| | STRUCTURAL ABBREVIAT | ON INDEX | <u>X</u> |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| AΒ | Anchor Bolt/Column Anchor Rod | ID | Inside Diameter |
| 4/E | Architect/Engineer | İF | Inside Face |
| AESS | Architecturally Exposed | INT | Interior |
| LOO | Structural Steel | JB | Joist Bearing Elevation |
| ٩FF | Above Finished Floor | L | Lintel |
| ALT | Alternate | LAT | Lateral |
| AP | Anchor Plate | LD | Load |
| ARCH | Architectural | LF | Linear Foot |
| 3.0. | Bottom of | LG | Long |
| 3B | Bond Beam | LLH | Long Leg Horizontal |
| 3FF | Below Finished Floor | LLV | Long Leg Vertical |
| 3L | Brick Ledge | LOC'N | Location |
| 3M | Beam | LP | Low Point |
| 3P | Bearing Plate | LT | Light |
| 3RG | Bearing | MAX | Maximum |
| 3T | Bent | MECH | Mechanical |
| <u> </u> | Centerline | MCJ | Masonry Control Joint |
| CANT | Cantilever | MIN | Minimum |
| C/C | Center-to-Center | NS | Near_Side |
| CBP | Column Base Plate | NTS | Not To Scale |
| CJP CJ CJ | Complete Joint Penetration Weld | 0/0 | Out-to-Out |
| CJ | Construction Joint | OC | On-Center |
| CJ | Contraction Joint | OD | Outside Diameter |
| CJ | Control Joint | OF OFD | Outside Face |
| CLR | Clear | OFD | Overflow Drain |
| CMU | Concrete Masonry Unit | OH P | Opposite Hand |
| COL | Column | PEMB | Pier Pro Engineered Metal |
| CONC | Concrete | LLMD | Pre—Engineered Metal Building |
| CONN | Connection, Connect | PERP | Perpendicular |
| CONT | Continuous | | · · |
| COORD | Coordinate | ₽ PT | Plate Pressure Treated |
| DBE | Deck Bearing Elevation | R, RAD | Radius |
| DA DB | Deck Angle | RD | Roof Drain |
| | Deck Bar | | e, Refer to |
| DIA, Ø DP | Diameter Deck Plate | REINF | Reinforce |
| DWG | | REQ'D | Required |
| EA | Drawing(s) Each | RMW | Reinforced Masonry Wall |
| _^ | Each Face | RTU | Roof Top Unit |
| -' -' | Elevation | RXN | Reaction |
| EF EL EQ | Equal | SC | Slip Critical |
| ES . | Each Side | SF | Step Footing |
| EW | Each Way | SIM | Similar |
| ΞX | Existing | SOG | Slab On Grade |
| EXP | Expansion | SPCS | Spaces |
| EXT | Exterior | SS | Stainless Steel |
| -D | Floor Drain | STL | Steel |
| F | Finished Floor | T&B | Top and Bottom |
| FFE | Finished Floor Elevation | TCX | Top Chord Extension |
| FDN | Foundation | T.O. | Top of |
| -P | Foundation Pier | TOB | Top of Beam |
| -S | Far Side | TOF | Top of Footing |
| FTG, F | Footing | TOL | Top of Ledge |
| -V | Field Verify | TOM | Top of Masonry |
| GA | Gauge | TOS TOW | Top of Steel |
| GALV | Galvanized | TYP | Top of Wall Typical |
| GB SS | Grade Beam | UNO | Unless Noted Otherwise |
| GS | Grout Solid | VERT | Vertical |
| GT JD | Girder Truss | w/ | With |
| 4D 40B7 | Hold Down Anchor | w/ | With and |

