input Card (qty 1): 4K HDMI input card with audio downmixing.
 - a. Crestron DMC-4K-HD-DSP
- 10. SDI Input Card (qty 2): Crestron HD-SDI input card.
 - a. Crestron DMC-SDI
- 11. DM Input Card (qty 2): 4K Digital Media 8G+ input card.
 - a. Crestron DMC-C-4K-C
- 12. Analog Video Input Card (qty 1): Analog video input card only used to get balanced audio input in to the DM system.
 - a. Crestron DMC-VID-BNC
- 13. Single Mode Fiber Input Card (qty 1): Single mode fiber input card with downmixing
 - a. Crestron DMC-S2-DSP
- 14. HDMI Output Card (qty 1): Two channel 4K scaling HDMI output card.
 - a. Crestron DMC-4K-HDO
- 15. Digital Media Output Card (qty 2): Two channel 4K Digital Media 8G+ output card
 - a. Crestron DMC-4K-CO-HD
- 16. Streaming Output Card (qty 1): H.264 streaming video output card
 - a. Crestron DMC-STRO

- 17. Control Touch Panel TP-01 (qty 1): 10" panel mounted touch panel.
 - a. Crestron TSW-1052-B-S
- 18. Control Touch Panel TP-02, TP-02 (gty 2): 10" desktop mounted touch panel.
 - a. Crestron TSW-1052-B-S with TSW-1050-TTK
- 19. Crestron DM Receiver (qty 1): HDMI output, contact Closure, RS232, and IR connections. Scaler up to 4K resolution.
 - a. Crestron DM-RMC-4K-SCALER-C
- 20. Crestron RS232 port (qty 1): Cresnet powered RS-232 and IR control port expansion module.
 - a. Crestron C2N-IO
- 21. HDMI/VGA Wall Plate DM Transmitter (qty 2): Two gang wall plate with HDMI and VGA inputs and DM output. These transmitters are intended to be portable video inputs that can be connected to the patchable Ethercon connections on the wall plates. Install DM transmitter in to a black portable 2 gang box (see Leviton portable outlet boxes). Include a twenty-five foot strain relieved DM 8G+ compatible cable terminated with a Neutrik Ethercon connector.
 - a. Crestron DM-TX-200-C-2G in portable enclosure
- 22. HDMI, VGA, Displayport Fiber Transmitter (1): Crestron DM 8G+ transmitter with HDMI, VGA, and DisplayPort with single mode fiber output.
 - a. Crestron DM-TX-401-S2
- 23. HDMI DM Receiver (qty 3): Single gang HDMI receiver with Crestron DM input. One of these receivers is intended to be a portable video output that can be connected to the patchable Ethercon connections on the wall plates. Install this HDMI DM receiver in to a black portable 1 gang box (see Leviton portable outlet boxes). Include a twenty-five foot strain relieved DM 8G+ compatible cable cable terminated with a Neutrik Ethercon connector.
 - a. Crestron DM-RMC-4K-100-C-1G
- 24. Streaming Reciever/Controller STREAMING RX (qty 4): Streaming decoder for Crestron H.264 DM video stream with rs232 output and local HDMI input.
 - a. Crestron DGE-100
- 25. Pan/Tilt/Zoom Camera, PTZ (qty 1): Pan/tilt/zoom camera with HD-SDI output, IP control, 30x optical zoom, PoE+. Provide with proper mounting shelf for installation location.
 - a. Panasonic AW-HE40SW
- HD-SDI Over Fiber Extender (qty 1): Single mode fiber optic extender kit for 3G HD-SDI signal.
 - a. Extron FOX 3G HD-SDI SM

- 27. BluRay Player (qty 1): Rack mountable, 1RU professional BluRay player.
 - a. Denon Professional DN-500BD
- 28. 65" Flat Panel Display (qty 6): Native 1080p, 65", 16/7 flat panel display with HDMI input, rs232 control, 3 year advanced replacement warranty, internal speakers. Provide with low profile wall mount to be compliant with ADA protrusion requirements.
 - a. Toshiba TD-E652
- 29. Mobile Display Cart (qty 2): Mobile AV cart for flat panel display with manual height adjustment and internal storage of AV components. Include required display mount to match specified display. Provide cart with twenty-five foot power cord integrated into a single snake in combination with DM receiver cable. Zip tied cable assembly is not acceptable.
 - Chief XPAU
- 30. Fiber Adapter kit: Assortment of fiber adapter elements for conversions to different formats. Provide all of the following:
 - a. (8) Fiberplex TD-6010, 12.5 Gbps flexible throw down box
 - b. (6) Fiberplex SFP-SHDVX-3131-0 optical transceiver module
 - c. (6) Fiberplex SFP-BHDVX-000-L 3G-SDI HD Video transceiver module
 - d. (2) Fiberplex SFP-HHDVT-0000-M HDMI transmitter module
 - e. (2) Fiberplex SFP-HHDVR-0000-M HDMI receiver module
 - f. (2) Fiberplex SFP-RTGTX-0000-M-0 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet module