Without

WP

WWF

Wall Footing

Working Point

Welded Wire Fabric

HORZ

Horizontal

High Point

Height

Headed Stud

NAILING SCHEDULE

| ELEMENT | NAIL SIZE | NUMBER & LOCATION |
|---|---|--|
| STUD TO SOLE PLATE | 16d | 4 TOE NAIL OR 2 DIRECT NAIL |
| STUD TO CAP PLATE | 16d | 2 TOE NAIL OR 2 DIRECT NAIL |
| DOUBLE STUDS | 10d | 12" OC DIRECT |
| CORNER STUDS | 16d | 24" OC DIRECT |
| DOUBLE CAP PLATE | 10d | 16" OC DIRECT |
| HEADER TO TRIMMERS | 16d | 3 EACH END |
| TRUSS TO PLATE TYPICAL EXTERIOR SUPPO TYPICAL INTERIOR SUPPO HIP GIRDER AT EXTERIOR GIRDER TRUSS | ORT SST-H10, UNO ORT SST-H10, UNO SST-HCP SST-H8, UNO | 1 EACH TRUSS BRG POINT 1 EACH TRUSS BRG POINT 1 EACH TRUSS BRG POINT 2 EACH TRUSS BRG POINT |
| ROOF SHEATHING | 8d | 6" OC DIRECT EDGES AND 12" OC INTERMEDIATE |
| WALL SHEATHING | 8d | 6" OC ALL EDGES AND 12" OC INTERMEDIATE |
| FLOOR SHEATHING | 8d | 6" OC ALL EDGES AND 12" OC INTERMEDIATE |

This schedule is a minimum nailing requirement. See specifications, drawings, shear wall schedule. and IBC Table 2304.9.1 for possible higher requirements.

SHOP FABRICATED WOOD TRUSS NOTES

- 1. Metal plate connected wood trusses shall conform to the specifications of The Truss Plate Institute (TPI), American Forest Products Association (AFPA), and National Design Standard (NDS) specifications. All connector plates shall be galvanized. All material used in wood trusses shall be #2 or better. 2. Trusses and connections shall be designed to support the superimposed loads or forces indicated on the drawings with a maximum live load deflection of L/360 at roof trusses and L/480 at floor trusses. Total deflection shall be limited to L/240. Differential total load deflection
- between parallel, adjacent trusses shall be limited to 3/8". 3. The manufacturer shall engage a qualified engineer experienced in the design of wood truss structures and licensed in the State of Michigan, as required by the building code. The engineer shall closely follow the design intent of the truss roof structure as shown in the contract documents. Any layouts or details designed by the manufacturer's engineer that do not comply with the contract documents must be brought to the attention of the A/E prior to truss fabrication.
- 4. The manufacturer's engineer is responsible to design all connections between wood trusses. Connections to girder trusses shall be capable of transferring the reaction to all plies. 5. Truss bracing (temporary and permanent) shall comply with BCSI 1-03, the truss manufacturer engineer's requirements, and any additional requirements
- in the contract documents. 6. Temporary and permanent bracina for truss member slenderness and stability shall be designed, specified, and inspected by the manufacturer's engineer. Where fewer than three trusses with the same web layout occur, alternate methods of stabilizing web members such as T-bracing or L-bracing, in lieu of continuous lateral web braces, shall be specified by the manufacturer's engineer. Provide a signed and sealed letter of installation
- acceptance for truss bearing and bracing requirements. 7. If trusses with a clear span of 60 feet or greater are utilized, the owner shall contract with a qualified registered design professional to design temporary and permanent truss bracing for these trusses (MBC 2303.4.1.3) 8. Note BCSI 1-03 section B3 requirement of diagonal bracing where horizontal web bracing is shown. This is permanent diagonal bracing required to anchor the horizontal web braces. Diagonal bracing should occur every 20', and may be applied in sections between horizontals. It should be installed no more than 45 degrees from horizontal. At least one pair of diagonal
- braces should be provided for every "set" of trusses with identical web 9. Truss bottom chords shall be assumed to be braced continuously where sheathing is attached to bottom chord. If no sheathing is present, bottom chord bracing shall be designed and detailed by the truss manufacturer's
- 10. Truss shop drawings shall be submitted for review and shall include design criteria, truss design and deflection information, end reactions, all member sizes, and a plan layout referencing each component of the roof. Each sheet shall be signed and sealed by the manufacturer's engineer. 11. The metal plate connected wood truss manufacturer, the truss erector, and the contractor are to work together to assure the owner is provided a completed structure as is required by these contract documents and the requirements of the building code.
- 12. Permanent bracing for overall building stability is complete when roof sheathing, shear wall sheathing, and bearing wall sheathing is complete with fastening and anchorage. Provide temporary bracing until roof and bearing wall sheathing is complete. 13. Trusses shall not be field—modified or cut without the approval of the truss manufacturer's engineer.

WOOD NOTES

- 1. Comply with National Design Specification (NDS), American Forest Products Association (AFPA), and American Institute of Wood Construction (AITC). 2. Bolt wall plates with 1/2" dia. anchor bolts at 32" o.c., unless otherwise noted. Bolt beam plates with 1/2" diameter bolts at 24" o.c., staggered.
- When treated lumber is in contact with steel (bolts, nails, fasteners, hangers, etc.), steel shall be G-185 galvanized or stainless. Dimensional lumber bolted to steel beams and columns shall be untreated, or protective coatings equivalent to G-185 shall be applied to the steel.
- 4. Unless noted, align studs above and below with joists. Provide squash blocking to transfer loads at joists or trusses.
- 5. At multiple ply framing members, provide at least one supporting stud per ply. Provide squash blocking to transfer loads as required. All Material used in load bearing stud walls shall be #2 or better. Refer to "Engineering Data" for minimum wood strength requirements, UNO.
- Unless noted otherwise, do not countersink bolts or fasteners into wood. Provide washers with bolts that are a minimum of 2 times the diameter of the bolt.
- 8. Unless noted otherwise, refer to International Building Code Table 2304.9.1 for minimum nailing requirements. All nails shall be common wire nails. 9. Comply with I—joist supplier's construction requirements and details, unless

more stringent requirements are shown in construction documents.

GENERAL FOUNDATION AND CONCRETE NOTES

- 1. The contractor shall implement all requirements and recommendations stated in the geotechnical engineer's report by PSI, entitled "Cottages at Thornapple Manor", dated August 29, 2011, PSI Project No. 0525-379. 2. Fill material shall be thoroughly compacted prior to placement of concrete. Fill under all slabs on grade shall be as recommended in the geotechnical report. If there is no geotechnical report, a minimum of 6" of well draining aranular material shall be placed under all slabs on arade (UNO elsewhere in the construction documents). 3. Unless otherwise noted, a 15 mil. ASTM E 1745 Class A vapor barrier, with a
- permeability rate of 0.01 perms or lower, shall be placed under all slabs on grade after under floor work and compaction is complete. Seal all laps and penetrations. Turn up vapor barrier against wall at all slab edges. 4. All slabs on grade shall have contraction or construction joints at a maximum spacing of 24 times the slab thickness (spacing need not be less than 10'-0") each way, except as noted on the drawings. Maintain an aspect ratio of not more than 1.5. Coordinate joint locations with joints in flooring materials, such as tile, and with changes in floor finish material. Refer to details and specifications for additional information regarding slab
- 5. Provide diagonal reinforcing (across each corner) of openings in foundation walls and slabs as follows: (1)-#4 x 44" for each 4" of concrete thickness. 6. Coordinate finish of all foundation work, including slabs on grade, with
- architectural and flooring supplier's requirements. 7. Lap all reinforcing as indicated in "Reinforcement Development and Lap Splice Lengths" detail. Provide corner bars for all horizontal reinforcing. Provide dowels from footing equal in size and number to vertical wall or pier reinforcing (UNO).
- 8. Cover for reinforcing shall be in accordance with ACI-318. 9. All exposed edges of concrete piers, begins, and walls shall be chamfered "4"
- x 45 degrees. 10. Provide beam pockets in foundation walls where needed. Fill pockets with concrete after beams are set. 11. Grade beams and walls that retain earth on both sides shall be backfilled on
- both sides simultaneously. 12. Do not backfill earth retaining walls until concrete has reached 75% of its required 28 day strength, and all bracing elements are in place (lower and upper floors). 13. Coordinate placement of column anchor rods with foundation reinforcing. All
- column anchor rods shall be installed using templates and setting drawings. No tilted or misplaced bolts will be accepted. Notify Architect/Engineer for approval of any corrective action. Tolerances for the installation of the anchor bolts shall be in accordance with AISC "Code of Standard Practice" 14. Welded wire fabric shall conform to ASTM A185. Wire fabric reinforcement
- must lap one full mesh plus 2" at side and end laps, but not less than 6", and shall be wire tied together. 15. Anchors for embedded plates shall be as shown on the drawings. Headed studs shall conform to ASTM A108 with 60,000psi minimum tensile strength. Reinforcing bars to be welded to plates shall be ASTM A615 Grade 40 or