WIRE, PLATES, SPLITTERS, BOXES

- 31. AV plates (see drawings for details and qty): All panels and plates are to be constructed of engraved black laminate with 1/8" steel backing or engraved black anodized aluminum unless otherwise noted. All lettering is to be white and should be easily readable.
- 32. Panel Mount Ethernet Connectors: All panel mount Ethernet connectors are to be shielded high speed locking connectors capable of properly completing a Crestron DM Ultra video signal chain.
 - a. Neutrik Ethercon
- 33. Panel Mount Fiber Connectors: All panel mount fiber optic connectors are to be LC duplex style locking connectors.
 - a. Neutrik opticalCON NO2-4FDW-A
- 34. Mic/Line Wire -- M, L, P2 (qty as needed): 22AWG 2-conductor with shield. Use plenum versions were necessary.
 - a. Belden 9451
 - b. West Penn 454

- 35. Speaker Wire subwoofer speakers S10 (qty as needed): Ten AWG, 2 conductor, twisted pair with overall jacket. Use plenum versions were necessary.
 - a. West Penn C210
- 36. Speaker Wire main speakers S12 (qty as needed): Twelve AWG, 2 conductor, twisted pair with overall jacket. Use plenum versions were necessary.
 - a. West Penn 227
 - b. Belden New Generation 5000UE
 - c. Gepco 1200
- 37. Speaker Wire distributed speakers S16 (qty as needed): Sixteen AWG, 2 conductor, twisted pair with overall jacket. Use plenum versions were necessary.
 - West Penn 225
 - b. Belden New Generation 5200UE
 - c. Gepco1600
- 38. Intercom Wire 18AWG 2 pair 2-conductor with shield I (qty as needed):
 - a. West Penn 440
 - b. Belden New Generation 5341PT
- 39. Cat5e wire C5e (qty as needed): UTP Cat5e, 8 conductor, 24AWG, overall PVC jacket. Use plenum versions were necessary.
 - a. Liberty Wire & Cable 24-4P-L5-EN-Color
 - b. Mohawk Cable 4245
 - c. Belden 1583
 - d. West Penn 4245
- Digital Media Wire DM (qty as needed): Shielded twisted pair cable, 475 MHz minimum certified bandwidth, PVC jacket. Use for all installed panel patch system cabling and connected patch locations.
 - a. Crestron DM-ULTRA-NP
 - b. Extron XTP DTP 24
- G. Camera TRIAX Cabling Infrastructure
 - 1. Events in the facility are often broadcast to local TV channels via an existing TV camera truck owned by the school system. The facility is to have installed TRIAX throughout the facility awaiting the connection of the TV camera truck and their cameras. This cabling infrastructure will independently connect locations FB-3, FB-4, FB-5, FB-6, FB-7, and WP-11 back to a large wall tub JB-3. The AV Contractor is expected to measure the conduit from each location and provide and install a custom length properly terminated TRIAX cable

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with a minimum of 24" of extra cabling on each end to use for connection of equipment. AV Contractor to verify proper connector gender and TRIAX type to work with the school's TV camera truck.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL INSTALLATION (MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP)

- A. Non-compliance with any of the following so viewed by Owner's sole discretion shall be cause for rejection of Work by the Owner, and replacement by Installing Contractor to Owner's satisfaction, and at no added cost to the Owner.
- B. Material, workmanship, wire, and wiring methods shall be performed as specified.
- C. If, in the opinion of the Installing Contractor, an installation practice is desired or required, which is contrary to these specifications or drawings, a written request for modification shall be made to the Owner and Engineer. Modifications shall not be implemented without the written approval from the Engineer.
- D. All materials and labor shall be furnished, whether specifically mentioned or not, to form a complete system operational as per the intentions and description set forth in Part 1. Include the delivery, unloading, placement, fastening to walls, floors, ceiling, or counters, other structures where required, interconnecting wiring of the systems components, equipment alignment, and all other work whether it is necessary to result in complete operational systems.
- E. All installation activities shall be in accordance with accepted broadcast and audio engineering practices. All efforts shall be invoked to ensure the owner's desire that the system have extended life.
- F. It shall be the responsibility of the Installing Contractor to cooperate at all times, and to the fullest extent, with all trades and contractors doing work in the building, to the end that lost time, work stoppages, interference, and inefficiencies do not occur. Communicate installation scheduling with the Electrical Contractor, and coordinate with other trades.
- G. Installing Contractor bears the responsibility to verify all site conditions and coordinate with the Electrical Contractor to ensure a complete and functional system is provided to the Owner.
- H. Verify dimensions of major components to check for entry through doors, ceiling height clearance, and column interference prior to the installation of the equipment.
- I. During the installation, and up to the date of final acceptance, the Installing Contractor shall be under obligation to protect his/her finished and unfinished work against damage and loss; such work shall be replaced or repaired at no cost to the Owner.

3.2 SUBCONTRACT

- A. The Installing Contractor shall be responsible for the complete and unconditional implementation of each system, even though he may have subcontracted a portion of the installation or had certain manufacturers install their own equipment.
- B. Any delay in system commissioning caused by a Subcontractor shall be the responsibility of the Installing Contractor. If such delays cause significant disruption to the successful completion and usage of the project, the Installing Contractor shall be liable for reasonable compensation to the owner.

HIGH SCHOOL RENOVATIONS

3.3 PHYSICAL INSTALLATION

- A. All equipment not specifically portable shall be held firmly in place and supported by fastenings, brackets, etc., capable of supporting the load with a minimum safety factor of 5 or as approved by the Architect.
- B. Boxes, equipment, cabling, rack, etc. shall be installed and secured plumb and square with building lines.
- C. At all times during the installation the Installing Contractor shall consider not only the operational efficiency of equipment but also the aesthetics of the space. Questions or conflicts between operation and aesthetics should be directed to the Architect and Owner's Representative.

3.4 CONDUIT AND CABLE ROUTING

- A. Electrical Contractor shall furnish and install all conduit and boxes associated with the audio and video systems as shown on the drawings or as required by the Installing Contractor.
- B. Electrical Contractor shall provide all junction boxes for the audio and video systems with appropriate covers.
- C. All conduits not specifically identified shall be 3/4".
- D. All conduits below grade shall be PVC or as required by code. All conduits above grade shall be EMT or as required by code. Refer to conduit specification for details.
- E. There shall be no more than three (3) 90-degree bends in audio or video conduit between pull points. If a conduit run requires more than two bends or if the conduit run is in excess of 150' in total length, insert a pull box. If it is not practical to install a pull box in the run due to field conditions, the conduit size shall be increased to the next trade size for each additional 90-degree bend. Offsets shall be considered as equivalent to a 90-degree bend.
- F. All conduits to be labeled at the source box with the destination box in a clear and logical manner.
- G. Ends of all conduits are to be deburred and bushed.
- H. All conduits terminating inside of an audio/video enclosure (e.g. rack) or not terminating in a junction/pull box shall be provided with plastic insulated bushings.
- I. Electrical Contractor shall provide a poly pull-line in each conduit.
- J. Line voltage conduits shall maintain a minimum of 24" separation from audio or video signal conduits except to cross at 90-degree angles when necessary.
- K. The main audio racks, any auxiliary audio rack, and any other audio panel containing electronic audio system devices, must be isolated or insulated from any metallic conduits. The final connection to these audio racks or panels shall be with PVC, non-metallic flex or any other non-metallic conduit. Or, where shown the cables can enter the rack or panel in a bundle through a bushed opening.
- L. Junction boxes and pull boxes in the conduit system do not have to be isolated, only racks or panels with electrical power and electronic audio devices.

- M. Electrical power feed to an audio rack or audio panel shall also be via PVC or non-metallic or insulated conduit.
- N. All cables shall be laced or tied securely to assure no malfunctions resulting from interference of other trades or routine future maintenance.