CONCRETE MIX GUIDELINES

ASTM A706 Grade 60.

| 3500 psi (Min) 4 inch ± 1 inch 1 inch |
|---|
| |
| |
| 0.45 (this must be held: Note 3) |
| 3 inch ± 1 inch |
| 1 inch |
| 3500 psi (Minimum) 1-1/2 lb/yd |
| |

| opping Slabs (lightweight 115 psf max) | |
|--|--|
| f'c Slump Large Aggregate Fibrous Reinforcing | 3500 psi (Min) 3 inch \pm 1 inch 3/8 inch 1-1/2 lb/yd |
| xterior Concrete | |

| f'c | 4000 psi |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Cementitious Material (Min) | 564 lbs/yd |
| Slump | 3 inch ± 1 inch |
| Large Aggregate | 1 inch (Crushed Limestone) |
| Air | 6% +or- 1% |

- In footings and foundation concrete 25% flyash or 30% ground blast furnace slag is acceptable. A minimum of 30% ground blast furnace slag is recommended for interior slabs.
- Aggregates shall be clean uniformly graded from coarse to fine. Water—reducing admixtures may be used to maintain water/cement ratio
- AND workability— note that this may affect finishing procedures. Coordinate admixtures and curing measures to be compatible with flooring materials and adhesives.

STEEL NOTES

- Structural steel shall be finished as follows: a. Non-fireproofed interior steel shall be shop painted with min. 1.5 mil dry film thickness of a rust inhibiting primer. b. Fireproofed steel shall be not be primed.
- 2. Erector is to provide temporary bracing sufficient to hold frame in position until all construction necessary for building stability is complete. Beams without a specified camber shall be oriented such that any incidental camber is upward.
- 4. Bolted connections not specified to be slip critical shall be tightened snug tight (all metal surfaces in contact). Refer to specs. and Arch. drawings for all fireproofing requirements and UL
- assembly Nos. Beams and columns do not necessarily conform to minimum size requirements of the UL assembly. Adjust thickness of fireproofing as quired based on (...,)
 Resistance Directory" by Underwriters Lubor assemblies shall be considered unrestrained. required based on (W/D) ratio as outlined in the latest edition of the "Fire

PRECAST PLANK NOTES

- All precast plank shall be done by a PCI certified plant. Plank shall be designed for the indicated superimposed loads. Plank thickness is indicated on the drawings. Plank widths to be determined by Top surface of planks shall be finished to "scratch" finish to enhance
- bonding of concrete topping. Where topping is needed for composite design, finish shall be intentionally roughened to assure bond. Bearing pads shall high-density plastic (or similar) continuous pads as detailed. Pads shall bear completely over support, pads that overhang wall are not permitted. Provide smooth surface on precast side and rough surface on support side of pad. Anchors into the precast planks shall not be located in the webs between
- the open cores. Do not disturb the steel pre—stressing tendons. Provide structural steel headers to adjacent planks when plank span is interrupted by an opening. Adjacent planks shall have capacity to support this additional header load. Plank shall not be field cut without the Architect's review of manufacturer's calculations and the direct supervision of the plank manufacturer. 8. Precast planks shall be thoroughly cleaned and moistened prior to placement of topping slabs. Where composite design is required, brush a cement
- slurry into the top surface prior to placing topping. Precast supplier shall provide solid planks in lieu of hollow core as required to support openings and indicated structural loads.