3.5 CABLE INSTALLATION

- A. All wires and cables shall be marked at every termination and connection point with permanent clear wrap-around number or letter cable markers. There shall be no unmarked cables in the systems. Any unmarked cables found at Contractor Checkout shall be immediately labeled. Failure to label wires can be cause for rejection of work by the Owner and shall be corrected at no additional cost to the owner. Marking codes used on cables shall correspond to codes shown on drawings or be approved by the Owner and Consultant.
- B. Cables utilizing molded plastic or solderless insulation displacement connectors shall be unacceptable.
- C. All cable installed in ducts, plenums, and other spaces used for environmental air shall be Type CMP (refer to NEC Article 800.53) or be installed in metallic conduit (in compliance with NEC Article 300.22).
- D. There shall be no wire splices in conduit.
- E. Terminal block, boards, strips, or connectors shall be furnished for all cables, which interface with racks, cabinets, consoles, or equipment modules.
- F. All cables shall be grouped according to the signals being carried in order to reduce signal contamination and cross-talk. Separate groups shall be formed for the following cables.

1. Group one: Power Cables

2. Group two: Control Cables

3. Group three: Video Cables

4. Group four: Microphone level audio cables.

5. Group five: Line level audio cables.

- 6. Group six: Speaker level audio cables.
- G. Do not mix signal cables and electrical power cables in the same conduit.
- H. Do not tie-wrap or bundle signal cables to an electrical power cable.
- I. Power cables, control cables, and high level cables shall be run on the left side of an equipment rack, as viewed from the rear. All other cables shall be run on the right side of the equipment rack, as viewed from the rear.
- J. All inter-rack cabling shall be neatly strapped, dressed, and supported as approved by the Owner or Consultant. Cabling within racks shall be contained in Panduit finger tray and secured to lacer bars when appropriate. Such cables shall remain separated as indicated herein.

- K. All cables routed outside of racks and conduit shall be contained in a suitable harness or wireway to maintain a neat, clean, and finished product.
- L. All cables shall be cut to the length dictated by the run. All equipment installed in racks shall have a service loop of appropriate length.
 - For equipment mounted in drawers or slides, the interconnecting cables shall be provided with a service loop of appropriate length to allow for full travel of drawer or slide and enough slack to service and remove any necessary items.
 - 2. For equipment mounted in racks accessible from both front and back, provide a service loop length sufficient to plug and unplug cable from the unit to allow for trouble-shooting and service of equipment.
 - 3. For equipment mounted in racks accessible from the front only, provide a service loop length sufficient to remove the unit from the rack and easily plug and unplug all connectors.

3.6 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Except where otherwise specified, label all connectors on plates or panels, switches, controls, and receptacles. Labeling material to have white lettering and to be engraved black plastic laminate with metal backing or engraved black anodized aluminum plates. Minimum plate thickness shall be .125". Black P-Touch Extra Strength Adhesive labels with white lettering for rackmounted equipment labels are also acceptable. All labels are to be relatively permanent and shall be done in a professional and orderly manner. Any labels found to be unacceptable upon project inspection shall be remedied by the Installing Contractor without claim for additional payment. All labels shall correspond to the drawings.
- B. Identify all wires and cables at every termination and connection point with permanent type markers.
- C. Every piece of rack-mounted equipment shall have an engraved or P-Touch label indicating function and schematic label. Provide and install on front panel engraved labels for each item of rack-mounted equipment. Designate function and input and output line(s) or loudspeaker(s) served by labeled equipment. Key all designations to system functional and patch panel diagrams.

3.7 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, TESTS AND ADJUSTMENTS

- A. Acceptance testing: Before Acceptance Tests are scheduled, the Installing Contractor shall perform his own systems checkout. Installing Contractor shall furnish all required test equipment and shall perform all work necessary to determine and/or modify performance of the system to meet the requirements of these specifications and drawings. This work shall include the following:
 - 1. Testing of all inputs, outputs, and tie-lines.
 - 2. Testing of all display devices, equipment configurations, speakers and jacks.
 - 3. Testing of any other wires or components.
 - 4. Test all audio for compliance with the Performance Standards.
 - 5. Check all controls functions, from all controlling points to all controlled devices, for specified operation.

- B. Testing Personnel: The Installing Contractor shall have a minimum of two persons knowledgeable as to the systems as installed available for testing and adjustment with the Consultant.
 - 1. All costs to the Installing Contractor for testing personnel shall be included in the bid.
 - 2. Installing Contractor shall allow for up to (8) eight hours of testing and adjustments with the Consultant.
 - 3. Failure of the Installing Contractor to provide adequate personnel or testing equipment causing lost time to the Consultant shall result in the Installing Contractor paying the Consultant's standard hourly rate for additional time and expenses as necessary.

C. Test Equipment:

- 1. All equipment for testing and adjustments to the sound system shall be furnished by the Installing Contractor. Test equipment shall include:
- 2. Computer Measurement Platform: SMAART, TEF, SIM or other approved equal
- 3. Dual Trace Oscilloscope
- 4. High Quality Multi-meter: Fluke or Similar
- 5. Sweepable Tone Generator
- 6. The Consultant may choose to bring and use some of his own test equipment.
- 7. Furnish make, model, and serial number of all test equipment to be used to the Consultant prior to performing any test and adjustments to the system.

D. Noise and RF Pickup:

- 1. Set up system for each specified mode of operation.
- 2. Check to ensure that system is free of noise, hum, and radio frequency interference.

E. Buzzes, Rattles, Distortion:

- 1. Apply high-quality music signal to the system. Adjust the system for frequent peaks at its specified maximum sound pressure level.
- 2. Apply sine-wave sweep from 50 to 5,000 Hz at 10 dB below full amplifier power.
- 3. In both cases, listen carefully for buzzes, rattles and objectionable distortion.
- 4. Correct all causes of such defects. If cause is outside system, promptly notify the Owner indicating cause and suggested corrective procedures.
- F. Prior to the consultant commissioning of the system, provide a written report to the consultant documenting the system performance in each of the areas noted above.

3.8 PURCHASER TRAINING

A. The Installing Contractor shall provide a minimum of six (6) hours (three 2 hour sessions) of onthe-job training sessions for the installed systems for Owner-designated personnel, instructing them in the operation and maintenance of the systems. The training sessions shall take place

- after the systems are operational, at a time prearranged with the Owner. The training time is to be part of the total of the installation and shall be included in the installation charges.
- B. A printed "quick start" guide will be given to each of the training participants. Additionally, the quick start guide will be posted at the tech desk and on the equipment rack. Guides should be laminated.
- C. The Installing Contractor shall provide a copy of the software for every component that utilizes an outboard computer for setup and configuration. The Installing Contractor shall demonstrate the usage of each configuration software and train the Owner's Representative for at least one hour for each software. This training time is to be part of the training time listed in part A above.
- D. The Installing Contractor shall instruct the owner in the proper use of all equipment. The Installing Contractor shall have a knowledgeable representative present for the first official use of each system (i.e. production, meeting, event, etc.). Installing Contractor's Representative shall have sufficient knowledge of systems as installed so as to troubleshoot any problems that may arise during the first usage. Installing Contractor's Representative shall be present for the entire first usage of the system unless other arrangements are made with the Owner.
- E. Furnish and turn over to the owner a digital set of operating/maintenance manuals consisting of:
 - 1. A numerical index with equipment items listed
 - 2. Equipment Brochures/Data Sheets
 - 3. Operating Instructions
 - 4. Service information and schematic diagrams
 - 5. System as-built drawings and wiring diagrams
 - 6. Test and tuning data
 - 7. List of keys and numbers

3.9 FINAL ACCEPTANCE TESTING AND INSPECTION OF COMPLETED INSTALLATION

- A. Upon approval of the Contractor Test Report, the Installing Contractor shall demonstrate operation of each major component in the presence of the Consultant and the Owner's Representative, using each microphone and loudspeaker furnished, all required microphone and loudspeaker positions, and all input, control and amplification equipment. Testing of each video and computer input of the system shall also be performed to verify proper function.
- B. After demonstration, assist as required in acceptance tests by representatives of the Owner.
- C. A factory-trained representative of the manufacturer of the major equipment shall demonstrate that the systems function properly in every respect. The demonstration shall be made in the presence of the Owner.
- D. The Consultant and the Owner's Representative will both verify that all of the above items have been completed to satisfaction and that all installation details have been completed before a recommendation of final payment shall be made.
- E. The Installing Contractor, at the Installing Contractor's expense, shall rectify any components not found to function in a satisfactory manner as defined by this specification.

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END OF SECTION