ENGINEERING DATA

| sign so | il bearing pressure | 2500 psf |
|-----------|---|--|
| esign stı | resses | |
| Cond | crete Footings and Foundations Grade slabs Topping slabs Exterior concrete (6% air) Reinforcing steel | f'c = 3500 psi f'c = 3500 psi f'c = 3500 psi f'c = 4000 psi Fy = 60000 psi |
| Stee | W shapes Tube shapes (A500) All other shapes Structural bolts Anchor bolts/Column anchor rods Welding electrode | Fy = 50000 psi Fy = 46000 psi Fy = 36000 psi ASTM A325 ASTM F 1554 - Grade 36 E70XX |
| Lum | ber Dimension lumber (DF #2 or better) Engineered lumber (LVL) Glulam beams | Fb = 850 psi Fv = 180 psi Fb = 2600 psi Fv = 285 psi E = 1900 ksi Fb = 2400 psi |

(Tension in bottom only)

Fv = 165 psi

30 psf

| | · |
|---|---|
| Structural design requirements | |
| | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ |
| Floor live load (LL reductions used First floor plank Attic | d where permitted by code) 125 psf 80 psf |
| Roof live load | 20 pst |
| Occupancy Category Roof snow load | II |

Ground snow load (Pa)

| | Flat roof snow load (Pf) | 25 psf + Drift |
|-------|---|----------------|
| | Snow exposure (Ce) | 1.0 |
| | Snow load importance factor (I) | 1.0 |
| | Thermal factor (Ct) | 1.1 |
| Wind | Load | |
| | Basic wind speed (3 sec) | 90 mph |
| | Wind importance factor (I) | 1.0 |
| | Wind exposure | С |
| | Internal pressure coeff (GCpi) | 0.18 |
| | Components & cladding (varies) | per ASCE 7 |
| Earth | quake | |
| | Seismic importance factor, le | 1.0 |
| | Spectral response | Ss = 0.100 |
| | | S1 = 0.043 |
| | | SDs = 0.107 |
| | C'the almos | SD1 = 0.069 |
| | Site class | D |
| | Seismic design category | В |
| | Basic seismic force resisting system: | wallo |
| | Ordinary reinforced masonry shear | 27 kips |
| | Design base shear Seismic response coefficient Cs | 0.053 |
| | Seisiffic response coefficient os | 0.000 |

| | Response Modification Factor R Analysis Procedure | 2 "Equivalent lateral force" |
|----------|---|---|
| ecific D | esign Loads | |
| Floor | dead loads Slab & deck Structure Ceiling M/E/P | 21 psf 4 psf 3 psf 7 psf 35 psf Total |
| Prec | ast Plank Topping M/E/P | 55 psf 50 psf 30 psf 135 psf Total |
| Roof | dead loads Shingles (2 layers) Insulation Trusses Roof sheathing Ceiling M/E/P Misc | 6 2 3 3 3 3 5 25 psf Total |
| | | |

| Bottom chord dead load | 15 psf |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Top chord dead load | 10 psf |
| Top chord snow load: | · |
| Balanced | 25 psf balanced |
| Unbalanced (see Fig 7-5 | |

General building code

Concrete

Wood

Michigan Building Code 2009

AISC 360 - ASD



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02/21/12 ISSUED FOR BIDS 02/21/12 ISSUED FOR BIDS . CONSTRUCTION MANAGER CM CONTRACTING

. HURLEY & STEWART STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

JDH ENGINEERING

E2W ENGINEERING • • • • • • • • • • • FOOD SERVICE CONSULTANT MILLIS & ASSOCIATES



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